chosed loop system

Form 3160 - 3 (March 2012)	OCD A	rtesia	OMB ?	APPROVED No. 1004-0137 October 31, 201				
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE IN BUREAU OF LAND MANA			5. Lease Serial Na. BHL:NMNM000503 SHL:NMLC061862			362		
	APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER							
Ia. Type of work: DRILL REENTER	₹		7 If Unit or CA Agre NMNM70928X					
lb. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well Other	8. Lease Name and Cotton Draw Unit							
Name of Operator Devon Energy Production Company, L.P			9. API Well Na 30 615	43	740	<u> </u>		
333 W. Shendari	b. Phone No. (include area code) 405.228.7203	,	10. Field and Pool, or Coffee Draw Paduca; Delawar	Exploratory, South e, Horth (4	, 9 19490)	16757		
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any	State requirements.*)		11. Sec., T. R. M. or B			1		
At surface 200 FNL & 850 FEL, Unit A, Sec. 13 PP: 2	00 FSL & 660 FEL	A75	Section 13 T25S R	(31 E				
At proposed prod. zone 330 FNL & 660 FEL, Unit A, Sec. 12	UNORTHOD	IUX						
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* Approximately 21.22 miles SE of Malaga, NM	LOCATIO	N	12. County or Parish Eddy County		3. State	-		
location to nearest	16. No. of acres in lease NMNM000503 - 2,360.80 NMLC061862 - 1,720	17. Spacin 160 ac	g Unit dedicated to this	well		anner.		
to nearest well, drilling, completed,	19. Proposed Depth TVD: 8,215' MD: 13,155'	CO-110	1/BIA Bond No. on file 04; NMB-00080។			notice s under GCP form s also in bered y in a timely manner		
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 34009:5 GL 34,09.5	22. Approximate date work will star 01/06/2016	Approximate date work will start 23. Es /06/2016 45 D			23. Estimated duration 45 Days s form: s unless covered by an existing bond on file Compared to the content of the content			
	24. Attachments					in the Plan notice web site under vot the GCP for se and is also in Unnumbered cordingly in a t		
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore	Oil and Gas Order No.1, must be at	tached to th	is form:			ture Pl e web by of th ice and r Unnu		
 Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lessupposed on the Supposed of the Supp	and the E Operator contific	ation	ons unless covered by an			MOCD Gas Capture Plan noti en posted on the web site un neements. A copy of the GCF ded with the notice and is als ms section under Unnumbere Please submit accordingly in		
25. Signature	Name (Printed Typed) Trina C. Couch	Name (Printed Typed)			115	The NIOCE Ga has been posted Announcements is included with t the forms section forms. Please su		
Title / Regulatory Compliance Analyst								
Approved by Signature, IS/ JEANETTE MARTINEZ	Name (Printed/Typed)	Name (Printed/Typed)			19	2016		
Title FIELD MANAGER	Office CARL	SBAD F	IELD OFFICE			 *		
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	legal or equitable title to those right		oject lease which would on PROVAL FO			.RS		

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

Carlsbad Controlled Water Basin

*(Instructions on page 2)

NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

APR 2 2 2016

RECEIVED

SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Approval Subject to General Requirements & Special Stipulations Attached

(Continued on page 2)

NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

APR **2 2 2016**

Daniet ! 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs NM 88240 Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax (575) 393-0720 District II 811 S. First St., Arresia, NM 98210 Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720 District 10 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Azrec, NM 87410 Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170 District IV 1220 S. Sr. Francis Dr., Sania Fe, NM 87505 Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

.

State of New Mexico

Form C-102

Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department VED Submit one copy to appropriate OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

District Office

1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

☐ AMENDED REPORT

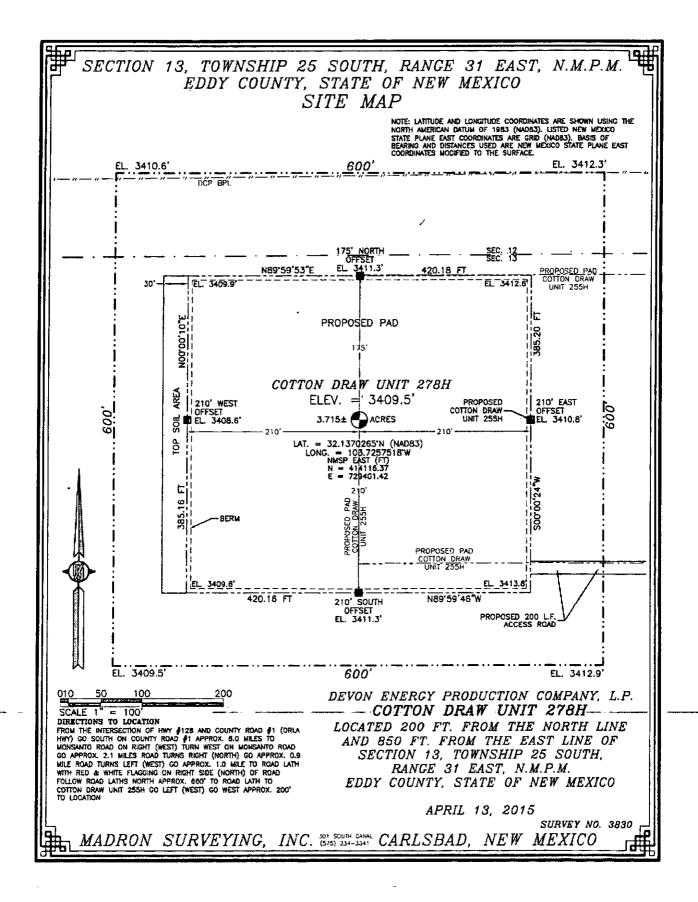
WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

30 015 43741	'Pool Code Cotton Draw 'Pool Name Paduca; Delaware	Sout-				
* Property Code	⁵ Property Name ⁶ Well Numb					
300655	COTTON DRAW UNIT 278H					
OGRID No.	Operator Name "Elevation					
6137	DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P. 3409.5					
	¹⁰ Surface Location					

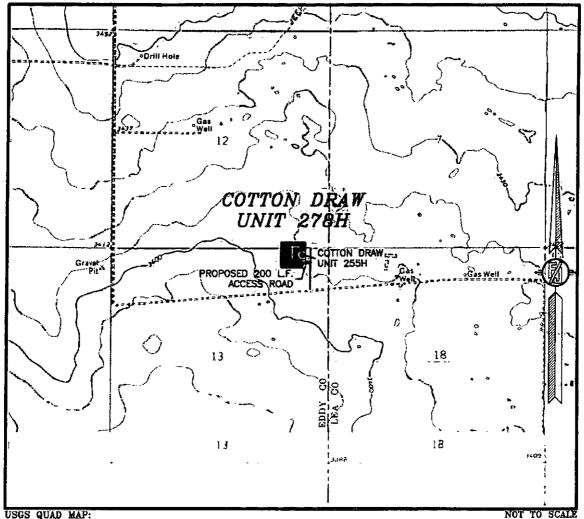
UL or lot no. Section Township Range Feet from the North/South line Feet from the East/West line County 13 25 S 31 E 200 NORTH 850 **EAST EDDY** A " Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface UL or lot no. Section Township Range Lot Idn Feet from the North/South line Feet from the East/West line County A 12 25 S 31 E 330 NORTH 660 **EAST EDDY** " Consolidation Code 2 Dedicated Acres Joint or Infill ¹³ Order No. 160 ac

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

_			" OPERATOR CERTIFICATION
NW CORNER SEC. 12 LAT. = 32.15202867N	N/4 CORNER SEC. 121 LAT. = 32.1520689'N; ——■660'	NE CORNER SEC. 12	I hereby vertify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the
LONG. = 103 7401025W	LONG = 103.7315342W BOTTSIM	LAT = 32.1520818 H LONG = 103.7229772W	best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a
NAISP EAST (FT)	MASP EAST (FT) OF HOLE &	NMSP EAST (FT)	working onerest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed
N = 419570.97 E = 724929.11	E = 727581,01	N = 419598.13 E = 730229.21	bott-m hale location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to
1	BOTTON OF HOLE		a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to a
1	10NG 10\$.72511€1W		whiteinity proding agreement or a compilious pooling under heretofine entered
W/4 CORNER SEC. 12 LAT. # 32,14481571N	MSP EAST (FT) (N + 419283.32	E/4 CORNER SEC. 12 LAI. = 32.144828679	in the division.
LONG. = 103.7401186W	SEC. 12 E 729570.56	LONG. = 103.7229920W	1 001
NMSP EAST (FT)		HINSP EAST (FT)	hand Cent bolilis
N = 416925.18 E = 724939,41	! ! ! ! ! !	N = 416959.48 E = 730239 58	Agnoture Paic /
	NOTE: LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES ARE		Trina C. Couch, Regulatory Analyst
	SHOWN USING THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NADB3). LISTED NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE EAST		Printed Name
<u> </u>	COORDINATES ARE GRID (NADS3). BASIS OF BEARING AND DISTANCES USED ARE NEW MEXICO STATE PLANE		F 4 11 100-2 1 1 100-12
1	EAST COORDINATES MODIFIED TO THE SURFICE.		trina.couch@dvn.com
SECTION CORNER	CUARTER CORNER;	SECTION CORNER LAT. = 32.1375735'N	E-mail Address
LAT. = 32.1375499"H LONG. = 103.7401055"W	LONG. + 103.7315741W	LONG. = 103.7230053W	
NMSP EAST (FT) N = 414231,99	NMSP EAST (FT) , N = +1+308.35; SURFACE 850'	NMSP EAST (FT) N = 414320.18	"SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION
E = 724957.10	E = 727598.111 LOCATION N	E = 730250.42	I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was
	1 18	ļ	' "
			plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under
	COTTON DRAW UNIT 278H ELEV. = 3409.5'		my supervision, and that the sametis true and correct to the
[f LAT. ===32:1370265'N-(NAD63)		best of my belief
w/4 CORNER SEC. 13 LAT. ≠ 32.1302841'N	LONG. = 103.7257518'W	E/4 CORNER SEC. 13 LAT. = 32,1303177N	APRIL 13, 2015
LONG. = 103.7401147W	N = 414116.37	1 ONG. = 103.7230173W	
NMSP EAST (FT) 11 * 411638.8)	T - T - E = 729401.42	NMSP EAST (FT) N = 411680.58	Date of Survey [(12797)
E = 724969 15		£ = 730261.67	
	SEC 13		18 321/26
			Was de Halle Double
SW CORNER SEC. 13 1 LAT. = 32.1230397'N	S/4 CORNER SEC. 13 LAT. = 32,1230701'N	SE CORNER SEC. 13 LAT. = 32.1230600'N	
LONG. = 103.7401304W	LONG. = 100.7316050"#	LONG. = 103.7230339'#	Signature and Schlatter temporary Succession:
MMSP EAST (FT) N = 409003.37	NLISP EAST (FT) N = 409029.07	NMSP EAST (FT) N = 409040.33	Curtificate Number. TIVINICE SARAMILLO, PLS 12197
E = 724978.78	ξ = 72/76:8 02	E * 730271.48	SURVEY NO 1830
	. 7,400 840 (100 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 8		



SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 25 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



USGS QUAD MAP: PADUCA BRBAKS NW PADUCA BRBAKS WEST

1 1

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P. COTTON DRAW UNIT 278H

--LOCATED-200-FT: FROM THE NORTH LINE AND 850 FT. FROM THE EAST LINE OF SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 25 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

APRIL 13, 2015

SURVEY NO. 3830

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. (575) 234-3341 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 25 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO VICINITY MAP HWY #128 JNTY ROAD #1 (ORLA HWY). 6.0 MILES-COTTON DRAW UNIT 278H -1.0 MILE 200 660 0.9 MONSANTO RO 2.1 MILES

DIRECTIONS TO LOCATION
FROM THE INTERSECTION OF HWY \$128 AND COUNTY ROAD \$1 (ORLA
HWY) GO SOUTH ON COUNTY ROAD \$1 APPROX. 5.0 MILES TO
MONSANTO ROAD ON RIGHT (WEST) TURN WEST ON MONSANTO ROAD
GO APPROX. 2.1 MILES ROAD TURNS RIGHT (NORTH) GO APPROX. 0.9
MILE ROAD TURNS LEFT (WEST) GO APPROX. 1.0 MILE TO ROAD LATH
WITH RED & WHITE FLAGGING ON RIGHT SIDE (NORTH) OF ROAD
FOLLOW ROAD LATHS NORTH APPROX. 680' TO ROAD LATH TO
COTTON DRAW UNIT 255H GO LEFT (WEST) GO WEST APPROX. 200'
TO LOCATION

DISTANCES IN MILES

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P. COTTON DRAW UNIT 278H

LOCATED 200 FT. FROM THE NORTH LINE AND 850 FT. FROM THE EAST LINE OF SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 25 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

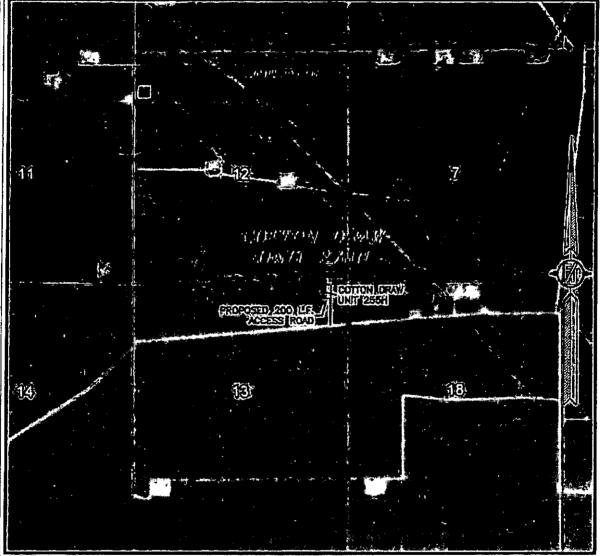
APRIL 13, 2015

SURVEY NO. 3830

NOT TO SCALE

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 401 SOUTH CANAL CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 25 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO AERIAL PHOTO



NOT TO SCALE ABRIAL PHOTO: GOOGLE EARTH APR. 2014

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.

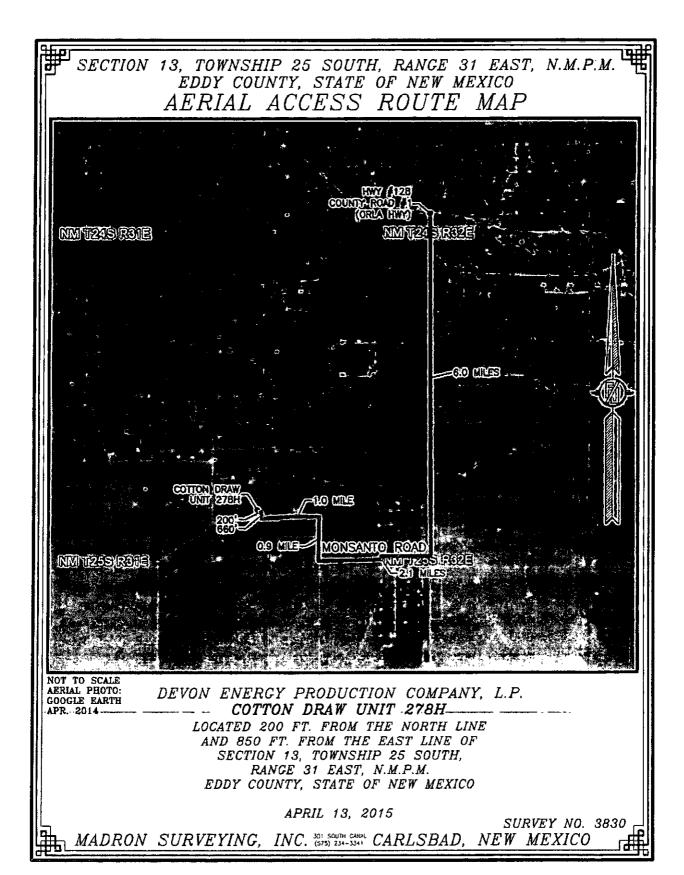
COTTON DRAW UNIT 278H

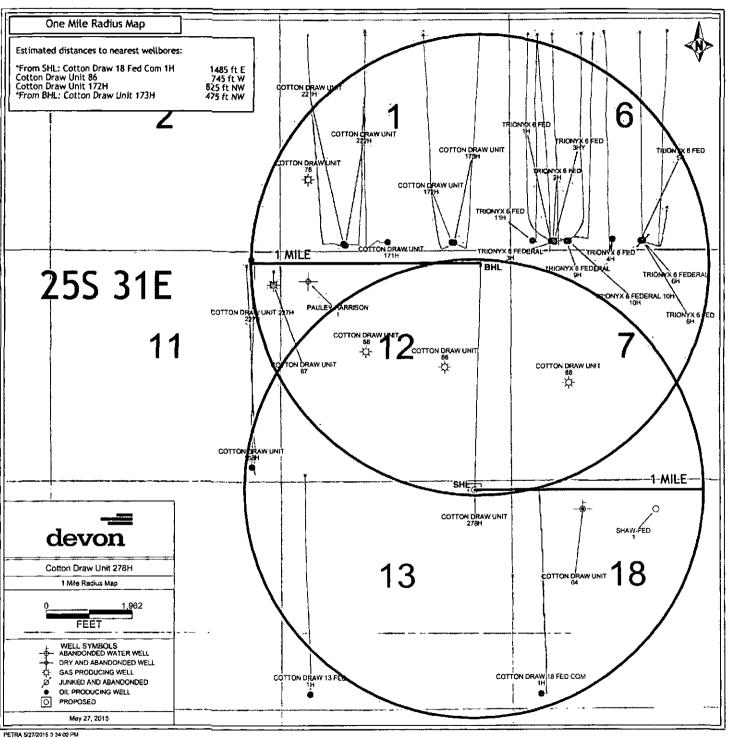
LOCATED 200 FT. FROM THE NORTH LINE AND 850 FT. FROM THE EAST LINE OF SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 25 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

APRIL 13, 2015

SURVEY NO. 3830

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 301 SOUTH CANAL CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO





1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	8,215'	Pilot hole depth	N/A
MD at TD:	13,155	Deepest expected fresh water:	

Basin

EPGENIII	I with the second secon	and the second treatment of the second control of the second contr	Lander and the state of the sta
Formation	Depth (TVD)	- Water/Mineral	Hazards*
	from KB	Bearing/Target	
Formation		Zone?	Hazards*
Rustler	642	Barren	
Salado	996	Barren	
Base of Salt	4,161	Barren	
Delaware	4,381	Oil	
Bell Canyon	4,415	Oil	
Cherry Canyon	5,362	Oil	
Brushy Canyon	6,710	Oil	
Lower Brushy Canyon	8,074	Oil	
Lower Brushy Canyon D	8,155	Oil	
Lower Brushy Canyon D Base	8,202	Oil	
Bone Spring	8,315		

^{*}H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

See COA

2. Casing Program

Hole Size	Casing	Interval	Csg.	Weight	Grade	Conn		SF Burst	
	From	To	Size	(lbs)			Collapse		Tension
17.5"	0	700 750'	13.375"	48	H-40	STC	1.67	3.21	2.29
12.25"	0	3,400'	9.625"	36	J-55	BTC	1.15	1.56	2.45
12.25"	3,400'	4,300'	9.625"	40	J-55	BTC	1.60	3.60	5.72
8.75"	0	13,155'	5.5"	17	P-110	BTC	1.94	1.25	2.45
			7" x 5	.5" Taper	ed Design C	ption			
8.75"	0	10,120'	7"	29	P-110	BTC	2.22	1.32	3.07
8.75"	10,120'	13,155'	5.5"	17	P-110	BTC	1.80	1.00	3.14
				BLM Min	mum Safety	Factor	1.125	1.00	1.6 Dry
]						1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Must have table for contingency casing

With have table for contingency casing					
	Y or N				
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y				
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.					
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.					
Does the above easing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide					
justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).					
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching					
the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Name and the control of the control of				
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N				
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?					
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.					
是一个人,他们是一个人的,他们也不是一个人的,他们也不是一个人的,他们也不是一个人的,他们也不是一个人的人,他们也是一个人的人,他们也是一个人的人的人,他们也不	180 MEN 197 W.				
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N				
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back					
500' into previous casing?					
L III A. J. D. 111 D I CODAO	1				
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N				
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?					
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?					
Is well legated in high Cavely and 9	N				
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	IN .				
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?					
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	white balls a commence of the same				
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	1				
	N				
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?					

3. Cementing Program

*Casing			# H ₂ O	Yld		Slurry Description
	100	lb/	gal/sk	ft3/	Comp.	
		y gal 🔻		sack	Strength	
	25012-3				(hours)	
13-3/8" Surface	1040	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	Tail: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
9-5/8" Inter.	870	12.9	9.81	1.85	14	Lead: (65:35) Class C Cement: Poz (Fly Ash): 6% BWOC Bentonite + 5% BWOW Sodium Chloride + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
	430	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	Tail: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
7 x 5-	230	10.4	16.9	3.17	16	Lead: Tuned Light * + 0.125 lb/sk Pol-E-Flake
1/2" Combo Prod.	1450	14.5	5.31	1.2	25	Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 0.5% bwoc HALAD-344 + 0.4% bwoc CFR-3 + 0.2% BWOC HR-601 + 2% bwoc Bentonite
	460	11.9	12.89	2.31	n/a	1st Stage Lead: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 10% BWOC Bentonite + 1 lb/sk of Kol-Seal + 0.3% BWOC HR-601 + 0.5lb/sk D-Air 5000
5-1/2" Prod	1450	14.5	5.31	1.2	25	1st Stage Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 0.5% bwoc HALAD-344 + 0.4% bwoc CFR-3 + 0.2% BWOC HR-601 + 2% bwoc Bentonite
Two					D۱	/ Tool = 4350ft
Stage	50	11	14.81	2.55	22	2 nd Stage Lead: Tuned Light® Cement + 0.125 lb/sk Pol-E-Flake
	30	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	2 nd Stage Tail: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E- Flake
5-1/2"	250	11.9	12.89	2.31	n/a	1st Lead: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 10% BWOC Bentonite + 1 lb/sk of Kol-Seal + 0.3% BWOC HR-601 + 0.5lb/sk D-Air 5000
Prod Single Stage	330	12.5	10.86	1.96	30	2 nd Lead: (65:35) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 6% BWOC Bentonite + 0.25% BWOC HR-601 + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
Juage	1450	14.5	5.31	1.2	25	Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 0.5% bwoc HALAD-344 + 0.4% bwoc CFR-3 + 0.2% BWOC HR-601 + 2% bwoc Bentonite

If a DV tool is run, DV tool depth(s) will be adjusted based on hole conditions and cement volumes will be adjusted proportionally. DV tool will be set a minimum of 50 feet below previous casing and a minimum of 200 feet above current shoe. Lab reports with the 500 psi compressive strength time for the cement will be onsite for review.

Cacino String	TOC	% Evenes
13-3/8" Surface	0'	100%
9-5/8" Intermediate	0'	75%
7 x 5-1/2" Production Casing	3800'	25%
5-1/2" Production Casing Two Stage	1 St Stage = 4350ft / 2 nd Stage = 4100'	25%
5-1/2" Production Casing Single Stage	4100′	25%

4. Pressure Control Equipment

N A variance is requested for the use of a diverter on the surface casing. See attached for schematic.

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min: Required WP	Type :			Tested to:										
				nular	х	50% of working pressure										
			Blind	Ram												
12-1/4"	13-5/8"	3M	Pipe	Ram		3M										
			}	Doubl	e Ram	<u>x</u>	3141									
`			Other*													
			Ann	ıular	x	50% testing pressure										
		3M	3M	3M	21/4	2M	21/1	21/4	21/4	21/4	2M	2 N /I	Blind Ram			
8-3/4"	13-5/8"												21/1	23.4	23.4	Pipe Ram
0-3/4	13-3/6				Doubl	Double Ram		3M								
:			Other *													
			!													

^{*}Specify if additional ram is utilized.

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Y Formation integrity test will be performed per Onshore Order #2.
On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.i.





- A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.
- Are anchors required by manufacturer?
- A multibowl wellhead may be used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.

Devon proposes the option of using a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi.

- Wellhead will be installed by vendor's representatives.
- If the welding is performed by a third party, the vendor's representative will monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- Vendor representative will install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- Vendor will install a solid steel body pack-off to completely isolate the lower head after cementing intermediate casing. After installation of the pack-off, the packoff and the lower flange will be tested to 3M, as shown on the attached schematic. Everything above the pack-off will not have been altered whatsoever from the initial nipple up. Therefore the BOP components will not be retested at that time.
- If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head will be cut and top out operations will be conducted.
- Devon will pressure test all seals above and below the mandrel (but still above the casing) to full working pressure rating.
- Devon will test the casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater, as per Onshore Order #2.

After running the 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will be installed on the wellhead system and will undergo a 250 psi low pressure test followed by a 3,000 psi high pressure test. The 3,000 psi high and 250 psi low test will cover testing requirements a maximum of 30 days, as per Onshore Order #2. If the well is not complete within 30 days of this BOP test, another full BOP test will be conducted, as per Onshore Order #2.

After running the 9-5/8' intermediate casing with a mandrel hanger, the 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will already be installed on the wellhead.

The pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill pipe is out of the hole. These tests will be logged in the daily driller's log. A 2" kill line and 3" choke line will be incorporated into the drilling spool below the ram BOP. In addition to the rams and annular preventer, additional BOP accessories include a kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines, and choke manifold rated at 3,000 psi WP.

Sue COA

Devon requests a variance to use a flexible line with flanged ends between the BOP and the choke manifold (choke line). The line will be kept as straight as possible with minimal turns.

See attached schematic.

5. Mud Program

THE COA

L. De	pth	Type	«Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water-Loss:
From	To.				
0	700 750	FW Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/C
700	4,300'	Saturated Brine	10.0-10.2	28-34	N/C
4,300'	13,155'	Cut Brine	8.5-9.3	28-34	N/C

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain	PVT/Pason/Visual Monitoring
of fluid?	

6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Logg	ging, Coring and Testing:
x	Will run GR/CNL fromTD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole). Stated
	logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
	No Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.
	Drill stem test? If yes, explain
	Coring? If yes, explain

Add	litional logs planne	da Interval
	Resistivity	Int. shoe to KOP
	Density	Int. shoe to KOP
X	CBL	Production casing
X	Mud log	Intermediate shoe to TD
	PEX	

7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	3973 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No

Mitigation measure for abnormal conditions: Lost circulation material/sweeps/mud scavengers.

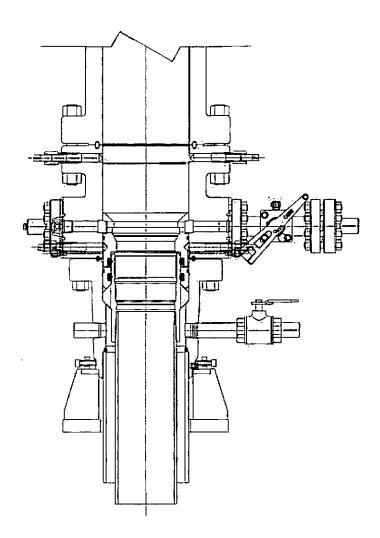
Hyd	rogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If
H2S	is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the
prov	risions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured
valu	es and formations will be provided to the BLM.
N	H2S is present
Y	H2S Plan attached

8. Other facets of operation

Is this a walking operation? No. Will be pre-setting casing? No.

Att	achments
X	Directional Plan
	Other, describe

FMCTechnologies



PRIMARY MODE

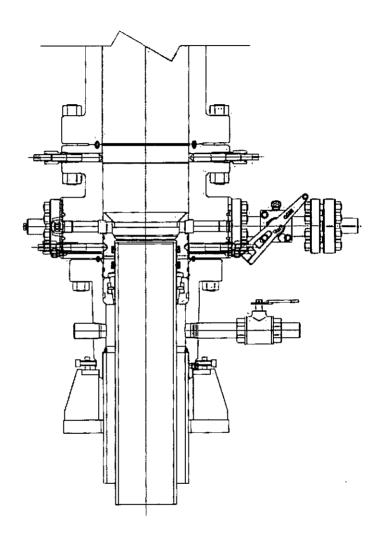
DEVON ENERGY ARTESIA S.E.N.M

13 3/8 X 9 5/8

QUOTE LAYOUT F18648 REF: DM100161737 DM100151315

l	PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL THIS DOCUMENT AND ALL THE INFORMATION CONFILENCE MARE THE	REVISIONS A 05-08-13	DESCRIPTION			
ł	CONFIDENTIAL MED EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OF FIRE TECHNOLOGIES MED WAY NOT BE REPRODUCED, USED, DISCLOSED, OR WADE PUBLIC IN MAY WARRED PRIOR TO			DAKIM BY	05 00 13	
Į	EXPRESS BRITTEN AUTHORIZATION BY FUC TECHNOLOGIES. THIS DOCUMENT IS	B 1-22-14		K. VU	05-08-13	FMC Technologies
ı	ACCUPTED BY RECIPENT PURSUANT TO ACRESIGN TO THE FORECOING, AND MUST BE RETURNED UPON DEMAND.	C 5-13-14	SURFACE WELLHEAD LAYOUT UNIHEAD, UH-1,SOW,	Z. MARQUEZ	05-08-13	
ı	NAME ACTURED AGREES THAT ARRICLES WASE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS	 		DESIDA MARIE		-
ı	DOCUMENT SMALL BE CONSIDERED FING TECHNOLOGIES DESIGN AND THAT	1	DEVON ENERGY, ODESSA	K. TAHA	05-08-13	SPANING NUMBER
	IDENTICAL ARTICLES OF PARTS THEREOF SHALL NOT ME WANTACTURED	1 1		ATTROVED BY		
ı	FOR THE LISE ON SALE BY MANUFACTURED ON MAY STAFF PERSON INSTANTAL THE PRICE PAPERSS MAINTEN AUTHORIZATION AY FAC STOWN COSES			R. HAMILTON	05-08-13:	DM100161771-2A

FMCTechnologies



CONTINGENCY MODE

DEVON ENERGY ARTESIA S.E.N.M 13 3/8 X 9 5/8

QUOTE LAYOUT F18648 REF: DMIO0161737 DMIO0151315

ı	PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL	REVISIONS	DESCRIPTION		!	
1	THIS DOCUMENT AND ALL THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN AND THE	A 05-08-13			<u> </u>	j l
	CONFIDENTIAL AND EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OF FAC TECHNOLOGIES AND MAY NOT	H 03-00-13		Silver M	·]
	BE REPRODUCED, USED, DISCLOSED, OF MICE PUBLIC ALL MAY MANUEL PRIOR TO	B !-22-14		K. VU	(05-08-13	FMC Technologies
	EXPRESS RRITTEN AUTHORIZATION BY FMC TECHNOLOGIES, THIS DOCUMENT IS		CUDEAGE MELLINEAR LAYOUT	CONFERNS NO MET		THE Technologies
	ACCEPTED BY RECOVERY PURSUANT TO ACREEMENT TO THE PORESCING, MICH.	C 5-13-14	SURFACE WELLHEAD LAYOUT			
н	NYEL DE WELTWED THON DESMIT		UNIHEAD. UH-1.SOW.	Z. MARQUEZ	105-08-13	
	MANUFACTURES ASSESS GUAT ARTHOLES MADE IN ACCORDANCE OUTS THIS			DÉSIGN NEVEN		1
	EXCLUSION SHALL BE CONSIDERED FOR TECHNOLOGIES DESIGN AND THAT	1	DEVON ENERGY, ODESSA	K. TAHA	05~08-13	DRAWING NUMBER
	INDIVITION ARTICLES ON PARTS THEREOF SHALL NOT BE WANTFACTURED		**····		03 08 13	
	FINE THE USE OF SALE BY MANUFACTURED OR ANY OTHER PERSON			APPROVED BY	i -	DM100161771-2B
	WITHOUT THE PRIOR EXPRESS WINTTEN AUTHORIZATION BY FAC TECHNOLOGIES			R. HAMILTON	05-08-13	ן טצ"ווווסוטטואטן
L						·



Cotton Draw Unit 278H Eddy Co, NM

Plan Data for Cotton Draw Unit 278H

4499

Plan Data for Cotton Draw Unit 278H Slot: Cotton Draw Unit 278H

Plan Data for Cotton Oraw Unit 278H

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centre: Date: 2015-10-15 Plan: Plan Data for Cotton Draw Unit 278# Well: Cotton Draw Unit 278H
Type: Main-Well
File Number:

H

7/-58- | 1861

Cotton Draw Unit 278H

-680 -480 -200 0 200 400 600 E.Offset (Us ft)(Scale:200Usft/1n)

H

800 8 8 669

Ŗ

.28B B

8200 8460,

8000.

(1) SU) QVI

Position:
Offset is from Site centre
Northing: 414116.37U5ft Latitude: 32°8'13.3"
Easting: 729401.42U5ft Longitude: -103°43'32.7"
Elevation Above VRD: 3410.80U5ft +N/-S: 0.00USft +E/-W: 0.00USft

(3) SU) 192330.N

3000. 2890. 2600. 2466 2209.

3286.

KB-3435 GL-3410

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8

7600 7866

7496.

ij,

Sign Off: Russell Joyner

NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

APR 2 2 2016

RECEIVED

5D Plan Report

Devon Energy

Field Name: Eddy Co, NM (Nad 83 NME)

Site Name: Cotton Draw Unit 278H
Well Name: Cotton Draw Unit 278H

Plan: *P1:V1*

29 May 2015

5D Plan Report



5D 7.5.9: 29 May 2015, 12:47:27 UTC

Weatherford International Limited

Cotton Draw Unit 278H

Map Units : US ft

Company Name: Devon Energy

'Field Name

Vertical Reference Datum (VRD): Mean Sea Level

Projected Coordinate System: NAD83 / New Mexico East (ftUS)

Eddy Cq: NM (Nad 83 NME)

Comment:

Units: US ft

North Reference: Grid

Convergence Angle: 0:32

Site Name

Northing #414M637, USIN LENGTH B20°8' 13330'' Position: Escung #729401.421, USIN Longitudes #1039.43' 32578

Cotton Draw-Unit 278H

Elevation above Mean Sea Level:3410.00 US ft

Comment:

Slot Name

Position (Offsets relative to Site Centre) Latitude : 32,871

Northing:414116:37/ US!ft +E/-W:0:00 US ft Easting: 729401.42 US ft

Longitude: -103°43'32.71"

Cotton Draw Unit 278H

Slot TVD Reference: Ground Elevation

Elevation above Mean Sea Level: 3410.00 US ft

Comment:

Type: Main well

HWT .

Comment:

Plan: P1:V1

Rig Height Kelly Bushing: 25.00 US ft

Relative to Mean Sea Level: 3435.00 US

Well Name Cotton Draw Unit 278H

Closure Distance: 5149.73 US ft

Closure Azimuth: 1.8833°

Vertical Section (Position of Origin Relative to Slot)

+N / -S: 0.00 US ft +E / -W: 0.00 US ft

Az :0.00°

Magnetic Parameters

Model: BGGM

Field Strength: 48141.4nT

Dec: 7.31°

Dip: 60.02° Date:

15/Oct/2015

Target Set

Name: Cotton Draw Unit Number of Targets: 1

278H

Comment:

Target Name: HBHL 278H

+N / -S: 5146.95US ft

Position (Relative to Slot centre) Northing: 419263.32 US ft

Latitude: 32°9'4.22"

+E / -W : 169.24 US ft

Easting: 729570.66US ft

Longitude: -103°43'30.40"

TVD (Kelly Bushing) : 8185.00 US ft

Shape: Cuboid

Orientation Azimuth: 0.00°

Inclination: 0.38°

Dimensions Length: 9148.00 US ft

Breadth: 100.00 US ft

Height: 20.00 US ft

Casing Points (R	elative to Slot	centre, TVD rel	ative to Kelly Bu	ushing)				
MD (US ft)	Inc (°)	Az (°)	TVD (US ft)	N.Offset (US ft)	t.Offset (US (t)	Northing (US ft)	Easting (US ft)	Name
700.00	0.00	0.00	700.00	0.00	0.00	414116.37	729401.42	13 3/8 in
4300.00	0.00	0.00	4300.00	0.00	0.00	414116.37	729401.42	9 5/8 in

Weatherford International Limited

5D 7.5.9: 29 May 2015, 12:47:27 UTC

5D Plan Report

Well path created using minimum curvature

Salient Point	s (Relative to	Slat centro	- TVD relativ	e to "Kėliv E	Bushina)						
ND (US ft)	inc p	Az (°)	TVD (US ft)	N.Offset (US ft)	E.Offset (US ft)	VS (US ft)	DLS (*/100 US ft)	B,Rate (°/100 US ft)	T.Rate (%100 US ft)	T.Face (°)	Comment
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
700.00	0.00	0.00	700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13 3/8 in
4300.00	0.00	0.00	4300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	9 5/8 in
7680.32	0.00	0.00	7680.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	KOP
8316.68	70.00	21.10	8169.78	319.74	123.38	319.74	11.00	11.00	0.00	21.10	Build/Turn
8580.51	90.38	0.00	8215.00	572.73	168.99	572.73	11.00	7.72	-8.00	312.10	LP
13154.82	90.38	0.00	8185.00	5146.95	169.74	5146.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PBHL 278H
Interpolated	Points (Relat	tive to Slot	centre, TVD	relative to	Celly Bushir	ng)					
MD (US ft)	(nc	Az (°)	TVD (US ft)	N.Offsel (US ft)			vs (us tt) (°/	DLS (100 US ft.)	Northing (US ft)	Easting (US ft)	Comment
7600.00	0.00	0.00	7600.00	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	414116.37	729401.42	
7680.32	0.00	0.00	7680.32	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.00	414116.37	729401.42	KOP
7700.00	2.16	21.10	7700.00	0.35	0.1	3	0.35	11.00	414116.72	729401.55	
7800.00	13.16	21.10	7798.95	12.77	4.9	3	12.77	11.00	414129.14	729406.35	
7900.00	24.16	21.10	7893.54	42.58	16.4	1 3	42.58	11,00	414158.95	729417.85	
8000,00	35.16	21.10	7980.31	88.69	34.3	22	88.69	11,00	414205.06	729435.64	
8100.00	46.16	21.10	8056.04	149.39	57.0	54	149.39	11.00	414265.76	729459.06	
8200.00	57.16	21.10	8117.97	222.46	85.8	34	222.46	11.00	414338.83	729487.26	
8300.00	68.16	21.10	8163.82	305.21	117.	77	305.21	11.00	414421.58	729519.19	
8316.68	70.00	21.10	8169.78	319.74	123.	38	319.74	11.00	414436.11	729524.80	Build/Turn
8400.00	76.27	14,11	8193.96	395.67	147.	39	395.67	11.00	414512.04	729548.81	
8500.00	84.04	6.20	8211.08	492,52	164,	66	492.52	11.00	414608.89	729566.08	
8580.51	90.38	0.00	8215.00	572.73	168.	99	572.73	11.00	414689.10	729570,41	LP
8600.00	90.38	0.00	8214.87	592.22	168.	99	592,22	0.00	414708.59	729570.41	
8700.00	90.38	0.00	8214.22	692.22	169.	00	692.22	0.00	414808.59	729570.42	
8800.00	90.38	0.00	8213.56	792.22	169.	00	792.22	0.00	414908.59	729570.42	
8900.00	90.38	0.00	8212.91	892.22	169.	01	892.22	0.00	415008.59	729570.43	
9000.00	90.38	0.00	8212.25	992.21	169.	01	992.21	0.00	415108.58	729570.43	
9100.00	90.38	0.00	8211.59	1092.21	l 16 9 .	02	1092.21	0.00	415208.58	729570.44	
9200.00	90.38	0.00	8210,94	1192,21	l 169.	02	1192.21	0.00	415308.5B	729570.44	
9300.00	90.38	0.00	8210.28	1292.21	169.	03	1292.21	0.00	415408.58	729570,45	
9400.00	90.38	0.00	8209.63	1392.21	169.	03	1392.21	0.00	415508.58	7295 70.45	
9500.00	90.38	0.00	8208.97	1492.20	169.	04	1492.20	0.00	415608.57	729570.46	
9600.00	90.38	0.00	8208.31	1592,20	169.	05	1592.20	0.00	415708.57	729570.47	
9700.00	90.38	0.00	8207,66	1692.20	169.	05	1692.20	0.00	415808.57	729570.47	
9800.00	90.38	0.00	8207.00	1792.20	169.	06	1792.20	0.00	415908.57	729570.48	
9900.00	90.38	0.00	8206.35	1892.20	169.	06	1892.20	0.00	416008.57	729570.48	
10000.00	90.38	0.00	8205.69	1992.19			1992.19	0.00	416108.56	729570.49	
10100.00	90.38	0.00	8205.03	2092.19			2092.19	0.00	416208.56	729570.49	
10200.00	90.38	0.00	8204.38	2192.19			2192.19	0.00	416308.56	729570.50	
10300.00	90.38	0.00	8203.72	2292.19			2292.19	0.00	416408.56	729570.50	
10400.00	90.38	0.00	8203.07	2392.18			2392.18	0.00	416508.55	729570.51	
10500.00	90.38	0.00	8202.41	2492.18			2492.18	0.00	416608.55	729570.51	
10600.00	90.38	0.00	8201.76	2592.18			2592.18	0.00	416708.55	729570,52	
10700.00	90.38	0.00	8201.10	2692.18			2692.18	0.00	416808.55	729570.53	
10800.00	90.38	0.00	8200.44	2792.18			2792.18	0.00	416908.55	729570.53	
10900.00	90.38	0.00	8199.79	2892.17			2892.17	0.00	417008.54	729570.54	
11000.00	90.38	0.00	8199.13	2992.17			2992.17	0.00	417108.54	729570.54	
11100.00	90.38	0.00	8198.48	3092.17			3092.17	0.00	417208.54	729570.55	
11200.00	90.38	0.00	8197.82	3192.17			3192.17	0.00	417308.54	729570.55	•
11300.00	90.38	0.00	8197.16	3292.16			3292.16	0.00	417408.53	729570.56	•
11400.00	90.38	0.00	8196.51	3392.16			3392.16	0.00	417508.53	729570.56	
11500.00	90.38	0.00	8195.85	3492.16			3492.16	0.00	417608.53	729570.57	
11600.00	90.38	0.00	8195.20	3592.16			3592.16	0.00	417708.53	729570.57	
11700.00	90.38	0.00	8194.54	3692.16			3692.16	0.00	417808.53	729570.58	
11800.00	90.38	0.00	8193.89	3792.15	i 169.	17	3792.15	0.00	417908.52	729570.59	

5D 7.5.9 : 29 May 2015, 12:47:27 UTC

5D Plan Report

Interpolated'	Points (Relati	ve to Slat c	entre, TVD rel	ative to Kell	y Bushing)					
MD (US ft)	Inc (°)	Az (°)	TVD (US ft)	N.Offset (US ft)	E.Offset (US ft)	VS (US ft)	DLS (°/100 US ft)	Northing (US ft)	Easting (US ft)	Comment
11900.00	, 88.08	0.00	8193.23	3892.15	169.17	3892.15	0.00	418008.52	729570.59	
12000.00	90.38	0.00	8192.57	3992.15	169.18	3992.15	0.00	418108.52	729570.60	
12100.00	90.38	0.00	B191.92	4092.15	169.18	4092.15	0.00	418208.52	729\$70.60	
12200.00	90.38	0.00	B191.26	4192.15	169.19	4192.15	0.00	418308.52	729570.61	
12300.00	90.38	0.00	8190.61	4292.14	169.19	4292.14	9.00	418408.51	729570.61	
12400.00	90.38	0.00	8189.95	4392.14	169.20	4392,14	0.00	418508.51	729570.62	
12500.00	90.38	0.00	8189.29	4492.14	169.20	4492,14	0.00	418608.51	729570.62	
12600.00	90.38	0.00	8188.64	4592.14	169.21	4592,14	0.00	418708.51	729570.63	
12700.00	90.38	0.00	8187.98	4692.13	169.22	4592.13	0.00	418808.50	729570.64	
12800.00	90.38	0.00	8187.33	4792.13	169.22	4792.13	0.00	418908.50	729570.64	
12900.00	90.38	0.00	8186.67	4892.13	169.23	4892.13	0.00	419008.50	729570.65	
13000.00	90.38	0.00	8186.02	4992.13	169.23	4992.13	0.00	419108.50	729570.65	
13100.00	90.38	0.00	B185.36	5092.13	169.24	5092.13	0.00	419208.50	729570.66	
13154.82	90.38	0.00	8185.00	5146.95	169.24	5146.95	0.00	419263.32	729570.66	PBHL 278H

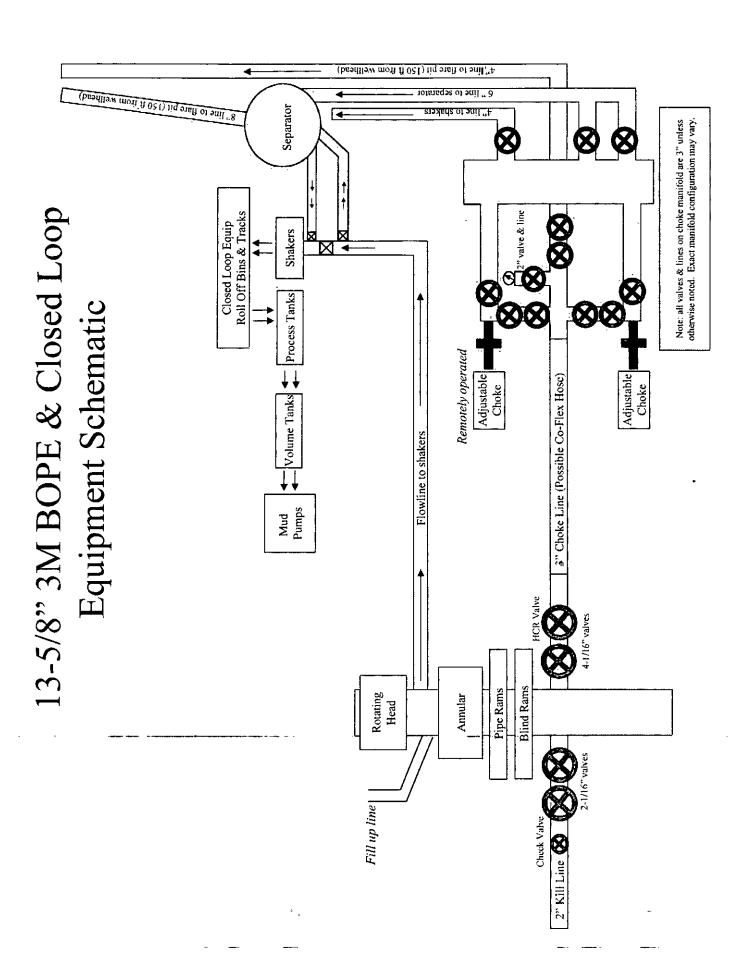


Weatherford Drilling Services

GeoDec4 v2.1.0.0

Report Date: Job Number:	May	29, 2015			
Customer:	Devo	n Energy			
Well Name:		on Draw Unit 278H			
API Number:					
Rig Name:					
Location:	Eddy	Co, NM Nad83 NME			
Block:					
Engineer:	RWJ				
NAD83 / New Me	xico Eas	t (ftUS)	NAD83 (1986)		
Projected Coordin	nate Sys	tem	Geodetic Coordinate	e Syst	em
Datum: North Am	nerican I	Datum 1983 (1986)	Datum: North Amer	ican	Datum 1983 (1986)
Ellipsoid: GRS 198	80		Ellipsoid: GRS 1980		
EPSG: 2257			EPSG: 4269		
North: 414116.37	US Sur	vey Foot	Latitude: 32.137026	Degr	ee
East: 729401.42 L		ey Foot	Longitude: -103.725	752 [Degree
Convergence: 0.3					
Declination: 7.31°		.			
Total Correction:					
Datūm Trānsform	ation: n	ione			
Geodetic Location	WGS84	1			
MSL Elevation =	= 0 n	n			
Latitude =	= 329	9 08' 13.30" N			
Longitude =	= 103	3° 43′ 32.71" W			
Magnetic Declinat	tion =	7.31 deg	[True North Offset]		
Local Gravity	=	.9988 g	CheckSum	=	6573
Local Field Streng	gth =	48141 nT	Magnetic Vector X	=	23858 nT
Magnetic Dip	_ =	60.02 deg	Magnetic Vector Y	=	3063 nT
Magnetic Model	==	bggm2015.dat	Magnetic Vector Z	=	41702 nT
Run Date	=	October 15, 2015	Magnetic Vector H	=	24054 nT

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NOTES REGARDING BLOWOUT PREVENTERS

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. Cotton Draw Unit 278H

- 1. Drilling Nipple will be constructed so it can be removed mechanically without the aid of a welder. The minimum internal diameter will equal BOP bore.
- 2. Wear ring will be properly installed in head.
- 3. Blowout preventer and all associated filings will be in operable condition to withstand a minimum of 3000psi working pressure.
- 4. All fittings will be flanged.
- 5. A fill bore safety valve tested to a minimum of 3000psi WP with proper thread connections will be available on the rotary rig floor at all times.
- 6. All choke lines will be anchored to prevent movement.
- All BOP equipment will be equal to or larger in bore than the internal diameter of the last casing string.
- 8. Will maintain a kelly cock attached to the kelly.
- 9. Hand wheels and wrenches will be properly installed and tested for safe operation.
- 10. Hydraulic floor control for blowout preventer will be located as near in proximity to driller's controls as possible.
- 11. All BOP equipment will meet API standards and include a minimum 40 gallon accumulator having two independent means of power to initiate closing operation.



Fluid Technology

CantiTech Beatile Corp. Website: <u>www.contitechbeattie.com</u>

Monday, June 14, 2010

RE:

Drilling & Preduction Floses Lifting & Safety Equipment

To Helmerich & Payne,

A Continental ContiTech hase assembly can perform as intended and suitable for the application regardless of whather the hose is secured or unsecured in its configuration. As a manufacturer of High Pressure Hose Assemblies for use in Orilling & Production, we do offer the corresponding lifting and safety equipment, this has the added benefit of easing the lifting and handling of each lose assembly whilst affording hose longevity by ensuring correct handling methods and procedures as well as securing the trose in the unlikely event of a failure; but in no way does the lifting and safety equipment affect the performance of the hoses providing the hoses have been handled and installed correctly it is good practice to use lifting & safety equipment but not mandatory

Should you have any guestions or require any additional information/clarifications then please do not hesitate to contact us.

Contilled Beaitte is part of the Continental AG Corporation and can offer the full support resources associated with a global organization.

Best regards,

Robin Hodgson Sales Manager ContiTech Beattle Corp

ContiTech Beattle Corp, 11535 Brittmoore Park Ortve, Houston, TX 77C41 Phane: +1 (332) 327-0141 Fax: +1 (832) 327-0148 www.contitechbeattle.com



R16 212

** PHOENIX

OUALITY DOCUMENT

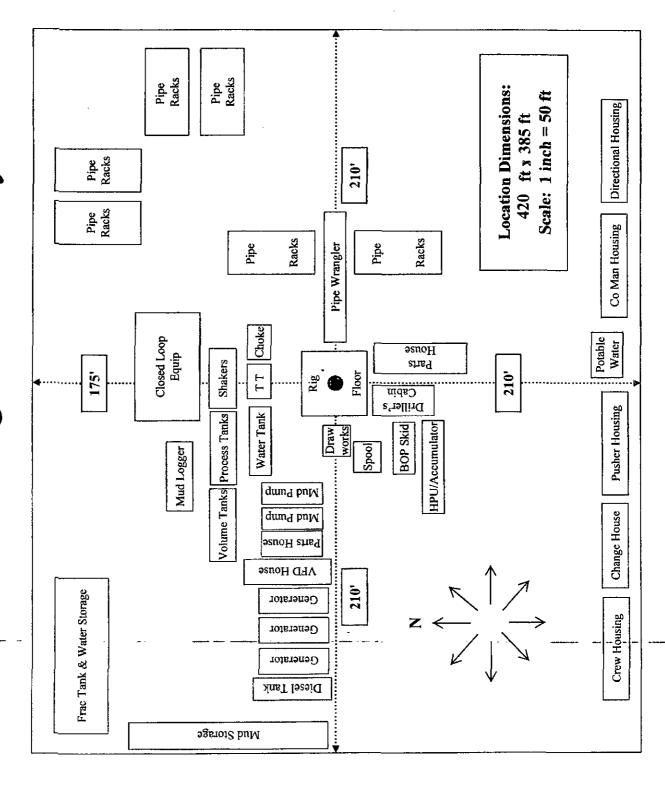
PHOENIX RUBBER
INDUSTRIAL LTD.

6728 Szeged, Budacesii út 10. Hungary • H-8701 Szeged, P. O. Box 152 none: (3662) 568-737 • Fax: (3662) 568-738 SALES & MARKETING: H-1092 Budapest, Ráday u. 42-44. Hungary • H-1440 Budapest, P. O. Box 28 Phone: (361) 456-4200 • Fax: (361) 217-2972, 455-4273 • www.taurusenerge.hu

QUAI INSPECTION	LITY CONTR I AND TEST		ATE	CERT. N	l°:	552	
PURCHASER:	Phoenix Beat	tie Co.		P.O. Nº	1519	9FA-871	
PHOENIX RUBBER order Nº	170466	HOSE TYPE:	3" ID	Cho	oke and Kil	l Hose	
HOSE SERIAL Nº	34128	NOMINAL / AC	TUAL LENGT		11,43 m	1	
W.P. 68,96 MPa	10000 psi	T.P. 103,4	MPa 150	00 psi	Duration:	. 60	min.
Pressure test with water at ambient temperature ↑ 10 mm = 10 Min → 10 mm = 25 MP		achment. (1	page)				أبده أزعدين
7 10 (6.11)		COUPLI	vgs				, in the second
Туре		Serial Nº		Quality		Heat N°	
3" coupling with 4 1/16" Flange end	72	719		AISI 4130 AISI 4130	i	C76 26 473 57	
				:			
All metal parts are flawless WE CERTIFY THAT THE ABOV PRESSURE TESTED AS ABOVI			API Spec Temperatu	re rate:"		OF THE ORD	ER AND
Date: 29. April. 2002.	Inspector		Quality Con	HOI In Hose	ENIX RUB dustrial Ltd Inspection SECTION RUB	d. IECOMYL	in

> VERIFIED TRUE CG. PHOENIX RUBBER Q.C.

H&P Flex Rig Location Layout



NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

APR 2 2 2016



RECEIVED

Devon Energy Center 333 West Sheridan Avenue Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102-5015

Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Contingency Plan

For

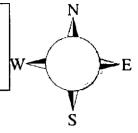
Cotton Draw Unit 278H

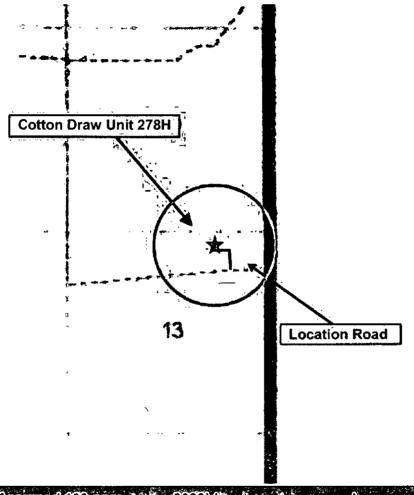
Sec-13 T-25S R-31E 200 FNL & 850' FEL LAT. = 32.1370265' N (NAD83) LONG = 103.7257518' W

Eddy County NM

Cotton Draw Unit 278H

This is an open drilling site. H₂S monitoring equipment and emergency response equipment will be used within 500' of zones known to contain H₂S, including warning signs, wind indicators and H₂S monitor.





Assumed 100 ppm 10 k ~ 2000 (13 div) i 3 div) 100 ppm H2S concentration shall utger realization of this plan.

Escape

Crews shall escape upwind of escaping gas in the event of an emergency release of gas. Escape can be facilitated from the location entrance road. Crews should then block the entrance to the location from the lease road so as not to allow anyone traversing into a hazardous area. The blockade should be at a safe distance outside of the ROE. There are no homes or buildings in or near the ROE.

Assumed 100 ppm ROE = 3000' 100 ppm H₂S concentration shall trigger activation of this plan.

Emergency Procedures

In the event of a release of gas containing H₂S, the first responder(s) must

- Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE.
- Evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE.
- Be equipped with H₂S monitors and air packs in order to control the release.
- Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries occur during the response
- Take precautions to avoid personal injury during this operation.
- Contact operator and/or local officials to aid in operation. See list of phone numbers attached.
- · Have received training in the
 - o Detection of H₂S, and
 - o Measures for protection against the gas,
 - o Equipment used for protection and emergency response.

Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂

	1100 01 1120 1	411G OO2			
Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm

Contacting Authorities

Devon Energy Corp. personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. Devon Energy Corp. Company response must be in coordination with

Devon Energy Corp. Cont Plan. Page 3

the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan

I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S) TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H2S)
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of H₂S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H₂S metal components. If high tensile tubulars are to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and Public Protection Plan.

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H₂S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H₂S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan.

II. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

Note: All H₂S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonably expected to contain H₂S.

1. Well Control Equipment

- A. Flare line
- B. Choke manifold Remotely Operated
- C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- D. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: annular preventer and rotating head.
- E. Mud/Gas Separator

2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

30-minute SCBA units located at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram, with escape units available in the top doghouse. As it may be difficult to communicate audibly while wearing these units, hand signals shall be utilized.

3. H₂S detection and monitoring equipment:

Portable H₂S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights which activate when H₂S levels reach 10 ppm and audible sirens which activate at 15 ppm. Sensor locations:

- Bell nipple
- Shale shaker
- Trip tank

- Suction pit
- Rig floor
- Cellar

- Choke manifold
- Living Quarters (usually the company man's trailer stairs.)

Visual warning systems:

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram
- B. Caution/ Danger signs shall be posted on roads providing direct access to locations. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used when appropriate.

4. Mud program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H₂S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H₂S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H₂S bearing zones.

5. Metallurgy:

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold lines, and valves shall be H₂S trim.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H₂S trim.

6. Communication:

- A. Company personnel have/use cellular telephones in the field.
- B. Land line (telephone) communications at Office

7. Well testing:

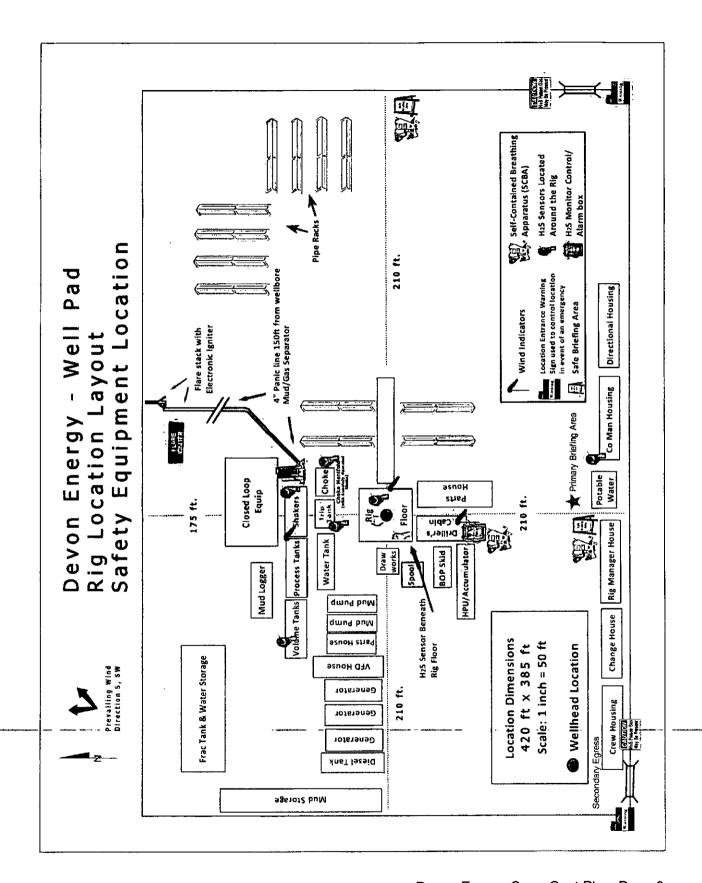
- A. Drill stem testing will be performed with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity, which are necessary to safety and adequately conduct the test. The drill stem testing will be conducted during daylight hours and formation fluids will not be flowed to the surface. All drill-stem-testing operations conducted in an H₂S environment will use the closed chamber method of testing.
- B. There will be no drill stem testing.

Devon Energy Corp. Company Call List

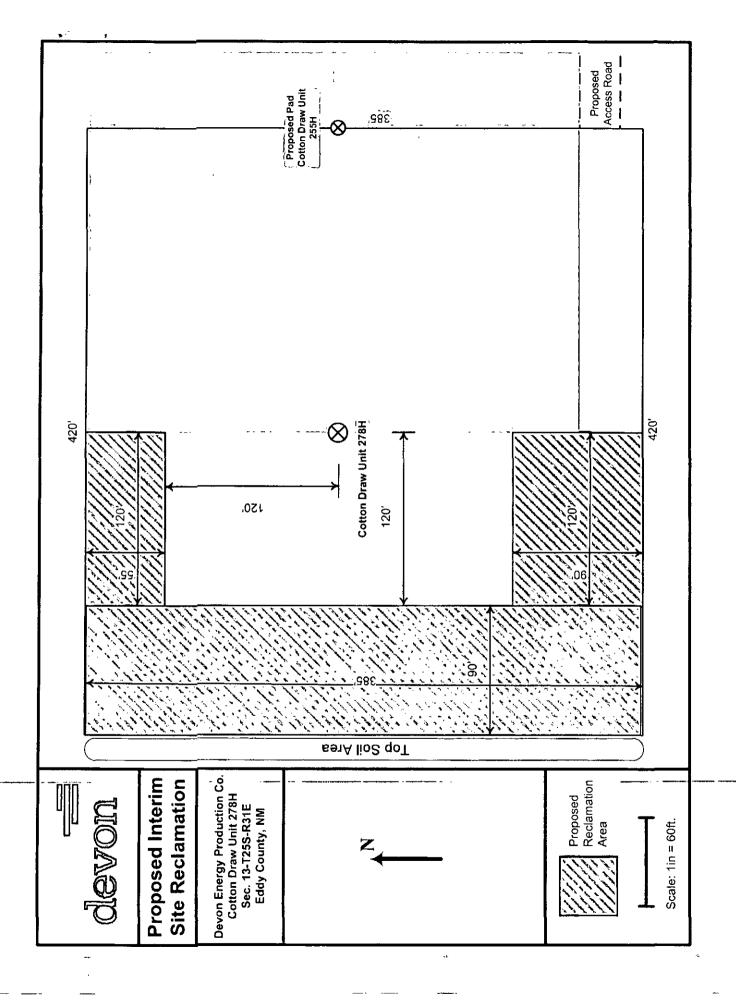
<u>Car</u>	lsbad (575)	Cellular				
Drilli EHS	ing Supervisor – Basin – Mark Kramer ing Supervisor – Slope – Norman Naill S Professional – Mark Hurst	405-760-7234				
Agency Call List						
<u>Lea</u> <u>County</u> (575)	Hobbs Lea County Communication Authority State Police City Police Sheriff's Office Ambulance Fire Department LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee) NMOCD US Bureau of Land Management					
Eddy County (575)	Carlsbad State Police City Police Sheriff's Office Ambulance Fire Department LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee) US Bureau of Land Management NM Emergency Response Commission (Santa Fe) 24 HR National Emergency Response Center (Washington, DC)					
Give GPS position:	Emergency Services Wild Well Control	9 or (915) 563-3356 .(575) 746-2757 .(575) 746-3569 (575) 392-6429 (806) 743-9911 (806) 747-8923				
	Med Flight Air Amb - Albuquerque, NM Lifeguard Air Med Svc. Albuquerque, NM	(575) 842-4433 (575) 272-3115				

Prepared in conjunction with Dave Small

COMMUNICATIONS & CONSULTING, LLC



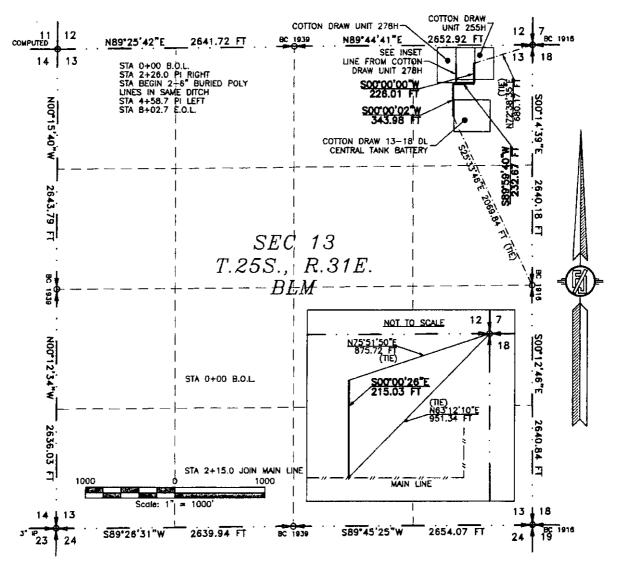
Devon Energy Corp. Cont Plan. Page 8



FLOWLINE PLAT (400508)

TWO (2)- 6" BURIED FIBER FLOW LINES AND TWO (2)- 6" BURIED FIBER CAS LINES (IN SAME TRENCH) FROM THE CDU #255H & #278H TO THE CDU 13-18 (DL) CENTRAL TANK BATTERY

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P. CENTERLINE SURVEY OF A PIPELINE CROSSING SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 25 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO JANUARY 21, 2016



SEE NEXT SHEET (2-4) FOR DESCRIPTION

SURVEYOR CERTIFICATE

GENERAL NOTES 1.) THE INTENT OF THIS ROUTE SURVEY IS TO ACQUIRE AN EASEMENT.	THAT THIS SU BELIEF, AND I SURVEYING IN
O V DACIO DE DEADINO IO NIVIODI CACT	IN WITH
2.) BASIS OF BEARING IS NMSP EAST MODIFIED TO SURFACE COORDINATES.	NEW MEXICO,
	4

I, FILIMON F. JARAMILLO, A NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 12797, Y CERTIFY THAT I HAVE CONDUCTED AND AM RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS SURVEY, HIS SURVEY IS TRUE_AND_CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND THAT THIS SURVEY AND PLAT MEET THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR LAND THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO.

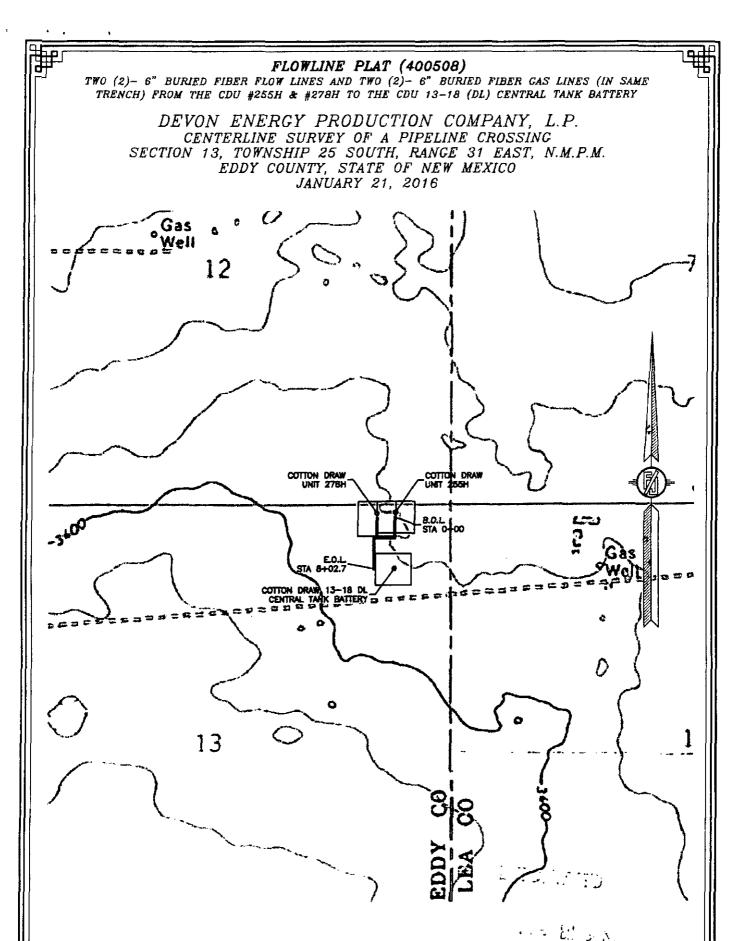
VESS WHEREOF, THIS CERTIFICATE IS EXECUTED AT CARLSBAD,

ON DE JANUARY 2016 115

MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 301 SOUTH CANAL CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO 88229 Phone (575) 234-3341

SURVEY NO. 3892A MADRON SURVEYING. (INC. (575) 2.54-3341 CARLSBAD, NEW., MEXICO

SHEET: 1-4



SHEET: 3-4
SURVEY NO. 3892A
MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 5015 SOUTH CAME. CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

FLOWLINE PLAT (400508)

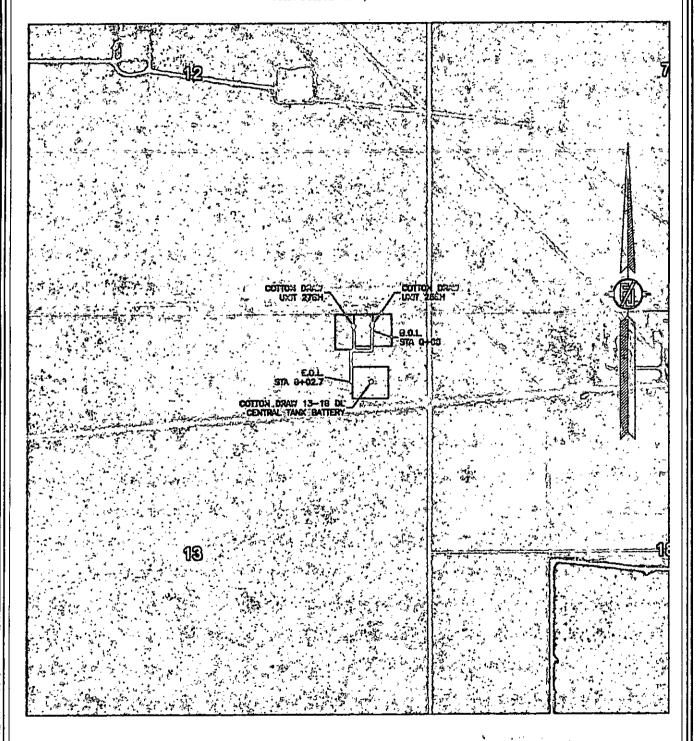
TWO (2)- 6" BURIED FIBER FLOW LINES AND TWO (2)- 6" BURIED FIBER CAS LINES (IN SAME TRENCH) FROM THE CDU #255H & #278H TO THE CDU 13-18 (DL) CENTRAL TANK BATTERY

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.

CENTERLINE SURVEY OF A PIPELINE CROSSING
SECTION 13, TOWNSHIP 25 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M.

EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO

JANUARY 21, 2016



SHEET: 4-4
SURVEY NO. 3892A
MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 501 SOUTH CAMAL CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

SURFACE USE PLAN - REVISED

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.

The on-site inspection for these projects was performed on 3/31/2015 by CEHMM

Cotton Draw Unit 278H

1. Existing Roads:

- a. The well site and elevation plat for the proposed well are reflected on the "Site Map". The well was staked by Madron Surveying, Inc.
- b. All roads into the location are depicted on the "Vicinity Map". The operator will repair pot holes, clear ditches, repair the crown, etc. All existing structures on the entire access route such as cattle guards, culverts, etc. will be properly repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. BLM written approval will be acquired before application of surfactants, binding agents, or other dust suppression chemicals on roadways.
- c. Directions to Location: From the intersection of HWY #128 and County Road #1 (Orla HWY) go South on County Road #1 approx 6.0 miles to Monsanto Road on right (West) turn West on Monsanto Road go approx 2.1 miles road turns right (North) go approx 0.9 miles road turns left (West) go approx 1.0 miles to road lath with red and white flagging on right side (North) of road follow road laths North approx 660' to road lath to Cotton Draw Unit 255H go Left (West) go West approx 200' to location.

2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads:

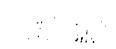
- a. The "Site Map" shows new constructed access road, which will be approximately <u>200</u> LF from the existing Lease road. See attached Access Road Plat
- b. The maximum driving width of the access road will be 14 feet. The maximum width of surface disturbance when constructing the access road will not exceed 25 feet. The road will be crowned and ditched with 2% slope from the tip of the crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 3 feet wide with 3:1 slopes. The driving surface will be made of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.
- c. No cattle guards, grates or fence cuts will be required. No turnouts are planned.

3. Location of Existing Wells:

The attached "One Mile Radius Map" shows all existing and proposed wells within a one-mile radius of the proposed location.

4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities:

- a. In the event the well is found productive, the Cotton Draw Unit 13-18 (DL CTB) would be utilized and shared. Located in Sec 13-T25S-R31E. See "Flow Line Map".
- b. Two (2) 6" buried fiber flow lines and Two (2) 6" buried fiber gas lines (in same trench) from the CDU 255H & 278H to the CDU (DL) Central tank Battery. Total of 1017.69' of flow line. See "Flow line Map".



4 5 4 6 6 6 6 6 6

- c. If necessary, the well will be operated by means of an electric prime mover. If electric power poles are needed, a plat and a sundry notice will be filed with your office.
- d. All flow lines will adhere to API standards.
- e. If the well is productive, rehabilitation plans are as follows:
 - i. A closed loop system will be utilized.
 - ii. The original topsoil from the well site will be returned to the location. The drill site will then be contoured as close as possible to the original state.

5. Location and Types of Water Supply:

This location will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems (outlined in the Drilling Program). The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads described and depicted on the "Vicinity Map". On occasion, water will be obtained from a pre-existing water well, running a pump directly to the drill rig. In cases where a poly pipeline is used to transport water for drilling purposes, proper authorizations will be secured. If a poly pipeline is used, the size, distance, and map showing route will be provided to the BLM via sundry notice.

6. Construction Materials:

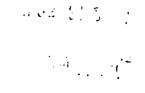
Obtaining caliche: One primary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. Actual amounts will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

- a. The top 6 inches of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
- b. Subsoil is removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad.
- c. When caliche is found, material will be stock piled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- d. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- e. Once well is drilled, the stock piled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced.
- f. Neither caliche, nor subsoil will be stock piled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat.

In the event that no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM approved caliche pit or other established mineral pit. A BLM mineral material permit will be acquired prior to obtaining any mineral material from BLM pits or land.

7. Methods of Handling Waste Material:

- a. Drill cuttings will be safely contained in a closed loop system and disposed of properly at a NMOCD approved disposal site.
- b. All trash, junk and other waste material will be contained in trash cages or trash bins to prevent scattering. When the job is completed all contents will be removed and disposed of in an approved sanitary landfill.
- c. The supplier will pick up salts remaining after completion of well, including broken sacks.



- d. A Porto-john will be provided for the rig crews. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- e. Remaining drilling fluids will be sent to a closed loop system. Water produced during completion will be put into a closed loop system. Oil and condensate produced will be put into a storage tank and sold.
- f. Disposal of fluids to be transported by the following companies:
 - i. American Production Service Inc. Odessa TX
 - ii. Gandy Corporation, Lovington NM
 - iii. 1 & W Inc, Loco Hill NM
 - iv. Jims Water Service of Co Inc, Denver CO
- 8. Ancillary Facilities: No campsite or other facilities will be constructed as a result of this well.

9. Well Site Layout

- a. The Rig Location Layout attachment shows the proposed well site layout and pad dimensions.
- b. The Rig Location Layout attachment proposes location of sump pits and living facilities.
- c. Mud pits in the active circulating system will be steel pits.
- d. A closed loop system will be utilized.
- e. If a pit or closed loop system is utilized, Devon will provide a copy of the Design Plan to the BLM.

10. Plans for Surface Reclamation:

- a. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original top soil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography.
- b. The location and road will be rehabilitated as recommended by the BLM.
- c. If the well is deemed commercially productive, caliche from areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original top soil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography.
- d. All disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations will undergo interim reclamation. The portions of the cleared well site not needed for operational and safety purposes will be recontoured to a final or intermediate contour that blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Topsoil will be respread over areas not needed for all-weather operations.

11. Surface Ownership

- a. The surface is owned by the US Government and is administered by the Bureau of Land Management. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas.
- b. The proposed road routes and the surface location will be restored as directed by the BLM.

12. Other Information:

- a. The area surrounding the well site is grassland. The topsoil is very sandy in nature. The vegetation is moderately sparse with native prairie grass, sage bush, yucca and miscellaneous weeds. No wildlife was observed but it is likely that deer, rabbits, coyotes, and rodents traverse the area.
- b. There is no permanent or live water in the general proximity of the location.
- c. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of location.
- d. A Cultural Resources Examination will be completed by the Permian Basin Cultural Resource Fund in lieu of being required to conduct a Class III Survey for cultural resources associated with their project within the BLM office in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

13. Bond Coverage:

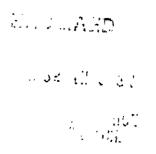
Bond Coverage is Nationwide; Bond # is CO-1104 & NMB-000801.

Operators Representative:

The Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below.

James Allbee, Program Supervisor Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. 333 W. Sheridan Oklahoma City, OK 73102-5010 (405) 228-8698 (office) (405) 820-8682 (Cellular)

Don Mayberry - Superintendent Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. Post Office Box 250 Artesia, NM 88211-0250 (575) 748-3371 (office) (575) 746-4945 (home)



Certification

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access road proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions that presently exist; that I have full knowledge of State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

I hereby also certify that I, or Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. have made a good faith effort to provide the surface owner with a copy of the Surface Use Plan of Operations and any Conditions of Approval that are attached to the APD.

Executed this _11th__ day of __June, 2015.

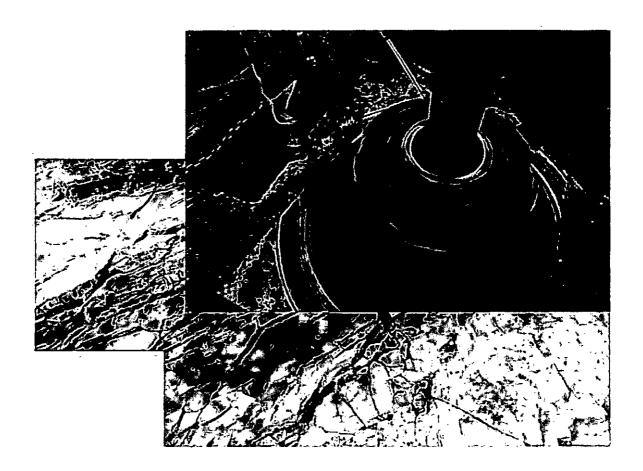
Printed Name: Trina C. Couch
Signed Name: Position Title: Regulatory Analyst

Address: 333 W. Sheridan, OKC OK 73102

Telephone: (405)-228-7203



Commitment Runs Deep



Design Plan
—Operation-and-Maintenance Plan
Closure Plan

SENM - Closed Loop Systems June 2010

I. Design Plan

Devon uses MI SWACO closed loop system (CLS). The MI SWACO CLS is designed to maintain drill solids at or below 5%. The equipment is arranged to progressively remove solids from the largest to the smallest size. Drilling fluids can thus be reused and savings is realized on mud and disposal costs. Dewatering may be required with the centrifuges to insure removal of ultra fine solids.

The drilling location is constructed to allow storm water to flow to a central sump normally the cellar. This insures no contamination leaves the drilling pad in the event of a spill. Storm water is reused in the mud system or stored in a reserve fluid tank farm until it can be reused. All lubricants, oils, or chemicals are removed immediately from the ground to prevent the contamination of storm water. An oil trap is normally installed on the sump if an oil spill occurs during a storm.

A tank farm is utilized to store drilling fluids including fresh water and brine fluids. The tank farm is constructed on a 20 ml plastic lined, bermed pad to prevent the contamination of the drilling site during a spill. Fluids from other sites may be stored in these tanks for processing by the solids control equipment and reused in the mud system. At the end of the well the fluids are transported from the tank farm to an adjoining well or to the next well for the rig.

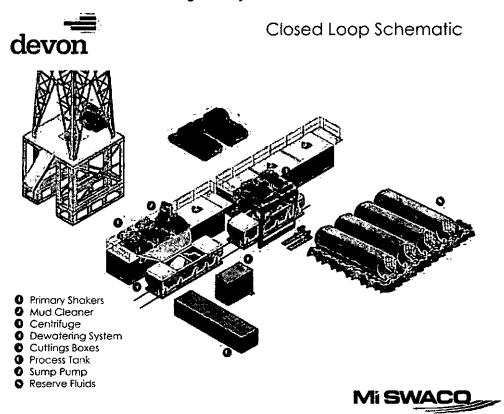
Prior to installing a closed-loop system on site, the topsoil, if present, will be stripped and stockpiled for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signs will be posted on the fence surrounding the closed-loop system unless the closed-loop system is located on a site where there is an existing well, that is operated by Devon.

II. Operations and Maintenance Plan

Primary Shakers: The primary shakers make the first removal of drill solids from the drilling mud as it leaves the well bore. The shakers are sized to handle maximum drilling rate at optimal screen size. The shakers normally remove solids down to 74 microns.

Mud Cleaner: The Mud Cleaner cleans the fluid after it leaves the shakers. A set of hydrocyclones are sized to handle 1.25 to 1.5 times the maximum circulating rate. This ensures all the fluid is being processed to an average cut point of 25 microns. The wet discharged is dewatered on a shaker equipped with ultra fine mesh screens and generally cut at 40 microns.



Centrifuges: The centrifuges can be one or two in number depending on the well geometry or depth of well. The centrifuges are sized to maintain low gravity solids at 5% or below. They may or may not need a dewatering system to enhance the removal rates. The centrifuges can make a cut point of 8-10 microns depending on bowl speed, feed rate, solids loading and other factors.

The centrifuge system is designed to work on the active system and be flexible to process incoming fluids from other locations. This set-up is also dependant on well-factors.

Dewatering System: The dewatering system is a chemical mixing and dosing system designed to enhance the solids removal of the centrifuge. Not commonly used in shallow wells. It may contain pH adjustment, coagulant mixing and dosing, and polymer mixing and dosing. Chemical flocculation binds ultra fine solids into a mass that is within the centrifuge operating design. The

dewatering system improves the centrifuge cut point to infinity or allows for the return of clear water or brine fluid. This ability allows for the ultimate control of low gravity solids.

Cuttings Boxes: Cuttings boxes are utilized to capture drill solids that are discarded from the solids control equipment. These boxes are set upon a rail system that allows for the removal and replacement of a full box of cuttings with an empty one. They are equipped with a cover that insures no product is spilled into the environment during the transportation phase.

Process Tank: (Optional) The process tank allows for the holding and process of fluids that are being transferred into the mud system. Additionally, during times of lost circulation the process tank may hold active fluids that are removed for additional treatment. It can further be used as a mixing tank during well control conditions.

Sump and Sump Pump: The sump is used to collect storm water and the pump is used to transfer this fluid to the active system or to the tank for to hold in reserve. It can also be used to collect fluids that may escape during spills. The location contains drainage ditches that allow the location fluids to drain to the sump.

Reserve Fluids (Tank Farm): A series of frac tanks are used to replace the reserve pit. These are steel tanks that are equipped with a manifold system and a transfer pump. These tanks can contain any number of fluids used during the drilling process. These can include fresh water, cut brine, and saturated salt fluid. The fluid can be from the active well or reclaimed fluid from other locations. A 20 ml liner and berm system is employed to ensure the fluids do not migrate to the environment during a spill.

If a leak develops, the appropriate division district office will be notified within 48 hours of the discovery and the leak will be addressed. Spill prevention is accomplished by maintaining pump packing, hoses, and pipe fittings to insure no leaks are occurring. During an upset condition the source of the spill is isolated and repaired as soon as it is discovered. Free liquid is removed by a diaphragm pump and returned to the mud system. Loose topsoil may be used to stabilize the spill and the contaminated soil is excavated and placed in the cuttings boxes. After the well is finished and the rig has moved, the entire location is scrapped and testing will be performed to determine if-a-release has——occurred.

All trash is kept in a wire mesh enclosure and removed to an approved landfill when full. All spent motor oils are kept in separate containers and they are removed and sent to an approved recycling center. Any spilled lubricants, pipe

dope, or regulated chemicals are removed from soil and sent to landfills approved for these products.

These operations are monitored by Mi Swaco service technicians. Daily logs are maintained to ensure optimal equipment operation and maintenance. Screen and chemical use is logged to maintain inventory control. Fluid properties are monitored and recorded and drilling mud volumes are accounted for in the mud storage farm. This data is kept for end of well review to insure performance goals are met. Lessons learned are logged and used to help with continuous improvement.

A MI SWACO field supervisor manages from 3-5 wells. They are responsible for training personnel, supervising installations, and inspecting sites for compliance of MI SWACO safety and operational policy.

III. Closure Plan

A maximum 340' X 340' caliche pad is built per well. All of the trucks and steel tanks fit on this pad. All fluid cuttings go to the steel tanks to be hauled by various trucking companies to an agency approved disposal.

APR 2 2 2016

PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

RECEIVED

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Devon Energy Production Company, L.P.
LEASE NO.:	NMNM-0503
WELL NAME & NO.:	Cotton Draw Unit 278H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	0200' FNL & 0850' FEL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	0330' FNL & 0660' FEL Sec. 12, T. 25 S., R 31 E.
LOCATION:	Section 13, T. 25 S., R 31 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

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I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Commercial Well Determination

A commercial well determination shall be submitted after production has been established for at least six months.

Unit Wells

The well sign for a unit well shall include the unit number in addition to the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. This also applies to participating area numbers. If a participating area has not been established, the operator can use the general unit designation, but will replace the unit number with the participating area number when the sign is replaced.

Timing Limitation Stipulation / Condition of Approval for lesser prairie-chicken:

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 feet from the source of the noise.

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at 575-234-5972.

This authorization is subject to your Certificate of Participation and/or Certificate of Inclusion under the New Mexico Candidate Conservation Agreement. Because it involves surface disturbing activities covered under your Certificate, your Habitat Conservation Fund Account with the Center of Excellence for Hazardous Materials Management (CEHMM) will be debited according to Exhibit B Part 2 of the Certificate of Participation.

Watershed

- The entire well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The berm shall be maintained through the life of the well and after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be corrected within two weeks and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

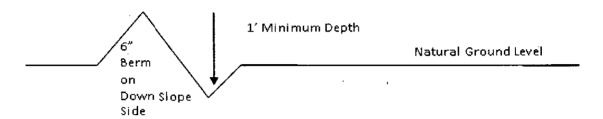
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%}$$
 + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattleguards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

- 1. Salvage topsoil
- 3. Redistribute topsoil
- 2. Construct road
- 4. Revegetate slopes

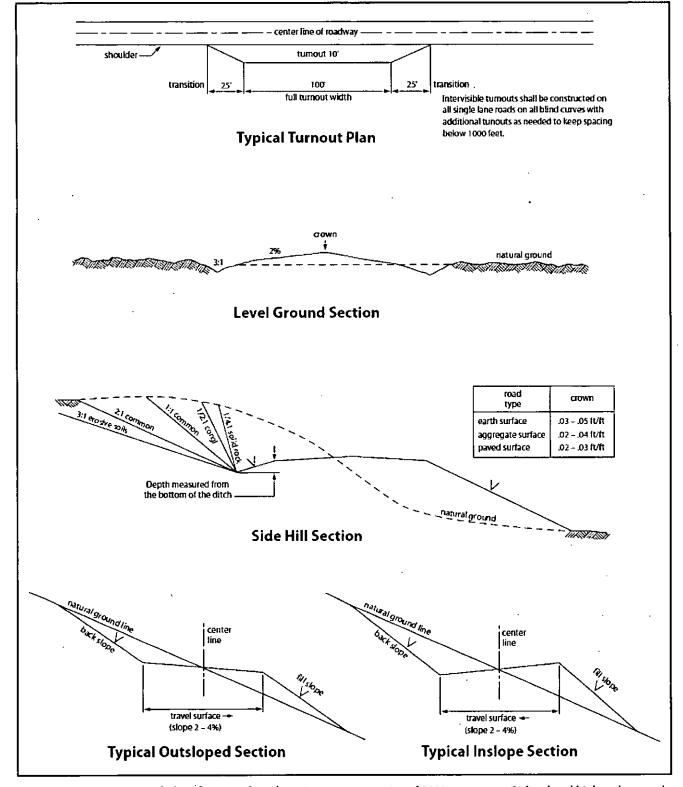


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

⊠ Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:

After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Possibility of water flows in the Salado and Castile.

Possibility of lost circulation in the Red Beds, Rustler and Delaware.

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 750 feet (in a competent bed below the Magenta Dolomite, which is a Member of the Rustler, and if salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string,

Intermediate casing shall be kept fluid filled while running into hole to meet BLM minimum collapse requirements.

2.	The minimum required fill	of cement	behind the 9-5/8	inch intermediate car	sing is:
	Cement to surface	If cement	does not circulat	e see R 1 a lc-d ahove	.

Centralizers required on horizontal leg, must be type for horizontal service and a minimum of one every other joint.

3. Production Casing Options:

Option A:

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

Option #1(Single Stage):

Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Option #2:

Operator has proposed DV tool at depth of 4350', but will adjust cement proportionately if moved. DV tool shall be set a minimum of 50' below previous shoe and a minimum of 200' above current shoe. Operator shall submit sundry if DV tool depth cannot be set in this range.

- a. First stage to DV tool:
- Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve approved top of cement on the next stage.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
- Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Option B:

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7 X 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

- Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.
- 4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API 53.

- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi.
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Operator shall perform the intermediate casing integrity test to 70% of the casing burst. This will test the multi-bowl seals.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**.
 - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE.

If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.

- d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or

cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

B. Buried PIPELINES

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
- 2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
- 4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.
- 5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.
- 6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.
- 7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be 30 feet:
 - Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed **20** feet. The trench is included in this area. (Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.)
 - Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed 30 feet. The trench and bladed area are included in

this area. (Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.)

- The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.)
- 8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately ___6__ inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.
- 9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
- 10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.
- 11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12.	The holder will	reseed all	disturbed areas.	Seeding will	l be done	according to	the attached
seed	ling requiremen	ts, using th	e following seed	l mix.			

() seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
() seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
(X) seed mixture 2/LPC	() Aplomado Falcon Mixture

- 13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.
- 14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.
- 15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

- 16. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.
- 17. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.
- 18. <u>Escape Ramps</u> The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:
 - a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
 - b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

19. Special Stipulations:

Lesser Prairie-Chicken

Oil and gas activities will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, geophysical exploration other than 3-D operations, and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

This authorization is subject to your Certificate of Participation and/or Certificate of Inclusion under the New Mexico Candidate Conservation Agreement. Because it involves surface disturbing activities covered under your Certificate, your Habitat Conservation Fund Account with the Center of Excellence for Hazardous Materials Management (CEHMM) will be debited according to Exhibit B Part 2 of the Certificate of Participation.

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Seed Mixture for LPC Sand/Shinnery Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed shall be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. Seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

<u>icre</u>
s/A

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed