

TRECEIVED!							
FEB 2 0 2013	OCD Advanta			APPROVED			
(April 2004) NMOCD ARTESIA	OCD Artesia		OMB No Expires M	o. 1004-0137 March 31, 200	7		
DEPARTMENT OF THE INBUREAU OF LAND MANAGE			5. Lease Serial No. BHL: NMNM	0000543		76	25
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DI			6. If Indian, Allotee	or Tribe Na	ame	2/24	pas
la. Type of work:			7 If Unit or CA Agre Poker Lake U				
lb. Type of Well: ✓ Oil Well ☐ Gas Well ☐ Other	Single Zone Multip	ole Zone	8. Lease Name and ' Poker Lake U		۷.	306	402
2. Name of Operator BOPCO, L. P.	< 26073	7>	9. API Well No.	-41	130	0_	
3a. Address P. O. Box 2760 Midland, TX 79702	Phone No. (include area code) 432-683-2277	-, .	10. Field and Pool, or Poker Lake S		re)	2 9	609
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any Si	tate requirements.*)		11. Sec., T. R. M. or B	lk, and Surv	ey or A	rea	
At surface SWSW, UL M, 700' FSL, 550' FWL, I At proposed prod. zone NESE, UL I, 1500' FSL, 300' FEL, Sec		771969	22, T24S-R311	E, Mer NN	1P		
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 22 miles east of Malaga			12. County or Parish Eddy] 1	13. Stat	te NM	
location to nearest	6. No. of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 2885.12 280						
	9. Proposed Depth 14,205' MD / 8,211' TVD	'	MBIA Bond No. on file B 000050				
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3,514' GL	2. Approximate date work will star 04/01/2013	rt*	23. Estimated duration 30 Days				
	24. Attachments						
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore C	Dil and Gas Order No.1, shall be a	ttached to th	is form:				
Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan.	Item 20 above).	•	ons unless covered by an	existing bo	nd on	file (see	
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lan SUPO shall be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).		specific inf	ormation and/or plans as	s may be req	uired l	y the	
25. Signature Balen	Name (Printed/Typed) Jeremy Braden			Date /	13/	12	
Title Engineering Assistant							
Approved by (Signature) Sciences A. Arrios Cal	Name (Printed/Typed)		·	Date A N	4	0.2	2013
Title FIELD MANAGER	Office CARLSBAD	FIELD O	FFICE				•
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds is conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	egal or equitable title to those righ	ts in the sub	pject lease which would e PROVAL FOR				

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

*(Instructions on page 2)

Carlsbad Controlled Water Basin

DISTRICT I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 DISTRICT II 1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesia, NM 88210

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Pe, NM 87505

DISTRICT III

DISTRICT IV

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Form C-102 Revised July 16, 2010

Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

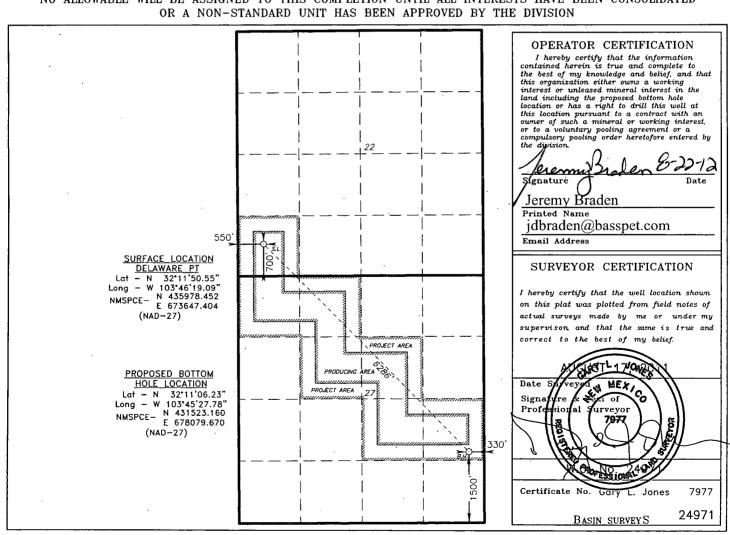
1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

☐ AMENDED REPORT

		<u>'</u>	THE LO	CATION	AND MONEY	GE DEDICATI				
30-015	Number 4/1	36	96047 Pool Name Pool Name Pool Name Pool Name							
Property 0	Code			Р	Property Nam OKER LAKE			Well Nu 409H		
0GRID No -200737				Operator Nam BOPCO, L.			Elevat 351			
260737 Surface Location										
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County	
М	22	24 S	31 E		700	SOUTH	550	WEST	EDDY	
			Bottom	Hole Loc	ation If Diffe	erent From Sur	face			
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County	
ł	27	24 S	31 E		1500	SOUTH	330	EAST	EDDY	
Dedicated Acres	Joint o	r Infill Co	nsolidation (Code Or	der No.					

NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED



Bopco, L.P.

P. O. Box 2760 Midland, Texas 79702

432-683-2277

FAX-432-687-0329

September 6, 2012

Bureau of Land Management Carlsbad Field Office 620 East Green Street Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220-6292

Attn: Mr. Don Peterson – Assistant Field Manager, Minerals

RE: APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL

POKER LAKE UNIT #409H

700' FSL, 550' FWL, Sec. 22, T24S, R31E, Eddy County, NM

Dear Mr. Peterson,

In reference to the above captioned well, I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in the APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

Executed this 6th day of September, 2012.

If you have any questions regarding the accuracy of the plan provided herein, please do not hesitate to contact me at (432) 683-2277.

Sincerely,

Jeremy Braden Engineering Tech

SeeCOA 440

Surface casing is to be set into the Rustler below all fresh water sands at an approximate depth of 1,007' and cement circulated to surface.

7" casing will be set at approximately 8,321' MD, 8,135' TVD (In curve) and cemented in two stages with DV Tool set at approximately 5,000'. Cement will be circulated 500' into the 9-5/8" intermediate casing.

Drilling procedure, BOP diagram, and anticipated tops are attached.

This well is located outside the R111 Potash area and Secretary's Potash area.

The surface location is nonstandard and located inside the Poker Lake Unit.

The bottom hole location is nonstandard and located inside the Poker Lake Unit.

Surface Lease Numbers- Federal Lease: NMNM 0000506A

Bottom Hole Lease Numbers - Federal Lease: NMNM 0000543

BOPCO, L.P., at P. O. Box 2760, Midland, TX, 79702 is a subsidiary of BOPCO, L.P., 201 Main Street, Ft. Worth, TX, 76102. Bond No. COB000050 (Nationwide).

EIGHT POINT DRILLING PROGRAM BOPCO, L.P.

NAME OF WELL: Poker Lake Unit 409H

LEGAL DESCRIPTION - SURFACE: 700' FSL, 550' FWL, Section 22, T24S, R31E, Eddy County, NM.

BHL: 1500' FSL, 330' FEL, Section 16, T24S, R31E, Eddy County, New Mexico.

POINT 1: ESTIMATED FORMATION TOPS (See No. 2 Below)

POINT 2: WATER, OIL, GAS AND/OR MINERAL BEARING FORMATIONS

Anticipated Formation Tops: KB 3536' (estimated)

GL 3514'

Formation Description	Estion KB(NVB)	Est(MD)	SUB-SEATOP	BEARING
T/Fresh Water	400'	400'	+ 3,136	Fresh Water
T/Rustler	656'	656' ·	+ 2,880'	Barren
T/Salado	1,017'	1,017'	+ 2,519'	Barren
B\Salt	4,175	4,175'	- 639'	Barren
T/Lamar :	4,395'	4,395'	- 859'	. Oil/Gas
T/Ramsey	4,430'	4,430'	- 894'	Oil/Gas ·
Cherry Canyon	5,321'	5,321'	- 1,785'	Oil/Gas
Brushy Canyon	6,578	6,578'	- 3,042'	Oil/Gas
KOP	7,621'	7,621	- 4,085'	Oil/Gas
Lower Brushy Canyon "8A" Sand	8,004'	7,963	- 4,468'	Oil/Gas
EOC	8,199'	8,570'	- 4,663'	Oil/Gas
Target #1	8,199'	8,570'	4,663'	Oil/Gas
TD Horizontal Hole	8,211'	14,205'	- 4,675'	Oil/Gas

POINT 3: CASING PROGRAM

TYPE	"(INHERVALIME)".	HOLE Size	PURPOSE	INSTALLATION TYPE
20"	0' - 120' 9 40	26"	Conductor	Contractor Discretion
13-3/8", 48 ppf, H-40, or 54.5#, J-55 8rd, ST&C*	0'-1,007' See COA	17-1/2"	Surface	New
9-5/8", 40 ppf, N-80, 8rd, LT&C or 9-5/8" 40 ppf, J-55, 8rd, LT&C*	0' - 4,415'	12-1/4"	Intermediate	New
7", 26 ppf, N-80, Buttress or 8rd LTC*	0' - 8,321'	8-3/4"	Production	· New

Completion System				
4-1/2", 11,6 ppf, HCP-110 8rd LT&C,	8,271' — 14,205'	6-1/8"	Completion System	New
BTC				

^{*} Depending on availability.

CASING DESIGN SAFETY FACTORS:

TYPE TIE	NOISV	@OLLAPSE	BURST
13-3/8", 48 ppf, H-40, 8rd, ST&C*	7.75	1.46	1.12 ,
13-3/8", 54.5 ppf, J-55, 8rd, STC*	18.08 .	2.30	1.77
9-5/8", 40 ppf, N-80, 8rd, LT&C*	4.94	1.20	2.33
7", 26 ppf, N-80, Buttress*	3.31	1.21	1.59
7", 26 ppf, N-80, 8rd, LTC*	. 2.84	1.16	1.59

Completion System			
4-1/2", 11.6 ppf, HCP-110 8rd, LT&C	3.40	1.93	2.33
4-1/2", 11.6 ppf, HCP-110 BTC	4.47	2.03	2.33

^{*} Depending on availability.

DESIGN CRITERIA AND CASING LOADING ASSUMPTIONS:

SURFACE CASING - (13-3/8")

Tension

A 1.6 design factor utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.2 ppg).

Collapse

A 1.0 design factor with full internal evacuation and a collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.48 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.

Burst

A 1.3 design factor with a surface pressure equal to the fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to the surface. Internal burst force at the shoe will be fracture pressure a that depth. Backup pressure will be formation pore pressure. In all cases a conservative fracture pressure will be used such that it represents the upper limit of potential fracture resistance up to a 1.0 psi/ft gradient. The effects of tension on burst will not be utilized.

PROTECTIVE CASING - (9-5/8")

Tension

A 1.6 design factor utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.2 ppg).

Collapse

A 1.125 design factor with full internal evacuation and a collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.

In the case of development drilling, collapse design should be analyzed using internal evacuation equal to 1/3 the proposed total depth of the well. This criterion will be used when there is absolutely no potential of the protective string being used as a production casing string.

Burst

A 1.0 surface design factor and a 1.3 downhole design factor with a surface pressure equivalent to the fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to the surface. Internal burst force at the shoe will be fracture pressure at that depth. Back pressure will be formation pore pressure. In all cases a conservative fracture pressure will be used such that it represents the upper limit of potential fracture resistance up to a 1.0 psi/ft gradient.

Production CASING - (7")

Tension

A 1.6 design factor utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Collapse

A 1.125 design factor with full internal evacuation and a collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.48 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.

Burst

A 1.25 design factor with anticipated maximum tubing pressure (5000 psig) on top of the maximum anticipated packer fluid gradient. (0.433 psi/ft) Backup on production strings will be formation pore pressure. (0.433 psi/ft) The effects of tension on burst will not be utilized.

Completion System - (4-1/2")

Tension

. A 1.6 design factor utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

Collapse

A 1.125 design factor with full internal evacuation and a collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.48 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.

Burst

A 1.25 design factor with anticipated maximum tubing pressure (5000 psig) on top of the maximum anticipated packer fluid gradient. (0.433 psi/ft) Backup on production strings will be formation pore pressure. (0.433 psi/ft) The effects of tension on burst will not be utilized.

POINT 4: PRESSURE CONTROL EQUIPMENT (SEE ATTACHED DIAGRAM A, B or C)

After running the 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will be installed, used, maintained and tested as per Onshore Order 2. In addition to the high pressure test, a low pressure (250-300 psig) test will be performed.

After running the 9-5/8" intermediate casing, a 13-5/8" or 11" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will be installed on the 9-5/8" intermediate casing spool (8-3/4" open hole), used, maintained and tested as per Onshore Order 2. In addition to the high pressure test, a low pressure (250-300 psig) test will be performed.

After running the 7" intermediate casing, a 13-5/8" or 11" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will be installed on the 9-5/8" intermediate casing spool (8-3/4" open hole), used, maintained and tested as per Onshore Order 2. In addition to the high pressure test, a low pressure (250-300 psig) test will be performed.

H2S contingency

H2S monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is encountered in quantities greater than 10 PPM, the well will be shut in and H2S equipment will be installed, including a flare line that will be extended pursuant to onshore oil and gas order #6.

These tests will be performed:

- a) Upon installation
- b) After any component changes
- c) Thirty days after a previous test
- d) As required by well conditions
- e) Any time a seal is broken within the system

A function test to insure that the preventers are operating correctly will be performed on each trip.

BOPCO, L.P. would like to request a variance to use an armored, 3", 5000 psi WP flex hose for the choke line in the drilling of the well IF the rig is equip with hose. (See specification for hose that might be used, attached with APD exhibits). This is rig equipment and will help quicken nipple up time thus saving money without a safety problem. The hose itself is rated to 5000 psi ,and has 5000 psi flanges on each end. This well is to be drilled to 14,205' MD (8,211' TVD) and max surface pressure should be +/-2,036 psi as prescribed in onshore order #2 shown as max BHP minus 0.22 psi/ft. Thus, 2000 psi BOPE (for 12-1/4" hole) and 3000 psi BOPE (for 8-3/4" and 6-1/8" hole) is all that is needed for this well. Please refer to diagram A, B or C for choke manifold and closed loop system layout. If an armored flex hose is utilized, the company man will have all of the proper certified paper work for that hose available on location.

Sue COH-POINT 5: MUD PROGRAM

Dapid		MUDITYPE	WHOTH	(EV)	PXV/	MP.	FL	Εħ
9-1,007/140	FW Spud Mud	8.5 - 9.2	38-70	NC	NC	NC	10.0	
1,007' - 4,415'	Brine Water	9.8 – 10.2	28-30	NC	NC.	NC	9.5 – 10.5	
4,415' - 8,321'	FW/Gel	8.7 – 9.0	28-36	NC	NC .	NC	9.5 – 10.0	
8,321'-14,205'	FW/Gel/Starch	· 8.7 – 9.0	28-36	NC.	NC	<100	9.5 – 10.0	

NOTE: May increase vis for logging purposes only.

MUD MONITORING SYSTEM

- 1. BOPCO L.P. plans to drill the proposed well with water and does not expect to mud up. In the event of abnormal pressures that require mudding up, BOPCO L.P will record slow pump rates on the daily drilling report on a daily basis.
- 2. Visual mud monitoring equipment will be installed to detect volume changes.
- 3. Pit volume totalizers are installed on rig before spud.
- 4. BOPCO L.P. has the drilling mud checked every 24 hrs., and the daily mud check will be posted in the company man's trailer.
- 5. BOPCO L.P will be using a 3M system so trip tanks will not be required per Onshore order #2.
- 6. Gas detections systems will be installed on exploratory wells per Onshore order #2. Please refer to section G under point 6 in the 8pt drilling program for H2S safety information.

Sufficient mud materials will be kept at the well site to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements at all times (sack or bulk barite will not be on location until 500' above the top of the Wolfcamp.)

POINT 6: TECHNICAL STAGES OF OPERATION

A) TESTING None anticipated.

B) LOGGING

se COR

Run #1: GR with MWD during drilling of build and horizontal portions of 8-3/4" and 6-1/8"

hole.

Run #2: Shuttle log w/GR, PE, Density, Neutron, Resistivity in lateral leg open hole.

Mud Logger: Rigged up at 100'

C) CONVENTIONAL CORING

None anticipated

D) CEMENT

	INTERVAL	AMOUNTI SXS	FT OF	TYPE	GALE/SX	PPG	FT ² SX
	SURFACE: Lead: 0' - 707'	570	. 707	Class C +2% CACL + 4% Bentonite + 0.25 LB/SK Cello	8.69	13.50	1.75
B	Tail: 707' – 1,007'	345	300	Flake + 3 lb/sk LCM-1 Class C + 2% CACL + 0.25 LB/SK CF	6.35	14.80	1.35
	INTERMEDIATE:		3915	0.25LB/SK Cello Flake + 3 lb/sk LCM-1		:	
R	Lead: 0' - 3,915'	1200	5117	EconoCEM HLC + 5% CaCl + 5#/sk Gilsonite	9.32	12.90	1.85
•	Tail: 3,915' – 4,415'	270	500	HalCem C	6.34	14.80	1.33
	Production * Stage 1:						
	Lead: 5,000' - 7,621'	225	2621	Tuned Light + 0.75% + CFR-3 + 1.5#/sk CaCl	12.41	10.20	2.76
***************************************	Tail: 7,621' – 8,321'	116	700	VersaCem-PBSH2 + 0.4% Halad-9	8.76	13.0	1.65
	DV Tool @ 5,000'						
	Stage 2:						
***************************************	Lead: 3,915' - 4,500'	60	585	EconCem HLC + 1% Econolite + 5% CaCl + 5#/sk Gilsonite	10.71	12.60	2.04
	Tail: 4,500' – 5,000'	100	500	HalCem C	6.34	14.80	1.33

Cement excesses will be as follows:

Surface - 100% excess with cement circulated to surface.

Production – 50% above gauge hole or 35% above electric log caliper with cement circulated 500' up into the 9-5/8" 1st intermediate casing in areas outside the SOPA. Cement will be circulated to surface on areas inside the SOPA.

Cement volumes will be adjusted proportionately for depth changes of the multi stage tool.

E) COMPLETIONS SYSTEM

A 4-1/2" completion system with open hole packers will be run in the producing lateral to a depth of 14,205'. The top of the Completion System will be set at approximately 8,271'. Cement will not be required for this system.

^{1&}lt;sup>st</sup> Intermediate – 50% excess above fluid caliper with cement circulated to surface.

F) DIRECTIONAL DRILLING

BOPCO, L.P. plans to drill out the 9-5/8" intermediate casing with a 8-3/4" bit to a TVD of approximately 7,621' at which point a directional hole will be kicked off and drilled at an azimuth of 135.15 degrees, building angle at 12.01 deg/100' to 60 degrees at a TVD of 8,035' (MD 8,121'). This angle and azimuth will be maintained for 200' to a measured depth of 8,321 (8,135' TVD). At this depth 7", 26#, N80, Buttress, or 8rd LTC casing will be installed and cemented in two stages (DV Tool @ approximately 5000') with cement circulated 500' inside the 9-5/8" intermediate casing. A 6-1/8" open hole lateral will then be drilled out from 7" casing at an azimuth of 135.15 degrees, inclination of 89.88 degrees to a measured depth of 14,205' MD, TVD 8,211'. At this depth a 4-1/2" Completion System with packers installed for zone isolation will be run into the producing lateral.

G) H2S SAFTEY EQUIPMENT

As stated in the BLM Onshore Order 6, for wells located inside the H2S area, H2S equipment will be rigged up after setting surface casing. For the wells located inside the H2S area the flare pit will be located 150' from the location. For wells located outside the H2S area flare pit will be located 100' away from the location. (See page 6 of Survey plat package for flare line reference) There is not any H2S anticipated in the area, although in the event that H2S is encountered, the H2S contingency plan attached will be implemented. (Please refer to diagram B or C for choke manifold and closed loop system layout when H2S is present.) Please refer to H2S location diagram for location of important H2S safety items.

H) CLOSED LOOP AND CHOKE MANIFLOLD

Please see diagram A, B or C depending on configuration.

POINT 7: ANTICIPATED RESERVOIR CONDITIONS

Normal pressures are anticipated throughout Delaware section. A BHP of 3542 psi (max) or MWE of 9.0 ppg is expected. Lost circulation may exist in the Delaware Section from 4,015'-8,211' TVD.

POINT 8: OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION

A) Auxiliary Equipment

Upper and lower kelly cocks. Full opening stab in valve on the rig floor.

B) Anticipated Starting Date

Upon approval

30 days drilling operations

14 days completion operations

JDB



Drilling Services

Proposal

BOPCO, L.P.

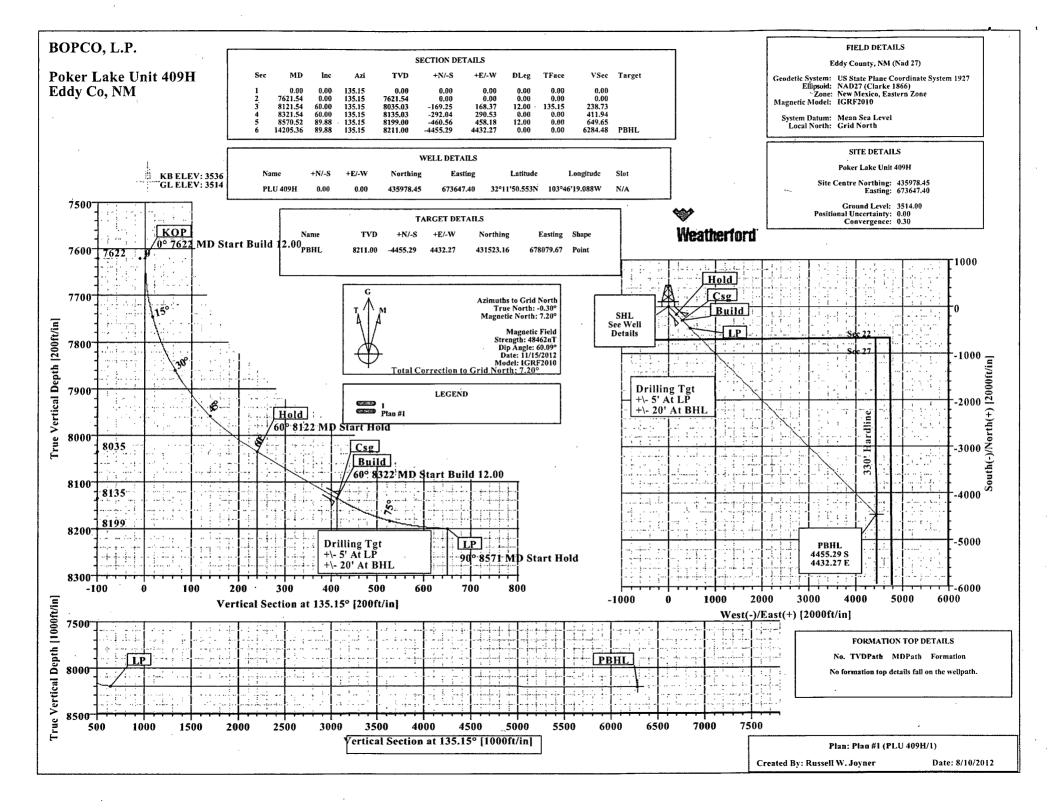
POKER LAKE UNIT 409H

EDDY CO, NM

WELL FILE: PLAN 1

AUGUST 10, 2012

Weatherford International, Ltd. P.O. Box 61028 Midland, TX 79711 USA +1.432.561.8892 Main +1.432.561.8895 Fax www.weatherford.com



Weatherford WFT Plan Report - X & Y's



Company: BOPCO, L.P.

Eddy County, NM (Nad 27)

Field: Site:

Well:

Poker Lake Unit 409H

PLU 409H Wellpath:

Vertical (TVD) Reference: Section (VS) Reference: Survey Calculation Method:

Co-ordinate(NE) Reference:

Time: 10:06:19 Well: PLU 409H, Grid North

SITE 3536.0

Minimum Curvature

Well (0.00N,0.00E,135.15Azi)

Db: Sybase

Plan:

Principal:

Plan #1

Yes

Date Composed:

Version:

Date: 8/10/2012

Tied-to:

From Surface

8/10/2012

Field:

Eddy County, NM (Nad 27)

Map System: US State Plane Coordinate System 1927

Geo Datum: NAD27 (Clarke 1866)

PLU 409H

Sys Datum: Mean Sea Level

Map Zone:

New Mexico, Eastern Zone

Coordinate System: Geomagnetic Model: Well Centre IGRF2010

Site:

Poker Lake Unit 409H

Site Position:

Well:

From: Мар Northing: Easting:

435978.45 ft 673647.40 ft Latitude: Longitude:

32 50.553 N 11 103 46 19.088 W

North Reference: Grid Convergence:

Grid 0.30 deg

Position Uncertainty: Ground Level:

0.00 ft 3514.00 ft

Slot Name:

Well Position:

+N/-S+E/-W

11/15/2012

Depth From (TVD)

ft

0.00

0.00 ft Northing: 0.00 ft Easting:

435978.45 ft 673647.40 ft

Height 3536.00 ft

+N/-S

ft

0.00

Latitude: Longitude:

50.553 N 103 46 19.088 W

Position Uncertainty:

Wellpath: 1

Current Datum:

Magnetic Data:

Field Strength:

Vertical Section:

0.00 ft

48462 nT

Drilled From:

Surface

Tie-on Depth: **Above System Datum:**

Mean Sea Level 7.50 deg

0.00 ft

Declination: Mag Dip Angle:

60:09 deg Direction

ft 0.00

deg 135.15

Plan Section Information

	MD ft	Incl deg	Azim deg	TVD ft	+N/-S ft	+E/-W ft	DLS deg/100	Build ft. deg/100ft	Turn deg/100ft	TFO deg	-Target	
	. 0.00	0.00	135.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
	7621.54	0.00	135.15	7621.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
ı	8121.54	60.00	135.15	8035.03	-169.25	168.37	12.00	12.00	0.00	135.15		
	8321.54	60.00	135.15	8135.03	-292.04	290.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
П	8570.52	89.88	135.15	8199.00	-460.56	458.18	12.00	12.00	0.00	0.00		
	14205.36	89.88	135.15	8211.00	-4455.29	4432.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PBHL	

C		_			
	ш	r	ν	e	v

MD ft	Incl deg	Azim deg	TVD ft	N/S ft	E/W ft	VS ft	DLS deg/100ft	MapN ft	MapE ft	Comment
7600.00	0.00	135.15	7600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	435978.45	673647.40	
7621.54	0.00	135.15	7621.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	435978.45	673647.40 H	OP
7625.00	0.42	135.15	7625.00	-0.01	0.01	0.01	12.00	435978.44	673647,41	
7650.00	3.42	135.15	7649.98	-0.60	0.60	0.85	12.00	435977.85	673648.00	
7675.00	6.42	135.15	7674.89	-2.12	2.11	2.99	12.00	435976.33	673649.51	
7700.00	9.42	135.15	7699.65	-4.56	4.54	6.43	12.00	435973.89	673651.94	
7725.00	12.42	135.15	7724.19	-7.92	7.87	11.17	12.00	435970.53	673655.27	
7750.00	15.42	135.15	7748,46	-12.18	12.11	17.18	12.00	435966.27	673659.51	1
7775.00	18.42	135.15	7772.37	-17.33	17.24	24.45	12.00	435961.12	673664.64	
7800.00	21.42	135.15	7795.87	-23.37	23.25	32.97	12.00	435955.08	673670.65	
7825.00	24.42	135.15	7818.90	-30.27	30.11	42.70	12.00	435948.18	673677.51	
7850.00	27.42	135.15	7841.38	-38.02	37.82	53.62	12.00	435940.43	673685.22	Ì
7875.00	30.42	135.15	7863.26	-46.58	46.34	65.71	12.00	435931.87	673693.74	
7900.00	33.42	135,15	7884.48	-55.95	55.66	78.93	12.00	435922.50	673703.06	
7925.00	36.42	135.15	7904.98	-66.10	65.75	93.23	12.00	435912.35	673713.15	

Weatherford WFT Plan Report - X & Y's



Company: BOPCO, L.P.

Eddy County, NM (Nad 27) Poker Lake Unit 409H Field:

Site: PLU 409H

Well: Wellpath: 1 Date: 8/10/2012

Co-ordinate(NE) Reference: Vertical (TVD) Reference:

Section (VS) Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Time: 10:06:19 Well: PLU 409H, Grid North.

SITE 3536.0 Well (0.00N,0.00E,135.15Azi)

Minimum Curvature

urvey MD	Incl	Azim	TVD	N/S	E/W	vs	DLS	MapN	MapE		Comm
ft	deg	deg	ft	ft	ft	ft	deg/100ft	ft	ft	-	
7950.00	39.42	135.15	7924.70	-76.99	76.59	108.59	12.00	435901.46	673723.99		
7975.00	42.42	135.15	7943.59	-88.59	88.13	124.97	12.00	435889.86	673735.53		
8000.00	45.42	135.15	7961.60	-100.88	100.36	142.30	12.00	435877.57	673747.76		
8025.00	48.42	135.15	7978.67	-113.83	113.24	160.56	12.00	435864.62	673760.64		
8050.00	51.42	135.15	7994.77	-127.39	126.73	179.68	12.00	435851.06	673774.13		
8075.00	54.42	135.15	8009.84	-141.52	140.79	199.63	12.00	435836.93	673788.19		
8100.00	57.42	135.15	8023.85	-156.20	155.39	220.33	12.00	435822.25	673802.79		
8121.54	60.00	135.15	8035.03	-169.25	168.37	238.73	12.00	435809.20	673815.77	Hold	
8200.00	60.00	135.15	8074.27	-217.42	216.29	306.68	0.00	435761.03	673863.69		
8300.00	60.00	135.15	8124.27	-278.81	277.37	393.29	0.00	435699.64	673924.77		
8321.54	60.00	135.15	8135.03	-292.04	290.53	411.94	0.00	435686.41	673937.93	Csg	
8325.00	60.42	135.15	8136.75	-294.17	292.65	414.94	12.00	435684.28	673940.05	3	
8350.00	63.42	135.15	8148.52	-309.80	308.20	437.00	12.00	435668.65	673955.60		
8375.00	66.42	135.15	8159.12	-325.85	324.17	459.64	12.00	435652.60	673971.57		
8400.00	69.42	135.15	8168.52	-342.27	340.50	482.80	12.00	435636.18	673987.90		
0435.00	70.40	40E 4E	9476 60	250.02	257 17	E06 43	12.00	425610 42	674004 67	•	
8425.00	72.42	135.15 135.15	8176.69	-359.02	357.17	506.42 530.44	12.00	435619.43 435602.40	674004.57 674021.51		
8450.00	75.42		8183.62	-376.05	374.11		12.00				
8475.00	78.42	135.15	8189.28	-393.31	391.28	554.79		435585.14	674038.68		
8500.00 8525.00	81.42 84.42	135.15 135.15	8193.65 8196.74	-410.76 -428.34	408.63 426.13	579.40 604.21	12.00 12.00	435567.69 435550.11	674056.03 674073.53		
								•			
8550.00		135.15	8198.52	-446.02	443.71	629.14	12.00	435532.43	674091.11		
8570.52	89.88	135.15	8199.00	-460.56	458.18	649.65	12.00	435517.89	674105.58	LP	
8600.00	89.88	135.15	8199.06	-481.46	478.97	679.13	0.00	435496.99	674126.37		
8700.00	89.88	135.15	8199.28	-552.35	549.50	779.13	0.00	435426.10	674196.90		
8800.00	89.88	135.15	8199.49	-623.25	620.03	879.13	0.00	435355.20	674267.43		
8900.00	89.88	135.15	8199.70	-694.14	690.55	979.13	0.00	435284.31	674337.95		
9000.00	89.88	135.15	8199.92	-765.03	761.08	1079.13	0.00	435213.42	674408.48		
9100.00	89.88	135.15	8200.13	-835.93	831.61	1179.13	0.00	435142.52	674479.01		
9200.00	89.88	135.15	8200.34	-906.82	902.14	1279.13	0.00	435071.63	674549.54		
9300.00	89.88	135.15	8200.55	-977.72	972.66	1379.13	0.00	435000.73	674620.06		
9400.00	89.88	135.15	8200.77	-1048.61	1043.19	1479.13	0.00	434929.84	674690.59		
9500.00	89.88	135.15	8200.98	-1119.50	1113.72	1579.13	0.00	434858.95	674761.12		
9600.00	89.88	135.15	8201.19	-1190.40	1184.24	1679.13	0.00	434788.05	674831.64		
9700.00	89.88	135.15	8201.41	-1261.29	1254.77	1779.13	0.00	434717.16	674902.17		
9800.00	89.88	135.15	8201.62	-1332.18	1325.30	1879.13	0.00	434646.27	674972.70		
9900.00	89.88	135.15	8201.83	-1403.08	1395.83	1979.13	0.00	434575.37	675043.23		
10000.00	89.88	135.15	8202.05	-1403.00	1466.35	2079.13	0.00	434504.48	675113.75		
10100.00	89.88	135.15	8202.05	-1473.97	1536.88	2179.13	0.00	434433.59	675184.28		
		135.15									
10200.00 10300.00	89.88 89.88	135.15 135.15	8202.47 8202.68	-1615.76 -1686.65	1607.41 1677.93	2279.13 2379.13	0.00 0.00	434362.69 434291.80	675254.81 675325.33		
10400.00											
10400.00	89.88	135.15	8202.90	-1757.54	1748.46	2479.13	0.00	434220.91	675395.86		
10500.00	89.88	135.15	8203.11	-1828.44	1818.99	2579.13	0.00	434150.01	675466.39		
10600.00	89.88	135.15	8203.32	-1899.33	1889.52	2679.13	0.00	434079.12	675536.92		
10700.00	89.88	135.15	8203.54	-1970.22	1960.04	2779.13	0.00	434008.23	675607.44		
10800.00	89.88	135,15	8203.75	-2041.12	2030.57	2879.13	0.00	433937.33	675677.97		•
10900.00	89.88	135.15	8203.96	-2112.01	2101.10	2979.13	0.00	433866.44	675748.50		
11000.00	89.88	135.15	8204.17	-2182.90	2171.62	3079.13	0.00	433795.55	675819.02		
11100.00	89.88	135.15	8204.39	-2253.80	2242.15	3179.13	0.00	433724.65	675889.55		
11200.00	89.88	135.15	8204.60	-2324.69	2312.68	3279.13	0.00	433653.76	675960.08		
11300.00	89.88	135.15	8204.81	-2395.58	2383.21	3379.13	0.00	433582.87	676030.61		
11400.00	89.88	135.15	8205.03	-2466.48	2453.73	3479.13	0.00	433511.97	676101.13		
			5250.00	_ , 55.10				, 555 (1.5)			
11500.00	89.88	135.15	8205.24	-2537.37	2524.26	3579.13	0.00	433441.08	676171.66		

Weatherford WFT Plan Report - X & Y's



Company: BOPCO, L.P.
Field: Eddy County, NM (Nad 27)
Site: Poker Lake Unit 409H

PLU 409H

Well: Wellpath: 1 Date: 8/10/2012

Section (VS) Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Co-ordinate(NE) Reference: Vertical (TVD) Reference:

Time: 10:06:19 Pa : Well: PLU 409H, Grid North SITE 3536.0 Well (0.00N,0.00E,135.15Azi)

Minimum Curvature Db: Sybase

c.		
Sι	ır١	vev

MD ft	Incl deg	Azim deg	TVD ft	N/S ft	E/W ft	VS ft	DLS deg/100ft	MapN ft	MapE ft	Commen
11700.00	89.88	135.15	8205.67	-2679.16	2665.31	3779.12	0.00	433299.29	676312.71	
11800.00	89.88	135.15	8205.88	-2750.05	2735.84	3879.12	0.00	433228.40	676383.24	
11900.00	89.88	135.15	8206.09	-2820.94	2806.37	3979.12	0.00	433157.51	676453.77	
12000.00	89.88	135.15	8206.30	-2891.84	2876.90	4079.12	0.00	433086.61	676524.30	
12100.00	89.88	135.15	8206.52	-2962.73	2947.42	4179.12	0.00	433015.72	676594.82	
12200.00	89.88	135.15	8206.73	-3033.62	3017.95	4279.12	0.00	432944.83	676665.35	
12300.00	89.88	135.15	8206.94	-3104.52	3088.48	4379.12	0.00	432873.93	676735.88	İ
12400.00	89.88	135.15	8207.16	-3175.41	3159.00	4479.12	0.00	432803.04	676806.40	
12500.00	89.88	135.15	8207.37	-3246.30	3229.53	4579.12	0.00	432732.15	676876.93	
12600.00	89.88	135.15	8207.58	-3317.20	3300.06	4679.12	0.00	432661.25	676947.46	
12700.00	89.88	135.15	8207.79	-3388.09	3370.59	4779.12	0.00	432590.36	677017.99	
12800.00	89.88	135.15	8208.01	-3458.99	3441.11	4879.12	0.00	432519.46	677088.51	
12900.00	89.88	135.15	8208.22	-3529.88	3511.64	4979.12	0.00	432448.57	677159.04	
13000.00	89.88	135.15	8208.43	-3600.77	3582.17	5079.12	0.00	432377.68	677229.57	
13100.00	89.88	135.15	8208.65	-3671.67	3652.69	5179.12	0.00	432306.78	677300.09	
13200.00	89.88	135.15	8208.86	-3742.56	3723.22	5279.12	0.00	432235.89	677370.62	
13300.00	89.88	135.15	8209.07	-3813.45	3793.75	5379.12	0.00	432165.00	677441.15	
13400.00	89.88	135.15	8209.29	-3884.35	3864.28	5479.12	0.00	432094.10	677511.68	
13500.00	89.88	135.15	8209.50	-3955.24	3934.80	5579.12	0.00	432023.21	677582.20	
13600.00	89.88	135.15	8209.71	-4026.13	4005.33	5679.12	0.00	431952.32	677652.73	
13700.00	89.88	135.15	8209.92	-4097.03	4075.86	5779.12	0.00	431881.42	677723.26	
13800.00	89.88	135.15	8210.14	-4167.92	4146.38	5879.12	0.00	431810.53	677793.78	
13900.00	89.88	135.15	8210.35	-4238.81	4216.91	5979.12	0.00	431739.64	677864.31	
14000.00	89.88	135.15	8210.56	-4309.71	4287.44	6079.12	0.00	431668.74	677934.84	
14100.00	89.88	135.15	8210.78	-4380.60	4357.97	6179.12	0.00	431597.85	678005.37	
14205.36	89.88	135.15	8211.00	-4455.29	4432.27	6284.48	0.00	431523.16	678079.67	PBHL ·

Targets

Name	Descripti	on ·	TVD	+N/-S	+E/-W	Map Northing	Map Easting	< Latitude> Deg Min Sec	< Longitude> Deg Min Sec
	Dip.	Dir.	ft	ft	ft	ft .	· ft		The state of the s
PBHL			8211.00	-4455.29	4432.27	431523.16	678079.67	32 11 6.232 N	103 45 27.785 W

Casing Points

	MD ft	· TVD ft	Diameter in	Hole Size in	Name	
İ	8321.54	8135.04	0.000	0.000	Csg	

Annotation

MD ft	TVD ft		
7621.54	7621.54	KOP	
8121.54	8035.04	Hold	
8321.54	8135.04	Build	
8570.52	8199.00	LP	
14205.35	8211.00	PBHL	

Formations

М	D TVD	Formations	Lithology	Dip Angle	Dip Direction

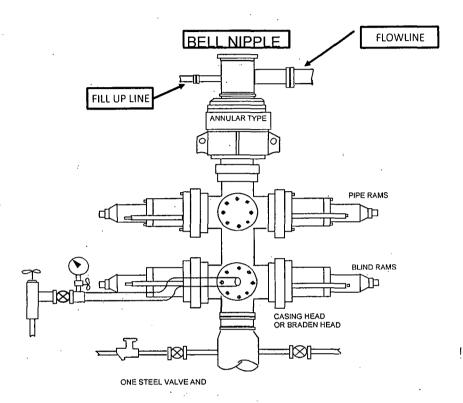


Weatherford Drilling Services

GeoDec v5.03

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Report Date:	August 10, 2012								
Job Number:			· ·						
Customer:									
	Poker Lake Unit 40	Poker Lake Unit 409H							
API Number: Rig Name:									
Location:	Eddy Co, NM								
Block:	Zaaj so, ini								
Engineer:	KRN		 .						
US State Plane 19	27	Geodetic Latitude / Longitude	e .						
System: New Mexi	ico East 3001 (NON-EXACT)	System: Latitude / Longitude							
Projection: SPC27	Transverse Mercator	Projection: Geodetic Latitude	and Longitude						
Datum: NAD 1927	(NADCON CONUS)	Datum: NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS)							
Ellipsoid: Clarke 18	366	Ellipsoid: Clarke 1866							
North/South 4359	78.450 USFT	Latitude 32.1973758 DEG							
East/West 673647	7.400 USFT	Longitude -103.7719689 DE	:G						
Grid Convergence	: .30°	,							
Total Correction: -	+7.20°								
Geodetic Location	WGS84 Elevation	= 0.0 Meters							
Latitude =	32.19738° N 32° 3	l1 min 50.553 sec							
Longitude = 10)3.77197° W 103° 4	46 min 19.088 sec							
Magnetic Declinati	on = 7.50°	[True North Offset]	·						
Local Gravity =	.9988 g	CheckSum =	6587						
Local Field Streng	th = 48458 nT	Magnetic Vector X =	23954 nT						
Magnetic Dip =	60.09°	Magnetic Vector Y =	3155 nT						
Magnetic Model =	IGRF-2010g11	Magnetic Vector Z =	42005 nT						
Spud Date = .	Nov 15, 2012	Magnetic Vector H =	24161 nT						
Signed:		Date:							

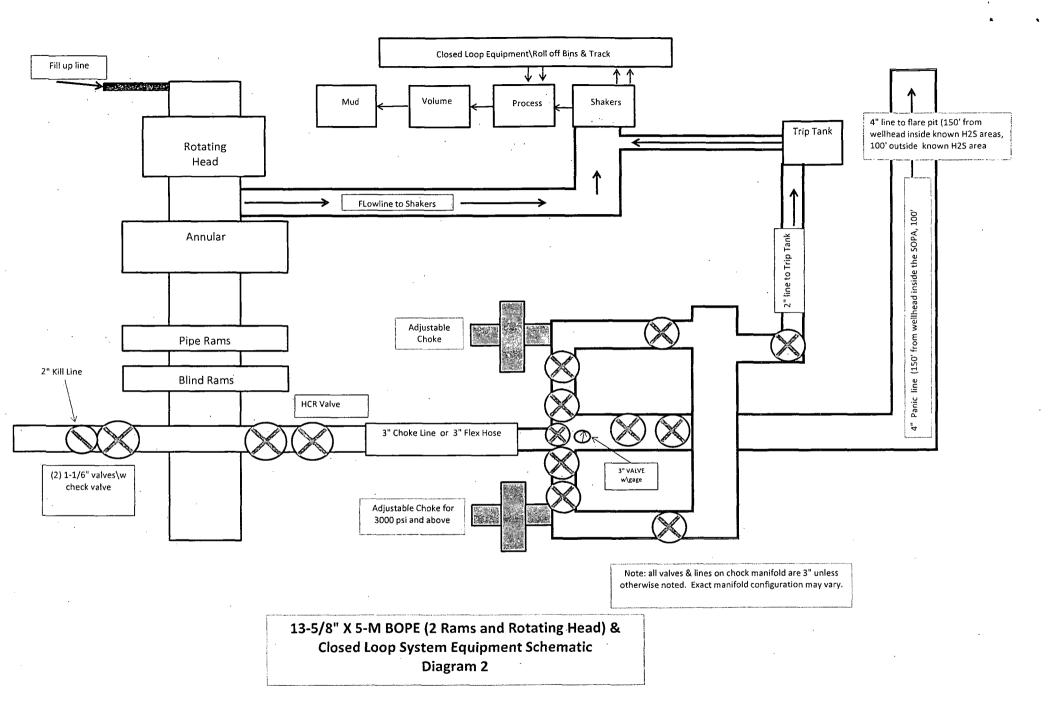
BOPCO, L. P. 13 5/8" X 5-M WP BOPE WITH 5-M WP ANNULAR



THE FOLLOWING CONSTITUTE MINIMUM BLOWOUT PREVENTER REQUIREMENTS

- A. One double gate Blowout preventer with lower pipe rams and upper blind rams, all hydraulically controlled.
- B. Opening on preventers between rams to be flanged, studded or clamped and at least two inches in diameter.
- C. All connections from operating manifold to preventers to be all steel hose or tube a mininum of one inch in diameter.
- D. The available closing pressure shall be at least 15% in excess of that required with suffficient volume to operate (close, open, and re-close) the preventers.
- E. All connections to and from preventers to have a pressure rating equivalent to that of the BOPs.
- F. Manual controls to be installed before drilling cement plug.
- G. Valve to control flow through drill pipe to be located on rig floor.
- H. Chokes must be adjustable. Choke spool may be used between rams.

DIAGRAM 1



Choke & Kill, BOP

Mr. Choke & Kill

Designed as a flexible connection to the choke manifold.

Tube: petroleum resistant for oil based drilling fluids

Cover: ozone, petroleum, and abrasion resistant

Reinforcement: high tensile steel

wire spiral layers Thermal Blanket: 1500°

continuous ratings,

non-flammable, non-conductive

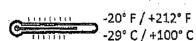
Armor Wall; ,144" Max Length: 150 feet

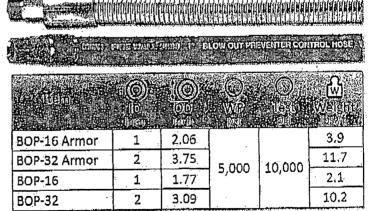
-20° F / +212° F -29° C / +100° C

				I	VV
militaria de composições à Palacción de secondo composito de devid					
		70	HOVE AND VIII	MACE. FIRE AFS	STANT COVER
	<u>1</u> S	T HOSE ^C	HOKE AND KILL ISO 14693	H2S SQU	R GAS SERVICE (25
CK-48 Red CK-56 Red	3 3½	4.94 5.44			14.9
CK-64 Red CK-48 Armor	4 3	6.31 6.5	5,000	10,000	26.4 20.8
CK-56 Armor CK-64 Armor	3½ 4	7 8			23.1 26.3
CK-4810K Red CK-5610K Red	3 3½	5,31 5,81	:		22.3 25.0
CK-6410K Red CK-4810K Armor	3	4.75 6.5	10,000	15,000	36.1 26.0
CK-5610K Armor CK-6410K Armor	3½ 4	7 8			29.0 32.8

Mw BOP Control Line

For blowout preventer lines. Tube: for hydraulic BOP actuation Thermal Blanket: 1500° continuous rating, non-flammable, non-conductive Armor Wall: .08" Popular with a larger hex and longer threads for easier installation of hammer unions.





Carbon or stainless steel nipples are available and 1/2", 3/4", 1-1/4", and 1-1/2" sizes are available too.



Weld-on Flanges or Hammer Unions



Integral 1002/1502 Hammer Union Fittings



Safety Clamps



Fire Proof Quick Connects



Ring Gaskets

		MID	WEST			
	'H	OSE AND	SPECIALT	Y INC.		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		
		HYDROS'	TATIC TES			
Custom LATSHA	er: W DRILLING		· .	P.O. Numbe RIG#4	r;	
		HOSE SPEC	FICATIONS			
Type:	CHOKE & KI	LL :	T	Length:	30'	
I.D.	3" 3 PRESSURE	INCHES	O.D.	6-1/2" BURST PRESSI	IDE	
5,00		10,000		BONSI EKESSI	JRE	· .
			PLINGS			
Stem P	art No. D3.0X64WB		Ferrule No. D3.0X64WB			<u> </u>
Type of 4-1/16 5	Coupling: <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	:	Die Size;			
		PRO	CEDURE			
	TIME HELD AT	TEST PRESSURE	v <u>ith water at ambi</u> e ACTUAL I	<i>nt temperatur</i> e. BURST PRESSURE	! !	
COMME	15 NTS: SER#81610	MIN.	<u> </u>) PSI	
	GEN#01010					
Date:	3/1/2011	Tested By: DONNIE MCLE	EMORE	Approved: BRENT BU	RNETT	
<u> </u>				<u> </u>		}
					÷	
				· ·		
	Jan Jin			e Fran so Alwo		

Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

April 4, 2012

5000 PSI

Customer: Latshaw

Pick Ticket #: 81610

Michwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.

Hose Specifications

Hose Type Length 301 LĐ, O.D. 4 15/32 Working Pressure Burst Pressure

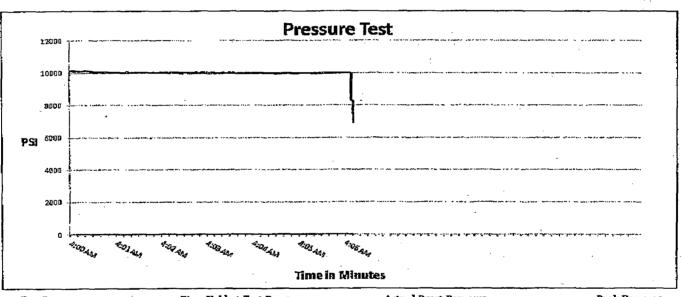
Standard Salscy Multiplier Applies

Verification Type of Fitting 41/165K Die Size 5.12"

Hose Serial #

Coupling Method Swage Final O.D.

5.16" Hose Assembly Serial # 81610



Test Pressure 10000 PSI

Time Held at Test Pressure 6 1/4 Minutes

Actual Burst Pressure

Peak Pressure 10195 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

Tested By: Donnie Mclemore

Approved By: Bobby Fink

MIDWEST

HOSE AND SPECIALTY INC.

INT	ERNAL	. HYDROST	ATIC TEST	REPOR	T
Customer:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		P.O. Numb	per:
LATSHAW D	RILLING			RIG#4	
				<u> </u>	
		HOSE SPECIA	ICATIONS		<u> </u>
Type: C	HOKE LIN	E'		Length:	30'
I.D.	3"	INCHES	O.D.	6"	INCHES
WORKING PRI	ESSURE	TEST PRESSUR	E	BURST PRES	SSURE
5,000	PSI	10,000	PSI		PSI
		COUP	LINGS		
Type of End 4	d Fitting 1/16 5K FL	ANGE			
Type of Co	uplina:		MANUFACTU	RED BY	
	WEDGED		MIDWEST HO		ALTY
		PROC	EDURE		
. —		pressure tested w TEST PRESSURE		<u>it temperature</u> BURST PRESSU	
	ME NEED AT	TEOT I REGOOKE	. NOTONE C	0,1017112000	
	1	MIN.		7	0 PSI
. H	O#81610 ose is cov raped with	ered with stainl fire resistant v	ermiculite coat	ed fiberglas	S.
Date:	2/2011	Tested By: BOBBY FINK	<u> </u>	Approved:	ACKSON

TO THE REAL PROPERTY.



BOPCO, L.P. Poker Lake Unit 409H Sec 22-T24S-R31E Eddy County, NM

RIG LAYOUT SCHEMATIC INCLUSIVE OF CLOSED-LOOP DESIGN PLAN

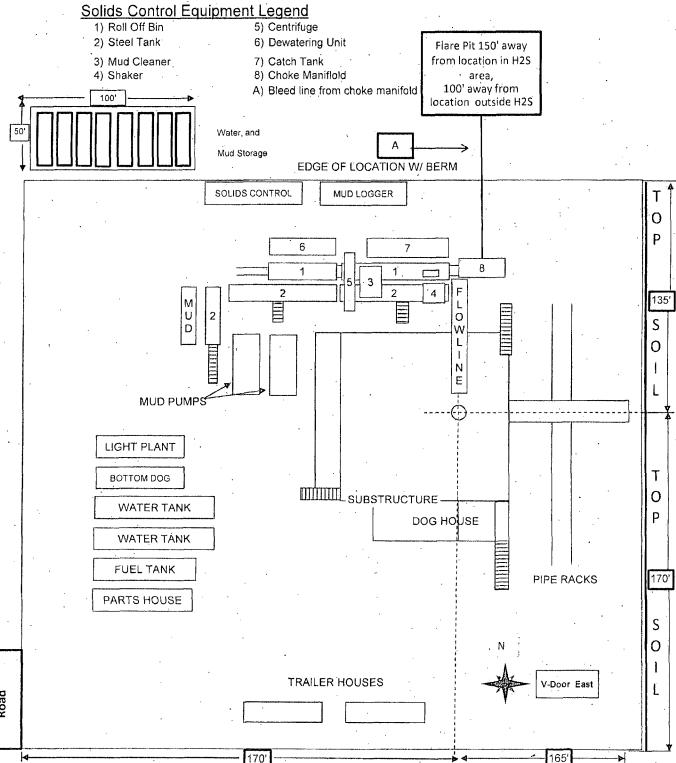


TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. H₂S Contingency Plan

- A. Scope
- B. Objective
- C. Discussion of Plan

II. Emergency Procedures

- A. Emergency Procedures and Public Protection
- B. Emergency Procedures Implementation
- C. Simulated Blowout Control Drills

III. Ignition Procedures

- A. Responsibility
- B. Instructions

IV. Training Requirements

V. Emergency Equipment

VI. Evacuation Plan

- A. General Plan
- B. Emergency Phone Lists

VII. General Information

- A. H₂S Toxicity Table
- B. Respirator Use
- C. Emergency Rescue

H2S CONTINGENCY PLAN SECTION

Scope:

This contingency plan provides an organized plan of action for alerting and protecting the public within an area of exposure prior to an intentional release, or following the accidental release of a potentially hazardous volume of hydrogen sulfide. The plan establishes guidelines for all personnel whose work activity may involve exposure to Hydrogen Sulfide Gas (H₂S).

Objective:

Prevent any and all accidents, and prevent the uncontrolled release of H₂S into the atmosphere.

Provide proper evacuation procedures to cope with emergencies.

Provide immediate and adequate medical attention should an injury occur.

Discussion of Plan:

Suspected Problem Zones:

Implementation: This plan, with all details, is to be fully implemented 500' above or three days prior to drilling into the first known sour zone

Emergency Response and Public Protection Procedure: This section outlines the conditions and denotes steps to be taken in the event of an emergency.

Emergency Equipment and Procedure: This section outlines the safety and emergency equipment that will be required for the drilling of this well.

Training Provisions: This section outlines the training provisions that must be adhered to 500 feet above or three days prior to drilling into the first known sour zone.

Emergency call lists: Included are the telephone numbers of all persons that would need to be contacted should an H₂S emergency occur.

Briefing: This section deals with the briefing of all persons involved with the drilling of this well.

Public Safety: Public Safety Personnel will be made aware of the drilling of this well.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES AND PUBLIC PROTECTION SECTION

- I. In the event of any evidence of H₂S levels above 10 ppm, take the following steps immediately:
 - A. Secure breathing apparatus.
 - B. Order non-essential personnel out of the danger zone.
 - C. Take steps to determine if the H₂S level can be corrected or suppressed, and if so, proceed with normal operations.
- II. If uncontrollable conditions occur, proceed with the following:
 - A. Take steps to protect and/or remove any public downwind of the rig, including partial evacuation or isolation. Notify necessary public safety personnel and the New Mexico Oil & Gas of the situation.
 - B. Isolate area and prevent entry by unauthorized persons into the 100 ppm ROE.
 - C. Remove all personnel to the Safe Briefing Area.
 - D. Notify public safety personnel for help with maintaining roadblocks and implementing evacuation. Phone number list attached.
 - E. Determine and proceed with the best possible plan to regain control of the well. Maintain tight security and safety measures.

III. Responsibility:

- A. The Company Approved Supervisor shall be responsible for the total implementation of the plan.
- B. The Company Approved Supervisor shall be in complete command during any emergency.
- C. The Company Approved Supervisor shall designate a back up Supervisor in the event that he/she is not available.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURE IMPLEMENTATION

I. Drilling or Tripping

A. All Personnel

- 1. When alarm sounds, don escape unit and report to upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 2. Check status of other personnel (buddy system).
- 3. Secure breathing apparatus.
- 4. Wait for orders from supervisor.

B. Drilling Foreman

- 1. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 2. Don Breathing Apparatus and return to the point of release with the Tool Pusher or Driller (buddy system).
- 3. Determine the concentration of H_2S .
- 4. Assess the situation and take appropriate control measures.

C. Tool Pusher

- 1. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 2. Don breathing apparatus and return to the point of release with the Drilling Foreman or the Driller (buddy system).
- 3. Determine the concentration.
- 4. Assess the situation and take appropriate control measures.

D. Driller

- 1. Check the status of other personnel (in a rescue attempt, always use the buddy system).
- 2. Assign the least essential person to notify the Drilling Foreman and Tool Pusher, in the event of their absence.

3. Assume the responsibility of the Drilling Foreman and the Tool Pusher until they arrive, in the event of their absence.

E. Derrick Man and Floor Hands

1. Remain in the upwind Safe Briefing Area until otherwise instructed by a supervisor.

F. Mud Engineer

- 1. Report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- 2. When instructed, begin check of mud for pH level and H₂S level.

G. On-site Safety Personnel

- 1. Don Breathing Apparatus.
- 2. Check status of all personnel.
- 3. Wait for instructions from Drilling Foreman or Tool Pusher.

II. Taking a Kick

- A. All personnel report to the upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- B. Follow standard BOP procedures.

III. Open Hole Logging

- A. All unnecessary personnel should leave the rig floor.
- B. Drilling Foreman and Safety Personnel should monitor the conditions and make necessary safety equipment recommendations.

IV. Running Casing or Plugging

- A. Follow "Drilling or Tripping" procedures.
- B. Assure that all personnel have access to protective equipment.

SIMULATED BLOWOUT CONTROL DRILLS

All drills will be initiated by activating alarm devices (air horn). Use one long blast on the air horn for ACTUAL and SIMULATED Blowout Control Drills. This operation will be performed by the Drilling Foreman or Tool Pusher at least one time per week for each of the following conditions, with each crew:

Drill # 1 Bottom Drilling

Drill # 2 Tripping Drill Pipe

In each of these drills, the initial reaction time to shutting in the well shall be timed as well as the total time for the crew to complete its entire pit drill assignment. The times must be recorded on the IADC Driller's Log as "Blowout Control Drill".

Drill No.:

Reaction Time to Shut-In:

minutes,

seconds.

Total Time to Complete Assignment:

minutes,

seconds.

I. Drill Overviews

- A. Drill No. 1- Bottom Drilling
 - 1. Sound the alarm immediately.
 - 2. Stop the rotary and hoist kelly joint above the rotary table.
 - 3. Stop the circulatory pump.
 - 4. Close the drill pipe rams.
 - 5. Record casing and drill pipe shut-in pressures and pit volume increases.
- B. Drill No. 2 Tripping Drill Pipe
 - 1. Sound the alarm immediately.
 - 2. Position the upper tool joint just above the rotary table and set the slips.

- 3. Install a full opening valve or inside blowout preventor tool in order to close the drill pipe.
- 4. Close the drill pipe rams.
- 5. Record the shut-in annular pressure.

II. Crew Assignments

A. Drill No. 1 – Bottom Drilling

1. Driller

- a) Stop the rotary and hoist kelly joint above the rotary table.
- b) Stop the circulatory pump.
- c) Check flow.
- d) If flowing, sound the alarm immediately.
- e) Record the shut-in drill pipe pressure.
- f) Determine the mud weight increase needed or other courses of action.

2. Derrickman

- a) Open choke line valve at BOP.
- b) Signal Floor Man # 1 at accumulator that choke line is open.
- c) Close choke and upstream valve after pipe tams have been closed.
- d) Read the shut-in annular pressure and report readings to Driller.

3. Floor Man # 1

- a) Close the pipe rams after receiving the signal from the Derrickman.
- b) Report to Driller for further instructions.

4. Floor Man # 2

- a) Notify the Tool Pusher and Operator Representative of the H₂S alarms.
- b) Check for open fires and, if safe to do so, extinguish them.
- c) Stop all welding operations.
- d) Turn-off all non-explosion proof lights and instruments.
- e) Report to Driller for further instructions.

5. Tool Pusher

- a) Report to the rig floor.
- b) Have a meeting with all crews.
- c) Compile and summarize all information.
- d) Calculate the proper kill weight.
- e) Ensure that proper well procedures are put into action.

6. Operator Representative

- a) Notify the Drilling Superintendent.
- b) Determine if an emergency exists and if so, activate the contingency plan.

B. Drill No. 2 – Tripping Pipe

1. Driller

- a) Sound the alarm immediately when mud volume increase has been detected.
- b) Position the upper tool joint just above the rotary table and set slips.
- c) Install a full opening valve or inside blowout preventor tool to close the drill pipe.
- d) Check flow.

- e) Record all data reported by the crew.
- f) Determine the course of action.

2. Derrickman

- a) Come down out of derrick.
- b) Notify Tool Pusher and Operator Representative.
- c) Check for open fires and, if safe to do so, extinguish them.
- d) Stop all welding operations.
- e) Report to Driller for further instructions.

3. Floor Man # 1

- a) Pick up full opening valve or inside blowout preventor tool and stab into tool joint above rotary table (with Floor Man # 2).
- b) Tighten valve with back-up tongs.
- c) Close pipe rams after signal from Floor Man # 2.
- d) Read accumulator pressure and check for possible high pressure fluid leaks in valves or piping.
- e) Report to Driller for further instructions.

4. Floor Man # 2

- a) Pick-up full opening valve or inside blowout preventor tool and stab into tool joint above rotary table (with Floor Man # 1).
- b) Position back-up tongs on drill pipe.
- c) Open choke line valve at BOP.
- d) Signal Floor Man # 1 at accumulator that choke line is open.
- e) Close choke and upstream valve after pipe rams have been closed.
- f) Check for leaks on BOP stack and choke manifold.

- g) Read annular pressure.
- h) Report readings to the Driller.

5. Tool Pusher

- a) Report to the rig floor.
- b) Have a meeting with all of the crews.
- c) Compile and summarize all information.
- d) See that proper well kill procedures are put into action.

6. Operator Representative

- a) Notify Drilling Superintendent
- b) Determine if an emergency exists, and if so, activate the contingency plan.

IGNITION PROCEDURES

Responsibility:

The decision to ignite the well is the responsibility of the DRILLING FOREMAN in concurrence with the STATE POLICE. The State Police shall be the Incident Command on the scene of any major release. Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. In the event the Drilling Foreman is incapacitated, it becomes the responsibility of the RIG TOOL PUSHER. This decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is clear that:

- 1. Human life and property are endangered.
- 2. There is no hope of controlling the blowout under the prevailing conditions.

If time permits, notify the main office, but do not delay if human life is in danger. Initiate the first phase of the evacuation plan.

Instructions for Igniting the Well:

- 1. Two people are required for the actual igniting operation. Both men must wear self-contained breathing apparatus and must use a full body harness and attach a retrievable safety line to the D-Ring in the back. One man must monitor the atmosphere for explosive gases with the LEL monitor, while the Drilling Foreman is responsible for igniting the well.
- 2. The primary method to ignite is a 25mm flare gun with a range of approximately 500 feet.
- 3. Ignite from upwind and do not approach any closer than is warranted.
- 4. Select the ignition site best suited for protection and which offers an easy escape route.
- 5. Before igniting, check for the presence of combustible gases.
- 6. After igniting, continue emergency actions and procedures as before.
- 7. All unassigned personnel will limit their actions to those directed by the Drilling Foreman.

NOTE: After the well is ignited, burning Hydrogen Sulfide will convert to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂), which is also highly toxic. Do not assume the area is safe after the well is ignited.

TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

When working in an area where Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) might be encountered, definite training requirements must be carried out. The Company Supervisor will ensure that all personnel at the well site, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, have had adequate training by a qualified instructor in the following:

- 1. Hazards and Characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide and Sulfur Dioxide.
- 2. Physicals effects of Hydrogen Sulfide on the human body.
- 3. Toxicity of Hydrogen Sulfide and Sulfur Dioxide.
- 4. H₂S detection, emergency alarm and sensor location.
- 5. Emergency rescue.
- 6. First aid and artificial resuscitation.
- 7. The effects of Hydrogen Sulfide on metals.
- 8. Location safety.

In addition, Supervisory Personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. If high tensile tubular are to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well as well as blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H₂S Drilling Operations Contingency Plan and the Public Protection Plan.

Service company personnel and visiting personnel must be notified if the zone contains H_2S , and each service company must provide adequate training and equipment for their employees before they arrive at the well site.

EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT

As stated in the BLM Onshore Order 6, for wells located in a known H_2S areas, H_2S equipment will be rigged up after setting surface casing. For wells located inside known H_2S areas, the flare pit will be located 150' from the location and for wells located outside known H_2S areas, the flare pit will be located 100' away from the location. (See page 6 of Survey plat package and diagram 2.)

It is not anticipated that any H_2S is in the area, however in the event that H_2S is encountered, the attached H_2S Contingency Plan will be implemented. (Please refer to diagram 2 for choke manifold and closed loop system layout.) See H_2S location layout diagram for location of all H_2S equipment on location.

All H_2S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested and be operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500' above, or three days prior to penetrating a known formation containing H_2S .

Lease Entrance Sign:

Caution signs should be located at all roads providing direct access to the location. Signs shall have a yellow background with black lettering and contain the words "CAUTION" and "POISON GAS" that is legible from a distance of at least 50 feet.

LEASE NAME CAUTION -- POTENTIAL POISON GAS HYDROGEN SULFIDE NO ADMITTANCE WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION

Windsocks or Wind Streamers:

- A minimum of two 10" windsocks located at strategic locations so that they may be seen from any point on location.
- Wind streamers (if preferred) should be placed at various locations on the well site to ensure wind consciousness at all times. (Corners of location)

Hydrogen Sulfide Detector and Alarms:

• H₂S monitors with alarms will be located on the rig floor, at the cellar, and at the mud pits. These monitors will be set to alarm at 10 PPM with a red light and to alarm at 15 PPM with a red light and audible alarm.

Well Condition Flags:

The Well Condition flags should be located at all roads providing direct access to the location. It should have three (3) color coded flags (green, yellow and red) that will be used to denote the following location conditions:

GREEN – Normal Operating Conditions YELLOW – Potential Danger RED – Danger, H₂S Gas Present

Respiratory Equipment:

- Fresh air breathing equipment should be placed at the company supervision trailer and the safe briefing areas and should include the following:
 - A minimum of two SCBA's at each briefing area and the supervisor company supervision trailer.
 - Enough air line units to operate safely, anytime the H₂S concentration reaches the IDLH level (100 PPM).
 - Cascade system with enough breathing air hose and manifolds to reach the rig floor, the derrickman and the other operation areas.

Fire Extinguishers:

Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.

Mud Program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H_2S circulated to the surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H_2S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H_2S bearing zones.

Metallurgy:

All drill strings, casing, tubing, wellhead; blowout preventer, drilling spools, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H_2S service.

Well Control Equipment:

- Flare Line (See diagram 2).
- Choke manifold (See diagram 2).
- Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing units.
- Auxiliary equipment may include, if applicable, annular preventer & rotating head.

Communication Equipment:

• Proper communication equipment such as cell phones or 2 – way radios should be available for communication between the company man's trailer, rig floor and tool pusher's trailer.

Well Testing:

There will be no drill stem testing.

Evacuation Plan:

- Evacuation routes should be established prior to spudding the well.
- Should be discussed with all rig personnel.

Designated Areas:

Parking and Visitor area:

- All vehicles are to be parked at a pre-determined safe distance from the wellhead.
- A smoking area will be designated at a pre-determined safe distance from the wellhead and any other possible flammable areas.

Safe Briefing Areas:

 Two Safe Briefing Areas shall be designated on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds or they are at a 180 degree angle if wind directions tend to shift in the area. Personal protective equipment should be stored at both briefing areas or if a moveable cascade trailer is used, it should be kept upwind of existing winds. When wind is from the prevailing direction, both briefing areas should be accessible.

NOTE:

• Additional equipment will be available at Indian Fire and Safety in Hobbs, NM or at Total Safety in Hobbs, NM.

EVACUATION PLÁN

General Plan

The direct lines of action to protect the public from hazardous gas situations are as follows:

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drilling Foremen, Tool Pusher or Driller) determine that Hydrogen Sulfide gas cannot be limited to the well location, and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan. Escape routes are noted on the Area Map.
- 2. Company safety personnel or designee will notify the appropriate local government agency that a hazardous condition exists and evacuation needs to be implemented.
- 3. Company approved safety personnel that have been trained in the use of the proper emergency equipment will be utilized.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (State Police, Local Police Department, Fire Department, and the Sheriff's Department) will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining road blocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.

NOTE: Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.

5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, Company approved safety personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.

See Emergency Action Plan

Contacting Authorities

BOPCO L.P. personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available including directions to site. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. (Operator Name)'s response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's "Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan" (HMER).

H₂S CONTINGENCY PLAN EMERGENCY CONTACTS

BOPCO L.P. I	Midland Office	•	432-683-2277
Key Personnel			
Name	Title	Ce	ell Phone Number
	inez Drilling Supt		
Buddy Jenkir			
Bill Dannels	Engineer		432-638-9463
Pete Lensing	Engineer		432-557-7157
Charles Warn	ne Engineer		432-894-1392
Artesia			
			911
State Police			575-746-2703
	ce		
Fire Departme	ent		575-746-2701
Local Emerge	ency Planning Committe	9	575-746-2122
	Oil Conservation Division		
Carlsbad			
Ambulance_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		911
State Police_		•	575-885-3137
City Police			575-885-2111
Sheriir's Offic	ce		0/0-00/-/00l
Fire Departme	ent_ ency Planning Committed	·	575-887-3798
Local Emerge	ency Planning Committee	<u> </u>	575-887-6544
US Bureau of	Land Management		575-887-6544
	Emergency Response Co	ommission (Santa Fe)_	
24 Hour	·		505-827-9126
New Mexico S	State Emergency Operati	ons Center	505-476-9635
National Eme	rgency Response Cente	r (Washington, DC)	800-424-8802
Other			
	ntrol		550-6202 (Permian Basin)
			570-5300 (Permian Basin)
	e – 4000 24 th St. Lubbock		
-	3, Box 49F, Lubbock, Tex		806-747-8923
	r Amb – 2301 Yale Blvd S		
	Service – 2505 Clark Carr		
	nd Safety – 3317 NW Cnt		
Total Safety -	- 3229 Industrial Dr., Hob	bs, NM	575-392-2973

TOXIC EFFECTS OF HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 PPM, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen Sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity = 1.192) and colorless. It forms an explosive mixture with air between 4.3 and 46.0 percent by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is almost as toxic as hydrogen cyanide and is between five and six times more toxic than carbon monoxide. Toxicity data for hydrogen sulfide and various other gases are compared in Table I. Physical effects at various Hydrogen Sulfide exposure levels are shown in Table II.

Table I - TOXICITY OF VARIOUS GASES

Common	Chemical	Specific	Threshold	Hazardous	Lethal
Name	Formula	Gravity	Limit	Limit	Concentration
		(SC=1)	(1)	(2)	(3)
Hydrogen Cyanide	HCN	0.94	10 PPM	150 PPM/HR	300 PPM
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.18	10 PPM	250 PPM/HR	600 PPM
Sulfur Dioxide	SO2	2.21	5 PPM		1000 PPM
Chlorine	CL2	2.45	1 PPM	4 PPM/HR	1000 PPM
Carbon Monoxide	СО	0.97	50 PPM	400 PPM/HR	1000 PPM
Carbon Dioxide	CO2	1.52	5000 PPM	5%	10%
Methane	CH4	0.55	90,000 PPM	Combustible in air	Above 5%

- 1) Threshold Limit Concentration at which it is believed that all worker may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effects.
- 2) Hazardous Limit Concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.
- 3) Lethal Concentration Concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

Table II – PHYSICAL EFFECTS OF HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Percent (%)	PPM	Concentration Grains 100 STD. FT3*	Physical Effects
0.001	< 10	00.65	Obvious & unpleasant odor.
0.002	10	01.30	Safe for 8 hours of exposure.
0.010	100	06.48	Kills smell in 3-15 minutes. May sting eyes & throat.
0.020	200	12.96	Kills smell shortly; stings eyes & throat.
0.050	500	32.96	Dizziness; Breathing ceases in a few minutes. Needs prompt artificial respiration.
0.070	700	45.36	Unconscious quickly; Death will result if not rescued promptly.
0.100	1000	64.30	Unconscious at once; Followed by death within minutes.

At 15.00 PSIA and 60° F.

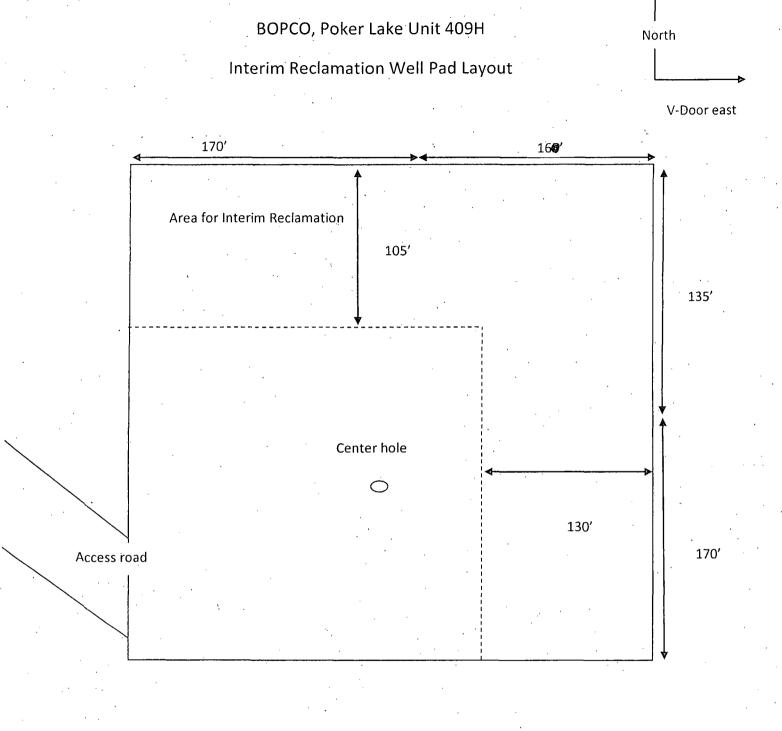


Diagram 3

Thala

Location On-Site Notes

Location on-site conducted by Cecil Watkins-BOPCO L.P., Randy Rust-BLM, and Robert Gomez-Basin Survey on 09/06/2011. The Poker Lake Unit 409H was on-sited and approved as is at a surface location at 700' FSL & 550' FWL, Sec 22, T24S-R31E. V-Door east.

PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	BOPCO, L. P.
LEASE NO.:	NM-0543
WELL NAME & NO.:	POKER LAKE UNIT 409H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	0700' FSL & 0550' FWL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	1500' FSL & 0330' FEL Sec. 27, T. 24S., R 31 E.,
LOCATION:	Section 22, T. 24S., R 31 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

☐ General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Site
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Lesser Prairie-Chicken Timing Stipulations
Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker
Fence Requirement
Well signs
Commercial well determination
◯ Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
☐ Road Section Diagram
☑ Drilling
Logging requirements
Waste Material and Fluids
☐ Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Declaration

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

<u>Timing Limitation Stipulation / Condition of Approval for lesser prairie-chicken:</u>

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 feet from the source of the noise.

<u>Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching</u>: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at 575-234-5972.

Fence Requirement:

No fences shall be cut or disturbed during the installation of the proposed project.

Commercial Well Determination

A commercial well determination shall be submitted after production has been established for at least six months.

Unit Wells

The well sign for a unit well shall include the unit number in addition to the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. This also applies to participating area numbers. If a participating area has not been established, the operator can use the general unit designation, but will replace the unit number with the participating area number when the sign is replaced.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-6235 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall stockpile the topsoil in a low profile manner in order to prevent wind/water erosion of the topsoil. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 6 inches in depth. The topsoil will be used for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty (20) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

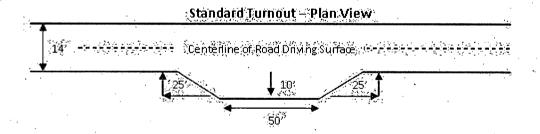
Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

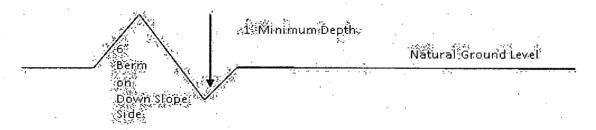


Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%}$$
 + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Culvert Installations

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at the deep waterway channel flow crossing.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

shoulder / turnout 10' tronsilion Intervisible himouts shall be constructed on all single lane roads on all blind curves wit additional knowls as needed to keep space below 1000 feet? Typical Turnout Plan height at fill at shoulder embankmen slope **Embankment Section** earth surface .03 - .05 h/h .02'- .04'h/h .02 - .03 h/h Side Hill Section travel surface 4. Typical Outsloped Section Typical Inslope Section

Figure 1 - Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections

VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
- c. BOPE tests

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Although Hydrogen Sulfide has not been reported in the area, it is always a potential hazard. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please report measured amounts and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Possible water and brine flows in the Salado, Castile, Delaware, and Bone Spring formations.

Possible lost circulation in the Delaware and Bone Spring.

- 1. The 13 3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 940 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If the salt is encountered set the casing 25 feet above the top of the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9 5/8 inch intermediate casing is:
 - ⊠ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

Centralizers required on horizontal leg, must be type for horizontal service and a minimum of one every other joint.

- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7 inch production casing is:
 - a. First stage to DV tool:
 - Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve circulation on the next stage.
 - b. Second stage above DV tool:
 - Cement should tie-back at least **500** feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.
- 4. Cement not required on the 4-1/2" completion assembly. Packer system being used.
- 5. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi.
 - a. For surface casing only: If the BOP/BOPE is to be tested against casing, the wait on cement (WOC) time for that casing is to be met (see WOC statement at start of casing section). Independent service company required.

- 4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not** a **cup** or **J-packer**. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (18 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
 - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOPE, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock.
 - d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Containment Structures

The containment structure shall be constructed to hold the capacity of the entire contents of the largest tank, plus 24 hour production, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary by the Authorized Officer.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color Chart # 5Y 4/2

B. PIPELINES

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the APD and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
- 2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the

release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

- 4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:
- a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Land clearing.
 - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
 - (3) Blasting.
 - (4) Vandalism and sabotage.

c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

way width of feet.
7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.
8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather then suspended across these features.
9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of <u>24</u> inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.
10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.
12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – Shale Green , Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.
13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.
14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine

maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline

route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species	l <u>b/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed