NM OILCOMSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

Form 3160-3 (March 2012)	FEB 1 2 20	I ONI	FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires October 31, 2014		
Med Cave Kart UNITED S DEPARTMENT OF BUREAU OF LAN		5. Lease Serial No NM-480904B),		
	IT TO DRILL OR REENTER	6 If Indian, Allot	ee. or Tribe Name		
la. Type of work: DRILL		7 If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. ROSS DRAW UNIT (NMNM-71027X)			
lb. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well Oth	ther Single Zone Multi	8. Lease Name an ROSS DRAW UN			
2. Name of Operator RKI EXPLORATION & PRODU	JCTION, LLC.	9. API Well No.	- 42945		
3a. Address 210 PARK AVENUE. SUITE 900 OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA 73102	10. Field and Pool, o ROSS DRAW; D				
Location of Weil (Report location clearly and in accordant At surface 1980 FSL & 1800 FWL	oce wiin any State requirements.**j	11. Sec., T. R. M. (ii SECTION 22, T.	Blk. and Survey or Area 26 S., R. 30 E.		
At proposed prod. zone SAME i4. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post of the MILES SOUTHEAST OF MALAGA, NM	office [‡]	12. County or Parish	i 13. State		
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No. of acres in lease 640	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to thi	ng Unit dedicated to this well		
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft.	19. Proposed Depth TD: 7500'	20. DLM/DIA Bond No. on file NLM-NMB-000460			
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3039' GL	22. Approximate date work will stand	23. Estimated dura 25 DAYS	lion		
•	24. Attachments	•			
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements	of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No.1, must be a	ched to this form:			
 Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Fores SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service O 	Item 20 above). st System Lands, the 5. Operator certification 5.	operations unless covered by tion pecific information and/or plans			
25. Signature Clay W. Title	Name (Printed/Typed) BARRY W. HUNT		Date 7/11/14		
	PRODUCTION, LLC.		,		
Approved by (Signature)	Name (Printed/Typed)		FEB 9 2015		
Title FIELD MANAGER	Office	CARLSBAD FIELD OFFIC	CE		
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the appl conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	licant holds legal or equitable fifle to those righ	in the subject lease which woul	d entitle the applicant to		
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, m States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or represen	nake it a crime for any person knowingly and tations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.		OR TWO YEARS t or agency of the United		
(Continued on page 2)	Must be in compliance wi	NMOCD *(In	structions on page 2)		
0.11		Rule 5.9 prior to transporting/selling			
Carlsbad Controlled Water Basin	product.		AD 215/		

Approval Subject to General Requirements & Special Stipulations Attached SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access road proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions that presently exist; that I have full knowledge of State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct, and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or RKI Exploration and Production, LLC am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U. S. C. 1001 for the filing of false statements. Executed this 7th day of July 2014.

Signed:

Printed Name: Barry Hunt

Position: Agent for RKI Exploration & Production, LLC. Address: 1403 Springs Farm Place, Carlsbad, NM 88220

Telephone: (575) 361-4078

E-mail: specialtpermitting@gmail.com

DISTRICT I

1623 N. Franch Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240

Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720

DISTRICT II

811 S. Fran St., Arteria NM 88210

Phone: (575) 748-1287 Fax: (575) 748-9720

DISTRICT III

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Artee, NM 87410

Phone: (595) 344-6178 Fax: (595) 334-6170

DISTRICT IV

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

Phone: (590) 3476-3460 Fax: (595) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011

Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

☐ AMENDED REPORT

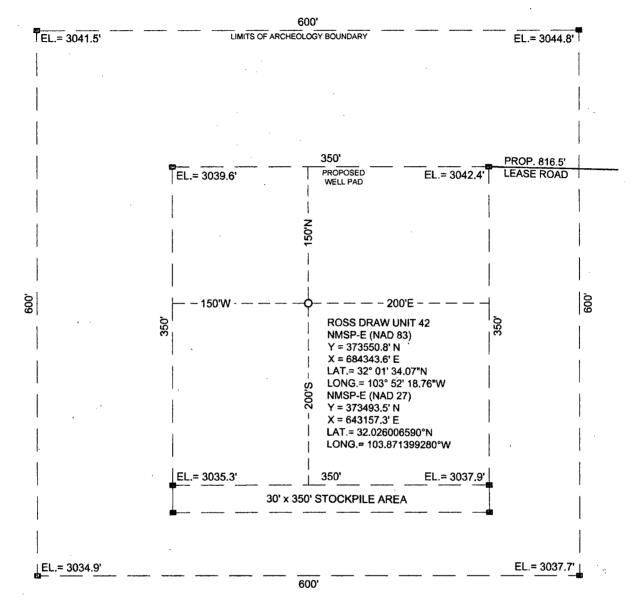
WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

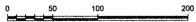
30 OK	S-4	1945		Pool Code 52795		Pool Name ROSS DRAW; DELAWARE EAST			
3124	3/	Prope ROSS DI				TINL	Well Number 42		
OGRID 1 24628			Operator Name RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION				Elevation 3039'		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4			Surface Locat	ion			
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
K	22	26 S	30 E		1980	SOUTH	1800	WEST	EDDY
	<u> </u>		Bott	om Hole L	ocation If Diffe	erent From Surfac	e		
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
		,			. ~				,
Dedicated Acres	Joint or	r Infill	Consolidated Co	de Order	No.			<u> </u>	
40	ļ								
<u></u>									

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

			
NW COR SEC 22 NMSP-E (NAD 83) N (Y) = 376876.3' E (X) = 682519.0'		NE COR SEC 22 NMSP-E (NAD 83) N (Y) = 376910.9' E (X) = 687647.0'	OPERATOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order hereiffore entered by the division.
			Signature Barry W. Hurt E-mail Address
	ROSS DRAW UNIT 42		SURVEYORS CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the well location shown on this
1800'	NMSP-E (NAD 83) Y = 373550.8' N X = 684343.6' E LAT.= 32° 01' 34.07"N LONG.= 103° 52' 18.76"W		plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief. March 18, 2013
, .	NMSP-E (NAD 27) Y = 373493.5' N X = 643157.3' E LAT.= 32.026006590°N ŁONG.= 103.871399280°W		Date of Survey Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor DATO MEXICO
SW COR SEC 22 NMSP-E (NAD 83)	1980'	SE COR SEC 22 NMSP-E (NAD 83)	ames (14729)
N (Y) = 371559.3' E (X) = 682558.1'		N (Y) = 371592.8' E (X) = 687883.7'	Job No.: WTC48877 JAMES E. TOMPKINS 14729 Certificate Number

SITE LOCATION





GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 100"

SECTION 22, T 26 S, R 30 E, N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY

STATE: NM

DESCRIPTION: 1980' FSL & 1800' FWL

OPERATOR: RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

WELL NAME: ROSS DRAW UNIT -42



DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

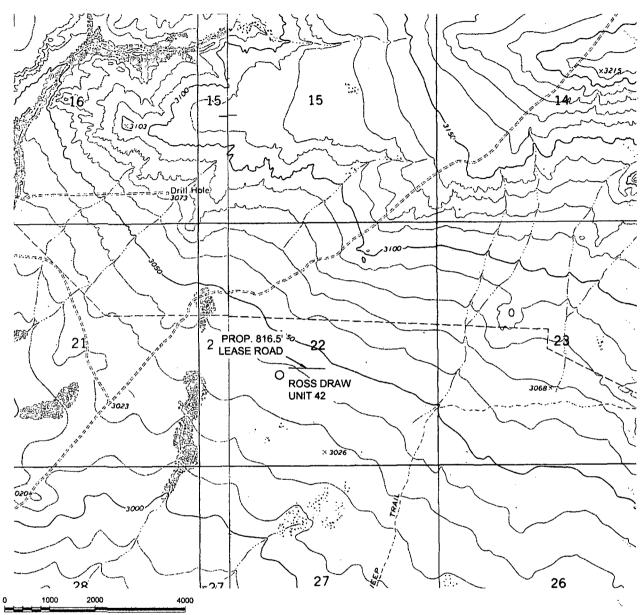
From the intersection of Stateline Road and County Road 1, go west on Stateline Road 9.1 miles to a lease road right. Go north 0.6 mile and turn right. Go east 0.2 mile and turn left. Go 0.8 mile and turn left and go 294 feet to the RDU #33 well pad. From the southwest corner of the RDU #33 well pad go west 816.5 feet to the location.



WEST TEXAS CONSULTANTS, INC. ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS 405 S.W. 1st. STREET ANDREWS, TEXAS 79714 (432) 523-2181

RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 2000'

SECTION 22, T 26 S, R 30 E, N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY

STATE: NM

DESCRIPTION: 1980' FSL & 1800' FWL

OPERATOR: RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

WELL NAME: ROSS DRAW UNIT -42



DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

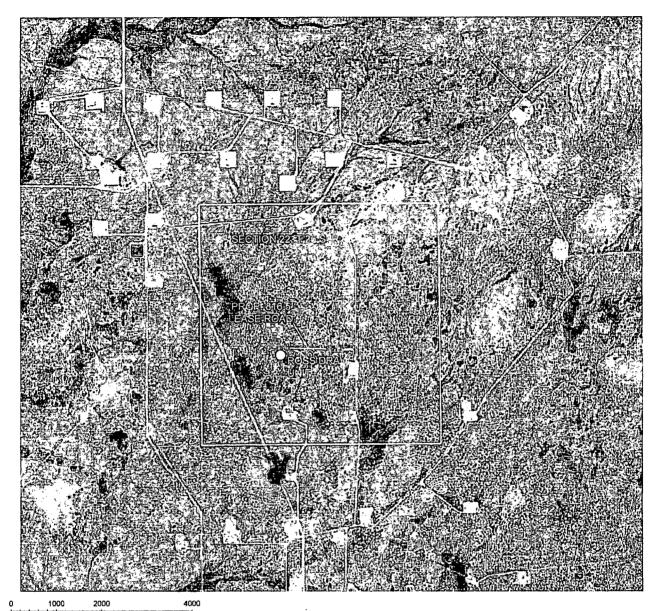
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WEST TEXAS CONSULTANTS, INC. ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS 405 S.W. 1st. STREET ANDREWS, TEXAS 79714 (432) 523-2181

RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

AERIAL MAP



GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 2000'

SECTION 22, T 26 S, R 30 E, N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY

STATE: NM

DESCRIPTION: 1980' FSL & 1800' FWL

OPERATOR: RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

WELL NAME: ROSS DRAW UNIT -42



DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

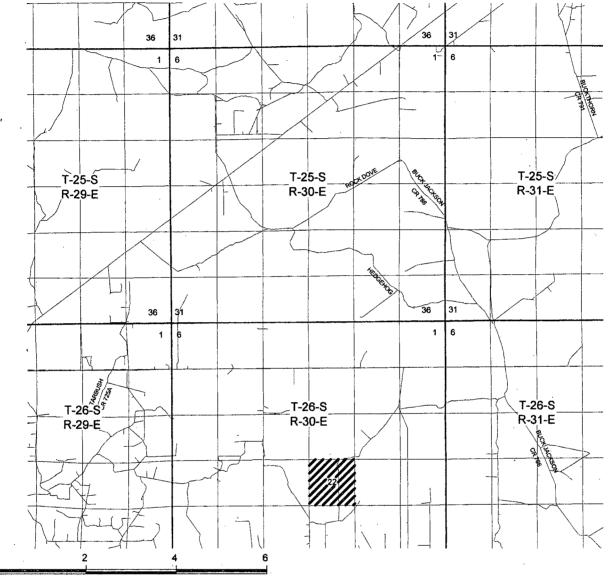
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WEST TEXAS CONSULTANTS, INC.
ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS
405 S.W. 1st. STREET
ANDREWS, TEXAS 79714
(432) 523-2181

RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

VICINITY MAP



GRAPHIC SCALE OF MILES 1" = 2 MILES

SECTION 22, T 26 S, R 30 E, N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY

STATE: NM

DESCRIPTION: 1980' FSL & 1800' FWL

OPERATOR: RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

WELL NAME: ROSS DRAW UNIT -42



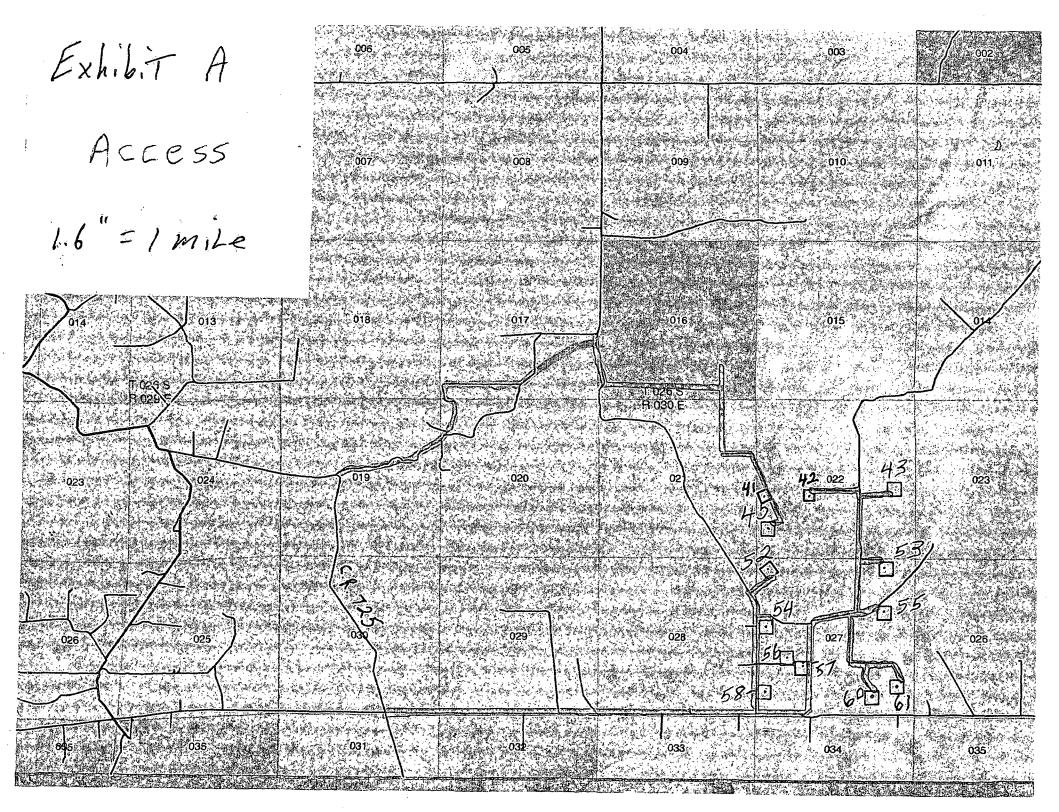
DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

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ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS
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ANDREWS, TEXAS 79714
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RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION



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Exhibit B				
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	(91 RDX 101 HDX 102 SUN 10 FEDERAL1 ALUNITY SUN 10 FEDERAL			
	(164 RDX 161 RDX 169			
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$\angle . \angle = m_1 \angle e$	<167 RDX 1610	RDX 1613 SUN 1	PRÉDERALI BE 13 FEC PASO 14 FEDERAL2 (DERAL
017 RDX 171	O O GRDX 1611	RDX 153	EL PASO 13 FET	ERAL
017 RDX 171 PIONEER FEDERAL4 RDX 182 RDX 185 RI	A 1000	SUNEX	PEDERAL4 } EL PASO 14 FEDERAL1	
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ROX FEDERAL 2113 ROSS DRAW-20-FEDE HAL COM1	DX 2114 HD0 722 FEDERAL 11 34 21-54, 6 H		CCALUSTER1	
	38 39.	HOSS DRAW UNIT20	EL PASO 23 FEDERAL2	
21.71 21.23	372			
020 021 21 3 21 73 2	134 88 42 022: 6 33	ROSS DRAW UNIT 17	023 KING1	
			EL PASO 23 FEL	EPALS
21:41 21:42 21:43	ROSS DRAW UNIT 18 ROSS DR	AWW.UNIT29 MCCARVER FEDE 12 ROSSIDRAW UNIT2 AVV.UNIT11	FIAL1	
FEDERALTPI	76 ROSSIDRAW UNITY	5 ROSS DRAWWNIT18		
SINCLAIR-REDERALT	RDU 27 FEDERAL	HROSS DRAW UNITAT POSS	DRAW UNIT22 AW UNIT23	
FEDERAL TP1 SINCLAIR FEDERAL18 13 SINCLAIR FEDERALTP1 FEDERAL TP1 28	ROSS DRAW10	RAW UNIT4	026 AMOCO FEE	ERAL1
029 FEDERAL AZ 1 ROSS DRAWUN	ROSS DR	AW UNIT21 00SS DRAW UNIT BB DEAW30ROSS DRAW32	25FIOSS DRAW UNIT25 HÓSS DRAW7ROSS DRAW7	16¢
	HOBS DRAW UNSTEENOSS D	RAW UNITE		
ABBY FEDERALS ABBY FEDE	ABBY FEDERALA ROSSI RALAABBY FEDERALA YABBY FEDERALA	DRAWI G-BOSS DRAWIUNITS	ROSS DRAW UNIT28	
ROSS DRAW FED COM ROSS DRAW UNI	034 ROSS DRAW UNI	RAW UNITE CROSS 119	DRAW UNIT24 036	16
	HOSS DHAW UNIT31	ROSSIDRAW UNIT	8	

SECTION 22 & 27, TOWNSHIP 26 SOUTH, RANGE 30 EAST, N.M.P.M., EDDY CO., NM. N89°37'42"E 2664.4" 15 N89°37'42"E 2663.7' 16 15 23 21 O BEGIN/END OR ANGLE POINT FND. USGS BRASS CAP Ō 2657 OWNER: N0°25'26"W U.S.A. LAT: 32° 01' 48 81" N LONG: 103° 52' 07.00" W 36+35.9 END SURVEY 33+55,0 FENCE **ROSS DRAW** UNIT 38 N2°25'55"E 1345.7' 22+90,2 P.I. Δ 12°32'53" RT. N0°25'07"W 2659. S0°24'40"E N10°06'58"W 1609.8' 6+80.4 P.I. Δ 23°10'23" RT. 0+41.0 SECTION LINE 0+00.0 BEGIN SURVEY @ PROP. TIE IN LAT: 32' 01' 14.17" N. N33°17'21"W 6B0.4' LONG: 103° 52' 00.22" W. 23 21 27 26 S89°37'46"W 2662.7 28 27 S89°38'58"W 2663.0' A STRIP OF LAND 30 FEET IN WIDTH AND 3635.9 FEET, 0.69 MILE OR 220.36 RODS IN LENGTH, SITUATED IN SECTIONS 22 & 27, TOWNSHIP 26 SOUTH, RANGE 30 EAST, N.M.P.M., EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, AND BEING 15 FEET LEFT AND 15 FEET RIGHT OF THE SURVEY OF CENTERLINE AS SHOWN HEREON BASIS OF BEARING IS A TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION OF THE NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, EAST ZONE, NAD 83. 2000 FEET 1000 1000 I, JAMES E. TOMPKINS, NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. **RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION** 14729, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT AND THE ACTUAL SURVEY ON THE GROUND UPON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE A PROPOSED SWD PIPELINE IN PERFORMED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION; THAT I AM SECTIONS 22 & 27, T26S, R30E, N.M.P.M., RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS SURVEY; THAT THIS SURVEY MEETS THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR SURVEYING IN NEW MEXICO; AND THAT IT **EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO** IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BE 11/11/2013 WEST TEXAS CONSULTANTS, INC. No.14729



SAMES E. TOMPKINS, N.M. F.L.S.

SURVEY DATE: 11/06/2013

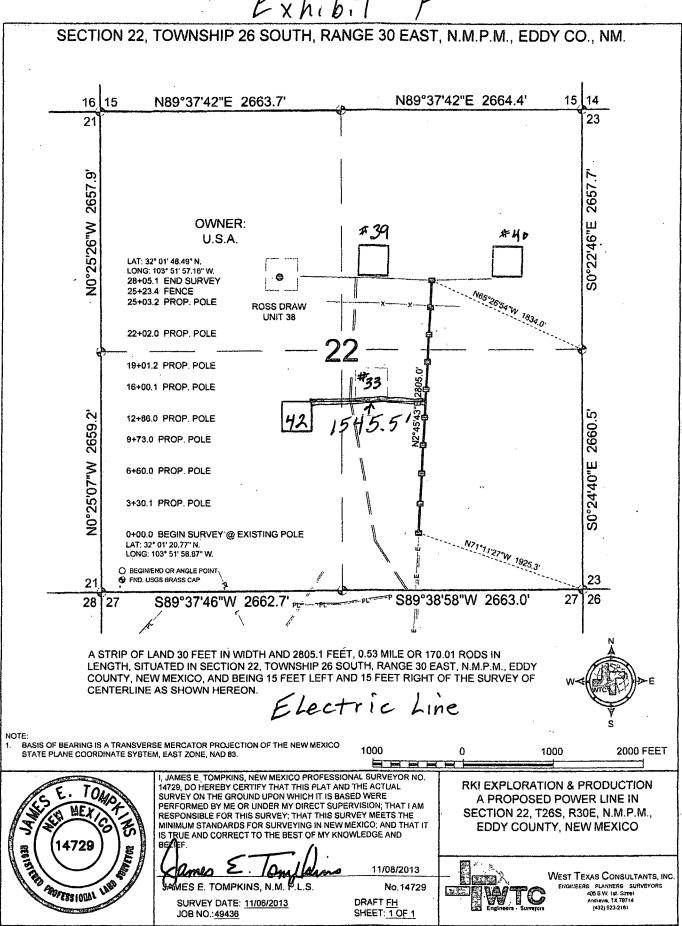
JOB NO.: 49436

DRAFT FH SHEET: 1 OF 1



ENGINEERS FLANKERS BURVEYORS 403 S W. 1st. Street Andrews, TX 70714 (432) 523-2181

ExhibiT P



SHEET: 1 OF 1

JOB NO.:49438

Well

State

Ross Draw Unit 42

Location

1,980 FSL Surface:

Bottom Hole: 1.980 FSL 1,800 FWL 1.800 FWL Sec. 22-26S-30E Sec. 22-26S-30E

County Eddv

New Mexico

- 1) The elevation of the unprepared ground is 3,039 feet above sea level.
- 2) The geologic name of the surface formation is Quaternary Alluvium.
- 3) A rotary rig will be utilized to drill the well to 7,500 feet and run casing & cement. This equipment will then be rigged down and the well will be completed with a workover rig.
- 4) Proposed depth is 7,500 feet
- 5) Estimated tops:

	TVD	
Rustler	798	
Salado	1,140	r
Castile	1,589	
Lamar Lime	3,361	
Delaware Top	3,578	BHP = .44 psi/ft
Bell Canyon Sand	3,578 Oil	1,574 psi
Čherry Čanyon Šand	4,654 Oil	2,048 psi
Brushy Canyon Sand	5,710 Oil	2,512 psi
Bone Spring	7,466 Oil	3,285 psi
TD	7,500	3,300 psi
•		,

Water anticipated at 180 feet.

140 degree F

psi/ft x depth psi psi psi psi

6) Pressure control equipment:

The blowout preventer equipment (BOP) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a double ram type (3,000 psi WP) preventer, a bag-type annular preventer (3,000 psi WP), and rotating head. Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram type preventer will be equipped with blind rams on top and pipe rams (sized to accommodate the drill pipe size being utilized) on bottom. A 13 3/8" SOW x 13 5/8" 3M multi-bowl casing head will be installed on the 13 3/8" casing and utilized until total depth is reached. All BOP and associated equipment will be tested to 3,000 psi and the annular will be tested to 1,500 psi after initial installation. The 13 3/8" and 9 5/8" casing will be tested to .22 psi per ft of casing string length or 1,500 psi whichever is greater, but not to exceed 70% of the minimum yield.

The 9 5/8" casing will be hung in the casing multi-bowl head and the stack will not be nippled down at this point. The stack will not be isolated and tested after running the 9 5/8" casing, but will be tested along with the 9 5/8" casing. Pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill string is out of the hole. These function test will be documented on the daily driller's log.

A drilling spool or blowout preventer with 2 side outlets (choke side shall be 3" minimum diameter, kill side shall be at least 2" diameter).

2 kill line valves, one of which will be a check valve.

2 chokes on the manifold along with a pressure gauge.

Upper kelly cock valve with handle available.

Safety valve and subs to fit all drill string connections in use.

All BOP equipment connections subjected to pressure will be flanged, welded, or clamped.

Fill up line above the upper most preventer.



7) Casing progra	am: ALL NEW (CASING				Collapse Design	Burst Design	Tension Design
Hole Size	Тор	Bottom	OD Csg	Wt/Grade	Connection	Factor	Factor	Factor
17 1/2"	0	800	13 3/8"	54.5#/J-55	ST&C	3.21	15.51	11.79
12 1/4"	· 0	-3,350	9 5/8"	40#/J-55	LT&C	1.37	5.36	3.88
7 7/8"	0	7,500	5 1/2"	17#/N-80	LT&C	1.90	1.55	2.73
Collapse	1.125							
Burst	1.0			•				
Tension	2.0							•
8) Cement prog	ram:		,					
Surface		17 1/2"	hole					
Pipe OD		13 3/8"						
Setting Depti	h	- 800° i	t					
Annular Volu	me	0.69462	cf/ft					
Excess		1				100 9	%	
Lead	4	83 sx	1.75	cf/sk	9.13 g	al/sk	13.5	ppg
Tail	. 2	00 sx	1.33	cf/sk	6.32 g	al/sk	14.8	
	Lead: "C" +	- 4% PF20 + 2% PF1	+ .125 pps PF29	+ .2% PF46				
	Tail: "C" + :	1% PF1						
				7	Top of cement: S	urface		
Intermediate	?	12 1/4" }	nole					
Pipe ÖD		9 5/8"						
Setting Depth		3,350 f				•	•	
Annular Volu	me	0.31318	:f/ft			0.3627		
Excess		0.5				50 %	· ·	
tead	6-	43 sx	1.92	cf/sk	-9.95-g	al/sk	12.6	ppg
Tail	2	00 sx	1.33	cf/sk	6.32 g	al/sk	14.8	ppg
		5 Poz "C" + 5% PF44	1 + 6% PF20 + 3 p	ps PF42 + .125 p _j	os PF29 + .2% PF	46 +1% PF1		
	Tail: "C" + .	.2% PF13		T	op of cement: S	urface		
		1 11 .		·	op or cement. 5	arrace		
Production		7 7/8" h	nole					
Pipe OD		5 1/2"				•		
Setting Depth		7,500 f						
Annular Volu	me	0.17327 d	:f/ft	0.2607		500 f	t	
Excess		0.32		3:	2 %			
DV Tool Dept	n	5,500` ì	τ					
Stage 1	42	5 sx	1 40	of fals	7.50 -	al fale	12.0	
Lead:				cf/sk	7.58 g		13.0	ppg
	Lead:	FVL T 1.370 FF44	+ 5% PF174 + 0.!)/0 FFUUO + U.1% ,	7 FF 10.4 pp	5 F F 40 + U.4% P	-13	
Štáge Ž								
Lead:		4 sx		cf/sk	10.03 g		12.9	
Tail:	17	5 sx		cf/sk	7.58 g		14.8	ppg ·
	Lead:		5% PF44 (salt) + 6 antifoam) + .2% P		.25 pps PF29 (ce	liophane)		
	Tail:	PVL + 1.3% PF44	·		PF153 + 0.4 pps	PF46 + 0.4% PF	13	

2,850 ft

. Top of cement:

9) Mud program:

Тор	Bottom	Mud Wt.	Vis	Fluid Loss	Type System
0	800	8.5 to 8.9	32 to 36	NC	Fresh Water
800	3,350	9.8 to 10.0	28 to 30	NC	Brine
3,350	7,500	8.9 to 9.1	28 to 36	NC	Cut Brine

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Electronic pit monitoring equipment will be utilized with a Pason system. Electronic mud monitoring and mud logging will be utilized below the 9 5/8" casing.

10) Logging, coring, and testing program:

No drill stem test are planned

Total depth to intermediate: CNL, Caliper, GR, DLL,

Intermediate to surface: CNL, GR

No coring is planned

11) Potential hazards:

No abnormal pressure or temperature is expected. No H2S is known to exist in the area, although some form of H2S detection equipment will be utilized. If H2S is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Order No. 6. Lost circulation is not anticipated, but lost circulation material and weighting materials will be on location and readily available.

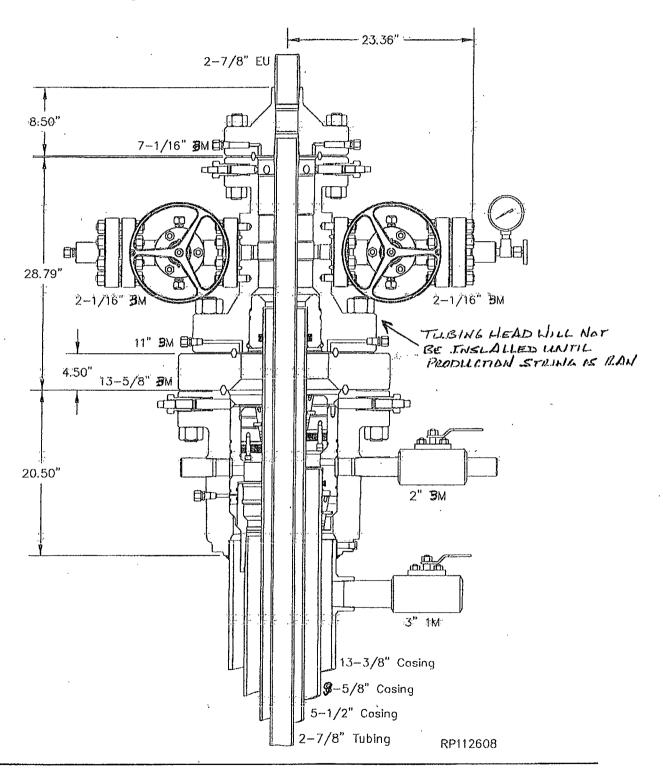
12) Anticipated start date

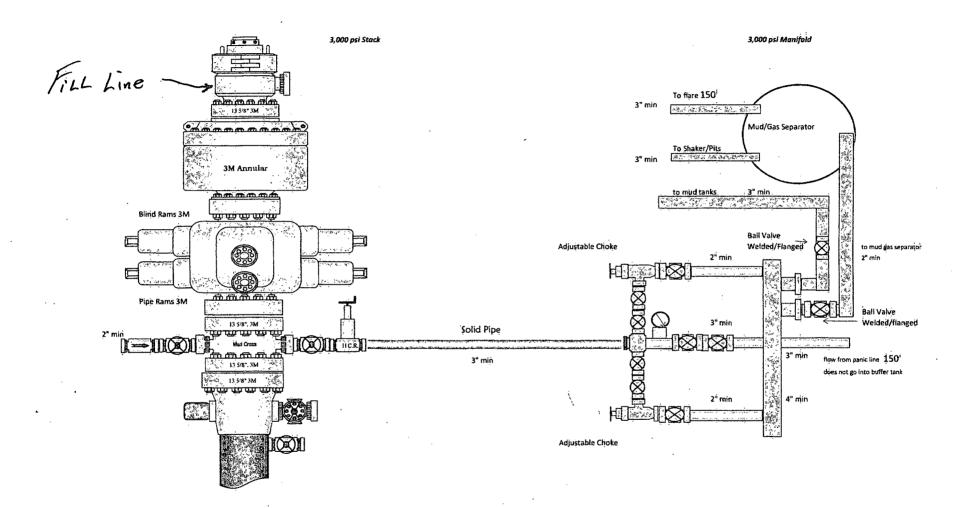
ASAP

Duration

25 days

GE Oilt Gas Multi-bowl System Drawing wellhead





RKI Exploration and Production 3817 N. W. Expressway, Suite 950 Oklahoma City, OK. 73112

Closed Loop System

Design Plan

Equipment List

- 2-414 Swaco Centrifuges
- 2-4 screen Mongoose shale shakers
- 2-250 bbl. tanks to hold fluid
- 2 CRI Bins with track system
- 2-500 bbl. frac tanks for fresh water
- 2 500 bbl. frac tanks for brine water

Operation and Maintenance

- Closed Loop equipment will be inspected daily by each tour and any necessary maintenance performed
- · Any leak in system will be repaired and/or contained immediately
- OCD notified within 48 hours
- · Remediation process started

Closure Plan

During drilling operations, all liquids, drilling fluids and cuttings will be hauled off-via CRI (Controlled Recovery Incorporated). Permit #: R-9166.

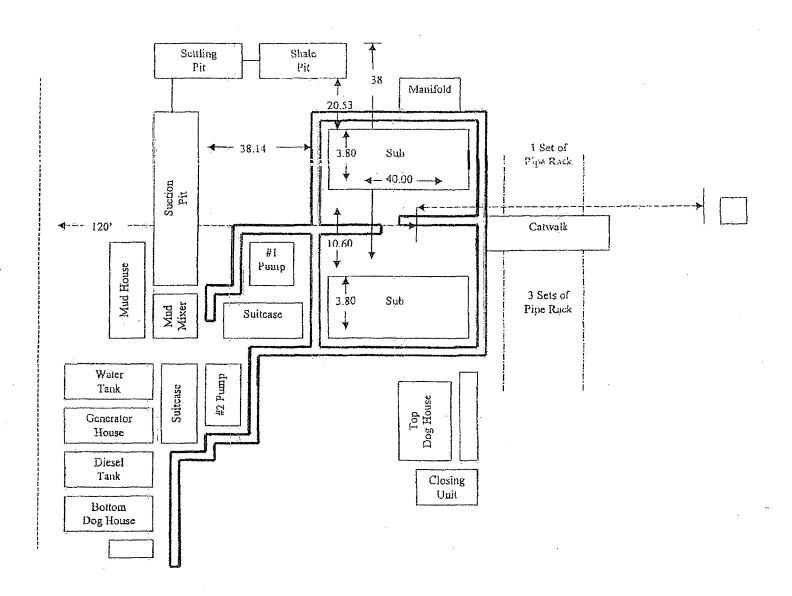


EXHIBIT D

Rig Plat Only ROSS DRAW UNIT #42 V-DOOR NORTH

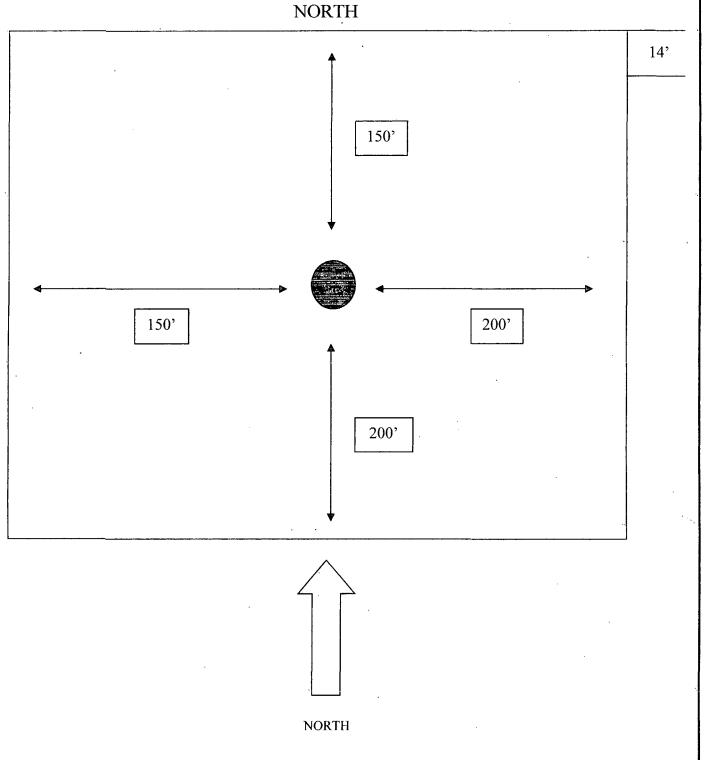
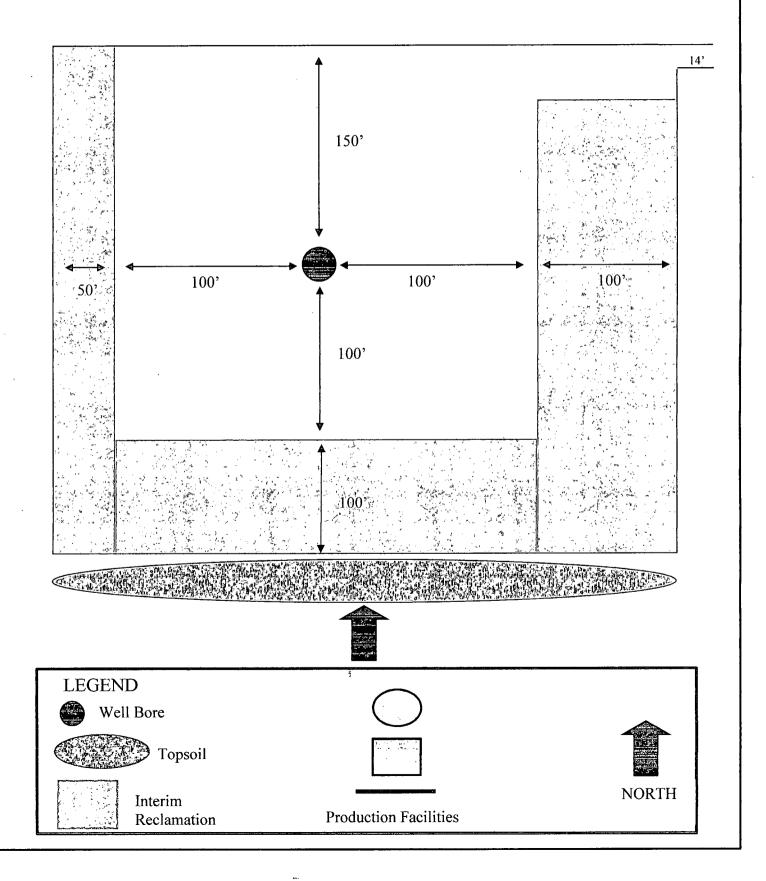


EXHIBIT C

Interim Reclamation & Production Facilities ROSS DRAW UNIT #42 V-DOOR NORTH



SURFACE USE PLAN RKI Exploration & Production, LLC ROSS DRAW UNIT 42 1980' FSL & 1800' FWL Section 22, T. 26 S., R. 30 E Eddy County, New Mexico

This plan is submitted with form 3160-3, Application for Permit to Drill, covering the above described well. The purpose of this plan is to describe the location of the proposed well, the proposed construction activities and operations plan, the magnitude of the surface disturbance involved and the procedures to be followed in rehabilitating the surface after completion of the operations, so that a complete appraisal can be made of the environmental effect associated with the operations.

1. EXISTING ROADS:

- A. DIRECTIONS: Go south of Carlsbad, NM, on Highway 285, for 25 miles. Turn east onto the Longhorn road for 3.7 miles. Continue south on County Road 725 for 8.4 miles. Turn east on stateline road for 2.5 miles. Turn north on lease road for 0.6 miles. Turn east for 0.2 miles. Turn north for 0.8 mile to proposed road. All existing roads are either paved or a caliche lease road.
- B. See attached plats and maps provided by WTC Surveys.
- C. The access routes from Eddy County Road 725 to the well location is depicted on **Exhibit A.** The route highlighted in red has been authorized under a ROW permit.
- D. Existing roads on the access route will be improved and maintained to the standard set forth in Section 2 of this Surface Use Plan of Operations.
- E. A right-of-way (ROW) was obtained in September of 2010 to access this well and other leases within the RDX and RDU field.

2. NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED ACCESS ROADS:

- A. There will be 294.3 ft. of new access road required to the #33 well and 816.5 ft. to the #42 well. The new road will begin at the northeast corner, east 1110.5' to the existing N/S lease road.
- B. The maximum width of the driving surface will be 14 feet. The road will be crowned and ditched with a 2% slope from the tip of the crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 1 foot deep with 3:1 slopes. The driving surface will be made of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.



Level Ground Section

- C. Surface material will be native caliche. The average grade of the entire road will be approximately 3%.
- D. Fence Cuts: No E. Cattle guards: No
- F. Turnouts: No G. Culverts: No

- H. Cuts and Fills: Not significant
- I. Approximately 6 inches of topsoil (root zone) will be stripped from the proposed access road prior to any further construction activity. The topsoil that was stripped will be spread along the edge of the road and within the ditch. The topsoil will be seeded with the proper seed mix designated by the BLM.
- J. The access road will be constructed and maintained as necessary to prevent soil erosion and accommodate all-weather traffic. The road will be crowned and ditched with water turnouts installed as necessary to provide for proper drainage along the access road route.
- K. The access road and associated drainage structures will be constructed and maintained in accordance with road guidelines contained in the joint BLM/USFS publication: <u>Surface Operating Standards for Oil and Gas Exploration and Development, The Gold Book, Fourth Edition and/or BLM Manual Section 9113 concerning road construction standards on projects subject to federal jurisdiction.</u>

3. LOCATION OF EXISTING WELLS:

See attached map (Exhibit B) showing all wells within a one-mile radius.

4. LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED FACILITIES:

- A. In the event the well is found productive, a surface installed 2-7/8" steel flowline (90 psi) will be installed, alongside the proposed roadway, to the battery at the Ross Draw Unit #33 for a distance of 916.5 ft. (**EXHIBIT E**). There will also be 1545.5 ft. of a 12.5 KV overhead electric line, from the existing line, west, following #33 and #42 lease road to the well. There will be 6 poles. (**SEE EXHIBIT F**).
- B. All permanent (on site six months or longer) aboveground structures constructed or installed on location and not subject to safety requirements will be painted to BLM specifications.
- C. Containment berms will be constructed completely around production facilities designed to hold fluids. The containment berns will be constructed or compacted subsoil, be sufficiently impervious, hold 1 ½ times the capacity of the largest tank and away from cut or fill areas.

5. LOCATION AND TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY:

The well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems as outlined in the Drilling Program. The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to the location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads shown in the attached survey plats. If a commercial water well is nearby, a temporary, surface poly line, will be laid along existing roads or other ROW easements and the water pumped to the well. No water well will be drilled on the location.

6. SOURCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS:

Any construction material that may be required for surfacing of the drill pad and access road will be from a contractor having a permitted source of materials within the general area. All roads will be constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.

7. METHODS OF HANDLING WASTE DISPOSAL:

- A. The well will be drilled utilizing a closed loop mud system. Drill cuttings will be held in roll-off style mud boxes and taken to an NMOCD approved disposal site.
- B. Drilling fluids will be contained in steel mud pits.

- C. Water produced from the well during completion will be held temporarily in steel tanks and then taken to an NMOCD approved commercial disposal facility.
- D. Oil produced during operations will be stored in tanks until sold.
- E. Portable, self-contained chemical toilets will be provided for human waste disposal. Upon completion of operations, or as required, the toilet holding tanks will be pumped and the contents thereof disposed of in an approved sewage disposal facility. All state and local laws and regulations pertaining to disposal of human and solid waste will be complied with. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- F. All trash, junk, and other waste materials will be contained in trash cages or bins to prevent scattering and will be removed and deposited in an approved sanitary landfill. Immediately after drilling all debris and other waste materials on and around the well location, not contained in the trash cage will be cleaned up and removed from the location. No potentially adverse materials or substances will be left on the location.

8. ANCILLARY FACILITIES:

No campsite, airstrip, or other facilities will be built as a result of the operation of this well. No staging areas are needed.

9. WELL SITE LAYOUT:

- A. Exhibit D shows the dimensions of the proposed well pad.
- B. The proposed well pad size will be a 350' x 350' (See Exhibit D). There will be no reserve pit due to the well being drilled utilizing a closed loop mud system. The closed loop system will meet the NMOCD requirements 19.15.17.
- C. The **Exhibit D**, shows how the well will be turned to a V-Door North.
- D. A 600' x 600' area has been staked and flagged.
- E. All equipment and vehicles will be confined to the approved disturbed areas of this APD (i.e., access road, well pad, and topsoil storage areas)

10. PLANS FOR SURFACE RECLAMATION:

- A. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, all the equipment will be removed, the surface material, caliche, will be removed from the well pad and road and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other roads. The original stock piled top soil will be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography. The access road will have the caliche removed and the road ripped, barricaded and seeded as directed by the BLM.
- B. If the well is a producer, the portions of the location not essential to production facilities or space required for workover operations, will be reclaimed and seeded as per BLM requirements.

 (SEE EXHIBIT C FOR INTERIM RECLAMATION PLAT FOR THIS WELL)

C. Reclamation Performance Standards

The following reclamation performance standards will be met:

Interim Reclamation – Includes disturbed areas that may be redisturbed during operations and will be redisturbed at final reclamation to achieve restoration of the original landform and a natural vegetative community.

• Disturbed areas not needed for active, long-term production operations or vehicle travel will be recontoured, protected from erosion, and

revegetated with a self-sustaining, vigorous, diverse, native (or as otherwise approved) plant community sufficient to minimize visual impacts, provide forage, stabilize soils, and impede the invasion of noxious, invasive, and non-native weeds.

Final Reclamation – Includes disturbed areas where the original landform and a natural vegetative community will be restored and it is anticipated the site will not be redisturbed for future development.

- The original landform will be restored for all disturbed areas including well pads, production facilities, roads, pipelines, and utility corridors.
- A self-sustaining, vigorous, diverse, native (or otherwise approved) plant community will be established on the site, with a density sufficient to control erosion and invasion by non-native plants and to re-establish wildlife habitat or forage production. At a minimum, the established plant community will consist of species included in the seed mix and/or desirable species occurring in the surrounding natural vegetation.
- Erosion features are equal to or less than surrounding area and erosion control is sufficient so that water naturally infiltrates into the soil and gullying, headcutting, slumping, and deep or excessive rills (greater than 3 inches) are not observed.
- The site will be free of State- or county-listed noxious weeds, oil field debris and equipment, and contaminated soil. Invasive and non-native weeds are controlled.

D. Reclamation Actions

Earthwork for interim and final reclamation will be completed within 6 months of well completion or plugging unless a delay is approved in writing by the BLM authorized officer.

The following minimum reclamation actions will be taken to ensure that the reclamation objectives and standards are met. It may be necessary to take additional reclamation actions beyond the minimum in order to achieve the Reclamation Standards.

Reclamation - General

Notification:

• The BLM will be notified at least 3 days prior to commencement of any reclamation operations.

Housekeeping:

- Within 30 days of well completion, the well location and surrounding areas(s) will be cleared of, and maintained free of, all debris, materials, trash, and equipment not required for production.
- No hazardous substances, trash, or litter will be buried or placed in pits.

Topsoil Management:

- Operations will disturb the minimum amount of surface area necessary to conduct safe and efficient operations.
- Topsoil depth is defined as the top layer of soil that contains 80% of the roots. In areas to be heavily disturbed, the topsoil will be stripped and stockpiled

around the perimeter of the well location and along the perimeter of the access road to control run-on and run-off, to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil will include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils.

- Salvaging and spreading topsoil will not be performed when the ground or topsoil is frozen or too wet to adequately support construction equipment or so dry that dust clouds greater than 30 feet tall are created. If such equipment creates ruts in excess of four (4) inches deep, the soil will be deemed too wet.
- No major depressions will be left that would trap water and cause ponding unless the intended purpose is to trap runoff and sediment.

Seeding:

- <u>Seedbed Preparation</u>. Initial seedbed preparation will consist of recontouring to the appropriate interim or final reclamation standard. All compacted areas to be seeded will be ripped to a minimum depth of 18 inches with a minimum furrow spacing of 2 feet, followed by recontouring the surface and then evenly spreading the stockpiled topsoil. Prior to seeding, the seedbed will be scarified to a depth of no less than 4 6 inches. If the site is to be broadcast seeded, the surface will be left rough enough to trap seed and snow, control erosion, and increase water infiltration.
- If broadcast seeding is to be used and is delayed, final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
- <u>Seed Application</u>. Seeding will be conducted no more than two weeks following completion of final seedbed preparation. A certified weed-free seed mix designed by the BLM to meet reclamation standards will be used.
- If the site is harrowed or dragged, seed will be covered by no more than 0.25 inch of soil.

11. SURFACE OWNERSHIP:

A. The surface is owned by the U. S. Government and is administered by the Bureau of Land Management. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas.

12. OTHER INFORMATION:

- A. The area surrounding the well site is in a gentle sloped, shallow sandy loam, rolling hills type area. The vegetation consists of Mesquite, Creosote, White-Thorn Acacia with three-awns and some dropseed species.
- B. There is no permanent or live water in the immediate area.
- C. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of this location.
- D. RKI is a participant with the Permian Basin MOA and a check for \$1552 is attached with this application.

13. BOND COVERAGE:

Bond Coverage is Nationwide; Bond Number NMB-000460.

OPERATORS REPRESENTATIVE:

The RKI Exploration and Production, LLC representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below:

Surface:

Barry W. Hunt – Permitting Agent 1403 Springs Farm Place Carlsbad, NM 88220 (575) 885-1417 (Home) (575) 361-4078 (Cell)

Drilling & Production: Ken Fairchild – RKI Exploration and Production, LLC. 210 Park Avenue, Suite 900 Oklahoma City, Ok.73102 (405) 996-5764 (Office) (469) 693-6051 (Cell)

ON-SITE PERFORMED ON 1/31/13 RESULTED IN PROPOSED LOCATION BEING MOVED 330 FT. SOUTH AND 150 FT. EAST, SO AS TO AVOID DRAINAGES. IT WAS AGREED TO TURN THE LOCATION TO A V-DOOR NORTH, PLACE THE TOP SOIL TO THE SOUTH. INTERIM RECLAMATION WILL BE THE SOUTH, EAST AND WEST PORTIONS OF THE PAD.

PRESENT AT ON-SITE:
BARRY HUNT – PERMITTING AGENT FOR RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION
AMANDA LYNCH – BLM
BECKIE HILL - BOONE ARCHAEOLOGICAL SERVICES

WTC SURVEYORS

PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:
LEASE NO.:
NM0480904B
WELL NAME & NO.:
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE
LOCATION:
COUNTY:
RKI Exploration & Production
NM0480904B
42-Ross Draw Unit
1980'/S & 1800'/W
'/ & '/
Section 22, T. 26 S., R. 30 E., NMPM
Eddy County, New Mexico

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to thes	E
standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or	
requirement will be checked below. General Provisions	
Permit Expiration	
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites	
□ Noxious Weeds	
Special Requirements	
Unit Well Sign Specs	
Commercial Well determination	
Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker	
Lesser Prairie Chicken	
Phantom Bank Heronries Karst	
Construction Notification	
Topsoil Closed Lean System	
Closed Loop System Federal Mineral Material Pits	
Well Pads	
Roads	
Road Section Diagram	
☐ Road Section Diagram Drilling	
Cement Requirements	
High Cave/Karst	
Logging Requirements	
Waste Material and Fluids	
✓ Production (Post Drilling)	
Well Structures & Facilities	
Pipelines	
Electric Lines	
Interim Reclamation	
Final Abandonment & Reclamation	
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I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Unit Wells

The well sign for a unit well shall include the unit number in addition to the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. This also applies to participating area numbers. If a participating area has not been established, the operator can use the general unit designation, but will replace the unit number with the participating area number when the sign is replaced.

Commercial Well Determination

Well is outside of NMNM – 71027A participating area. A commercial well determination will need to be submitted.

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at 575-234-5972.

Phantom Bank Heronries

Surface disturbance will not be allowed within up to 200 meters of active heronries or by delaying activity for up to 120 days, or a combination of both.

Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

Cave and Karst

** Depending on location, additional Drilling, Casing, and Cementing procedures may be required by engineering to protect critical karst groundwater recharge areas.

Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production.

Construction:

In the advent that any underground voids are opened up during construction activities, construction activities will be halted and the BLM will be notified immediately.

No Blasting:

No blasting will be utilized for pad construction. The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.

Pad Berming:

The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.

- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)

Tank Battery Liners and Berms:

Tank battery locations and all facilities will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.

Leak Detection System:

A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. Leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM for approval.

Automatic Shut-off Systems:

Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns:

Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:

Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Directional Drilling:

Kick off for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cavebearing zone, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

Pressure Testing:

Annual pressure monitoring will be performed by the operator on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

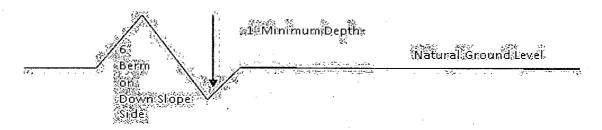
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200'$$
 lead-off ditch interval

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattleguards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

- 1. Salvage topsoil
- 3. Redistribute topsoil
- 2. Construct road
- 4. Revegetate slopes

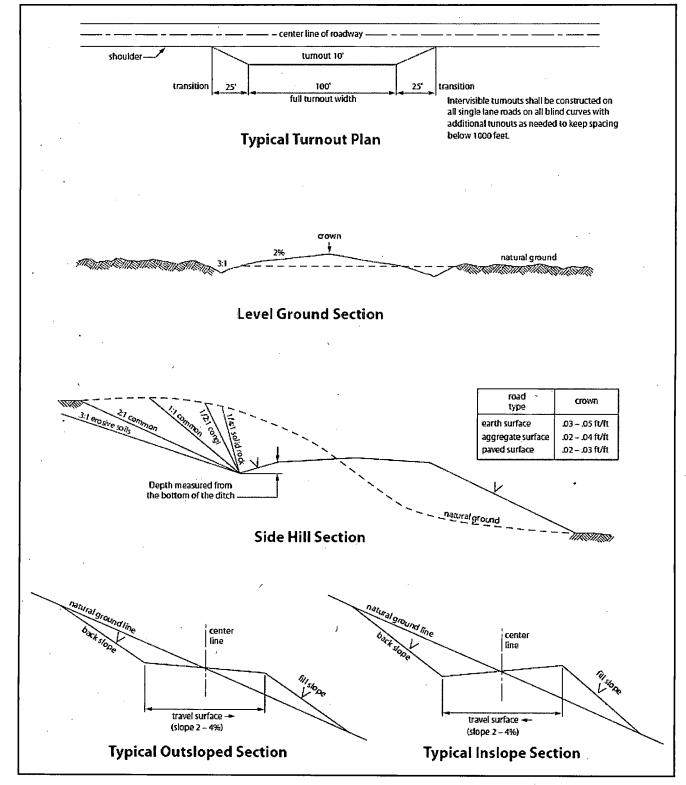


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Although Hydrogen Sulfide has not been reported in the area, it is always a potential hazard. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, report measured amounts and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. IF OPERATOR DOES NOT HAVE THE WELL SPECIFIC CEMENT DETAILS ONSITE PRIOR TO PUMPING THE CEMENT FOR EACH CASING STRING, THE WOC WILL BE 30 HOURS. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Possibility of water flows in the Delaware, and Bone Spring. Possibility of lost circulation in the Redbeds and evaporates from surface down to the base of the Castile Group.

HIGH CAVE/KARST - A MINIMUM OF TWO CASING STRINGS CEMENTED TO SURFACE IS REQUIRED IN HIGH CAVE/KARST AREAS. THE CEMENT MUST BE IN A SOLID SHEATH. THEREFORE, ONE INCH OPERATIONS ARE NOT SUFFICIENT TO PROTECT CAVE KARST RESOURCES. A CASING DESIGN THAT HAS A ONE INCH JOB PERFORMED DOES NOT COUNT AS A SOLID SHEATH.

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 800 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst. 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is: Operator has proposed DV tool at depth of 5500'. Operator is to submit sundry if DV tool depth varies by more than 100' from approved depth. a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve approved top of cement on the next stage. b. Second stage above DV tool: Cement should tie-back at least 500 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. 4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations. C. PRESSURE CONTROL 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17. 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly that has a weld on head with no o-ring seals. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi. a. Wellhead manufacturer is supplying the test plug/retrieval tool for the

2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

Operator shall use the supplied test plug/retrieval tool.

operator's third party tester to use during the BOP/BOPE test.

- b. Operator shall install the wear bushing required by the wellhead manufacturer. This wear bushing shall be installed by using the test plug/retrieval tool.
- c. Wellhead manufacturer representative shall be on location when the intermediate casing mandrel is landed.
- d. Operator shall perform the intermediate casing integrity test to 70% of the casing burst. This will test the multi-bowl seals.
- e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 3. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not** a **cup** or **J-packer**.
 - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
 - d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

VRM Facility Requirement

Low-profile tanks not greater than eight-feet-high shall be used.

B. PIPELINES

A copy of the application (Grant, Sundry Notice, APD) and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
- 2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies

without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

- 4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:
 - a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.
 - b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Land clearing.
 - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
 - (3) Blasting.
 - (4) Vandalism and sabotage.
 - c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

- 5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.
- 6. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way width of ______ feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline must be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline must be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

- 7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.
- 8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather then suspended across these features.
- 9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of <u>24</u> inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.
- 10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
- 11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.
- 12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.
- 13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.
- 14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.
- 15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed

is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

- 16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.
- 17. Surface pipelines must be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

18. Special Stipulations:

a. <u>Lesser Prairie-Chicken</u>: Oil and gas activities will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted.

C. ELECTRIC LINES

- 1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
- 2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the

release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

- 4. There will be no clearing or blading of the right-of-way unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authorized Officer.
- 5. Power lines shall be constructed and designed in accordance to standards outlined in "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power lines: The State of the Art in 2006" Edison Electric Institute, APLIC, and the California Energy Commission 2006. The holder shall assume the burden and expense of proving that pole designs not shown in the above publication deter raptor perching, roosting, and nesting. Such proof shall be provided by a raptor expert approved by the Authorized Officer. The BLM reserves the right to require modification or additions to all powerline structures placed on this right-of-way, should they be necessary to ensure the safety of large perching birds. Such modifications and/or additions shall be made by the holder without liability or expense to the United States.

Raptor deterrence will consist of but not limited to the following: triangle perch discouragers shall be placed on each side of the cross arms and a nonconductive perching deterrence shall be placed on all vertical poles that extend past the cross arms.

- 6. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
- 7. The BLM serial number assigned to this authorization shall be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner where the power line crosses roads and at all serviced facilities. Numbers will be at least two inches high and will be affixed to the pole nearest the road crossing and at the facilities served.
- 8. Upon cancellation, relinquishment, or expiration of this grant, the holder shall comply with those abandonment procedures as prescribed by the Authorized Officer.
- 9. All surface structures (poles, lines, transformers, etc.) shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, or termination of use of the serviced facility or

facilities or within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, cancellation, or expiration of this grant, whichever comes first. This will not apply where the power line extends service to an active, adjoining facility or facilities.

10. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

11. Special Stipulations:

- For reclamation remove poles, lines, transformer, etc. and dispose of properly.
- Fill in any holes from the poles removed.

Timing Limitation Stipulation/Condition of Approval for Lesser Prairie-Chicken:

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, geophysical exploration other than 3-D operations, and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

SEED MIXTURE LPC (SAND/SHINNERY LOCATIONS)

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop to the bottom of the drill and are planted first; the holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur). Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be double the amounts listed below. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre (note: if broadcasting seed, amounts are to be doubled):

Species	Pound/acre
Plains Bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	5
Sand Bluestem (Andropogon hallii)	5
Little Bluestem (Schizachyrium scoparium)	3
Big Bluestem (Andropogon gerardii)	6 .
Plains Coreopsis (Coreopsis tinctoria)	2
Sand Dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1
Four-winged Saltbush** (Atriplex canescens)	5 .

^{**} Four-winged Saltbush can be used around well pads and other areas where caliche cannot be removed

^{*} Pounds of pure live seed = (Pounds of seed) x (Percent purity) x (Percent germination)