District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505			5	State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505					to appropri	Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017 ate District Office in ith 19.15.29 NMAC.		
Release Notification and Corrective Action												
OPERATOR Initial Report Final Report												
Name of Co	mpany: M	larathon Oil	LLC 3720	98	Contact: Jason Wardell							
Address: 55 Facility Nar				Telephone No.: 575-297-0682 Facility Type: Oil Well								
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Surface Ow	ner: State			Mineral C	Owner:	State API No.: 30-015-43917						
		<u></u>		LOCA		N OF RE	LEASE					
Unit Letter D	Section 27	Township 23S	Range 26E	Feet from the 150	North	/South Line FNL	Feet from the 990		Vest Line WL		County Eddy	
	I	I	La	titude <u>32.28208</u>	- <u>3193</u> Lo	ongitude-10	4.28644227 NA	.D83		1		
				NAT	ГURE	OF REL	EASE					
Type of Rele				·····		Volume of Release: .14 bbls Volume Recovered: 0						
Source of Re	lease: Flare						Date and Hour of Occurrence:Date and Hour of Discovery: 01/001/08/2018 - 1130 HRS- 1130 HRS				scovery: 01/08/2018	
Was Immedia	ate Notice (Yes 🗌] No 🔲 Not R	equired		o Whom? Email to	nom? Email to Crystal Weaver and Mike Bratcher, Email to				
By Whom? J						Date and Hour: 01/08/2018 1544 HRS						
Was a Water	course Read		If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse. N/A									
N/A Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* Crew was onsite preparing to install hi level shut downs on the inlet separator. The crew did not follow procedure and closed a valve before shutting in the well. This resulted in sending fluid through the gas line to the flare. The fluid ignited causing a small fire below the flare which was extinguished by the crew onsite. During the event, approximately .14 bbls spilled onto location in the form of a fine mist.												
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.* .14 bbls of oil in the form of a fine mist impacted the caliche directly north of the flare and remained on location. The top layer of caliche has been removed and disposed of properly and will be replaced with clean material.												
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to NMOCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to ground water, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.												
							OIL CON	SERV	ATION	DIVISI	<u>ON</u>	
Signature: Jo	uson Wa		Approved by Environmental Specialist									
Printed Name	e: Jason Wa	ırdell										
Title: HES Pr	Title: HES Professional						Approval Date: 11/11/18 Expiration Date: NIA					
E-mail Address: jlwardell@marathonoil.com						Conditions of $C \rho$	of Approval:	ALC	X	Attached		
	Date:01/12/2018Phone: 575-297-06892Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary						su mucous de					
* Attach Addi		ets If Necess	ary									

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 1/12/18 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number 2RP-457D has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District II office in Artesia on or before 2/12/18. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

• Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.

• Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.

• Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.

• Composite sampling is not generally allowed.

• Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

•Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.

• If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

• Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us

Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD

From:	Wardell, Jason L. (MRO) <jlwardell@marathonoil.com></jlwardell@marathonoil.com>
Sent:	Friday, January 12, 2018 12:54 PM
То:	Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD; Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD; agroves@slo.state.nm.us
Cc:	Karrigan, Callie N. (MRO); Van Curen, Jennifer (MRO)
Subject:	C141 Red Light spill/fire
Attachments:	C-141 Form Marathon Oil 2018 Red Light 27 34 State COM 2H.doc

Good afternoon,

I have attached the initial C-141 for our spall spill and fire on the Red Light 27 34 State COM 2H. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD

From:	Wardell, Jason L. (MRO) <jlwardell@marathonoil.com></jlwardell@marathonoil.com>
Sent:	Monday, January 8, 2018 3:44 PM
То:	Weaver, Crystal, EMNRD; Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD
Cc:	Van Curen, Jennifer (MRO)
Subject:	24 notification
Attachments:	IMG_2193.jpg

Good Afternoon,

I wanted to let you know we had a small release and fire today on our Red Light 27 34 State COM 2H. We had a crew onsite installing hi level shut down on our inlet separator. The crew shut a valve before shutting the well in causing the fluid to overfill the vessel, sending produced fluid to the flare. All fluid (approximately .14 bbls) and the small fire was contained on our location. I have attached a picture for reference. I will be submitting a C141 for this incident soon. Let me know if you have any questions.

JASON WARDELL

HES Professional Marathon Oil Company – Permian Asset 2423 Bonita St. Carlsbad NM. 88220 Office: 575-297-0682 Mobile: 307-272-1632