District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico	NN
Energy Minerals and Natural Resou	irces
Department	
Oil Conservation Division	
1220 South St. Francis Dr.	
Santa Fe, NM 87505	

Received 6/5/2015 NMOCD District 2

Form C-144 Revised June 6, 2013

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

<u>Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or</u> Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

Type of action: Below grade tank registration

Permit of a pit or proposed alternative method

Closure of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method

Modification to an existing permit/or registration

Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, below-grade tank,

or proposed alternative method

Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below-grade tank or alternative request

Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.

I. Operator: Murchison Oil and Gas, Inc. OGRID #: 15363
Address: 7250 DALLAS PARKWAY STE 1400 PLANO, TX 75024
Facility or well name: War Horse Federal Com 4H
API Number: 30-015-43334 OCD Permit Number: 2-13-0027
U/L or Qtr/Qtr I Section 21 Township 18S Range 29E County: Eddy
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude <u>32 43 48.023</u> Longitude <u>-104 04 18.322</u> NAD: ☐ 1927 🛛 1983
Surface Owner: 🛛 Federal 🗌 State 🗌 Private 🗌 Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment
2.
☑ <u>Pit</u> : Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Temporary: 🛛 Drilling 🗌 Workover
□ Permanent □ Emergency □ Cavitation □ P&A □ Multi-Well Fluid Management Low Chloride Drilling Fluid □ yes ⊠ no
Lined Unlined Liner type: Thickness <u>20</u> mil LLDPE HDPE PVC Other
String-Reinforced
Liner Seams: 🛛 Welded 🗌 Factory 🗌 Other Volume 14,037 barrels Dimensions: L <u>155 x 115 x D 7 feet</u>
-
3. Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Volume:bbl Type of fluid:
Tank Construction material:
Secondary containment with leak detection Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off
□ Visible sidewalls and liner □ Visible sidewalls only □ Other
Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other Liner type: Thickness mil HDPE PVC Other
Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other Liner type: Thickness mil HDPE PVC Other
Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other
Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other
Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other Liner type: Thickness mil HDPE PVC Other 4. Alternative Method: Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval. 5.
 Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other
Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other
 Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other

Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)

Screen Netting Other_

Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)

Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC

12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers

Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC

Variances and Exceptions:

Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.

Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:

- Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.
- Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

9. <u>Siting Criteria (regarding permitting)</u> : 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptable source material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.						
General siting						
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank	□ Yes □ No ⊠ NA					
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells See Figures 1 & 2	□ Yes ⊠ No □ NA					
 Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) See Figure 5 Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No					
 Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) See Figure 7 Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No					
 Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) See Figure 8 Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No					
 Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) See Figure 9 FEMA map 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No					
Below Grade Tanks						
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
 Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)						
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.) Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
 Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application.	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					

NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

 Within 100 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No				
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid					
 Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). See Figure 3 Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No				
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image. See Figure 4 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No				
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site See Figures 1 & 2 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No				
 Within 300 feet of a wetland. See Figure 6 US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No				
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit					
 Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No				
 Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No				
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No				
 Within 500 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No				
10. Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Mydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number: or Permit Number: 					
11. <u>Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist</u> : Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC					
Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the dot attached. Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit. Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	<i>cuments are</i> .15.17.9 NMAC				

^{12.} <u>Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist</u> : Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC <i>Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the</i>	documents are
<i>attached.</i> Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC 	
 Climatological Factors Assessment Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H₂S, Prevention Plan Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization Monitoring and Inspection Plan 	
 Erosion Control Plan Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC 	
13. Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan. Type: □ Drilling □ Workover □ Emergency □ Cavitation □ P&A □ Permanent Pit □ Below-grade Tank □ Multi-well F □ □ Alternative Proposed Closure Method: □ Waste Excavation and Removal □ Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) ☑ On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) □ □ In-place Burial □ Alternative Closure Method	luid Management Pit
14. Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. □ Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC □ Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC □ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) □ Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC □ Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC □ Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	attached to the
15. <u>Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only)</u> : 19.15.17.10 NMAC <i>Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sou</i> provided below. <i>Requests regarding changes to cartain siting criteria require instifications and/or demonstrations of acceptable sou</i>	rce material are
19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	lease rejer to
 Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells 	□ Yes ⊠ No □ NA
Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	□ Yes ⊠ No □ NA
 Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells 	⊠ Yes □ No □ NA
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed 	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
Form C-144 Oil Conservation Division Page 4 c	of 6

 Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No					
 Within an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No					
Within a 100-year floodplain. - FEMA map	🗌 Yes 🛛 No					
	🗌 Yes 🛛 No					
 16. On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC 						
^{17.} Operator Application Certification:						
I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and believes the best of my knowledge and believes to the best of my kno	ef.					
Name (Print): Greg Boans Title: Production Superintendent	t					
Signature: And Annual Date: May 27 2015						
signature. Date. May 27, 2015						
18. OCD Approval: Thermit Application (including closure plan) Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment) $\mathcal{DMB}_{act} = f_{act}$						
OCD Representative Signature: Approval Date: _8/4/201.	5					
Title: Environmental Specialist OCD Permit Number: 2-13-0027						
19. Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting the closure report. The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not complete this section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed. Closure Completion Date:						
20. Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method Alternative Closure Method If different from approved plan, please explain.	op systems only)					

22. Operator Closure Certification:

I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.				
Name (Print):	Title:			
Signature:	Date:			
e-mail address:	Telephone:			

May 2015

C-144 Permit Package for War Horse Federal Com #4H SHL Section 21 T18S R29E, Eddy Co, NM



View east-northeast showing location stake in foreground and War Horse Federal 8H location stake in background. War Horse 3H battery is in background.

Prepared for Murchison Oil and Gas Inc. Plano, Texas

Prepared by R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd. Albuquerque, New Mexico

R. T. HICKS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

901 Rio Grande Blvd NW ▲ Suite F-142 ▲ Albuquerque, NM 87104 ▲ 505.266.5004 ▲ Fax: 505.266-0745 Artesia ▲ Carlsbad ▲ Durango ▲ Midland

May 30, 2015

Ms. Heather Patterson Mr. Mike Bratcher NMOCD District 2 811 S. First Street Artesia, New Mexico 88210 Via E-mail and US Mail

RE: C-144 for Murchison Oil and Gas – War Horse Fed Com 4H SHL Section 21 T18S R29E, Eddy Co, NM

Dear Ms. Patterson and Mr. Bratcher:

On behalf of Murchison Oil and Gas, Inc., R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd. is pleased to submit the attached permit for a temporary pit. Please note the following in the C-144 Package

- 1. The hydrogeologic data are quite good for the area; the location meets the setback distance to groundwater.
- 2. My personal site inspection showed no signs of unstable ground within this low cave/karst potential area.
- 3. With respect to nearby watercourses, the pad location with a pit on the north side meets the setback criteria of 300 feet.
- 4. The submission includes a variance request that has been previously approved by OCD (Berry SWD) for the temporary pit: a change in the side slope requirement from 2H:1V to 1.5H:1V for the suction walls of the pit.
- 5. The temporary pit generic plans are verbatim from previously-approved C-144 drilling pit permits.
- 6. This letter and application are copied to the surface owner (BLM) as notification of the intent to bury drilling solids on-site. The Sundry Notice submitted to BLM on is attached to this cover letter.
- 7. Appendix B of this submission provides the previously-approved COAs for the nearby War Horse Federal Com 3H well. We expect BLM to approve the use of drilling pits for this well with similar conditions.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns. Approval of this permit with the condition of BLM's approval of the attached sundry will work for Murchison.

Sincerely, R.T. Hicks Consultants

Randall Hicks

Copy: Murchison Oil and Gas Cody Layton, BLM (surface owner)

Form 3160-5 (August 2007)	rm 3160-5 ugust 2007) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT				FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 1004-0135 Expires: July 31, 2010		
SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS Do not use this form for proposals to drill or to re-enter an			NMNM030752				
abandoned w	ell. Use form 3160-3 (AP	PD) for such	proposals.		6. If Indian, Allottee o	r Tribe Name	
SUBMIT IN TI	RIPLICATE - Other instru	ctions on rev	verse side.		7. If Unit or CA/Agree	ement, Name and/or No.	
1. Type of Well □ Gas Well □ G	Dther				8. Well Name and No. WAR HORSE FE	DERAL 4H	
2. Name of Operator MURCHISON OIL & GAS IN	Contact: IC E-Mail: ccottrell@	CINDY COT jdmii.com	TRELL		9. API Well No.		
3a. Address 7250 DALLAS PARKWAY S PLANO, TX 75024	TE 1400	3b. Phone No Ph: 972-93	o. (include area code 31-0700 Ext: 113)	10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory WILDCAT G-04 S182927M		
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec.,	T., R., M., or Survey Description	n)			11. County or Parish,	and State	
Sec 21 T18S R29E Mer NM	P 940FSL 330FWL				EDDY COUNTY	′, NM	
12. CHECK AP	PROPRIATE BOX(ES) T	O INDICATI	E NATURE OF I	NOTICE, R	L EPORT, OR OTHEI	R DATA	
TYPE OF SUBMISSION			TYPE O	F ACTION			
☑ Notice of Intent	□ Acidize	🗖 Dee	epen	Product	ion (Start/Resume)	□ Water Shut-Off	
Subsequent Peport	□ Alter Casing	🗖 Fra	cture Treat	🗖 Reclam	ation	U Well Integrity	
	Casing Repair		v Construction	□ Recom	plete	Other Change to Original A	
Final Abandonment Notice	Change Plans	Plu;	g and Abandon	Tempor	carily Abandon	PD	
Attach the Bond under which the v following completion of the involv testing has been completed. Final determined that the site is ready fo Pending NMOCD approval of a closed-loop/haul-off protoc pit with on-site burial of dry v permitted location footprint. and 3H. Murchison underst on Federal wells. If Murchison cannot gain OC currently approved for close	is the and correct	e the Bond No. o esults in a multip led only after all ation, Murchis gement (solids of the propos oved drilling p l with the use ary pit, drilling	n file with BLM/BI/ le completion or recorrequirements, include on Oil and Gas p s and liquids) to a ed pit lies within its for the nearby of drilling pits an g of this well will p	A. Required su ompletion in a ling reclamatio plans to char a temporary the V War Horse d on-site bu	new interval, a Form 316 n, have been completed, a nge from 1H rial	0-4 shall be filed once and the operator has	
14. Thereby certify that the foregoing	Electronic Submission # For MURCHIS	#302218 verifie SON OIL & GA	d by the BLM We S INC, sent to the	II Information Carlsbad	n System		
Name(Printed/Typed) RUSTY	COOPER		Title VICE P	RESIDENT	OPERATIONS		
Signature (Electroni	e Submission)		Date 05/19/2	015			
	THIS SPACE F	OR FEDER	AL OR STATE	OFFICE U	SE		
_Approved_By		<u> </u>	Title			Date	
Conditions of approval, if any, are attaccertify that the applicant holds legal or explicitly which would entitle the applicant to complete the appl	hed. Approval of this notice does equitable title to those rights in the duct operations thereon.	s not warrant or e subject lease	Office				
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 4 States any false, fictitious or frauduler	3 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a at statements or representations as	a crime for any p s to any matter w	erson knowingly and within its jurisdiction	l willfully to m	ake to any department or	agency of the United	

C-144 and Site Specific Information for Temporary Pit

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104

Siting Criteria (19.15.17.10 NMAC) Murchison Oil & Gas: War Horse Federal Com No. #4H

Distance to Groundwater

Figure 1, Figure 2, and the discussion below demonstrates that groundwater (fresh water as defined by NMOCD Rules) at the location is greater than 50 feet beneath the temporary pit that will contain fluids that cannot be classified as "low-chloride." Groundwater will be more than 50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste, meeting criteria for in-place closure.

Figure 1 is a geologic/ topographic map that shows:

- 1. The location of the staked well location as a hexagon with the surface elevation.
- 2. The location of nearby Murchison War Horse wells
- 3. Water wells from the OSE database are plotted as a blue triangle inside colored circles that indicate well depth (see legend). OSE wells are often mis-located in the WATERS database as older wells are plotted in the center of the quarter, quarter, quarter, of the Section Township and Range. For example, the figure shows at least 3 wells with an "L" suffix (e.g. L-01978 on east central map area); these are Lea County wells that are mis-located.
- 4. Water wells from the USGS database as large colored triangles that represent the unit in which the well was completed.
- 5. Water wells, which are not documented in the public databases but were identified by field inspection or other published reports as colored squares (none were identified in Figure 1).
- 6. The depth-to-water from the most recent available measurement for each well is provided adjacent to the well symbol.

Figure 2 is the same scale geologic and topographic map as Figure 1 that shows:

- 1. The location of the staked location as a hexagon.
- 2. Water wells measured by the USGS or other professionals, the formation completion depth of the well (see Figure 1 Legend) and the calculated elevation of the groundwater surface and the date of the observation.
- 3. Isocontour lines displaying the elevation of the groundwater surface of the Rustler Formation.

Geology

The proposed temporary pit is located on an outcrop of the Quaternary eolian deposits (Qe on Figure 2). It consists of low sand dunes that have been stabilized by vegetation. Quaternary piedmont (Qp), alluvium (Qa), and older alluvium (Qoa) are also exposed at the surface near the site. Underlying the thin layer of Quaternary age sediments is the Permian Rustler Formation (Pr on Figure 2). It is exposed at the surface approximately 5 miles to the south and 8 miles to the northwest. The Rustler is probably more than 150 feet thick at this site and consists of siltstone, gypsum, sandstone, and dolomite, which provide fresh water to a few nearby wells. The underlying Permian Salado Formation (Psl on Figure 2) is comprised of evaporite sequence rocks (gypsum, shale, salts) and is not considered a source for fresh water. Salado Formation rocks are exposed at the surface 10 miles to the northwest. The Permian-Artesia Group (Pat on Figure 2) crops out approximately 12 miles to the northwest of the site and extends in the subsurface to the east, underlying the Salado Formation. These formations are comprised of

more clastic (shelf facies) rocks that are capable of producing fresh water when located near the surface and below the water table elevation; conditions that are not present at this site.

Topographically, the site is located on a gentle southeast slope that is interrupted by small dunes. Surface drainage for the area is provided by Bear Grass Draw, located approximately 0.5 miles to the east.

Water Table Elevation

Twenty-three water wells are plotted on Figure 2. Visual inspections of questionable wells were performed to verify the information provided by the public records and published reports. Initially, an attempt was made to identify each well using USGS topographic maps. The surface elevations of wells identified on the maps were compared to the published surface elevation, if available. Wells that could not be verified using maps were searched for using current and historic satellite photographs in an effort to identify windmills, tanks, or roads associated with the well. Locations that could not be verified by maps or photographs were verified in the field. Attempts were also made to gauge wells during the field investigation when access was permitted.

Most of the depth to water measurements were recorded in OFR-95 (typically MISC wells), are dated from 1948 to 1977, and should be considered conservative with respect to this evaluation. The OFR-95 potentiometric surface map (not included) indicated that the groundwater elevation near the War Horse sites was approximately 3,280 feet above sea level (approximately 216 feet below the surface). This map however contained a few contour anomalies. To verify the data we elected to field check three locations (four wells) that were close to the site. These included: (1) MISC-5 (and MISC-37) located in Section 29 (T-17-S, R-29-E), 4 miles to the north (2) MISC-35 located in Section 34, approximately 2.5 miles to the south-southeast. (3) MISC-27 located in Section 24, approximately 2.5 miles to the east,

A summary of the investigation of these data points is provided below:

- Well Misc-5 was identified at the location reported in OFR-95 but the casing had collapsed and could not be accessed. A section of exposed casing is present approximately 30 feet to the southeast of the former windmill. According to the land owner this water well encountered groundwater but was not considered productive. The depth to water in the newer well (MISC-37) was measured at 102.4 feet below the surface on October 4, 2012, which is significantly less than the 210-foot depth recorded in OFR-95 from the windmill in 1948. The OFR-95 groundwater elevation for the windmill is considered to be incorrect and was discarded in favor of the recent data in the preparation of Figure 2.
- Well MISC-35 in Section 34, was located on the side of the road, under blow sand in 2015. Access to this well to measure depth to water was not possible at the time of the visit as an electrical cable was in the casing and we did not know who the owner of this well is.
- Two wells are described in OF-95 (MISC-27) and one well was found at the approximate location reported. An effort was made to measure the depth to water but casing access was not possible in either well. Based on the inspection, we have assumed that the data in OFR-95 was valid for this area.

Siting Criteria (19.15.17.10 NMAC) Murchison Oil & Gas: War Horse Federal Com No. #4H

Distance Between Bottom of Pit and Groundwater

All of the groundwater in the area is produced from the Permian Rustler Formation, which is considered a regionally consistent aquifer. The most recent and accurate available groundwater data was used in the preparation of the potentiometric map (Figure 2). Based on this map and the well survey information provided, War Horse Federal Com. No. #4 should encounter groundwater at an elevation of 3,315 feet above sea level, which is approximately 159 feet below the surface or 149 feet below the bottom of a 10-foot deep drilling pit.

Distance to Surface Water

Figure 3 and the site visit demonstrates that the location is not within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse or 200 feet from lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). This temporary pit will also qualify for in-place closure as the location is not within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).

- No continuously flowing watercourses, significant watercourses, sinkhole or other water bodies, as defined by NMOCD Rules, exist within the prescribed setback criteria for the siting, trench burial, or in-place closure of a temporary pit at this location.
- A mapped blue-line watercourse (Bear Grass Draw) is present about 2000 feet from the staked location.
- Our site inspection found no evidence of connected drainages between the low sand dunes.

Distance to Permanent Residence or Structures

Figure 4 and the site visit demonstrates that the location is not within 300 feet from an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, church, or other structure in existence at the time of initial application. This also qualifies the location for in-place closure.

- The nearest structures are oil and gas wells and tank batteries.
- Route 360 (Bluestem Road) is about 1000 feet north of the staked location

Distance to Non-Public Water Supply

Figures 1 and Figure 2 demonstrates that the location is not within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock watering purposes, or within 1,000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application. Additionally, this location is also not within 300 feet of a spring or private, domestic fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, thus qualifying for in-place closure.

- Figure 1 shows the locations of all area water wells, active or plugged.
- There are no known domestic wells within 1,000 feet of this location.
- No springs were identified within the mapping area (see Figure 3).

Distance to Municipal Boundaries and Fresh Water Fields

Figure 5 demonstrates that the location is not within incorporated municipal boundaries or within defined municipal fresh water well fields covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. This also qualifies the location for in-place closure.

- The closest municipality is Artesia, NM approximately 20 miles west-northwest.
- The closest public well field is located approximately 20 miles northeast.

Distance to Wetlands

Figure 6 demonstrates the location is not within 300 feet of wetlands. This also qualifies the location for in-place closure.

• The nearest designated wetlands are "freshwater pond" located approximately 9000 feet northeast of the location

Distance to Subsurface Mines

Figure 7 and our general reconnaissance of the area demonstrate that the nearest mines are caliche pits. This location is not within an area overlying a subsurface mine.

• The nearest mapped caliche pit is located approximately 5 miles northeast

Stability of Pit Area and Distance to High or Critical Karst Areas

Figure 8 shows the location of the Temporary Pit with respect to BLM Karst areas using the 2014 map and Figure 1 shows the regional geology.

- The proposed temporary pit is located within a "low" potential karst area.
- The nearest "high" or "critical" potential karst area is located approximately 3 miles south of the site.
- No evidence of solution voids were observed near the site during the field inspection.
- No evidence of unstable ground was observed.
- A professional geologist (Randall Hicks) conducted the field survey and concluded that the ground is stable.

Distance to 100-Year Floodplain

Figure 9 demonstrates that the location is not within an area designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency with respect to the Flood Insurance Rate 100-Year Floodplain.

- An area subject to flooding exists near Bear Grass Draw to the east
- Our field inspection and examination of the topography permits a conclusion that the location is not within any floodplain and has low risk for flooding.

Temporary Pit Design

Please refer to Plate 1 for the design of the temporary pit and the Design and Construction Plan at the end of this application.

Site Specific Information Figures

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

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Legend Pit Location NM Geology \bullet **USGS Gauging Station** Map Unit, Description (DTW, Date) Pat, Permian-Artesia Group; shelf facies Aquifer Code, Well forming south-southeast trending outcrop Status Pqr, Paleozoic-Quartermaster and Rustler Formations; Upper Permian Alluvium/Bolsom Pr, Paleozoic-Ruster Formation; siltstone, Rustler gypsum, sandstone, and dolomite; Upper Artesia Group Permian Psl, Paleozoic-Salado Formation; evaporite Misc Water Wells sequence; Upper Permian (DTW, Date) Qa, Quaternary Alluvium Well Depth (ft) Qe, Quaternary-Eolian Deposits • No Data Qe/Qp, Quaternary-Eolian Piedmont Deposits • <=150 Qoa, Quaternary-Older Alluvial Deposits Qp, Quaternary-Piedmont Alluvial Deposits • 151 - 350 T(r)cu, Triassic-Upper Chinle Group

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd 901 Rio Grande Blvd NW Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104 Ph: 505.266.5004	LEGEND - Depth To Water and Geology	Figure 1 Legend
	Murchison Oil and Gas, Inc. War Horse Federal Com. 2 & 4H	May 2015



Legend					
• Pit Lo	ocation	NM Geo	blogy		
Potentiometr	Potentiometric Surface (ft msl) Map Unit, Description				
Isoco	ontour		Pat, Permian-Artesia Group; shelf facies		
- Area	of variable or no saturation		Par Paleozoic-Quartermaster and Rustler		
USGS Gauging Station (GW Elev, Date) Aquifer Code, Well Status			Formations; Upper Permian		
			Pr, Paleozoic-Ruster Formation; siltstone, gypsum, sandstone, and dolomite; Upper Permian		
Alluvium/Bolsom		Psl, Paleozoic-Salado Formation; evaporite sequence; Upper Permian			
Rustl	er		Qa, Quaternary Alluvium		
Artes	ia Group		Qe, Quaternary-Eolian Deposits		
			Qe/Qp, Quaternary-Eolian Piedmont Deposits		
			Qoa, Quaternary-Older Alluvial Deposits		
			Qp, Quaternary-Piedmont Alluvial Deposits		
			T(r)cu, Triassic-Upper Chinle Group		

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd	Potentiometric Surface and Groundwater Elevation	Figure 2
901 Rio Grande Blyd NW Suite E-142	at Nearby Water Wells	Legend
Albuquerque, NM 87104	Murchison Oil and Gas, Inc.	May 2015
Ph: 505.266.5004	War Horse Federal Com. 2 & 4H	May 2015















Site Specific Information Plates

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104



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Murchison

May 2015

Generic Plans for Temporary Pits

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104

Temporary Pit Design/Construction Plan

Plates 1 and 2 show the design of the temporary pit proposed for this project. Field conditions and the drilling rig layout will determine the final configuration of the pit cells, which will consists of outer and inner drilling cells and an optional fluids cell as described below:

- 1. Drilling cells (reserve pit) consist of:
 - a. An outer horseshoe for
 - i. fresh water and cut-brine fluid and cuttings or
 - ii. brine and cut-brine fluid and cuttings
 - b. An inner horseshoe for
 - i. brine and fluid and cuttings or
 - ii. fresh water fluid and cuttings
- 2. The optional fluids cell may be used
 - a. For storage of fresh water used in drilling or stimulation
 - b. For storage of stimulation flow-back (fresh) water prior to re-use or disposal
 - c. As an approved disposal site for drilling solids derived from a nearby well on the same lease. Prior to such disposal the operator will provide notice to OCD that
 - i. Identifies the well(s) to be served by the fluids cell of the temporary pit
 - ii. Provides the date that the drilling rig moved from the first well using the pit
 - iii. Affirms that the fluids pit will be closed in conformance with the mandates of the Rule

In addition to the commitments listed below, the operator <u>may</u> install a system that can drain water entrained in the drilling waste of the drilling pit or rinse the solids to remove salt and/or petroleum hydrocarbons. The drainage system may be installed in the entire drilling cell or only in one horseshoe (e.g. the inner horseshoe). As described in the closure plan, this system of fabric-wrapped perforated pipe and drainage mats lie on the bottom of the drilling cells of the pit. The system will drain to the lowest corner of horseshoe where a standpipe rises from the depression to the top of the berm. The drainage system can remove water to an above-ground tank, the fluids cell of the pit, or directly to a truck for re-use or disposal. The drainage system may also be used to introduce fresher water below the residual cuttings/mud, causing the introduced fluid to move upwards through the cuttings/mud and enhance the solids rinsing process. After any rinsing process, the water can be removed from the pit for re-use via a vacuum truck or recovered from the drainage system at the bottom.

The temporary storage of fluids, fluid reuse or fluid disposal will be conducted in a manner approved by division rules that prevents the contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment. This drainage and rinsing system allows the operator to:

- Recover clear water for possible re-use
- Reduce the concentration of constituents of concern in the drilling waste by removing some water entrained in the drilling waste.

Precipitation and the possible addition of relatively fresh water (see closure plan) will rinse the solid drilling waste, causing additional reduction in the constituents of concern as the water is recovered for re-use or disposal.

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For any temporary storage of fluids derived from the drilling pit and placed in an above-ground tank, the following will apply:

- 1. Construction, operation and maintenance of the temporary storage tank(s) will adhere to all applicable NMOCD Rules including but not limited to:
 - a. Safety stipulations
 - b. Protection from hydrogen sulfide mandates
 - c. Signage and identification requirements
 - d. Secondary containment requirements for temporary tanks
 - e. Applicable netting requirements
- 2. Any cleaning of the temporary tank(s) will adhere to NMOCD Rules relating to tank cleaning.
- 3. Transportation of water or drilling fluids derived from the drilling pit will adhere to all applicable NMOCD Rules relating to transportation.
- 4. Storage of water or drilling fluids in temporary above-ground tanks will also adhere to all applicable Federal mandates.

During final closure of the pit, the tanks and any secondary containment system will be removed from the location and the area beneath the tank inspected for any leakage. If any leakage is suspected, the operator will sample the soil beneath the tanks and report any release pursuant to NMOCD Rules.

Finally, we intend to place any temporary tank used in conjunction with the pit drainage system on a 20-mil LLDPE string-reinforced liner (that meets the requirements of OCD Rules for temporary pits) with a berm around it that would allow any inadvertently released fluids to drain or be pumped back into the pit.

Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit

Stockpile Topsoil

Prior to constructing the pit the qualified contractor will strip and stockpile the topsoil for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signage

The operator will post an upright sign in a conspicuous place in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC as the pit and the well are operated by the same operator. Section 19.15.16.8 states in part:

19.15.16.8 SIGN ON WELLS:

B. For drilling wells, the operator shall post the sign on the derrick or not more than 20 feet from the well.

C. The sign shall be of durable construction and the lettering shall be legible and large enough to be read under normal conditions at a distance of 50 feet.

F. Each sign shall show the:

(1) well number;

(2) property name;

(3) operator's name;

(4) location by footage, quarter-quarter section, township and range (or unit letter can be substituted for the quarter-quarter section);

and (5) API number.

The sign will also provide emergency telephone numbers.

Fencing:

During drilling or workover operations, the operator will not fence the edge of the pit adjacent to the drilling or workover rig.

As the pit is not located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church, the operator will fence the pit to exclude livestock with four-wire strands evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level.

Earthwork

The temporary pit will have a properly constructed foundation and interior slopes consisting of a firm, unyielding base that is smooth and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent the liner's rupture or tear.

The slopes of the pit will be no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot (2H:1V) unless in the transmittal letter the operator requested an alternative to the slope requirement with a demonstration that the pit can be operated in a safe manner to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment.

A berm or ditch will surround the temporary pit to prevent run-on of surface water.

If the transmittal letter identifies concerns relating to the presence of karst and associated instability, during construction of the pit the contractor will compact the earth material that forms the foundation for the pit liner. An expected proctor density of greater than 90% will be achieved by

- 1. adding water to the earth material as appropriate,
- 2. compacting the earth by walking a crawler-type tractor down the sides and bottom of the pit
- 3. repeating this process with a second 6-inch lift of earth material if necessary

Liner Installation

The geomembrane liner will consist of 20-mil string reinforced LLDPE as specified by and meets all requirements of OCD Rules.

The operator will direct the liner installation contractor to:

- 1. minimize liner seams and orient them up and down, not across a slope
- 2. use factory welded seams where possible
- 3. overlap liners four to six inches and orient seams parallel to the line of maximum slope, i.e., oriented along, not across, the slope, prior to any field seaming
- 4. minimize the number of welded field seams in comers and irregularly shaped areas
- 5. utilize only qualified personnel to weld field seams
- 6. avoid excessive stress-strain on the liner
- 7. place geotextile under the liner where needed to reduce localized stress-strain or

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protuberances that may otherwise compromise the liner's integrity

- 8. anchor the edges of all liners in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench that is at least 18 inches deep
- 9. place additional material (liner, felt, etc.) to ensure that the liner is protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage at any point of discharge into or suction from the lined temporary pit.

A berm or ditch will surround the temporary pit to prevent run-on of surface water. During drilling operations, the operator may elect to remove run-on protection on the pit edge adjacent to the drilling or workover rig provided that the pit is being used to collect liquids escaping from the drilling or workover rig and this additional fluid will not cause a breach of the temporary pit.

The temporary pit will not be used to vent or flare gas and the volume of the temporary drilling pit, including freeboard, will not exceed 10 acre-feet.

Temporary Pit Operating and Maintenance Plan

The operator will maintain and operate the pit in accordance with the following plan to contain liquids and solids and maintain the integrity of the liner to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment.

If feasible, the operator will recycle, reuse or reclaim all drilling fluids in the temporary pit in a manner approved by division rules that prevents the contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment. Re-use of drilling fluids and workover fluids (stimulation flow-back) for drilling and stimulation of subsequent wells is anticipated. If re-use is not possible, fluids will be sent to disposal at a division-approved facility.

The operator will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste in the pit.

If the pit develops a leak or if any penetration of the pit liner occurs above the liquid's surface, then the operator will repair the damage or initiate replacement of the liner within 48 hours of discovery or will seek a variance from the division district office within this time period.

If the pit develops a leak or if any penetration of the pit liner occurs below the liquid's surface, then the operator will remove all liquid above the damage or leak line within 48 hours of discovery. The operator will also notify the district division office (19.15.29 NMAC) within this same 48 hours of the discovery and repair the damage or replace the pit liner.

The operator will ensure that the drilling contractor installs and uses a header, diverter or other hardware that prevents damage to the liner by erosion, fluid jets or impact from installation and removal of hoses or pipes during injection or withdrawal of liquids.

During construction, the operator or qualified contractor will install diversion ditches and berms around the pit as necessary to prevent the collection of surface water run-on. As outlined in the Construction and Design Plan, during drilling operations, the edge of the temporary pit adjacent to the drilling or workover rig may not have run-on protection if the operator is using the temporary pit to collect liquids escaping from the drilling or workover rig and run-on will not result in a breach of the temporary pit.

The operator will maintain on site an oil absorbent boom to contain and remove oil from the pit's surface.

The operator will only discharge fluids or mineral solids (including cement) generated or used during the drilling, completion, or workover processes into the pit.

The operator will maintain the temporary pit free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris. Immediately after cessation of drilling or a workover operation, the operator will remove any visible or measurable layer of oil from the surface of the pit.

The operator will maintain at least two feet of freeboard for the temporary pit, except under extenuating circumstances, which will be noted on the pit inspection log as described below.

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The operator will inspect the temporary pit containing drilling fluids daily while the drilling rig or workover rig is on site. After the rigs have left the site, the operator will inspect the pit weekly as long as liquids are present in the pit. The operator will maintain a log of the inspections. The operator will make the log available to the division district office upon request.

The operator will remove all free drilling fluids from the surface of the temporary pit within 60 days from the date that the last drilling or workover rig associated with the pit permit is released. The operator will note the date of this release upon Form C-105 or C-103 upon well or workover completion. The operator may request an extension up to two months from the division district office as long as this additional time does not exceed the temporary pit life span (Subsection R of 19.15.17.7 NMAC).

<u>Temporary Pit In-Place Closure Plan</u>

The wastes in the temporary pit are destined for in place burial at the drilling location. However, a transmittal letter may notify OCD that drilling waste from a nearby site on the same lease may be placed in the temporary pit (e.g. placed in the drilling or fluids cells of the temporary pit). A notice will include the name of the nearby well, the date that the drilling or workover rig moved from the temporary pit, an affirmation that the temporary pit will be closed in conformance with the mandates of the Rule, including the mandated lifetime of the pit.

The operator will not begin closure operations without approval of the closure plan submitted with the permit application.

Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstration

Compliance with siting criteria is described in the site-specific information appended to the C-144.

Proof of Surface Owner Notice

The application package was transmitted to the surface landowner via email, which serves as notification that the operator intends on-site burial of solids.

Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit

The design and construction protocols for the temporary pit are provided in the design and construction plan and in Plates 1-2. The optional drainage system described in the design and construction plan is not shown on the Plates but can be important element of the closure plan.

General Protocols and Procedures

- All free liquids from the pit will be recycled or disposed in a manner consistent with OCD Rules.
- Residual drilling fluids will be removed from the pit within 60 days of release of the last drilling or workover rig associated with the relevant pit permit.
- Water derived from the well stimulation program (flow-back or unused fresh water) that is significantly higher quality than the residual drilling fluids *may* discharge into the pit. The fresher water *may* discharge into the drainage system to flow through the solids or onto the solids in the pit.
- A low-flow pump *may* remove water from the drainage system to a tank or the fluids cell of the temporary pit; thereby further rinsing the residual solids in the pit.
- 20-60 days after placement of fresh or flow-back water into the drilling cell, any water in the pit will be removed for re-use or disposal.
- The residual drilling mud and cuttings will be stabilized to a capacity sufficient to support the 4-foot thick soil cover.
- The residual pit solids will not be mixed at a ratio greater than 1 part pit solids to 3 parts dry earth material (e.g. subsoil).
- The pit will not be closed until the stabilized pit contents pass the paint filter liquids test.

Waste Material Sampling Plan

Prior to closure, an eight-point composite sample of the residual solids in the drilling cell of the temporary pit and a five-point composite sample of any solids in the fluids cell of the temporary pit will be tested in a laboratory to demonstrate that the stabilized material will not exceed the

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C-144 Supplemental Documentation for Temporary Pit

contaminant concentrations listed in Table II of 19.15.17.13 NMAC after being mixed in a ratio of 3:1 with the earth material to be used for stabilization of the residual cuttings and mud. A volumetric average of the laboratory result from the drilling cell solids and any fluid cells solids will be used to determine compliance with the standards of Table II.

In-place burial is the selected on-site disposal alternative.

If a concentration of a contaminant within the material mixed at a ratio not exceeding 3:1 is higher than the concentration given in Table II, closure will proceed in accordance with Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.

In the event that on-site closure standards cannot be achieved, the operator will remove the solid pit contents and transfer to the following division-approved facility:

Disposal Facility Name: R360 Permit Number: NM 01-0006

Protocols and Procedures for Earthwork

Stabilization of the residual cuttings and mud is accomplished by mixing dry earth material within the temporary pit footprint. After stabilization the operator or qualified contractor will:

- 1. Place a geomembrane cover over the sloping surface of the stabilized waste material. It will be placed in a manner so as to prevent infiltration of water and so that infiltrated water does not collect on the geomembrane cover after the upper soil cover has been placed.
- 2. Use a geomembrane cover made of 20-mil string reinforced LLDPE liner
- 3. Over the sloping, stabilized material and liner, place the **Soil Cover** of:
 - a. at least 3-feet of compacted, uncontaminated, non-waste containing earthen fill with chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0.
 - b. either the background thickness of topsoil or one foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, whichever is greater, over the 3-foot earth material.
- 4. Contour the cover to
 - a. blend with the surrounding topography
 - b. prevent erosion of the cover and
 - c. prevent ponding over the cover.

Closure Notice

The operator will notify the surface owner by certified mail, return receipt requested, that the operator plans closure operations at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. The notice will include the well name, API number, and location.

After approval for in-place burial, the operator shall notify the district office verbally and in writing at least 72 hours but not more than one week before any closure operation. Notice will include the operator's name and the location of the temporary pit. The location will include unit letter, section number, township and range. If the location is associated with a well, then the well's name, number and API number will be included.

Should onsite burial be on private land, the operator will file a deed notice including exact location of the burial with the county clerk of the county where the onsite burial is located.

C-144 Supplemental Documentation for Temporary Pit

Closure Report

Within 60 days of closure completion, the operator will submit a

- i. closure report on form C-144, with necessary attachments
- ii. a certification that all information in the report and attachments is correct, that the operator has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan
- iii. a plat of the pit location on form C-105 if burial includes solids derived from a nearby well on the same lease, the report will list the name, API # and location of the well(s) from which the solids originated

Unless the permit transmittal letter requests an alternative marker to comply with surface landowner specifications, the operator will place at the center of an onsite burial a steel marker that

- is not less than four inches in diameter
- is placed at the bottom of a three-foot deep hole (minimum) that is filled with cement to secure the marker
- is at least four feet above mean ground level
- permanently displays the operator name, lease name, well number, unit letter, section, township and range in welded or stamped legible letters/numbers

Timing of Closure

The operator will close the temporary pit within 6 months from the date the drilling rig was released from the first well using the pit. This date will be noted on form C-105 or C-103 filed with the division upon the well's completion (or re-completion in the case of a workover).

Reclamation and Re-vegetation Plan

In addition to the area of the in-place burial, the operator will reclaim the surface impacted by the temporary pit, including access roads associated with the pit, to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area including:

Areas not reclaimed as described herein due to their use in production or drilling operations will be stabilized and maintained to minimize dust and erosion. This includes the area of the temporary pit if a transmittal letter to OCD proposes an alternative to the re-vegetation or recontouring requirement with

- a demonstration that the proposed alternative provides equal or better prevention of erosion, and protection of fresh water, public health and the environment
- written documentation that the alternative is agreed upon by the surface owner.

As stated above, the soil cover for burial in-place

- A. consists of a minimum of three feet of non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material with chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg (or background concentration) as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0 placed over the liner and stabilized solids
- B. is capped by the background thickness of topsoil or 1-foot of suitable material to establish vegetation, whichever is greater
- C. blends into surrounding topography
- D. is graded to prevent ponding and to minimize erosion

For all areas disturbed by the closure process that will not be used for production operations or future drilling, the operator will:

- I. Replace topsoils and subsoils to their original relative positions
- II. Grade so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns
- III. Reseed in the first favorable growing season following closure

Re-vegetation and reclamation plans imposed by the surface owner will be outlined in communications with the OCD.

The operator will notify the division when the surface grading work element of reclamation is complete.

The operator will notify the division when the site meets the surface owner's requirements or exhibits a uniform vegetative cover that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of pre-disturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.

Appendix A

Site Inspection Photographs

& Survey Information

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104

View east-northeast showing location stake in foreground and War Horse Federal 8H location stake in background. War Horse 3H battery is in background.

View south from north edge of proposed pad showing nature of vegetation and low stabilized sand dunes

View north from lease road to staked location shows stabilized sand dunes of the area. War Horse 3H battery and well is on horizon/right.

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720 District III

1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011 Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

¹ API Number			² Pool Code	2	³ Pool Name					
⁴ Property Code				⁵ Property Name WAR HORSE FEDERAL COM					⁶ Well Number 4H	
⁷ OGRID 1536	⁷ OGRID No. 15363 MUR				⁸ Operator RCHISON OII	⁸ Operator Name CHISON OIL & GAS, INC.				
					¹⁰ Surface	Location				
UL or lot no. I	Section 21	Township 18 S	Range 29 E	Lot Idn	Feet from the 1565	North/South line SOUTH	Feet from the 175	East/West line EAST	County EDDY	
			" Bo	ttom Ho	le Location I	f Different From	n Surface			
UL or lot no. M	Section 21	Township 18 S	Range 29 E	Lot Idn	Feet from the 940	North/South line SOUTH	Feet from the 330	East/West line WEST	County EDDY	
M ¹² Dedicated Acre	21 s ¹³ Joint o	18 S	29 E onsolidation	Code ¹⁵ Or	940 der No.	SOUTH	330	WEST	EDD	

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

	N89'48'51"E	2641.77 FT N89'48'54"E	2638.41 FT	¹⁷ OPERATOR CERTIFICATION
	NW CORNER SEC. 21 LAT. = 32'44'24.796"N LONG. = 104'05'18.073"W	N/4 CORNER SEC. 21 LAT. = 32'44'24.819"N LONG. = 104'04'47.150"W	NE CORNER SEC. 21 LAT. = 32'44'24.840"N LONG. = 104'04'16.266"W	to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including
N00"08'58"V				the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.
/ 2641.65 FT		NOTE: LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES ARE SHOWN USING THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NADB3) IN DEGREES MINUTES DECIMAL SECONDS FORMAT, BASIS OF BEARING IS NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE EAST (NADB3) COORDINATES MODIFIED TO SURFACE.		No 1 Signature Date Printed Name
	W/4 CORNER SEC. 21 LAT. = 32'43'58:663"N LONG. = 104'05'18.064"W		E/4 CORNER SEC. 21 + LAT. = -32'43'5 8. 714"N LONG. = 104'04'16.267"W	
N00.12,		WAR HORSE LAT. = 32 LONG	FEDERAL COM #4H ELEV. = 3474.6' '43'48.023''N (NAD83) 3. = 104'04'18.322''W	¹⁰ SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION <i>I hereby certify that the well location shown on this</i> <i>plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys</i> <i>made by me or under my supervision, and that the</i> <i>same is true and correct to the best of my belief</i>
11"W 2640.04 FT	BOTTOM OF HOLE LAT. = 32'43'41.848'N LONG. = 104'05'14.159'W 330' BOTTOM OF HOLE		SURFACE	JANUARY 30,2014 Date of Survey
	SW CORNER SEC. LAT. = 32'43'32.5 LONG. = 104'05'17 S89'48'41"W	$ \begin{array}{ccccc} & & & & \\ 21 & & & S/4 \ \text{CORNER SEC. 21} \\ 46''N & & & \text{LAT.} = & 32'43'32.570''N & & 1 \\ 7.999'W & & & \text{LONG.} = & 104'04'47.164''W & & \text{LO} \\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$	SE CORNER SEC. 21 AT. = 32'43'32.538"N NG. = 104'04'16.284"W 2638.54 FT	Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor: Certificate Number: FILIMON F. JARAMILLO, PLS 12797 SURVEY NO. 2561

DISTANCES IN MILES

DIRECTIONS TO LOCATION FROM STATE HWY. 360 AND CR. #217 (HAGERMAN CUT-OFF) GO SOUTHEAST ON HWY. 360 1.75 MILES, TURN RIGHT ON CALICHE ROAD AND GO SOUTH-SOUTHWEST 300', TURN RIGHT AND GO WEST-NORTHWEST 200' TO A PROPOSED ROAD SURVEY AND FOLLOW FLAGS SOUTH-SOUTHWEST 250' TO THE PROPOSED NORTHEAST PAD CORNER FOR THIS LOCATION. NOT TO SCALE

MURCHISON OIL & GAS, INC. WAR HORSE FEDERAL COM #4H LOCATED 1565 FT. FROM THE SOUTH LINE AND 175 FT. FROM THE EAST LINE OF SECTION 21, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 29 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

JANUARY 30, 2014

Appendix B

BLM Approved Conditions and Sundry Modification of COAs

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104

Form 3160-5			BLM Carlshad	Field Offic	.e	
Form 3160-5 (August 2007) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR						FORM APPROVED DMB No. 1004-0137 xpires: July 31, 2010
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT				5. Lease Serial No. SHL: NM 34461 BI	HL: NM 30752	
SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS Do not use this form for proposals to drill or to re-enter an abandoned well. Use Form 3160-3 (APD) for such proposals.					6. If Indian, Allottee o	or Tribe Name
SUBMIT IN TRIPLICATE – Other instructions on page 2.					7. If Unit of CA/Agre	ement, Name and/or No.
					8. Well Name and No. War Horse Federal	Com 1H
2. Name of Operator Murchison Oil and Gas, Inc.					9. API Well No. 30-015-41013	
3a. Address 1100 Mira Vista Bivd. Plano, TX 75093	11.111	3b. Phone No (972) 931-07). (include area coo 700	le)	10. Field and Pool or I Wildcat G-04 51829	Exploratory Area 27m; B.S.
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T. Surface Location 350 FNL, 175 FEL Unit A, Section 21, T18S, R29E	.R.,M., or Survey Description)))			11. Country or Parish, State Eddy, NM	
12. CHE	CK THE APPROPRIATE BO	X(ES) TO INI	DICATE NATURE	OF NOT	CE, REPORT OR OTH	ER DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION			TYI	PE OF AC	TION	
✓ Notice of Intent	Acidize	Deep Fract	ben ture Treat	Pro Rec	duction (Start/Resume) lamation	Water Shut-Off
Subsequent Report	Casing Repair	New	Construction		omplete	Other
Final Abandonment Notice	Convert to Injection		Back		er Disposal	
testing has been completed. Final determined that the site is ready for The current APD for this well allows	Abandonment Notices must b r final inspection.)	on results in a n be filed only aft t and on-site c	nultiple completior er all requirements disposal burial of	drilling wa	pletion in a new interval, g reclamation, have been	a Form 3160-4 must be filed onc completed and the operator has
testing has been completed. Final determined that the site is ready fo The current APD for this well allows match new NMOCD Pit Rule) for thi and on-site closure of the pit in acco the following VARIANCES from the	Abandonment Notices must b r final inspection.) s for the use of a reserve pi is well on 11/7/2013 and is ordance with the NMOCD F existing COAs:	on results in a n be filed only aft t and on-site c sued new CO, Pit Rule. After	nultiple completion er all requirements disposal burial of As. On 1/13/201 discussing these	drilling wa 4, NMOC	oletion in a new interval, g reclamation, have been aste. BLM approved a D approved the C-144 ith BLM in meetings a	a Form 3160-4 must be filed onc completed and the operator has previous sundry notice (upda application for a temporary pind in the field, Murchison requ
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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations and reports of such operations when completed as indicated on Federal and Indian lands pursuant to applicable Federal law and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local area or regional procedures and practices, are either shown below, will be issued by or may be obtained from the local Federal office.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Item 4 - Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult the local Federal office for specific instructions.

Item 13 - Proposals to abandon a well and subsequent reports of abandonment should include such special information as is required by the local Federal office. In addition, such proposals and reports should include reasons for the abandonment; data on any former or present productive zones or other zones with present significant fluid contents not sealed off by cement or otherwise; depths (top and bottom) and method of placement of cement plugs; mud or other material placed below, between and above plugs; amount, size, method of parting of any casing, liner or tubing pulled and the depth to the top of any tubing left in the hole; method of closing top of well and date well site conditioned for final inspection looking for approval of the abandonment.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and the regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 351 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160.

PRINCIPAL PURPOSE: The information is used to: (1) Evaluate, when appropriate, approve applications, and report completion of subsequent well operations, on a Federal or Indian lease; and (2) document for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource lands and resources, such as: (a) evaluating the equipment and procedures to be used during a proposed subsequent well operation and reviewing the completed well operations for compliance with the approved plan; (b) requesting and grantingapproval to perform those actions covered by 43 CFR 3162.3-2, 3162.3-3, and 3162.3-4; (c) reporting the beginning or resumption of production, as required by 43 CFR 3162.4-1(c) and (d) analyzing future applications to drill or modify operations in light of data obtained and methods used.

ROUTINE USES: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecutions in connection with congressional inquiries or to consumer reporting agencies to facilitate collection of debts owed the Government.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING THE INFORMATION: Filing of this notice and report and disclosure of the information is mandatory for those subsequent well operations specified in 43 CFR 3162.3-2, 3162.3-3, 3162.3-4.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM collects this information to evaluate proposed and/or completed subsequent well operations on Federal or Indian oil and gas leases.

Response to this request is mandatory.

The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Collection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C St., N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240

Form 3160-5 UNITED STATES (August 2007) DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT			OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires: July 31, 2010 5. Lease Serial No.		
SI Do not u abandon	UNDRY NOTICES AND REF use this form for proposals ed well. Use Form 3160-3 (PORTS ON WELLS to drill or to re-enter an APD) for such proposa	6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name osals.		
	SUBMIT IN TRIPLICATE - Oth	7. If Unit of CA/Agreement, Name and/or No.			
1. Type of Well	8. Well Name and No.				
2. Name of Operator Murchlosop Oll and Cos	9, API Well No. 20.015, 41297				
3a. Address 1100 Mira Vista Blvd. Plano, Te	xas 75093	3b. Phone No. (include area co	de) 10. Field and Pool or Exploratory Area		
4. Location of Well <i>(Foota</i> Surface Location 2290 FSL & 17	age, Sec., T.,R.,M., or Survey Descriptic 5 FEL, Section 21, T18S R29E	972-931-0700 m)	00 Wildcat G-04 5182927m; B.S. 11. Country or Parish, State Eddy		
	12. CHECK THE APPROPRIATE E	BOX(ES) TO INDICATE NATUR	COF NOTICE, REPORT OR OTHER DATA		
TYPE OF SUBMIS	SION	TY	PE OF ACTION		
Notice of Intent	Acidize	Deepen Fracture Treat New Construction	Production (Start/Resume) Water Shut-Off Reclamation Well Integrity Recomplete Other		
Final Abandonment N	Notice Convert to Injection	Plug and Abandon	Temporarily Abandon Water Disposel		
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PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Murchison Oil & Gas, Inc.
LEASE NO.:	NMNM-030752
WELL NAME & NO.:	War Horse Fed Com 3H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	2290' FSL & 0175' FEL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	2290' FSL & 0330' FWL
LOCATION:	Section 21, T. 18 S., R 29 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
🔀 Special Requirements
Communitization Agreement
Construction
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H2S requirements
Logging Requirements
Waste Material and Fluids
Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Communitization Agreement

A Communitization Agreement covering the acreage dedicated to this well must be filed for approval with the BLM. The effective date of the agreement shall be prior to any sales.

Communitization Agreement Wells

The well sign for a communitization agreement (CA) wells shall include the CA number in addition to the surface and bottom hole lease numbers.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. **RESERVE PITS**

The pit will be closed in accordance with NMOCD pit rules, with the following additional stipulations:

Construction:

<u>Burial</u>

The reserve pit shall be constructed, so that upon completion of drilling operations, the dried pit contents shall be buried a minimum depth of <u>four (4) feet</u> below ground level. Should the pit content level not meet the four foot minimum depth requirement, the excess contents shall be removed until the required minimum depth of four feet below ground level has been met. The operator shall properly dispose of the excess contents at an authorized disposal site.

Below Ground Level

The reserve pit will be constructed entirely below ground level (as opposed to pushing up dirt to form the sides of the pit).

Liner and Contents

All pits that may contain liquid material shall be lined with a 20 ml liner or greater to prevent seepage into the ground. The pit liner shall be maintained in good working condition, with no tears or holes, until the pit is closed. No trash, pipe, barrels, wireline, or metal equipment is permitted in the pit.

<u>Freeboard</u>

Pits shall be constructed to preclude the accumulation of precipitation runoff and maintain a minimum of 2 feet of freeboard between the maximum fluid level and the lowest point of containment at all times. If pit fluids threaten to rise to a level allowing less than 2 feet of freeboard, steps shall immediately be taken to prevent introduction of additional fluids until sufficient pit capacity has been restored through fluid removal or an alternative containment method is approved and installed.

Exclosure Netting

The operator will prevent humans, wildlife (*including avian wildlife*), and livestock access to fluid pits that contain or have potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will install approved netting in accordance with the requirements below. (*Note: The BLM does not approve of the use of flagging, strobe lights, metal reflectors, or noise makers as techniques for deterring wildlife.*)

Minimum Netting Requirements - The operator will:

- Construct a rigid structure made of steel tubing or wooden posts with cable strung across the pit at no more than seven (7) foot intervals along the X- and Y-axes to form a grid of 7 foot squares.
- Suspend netting a minimum of 4 to 5 feet above the fluid surface.
- Use a maximum netting mesh size of $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches to exclude most birds.
- Cover the top and all sides of the netting support frame with netting and secure the netting at the ground surface around the entire pit to prevent wildlife entry at the netting edges. (*Note:* Hog wire panels or other wire mesh panels or fencing used on the sides of the netting support frame is ineffective in excluding small wildlife and birds unless covered by the smaller mesh netting.)
- Monitor and maintain the netting sufficiently to ensure the netting is functioning as intended, has not entrapped wildlife, and is free of holes and gaps greater than 1 ¹/₂ inches.

Exclosure Fence

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing on all sides of the reserve pit to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife. Only one side of the

reserve pit fence may be set aside during drilling or fracturing operations, but must be reconstructed when these operations are not being performed.

- The fence shall be installed at least two (2) feet from the edge of the pit.
- Construction of the fence shall consist of steel and/or wooden posts set firmly into the ground.
- All corners shall be braced.
- Use a fence with five separate wires (smooth or barbed) or hog panel (16 ft. length by 50 in. height) with connectors such as fence staples, clips, hog rings, hose clamps, twisted wire, etc. The fencing must be secured to the posts.
- The wire (if used) must be stretched tightly and spaced evenly to effectively exclude animals.
- Do not use electric fences.
- The erected fence shall be maintained in adequate condition until the dried reserve pit undergoes backfilling.
- (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

Escape Ramps

The operator will construct and maintain reserve pits to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in reserve pit. Escape ramps must be installed at every corner of the reserve pit and in the center of each side if that side exceeds 100 feet in length. Escape ramps must be in contact with the side of the reserve pit, bottom of the reserve pit, and the top of the reserve pit berm. Escape ramps cannot be made of metal and cannot be steeper than a 3:1 slope (Horizontal Distance: Vertical Distance) or 30% slope. (*Examples of escape ramps: 12" wide wooden planks wrapped in matting, felt lining, etc.*)

Maintenance:

Hydrocarbons

Any hydrocarbons (condensate, paraffin, diesel, etc.) introduced to the reserve pit shall be removed within 24 hours.

Closure:

<u>NMOCD</u>

The pit will be closed in accordance with NMOCD pit closure rules, with the following additional stipulations:

<u>Drying</u>

When drilling is completed, the fluids must be drawn off the pit within 30 days and the pit reclaimed within six months. The pit should also be fully enclosed with fencing on 4 sides during the drying process.

<u>Notificaiton</u>

The operator will notify a BLM Environmental Protection Specialist (575-234-5972) three days prior to beginning closure operations. **Sampling**

The BLM may wish to witness the sampling of the pit contents and excavation bottoms. The operator will notify a BLM Environmental Protection Specialist three days prior to sampling pit contents or excavation bottoms.

Solidifying Pit Contents

Only mineral materials can be used to solidify pit contents. The operator is prohibited from using topsoil materials stockpiled on location for this purpose.

Burial (Onsite)

If onsite burial is approved by the NMOCD, the pit liner sides will be folded over the pit contents and a separate liner installed atop the encapsulated pit materials. The top liner must be located four feet below the natural ground surface. Should the pit content level not meet the four foot minimum depth requirement, the excess contents shall be removed until the required minimum depth of four feet below ground level has been met. The operator shall properly dispose of the excess contents at an authorized disposal site. *Burial (Trench)*

If trench burial is elected as a closure method, the trench burial must be located within the confines of the approved pad. The operator should consider where the trench burial will be located in advance of pad and facility construction in order to accommodate this requirement. The trench will be fully lined, the reserve pit materials fully encapsulated, and liner installed over the top of the containment. The top liner must be located four feet below the natural ground surface.

Surface Restoration:

Backfilling

For both onsite and trench burials: clean mineral materials may be used to backfill on top of the liner installation or to backfill excavated pit areas to a backfill level that reaches the natural topsoil depth of the surrounding terrain or 1 foot below surface level, whichever is greater. (In sandy soils, 2 feet of topsoil material is required.) Clean and viable topsoil must be used as the top fill on the excavations and reclamation areas in order to establish vegetation. Topsoil materials must be a good match to that of the surrounding terrain.

Contouring

The surface of the reserve pit reclamation and/or trench burial should be recontoured to match that of the native terrain.

Erosion Control

Erosion control measures must be installed to ensure that reclamation stabilizes and establishes vegetation. If erosion issues develop, the erosion issues must be addressed immediately by bringing in additional backfill material and re-establishing erosion control measures.

<u>Seeding</u>

The location must be seeded with an appropriate BLM seed mix for the soil type of the area.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch

All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: $\underline{400'} + 100' = 200'$ lead-off ditch interval $\underline{4\%}$

Culvert Installations

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at the deep waterway channel flow crossing.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Figure 1 – Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections

VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
- c. BOPE tests

Eddy County Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated prior to drilling out the surface shoe. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Possibility of water and brine flows in the Salado and Artesia Groups. Possibility of lost circulation in the Grayburg and San Andres formations.

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **280** feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - **b.** Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Formation below the 13-3/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth. Report results to BLM office.

2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

Formation below the 9-5/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth. Report results to BLM office.

Centralizers required through the curve and a minimum of one every other joint.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7 inch production casing is:

Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

Formation below the 7" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth. Report results to BLM office.

- 4. Cement not required on the 4-1/2" casing. Packer system being used.
- 5. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.

- Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.
 5M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 3. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**.
 - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock.
 - d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ¹/₂ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the

largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by

drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species	l <u>b/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

*Pounds of pure live seed: Pounds of seed **x** percent purity **x** percent germination = pounds pure live seed

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