

Form 3160-3
(June 2015)UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

FORM APPROVED
OMB No. 1004-0137
Expires: January 31, 2018

1a. Type of work: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRILL <input type="checkbox"/> REENTER		5. Lease Serial No. NMLC0029338A
1b. Type of Well: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil Well <input type="checkbox"/> Gas Well <input type="checkbox"/> Other		6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name
1c. Type of Completion: <input type="checkbox"/> Hydraulic Fracturing <input type="checkbox"/> Single Zone <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No.
2. Name of Operator BURNETT OIL COMPANY INCORPORATED		8. Lease Name and Well No. GISSLER A
3a. Address Burnett Plaza - Suite 1500, 801 Cherry Street - Unit 9, For		9. API Well No. 3001547088
3b. Phone No. (include area code) (817) 583-8730		10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory LOCO HILLS/GLORIETA YESO
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements. *) At surface NENE / 990 FNL / 1060 FEL / LAT 32.824516 / LONG -103.937446 At proposed prod. zone NENE / 990 FNL / 1060 FEL / LAT 32.824516 / LONG -103.937446		11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 23/T17S/R30E/NMP
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*		12. County or Parish EDDY
13. State NM		
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 990 feet	16. No of acres in lease 600	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 40.0
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 450 feet	19. Proposed Depth 6100 feet / 6100 feet	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file FED: NMB000197
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3665 feet	22. Approximate date work will start* 05/31/2020	23. Estimated duration 11 days
24. Attachments		

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. | 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above). |
| 2. A Drilling Plan. | 5. Operator certification. |
| 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). | 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the BLM. |

25. Signature (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) Leslie Garvis / Ph: (817) 583-8730	Date 11/08/2019
Title Regulatory Coordinator		
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) Cody Layton / Ph: (575) 234-5959	Date 04/20/2020
Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals		
Office Carlsbad Field Office		

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS
Approval Date: 04/20/2020

(Continued on page 2)

*(Instructions on page 2)

DISTRICT I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720

DISTRICT II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
Phone (575) 745-1253 Fax: (575) 745-9720

DISTRICT III
1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410
Phone (505) 334-6176 Fax: (505) 334-6170

DISTRICT IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505
Phone (505) 476-3480 Fax: (505) 476-3488

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Form C-102
Revised August 13, 2011

Submit one copy to appropriate
District Office

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

☐ AMENDED REPORT

API Number 3001547088	Pool Code 96718	Pool Name LOCO HILLS GLORIETA YESO
Property Code 2388	Property Name GISSLER A	Well Number 61
GRID No. 03080	Operator Name BURNETT OIL COMPANY, INC.	Elevation 3665'

Surface Location

UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	FEET from the	SOUTH/South line	FEET from the	East/EAST line	County
A	23	17 S	30 E		990	NORTH	1060	EAST	EDDY

Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface

UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	FEET from the	SOUTH/South line	FEET from the	East/EAST line	County
Dedicated Acres 40	Joint or Infill	Consolidation Code	Order No.						

NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED
OR A NON-STANDARD UNIT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DIVISION

<p>N: 664895.2 E: 658723.1 NAD 83</p> <p>N: 664913.1 E: 664004.4 NAD 83</p> <p>990'</p> <p>1060'</p> <p>23</p> <p>SURFACE LOCATION Lat - N 32.824516° Long - W 103.937446° NAD83- N 663919.6 E 662947.5 (NAD-83)</p> <p>N: 659615.4 E: 658742.1 NAD 83</p> <p>N: 659624.7 E: 661381.2 NAD 83</p> <p>N: 659632.8 E: 664020.9 NAD 83</p>	<p>OPERATOR CERTIFICATION</p> <p>I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.</p> <p><i>Leslie Garvis</i> 11/8/19 Signature Date Leslie Garvis Printed Name lgarvis@burnettoil.com Email Address</p>
	<p>SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION</p> <p>I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.</p> <p>OCTOBER 14 2019</p> <p>Date Surveyed</p> <p>Signature & Seal of Professional Surveyor</p> <p><i>Gary L. Lopez</i> 7977 Certificate No. Gary L. Lopez 7977 BASIN SERVICES</p>
	<p>0' 500' 1000' 1500' 2000'</p> <p>SCALE: 1" = 1000'</p> <p>WO Num.: 34865</p>

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1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department
Oil Conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Submit Original
to Appropriate
District Office

GAS CAPTURE PLAN

Date: 5/7/2020

☒ Original

Operator & OGRID No.: Burnett Oil Co., Inc./ 03080

☐ Amended - Reason for Amendment: _____

This Gas Capture Plan outlines actions to be taken by the Operator to reduce well/production facility flaring/venting for new completion (new drill, recomple to new zone, re-frac) activity.

Note: Form C-129 must be submitted and approved prior to exceeding 60 days allowed by Rule (Subsection A of 19.15.18.12 NMAC).

Well(s)/Production Facility – Name of facility

The well(s) that will be located at the production facility are shown in the table below.

Well Name	API	Well Location (ULSTR)	Footages	Expected MCF/D	Flared or Vented	Comments
Gissler A 61	TBD	A-23-# E207	990' FNL 1060' FEL	300 MCF		Will go to gas sales line, first day of production

Gathering System and Pipeline Notification

Well(s) will be connected to a production facility after flowback operations are complete, if gas transporter system is in place. The gas produced from production facility is dedicated to DCP and will be connected to DCP low/high pressure gathering system located in Eddy County, New Mexico. It will require 0' of pipeline to connect the facility to low/high pressure gathering system. Burnett Oil Co., Inc. provides (periodically) to DCP a drilling, completion and estimated first production date for wells that are scheduled to be drilled in the foreseeable future. In addition, Burnett Oil Co., Inc. and DCP have periodic conference calls to discuss changes to drilling and completion schedules. Gas from these wells will be processed at DCP Linam Ranch Processing Plant located in Sec.6, Twn.19S, Rng.37E, Lea County, New Mexico. The actual flow of the gas will be based on compression operating parameters and gathering system pressures.

Flowback Strategy

After the fracture treatment/completion operations, well(s) will be produced to temporary production tanks and gas will be flared or vented. During flowback, the fluids and sand content will be monitored. When the produced fluids contain minimal sand, the wells will be turned to production facilities. Gas sales should start as soon as the wells start flowing through the production facilities, unless there are operational issues on DCP Gas system at that time. Based on current information, it is Burnett's belief the system can take this gas upon completion of the well(s). NOTE: It should be noted that Burnett does not flowback but rather sends wells to the production facility upon completion.

Safety requirements during cleanout operations from the use of underbalanced air cleanout systems may necessitate that sand and non-pipeline quality gas be vented and/or flared rather than sold on a temporary basis.

Alternatives to Reduce Flaring

Below are alternatives considered from a conceptual standpoint to reduce the amount of gas flared.

- Power Generation – On lease
 - Only a portion of gas is consumed operating the generator, remainder of gas will be flared
- Compressed Natural Gas – On lease
 - Gas flared would be minimal, but might be uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines
- NGL Removal – On lease
 - Plants are expensive, residue gas is still flared, and uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines



DRILLING PLAN
Gissler A 61
 Sec 23, T17S, R30E, 990' FNL, 1060' FEL, Unit P
 Eddy County, NM
 NMLC-029338-A

LOCO HILLS GLORIETA YESO WELL

1. Geological Name of Surface Formation with Estimated Depth:

<u>Geological Name</u>	<u>Estimate Top</u>	<u>Anticipated Fresh Water, Oil or Gas</u>
a. Cenozoic	Surface	Fresh water - None
b. Rustler	225'	
c. Salado	420'	
d. Base Salt	1170'	
e. Yates	1350'	
f. Seven Rivers	1650'	Oil
g. Queen	2245'	Oil
h. Grayburg	2640'	Oil
i. San Andres	2965'	Oil
j. Glorieta	4460'	Oil
k. Yeso	4555'	Oil
l. Total Depth	Refer to Form 3160-3	

No other formations are expected to yield oil, gas or fresh water in measurable volumes. We will set 8-5/8" casing @ approx. 415' in the Anhydrite, above the salt and circulate cement to surface.

The oil zones will be isolated by running 5-1/2" casing to total depth and circulating cement to surface.

2. Casing Program: (ALL CASING WILL BE NEW API APPROVED MATERIAL.)

(MW = 10.2 PPG IN DESIGN FACTOR CALCULATIONS.)

a. Design Safety Factors:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Hole Size</u>	<u>Interval</u>	<u>OD Csg</u>	<u>Weight</u>	<u>Collar</u>	<u>Grade</u>	<u>Collapse Design Factor</u>	<u>Burst Design Factor</u>	<u>Tension Design Factor</u>
Conductor		0'-90'	14"	Contractor Discretion			---	---	---
Surface	12-1/4"	0' - +/- 415'	8-5/8"	24.00#	ST & C	J55	1.125	1.00	1.80
Production	7-7/8"	0' - TD	5-1/2"	17.00#	LT & C	J55	1.125	1.00	1.80

DRILLING PLAN

VERTICAL LOCO HILLS GLORIETA YESO WELL

b. Surface Casing Info

The proposed casing setting depth is +/- 415' based on cross sections which show the estimated top of the rustler and top of salt. Drilling times will be plotted to find the hard section just above the salt. A mud logger will be on location to evaluate drill and cutting samples as long as circulation is maintained. If salt is penetrated, it will be obvious by the sudden increase in water salinity and surface casing will then be set above the top of salt. Our highly experienced drilling personnel have drilled many wells in this area and are able to easily identify the hard streak on the top of the salt.

c. Production Casing Info

Production casing will be set to TD with float shoe on bottom, float collar in first collar, centralizers throughout intervals and above and below a DV Tool set at +/-2600'. After drilling out and testing the casing to 2000 PSI, a cement bond log will be run to evaluate the cement job.

3. Cementing Program (Note Yields and DV Tool Depth if Multiple Stage.)

BLM to be notified prior to all cementing and tag operations in order to observe the operation if desired.

a. 8-5/8" Surface Cement to surface

- 330 sx C +2% PF1 (Calcium Chloride) + PF424 (Water Gelling Agent), mixed at 14.8 lbm/gal, Yield 1.34 with 6.3 gal water per sack.
- **Excess cement 100%.**

If cement does not circulate to surface, BLM will be notified of same, and advised of the plan to bring the cement to surface so BLM may witness tagging and cementing. When circulating cement, if surface pressures indicate cement is low in the annulus, temperature survey results will be reviewed with BLM representative to determine the remediation needed.

b. 5-1/2" Production Casing

Stage 1: **Lead:** 260 sx 35/65 P/C +5 %PF44 (BWOW)(Salt)+6% PF20 (Bentonite Gel) +0.2% PF153 (Anti Settling) +0.3% PF13 (Retarder) +0.1 25#/sx PF29 (Celloflake) +3#/sx PF42 (Kolseal) +0.4#/sx PF45 (Defaomer), mixed at 12.5 lbm/gal, Slurry Yield 2.11 with 11.364 gal water per sack.

Tail: 330 sx C +0.3%PF13 (Retarder), mixed at 14.8 lbm/gal, Slurry Yield 1.33 with 6.298 gal water per sack.

30% excess cement.

Stage 2: **Lead:** 340 sx 35/65 P/C + 5% PF44 (BWOW)(Salt) +6% PF20 (Bentonite Gel) +0.2% PF153 (Anti Settling) +0.125#/sx PF29Celloflake) +3#/sx PF42 (Kolseal) +0.4#/sx PF45 (Defaomer), mixed at 12.5 lbm/gal, Slurry Yield 2.11 with 11.362 gal water per sack.

Tail: 200 sx C Neat, mixed at 14.8 lbm/gal, Slurry Yield 1.32 with 6.3 gal water per sack.

140% excess cement.

DRILLING PLAN

VERTICAL LOCO HILLS GLORIETA YESO WELL

The above cement volumes may be revised pending the caliper measurement from the open hole logs. **Casing/cementing design is to bring cement to the surface.**

4. Pressure Control Equipment:

The blowout prevention equipment (BOPE) will consist of a 2000 PSI Hydril Unit (annular) with hydraulic closing equipment. The equipment will comply with Onshore Order #2 and will be tested to 50% of rated working pressure (RWP) and maintained for at least ten (10) minutes. The 8-5/8" drilling head will be installed on the surface casing and in use continuously until total depth is reached. An independent testing company will be used for the testing. Other accessory BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines and choke manifold having 2000 PSI WP rating.

Occasionally, water flows are encountered from formations that have been water flooded including the Grayburg, Metex, Premier, San Andres, Vacuum, Lovington and Jackson formations. To control these water flows and to drill through salt formation(s), our anticipated maximum mud weight is 10.2 ppg. For the producing formation and at TD, the pore pressure in this area is 0.47 psi/ft based on review of drilling histories, mud weights, formation gradients etc. from surrounding wells.

Burnett is requesting to keep the Mud/Gas Separator on location but only connect if/when needed.

5. Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment:

- a. A Kelly cock will be in the drill string at all times.
- b. A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve with the appropriate connections on the rig floor at all times.
- c. Hydrogen Sulfide detection and breathing equipment will be installed and in operation at drilling depth of 1800' (which is more than 500' above top of Grayburg) until 5-1/2" casing is cemented.
- d. An H2S compliance package will be on all sites while drilling.

6. Proposed Mud Circulation System

<u>Depth</u>	<u>Mud Wt</u>	<u>Visc</u>	<u>Fluid Loss</u>	<u>Type System</u>	<u>Max Volume</u>
0' - +/-415'	8.6 - 9.5			Fresh Water	
+/- 415' - TD' MD	8.6-10.2			Brine Water	

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times.

Pason equipment will be used to monitor the mud system.

7. Logging, Coring and Testing program:

- a. Any drill stem tests will be based on geological sample shows and planned before spudding.
- b. The open hole electrical logging program will be:

DRILLING PLAN

VERTICAL LOCO HILLS GLORIETA YESO WELL

1. Total depth to 1000': Dual Laterolog-Micro Laterolog with Compensated Neutron, Spectral Density log with Spectral Gamma Ray and Caliper.
2. Total depth to Surface: Compensated Neutron with Spectral Gamma Ray.
3. Coring program will be planned and submitted on a well by well basis.
4. Additional testing will be done after setting the 5-1/2" production casing. The specific intervals will be based on log evaluation, geological sample shows and/or drill stem tests.

8. Potential Hazards:

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. Lost circulation is expected in the surface hole and not expected in production.

Occasionally, water flows are encountered from formations that have been water flooded including the Grayburg, Metex, Premier, San Andres, Vacuum, Lovington and Jackson formations. To control these water flows and to drill through salt formation(s), our anticipated maximum mud weight is 10.2 ppg.

For the producing formation and at TD, the pore pressure in this area is 0.47 psi/ft based on review of drilling histories, mud weights, formation gradients etc. from surrounding wells. Based upon logs of wells in this area, the anticipated bottom hole temperature is 105°F.

There is known H₂S in this area. In the event that it is necessary to follow the H₂S plan, a remote choke will be installed as required in Onshore Order 6. Refer to the attached H₂S plan for details.

9. Anticipated Start Date and Duration of Operation

Road and location construction will begin after BLM has approved the specific APD and has approved the start of the location work. Anticipated spud date will be as soon as the location building work has been completed and the drilling rig is available to move to the location. Move in and drilling is expected to take approximately 11 days. If production casing is run, an additional 60 days would be required to complete the well and install the necessary surface equipment (pumping unit, electricity, flowline and storage facility) to place the well on production.

10. Completion Procedure

Upon completion of drilling operations, this well will be perforated and frac'd in multiple stages. Due to the completion process that Burnett utilizes, we do not anticipate any flowback. Upon completion of stimulation, the well will be put on production.

Operator Name: BURNETT OIL COMPANY INCORPORATED

Well Name: GISSLER A

Well Number: 61

2.12.20_2MBOP___ChokeManifold_Drilling_20200403092620.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

2.12.20_2MBOP___ChokeManifold_Drilling_20200403092627.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	CONDUCTOR	20	14.0	NEW	API	N	0	90	0	90	3665	3575	90	OTHER	0	N/A						
2	SURFACE	12.25	8.625	NEW	API	N	0	415	0	415	3665	3250	415	J-55	24	ST&C	1.125	1	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8
3	PRODUCTION	7.875	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	6100	0	6100	3691	-2435	6100	J-55	17	LT&C	1.125	1	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1 **String Type:** CONDUCTOR

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Assumption_20191018125720.pdf

Operator Name: BURNETT OIL COMPANY INCORPORATED

Well Name: GISSLER A

Well Number: 61

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 2 **String Type:** SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Assumption_20191108093717.pdf

Casing ID: 3 **String Type:** PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Assumption_20191018125615.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
CONDUCTOR	Lead		0	90	0	0	0	0	0	Contractor Discretion	0

SURFACE	Lead		0	415	330	1.34	14.8	442	100	C+2% PF1 (Calcium Chloride)	PF424 (Water Gelling Agent)
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PRODUCTION	Lead		0	6100	340	2.11	12.5	717	140	35/65 P/C	+ 5% PF44 (BWOW)(Salt) +6%
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Operator Name: BURNETT OIL COMPANY INCORPORATED

Well Name: GISSLER A

Well Number: 61

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
											(Bentonite Gel)+0.2% PF153 (Anti Settling) +0.125#/sxPF29Celloflake) +3#/sxPF42 (Kolseal)+0.4#/sx PF45
PRODUCTION	Tail		0	6100	200	1.32				C Neat	N/A
PRODUCTION	Lead	2600	0	6100	260	2.11	12.5	548	30	35/65 P/C	+5% PF 44 (BWOW)(Salt)+6% (Bentonite Gel) +0.2%PF153 (Anti Settling). +0.3% PF13 (Retarder) +0.1 25#/sx PF29(Celloflake) +3#/sx PF42 (Kolseal) +0.4#/sx
PRODUCTION	Tail		0	6100	330	1.33	14.8	4.8	30	Class C	+0.3%PF13 (Retarder)

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss will be on location at all times.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Pason equipment will be used to monitor the mud system.

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	415	OTHER : Fresh Water	8.6	9.5							

**PECOS DISTRICT
SURFACE USE
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL**

OPERATOR'S NAME:	BURNETT OIL COMPANY INCORPORATED
WELL NAME & NO.:	GISSLER A / 61
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	990'FNL & 1060'FEL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE:	990'FNL & 1060'FEL
LOCATION:	Section 23, T.17 S., R.30 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

- ☐ **General Provisions**
- ☐ **Permit Expiration**
- ☐ **Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites**
- ☐ **Noxious Weeds**
- ☒ **Special Requirements**
 - Lesser Prairie-Chicken Timing Stipulations
 - Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker
- ☐ **Construction**
 - Notification
 - Topsoil
 - Closed Loop System
 - Federal Mineral Material Pits
 - Well Pads
 - Roads
- ☐ **Road Section Diagram**
- ☒ **Production (Post Drilling)**
 - Well Structures & Facilities
 - Surface Pipelines
- ☐ **Interim Reclamation**
- ☐ **Final Abandonment & Reclamation**

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Timing Limitation Stipulation / Condition of Approval for lesser prairie-chicken:

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period.

Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted.

Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 feet from the source of the noise.

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at 575-234-5972.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

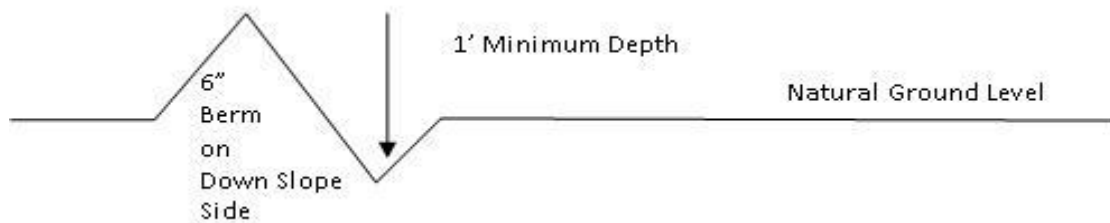
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outslowing and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

$$400 \text{ foot road with } 4\% \text{ road slope: } \frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200' \text{ lead-off ditch interval}$$

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

1. Salvage topsoil
2. Construct road

3. Redistribute topsoil
4. Revegetate slopes



Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

B. PIPELINES

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the Grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat(s) and/or map(s), shall be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to review a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
2. Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, Holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC § 2601 *et seq.* (1982) with regard to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant (*see* 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and in particular, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193). Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. Holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. § 9601, *et seq.* or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, *et seq.*) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way Holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way Holder on the Right-of-Way. This provision applies without regard to whether a release is caused by Holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. Holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. Holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

- a. Activities of Holder including, but not limited to: construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility;
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Land clearing
 - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work
 - (3) Blasting
 - (4) Vandalism and sabotage;

c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of Holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of Holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he/she deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of Holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve Holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to the authorized right-of-way width of **30** feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline shall be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline shall be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.
7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation shall be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.
8. Holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky or dune areas, the pipeline shall be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather than suspended across these features.
9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of 6 inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.
10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.
12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.
13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

OR

If the entire project is covered under the Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement (cultural resources only):

The proponent has contributed funds commensurate to the undertaking into an account for offsite mitigation. Participation in the PA serves as mitigation for the effects of this project on cultural resources. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and the BLM will be notified as soon as possible within 24 hours. Work shall not resume until a Notice to Proceed is issued by the BLM. See Stipulation 16 for more information.

If the proposed project is split between a Class III inventory and a Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement contribution, the portion of the project covered under Class III inventory should default to the first paragraph stipulations.

16. The holder is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) to protect such cultural items as human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered inadvertently during the course of project implementation. In the event that any of the cultural items listed above are discovered during the course of project work, the proponent shall immediately halt the disturbance and contact the BLM within 24 hours for instructions. The proponent or initiator of any project shall be held responsible for protecting, evaluating, reporting, excavating, treating, and disposing of these cultural items according to the procedures established by the BLM in consultation with Indian Tribes."

17. Any paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

18. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

19. Surface pipelines shall be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

<u>Species</u>	<u>lb/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (<i>Sporobolus cryptandrus</i>)	1.0
Sand love grass (<i>Eragrostis trichodes</i>)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (<i>Setaria macrostachya</i>)	2.0

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

PECOS DISTRICT

DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Mewbourne Oil Company
LEASE NO.:	NMLC0029338A
WELL NAME & NO.:	GISSLER A 61
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	990'/N & 1060'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE:	990'/N & 1060'/E
LOCATION:	Section 23, T.17 S., R.30 E., NMP
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

COA

H2S	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Potash	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None	<input type="radio"/> Secretary	<input type="radio"/> R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low	<input type="radio"/> Medium	<input type="radio"/> High
Cave/Karst Potential	<input type="radio"/> Critical		
Variance	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None	<input type="radio"/> Flex Hose	<input type="radio"/> Other
Wellhead	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Conventional	<input type="radio"/> Multibowl	<input type="radio"/> Both
Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 String Area	<input type="checkbox"/> Capitan Reef	<input type="checkbox"/> WIPP
Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Fluid Filled	<input type="checkbox"/> Cement Squeeze	<input type="checkbox"/> Pilot Hole
Special Requirements	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Disposal	<input type="checkbox"/> COM	<input type="checkbox"/> Unit

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated 500 feet prior to drilling into the Grayburg formations. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

Casing Design:

1. The **8 5/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **430** feet (a minimum of **70 feet (Eddy County)** into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.

- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5-1/2** inch production casing is:

Option 1 (Single Stage):

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
Excess cement calculates to -7%, additional cement might be required.

Option 2:

Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.

- a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
 - b. Second stage above DV tool:
- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **2000 (2M)** psi.
- a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.

- e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

☒ Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,
(575) 361-2822

☒ Lea County

Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575)
393-3612

1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a

digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after

installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
- c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore

Order No. 2.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

OTA04162020



HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S) PLAN & TRAINING

This plan was developed in accordance with 43 CFR 3162.3-1, section III.C, Onshore Oil and Gas Operations Order No. 6.

Based on our area testing H₂S at 100 PPM has a radius of 139' and does not get off our well sites. There are no schools, residences, churches, parks, public buildings, recreation area or public within 2+ miles of our area.

A. Training

1. Training of Personnel

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in accordance with 43 CFR 3162.3-1, section III.C.3.a. Training will be given in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on each well:

- a. The hazards and characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S).
- b. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- c. The proper use of H₂S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures and the prevailing wind.
- d. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.
- e. **ATTACHED HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S) CONTINGENCY PLAN DRILLING EXHIBIT L.**
- f. **ATTACHED EMERGENCY CALL LIST FOR ANY ON SITE EMERGENCY DRILLING EXHIBIT M.**

2. Training of Supervisory Personnel

In addition to the training above, supervisory personnel will also be trained in the following areas:

- a. The effects of H₂S on metal components. If high tensile tubulars are to be used, personnel will be trained in special maintenance requirements.
- b. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well, blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- c. The contents and requirements of the H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan (if applicable.)

3. Initial and Ongoing Training

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H₂S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H₂S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan (if applicable). This plan shall be available at the well site. All personnel will be required to carry documentation that they have received the proper training.

B. H2S Drilling Operations Plan

1. Well Control Equipment
 - a. Flare line(s) and means of ignition
 - b. Remote control choke
 - c. Flare gun/flares
 - d. Mud-gas separator
2. **Protective equipment for essential personnel:**
 - a. Mark II Surviveair (or equivalent) 30 minute units located in the dog house and at the primary briefing area (to be determined.)
 - b. Means of communication when using protective breathing apparatus.
3. **H2S detection and monitoring equipment:**
 - a. Three (3) portable H2S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights at 10 PPM and warning lights and audible sirens when H2S levels of 15 PPM is reached. A digital display inside the doghouse shows current H2S levels at all three (3) locations.
 - b. An H2S Safety compliance set up is on location during all operations.
 - c. We will monitor and start fans at 1- ppm or less, an increase over 10 ppm results in the shutdown and installation of the mud/gas separator.
 - d. Portable H2S and SO2 monitor(s).
4. **Visual warning systems:**
 - a. Wind direction indicators will be positioned for maximum visibility.
 - b. Caution/Danger signs will be posted on roads providing direct access to location. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be readable at reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used when appropriate.
5. **Mud program:**
 - a. The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H2S circulated to the surface Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H2S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H2S bearing zones.
6. **Metallurgy:**
 - a. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellheads, Hydril BOPS, drilling spools, kill lines, choke manifold, valves and lines will be suitable for H2S service.
 - b. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H2S trim.

7. Communication:

- a. Cellular Telephone and/or 2-way radio will be provided at well site.
- b. Landline telephone is located in our field office.



BURNETT OIL CO., INC.

EXHIBIT L - HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S) CONTINGENCY PLAN

A. Emergency Procedures

In the event of a release of gas containing H₂S, the first responder(s) must

1. Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 PPM ROE. Assumed 100PPM ROE = 3000'.
2. Evacuate any public places encompassed by 100 PPM ROE.
3. Be equipped with H₂S monitors and air packs in order to control release.
4. Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries occur during the response.
5. Take precautions to avoid personal injury during this operation.
6. Have received training in the following:
 - a. H₂S detection
 - b. Measures for protection against this gas
 - c. Equipment used for protection and emergency response.

B. Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, care will be taken to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). Intentional ignition will be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally, the New Mexico State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the incident command on scene of any major release. Care will be taken to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of gas.

C. Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Chemical Formula</u>	<u>Specific Gravity</u>	<u>Threshold Limit</u>	<u>Hazardous Limit</u>	<u>Lethal Concentration</u>
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	NA	1000 ppm

D. Contacting Authorities

Burnett Oil Co., Inc. personnel will liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD will be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than four (4) hours after the incident. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind and direction, location of release, etc. Be sure all is written down and ready to give to contact list attached. Burnett's response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan.

Directions to the site are as follows:

Burnett Office
87 Square Lake Road (CR #220)
Loco Hills, NM 88255

Loco Hills, New Mexico (2 miles East of Loco Hills on US Hwy 82 to C #220. Then North on CR #220 approximately one (1) mile to office.



BURNETT OIL CO., INC.

EXHIBIT M - EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION LIST

BURNETT CONTACTS

Burnett's New Mexico Office

817.332.5108 x202

87 Square Lake Road (CR #220) Loco Hills, New Mexico 88255

Directions: Loco Hills, NM – 2 miles east of Loco Hills on US Hwy 82 to CR#220. Then North on CR #220 approximately one (1) mile to office.

Burnett Oil Home Office

817.332.5108

Burnett Plaza – Suite 1500 | 801 Cherry Street – Unit #9| Fort Worth, Texas 76102

Walter Glasgow

Office - 817.583.8871

VP of Operations – Permian Basin/New Mexico

Cell - 817.343.5567

Tyler Deans

Office – 575.677.2313

Engineering Manager

Cell – 432.553.4699

Leslie Garvis

Office – 817.583.8730

Regulatory & Government Affairs Manager

Cell – 713.819.4371

SHERIFF/POLICE CONTACTS

Eddy County Sheriff

911 or 575.677.2313

New Mexico State Police

575.746.2701

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Loco Hills Fire Department (VOLUNTEER ONLY)

911 or 575.677.2349

For Medical and Fire (Artesia)

575.746.2701

AIR AMBULANCE

Flight for Life Air Ambulance

(Lubbock)

806.743.9911

Aerocare Air Ambulance

(Lubbock)

806.747.8923

Med Flight Air Ambulance

(Albuq)

505.842.4433

S B Med Svc Air Ambulance

(Albuq)

505.842.4949

FEDERAL AND STATE

US Bureau of Land Management (Carlsbad)

575.361.2822

575.234.5972

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (Artesia)

575.748.1283

New Mexico Emergency Response Commission (24 hour)

575.827.9126

Local Emergency Planning Operation Center (Artesia)

505.842.4949

National Emergency Response Center (Washington, DC)

800.424.8802

OTHER IMPORTANT NUMBERS

Boots & Coots IWC

800.256.9688

Cudd Pressure Control

432.570.5300

Halliburton Services

575.746.2757

BJ Service

575.746.2293

THIS MUST BE POSTED AT THE RIG WHILE ON LOCATION