SECRETARY'S POTASH

ATS-14-563

NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT OCD Artesia OCT 10 2014

FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires October 31, 2014 TES 10-14-14

Form 3160-3 (March 2012)

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIORECEIVED
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

5. Lease Serial No. NM-103602

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO	DRIL	L CR	REENTER		6. If Indian, Allotee	or Tribe l	Name
la. Type of work: DRILL REENTE	ER				7. If Unit or CA Agr	eement, Na	ame and No.
Ib. Type of Well:	:	Sin	gle Zone Multip	ole Zone	8. Lease Name and Sober BEZ Federa		L35126
2. Name of Operator YATES PETROLEUM CORPORATION	i		c 255	75=	9. API Well No.	5-4	2724
3a. Address 105 South 4th Street, Artesia, NM 88210		none No. 748-43	(include area code) 72	wc-a	10. Field and Pool or Undesignated Bon	Explorator e Spring	(229357)
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with an	y State	requireme	nts.*)		11. Sec., T. R. M. or F	3lk.and Su	rvey or Area / 9
At surface 10 FSL & 1930' FEL, 35-20S-29E, UL 0					Section 35, T-20S,	R-29E	.,
At proposed prod. zone 330' FNL & 1930' FEL, 35-20S-29E	E, UL I	3					
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*					12. County or Parish Eddy County	·	13. State NM
15. Distance from proposed* 10' location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. I NM-	No. of ac 103602	eres in lease 2 1680 acres	, -	ng Unit dedicated to this well Sec. 35 -20S-29E		
18. Distance from proposed location* Approx. 30'	19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/			20. BLM/E	/BIA Bond No. on file		
applied for, on this lease, ft.			06' & TVD8468'	NMB000			
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.)	1		nate date work will sta				
3358' GL		01/2014			60 days		
			hments				
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshor	re Oila ´∵∵.	nd Gaș (Order No.1, must be a	ttached to thi	s form:		
 Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. 			4. Bond to cover the Item 20 above).	he operation	ns unless covered by ar	existing l	oond on file (see
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).	Lands,	the	 Operator certific Such other site BLM. 		ormation and/or plans a	s may be r	equired by the
25. Signature		Name (Bill Mo	(Printed/Typed) Crory			Date 2 -2	5-14
Title Land Regulatory Agent					-		
Approved by (Significal Caffey		Name	(Printed/Typed)	ě		D TOCT	- 6 2014
Title FIELD MANAGER		Office	ĊA	RLSBAD	FIELD OFFICE		1
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant hold	ls legal	or equita	able title to those righ	ts in the sub	ject lease which would	entitle the a	applicant to
conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.				APP	ROVAL FOR	TWO	YEARS
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a cr States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as	rime fo to any i	r any pe natter wi	rson knowingly and value thin its jurisdiction.	villfully to m	ake to any department	or agency	of the United

(Continued on page 2)

*(Instructions on page 2)

Capitan Controlled Water Basin

Approval Subject to General Requirements & Special Stipulations Attached SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL DISTRICT I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 69240 Phone (575) 393-5161 Fex: (575) 393-6720 DISTRICT II 8611 S. First St., Artesia, NM 86210 Phono (575) 748-1283 Var. (575) 748-9720

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

1220 South St. Francis Dr.

Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011

Submit one copy to appropriate

District Office

6-10

DISTRICT III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd.; Aztec, NM 87410 Phone (505) 334-5178 Pax: (505) 334-5170

DISTRICT IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone (505) 478-3480 Faz: (505) 478-3482

Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

☐ AMENDED REPORT

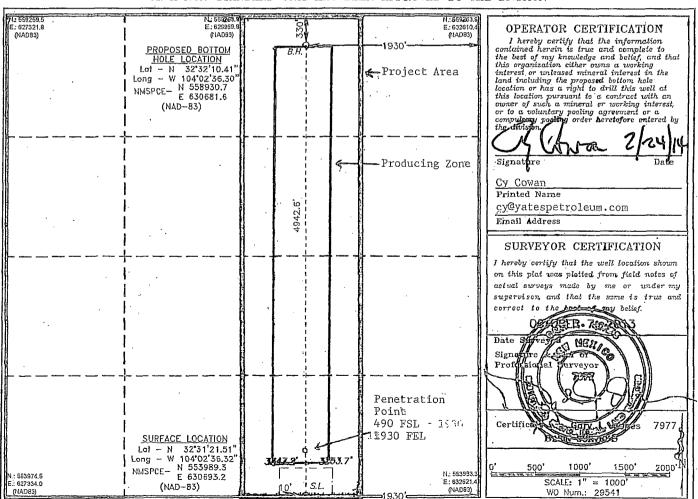
30-015-42	724 97995	Pool Name Jindeoignated; 2nd Bone Spring Sa	1000 P. D.J.
3 5126	Propert SOBER BEZ	•	4H
0GRID No. 025575	•	or Name IM CORPORATION	Elevation 3358

Surface Location

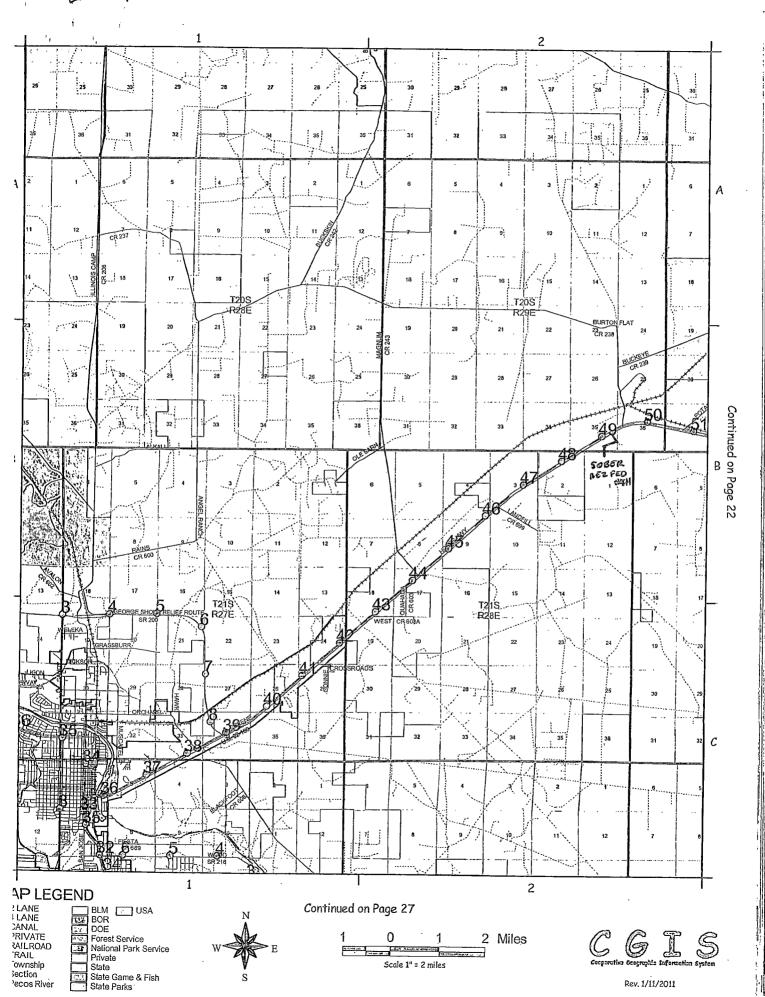
ĺ	UL or let No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	SOUTH/South line	Feet from the	East/EAST line	County
	0	35	20 5	29 E	·	10	SOUTH	1930	EAST	EDDY
	Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface									
Í	UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	SOUTH/South line	Feet from the	East/EAST line	County

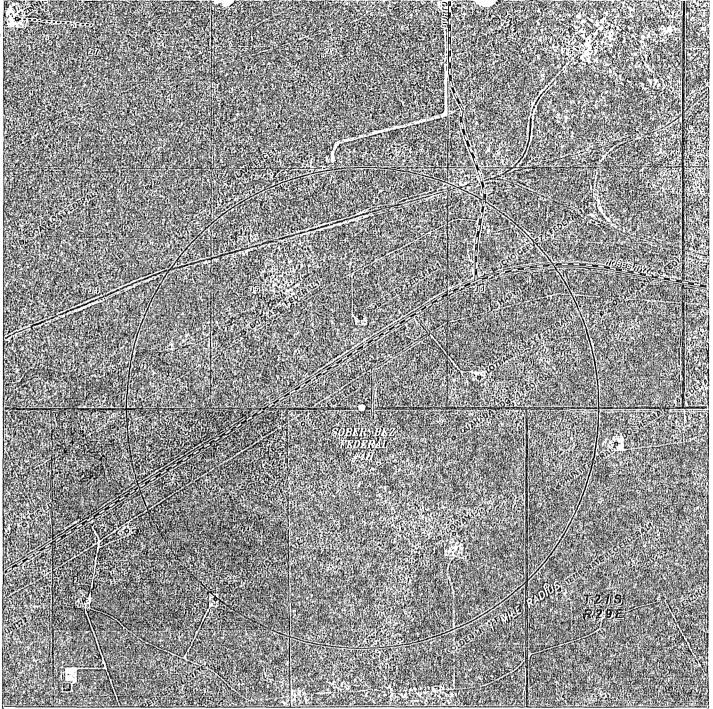
- 1	OF OF TOT MO.	Section	Mogueorb	Range	Lot lan	Feet from the	SOUTH\South line	reet from the	East/EAST line	County
ĺ	В	35	20 S	29 E	ľ	330	NORTH	1930	EAST	EDDY
	Dedicated Acres	Joint o	r Infill Co	esolidation (Code Or	der No.				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	160]						•		

NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED OR A NON-STANDARD UNIT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DIVISION



SOBER BEZ FED 4H





SOBER BEZ FEDERAL #4H

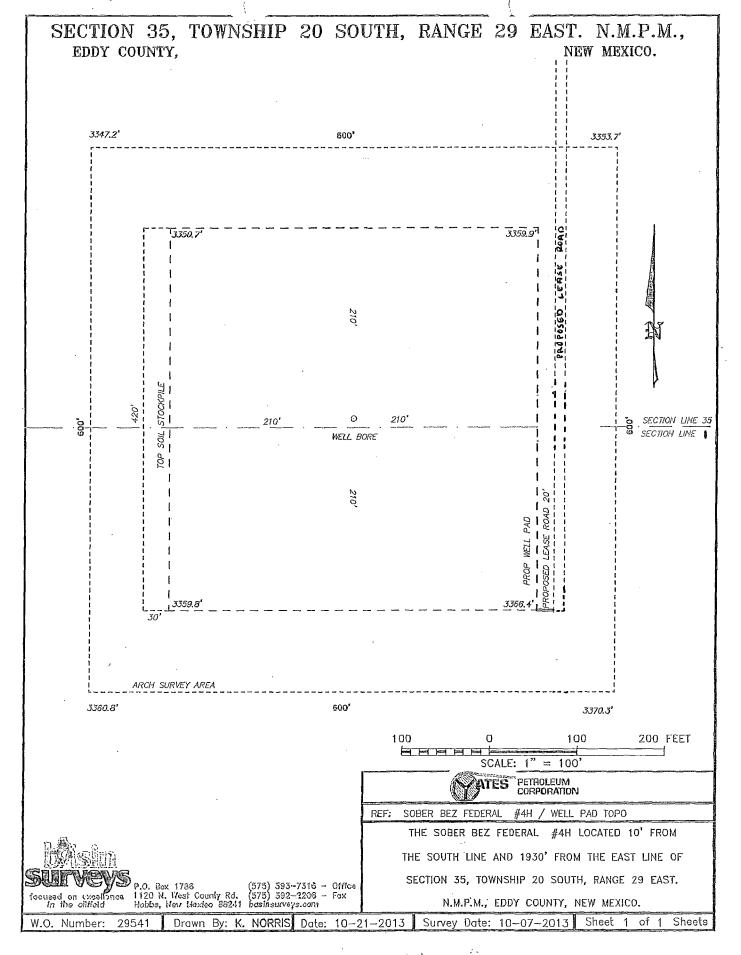
Located 10' FSL and 1930' FEL Section 35, Township 20 South, Range 29 East, N.M.P.M., EDDY County, New Mexico.



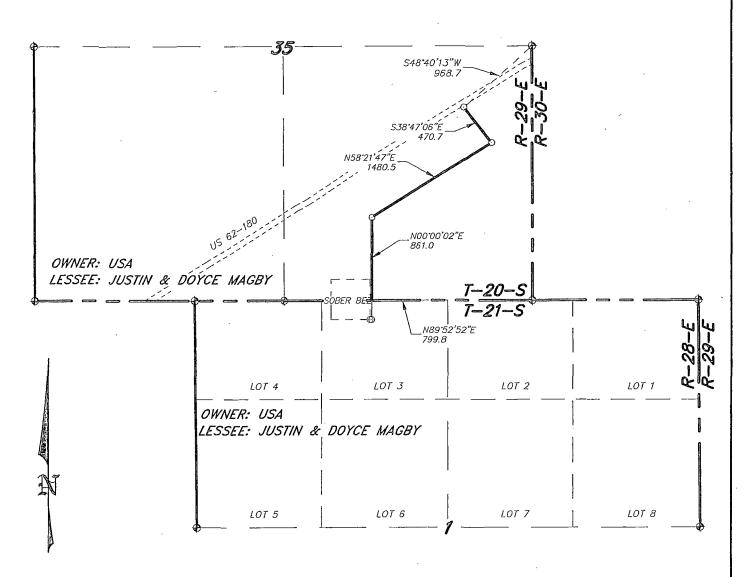
P.O. Box 1786 1120 N. West County Rd. Hobbs, New Mexico 88241 (575) 593-7516 - Office (575) 592-2206 - Fax basinsurveys.com

١	o' 1000' 2000' 3000' 4000'	
	SCALE: 1" = 2000'	1
	W.O. Number: KAM 29541	R
	Survey Date: 10-07-2013	d
-		IN .
	YELLOW TINT — USA LAND BLUE TINT — STATE LAND	
/	MATHRAL COLOR - FEE LAND	1 1





SECTION 35, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 29 EAST, N.M.P.M., EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.



LEGAL DESCRIPTION

A STRIP OF LAND 14.0 FEET WIDE, LOCATED IN SECTION 35, TOWNSHIP 20 SOUTH, RANGE 29 EAST, N.M.P.M., EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO AND BEING 7.0 FEET LEFT AND RIGHT OF THE ABOVE PLATTED CENTERLINE SURVEY.

1000

Sheet 2

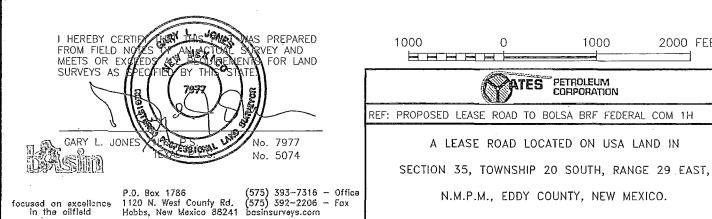
of 2

Sheets

Survey Date: 10-25-2013

2000 FEET

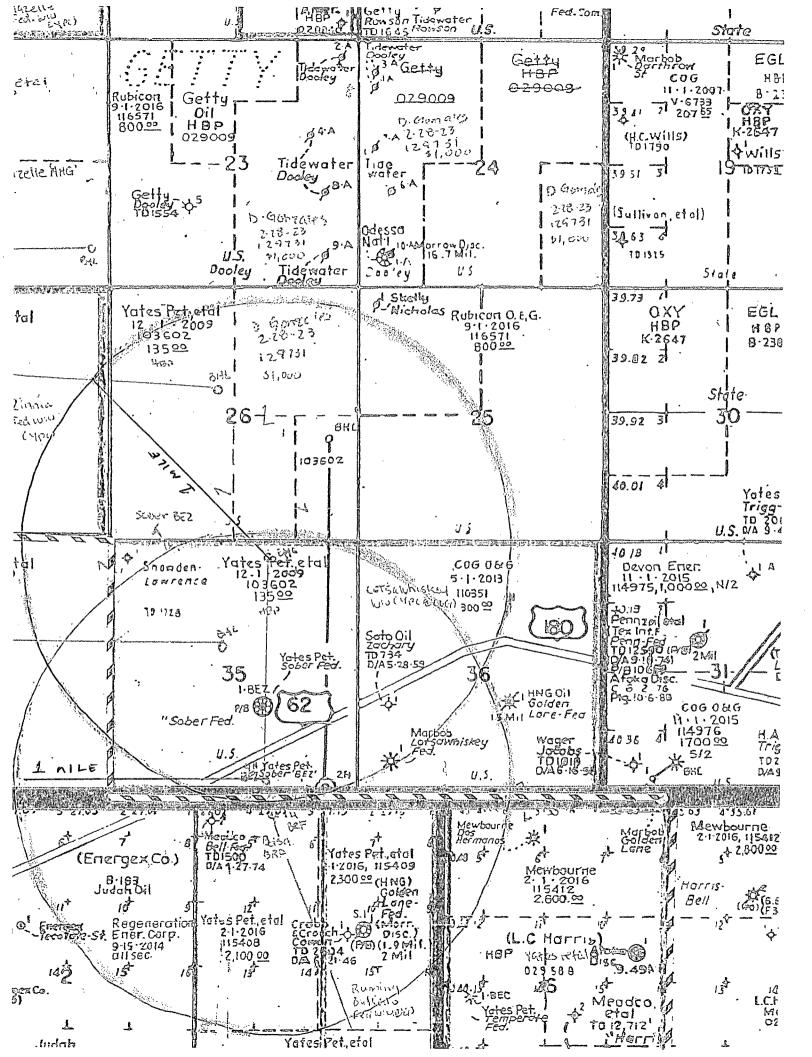
SECTION 35 = 2812.2 FEET = 170.44 RODS = 0.53 MILES = 0.90 ACRES



Drawn By: K. NORRIS Date: 01-13-2014

W.O. Number:

29613



YATES PETROLEUM CORPORATION

Sober BEZ Federal #4H 10' FNL & 1930' FEL, Section 35-T20S-R29E, Surface Hole 330'FNL & 1930' FWL, Section 35-T20S-R29E, Bottom Hole Eddy, New Mexico

1. THE ESTIMATED TOPS OF GEOLOGIC MARKERS ARE AS FOLLOW:

Rustler	308'	Brushy Canyon	4808'Oil	
Top of Salt	688'	Bone Spring LM	6398'	
Base of Salt	1318'	Avalon Sand	,6568'Oil	
Tansill	1363'	Middle Avalon	6678'Oil	
Yates	1428'Oil	Lower Avalon	7058'Oil	
Capitan Reef	1778'Water	Bone Spring 1/SD/	7558'Oil	
Delaware	3088'	Bone Spring 2/SD/	8181'-Oil	8178 'TVD
Cherry Canyon	3688'	Target SBSG	8766'	8491'TVD
		TD	13227.'	8468'-TVD

All depths above are measured depths when not labeled TVD(Total vertical Depth)

2. THE ESTIMATED DEPTHS AT WHICH ANTICIPATED WATER, OIL OR GAS FORMATIONS ARE EXPECTED TO

Water: Approx 250' - 350'

Oil or Gas: See above--All Potential Zones See COA

PRESURECONTROL EQUIPMENT: 3000 PSI BOPE with a 13.625" opening will be installed on the 13 3/8" and a 5000# BOP with a minimum opening of 11.0 opening on the 9 5/8" casing. A variance is requested for the use of a flex hose between the well head and manifold if Cactus Rig #124 is used to drill this well. The certification and specs are attached. Test will be conducted by an independent tester, utilizing a test plug in the well head. BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes on each segment of the system tested if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. Blind rams and pipe rams will be tested to the rated pressure of the BOP. Any leaks will be repaired at the time of the test. Annular preventers will be tested to 50% of rated pressure. Accumulator system will be inspected for correct pre charge pressures, and proper functionality, prior to connection to the BOP system. Tests will be conducted before drilling out from under all casing strings, which are set and cemented in place. Blowout Preventer controls will be installed prior to drilling the surface plug and will remain in use until the well is completed or abandoned. Preventers will be inspected and operated at least daily to ensure good mechanical working order, and this inspection recorded on the daily drilling report. See Exhibit B.

A Auxiliary Equipment:

Kelly cock, pit level indicators, flow sensor equipment and a sub with full opening valve to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position at all times for use when Kelly is not in use.

4. THE PROPOSED CASING AND CEMENTING PROGRAM:

A. Casing Program: (All New)

See COA

CASING	HOLE SIZE	CASING SIZE	WT./FT.	GRADE	COUPLING	INTERVAL	LENGTH
•							
Surface	30"	. 20"	94#	H-40	ST&C	0'-450'	450'
Intermediate 1	1.7 1/2"	13 3/8"	54.5#	J-55	ST&C	0'-80'	80'
Intermediate 1	17 1/2"	13 3/8"	48#	J-55/Hybrid	ST&C.	80'-1200'	1120'
Intermediate 1	17 1/2"	13 3/8"	54.5#	J-55	ST&C	1200'-1750'	550'
Intermediate 2	12 1/4"	9 5/8"	36#	J-55 or K-55	LT&C	0'-3150'	3150'
Production	8 3/4"	5 1/2"	17#	P-110	Buttress	0'-13227'	13227'

Minimum Casing Design Factors: Burst 1.0, Tensile 1.8, Collapse 1.125

B. CEMENTING PROGRAM: - See COA

Conductor Casing: Cement with Ready Mix to surface.

Surface Casing: Cement with 1090 sacks 35:65:6PzC (Yld 2.00 Wt. 12.50). Tail in with 210 sacks of 50/50 POZC CaCl2 (Yld. 1.34 Wt. 14.20). Cement designed with 100% excess. TOC surface.

Intermediate Casing 1: Lead with 1075 sacks of 35:65:6PzC (Yld 2.00 Wt 12.50 WTR 11.00). Tail in with 210 sacks of 50/50 POZC CaCl2 (Yld. 1.34 Wt. 14.20 WTR 6.20). Cement designed with 100% excess. TOC surface.

Intermediate Casing 2: Lead with 845 sacks of 35:65:6PzC (Yld 2.00 Wt 12.50 WTR 11.00). Tail in with 210 sacks of 50/50 PozC CaCl2 (Yld. 1.34 Wt. 14.20 WTR 6.20). Cement designed with 100% excess. TOC surface.

Production Cement will be done in 3 stages with DV tool at 5000 & 8000'.

Production Casing Stage 1: Lead with 900 sacks PecosVLLT (YLD 1.82 WT 13.00 WTR 9.30) 30% CaCO, 3.2% Expansion additive, 2% Antifoam, 0.8% Retarder, 15 Fluid Loss. TOC 8000

Seen

Production Casing Stage 2: Lead with 375 sacks 35:65:6PzC (Yld 2.00 Wt. 11.00 WTR 11.00). Tail in with 210 sacks 50/50 PozC CaCl2 (Yld 1.34 Wt. 14.20 WTR 6.20). Cement designed with 35% excess. TOC 5000'.

Production Casing Stage 3: Lead with 445 sacks 35:65:6PzC (Yld 2.00 Wt. 12.50 WTR 11.00). Tail in with 100 sacks of 50/50 PozC CaCl2 (Yld. 1.34 Wt. 14.20 WTR 6.20). Cement designed with 35% excess. TOC 1600°.

Well will be drilled vertically to 8013'. Well will then be kicked off at approximately 8013' and directionally drilled at 12 degrees per 100' with a 8 ¾" hole to 8766 MD (8491' TVD). Hole size will then be reduced to 8 ½" and drilled to 13229' MD (8468' TVD) where 5 ½" casing will be set and cemented in 3 stages. Packers and ports will be utilized in the lateral. A hydraulic stage packer tool will be set at approximately 8000' and a DV tool at approximately 5000'. Penetration point of producing zone will be encountered at 490' FSL and 1930' FEL, 35-20S-29E. Deepest TVD in the well is 8491' in lateral.

6. MUD PROGRAM AND AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT:

see COA

INTERVAL	TYPE	WEIGHT	VISCOSITY	FLUID LOSS
0-450	Fresh Water/Paper	8.60-9.20	32-34	N/C
#50'-1750'	Brine Water	10.00-10.20	28-29	N/C
1780'-3150'	Fresh Water	8.6 0-9.20	32-34	N/C
3150'-13227'	Cut Brine	8.80-9.20	28-32	<10cc

Sufficient mud material(s) to maintain mud properties, control lost circulation and contain a blow out will be available at the well site during drilling operations. The slow pump speed will be recorded on the daily drilling report after mudding up. A mud test will be performed every 24 hours after mudding up to determine, as applicable, viscosity, gel strength, filtration and pH. After surface casing is set an electronic PVT system will be installed as our primary mud level monitoring system. A secondary system will also be implemented as to insure the PVT system is functioning properly. The secondary system will be comprised of the derrick hand visually checking the fluid level in the pits periodically using a nut on the end of a rope hanging just above the fluid level in the pit.

Sober PEZ Federal #4H Page Three

7. EVALUATION PROGRAM: See COA

·Samples: 30' samples to 3000'. 10' Samples from 3000' to TD.

Logging:

GR Neutron 30 DEG DEV TO SURFACE DENSITY 30 DEG DEV TO INTERMEDIATE CSG, LATEROLOG 30 DEG DEV TO INTERMEDIATE CSG, CMR 30 DEG DEV TO INTERMEDIATE CSG, (SCHLUMBERGER TOOLS PLATFORM/HRLA/CMR) POSSIBLE FMI/DIPOLE SONIC 8500 TO 30 DEG DEV. If we drill the Bolsa BRF #1H that shares a pad, we will not log Sober BEZ Federal #4H.

8. ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, BOTTOM HOLE PRESSURE, AND POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

ANTICIPATED BOTTOM HOLE PRESSURES	
0' to 450'	215 PSI
450' to 1750'	928 PSI
1750'-3150'	1507 PSI
3150' to 8491'	4077 PSI

Abnormal Pressures Anticipated: None

Lost Circulation Zones Anticipated: Possible Capitan, 1778'

H2S Zones Anticipated: None Anticipated Maximum Bottom Hole Temperature: 155 F

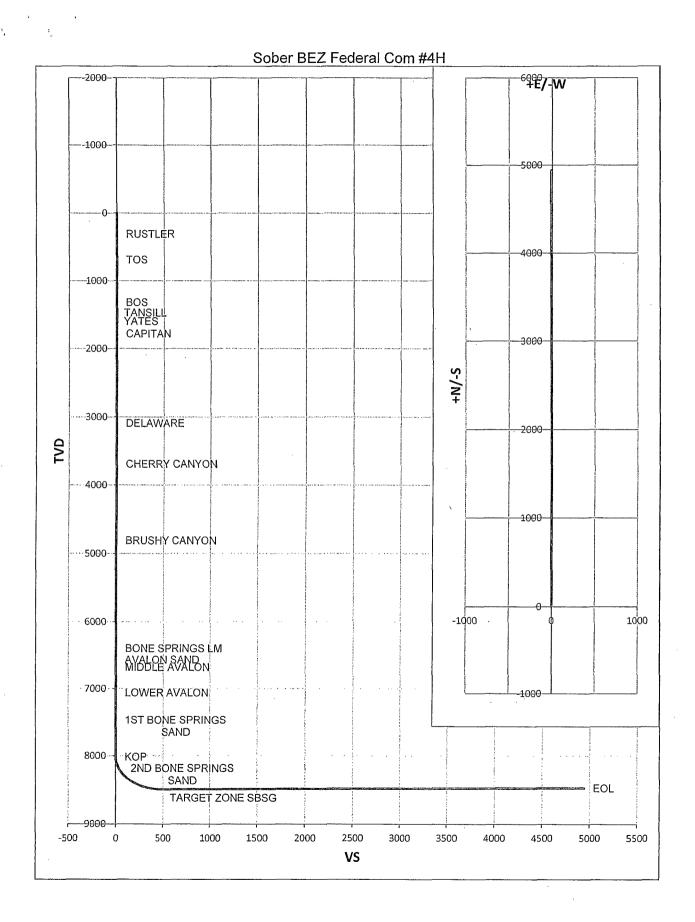
9. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE:

Plans are to drill this well as soon as possible after receiving approval. It should take approximately 60 days to drill the well with completion taking another 20 days.

Well Name: Sober BEZ Federal Com #4H	Tgt N/-S:	4941.40	
	Tgt E/-W:	-11.70	EOC TVD/MD: 8490.57 / 8765.53
Surface Location: Section 35 , Township 20S Range 29E	VS:	4941.41	
Bottom Hole Location: Section 35 , Township 20S Range 29E	VS Az:	359.86	EOL TVD/MD: 8468.00 / 13227.06

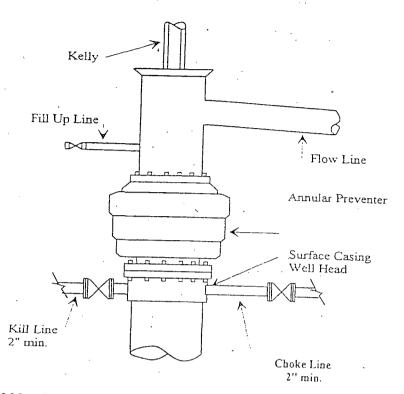
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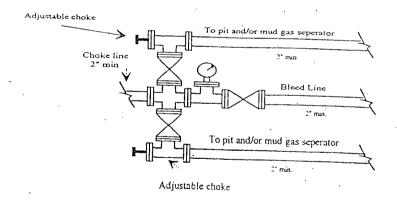




Typical low Pressure System
Schematic
Annular Preventer 2,000 psi



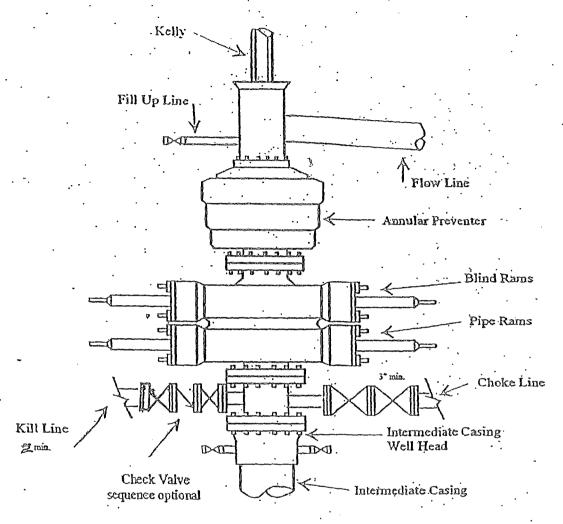
Typical 2,000 psi choke manifold assembly with at least these minimun features



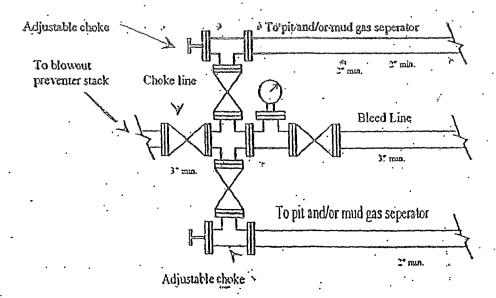


Yates Petroleum Corporation

Typical 3,000 psi Pressure System
Schematic
Annular with Double Ram Preventer Stack

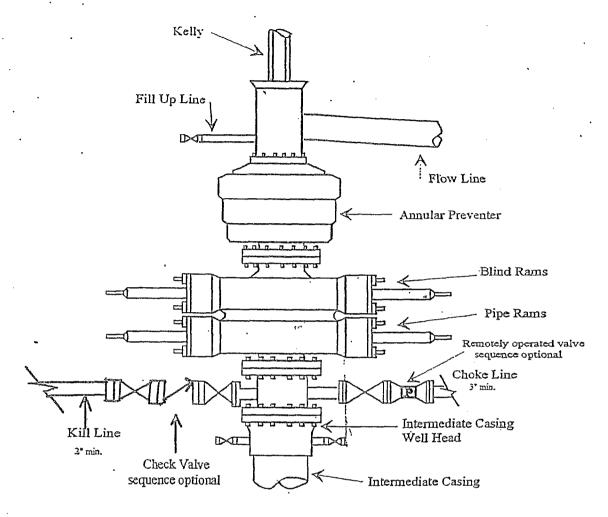


Typical 3,000 psi choke manifold assembly with at least these minimum features

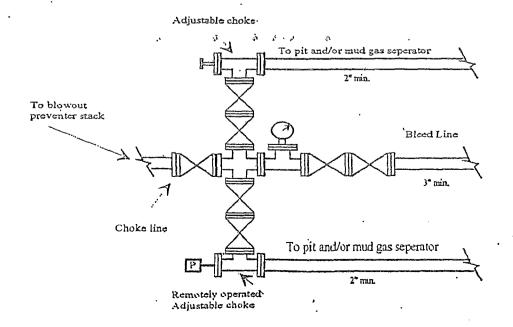


Yates Petroleum Corporation

Typical 5,000 psi Pressure System
Schematic
Annular with Double Ram Preventer Stack

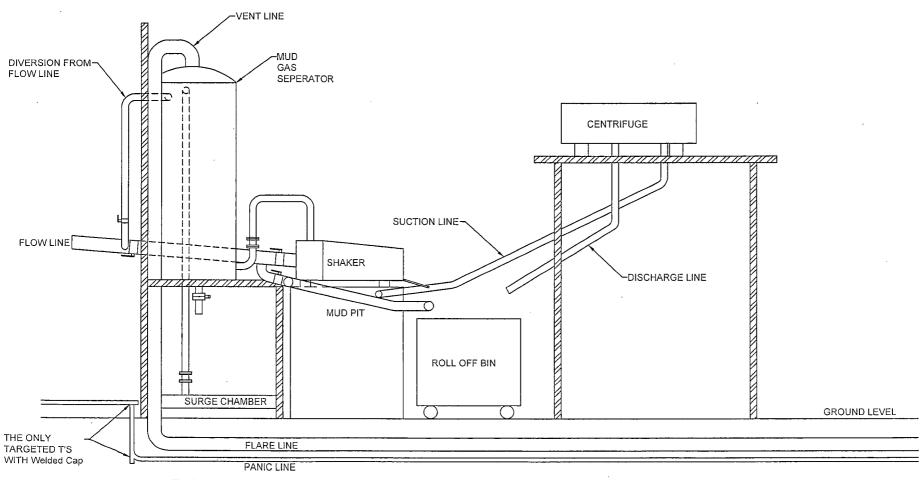


Typical 5,000 psi choke manifold assembly with at least these minimum features



YATES PETROLEUM CORPORATION

Piping from Choke Manifold to the Closed Loop Drilling Mud System.



The flare discharge must be 100' from wellhead for non H2S wells and 150' from wellhead for wells expected to encounter H2S.



Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.

Internal Hydrostatic Test Certificate

General Inform	nation	Hose Specifications			
Customer	ĆACTUS	Hose Assembly Type	Choke & Kill		
MWH Sales Representative	EVAN SPARKMAN	Certification	API 7K		
Date Assembled	12/11/2013	Hose Grade	MUD		
Location Assembled	ОКС	Hose Working Pressure	10000		
Sales Order#	191672	Hose Lot # and Date Code	11060 10/13		
Customer Purchase Order#	RIG#137 M12653	Hose I.D. (Inches)	4"		
Assembly Serial # (Pick Ticket #)	229391	Hose O.D. (Inches)	6.60"		
Hose Assembly Length	35 FEET	Armor (yes/no)	YES		
		ngs			
End A		End B			
Stem (Part and Revision #)	R4.0X64WB	Stem (Part and Revision #)	R4.0X64WB		
Stem (Heat #)	1311405220	Stem (Heat #)	1311405220		
Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF4.0	Ferrule (Part and Revision #)	RF4.0		
Ferrule (Heat #)	120368	Ferrule (Heat #)	120368		
Connection (Part #)	4 1/16" 10K	Connection (Part #)	4 1/16" 10K		
Connection (Heat #)		Connection (Heat #)			
Dies Used	6.62"	Dies Used	6.62"		
	Hydrostatic Tes	t Requirements			
Test Pressure (psi)	15,000	Hose assembly was tested w	ith ambient water		
Test Pressure Hold Time (minutes)	16.1/2	temperatur	e.		
and the second of the second o					
Date Tested	Tested	Ву Ар	pproved By		
12/11/2013	1 -1/0	$a \perp \qquad \qquad Dh$	Ve MAH		

Standard Safety Multiplier Applies



Internal Hydrostatic Test Graph

December 11, 2013

Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.

Customer: Cactus

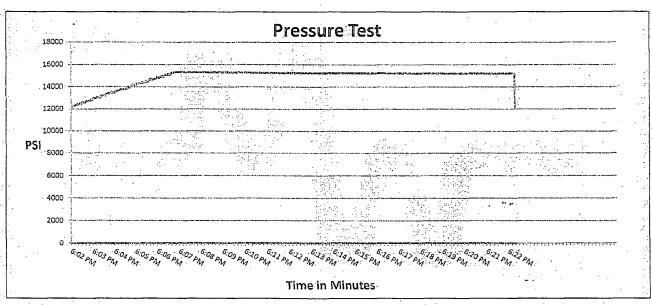
Pick Ticket #: 229391

Hose Specifications

Hose Type	Length
Mud	.35'
<u>l.D.</u>	<u>O.D.</u>
4"	6.13"
rking Pressure	Burst Pressure
/10000 PSI	Standard Safety Multiplier App

Verification -

Type of Fitting	Coupling Method
4 1/16 10K	Swage
<u>Die Size</u>	<u>Final O.D.</u>
6.62"	6.66"
Hose Serial #	Hose Assembly Serial #
11060	229391



Test Pressure 15000 PSI

Time Held at Test Pressure 16 2/4 Minutes

Actual Burst Pressure

Peak Pressure 15483 PSI

Comments: Hose assembly pressure tested with water at ambient temperature.

Tested By: Tony Kellington

Approved By: Phil Maytubby



Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.

	ermicate o	f Conformity ,
Customer: CACTUS		Customer P.O.# RIG#137 M12653
Sales Order# 191672		Date Assembled: 12/11/2013
	Specific	cations
Hose Assembly Type:	Choke & Kill	
Assembly Serial #	229391	Hose Lot # and Date Code 11060 10/13
Hose Working Pressure (psi)	10000	Test Pressure (psi) 15000

We hereby certify that the above material supplied for the referenced purchase order to be true according to the requirements of the purchase order and current industry standards.

Supplier:

Midwest Hose & Specialty, Inc.

3312 S I-35 Service Rd

Oklahoma City, OK 73129

Comments:

Approved By		Date	
Dille Wett		12/11/2013	
I receipt fragues of			

Yates Petroleum Corporation Closed Loop System

Equipment Design Plan

Closed Loop System will consist of:

- 1 double panel shale shaker
- 1 (minimum) Centrifuge, certain wells and flow rates may require 2 centrifuges On certain wells, the Centrifuge will be replaced by a Clackco Settling Tank System
- 1 minimum centrifugal pump to transfer fluids
- 2-500 bbl. FW Tanks
- 1-500 bbl. BW Tank
- 1 half round frac tank 250 bbl. capacity as necessary to catch cement / excess mud returns generated during a cement job.
- 1 Set of rail cars / catch bins

Certain wells will use an ASC Auger Tank

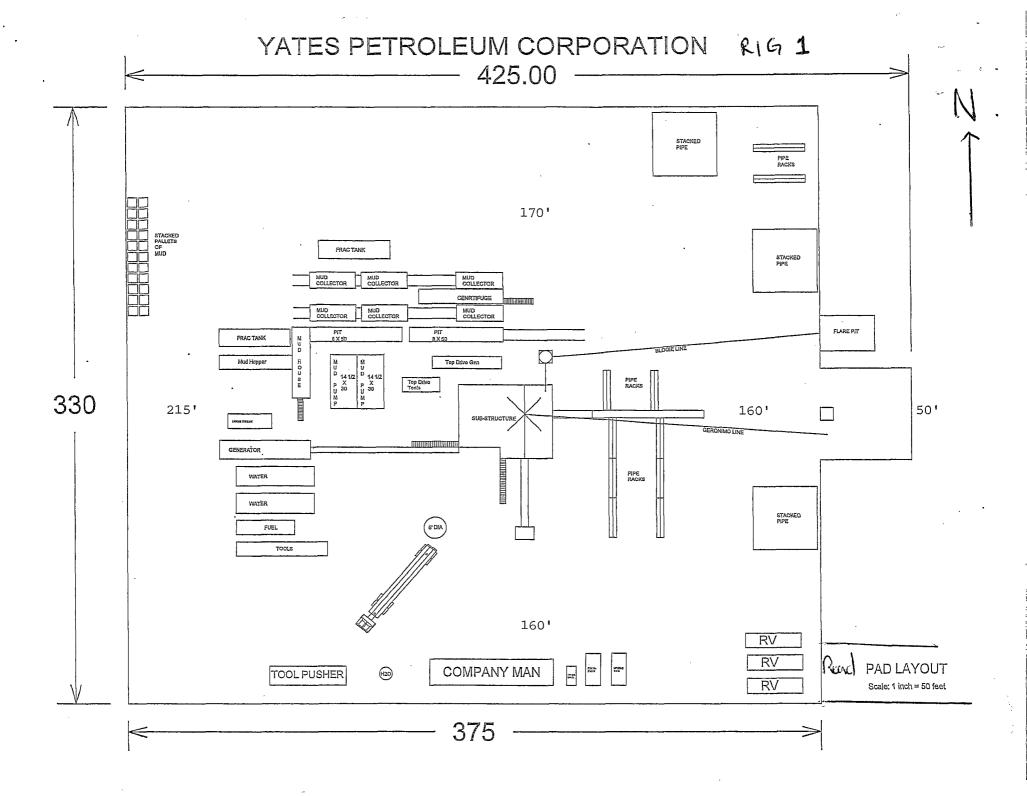
Operation Plan

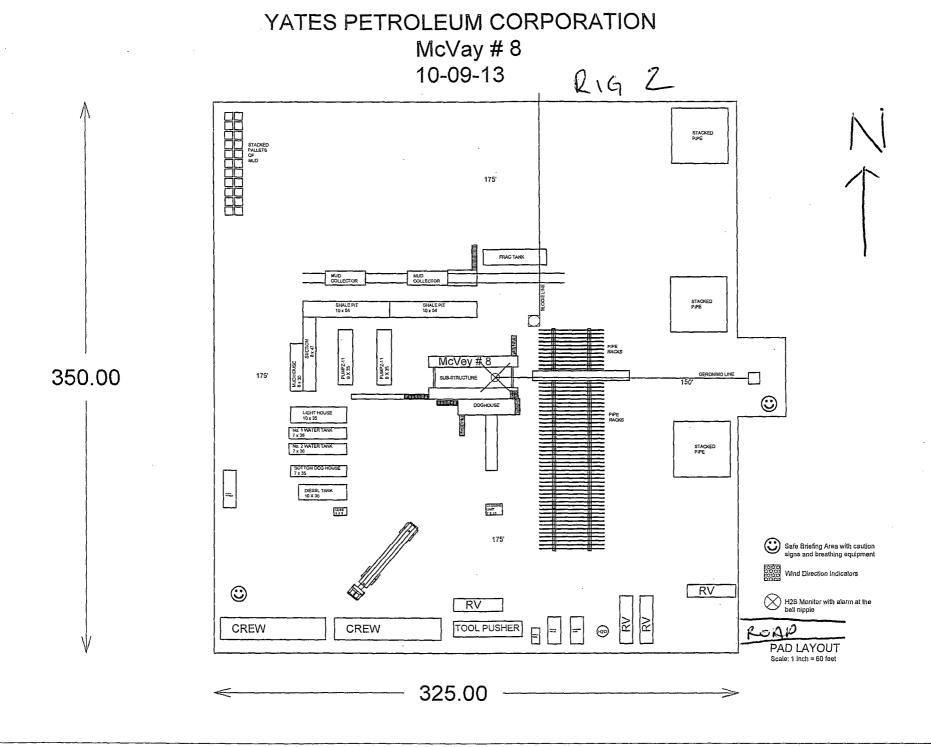
All equipment will be inspected at least hourly by rig personnel and daily by contractors' personnel.

Any spills / leaks will be reported to YPC, NMOCD, and cleaned up without delay.

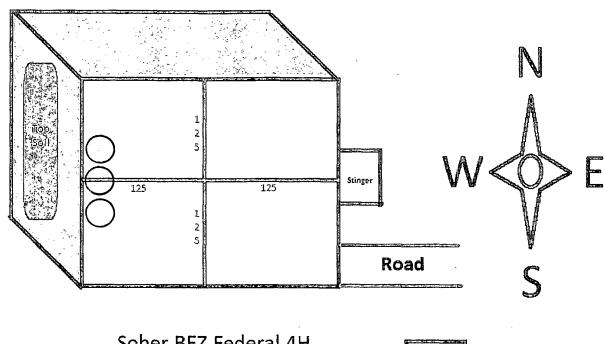
Closure Plan

Drilling with Closed Loop System, haul off bins will be taken to Gandy Marley, Lea Land Farm, CRI or Sundance Services Inc.





Reclamation Plat

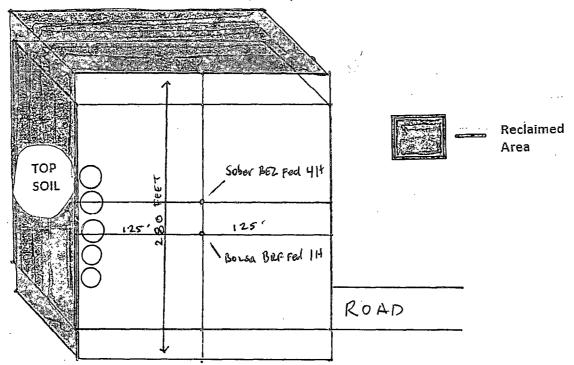


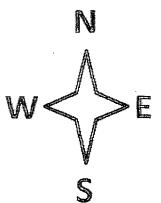
Sober BEZ Federal 4H Section 35, T-20S, R-29E

Reclamed Area

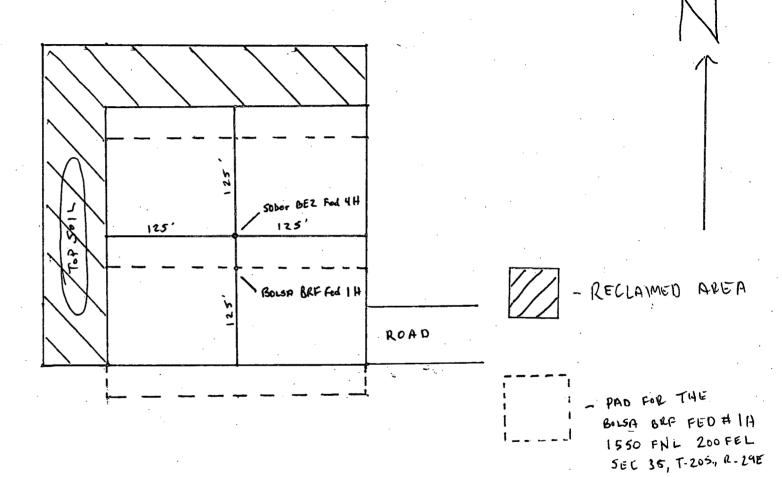
Reclamation Plat Sober BEZ Federal 4H 10 FSL 1930 FEL Bolsa BRF Federal 1H 1550 FNL 200 FEL

Pad Shared Surface Hole 30 Feet Apart both in Section 35, T-20S, R29E





RECLAMATION PLAT SOBER BEZ FEDURAL 4H 10 PSL 1930 FEL SECTION 35, T-205, R-29E



Yates Petroleum Corporation 105 S. Fourth Street Artesia, NM 88210

Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Contingency Plan

Emergency Procedures

In the case of a release of gas containing H₂S, the first responder(s) must isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE. Additionally the first responder(s) must evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE. First responder(s) must take care not to injure themselves during this operation. Company and/or local officials must be contacted to aid in this operation. Evacuation of the public should be beyond the 100 ppm ROE.

All responders must have training in the detection of H₂S, measures for protection against the gas, equipment used for protection and emergency response. Additionally, responders must be equipped with H₂S monitors and air packs in order to control the release. Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries during the response.

Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

Characteristics of H2S and SO2

Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen Sulfide	H_2S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm

Contacting Authorities

YPC personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. YPC Company response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

Yates Petroleum Corporation Phone Numbers

YPC Office	(575) 749 1471
Wade Bennett/Prod Superintendent	(313) 140-1411 3224 247 (575)
	(575) 740-4220
Mike Larkin/Drilling	(575) (48-4222
Paul Hanes/Prod. Foreman/Roswell	(5/5) 624-2805
Tim Bussell/Drilling Superintendent	
Artesia Answering Service	(5/5) /48-4302
(During non-office hours)	•
Agency Call List	•
Eddy County (575)	
Artesia	
State Police	746-2703
City Police	746-2703
Sheriff's Office	746-9888
Ambulance	911
Fire Department	746-2701
LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	
NMOCD	748-1283
Carlsbad State Police	
City Police	
Sheriff's Office	002-2111
	· ·
Ambulance	
Fire Department	885-2111
LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	
US Bureau of Land Management	
New Mexico Emergency Response Commission (Santa Fe)	(505)476-9600
24 HR	(505) 827-9126
New Mexico State Emergency Operations Center	(505) 476-9635
National Emergency Response Center (Washington, DC)	(800) 424-8802
Other	
Boots & Coots IWC1-800-256-9688 or (281) 931-8884	
Cudd Pressure Control(915) 699-0139 or (915) 563-3356	
Halliburton(575) 746-2757	•
·	
B. J. Services(575) 746-3569	
Flight For Life 4000 24th St. Lubbook TV	206) 742 0011
Flight For Life -4000 24th St, Lubbock, TX	
Med Flight Air Amb 2301 Yale Blvd SE #D3, Albuq, NM	
S B Air Med Svc 2505 Clark Carr Loop SE, Albuq, NM	303) 842-4949

Yates Petroleum Corporation

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan

I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H2S).
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of H2S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile tubular are to be used, personnel well be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan and H2S Contingency Plan.

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H2S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H2S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H2S Drilling Operation Plan and the H2S Contingency Plan. The location of this well does not require a Public Protection Plan.

II. H2S SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

NOTE: All H2S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonably expected to contain H2S.

1. Well Control Equipment:

- A. Flare line
- B. Choke manifold will have a remotely operated adjustable choke system.
- C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- D. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: annular preventer & rotating head.

2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

A. Mark II Survive Air (or equivalent) 30-minute units located in the doghouse and at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram.

3. H2S detection and monitoring equipment:

A. 3 portable H2S monitors positioned at: Shale Shaker, Bell Nipple, and Rig Floor. These units have warning lights and audible sirens when H2S levels of 10 PPM are reached.

4. Visual warning systems:

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram (attached).
- B. Caution/Danger signs (attached) shall be posted on roads providing direct access to location. Signs will be painted with high visibility yellow with black lettering of a sufficient size to be readable at a reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used, when appropriate. See example attached.

5. Mud program:

A. The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H2S circulated to the surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H2S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H2S bearing zones.

6. Metallurgy:

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H2S service.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H2S trim.

7. Communication:

- A. Cellular communications in company vehicles.
- B. Land line (telephone) communication at the Office.

8. Well testing:

A. There will be no drill stem testing.

EXHIBIT

DANGER POISONS GAS HYDROGEN SULFIDE



NORMAL OPERATIONS

(GREEN)

CAUTION POTENTIAL DANGER

(YELLOW)



DANGER POISONS GAS ENCOUNTERED

(RED) AUTHORIZED PERSONAL ONLY. LOCATION SECURED.

1-575-746-1096

1-877-879-8899

EDDY COUNTY EMERGENCY NUMBERS ARTESIA FIRE DEPT. 575-746-5050 ARTESIA POLICE DEPT. 575-746-5000 EDDY CO. SHERIFF DEPT. 575-746-9888

HOBBS FIRE DEPT. 575-397-9308 HOBBS POLICE DEPT. 575-397-9285 LEA CO. SHERIFF DEPT. 575-396-1196

MULTI-POINT SURFACE USE AND OPERATIONS PLAN Yates Petroleum Corporation

Sober BEZ Federal #4H 10 FSL and 1930' FEL - Surface Hole Location 330' FNL and 1930' FWL -Bottom Hole Location Section 35, T20S-R29E Eddy County, New Mexico

This plan is submitted with Form 3160-3, Application for Permit to Drill, covering the above described well. The purpose of this plan is to describe the location of the proposed well, the proposed construction activities and operations plan, the magnitude of the surface disturbance involved and the procedures to be followed in rehabilitating the surface after completion of the operations, so that a complete appraisal can be made of the environmental effect associated with the operations.

1. EXISTING ROADS:

(See Exhibits) is a portion of the BLM map showing the well and roads in the vicinity of the proposed location. The proposed well site is located approximately 25 miles southeast of Malaga, New Mexico and the access route to the location is indicated in red and green on Exhibit A. Operator will maintain existing roads in condition the same or better than before operations begin. Operator will repair pot holes, clear ditches, repair the crown, etc. All existing structures along the entire access route such as cattle guards, other range improvement projects, culverts, etc. will be properly repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. Operator will reasonably prevent and abate fugitive dust as needed when created by vehicular traffic and equipment caused by the operator. The BLM's written approval will be acquired before application of surfactants, binding agents, or other dust suppression chemicals on roadways.

DIRECTIONS:

(See Exhibits) From Carlsbad, go East on highway 62/180 for approximately 13 miles. Turn right on existing lease road and follow (.1) tenth of a mile. Turn right and follow the lease road approximately (.3) tenths of a mile. The new access road will start here going left approximately (.2) tenths of a mile to the Southeast corner of the proposed well location.

2. PLANNED ACCESS ROAD.

- A. (See Exhibits) The proposed new access road will go for approximately 861 feet from the point of origin to the southeast corner of well location. The road will lie in a north to south direction. The road will be crowned and ditched to a 2% slope from the tip of the crown to the edge of the driving surface.
- B. The new road will be 14 feet in width (driving surface) and will be adequately drained to control to control runoff and soil erosion. Ditches will be 3' wide with a 3:1 slopes.
- C. The new road will be bladed with drainage on one side. A traffic turnout may be built.
- D. Existing roads will be maintained in the same or better condition.
- E. The route of road is visible.
- F. There will be 1951 feet of existing roads upgraded.

LOCATION OF EXISTING WELL

- A. There is drilling activity within a one-mile radius of the well site.
- B. Exhibit shows existing wells within a one-mile radius of the proposed well site.

4. LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED FACILITIES

- A. There are production facilities on this lease at the present time.
- B. There will be a tank battery on west side of location.

5. LOCATION AND TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY:

A. It is planned to drill the proposed well with a fresh water system. The water will be obtained from commercial sources and will be hauled to the location by truck over the existing and proposed roads shown in Exhibit A.

6. SOURCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS:

Dirt contractor will locate closest pit and obtain any permits and materials needed for construction of the well location.

METHODS OF HANDLING WASTE DISPOSAL:

A. This well will be drilled with a closed loop system

B. The closed loop system will be constructed, maintained, and closed in compliance with the State of New Mexico, Energy and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division – the "Pit Rule" 19.15.17 NMAC.

C. Drilling fluids will be removed after drilling and completions are completed.

D. Water produced during operations will be collected in tanks until hauled to an approved disposal system, or separate disposal application will be submitted.

E. Oil produced during operations will be stored in tanks until sold.

F. Current laws and regulations pertaining to the disposal of human waste will be complied with.

- G. All trash, junk, and other waste materials will be contained in trash cages or bins to prevent scattering and will be removed and deposited in an approved sanitary landfill. Burial on site is not approved.
- 8. ANCILLARY FACILITIES: None.

9. WELLSITE LAYOUT:

A. Yates has staked a 420' x 420' "Pad Clearance Area." This area can contain the regularly used rigs Yates utilizes in Southeastern New Mexico. The actual pad size to be constructed would be smaller than the "Pad Clearance Area." This area was staked at this size with aid from the BLM, since the actual pad size/drilling rig is unknown at this time. Yates will submit a Sundry Notice with a rig layout depicting the actual size of the pad to be constructed with the dimensions from the well bore to all four sides of the pad with the same orientation as the "Pad Clearance Area." Yates will not construct the well pad until the rig layout is approved through the Sundry Notice.

- B. Please note exhibits Rig Size #1 and Rig Size #2 show the relative location and dimensions of the well pad, location of the drilling equipment, pulling unit orientation and access road approach. The closed loop system will be constructed, maintained, and closed in compliance with the State of New Mexico, Energy and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division the "Pit Rule" 19.15.17 NMAC.
- C. A 600' x 600' area has been staked and flagged.

10. PLANS FOR RESTORATION:

- A. After finishing drilling and/or completion operations, all equipment and other material not needed for further operations will be removed. The location will be cleaned of all trash and junk to leave the well site in as aesthetically pleasing a condition as possible. The location will be reduced to a 250' x 250' after completion operations have been conducted. At this point the surfacing material will be removed and topsoil will be redistributed. The area will be contoured as closely as possible to its original state and reseeded. Please note attached Reclamation Plat.
- B. If the proposed well is plugged and abandoned, all equipment and other material will be removed. The location will be cleaned of all trash and junk to leave the well site in as aesthetically pleasing a condition as possible. At this point the surfacing material will be removed, topsoil will be redistributed. The area will be contoured as closely as possible to its original location and reseeded. These actions will be completed and accomplished as expeditiously as possible.
- C. The reclamation of the pad will be done in sixty days if possible after the well is put in production.

11. SURFACE OWNERSHIP:

Surface Estate Bureau of Land Management

620 East Greene Street, Carlsbad, NM 88220.

Mineral Estate: Federal Lease NM-103602

Bureau of Land Management

620 East Greene Street, Carlsbad, NM 88220

12. OTHER INFORMATION:

A. Topography: Refer to the existing archaeological report for a description of the topography, flora, fauna, soil characteristics, dwellings, historical and cultural sites.

B. The primary surface use is for grazing.

CERTIFICATION YATES PETROLEUM CORPORATION

Sober BEZ Federal #4H 330 FNL & 1980' FEL Section 35-T20S-R29E Eddy County, New Mexico

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that the company I represent, is responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

Executed this 25 day of Pes. , 20/7.
Printed Name Bill McCrory
Signature 3
Position Title <u>Land Regulatory Agent</u>
Address 105 South Fourth Street, Artesia, NM 88210
Telephone <u>575-748-4401</u>
E-mail (optional) cy@yatespetroleumcom
Field Representative (if not above signatory)_Tim Bussell
Address (if different from above) Same
Telephone (if different from above) 575-748-4221

SoPECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:
LEASE NO.:
WELL NAME & NO.:
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE
LOCATION:
COUNTY:

VATES PETROLEUM
NM103602
4H-SOBER BEZ FEDERAL
10' FSL & 1930' FEL
Section 35, T. 20 S., R 29 E., NMPM
Eddy County, New Mexico

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Sundry Notice Required Prior to Construction
Cave/Karst
Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
Road Section Diagram
☑ Drilling
Capitan Reef
Medium Cave/Karst
Cement requirements
Logging Requirements
Waste Material and Fluids
Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Declaration

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Sundry Notice Required Prior to Construction

Yates must submit a sundry notice with a rig layout depicting the actual size of pad to be constructed with dimensions from the well bore to all four sides with the same orientation as the "Pad Clearance Area", v-door facing east. Yates cannot construct the well pad until the rig layout is approved through the sundry notice.

Cave and Karst

** Depending on location, additional Drilling, Casing, and Cementing procedures may be required by engineering to protect critical karst groundwater recharge areas.

Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production.

Construction:

In the advent that any underground voids are opened up during construction activities, construction activities will be halted and the BLM will be notified immediately.

No Blasting:

No blasting will be utilized for pad construction. The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.

Pad Berming:

The pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the pad. All sides will be bermed.

Tank Battery Liners and Berms:

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.

Leak Detection System:

A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. Leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM for approval.

Automatic Shut-off Systems:

Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns:

Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:

Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Directional Drilling:

Kick off for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cavebearing zone, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

Pressure Testing:

Annual pressure monitoring will be performed by the operator on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

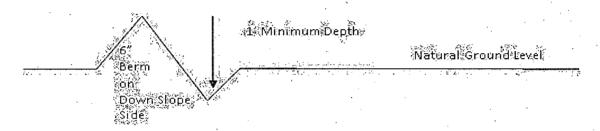
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%}$$
 + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattleguards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

- 1. Salvage topsoil
- 3. Redistribute topsoil
- 2. Construct road 4. Revegetate slopes

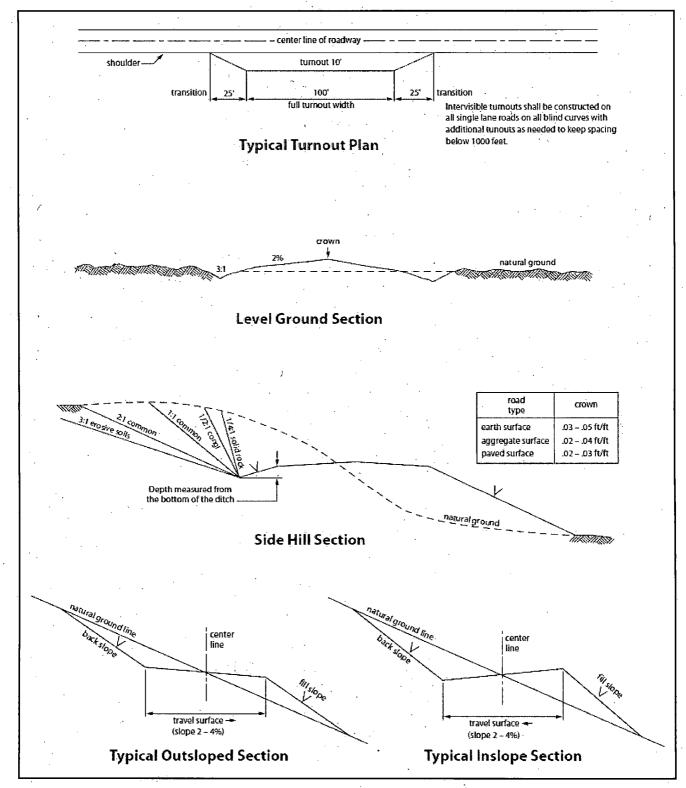


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Eddy County Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the 20" surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the

approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. IF OPERATOR DOES NOT HAVE THE WELL SPECIFIC CEMENT DETAILS ONSITE PRIOR TO PUMPING THE CEMENT FOR EACH CASING STRING, THE WOC WILL BE 30 HOURS. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Secretary's Potash; Capitan Reef; Medium Cave/Karst Possibility of water and brine flows in the Capitan Reef, Artesia Group, Rustler Formation, and Salado group. Possibility of lost circulation in the Rustler, Capitan Reef, Delaware, and Artesia Group.

- 1. The 20 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 533 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

2.	The minimum required fill of cement behind the 13-3/8 inch 1 st intermediate casing, which shall be set at approximately 1650 feet, (base of Yates) is:
	□ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to Potash, medium cave/karst and Capitan Reef.
3.	The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch 2 nd intermediate casing, which shall be set at approximately 3150 feet, is:
	□ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to Potash, medium cave/karst and Capitan Reef.
4.	The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
	Operator has proposed DV tool at depth of 8,000' and 5,000'. Operator is to submit sundry if DV tool depth varies by more than 100' from approved depth.
	a. First stage to DV tool:
· ·	 ⊠ Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve circulation on the next stage. Additional cement Shall be required as excess calculates to neg 20%
	b. Second stage to DV tool:
	Ement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve circulation on the next stage.
	c. Third stage to DV tool:
	Cement should tie-back at least 50' above top of Capitan Reef. Operator shall provide method of verification. Additional cement Shall be required as excess calculates to 20%
5.	If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 20" surface easing shoe shall be 2000 (2M) psi.
 - a. For surface casing only: If the BOP/BOPE is to be tested against casing, the wait on cement (WOC) time for that casing is to be met (see WOC statement at start of casing section). Independent service company required.
- 6. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 13-3/8" casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi.
- 4. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 9-5/8" second intermediate casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi. 5M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time.
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**. The operator also has the option of utilizing an

independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (18 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).

- c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock.
- d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

- B. PIPELINES (Not applied for in APD)
- C. ELECTRIC LINES (Not applied for in APD)

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species	lb/acre
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed