Form 3160-3	ODRECEIVE MAY 06 20		FORM	APPROVED
(April 2004)	MAY 06 20	14		No. 1004-0137 March 31, 2007
UNITED S DEPARTMENT OF BUREAU OF LAND	TATES THE INTERIOR ACCO ART MANAGEN ANACOCO ART	EBIA	5. Lease Serial No.	530 B-NMNM10736
APPLICATION FOR PERMI			6. If Indian, Alloted	e or Tribe Name
Ia. Type of work: 🔽 DRILL	REENTER		7. If Unit or CA Agr	reement, Name and No.
lb. Type of Well: 🔽 Oil Well 🛄 Gas Well 🛄 Othe	er Single Zone Mult	iple Zone	8. Lease Name and Peaches 19 Fe	~~~
2. Name of Operator OXY USA Inc.	16696		 API Well No. 30-015- 	42367
3a. Address P.O. Box 50250 Midland, TX 79710	3b. Phone No. (include area code) 432-685-5717		10. Field and Pool, or Cottonwood I	
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance At surface 90 FSL 642 FEL SESE(P) At proposed prod. zone 330 FSL 400 FEL SESE(P)	Sec 18			Blk.and Survey or Area
 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post of 9 miles SW from Malago, NM 			12. County or Parish Eddy	13. State NM
 15. Distance from proposed* 90'-S property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 330'-BH 	16. No. of acres in lease B-400ac S-478.86ac	17. Spacing 160	g Unit dedicated to this	well
 18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 1720' 	19. Proposed Depth 12579'M 7817'V		IA Bond No. on file 00226 NMB000862	
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3168' GL	22. Approximate date work will sta 02/15/2014	irt*	23. Estimated duratio 35days	on
	24. Attachments			
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements o	f Onshore Oil and Gas Order No.1, shall be	attached to this	s form:	
 Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest SUPO shall be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Official Surveyors) 	System Lands, the ice). Item 20 above). 5. Operator certifi 6. Such other site	cation specific infor		existing bond on file (so s may be required by the
25. Signature	authorized offi Name (Printed/Typed) David Stewart	cer.		Date
Title Sr. Regulatory Advisor	david_stewart	@oxy.com		
Approved by (Signatum Steve Caffey	Name (Printed/Typed)			PAPR 30 20
Title FIELD MANAGER	Office	CAR	LSBAD FIELD O	FFICE
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the application operations thereon. Conduct operations thereon.	ant holds legal or equitable title to those righ			entitle the applicant to OR TWO YEA

*(Instructions on page 2)

Carlsbad Controlled Water Basin

SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

1

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Approval Subject to General Requirements & Special Stipulations Attached

OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

And R 160
Name:Jeff Gartland Q
Position:Reservoir Management Team Leader
Address:5 Greenway Plaza, Suite 110, Houston, TX 77046
Telephone:713-552-8567
E-mail: (optional):jeff_gartland@oxy.com
Company:Occidental Permian LP / OXY USA Inc / OXY USA WTP LP
Field Representative (if not above signatory):Dusty Weaver
Address (If different from above): _P.O. Box 50250 Midland, TX 79710
Telephone (if different from above):432-685-5723
E-mail (if different from above):calvin_weaver@oxy.com

And CIO2

<u>District I</u> 1623 N. French Dr., Hobba, NM 88240 Phene: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 <u>District II</u> 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phene: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-920 <u>District III</u> 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztre, NM 87410 Phane: (505) 314-6178 Fax: (505) 314-6170 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phene: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 416-3462

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State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

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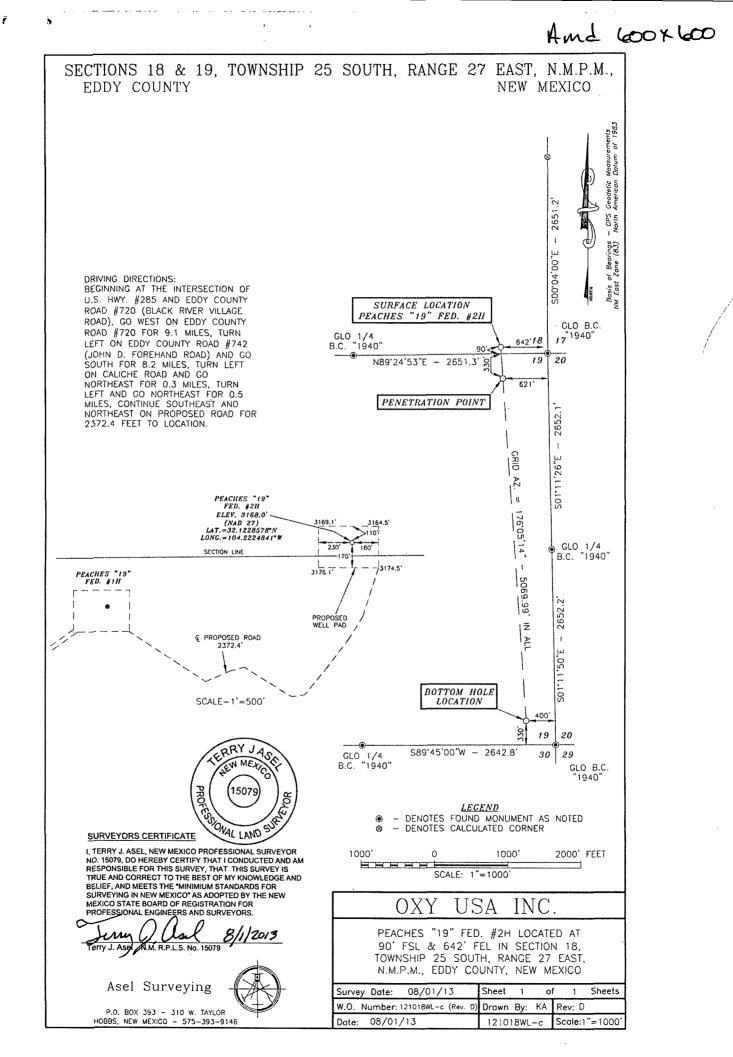
Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011 Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

AMENDED REPORT

		1	WELL LOCAT	ION ANL) ACI	REAGE D	EDICA TIO	N PLAT			
		Number		l Code				Pool Name			
		42.362) वन्य	૧ૡ		Cotto	prive	5			
Prope	Property Code Property Name										ell Number
39207 PEACHES "19" FEDERAL										2H	
OGRID No. Operator Name										1	Elevation
الالهمر OXY USA INC.									31	168.0'	
	Surface Location										
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range		Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/We:	st line	County
Р	18	25 SOUTH	27 EAST, N	М. Р. М.		90'	SOUTH	642'	EAS	T	EDDY
(m	ŧ. <u></u>		Bottom Ho	le Locatio	on If I	Different H	From Surfac	e			<u>.,,,,,,,,,,</u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range		Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/Wes	st line	County
Р	19	25 SOUTH	27 EAST, N	М. Р. М.		330'	SOUTH	400'	EAS	T	EDDY
Dedicated	Acres	Joint or Infill	Consolidation Code	Order No.						2579	
160	0	N								-30	

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

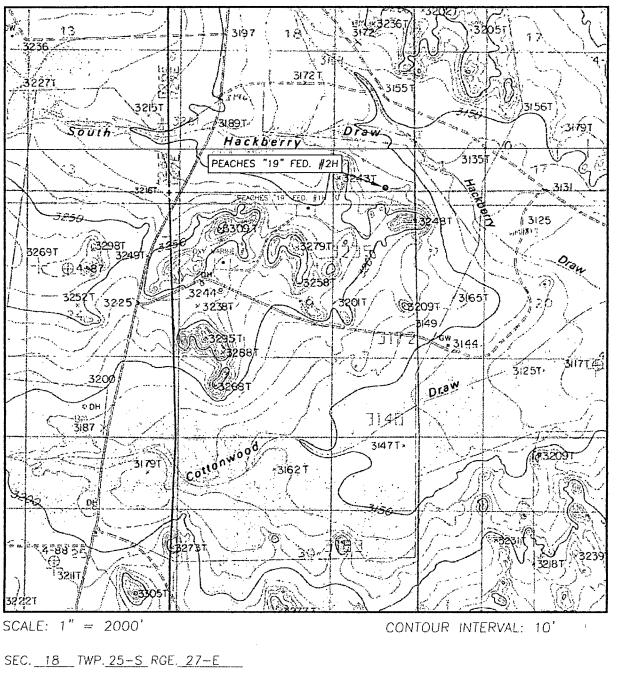
					OPERATOR CERTIFICATION
]		l hereby certify that the information consumed herein is one and
			1		complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this
	1	1	1		organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral
					interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or
			J		has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract
		NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1927	N		with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to a
1		Y=408435.8 X=534316.8		1	voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order
	18	LAT.: N 32.1228578 DNG.: W 104.2224841	18	17	heretofore energed by the division.
/3			90:0-642	·	Signature Blig 13
24	19	PENETRATION POINT	3 19	20	Signature Date
		NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1927	621		Durid Stewart SP. Re. 1440.
		Y=408016.2 X=534345.5			Printed Name
		LAT.: N 32.1217043 DNG.: W 104.2223928			Emil Adress
				+-	
			66		
ļ.			5069.		SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION
1		I	- 21		I hereby certify the fie wett to when how on this plat was plated from the difference of the second sub-ers
			330 330		plat was plotted from post North a portal subvers made by me or under my supervision and that the
				-	same is true and correction the best of my belief
1			AREA AREA AREA AREA 5 14 "	1	1990 (15079) 8 1990 UST 1-2013 ()
			P 40		Directs The 2013
1			PROJECT RODUCINA RODUCINA		Date of Survey S
		I			Signature and Stat SANAL LAND
					Date of Surveyor Signature and Scal ONAL LAND Professional Surveyor
		NEW MEXICO EAST			
, ,		NAD 1927 Y=403377.7	CERID		S. MA Polita
		X=534662.7 AT.: N 32.1089520*	1400		Jerry (/ (lack 5/1/2013
24		NG.: W 104.2213838	330 1.9	20	Certificate Number 15079
	30		30	29	WO# 121018WL-c (Rev. D) (KA)



AndLUM

LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP

*



Asel Surveying P.O. BOX 393 - 310 W. TAYLOR HOBBS, NEW MEXICO - 575-393-9146

 SURVEY
 N.M.P.M.

 COUNTY
 EDDY

 DESCRIPTION
 90' FSL & 642' FEL

 ELEVATION
 3168.0'

 OPERATOR
 OXY USA INC.

 LEASE
 PEACHES "19" FED. #2H

 U.S.G.S.
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

COTTONWOOD HILLS, N.M.

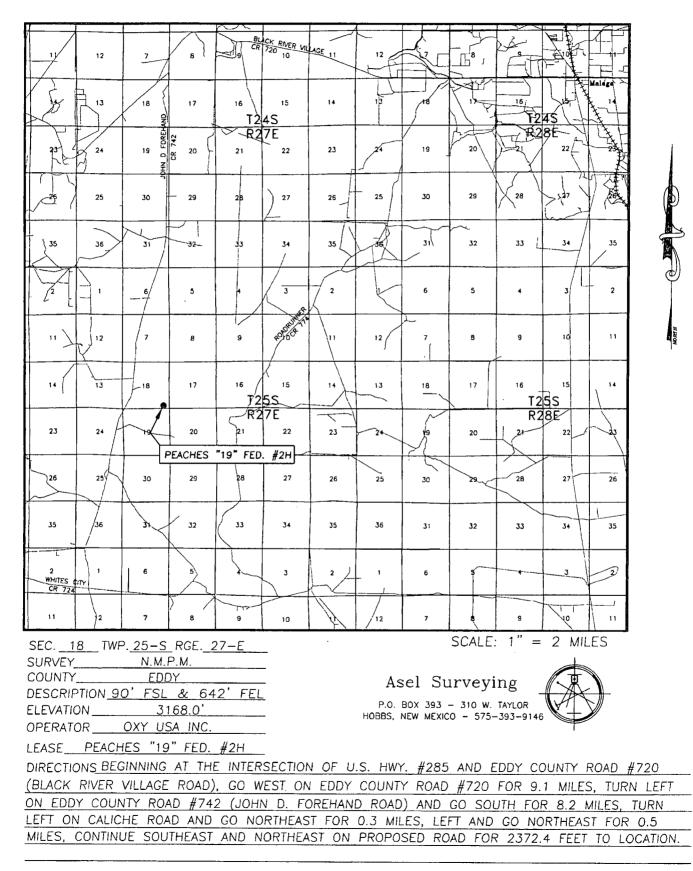
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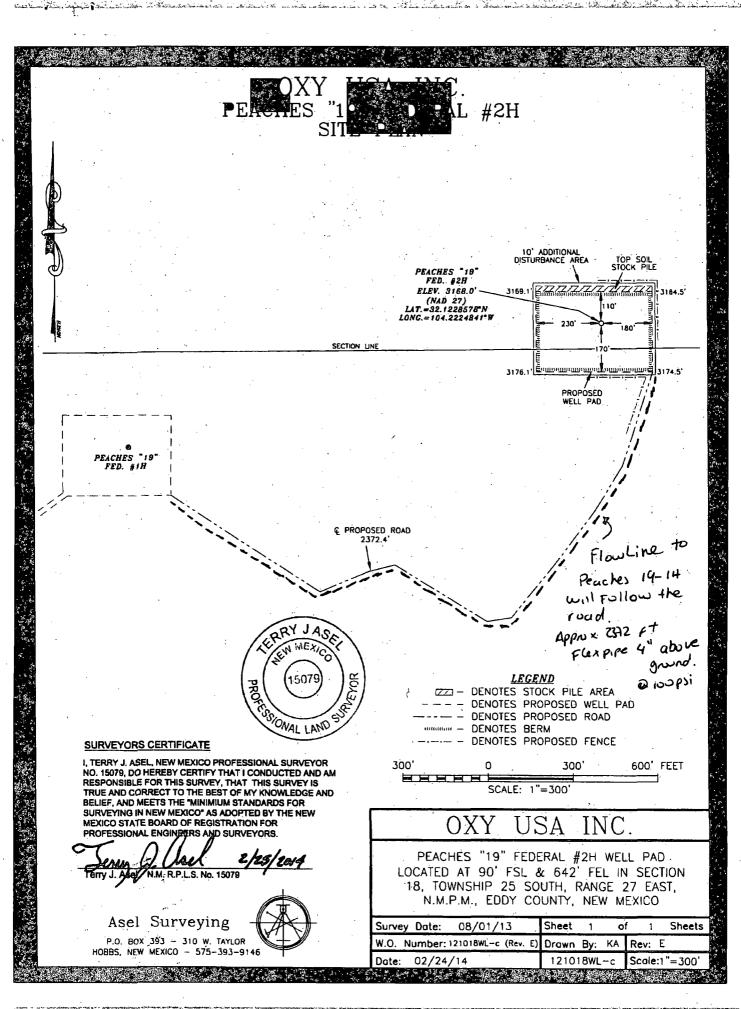
VICINITY MAP

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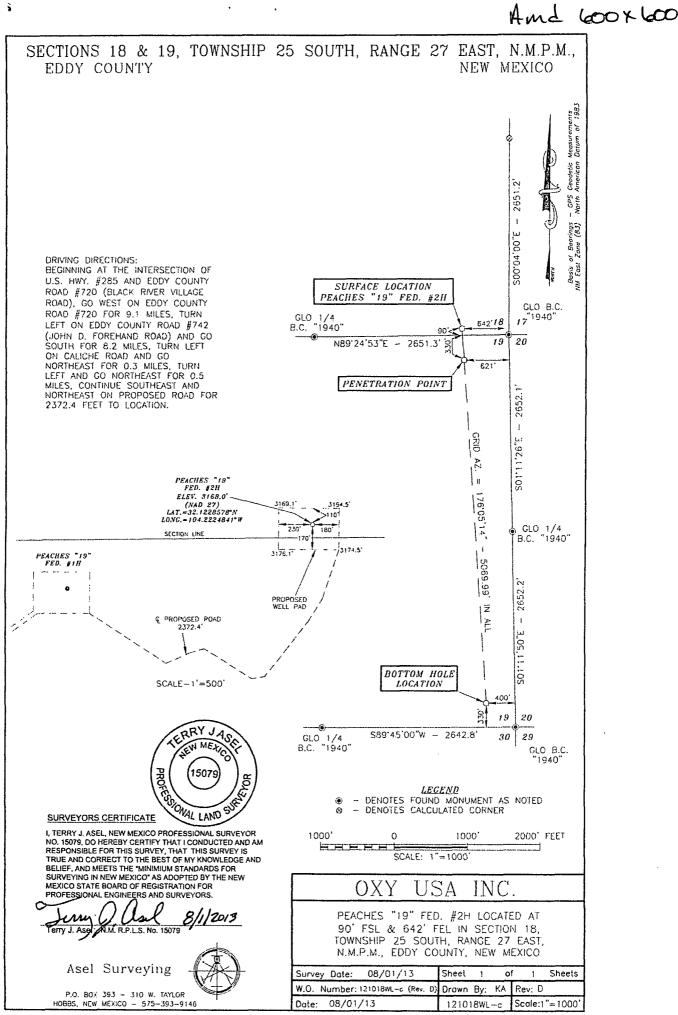
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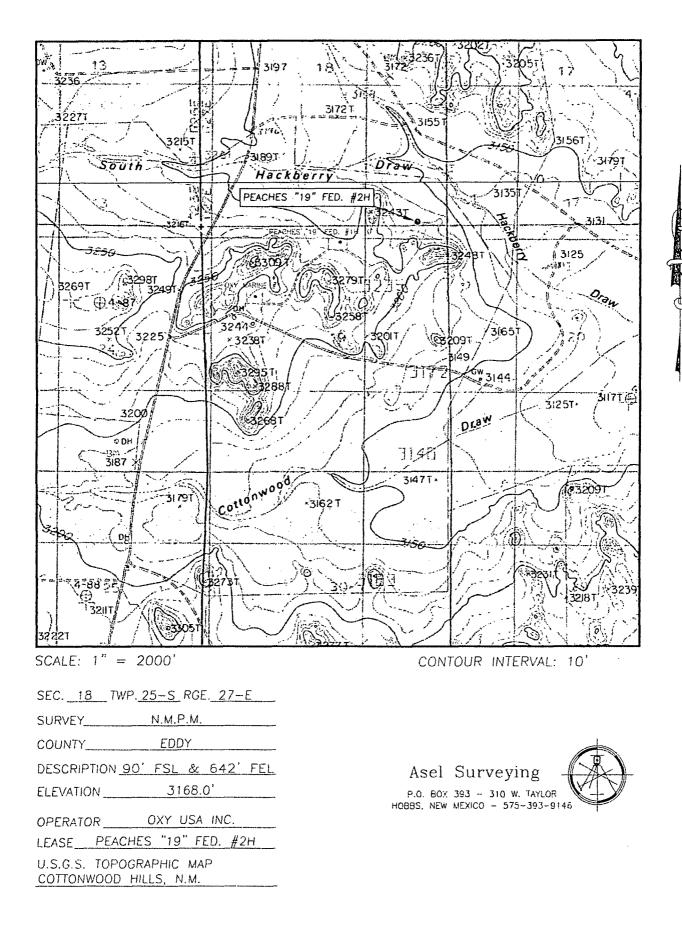
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LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP

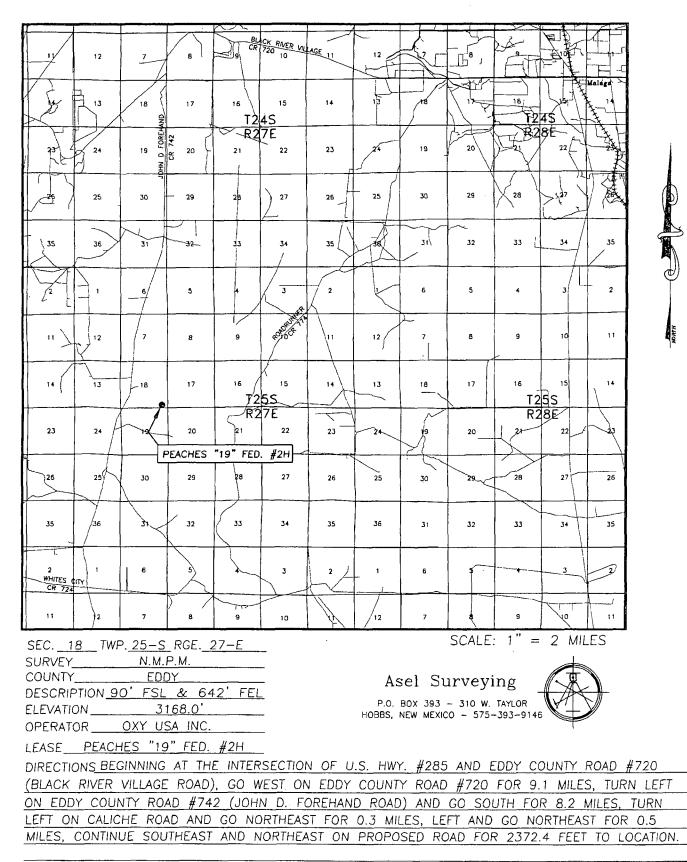
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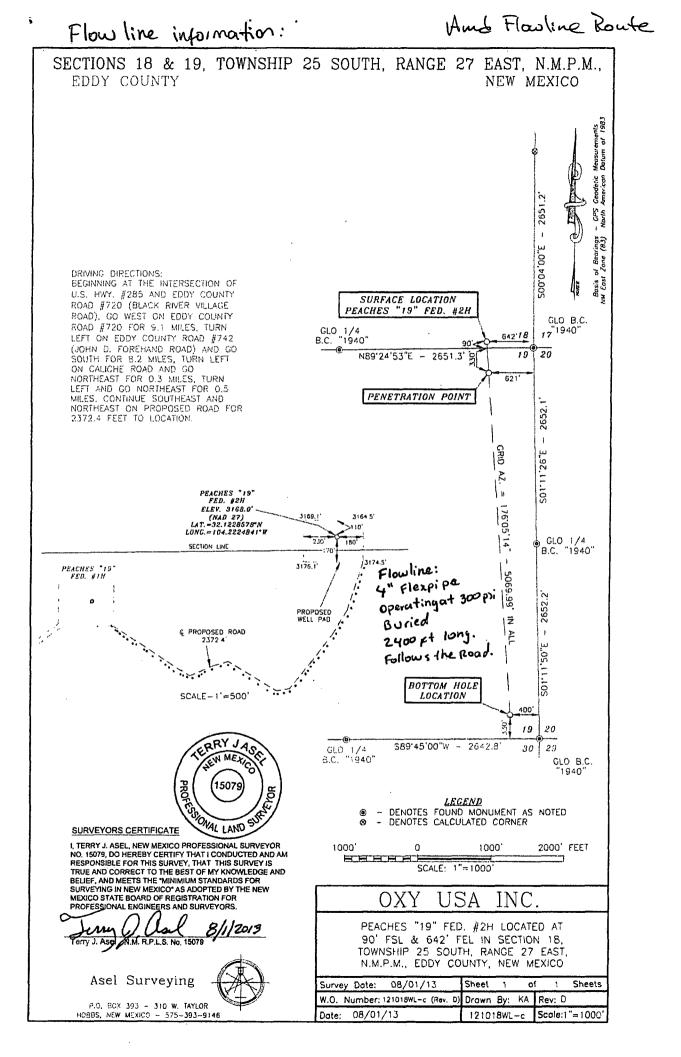


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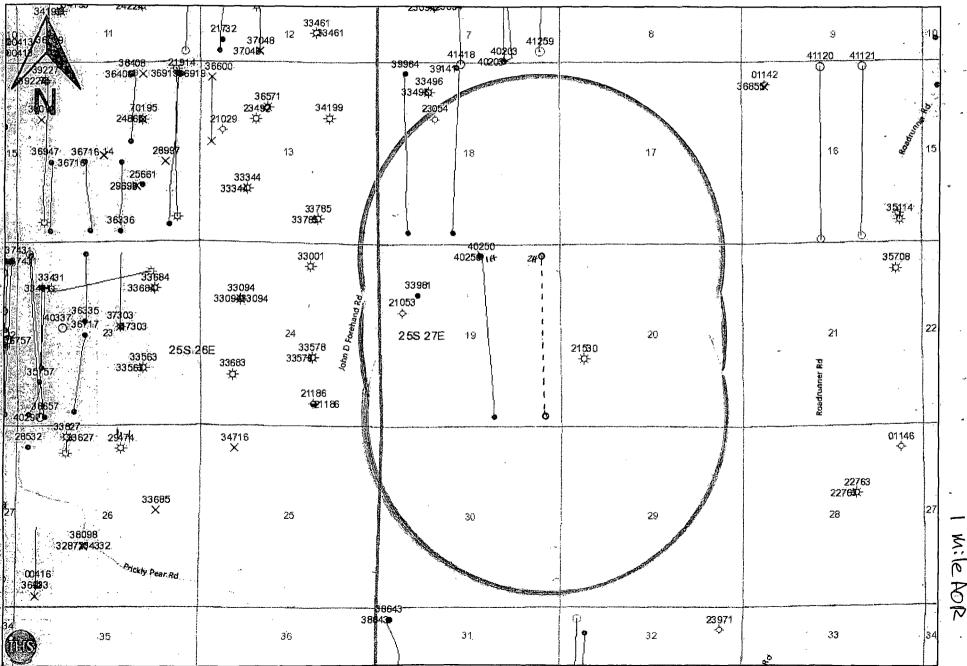
VICINITY MAP

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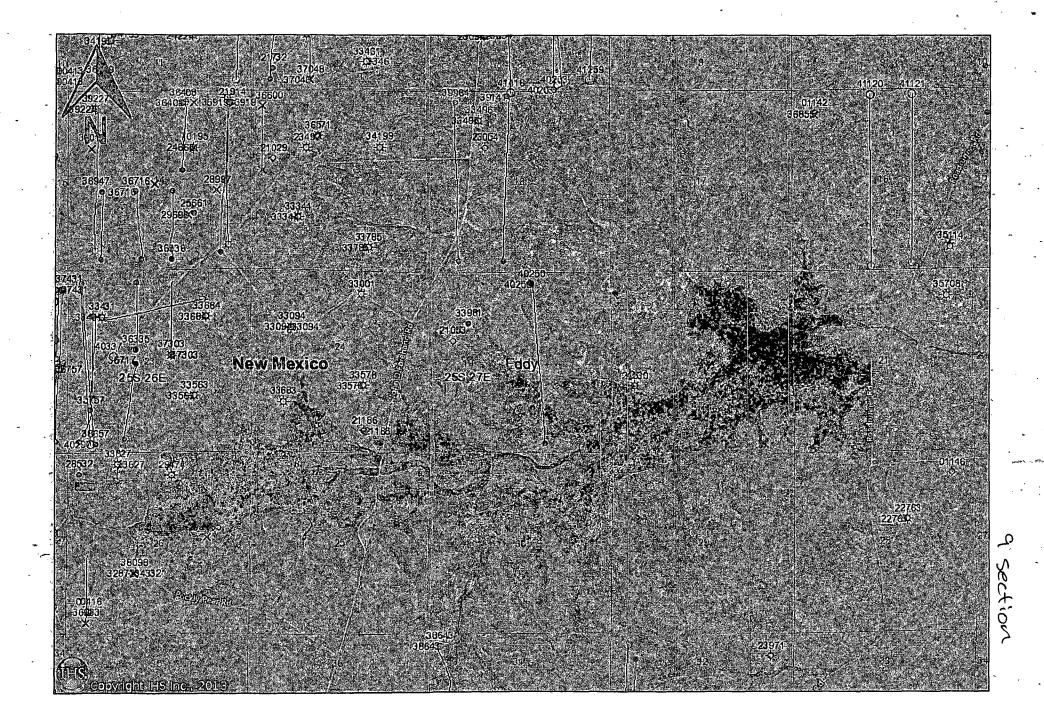


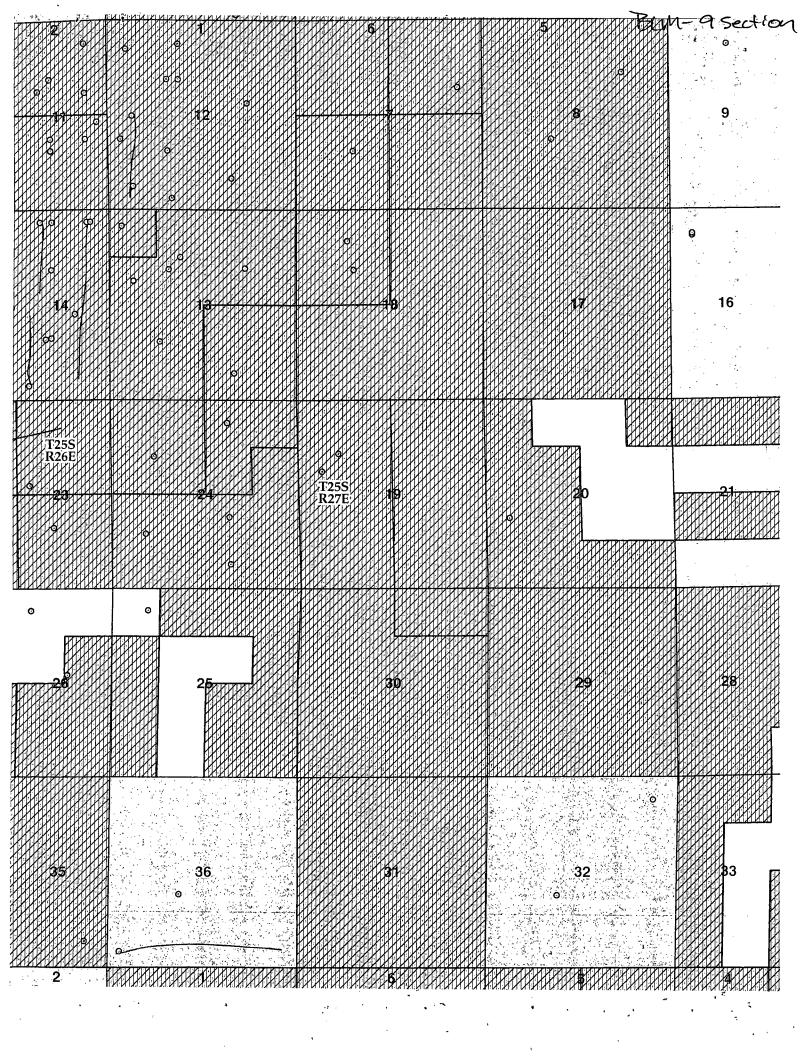
Peaches 19 Federal #2H - 1 Mile AOR



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Peaches 19 Federal #2H - 9 Section





OXY USA Inc Peaches 19 Federal #2H Amended APD Drilling Data

OPERATOR NAME / NUMBER: <u>OXY USA Inc</u>

<u>16696</u>

LEASE NAME / NUMBER: <u>Peaches 19 Federal #2H</u> <u>39207</u> STATE: <u>NM</u> COUNTY: <u>Eddy</u> Federal Lease No: <u>S-NMNM111530</u> Federal Lease No: <u>PP-BH-NMNM107368</u>

POOL NAME/NUMBER: Cottonwood Draw Bone Spring 97494

 SURFACE LOCATION:
 90 FSL 642 FEL SESE(P) Sec 18 T25S R27E

 SL: LAT: 32.1228578N
 LONG:104.2224841W
 X:534316.8
 Y:408435.8
 NAD: 27

 PENETRATION POINT:
 330 FNL 621 FEL
 NENE(A)
 Sec 19
 T25S
 R27E

 PP: LAT:
 32.1217043N
 LONG:104.2223928W
 X:534345.5
 Y:408016.2
 NAD: 27

 BOTTOM HOLE LOCATION:
 330 FSL 400 FEL SESE(P) Sec 19 T25S R27E

 SL: LAT: 32.1089520N
 LONG:104.2213838W
 X:534662.7
 Y:403377.7
 NAD: 27

APPROX GR ELEV: 3168'

EST KB ELEV: <u>3192' (24' KB-GL)</u>

1. GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION a. Permian

2. ESTIMATED TOPS OF GEOLOGICAL MARKERS & DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS

Formation	TVD - RKB	Expected Fluids
T. Rustler	346	÷-
T. Salt	1496	
B. Salt	1931	
T. Lamar / B. Anhydrite	1981	
T. Bell Canyon	2031	Form Water
T. Cherry Canyon	2886	Oil/Gas
T. Brushy Canyon	3986	Oil/Gas
T. Bone Spring	5516	Oil/Gas
T. 1 st Bone Spring Sand	6433	Oil/Gas
•T. 2 nd Bone Spring Sand	7198	Oil/Gas
T. 3 rd Bone Spring	7817	Oil/Gas
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Fresh water may be present above the Rustler formation. Surface casing will be set below the top of the Rustler to protect any possible fresh water.

LATERAL GREATEST PROJECTED TD: 12579' MD / 7817' TVD

OBJECTIVE: <u>3rd Bone Spring Sand</u>

CASING PROGRAM

Surface Casing ran in a 14.75" hole filled with 8.40 ppg mud

12	Hole Size (in)	Interval (ft)	OD (in)	Wt (ppf)	Grade	Conn	ID (in)	Condition	Burst (psi)	Collapse (psi)	Burst SF	Coll SF	Ten SF
	· 14.75	450	11.75	42	H40	STC	11.090	New	1966	1018	1.40	6.19	3.97

Intermediate Casing ran in a 10.625" hole filled with 10.2 ppg mud

Hole Size (in)	Interval (ft)	OD (in)	Wt (ppf)	Grade	Conn	ID (in)	Condition	Burst (psi)	Collapse (psi)	Burst SF	Coll SF	Ten SF
10.625	2000	8.625	32	J55	LTC	7.921	New	3928 -	2533	1.34	3.68	2.68
0	1950			-			```					

Production Casing ran in a 7.875" hole filled with 9.2 ppg mud

Hole Size (in)	Interval (ft)	OD (in)	Wt (ppf)	Grade	Conn	ID (in)	Condition	· Burst (psi)	Collapse (psi)	Burst SF	Coll SF	Ten SF
7.875	12579	5.500	17	L80	BTC	4.892	New	7738	6285	1.27	.1.64	1.94

Casing Design Assumptions:

Burst Loads

CSG Test (Surface)

• Internal: Displacement fluid + 70% CSG Burst rating

• External: Pore Pressure from section TD to surface

CSG Test (Intermediate)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + 70% CSG Burst rating
- External: Pore Pressure from the Intermediate hole TD to Surface CSG shoe and MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the CSG was run to surface

CSG Test (Production)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + 80% CSG Burst rating
- External: Pore Pressure from the well TD the Intermediate CSG shoe and MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the CSG was run to surface

Gas Kick (Surface/Intermediate)

- Internal: Gas Kick based on Pore Pressure or Fracture Gradient @ CSG shoe with a gas 0.115psi/ft Gas gradient to surface while drilling the next hole section (e.g. Gas Kick while drilling the production hole section is a burst load used to design the intermediate CSG)
- External: Pore Pressure from section TD to previous CSG shoe and MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the CSG was run to surface

Stimulation (Production)

- Internal: Displacement fluid + Max Frac treating pressure (not to exceed <u>80%</u> CSG Burst rating)
- External: Pore Pressure from the well TD to the Intermediate CSG shoe and 8.5 ppg MWE to surface

Collapse Loads

Lost Circulation (Surface/Intermediate)

• Internal: Losses experienced while drilling the next hole section (e.g. losses while drilling the production hole section are used as a collapse load to design the intermediate CSG). After losses there will be a column of mud inside the CSG with an equivalent weight to the Pore Pressure of the lost circulation zone

• External: MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the CSG was run

Cementing (Surface/Intermediate/Production)

- Internal: Displacement Fluid
- External: Cement Slurries to TOC, MW to surface

Full Evacuation (Production)

• Internal: Atmospheric Pressure

• External: MW of the drilling mud that was in the hole when the CSG was run

Tension Loads

Running CSG (Surface/Intermediate/Production)

• Axial load of the buoyant weight of the string plus either 100 klb over-pull or string weight in air, whichever is less Green Cement (Surface/Intermediate/Production)

• Axial load of the buoyant weight of the string plus the cement plug bump pressure (Final displacement pressure + 500 psi)

Burst, Collapse and Tensile SF are calculated using Landmark's Stress Check (Casing Design) software.

4. CEMENT PROGRAM:

Surface Interval

Interval	Amount sx	Ft of Fill	Туре	Gal/Sk	PPG	Ft ³ /sk	24 Hr Comp
0 –450' (165% Excess)	390	450	Premium Plus cement with 2% Calcium Chloride – Flake (Accelerator)	6.39	14.8	1.35	>1500

Intermediate Interval

Interval	Amount <u>s</u> x	Ft of Fill	Туре	Gal/Sk	PPG	Ft ³ /sk	24 Hr Comp
Lead: 0' – 1580' (160% Excess)	410	1580	Halliburton Light Premium Plus Cement with 5% Salt (Accelerator)	9.83	12.9	1.85	853
Tail: 195 1580' -2000' (160% Excess)	220	420	Premium Plus cement	6.34	14.8	1.33	1570

Production Casing

Interval	Amount sx	Ft of Fill	Туре	Gal/Sk	PPG	Ft ³ /sk	24 Hr Comp
Lead: 1000' - 7600' (100% Excess)	740	6600	TUNED LIGHT (TM) SYSTEM 3#/sx Kol-Seal (Light Weight Additive), 0.125#/sx Poly-E-Flake (Lost Circulation Additive), 0.1#/sx HR-800 (Retarder)	12.01	10.5	2.69	978
Tail: 7600' –12579' (40% Excess)	750	4979	Super H Cement, 0.5% Halad(R)-344 (Low Fluid Loss Control), 0.4% CFR-3 (Dispersant), 3#/sx Salt (Accelerator), 0.1% HR-800 (Retarder)	8.34	13.2	1.6ľ	1361
	······································	.I	DV TOOL SET AT 2050'		J		

DV Tool will be used for contingency. If returns are not lost during primary cementing operation, DV <u><u><u></u></u> cancellation plug will be run and 2nd stage cancelled. Contingency plan for 2nd stage as follows:</u>

St 2 - Tail:							
1000' – 2050'	200	1,050	Premium Plus Cement	6.34	14.8	1.33	1571
(50% Excess)			· · · ·			•	
	·····	Lu					

The volumes indicated above may be revised depending on caliper measurement.

5. · DIRECTIONAL PLAN

Please see attached directional plan

6. PRESSURE CONTROL EQUIPMENT

Surface: 0' - 450' None.

Intermediate and Production: <u>450' MD/TVD – 12579' MD / 7817' TVD</u>. Intermediate and Production hole will be drilled with a 13-5/8" 10M three ram stack with a 5M annular preventer and a 5M Choke Manifold.

All BOP's and associated equipment will be tested in accordance with Onshore Order #2 (250/5000 psi on rams for 10 minutes each and 250/3500 psi for 10 minutes for annular preventer, equal to 70% of working pressure) with a third party BOP testing service before drilling out the surface casing shoe. A Multibowl wellhead system will be used in this well therefore the BOPE test will cover the test requirements for the Intermediate and Production sections.

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b. The Surface and Intermediate casings strings will be tested to 70% of their burst rating for 30 minutes. This will also test the seals of the lock down pins that hold the pack-off in place in the Multibowl wellhead system.

And APD Data - 4

Pipe rams will be function tested every 24 hours and blind rams will be tested each time the drill pipe is out of the hole. These functional tests will be documented on the daily driller's log. A 2" kill line and 3" choke line will be accommodated on the drilling spool below the ram-type BOP.

d. The BOPE test will be repeated within 21 days of the original test, on the first trip, if drilling the intermediate or production section takes more time than planned.

- e. Other accessory BOP equipment will include a floor safety valve, choke lines, and choke manifold having a 5000 psi working pressure rating and tested to 5000 psi.
- **f.** The Operator also requests a variance to connect the BOP choke outlet to the choke manifold using a co-flex hose manufactured by Contitech Rubber Industrial KFT. It is a 3" ID x 35' flexible hose with a 10,000 psi working pressure. It has been tested to 15,000 psi and is built to API Spec 16C. Once the flex line is installed it will be tied down with safety clamps (certifications attached).

g. BOP & Choke manifold diagrams attached.

Depth	Mud Wt ppg	Vis Sec	Fluid Loss	Type System
0 - 450' $1950'$	8.5 - 9.0	28 - 38	NC	Fresh Water / Spud Mud
450' - 2000'	9.8 - 10.2	28 – 32 .	NC	Fresh Water / NaCl Brine
2000' - 7000'	8.8 - 9.0	28-34	NC	Cut Brine / Sweeps
7000' – 12579'	9.0 - 9.2	32 - 50	< 18	Duo Vis / Salt Gel / Starch / PAC

ZUCA 7. MUD PROGRAM:

<u>Remarks</u>: Pump high viscosity sweeps as needed for hole cleaning. The 'mud system will be monitored visually/manually as well as with an electronic PVT. The necessary mud products for additional weight and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Appropriately weighted mud will be used to isolate potential gas, oil, and water zones until such time as casing can be cemented into place for zonal isolation.

8. AUXILIARY WELL CONTROL AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT

- **a.** A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve having the appropriate connections will be on the rig floor unobstructed and readily accessible at all times.
- b. Hydrogen Sulfide detection equipment will be in operation after drilling out the surface casing shoe until the production casing is cemented. Breathing equipment will be on location upon drilling the surface casing shoe until total depth is reached. <u>If Hydrogen Sulfide is</u> encountered, measured amounts and formations will be reported to the BLM

9. POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

- **a.** H2S detection equipment will be in operation after drilling out the surface casing shoe until the production casing has been cemented. Breathing equipment will be on location from drilling out the surface shoe until production casing is cemented. If H2S is encountered the operator will comply with Onshore Order #6.
- **b.** No abnormal temperatures or pressures are anticipated. The highest anticipated pressure gradient is **0.473 psi/ft.** Maximum anticipated bottom hole pressure is **3708 psi.**

c. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used to drill this well. Adequate flare lines will be installed off the mud/gas separator where gas may be flared safely.

Amd APD Data-5

10. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE AND DURATION OF OPERATIONS

Road and location construction will begin after the BLM has approved the APD. Anticipated spud date will be as soon as possible after BLM approval and as soon as a rig will be available. Move in operations and drilling is expected to take 35 days. If production casing is run, then an additional 30 days will be needed to complete the well and construct surface facilities and/or lay flow lines in order to place well on production.

11. WIRELINE LOGGING / MUD LOGGING / LWD

- **a.** No wireline logging
- **b.** Mud loggers to be rigged up from surface to TD
- c. Acquire GR while drilling, from 1680' (300' above T. Lamar) to TD

12. COMPANY PERSONNEL:

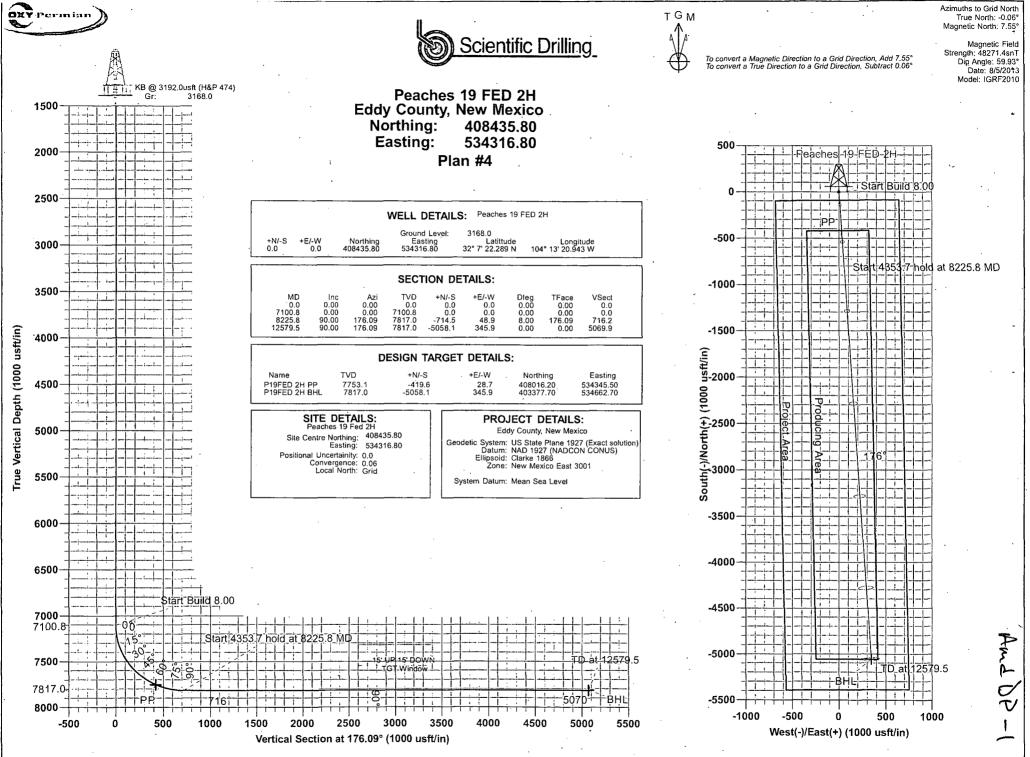
Name	<u>Title</u>	Office Phone	Mobile Phone
Anar Khalilov	Drilling Engineer	(713)985-6959	(832) 205-6365
Sebastian Millan	Drilling Engineer Supervisor	(713)350-4950	(832) 528-3268
Roger Allen	Drilling Superintendent	(713)215-7617	(281) 682-3919
Oscar Quintero	Drilling Manager	(713)985-6343	(713) 689-4946
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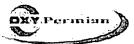
NMOSE



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water

(A CLW##### in the POD suffix indicates the POD has been replaced & no longer serves a water right file.)	(R=POD been rep O≕orpha C≃the file closed)	laced, ined,			W 2=NE 3=	3 UTM in meters)	(In feet)	
POD Number C 03261 POD1	Code		•		•				Depth Water WaterColumn
							Average Depth	tọ Water:	
							Minimu	m Depth:	
							Maximu	m Depth:	·
Record Count: 1							dana a san sa		
PLSS Search:									
Section(s): 17, 11 29, 3		Township: 2	25S R i	ange: 27	E				
*UTM location was derived		see Help							
								•	
					W 2=NE 3⊭ allest to larg		33 UTM in meters	5)	÷.
			No	o record	s found.				
								• •	
PLSS Search:	•								
Section(s): 13, 24, 25	Тоw	nship: 25S	Range	:28E					
The first sector of the sector	005/100								,
The data is furnished by the NMC mplied, concerning the accuracy,	OSE/ISC and completeness	is accepted by s, reliability, usa	y the recipier ability, or suit	nt with the ability for	expressed u any particular	nderstanding purpose of the	that the OSE/ISC e data.	make no v	varranties, expressed o
5/15/13 10:00 AM									OLUMN/ AVERAGE) WATER
t									





Scientific Drilling

Planning Report

Amd DP-2 Scientific Drilling

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Company: OX Project Brown Brow	dy, County-New Mexico aches 19 Fed:2H aches 19 Fed:2H ginal Wellbore in #4	11,022,021,021,022,021,021,021,021,021,0	Local/Coordinate Ref TVD/Reference MD Reference North Reference Survey Calculation M	КВ @ 3 КВ @ 3 Grid	aches: 19 FED-2H 192.0ustt (H&P 474) 192.0ustt (H&P 474) 192.0ustt (H&P 474)	
Project	y County New Mexico : N	lew Mexico;	Ele	the state of the s	ne for the second s	
Geo Dátúm: NAD	tate Plane 1927 (Exact s 1927 (NADCON CONUS Mexico East 3001		System Datum:	Mean Sea	Level	· · ·
Site	ches 19 Fed-2H	na ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a		มนุรายหลายมาก (ค.ศ.ศ.ศ.ศ. พ.ศ. เมษากรรม) ค.ศ. กระสารการที่สุดกรรมการที่ (ค.ศ. 17)	a an ann an a	362907-1314_1466050566555555-05-044
Site Position: From: Position Uncertainty:	Иар 0.0 usft	Northing: Easting: Slot Radius:	408,435.80 usft 534,316.80 usft 13-3/16 "	Latitude: Longitude: Grid Convergence:		32° 7' 22.289 N 104° 13' 20.943 W 0.06 °
Well	nes-19 FED 2H			- Lite and a second by bring a super-	117 <u>7 </u>	
Well Position +N/- +E/-		9	408,435.8 534,316.8		r: //	32° 7' 22.289 N 104° 13' 20.943 W
Position Uncertainty	0.0 usft	Wellhead Elevatio	n: 0	0 usft Ground Le	vel:	3,168.0 usft
	ginal Wellbore			ดารถูกการระบบการระบบคุณการรณะสูง การการระบบการระบบค่ายการการการสุด	Managaran ang kanang kanan Sang kanang ka	
Magnetics:	Model/Name	Sample Date: "***	(Declination) (()) 7.61	DipAngle	59.93	
Design	1#4	azani tarihan markatari da markatari ang ing ing ing ing ing ing ing ing ing i	an a	ระกษณรมหาสุบรรรรษที่เหตุระวงกันหลุมพิมพร.ศ.ม 1	an a	
Audit Notes:						
Version:		Phase: JPR	OTOTYPE T	ie On Depth:	0.0	
Vertical Section	94, 94, 74, 0, 1, 8, 194, ()	rom((TVD)) usft) 0.0		E/:W. 1999 usft)) 0.0	Direction (i) 176.09	
Plan Sections Measured Depth Inclination (usft)	Verti Azimuth a je jDer (ĉ)	the de +N/-Sar Cert	,Doglegi, FE//W (usrt) (2/100usrt)	Build Tur Rate (2/100usti) (2/100	n 9 9 15(1) 1(1)	Target
0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0	0.0 0.00		0.00 · 0.00	
7,100.8 0.0		100.8 0.0	· 0.0 · 0.00		0.00 0.00	
8,225.8 90.0		.817.0 -714.5 .817.0 -5,058.1	48.9 8.00 345.9 0.00		0.00 176.09	P19FED 2H BHL
12,579.5 90.0	0 176.09 7	-0,000.1	345.9 0.00		0.00 0.00 1	

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Scientific Drilling

Planning Report

Amd DP-3 Scientific Drilling

	Database: Company: Project: Site: Nell: Néllbore:	CompassC OXY Eddy County, N Reaches 19,Fed Peaches 19,FEL Original Wellbor	12H 0.2H		TVD/Refere MD Refere North Refe	nce:		Well Peaches 19 KB @ 3192.0us/ KB @ 3192.0us/ Grid Miñimum Curval	t (H&P 474) t (H&P 474)	
Ł	Design:	Plan #4			4 9 19 901	÷				المحمد مند مند مند مند مند مند مند مند مند م
ľ	Planned Survey									
	Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination	Azimuth	Vertical Depth (usft)		E/-W S	ertical ection (usft)	Dogleg Rate /100ušft) (č	Build) Rate (100usft)	Turn Rate //100üsft)
	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	200.0	0.00	0.00	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	300.0	0.00	0.00	300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	600.0	. 0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	700.0	0.00	0.00	700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	800.0	0.00	0.00	800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	900.0	0.00	0.00	900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,000.0	0.00	0.00	1,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	. 0.00	0.00
	1,200.0	0.00	0.00	1,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
-	1,300.0	0.00	0.00	1,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,400.0	0.00	0.00	1,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,500.0	0.00	0.00	1,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,600.0	0.00	0.00	1,600.0	. 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	1,700.0	0.00	0.00	1,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,800.0	0.00	0.00	1,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,900.0	0,00	0.00	1,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,000.0	0.00	0.00	2,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,100.0	0.00	0.00	2,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,200.0	0.00	0.00	2,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,300.0	0.00	0.00	2,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,400.0	0.00	0.ÓO	2,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,500.0	0.00	0.00	·2,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,600.0	0.00	0.00	2,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,700.0	0.00	0.00	2,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,800.0	0.00	0.00	2,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,900.0	0.00	0.00	2,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	3,000.0	0.00	0.00	3,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3,100.0	0.00	0.00	3,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0:00
	3,200.0	0.00	0.00	3,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3,300.0	0.00	0.00	3,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	. 0.00	0.00
1	3,400.0	0.00	0.00	3,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3,500.0	0.00 ·	0.00	3,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0:00
	3,500.0 3,600.0	0.00	0.00 -	3,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3,700.0	0.00	0.00	3,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00 v
1	3,800.0	0.00	0.00	3,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3,900.0	0.00	0.00	3,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
		0.00	0.00	4,000.0	0.0					
	4,000.0 4,100.0	0.00	0.00	4,000.0 4,100.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00
	4,100.0	0.00	0.00	4,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00
	4,300.0	0.00	0.00	4,300.0	0.0	0.0	· 0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
ł	4,400.0	0.00	0.00	4,400.0	0.0	0.0	• 0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
ł										
1	4,500.0	0.00	0.00	4,500.0 4,600.0	0.0	0.0	·· 0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4,600.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 · 0.00	4,600.0 4,700.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	· 0.00
	4,700.0 4,800.0	0.00	0.00	4,700.0 4,800.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00
	4,800.0 4,900.0	0.00	0.00	4,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
										0.00
i	5,000.0	0.00	0.00	5,000.0	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5,100.0	0.00	0.00	5,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	- 5,200.0	0.00	0.00	5,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ĺ	5,300.0	0.00	0.00	5,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00

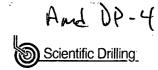
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COMPASS 5000.1 Build 70

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DXY Peri	min	
		13

Scientific Drilling

Planning Report



Database	CompassC	250a M. 192 M. 200 M.		l'i ocali C	o-ordinate,Refe	rance	Well Peaches		Charles in the second
Company:	OXY				ference:	ilence.	KB @ 3192:00:		
Project:	Eddy County,	e graa ge		MD Ref	erence:		KB @ 3192.0u		
Site	Peaches 19 Fo				leference:	105 11 54 4 4 15 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Grid		
Well: Wellbore:	Peaches 19 Fl			Survey.	Calculation Me	thod:	Minimum Curva	ature	
Design:	Plan #4			n.		4, e , a , a , a			
							Since for side of a second state of the second		
Planned Survey				4			سيباب والمستحد		the second second
Measured	6		Vertical	ارد. ۱۹۹۰ - ۱۹۹۹ - ۱۹۹۹ - ۱۹۹۹ - ۱۹۹۹ - ۱۹۹۹ ۱۹۹۰ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹		Vertical,	Dogleg	Build	Turn State
Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/;W	Section	Rate	Rate	Rate
1. (usft)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(°), • • • •		(usft)	(usft) a state in the second s	ీ(usft)⊧	(°/100usft);-4, (*/100üsft)	(*/100usft)
5,400.0	0.00	0.00	5,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.0	0.00	0.00	5,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.0	0.00	0.00	5,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.0 5,800.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	5,700.0 5,800.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
5,900.0	0.00	0.00	5,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.0	0.00	0.00	6,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.0	0.00	0.00	6,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.0	0.00	0.00	6,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.0 6,400.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	6,300.0 6,400.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.00 . · 0.00	0.00 0.00	· 0.00 0.00
6,500.0	0.00	0.00	6,500.0						•
6,600.0	0.00	0.00	6,600.0	0.0 0.0	· 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
6,700.0	0.00	. 0.00	6,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.0	0.00	0.00	6,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.0	0.00	0.00	6,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.0	0.00	0.00	7,000.0	· 0.0	.0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.8 7,150.0	0.00 3.94	0.00 176.09	7,100.8	0.0 -1.7	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,150.0	5.94 7.94	176.09	7,150.0 7,199.7	-1.7 -6.8	0.1 0.5	1.7 6.9	8.00 8.00	8.00 8.00	0.00 0.00
7,250.0	11.94	176.09	7,248.9	-15.4	, 1.1	15.5	8.00	8.00	0.00
· · 7,300.0	15.94	176.09	7,297.4	, 27.5	1.9	27.5	8.00	8.00	0.00
7,350.0	19.94	176.09	7,345.0	-42.8	2.9	42.9	8.00	8.00	0.00
7,400.0	23.94	176.09	7,391.4	-61.4	4.2	61.6	8.00	8.00	0.00
7,450.0 7,500.0	27.94 31.94	176.09 176.09	7,436.3 7,479 <i>.</i> 6	-83.3 -108.1	5.7 7.4	83.5 108.4	8.00 8.00	8.00 .8.00	0.00 0.00
7,550.0	35.94	176.09	7,521.1	-136.0	9.3	136.3	8.00	8.00	0.00
7,600.0	· 39.94	176.09	7,560.6	-166.7	11.4	167.0	8.00	8.00	0.00
7,650.0	43.94	176.09	7,597.7	-200.0	13.7	200.5	8.00	8.00	0.00
7,700.0	. 47.94	176.09	7,632.5	235.8	16.1	236.4	8.00	8.00	0.00
7,750.0	51.94	176.09	7,664.7	-274.0	18.7	274.6	8.00	8.00	0.00
7,800.0 7,850.0	55.94 59.94	176.09 176.09	7,694.1 7,720.6	-314.3 ⁻ -356.6	21.5 24:4	315.0 357.4	8.00 . 8.00	8.00 8.00	0.00
7,000.0	63.94	176.09	7,744.2	-356.6	24:4· 27.4	357.4 401.5	8.00	8.00 . 8.00	0.00 0.00
7,950.0	67.94	176.09	7,764.5	-446.1	30.5	447.2	8.00	8.00	0.00
8,000.0	71.94	176.09	7,781.7	-493.0	33.7	. 494.1	8.00	8.00	0.00
8,050.0	75.94	176.09	7,795.5	-540.9	37.0	542.2	8.00	8.00	0.00
8,100.0 8,150.0	79.94 83.94	176.09 176.09	7,806.0 7,813.0	-589.7 -639.0	40.3 43.7	591.0 640.5	8.00	8.00	0.00
8,150.0	87.94	176.09	7,813.0	-639.0	43.7 47.1	640.5 690.4	8.00 8.00	8.00 8.00	0.00 0.00
8,225.8	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-714.5	48.9	716.2	8.00	8.00	0.00
8,300.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-788.6	53.9	790.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-888.3	60.7	890.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-988.1	67.6	¹ 990.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.0 8,700.0	90.00 90.00	176.09 176.09	7,817.0 7,817.0	-1,087.9 -1,187.6	74.4 81.2	1,090.4 1,190.4	. 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
8,800.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-1,287.4	88.0 .	1,290.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-1,387.2	94.9	1,290.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,000.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-1,486.9	101.7	1,490.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,100.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-1,586.7	108.5	1,590.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-1,686.5	115.3	1,690.4	. 0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.0	. 90.00	176.09 ·	7,817.0	-1,786.2	122.2	1,790.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,400.0	90.00 90.00	176.09 176.09	7,817.0 7,817.0	-1,886.0 -1,985.8	129.0 135.8	1,890.4 1,990.4	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.0	50.00	170.03	7,017.0	-1,300.0	100.0	1,000.4	0.00	. 0.00	0.00

COMPASS 5000.1 Build 70

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Scientific Drilling

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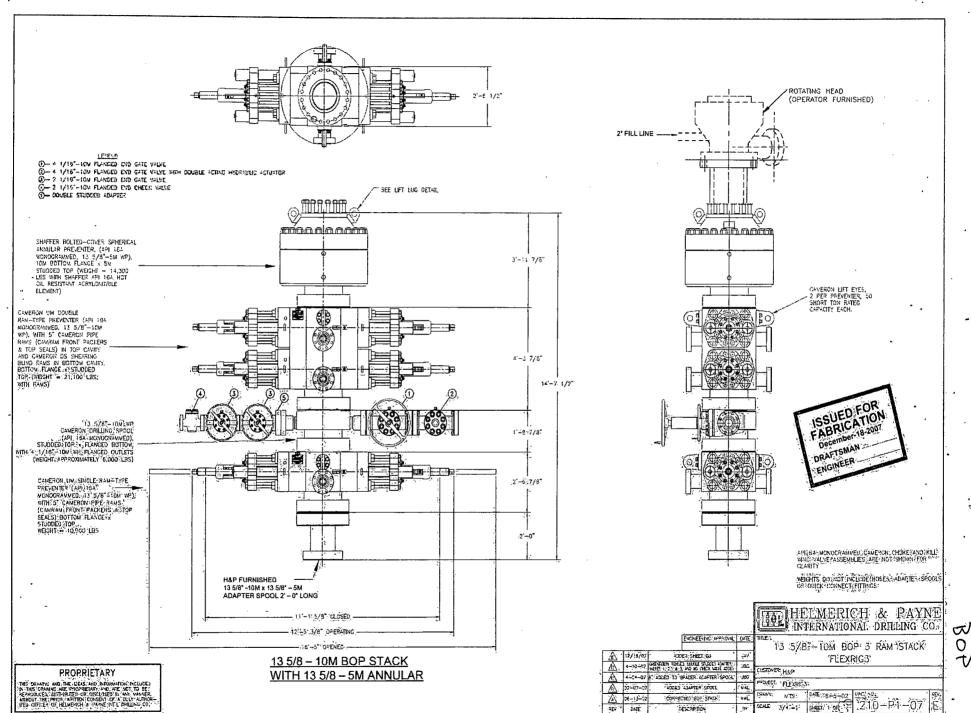
Planning Report

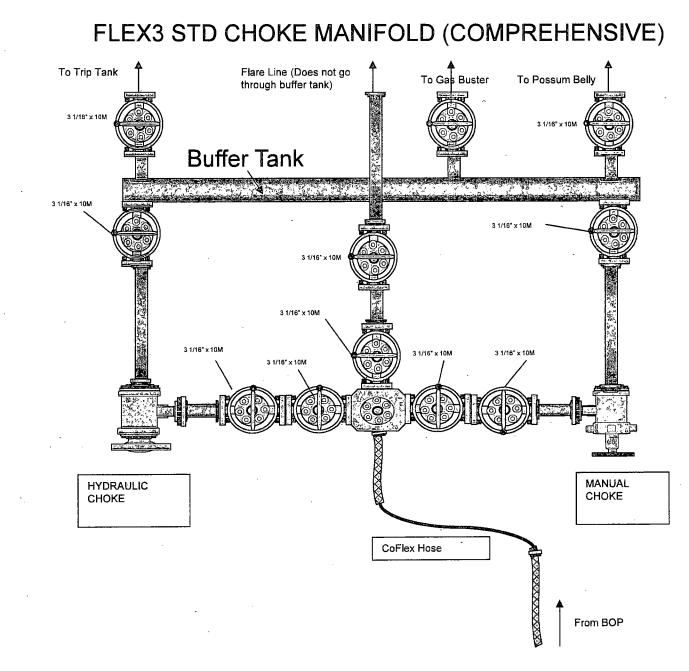
Amd DP-5

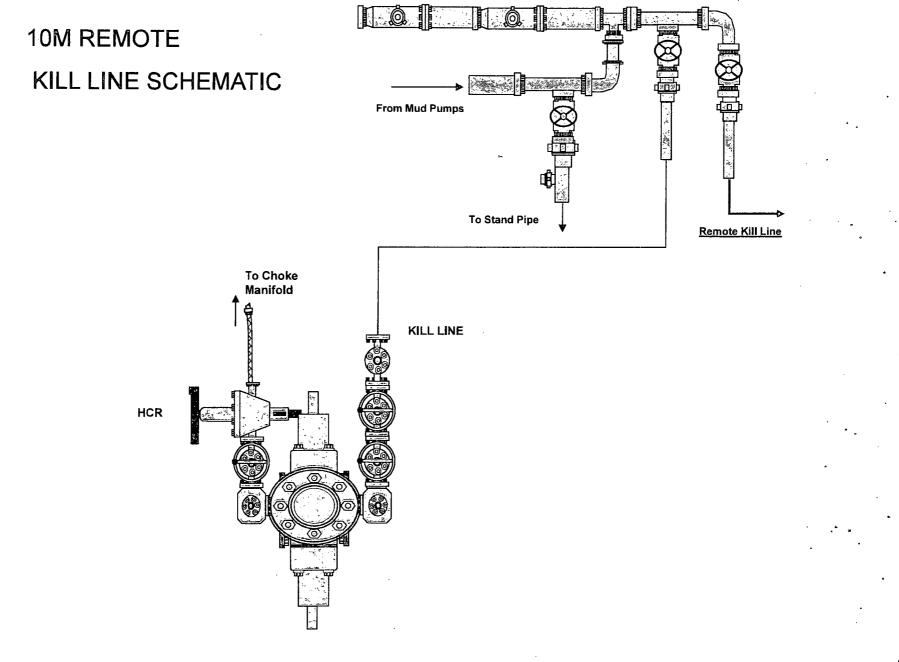
	Security and a second state of the second stat	وستاه مساهد المحمد المحمد والمحمد المراق المراجع المراجع المراجع	
Database:	Local Co-ordinate	e Reference: Well Peaches 19	FED 2H
Company: OXY	TVD Reference:	KB @ 3192.0usf	t (H&P 474)
Project: Eddy County, New Mexico	MD Reference:	KB.@ 3192.0usf	t (H&P 474)
Site: Peaches 19 Fed 2H	North Reference:		•
Well: Peaches 19 FED 2H	Survey Calculatio	on Method: Minimum Curvat	ure
Wellbore: Original Wellbore			
Design:		and the second sec	and the second

Planned Sur	vey	*							Property Sectore 14	
Same Bar						n, Pr. €			- mp	
	isured'			Vertical	4		Vertical	Dogleg	Build	Turn
	epth	Inclination *	Azimuth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	Section	Rate	Râte	Rate
(L	isft)	*(°)</th <th>(°)</th> <th>₩. (úsft),</th> <th>(usft)</th> <th>(usft)</th> <th>(usft)</th> <th>(°/100usft)</th> <th>(°/100usft)"</th> <th>. (°/100usft)</th>	(°)	₩. (úsft),	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)"	. (°/100usft)
hannen mein ab ettaabt	9,600.0	90.00	176.09	7;817.0	-2,085.5	142.6	2,090.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,700.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-2,185.3	149.4	2,190.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,800.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-2,285.1	156.3	2,290.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,900.0	90.00	176.09	7;817.0	-2,384.8	163.1	2,390.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	0,000.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-2,484.6	169.9	2,490.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	0,100.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-2,584.4	176.7	2,590.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	0,200.0	90.00	176.09	. 7,817.0	-2,684.1	183.6	2,690.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	0,300.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-2,783.9	190.4	2,790.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0,400.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-2,883.7	197.2	2,890.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0,500.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-2,983.4	204.0	2,990.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	0,600.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,083.2	210.8	3,090.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	0,700.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,183.0	217.7	3,190.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0,800.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,282.7	224.5	3,290.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0,900.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,382.5	231.3	3,390.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,000.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,482.3	238.1	3,490.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,100.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,582.0	245.0	3,590.4	0.00	0.00、	0.00
1	1,200.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,681.8	251.8	3,690.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,300:0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,781.6	258.6	3,790.4	· 0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,400.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,881.3	265.4	3,890.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,500.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-3,981.1	272.2	3,990.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,600.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,080.9	279.1	4,090.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	1,700.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,180.6	285.9	4,190.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	1,800.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,280.4	292.7	4,290.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1,900.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,380.2	299.5	4,390.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	2,000.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,479.9	306.4	4,490.4	0.00	0.00	.000
1	2,100.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,579.7	313.2	4,590.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	2,200.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,679.5	320.0	4,690.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	2,300.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,779.2	326.8	4,790.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	2,400.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,879.0	333.7	4,890.4	0.00	0.00	0.00 、
	2,500.0	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-4,978.8	340.5	4,990.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1	2,579.5	90.00	176.09	7,817.0	-5,058.1	345.9	5,069.9	0.00	0.00	0.00

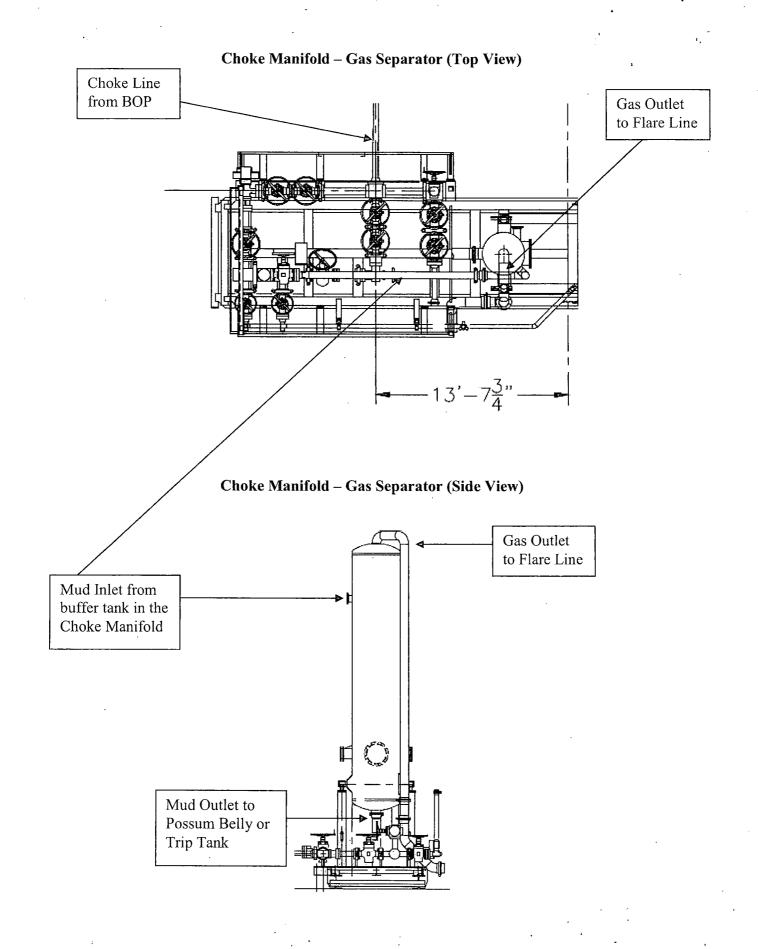
Design Targets. Target Name >-hit/miss.target > Shape	ip`Angle .*	,Dip(Ōlī', (°)	TVD ,(usft)	+N/ ² S (usft)	+E/-W .(usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting/	Latitude	Longitude
P19FED 2H PP - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	7,753.1	-419.6	28.7	408,016.20	534,345.50	32° 7' 18.136 N '	104° 13' 20.614 W
P19FED 2H BHL - plan hits target center - Point	0.00	0.00	7,817.0	-5,058.1	345.9	403,377.70	534,662.70	32° 6′ 32.227 N	104° 13' 16.981 W





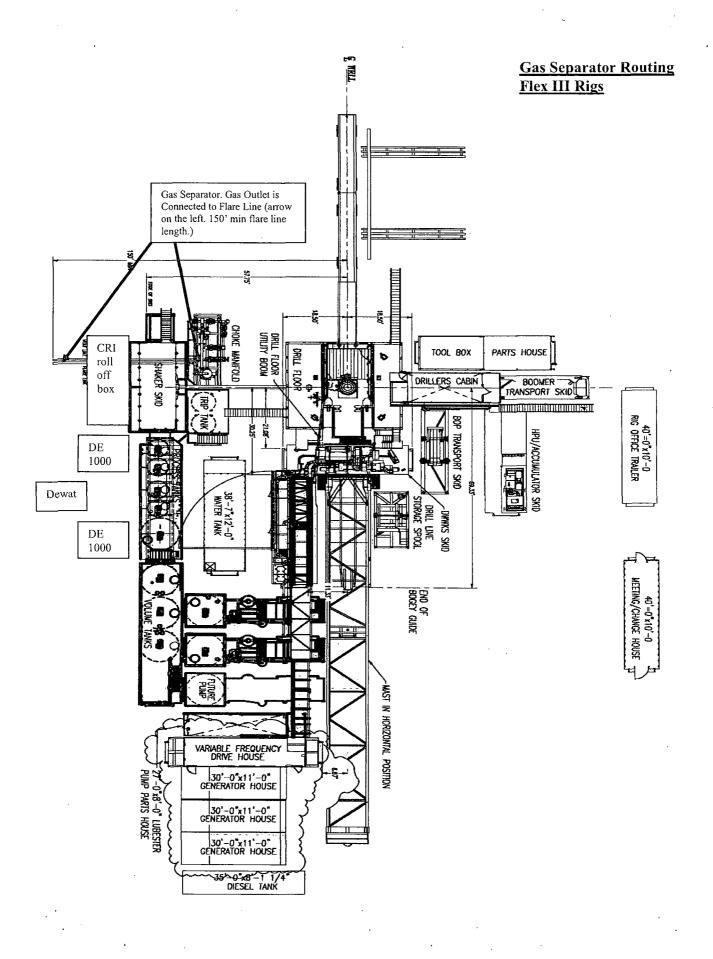


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Coflex Hose Certification



Fluid Technology

Quality Document

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QUALI INSPECTION A	TY CONT	CERT. N	 °:	746										
PURCHASER:	Phoenix Bea	P.O. Nº:	02491											
CONTITECH ORDER Nº:	412638	HOSE TYPE:	3"	ID	Choke and Kill Hose									
HOSE SERIAL Nº:	52777	ı: 10,67 m												
W.P. 68,96 MPa 10)000 psi	т.р. 103,4	MPa	15000) psi	Duration:	60 ~	min.						
Pressure test with water at ambient temperature 10 mm = 10 Min. → 10 mm = 25 MPa		attachment.	(1 paş	je)				-						
		COUP	LINGS		<u></u>									
Туре		Serial Nº		¢	Quality		Heat N°	····· .						
3" coupling with	917	913		AIS	1 4130		T 7998 A							
4 1/16" Flange end				AIS	4130		26984							
INFOCHIP INSTALLE All metal parts are flawless WE CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE	HOSE HAS BE			ACCORD.	ANCE WI	Tei	API Spec 16 mperature r Ms of the or	ate:"B"						
PRESSURE TESTED AS ABOVE	WITH SATISFA	CTORY RESULT.					nyyelest on the state of the state							
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FH-2

🗫 PHOENIX Beattie

Material Identification Certificate

PA No 006	330 Client HE	LMERICH & PA	YNE INT'L DRILLING	COent	Ref 3	70-369-001			Page	1
Part No	Description	Material Desc	Material Spec	Qty	WO No	Batch No	Test Cert No	Bin No	Drg No	Issue No
HP16CK3A-35-4F1	3" 10K 16C C&K HOSE x 357% OAL			1	2491	52777/H884		WATER		
SECK3-HPF3	LIFTING & SAFETY EQUIPMENT TO			1	2440	002440		N/STK		
SC725-200C5	SAFETY CLANP 200HH 7.25T	CARBON STEEL		1	2519	H665		22C		
\$6725-13265	SAFETY CLANP 132HH 7.25T	CARBON STEEL		1	2242	H139		22		
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We hereby certify that these goods have been inspected by our Quality Management System, and to the best of our knowledge are found to conform to relevant industry standards within the requirements of the purchase order as issued to Phoenix Beattle Corporation.

Coflex Hose Certification

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Coflex Hose Certification

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🖇 PHOENIX Beattie

Form No 100/12

Phoenix Beattie Corp 11535 Brittacore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041 Tel: (832) 327-0145 Fax: (832) 327-0148 E-seil mail@phoenixbeattie.com www.phoenixbeattie.com

Delivery Note

Customer Order Number 370-369-001	Delivery Note Number	003078	Page	1
Customer / Invoice Address HELMERICH & PAYNE INT'L ORILLING CO 1437 SOUTH BOULDER TULSA, OK 74129	Delivery / Address Helmerich & Payne IDC Attn: Joe Stephenson - Ri 13609 Industrial Road Houston, TX 77015	G 370		

-	Customer Acc No	Phoenix Beattie Contract Manager	Phoenix Beattle Reference	Date
	H01	JJL	006330	05/23/2008

ltem No	Beattle Part Number / Description	Qty Ordered	Oty Sent	Qty To Follow
1	HP10CK3A-35-4F1 3" 10K 16C C&K HOSE x 35ft OAL CW 4.1/16" API SPEC FLANGE E/ End 1: 4.1/16" 10Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 6BX Flange End 2: 4.1/16" 10Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 6BX Flange c/w BX155 Standard ring groove at each end Suitable for H2S Service Working pressure: 10,000psi Test pressure: 15,000psi Standard: API 16C Full specification Armor Guarding: Included Fire Rating: Not Included Temperature rating: -20 Deg C to +100 Deg C	1	1	0
2	SECK3-HPF3 LIFTING & SAFETY EQUIPMENT TO SUIT HP10CK3-35-F1 2 x 160mm ID Safety Clamps 2 x 244mm ID Lifting Collars & element C's 2 x 7ft Stainless Steel wire rope 3/4" OD 4 x 7.75t Shackles	1	1	0
	SC725-200CS SAFETY CLAMP 200MM 7.25T C/S GALVANISED	1	1	0

Continued...

All goods remain the property of Phoenix Beattie until paid for in full. Any damage or shortage on this delivery must be advised within 5 days. Returns may be subject to a handling charge.

- PHOENIX Beattie

Form No 100/12

Phoenix Beattie Corp LISSS Britisoore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041 Tel: (832) 327-0141 Fax: (832) 327-0148 E-sat1 sail@phoenixbeattle.cos www.phcentkbeattle.cos

Delivery Note

Customer Order Number 370)-369-001	Delivery Note Number	003078	Page	2
Customer / Invoice Address HELMERICH & PAYNE INT'L DRILL 1437 SOUTH BOULDER TULSA, OK 74119	LING CO	Delivery / Address Helmerich & Payne IDC Attn: Joe Stephenson - R 13609 Industrial Road Houston, Tx 77015	IG 370		

Customer Acc'No	Phoenix Beattie Contract Manager	Phoenix Beattle Reference	Date
HOI	JJL.	006330	05/23/2008

item No	Beattle Part Number / Description	Qty Ordered	Qty Sent	Qty To Follow
4	SC725-132CS SAFETY CLAMP 132MM 7.25T C/S GALVANIZED C/W BOLTS	. 1	. 1	0
5	OOCERT-HYDRO HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE TEST CERTIFICATE	1	1	0
6	OOCERT-LOAD LOAD TEST CERTIFICATES	1	1	0
7	OOFREIGHT INBOUND / OUTBOUND FREIGHT PRE-PAY & ADD TO FINAL INVOICE NOTE: MATERIAL MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY PAPERWORK INCLUDING THE PURCHASE ORDER, RIG NUMBER TO ENSURE PROPER PAYMENT	1	1	0
		that a	$\left \right\rangle$	
	Phoenix Beattle Inspection Signa	nture :	WALEY	
	Received in Good Condition :	Signature	$\overline{\backslash}$	
	Pi	dint Name	<u> </u>	

Date

All goods remain the property of Phoenix Beattle until paid for in full. Any damage or shortage on this delivery must be advised within 5 days. Returns may be subject to a handling charge. **Coflex Hose Certification**



Fluid Technology

Quality Document

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

Supplier: CONTITECH RUBBER INDUSTRIAL KFT.Equipment:6 pcs. Choke and Kill Hose with installed couplingsType:3" x 10,67 m WP: 10000 psiSupplier File Number: 412638Date of Shipment: April. 2008Customer: Phoenix Beattle Co.Customer P.o.: 002491Referenced Standards/ Codes / Specifications :API Spec 16 CSerial No.: 52754,52755,52776,52777,52778,52782

STATEMENT OF CONFORMITY

We hereby certify that the above items/equipment supplied by us are in conformity with the terms, conditions and specifications of the above Purchaser Order and that these items/equipment were fabricated inspected and tested in accordance with the referenced standards, codes and specifications and meet the relevant acceptance criteria and design requirements.

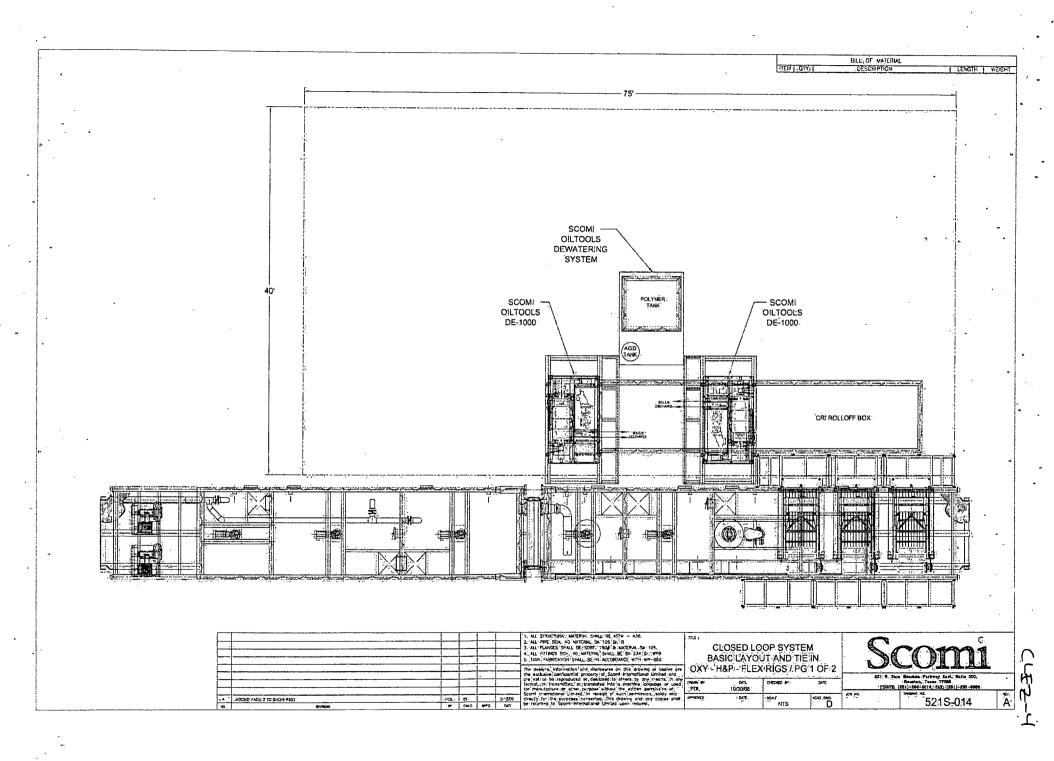
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN HUNGARY/EU

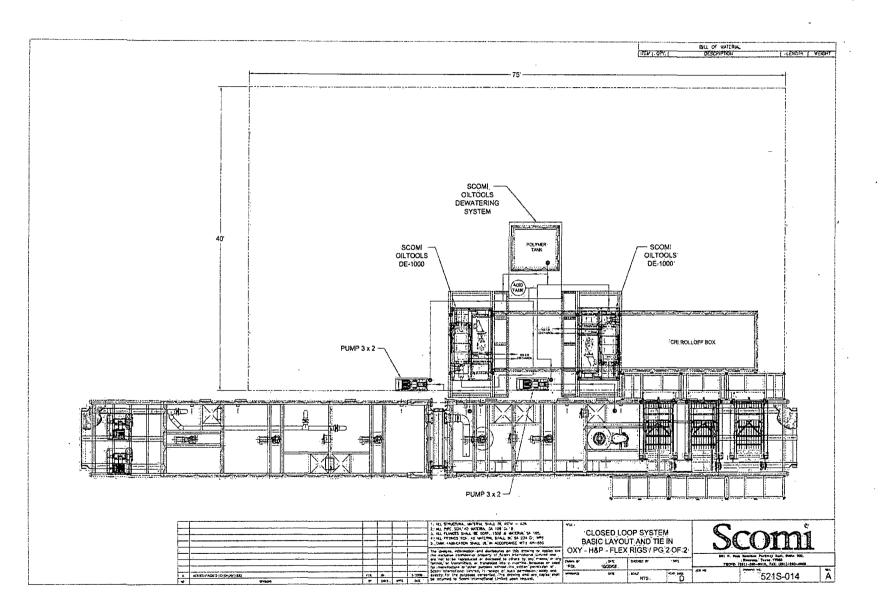
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Position: Q.C. Manager

ontiTech Rubber Industrial Kit. Quality Control Dept. (1)

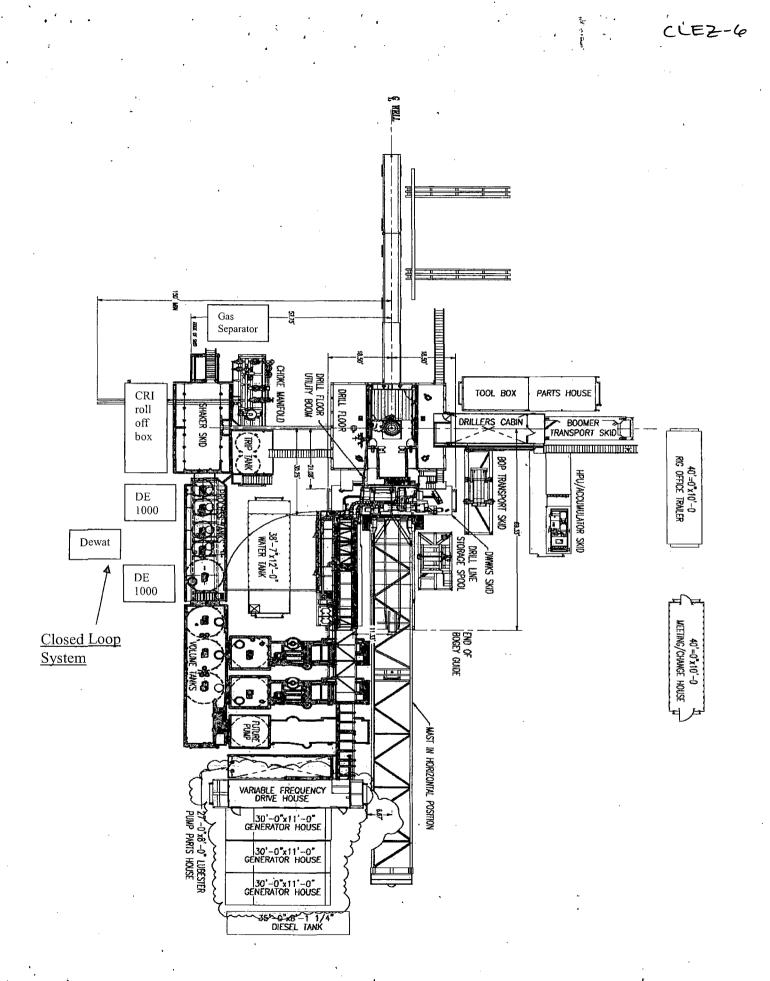
Date: 04. April. 2008





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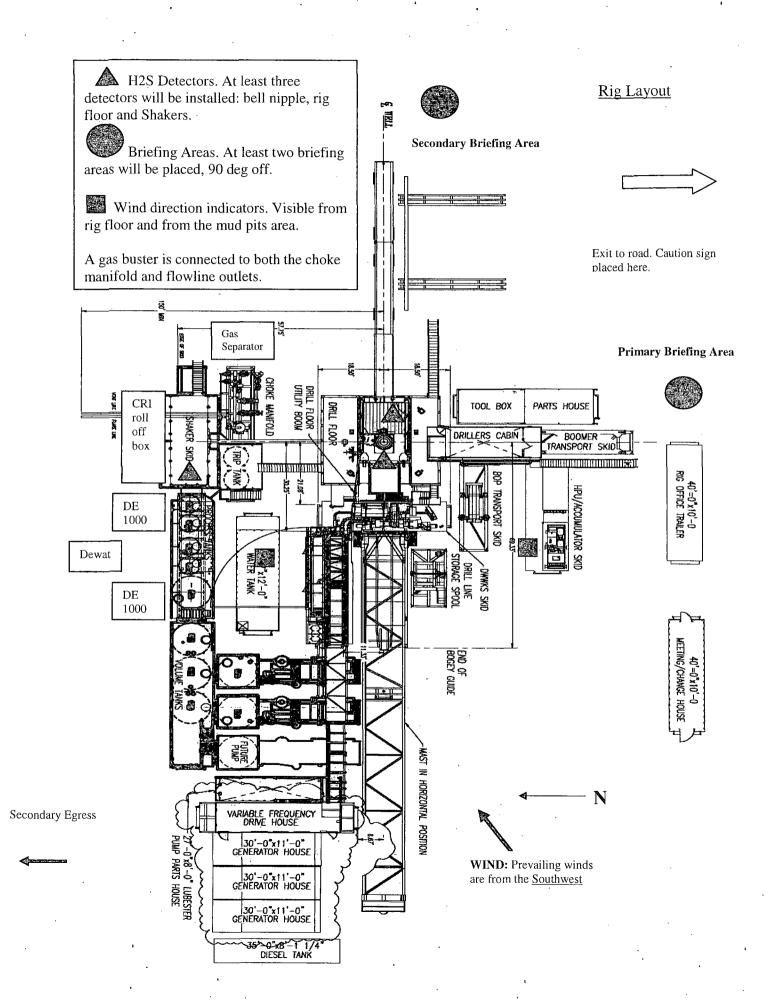
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OXY FLEX III PAD (SCOMI Closed Loop System)

180' 230' Notes for Rotating Mouse hole for a FlexRig3 & 25' Substructure: 1) 70' of mouse hole below ground level 2) If conductor pipe is less than 85' below ground level, recommend cement mouse hole in place in order to prevent break thru & circulation / washout thru mouse hote. 3) Use 14" (mini: Nominal size) pipe. This can be spiral weld or low pressure pipe. 10 3/4" is used in some applications but due to inaccuracies in location of mouse hole & potential out of alignment or centered in hole, 14" pipe recommended. 4) Cement mouse hole in 16 1/2" or 18 3/4" hole. 44* 5) Cellar will need to be oblong in order to accommodate mouse hole (i.e. 5' x 10', 6' x 10',) Operator decision Mousehole Well 20. HALACEMAN AND 1 Sound House <u>}</u> SUN NON-US AN MUCK CONTRACTOR OF Gas Separator OKKE WARTED 35-7712-5 NATER 1455 110 SPOCESE TANKS VULINE DANS SANER SLO -DE 1000 Dewatering system -DE 1000 Vent Line 150° min Flare Line 150' min -CRI rolloff box

100 ft

Level Area-No Caliche-For Offices and Living Quarters





H2S

Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan Peaches 19 Fed#2H

Open drill site. No homes or buildings are near the proposed location.

1. Escape

Personnel shall escape upwind of wellbore in the event of an emergency gas release. Escape can take place through the lease road on the SOUTH side of the location. Personnel need to move to a safe distance and block the entrance to location. If the primary route is not an option due to the wind direction, then a secondary egress route should be taken.

1 -

Permian

Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan New Mexico

<u>Scope</u>

This contingency plan establishes guidelines for the public, all company employees, and contract employees who's work activities may involve exposure to hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas.

While drilling this well, it is possible to encounter H2S bearing formations. At all times, the first barrier to control H2S emissions will be the drilling fluid, which will have a density high enough to control influx.

Objective

- 1. Provide an immediate and predetermined response plan to any condition when H2S is detected. All H2S detections in excess of 10 parts per million (ppm) concentration are considered an Emergency.
- 2. Prevent any and all accidents, and prevent the uncontrolled release of hydrogen sulfide into the atmosphere.
- 3. Provide proper evacuation procedures to cope with emergencies.
- 4. Provide immediate and adequate medical attention should an injury occur.

Discussion

2

H25-4'

Implementation:	This plan with all details is to be fully implemented before drilling to <u>commence</u> .
Emergency response Procedure:	This section outlines the conditions and denotes steps to be taken in the event of an emergency.
Emergency equipment Procedure:	This section outlines the safety and emergency equipment that will be required for the drilling of this well.
Training provisions:	This section outlines the training provisions that must be adhered to prior to drilling.
Drilling emergency call lists:	Included are the telephone numbers of all persons to be contacted should an emergency exist.
Briefing:	This section deals with the briefing of all people involved in the drilling operation.
Public safety:	Public safety personnel will be made aware of any potential evacuation and any additional support needed.
Check lists:	Status check lists and procedural check lists have been included to insure adherence to the plan.
General information:	A general information section has been included to supply support information.

Hydrogen Sulfide Training

H25-5

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on the well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of H2S.
- 2. Proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. H2S detection.
- 4. Proper use of H2S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures and prevailing winds.
- 5. Proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.
- 6. Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide on the human body.
- 7. Toxicity of hydrogen sulfide and sulfur dioxide.
- 8. Use of SCBA and supplied air equipment.
- 9. First aid and artificial respiration.
- 10. Emergency rescue.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile strength tubular is to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling a well, blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan.

H2S training refresher must have been taken within one year prior to drilling the well. Specifics on the well to be drilled will be discussed during the pre-spud meeting. H2S and well control (choke) drills will be performed while drilling the well, at least on a weekly basis. This plan shall be available in the well site. All personnel will be required to carry the documentation proving that the H2S training has been taken.

Service company and visiting personnel

- A. Each service company that will be on this well will be notified if the zone contains H2S.
- B. Each service company must provide for the training and equipment of their employees before they arrive at the well site.
- C. Each service company will be expected to attend a well site briefing

Emergency Equipment Requirements

1. <u>Well control equipment</u>

The well shall have hydraulic BOP equipment for the anticipated pressures. Equipment is to be tested on installation and follow Oxy Well Control standard, as well as BLM Onshore Order #2.

Special control equipment:

- A. Hydraulic BOP equipment with remote control on ground.
- B. Rotating head
- C. Gas buster equipment shall be installed before drilling out of surface pipe.

2. <u>Protective equipment for personnel</u>

- A. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each briefing area) on location.
- B. Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.
- C. Radio / cell telephone communication will be available at the rig.
 - Rig floor and trailers.
 - Vehicle.

3. Hydrogen sulfide sensors and alarms

- A. H2S sensor with alarms will be located on the rig floor, at the bell nipple, and at the flow line. These monitors will be set to alarm at 10 ppm with strobe light, and audible alarm.
- B. Hand operated detectors with tubes.
- C. H2S monitor tester (to be provided by contract Safety Company.)
- D. There shall be one combustible gas detector on location at all times.

4. <u>Visual Warning Systems</u>

A. One sign located at each location entrance with the following language:

Caution – potential poison gas Hydrogen sulfide No admittance without authorization

- 4 -

1+25-7

Wind sock – wind streamers:

- A. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at protection center, at height visible from rig floor.
- B. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at height visible from pit areas.

Condition flags

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A. One each condition flag to be displayed to denote conditions.

green – normal conditions yellow – potential danger red – danger, H2S present

B. Condition flag shall be posted at each location sign entrance.

5. <u>Mud Program</u>

The mud program is designed to minimize the risk of having H2S and other formation fluids at surface. Proper mud weight and safe drilling practices will be applied. H2S scavengers will be used to minimize the hazards while drilling. Below is a summary of the drilling program.

Mud inspection devices:

Garrett gas train or hatch tester for inspection of sulfide concentration in mud system.

6. <u>Metallurgy</u>

- A. Drill string, casing, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventers, drilling spools or adapters, kill lines, choke manifold, lines and valves shall be suitable for the H2S service.
- B. All the elastomers, packing, seals and ring gaskets shall be suitable for H2S service.

7. <u>Well Testing</u>

No drill stem test will be performed on this well.

8. <u>Evacuation plan</u>

Evacuation routes should be established prior to well spud for each well and discussed with all rig personnel.

- 9. Designated area
 - A. Parking and visitor area: all vehicles are to be parked at a predetermined safe distance from the wellhead.
 - B. There will be a designated smoking area.
 - C. Two briefing areas on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds perpendicularly, or at a 45-degree angle if wind direction tends to shift in the area.

Emergency procedures

- A. In the event of any evidence of H2S level above 10 ppm, take the following steps:
 - 1. The Driller will pick up off bottom, shut down the pumps, slow down the pipe rotation.
 - 2. Secure and don escape breathing equipment, report to the upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
 - 3. All personnel on location will be accounted for and emergency search should begin for any missing, the Buddy System will be implemented.
 - 4. Order non-essential personnel to leave the well site, order all essential personnel out of the danger zone and upwind to the nearest designated safe briefing / muster area.
 - 5. Entrance to the location will be secured to a higher level than our usual "Meet and Greet" requirement, and the proper condition flag will be displayed at the entrance to the location.
 - 6. Take steps to determine if the H2S level can be corrected or suppressed and, if so, proceed as required.
- B. If uncontrollable conditions occur:
 - 1. Take steps to protect and/or remove any public in the down-wind area from the rig – partial evacuation and isolation. Notify necessary public safety personnel and appropriate regulatory entities (i.e. BLM) of the situation.

2. Remove all personnel to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area or off location.

H2S-

- 3. Notify public safety personnel of safe briefing / muster area.
- 4. An assigned crew member will blockade the entrance to the location. No unauthorized personnel will be allowed entry to the location.
- 5. Proceed with best plan (at the time) to regain control of the well. Maintain tight security and safety procedures.
- C. Responsibility:
 - 1. Designated personnel.
 - a. Shall be responsible for the total implementation of this plan.

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- b. Shall be in complete command during any emergency.
- c. Shall designate a back-up.

All personnel:	1.	On alarm, don escape unit and report to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area upw
	2.	Check status of personnel (buddy system).
	3.	Secure breathing equipment.
	4.	Await orders from supervisor.
Drill site manager:	1.	Don escape unit if necessary and report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparations of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher and driller (using the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentrations.
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Tool pusher:	1.	Don escape unit Report to up nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparation of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher drill site manager (using the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentration.
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Driller:	1.	Don escape unit, shut down pumps, continue rotating DP.

- 7 -

	2.	Check monitor for point of release.
	3.	Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
·	4.	Check status of personnel (in an attempt to rescue, use the buddy system).
	5.	Assigns least essential person to notify Drill Site Manager and tool pusher by quickest means in case of their absence.
	6.	Assumes the responsibilities of the Drill Site Manager and tool pusher until they arrive should they be absent.
Derrick man Floor man #1 Floor man #2	1.	Will remain in briefing / muster area until instructed by supervisor.
Mud engineer:	1.	Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	When instructed, begin check of mud for ph and H2S level. (Garett gas train.)
Safety personnel:	1.	Mask up and check status of all personnel and secure operations as instructed by drill site manager.

<u>Taking a kick</u>

When taking a kick during an H2S emergency, all personnel will follow standard Well control procedures after reporting to briefing area and masking up.

Open-hole logging

All unnecessary personnel off floor. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should monitor condition, advise status and determine need for use of air equipment.

Running casing or plugging

Following the same "tripping" procedure as above. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should determine if all personnel have access to protective equipment.

Ignition procedures

The decision to ignite the well is the responsibility of the operator (Oxy Drilling Management). The decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is clear that:

- 1. Human life and property are endangered.
- 2. There is no hope controlling the blowout under the prevailing conditions at the well.

Instructions for igniting the well

- 1. Two people are required for the actual igniting operation. They must wear self-contained breathing units and have a safety rope attached. One man (tool pusher or safety engineer) will check the atmosphere for explosive gases with the gas monitor. The other man is responsible for igniting the well.
- 2. Primary method to ignite: 25 mm flare gun with range of approximately 500 feet.
- 3. Ignite upwind and do not approach any closer than is warranted.
- 4. Select the ignition site best for protection, and which offers an easy escape route.
- 5. Before firing, check for presence of combustible gas.
- 6. After lighting, continue emergency action and procedure as before.
- 7. All unassigned personnel will remain in briefing area until instructed by supervisor or directed by the Drill Site Manager.

<u>Remember</u>: After well is ignited, burning hydrogen sulfide will convert to sulfur dioxide, which is also highly toxic. **<u>Do not assume the area is safe after the well is ignited.</u>**

- 9 -

Status check list

5-12

Note: All items on this list must be completed before drilling to production casing point.

- 1. H2S sign at location entrance.
- 2. Two (2) wind socks located as required.
- 3. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each Briefing area) on location for all rig personnel and mud loggers.
- 4. Air packs inspected and ready for use.
- 5. Cascade system and hose line hook-up as needed.
- 6. Cascade system for refilling air bottles as needed.
- 7. Condition flag on location and ready for use.
- 8. H2S detection system hooked up and tested.
- 9. H2S alarm system hooked up and tested.
- 10. Hand operated H2S detector with tubes on location.
- 11. 1 100' length of nylon rope on location.
- 12. All rig crew and supervisors trained as required.
- 13. All outside service contractors advised of potential H2S hazard on well.
- 14. No smoking sign posted and a designated smoking area identified.
- 15. Calibration of all H2S equipment shall be noted on the IADC report.

Checked by:

_____ Date: ·

Procedural check list during H2S events

Perform each tour:

- 1. Check fire extinguishers to see that they have the proper charge.
- 2. Check breathing equipment to ensure that it in proper working order.
- 3. Make sure all the H2S detection system is operative.

Perform each week:

- 1. Check each piece of breathing equipment to make sure that demand or forced air regulator is working. This requires that the bottle be opened and the mask assembly be put on tight enough so that when you inhale, you receive air or feel air flow.
- 2. BOP skills (well control drills).
- 3. Check supply pressure on BOP accumulator stand by source.
- 4. Check breathing equipment mask assembly to see that straps are loosened and turned back, ready to put on.
- 5. Check pressure on breathing equipment air bottles to make sure they are charged to full volume. (Air quality checked for proper air grade "D" before bringing to location)
- 6. Confirm pressure on all supply air bottles.
- 7. Perform breathing equipment drills with on-site personnel.
- 8. Check the following supplies for availability.
 - A. Emergency telephone list.
 - B. Hand operated H2S detectors and tubes.

General evacuation plan

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drill Site Manager, consultant, rig pusher, or driller) determines the H2S gas cannot be limited to the well location and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan.
- 2. Drill Site Manager or designee will notify local government agency that a hazardous condition exists and evacuation needs to be implemented.
- 3. Company or contractor safety personnel that have been trained in the use of H2S detection equipment and self-contained breathing equipment will monitor H2S concentrations, wind directions, and area of exposure. They will delineate the outer perimeter of the hazardous gas area. Extension to the evacuation area will be determined from information gathered.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (state police, police dept., fire dept., and sheriff's dept.) Will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining road blocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.
- 5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, company safety personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.

<u>Important:</u> Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.

Emergency actions

Well blowout – if emergency

- 1. Evacuate all personnel to "Safe Briefing / Muster Areas" or off location if needed.
- 2. If sour gas evacuate rig personnel.
- 3. If sour gas evacuate public within 3000 ft radius of exposure.
- 4. Don SCBA and shut well in if possible using the buddy system.
- 5. Notify Drilling Superintendent and call 911 for emergency help (fire dept and ambulance) if needed.
- 6. Implement the Blowout Contingency Plan, and Drilling Emergency Action Plan.
- 6. Give first aid as needed.

Person down location/facility

- 1. If immediately possible, contact 911. Give location and wait for confirmation.
- 2. Don SCBA and perform rescue operation using buddy system.

Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

Hydrogen sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 ppm, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity -1.192) and colorless. It forms an explosive mixture with air between 4.3 and 46.0 percent by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is almost as toxic as hydrogen cyanide and is between five and six times more toxic than carbon monoxide. Toxicity data for hydrogen sulfide and various other gases are compared in table i. Physical effects at various hydrogen sulfide exposure levels are shown in table ii.

Table i

Common name	Chemical formula	Specific gravity (sc=1)	Threshold limit (1)	Hazardous limit (2)	Lethal concentration (3)
Hydrogen Cyanide	Hcn	0.94	10 ppm	150 ppm/hr	300 ppm
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.18	10 ppm	250 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	So2	2.21	5 ppm	-	1000 ppm
Chlorine	Cl2	2.45	l ppm	4 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Monoxide	Co	0.97	50 ppm	400 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	Co2	1.52	5000 ppm	5%	10%
Methane	Ch4	0.55	90,000 ppm	Combustibl	e above 5% in air

Toxicity of various gases

1) threshold limit – concentration at which it is believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effects.

2) hazardous limit – concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

3) lethal concentration – concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

Table ii <u>Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide</u>

Percent (%)	Dom	<u>Concentration</u> Grains	Physical effects
Fercent (76)	<u>Ppm</u>		
		<u>100 std. Ft3*</u>	
0.001	<10	00.65	Obvious and unpleasant odor.

t,

0.002	10	01.30	Safe for 8 hours of exposure.
0.010	100	06.48	Kill smell in $3 - 15$ minutes. May sting eyes and throat.
0.020	200	12.96	Kills smell shortly; stings eyes and throat.
0.050	500	32.96	Dizziness; breathing ceases in a few minutes; needs prompt artificial respiration.
0.070	700	45.36	Unconscious quickly; death will result if not rescued promptly.
0.100	1000	64.30	Unconscious at once; followed by death within minutes.

*at 15.00 psia and 60'f.

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Use of self-contained breathing equipment (SCBA)

- 1. Written procedures shall be prepared covering safe use of SCBA's in dangerous atmosphere, which might be encountered in normal operations or in emergencies. Personnel shall be familiar with these procedures and the available SCBA.
- 2 SCBA's shall be inspected frequently at random to insure that they are properly used, cleaned, and maintained.
- 3. Anyone who may use the SCBA's shall be trained in how to insure proper facepiece to face seal. They shall wear SCBA's in normal air and then wear them in a test atmosphere. (note: such items as facial hair {beard or sideburns} and eyeglasses will not allow proper seal.) Anyone that may be reasonably expected to wear SCBA's should have these items removed before entering a toxic atmosphere. A special mask must be obtained for anyone who must wear eyeglasses or contact lenses.
- 4. Maintenance and care of SCBA's:
 - a. A program for maintenance and care of SCBA's shall include the following:
 - 1. Inspection for defects, including leak checks.
 - 2. Cleaning and disinfecting.
 - 3. Repair.
 - 4. Storage.
 - b. Inspection, self-contained breathing apparatus for emergency use shall be inspected monthly.
 - 1. Fully charged cylinders.
 - 2. Regulator and warning device operation.
 - 3. Condition of face piece and connections.
 - 4. Rubber parts shall be maintained to keep them pliable and prevent deterioration.
 - c. Routinely used SCBA's shall be collected, cleaned and disinfected as frequently as necessary to insure proper protection is provided.
- 5. Persons assigned tasks that requires use of self-contained breathing equipment shall be certified physically fit (medically cleared) for breathing equipment usage at least annually.
- 6. SCBA's should be worn when:
 - A. Any employee works near the top or on top of any tank unless test reveals less than 10 ppm of H2S.

- B. When breaking out any line where H2S can reasonably be expected.
- C. When sampling air in areas to determine if toxic concentrations of H2S exists.
- D. When working in areas where over 10 ppm H2S has been detected.
- E. At any time there is a doubt as to the H2S level in the area to be entered.

Rescue First aid for H2S poisoning

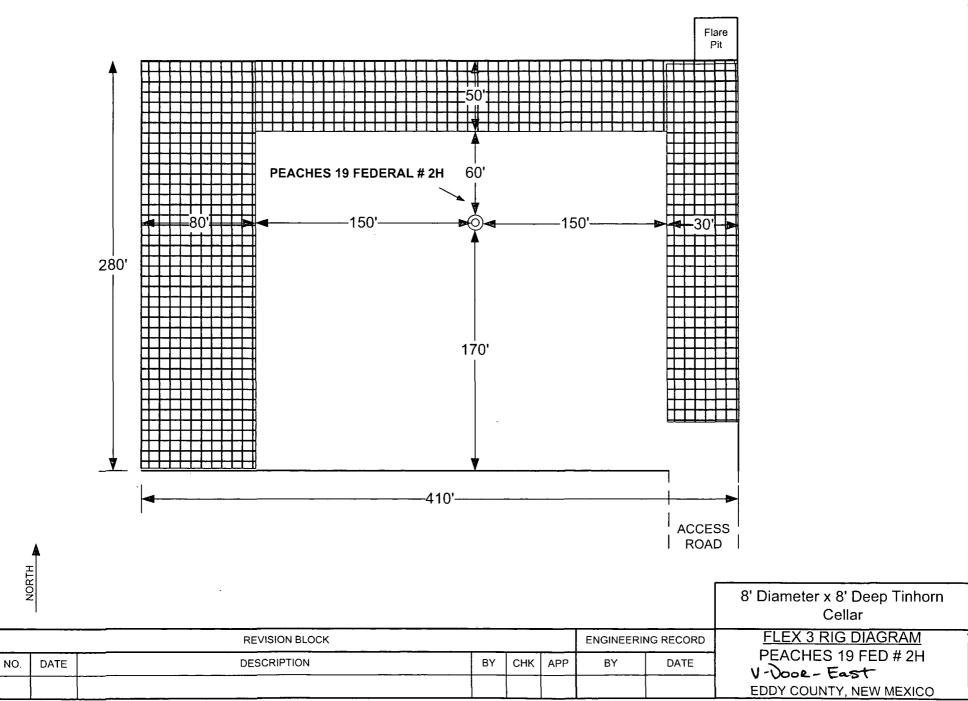
Do not panic!

Remain calm – think!

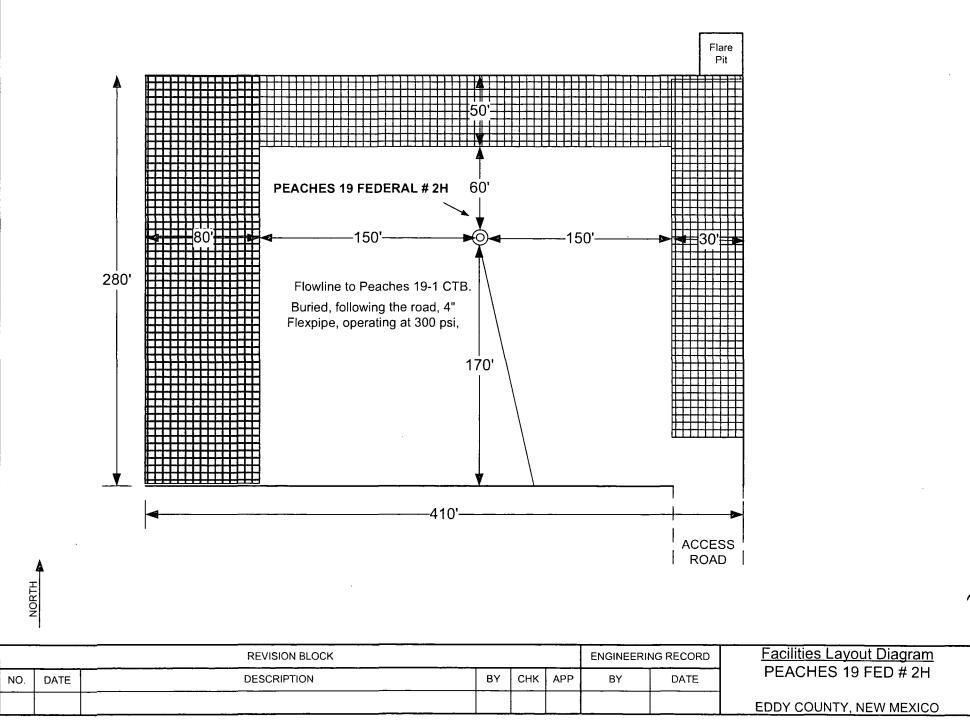
- 1. Don SCBA breathing equipment.
- 2. Remove victim(s) utilizing buddy system to fresh air as quickly as possible. (go up-wind from source or at right angle to the wind. Not down wind.)
- 3. Briefly apply chest pressure arm lift method of artificial respiration to clean the victim's lungs and to avoid inhaling any toxic gas directly from the victim's lungs.
- 4. Provide for prompt transportation to the hospital, and continue giving artificial respiration if needed.
- 5. Hospital(s) or medical facilities need to be informed, before-hand, of the possibility of H2S gas poisoning no matter how remote the possibility is.
- 6. Notify emergency room personnel that the victim(s) has been exposed to H2S gas.

Besides basic first aid, everyone on location should have a good working knowledge of artificial respiration.

Revised CM 6/27/2012



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acility layout

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2ND And SUPO-1

AMENDED (2) - SURFACE USE PLAN OF OPERATIONS

Operator Name/Number:	OXY USA Inc.	16696
Lease Name/Number:	Peaches 19 Federal #2H	39207
Pool Name/Number:	Cottonwood Draw Bone Spring	97494
Surface Location:	90 FSL 642 FEL SESE(P) Sec 18 T25S R27E	Federal Lease No.NMNM111530
Penetration Point:	330 FNL 621 FEL NWNW(A) Sec 19 T25S R27E	Federal Lease No.NMNM107368
Bottom Hole Location:	330 FSL 400 FEL SESE(P) Sec 19 T25S R27E	Federal Lease No.NMNM107368

1. Existing Roads

- a. A copy of a USGS "Cottonwood Hills, NM" quadrangle map is attached showing the proposed location. The well location is spotted on this map, which shows the existing road system.
- b. The well was re-staked by Terry J. Asel, Certificate No. 15079 on 8/1/13, certified 8/1/13.
- c. Directions to Location: At the intersection of US Hwy 285 and CR 720, go west on CR 720 for 9.1 miles. Turn left on CR 742 and go south for 8.2 miles. Turn left on caliche road and go northeast 0.3 miles. Turn left and go northeast for 0.5 miles, continue southeast and northeast for 2372.4' on proposed road to location.

2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads:

- a. A new access road will be built. The access road will run approximately 2372.4' southeast/northeast from an existing road to the location.
- b. The maximum width of the road will be 15'. It will be crowned and made up of 6" of rolled and compacted caliche. Water will be deflected, as necessary, to avoid accumulation and prevent surface erosion.
- c. Surface material will be native caliche. This material will be obtained from a BLM approved pit nearest in proximity to the location. The average grade will be approximately 1%.
- d. No cattle guards, grates or fence cuts will be required. No turnouts are planned.
- e. Blade, water & repair an existing caliche road as needed.

3. Location of Existing Wells:

Existing wells within a one mile radius of the proposed well are shown on attached plat.

4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities.

- a. In the event the well is found productive, the Peaches 19 Federal tank battery would be utilized and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site. See proposed Production Facilities Layout diagram.
- b. Electric line information is not available at this time, but If necessary will follow a route approved by the BLM.
- c. All flowlines will adhere to API Standards, see attached for route.

5. Location and types of Water Supply.

This well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems. It will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and will be hauled to location by transport truck using existing and proposed roads.

6. Construction Materials:

Primary

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All caliche utilized for the drilling pad and proposed access road will be obtained from an existing BLM/State/Fee approved pit or from prevailing deposits found on the location. Will use BLM recommended extra caliche from other locations close by for roads, if available.

Secondary

The secondary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. A caliche permit will be obtained from BLM prior to pushing up any caliche. 2400 cubic yards is max amount of caliche needed for pad and roads. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

- A. The top 6" of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
- B. An approximate 120' X 120' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche.
- C. Subsoil is removed and piled along side the 120' X 120' are within the pad site.
- D. When caliche is found, material will be stocked piled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- E. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- F. Once well is drilled the stock piled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced. Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stock piled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in attached plat.

7. Methods of Handling Waste Material:

- a. A closed loop system will be utilized consisting of above ground steel tanks and haul-off bins. Disposal of liquids, drilling fluids and cuttings will be disposed of at an approved facility.
 - 1. Solids CRI
 - 2. Liquids Laguna
- b. All trash, junk, and other waste material will be contained in trash cages or bins to prevent scattering.
 When the job is completed, all contents will be removed and disposed of in an approved sanitary landfill.
- c. The supplier, including broken sacks, will pick up slats remaining after completion of well.
- d. A Porto-john will be provided for the rig crews. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- e. Disposal of fluids to be transported will be by the following companies: TFH Ltd. - Laguna SWD Facility

8. Ancillary Facilities: None needed

9. Well Site Layout

The proposed well site layout with dimensions of the pad layout and equipment location.

V-Door - East CL Tanks- North Pad - 280' X 410' Construction fencing and an arch. monitor will be on site during the building of the pad to ensure that the arch site will not be disturbed, see attached.

10. Plans for Surface Reclamation:

 a. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original top soil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography.

2ND APD SUPD-2

242And SUPO - 3

b. If the well is deemed commercially productive, caliche from areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original top soil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography, and the area will be seeded with an approved BLM mixture to re-establish vegetation.

11. Surface Ownership

The surface is owned by the U.S. Government and is administered by the BLM. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas. The surface is leased to:Ogden Farms & Cattle 159 W. Ogden Loving, NM 88256 They will be notified of our intention to drill prior to any activity.

12. Other Information

- a. The vegetation cover is generally sparse consisting of mesquite, yucca, shinnery oak, sandsage and perennial, native range grass. The topsoil is sandy in nature. Wildlife in the area is also sparse consisting of deer, coyotes, rabbits, rodents, reptiles, dove and quail.
- b. There is no permanent or live water in the general proximity of the location.
- c. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of the proposed well site.
- d. A Cultural Resources Examination will be completed by APAC New Mexico and forwarded to the BLM office in Carlsbad, NM.

13. Bond Coverage:

Bond Coverage is Individual-NMB000862, Nationwide-ESB00226

Operators Representatives:

The OXY Permian representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below.

Don Kendrick Production Coordinator 1502 West Commerce Dr. Carlsbad, NM 88220 Office Phone: 575-628-4132 Cellular: 575-602-1484

Roger Allen Drilling Superintendent P.O. Box 4294 Houston, TX 77210 Office Phone: 713-215-7617 Cellular: 281-682-3919

Sebastian Millan Drilling Engineering Supervisor P.O. Box 4294 Houston, TX 77210 Office Phone: 713-985-8750 Cellular: 713-528-3268 Charles Wagner Manager Field Operations 1502 West Commerce Dr. Carlsbad, NM 88220 Office Phone: 575-628-4151 Cellular: 575-725-8306

Calvin (Dusty) Weaver Operation Specialist P.O. Box 50250 Midland, TX 79710 Office Phone: 432-685-5723 Cellular: 806-893-3067

Anar Khalilov Drilling Engineer P.O. Box 4294 Houston, TX 77210 Office Phone: 713-985-6959 Cellular: 832-205-6365



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Brumley, Legion <lbrumley@blm.gov>

RE: Peaches 19 Federal 2H

1 message

David_Stewart@oxy.com <David_Stewart@oxy.com> To: lbrumley@blm.gov Tue, Aug 27, 2013 at 7:05 AM

Legion, I have forwarded this to Dusty Weaver and Jim Wilson so they can provide the additional information you are requesting. Once I receive the information from them I will work up another amended surface use plan and send it your way. Appreciate the help.

Thanks,

David Stewart

Sr. Regulatory Advisor

OXY Permian

Wk-432-685-5717

Cell-432-634-5688

Fax-432-685-5742

david_stewart@oxy.com

From: Brumley, Legion [mailto:Ibrumley@blm.gov] Sent: Monday, August 26, 2013 5:51 PM To: Stewart, David Subject: Peaches 19 Federal 2H

Hi David,

While we were mitigating the arch concern with this well, during the additional onsite we discussed some design features to be placed in the APD for mitigation measures. One is having a archaeological monitor on location

2/5/14

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR Mail - RE: Peaches 19 Federal 2H

during the construction of the well pad and also constructing barricades around the archaeology to prevent any sites from being accidentally driven over. These design features could be explained in the well site layout section 9 of the Surface Use Plan. Jim Wilson was at the onsite and will be familiar with what we discussed. Also I saw in the surface use plan under construction materials part 6 that there is a chance that caliche found on site will be used. The process used to extract the minerals needs to be described in the Surface Use Plan and that a permit will be obtained prior to using any minerals found on site.

Thanks,

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-Legion Brumley Environmental Protection Specialist Bureau of Land Management 620 E. Greene St. Carlsbad, NM. 88220 Office: 575-234-5957 Cell: 575-361-3570

PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	OXY USA Inc.
LEASE NO.:	NMNM-107368
WELL NAME & NO.:	Peaches 19 Federal 2H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	0090' FSL & 0642' FEL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	0330' FSL & 0400' FEL Sec.19, T. 25 S., R 27 E.
LOCATION:	Section 18, T. 25 S., R 27 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions

Permit Expiration

Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites

Noxious Weeds

Special Requirements

- **Construction**
 - Notification

Topsoil

Closed Loop System

Federal Mineral Material Pits

Well Pads

Roads

Road Section Diagram

🛛 Drilling

Cement Requirements Medium Cave/Karst Logging Requirements Waste Material and Fluids

Production (Post Drilling) Well Structures & Facilities Pipelines

Interim Reclamation Final Abandonment & Reclamation

Page 1 of 20

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall stockpile the topsoil in a low profile manner in order to prevent wind/water erosion of the topsoil. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately inches in depth. The topsoil will be used for interim and final reclamation.

There is no measurable soil on this well pad to stockpile. No topsoil stockpile is required.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling

operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

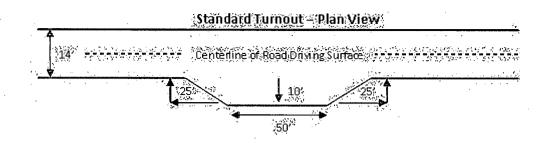
Ditching

Ditching shall be required on the uphill side of the road.

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

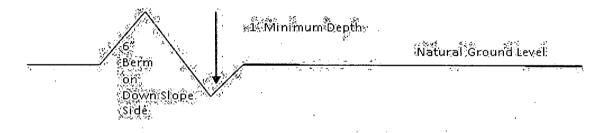


Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: 400' + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4%

Culvert Installations

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at the deep waterway channel flow crossing.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

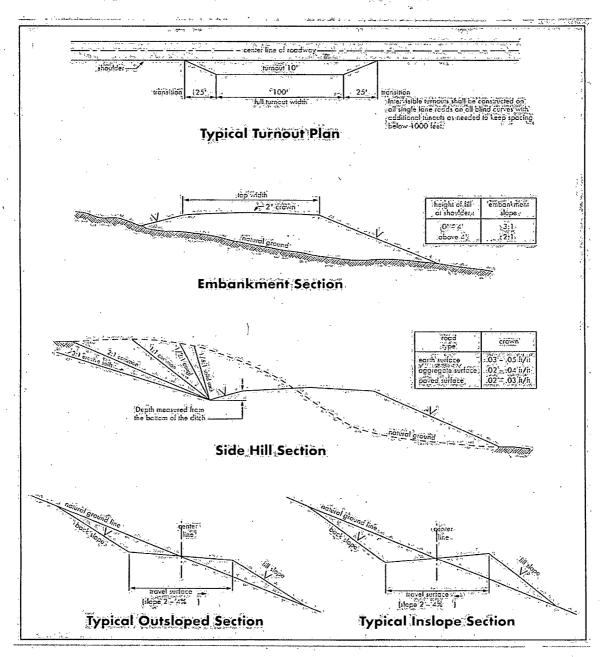


Figure 1 - Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections

VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Although Hydrogen Sulfide has not been reported in the area, it is always a potential hazard. Operator has stated that they will have monitoring equipment in place prior to drilling out of the surface shoe. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, report measured amounts and formations to the BLM.
- Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. IF OPERATOR DOES NOT HAVE THE WELL SPECIFIC CEMENT DETAILS ONSITE PRIOR TO PUMPING THE CEMENT FOR EACH CASING STRING, THE WOC WILL BE 30 HOURS. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Medium Cave/Karst

Possible water flows in the Salado and Delaware. Possible lost circulation in the Delaware.

- 1. The 11-3/4 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 450 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Formation below the 11-3/4" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing, which shall be set at approximately 1950 feet, is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst.

If 75% or greater lost circulation occurs while drilling the intermediate casing hole, the cement on the production casing must come to surface.

Formation below the 8-5/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.

Centralizers required on horizontal leg, must be type for horizontal service and a minimum of one every other joint.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

Cement as proposed by operator. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Operator has proposed a contingency DV tool at 2050'. If operator circulates cement on the first stage, operator is approved to run the DV tool cancellation plug and cancel the second stage of the proposed cement plan. If cement does not circulate, operator will proceed with the second stage.

a. Second stage above DV tool:

Cement as proposed by operator. Operator shall provide method of verification.

4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.

- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi (Installing 10M testing to 5,000 psi).
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Operator shall perform the intermediate casing integrity test to 70% of the casing burst. This will test the multi-bowl seals.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.

5M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.

- 4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**.
 - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock with a corresponding chart (i.e. two hour clock-two hour chart, one hour clock-one hour chart).
 - d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

JAM 012514 :

VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the

largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

B. PIPELINES

BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, <u>et seq</u>. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, <u>et seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure

of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.

6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.

7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be 30 feet:

- Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed <u>20</u> feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
- Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed <u>30</u> feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (*Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.*)
- The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)

8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately $__6__$ inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.

9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

(X) seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
() seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
() seed mixture 2/LPC	() Aplomado Falcon Mixture

13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.

14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-ofway and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

16. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer.

17. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

18. <u>Escape Ramps</u> - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

(Insert Seed Mixture Here)

Seed Mixture 1, for Loamy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species

Plains lovegrass (Eragrostis intermedia) Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus) Sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula) Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya) <u>lb/acre</u>

1.0 5.0 2.0

0.5

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed