NM OIL CONSERVATION ARTESIA DISTRICT

Form 3160-3 (March 2012) MAY 1 6 2016

FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires October 31, 2014

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MAN		RECEIVE)	NMNM 56426	
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO		REENTER		6. If Indian, Allotee or T	ribe Name
la. Type of work: DRILL REENTE	ER			7. If Unit or CA Agreemen	nt, Name and No.
lb. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well Other	✓ Sin	gle Zone Multip	ole Zone	8. Lease Name and Well Pavo Macho 31 B2EH	
Name of Operator Mewbourne Oil Company				9. API Well No. 30-0/5-	43784
3a. Address PO Box 5270 Hobbs, NM 88241	3b. Phone No. 575-393-59	(include area code) 105		10. Field and Pool, or Explo Palmillo East Bone Spi	oratory
Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with and At surface 1980' FNL & 185' FWL, Sec 31 T18S R29E	ry State requireme	ents.*)		11. Sec., T. R. M. or Bik.ar Sec 31 T18S R29E	nd Survey or Area
At proposed prod. zone 1980' FNL & 330' FEL, Sec 31 T18	S R29E				
 Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* miles NE of Carlsbad, NM 				12. County or Parish Eddy	13. State NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No. of ac 1,046.15 ac	cres in lease cres	17. Spacin 152.66	g Unit dedicated to this well	
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft.	19. Proposed 7,666 11,890	'- TVD		BIA Bond No. on file 3 nationwide, NMB-0009	19
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3405' - GL	22. Approxim 10/15/2015	nate date work will star 5	rt*	23. Estimated duration 60 days	
	24. Attacl	hments			
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshor	re Oil and Gas (Order No.1, must be at	tached to th	is form:	
 Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System 	Lands the	Bond to cover the learn 20 above). Operator certification.		ns unless covered by an exis	ting bond on file (se
SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).				ormation and/or plans as may	be required by the

25. Signature

7	. 4	Bradiey Bishop	08/05/2015
Title			
Approved by (Signature)	/s/George MacDonell	Name (Printed/Typed)	Date MAY 1 2 201
Title .	FIELD MANAGER	Office CARLSBAD FIELD OFFICE	

Name (Printed/Typed)

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

APPROVAL FOR TWO YEARS

Date

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(Continued on page 2)

*(Instructions on page 2)

Capitan Controlled Water Basin

SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Approval Subject to General Requirements & Special Stipulations Attached

NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 District II

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170

District IV

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fc, NM 87505 Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico

Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources DepartmenMAY 1 6 2016 OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr.

RECEIVED Santa Fe, NM 87505

Revised August 1, 2011

District Office

Form C-102

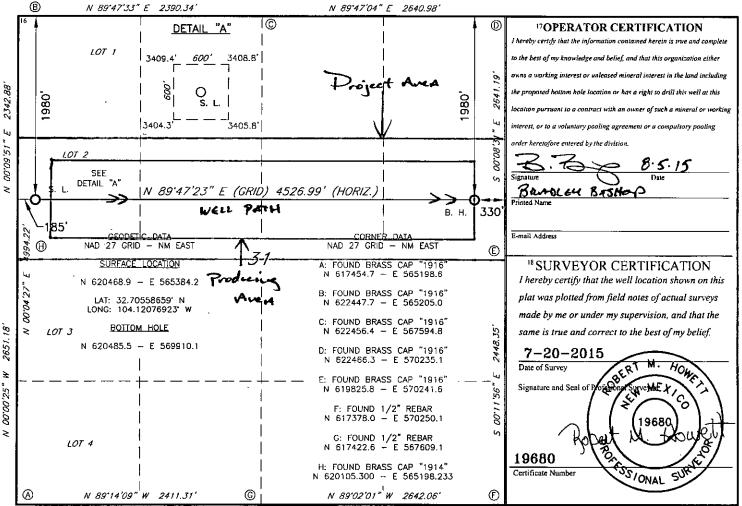
Submit one copy to appropriate

☐ AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

	API Number 2Pool Code 3 Pool Name								
30-01	15-4.	5-43784 49553 PALMELLO EAST BONE SPRING OIL							
3/6223 PAVO MACHO 31 B2EH FED COM									⁶ Well Number 1 H
	7OGRID NO. 8 Operator Name 9 Elevation 14744 MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY 3405'								
¹⁰ Surface Location									
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet From the	East/West line	County
29	31	18S	29E	1 2	1980	NORTH	185	WEST	EDDY
1			"]	Bottom H	ole Location	If Different Fr	om Surface		
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
H	31	18S	29E		1980	NORTH	330	EAST	EDDY
12 Dedicated Acres	s 13 Joint	or Infill 14 (Consolidation	Code 15 C	Order No.				

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interest have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.



Mewbourne Oil Company

PO Box 5270 Hobbs, NM 88241 (575) 393-5905

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

Executed this $\underline{5}$ day of $\underline{A_{vgvs}+}$, 2015.
Name: Robin Terrell
Signature: B.P. en RT
Position Title: <u>Hobbs District Manager</u>
Address: PO Box 5270, Hobbs NM 88241
Telephone: <u>575-393-5905</u>
E-mail: rterrell@mewbourne.com_

SL: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	7666'	Pilot hole depth	NA
MD at TD:	11890'	Deepest expected fresh water:	200'

Basin

Formation	Depth (TVD)	Water/Mineral Bearing/	Hazards*
	from KB	Target Zone?	
Quaternary Fill	Surface		
Rustler			
Top of Salt		·	
Base of Salt	700		#1 1 to 1
Yates	855		-
Seven Rivers	1225		·
Queen	1795		
Grayburg	2145		
San Andres	2635		
Bone Spring	3355	Oil/Gas	
1st Bone Spring Sand	6535		
2 nd Bone Spring Sand	7290	Target Zone	
3 rd Bone Spring Sand			
Abo			
Wolfcamp		Will Not Penetrate	
Devonian			
Fusselman			
Ellenburger			•
Granite Wash			

^{*}H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

Mewbourne Oil Company, Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H

Sec 31, T18S, R29E

SL: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

2. Casing Program

_	
Sec	
A mere	
COA	

Hole	Casin	g Interval	Csg.	Weight	Grade	Conn.	SF	SF	SF
Size	From	To	Size	(lbs)			Collapse	Burst	Tension
17.5"	0'	415 260	13.375"	48	H40	STC	3.43	8.02	16.16
12.25"	0'	1125'	9.625"	36	J55	LTC	3.45	6.02	11.19
8.75"	0'	7087'	5.5"	17	P110	LTC	2.03	2.89	2.20
8.75"	7087'	7825'	5.5"	17	P110	BTC	1.44	2.04	6.69
8.75"	7825'	11890'	5.5"	17	P110	LTC	1.44	2.04	6.43
				BLM Min	imum Safe	ty Factor	1.125	1	1.6 Dry
						•			1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Must have table for contingency casing

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	, Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500° into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

SL: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

3. Cementing Program See COA

Casing	# Sks	Wt. lb/ gal	Yld ft3/ sack	H ₂ 0 gal/ sk	500# Comp. Strength (hours)	Slurry Description
Surf.	150	14.8	2.12	6.3	8	Class C + 0.005pps Static Free + 1% CaCl2 + 0.25 pps CelloFlake + 0.005 gps FP-6L
	200	14.8	1.34	6.3	8	Tail: Class C + 0.25 lb/sk Cello Flake + 0.005 lb/sk Static Free
Inter.	90	12.5	2.12	11	10	Lead: Class C (35:65:4) + 5% Sodium Chloride +5#/sk LCM +0.25lb/sk Cello-Flake
	200	14.8	1.34	6.3	8	Tail: Class C + 0.25 lb/sk Cello Flake + 0.005 lb/sk Static Free
Prod.	1175	11.2	2.97	18	16	Class C (60:40:0)+4% MPA5+1.2% BA10A+10#/sk BA90+5%A10+0.65%ASA301+1.5%SMS+1.2%R21

A copy of cement test will be available on location at time of cement job providing pump times & compressive strengths.

Casing String	TOC	% Excess
Surface	0'	100%
Intermediate	0'	25%
Production	925'	25%

Low Cement See COA

SL: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

4. Pressure Control Equipment

Variance: None	$\overline{}$			
		Variance: None		

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	System Rated WP	Туре		Tested to:
			Annular	X	1500#
	13-5/8"	3M	Blind Ram		
12-1/4"			Pipe Ram		
			Double Ram		
			Other*		
			Annular	X	1500#
			Blind Ram	X	
8-3/4"	13-5/8"	3M	Pipe Ram	X	2000#
			Double Ram		3000#
			Other*		

^{*}Specify if additional ram is utilized.

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

X	Formation integrity test will be performed per Onshore Order #2.
	On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.i.
Y	A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke. Manifold. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.
ļ	N Are anchors required by manufacturer?

SL: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

- N A multibowl wellhead is being used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.
 - Provide description here

See attached schematic.

5. Mud Program

Depth		Type	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss	
From	To	,				
0	415-260	FW Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/C	
415	1125	Saturated Brine	10.0	28-34	N/C	
1125	7087	Cut Brine	8.6-9.5	28-34	N/C	
7087	11890	FW w/ Polymer	8.6-9.5	30-40	<20cc	

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain	Visual Monitoring
of fluid?	_

6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Logg	ring, Coring and Testing.
X	Will run GR/CNL from KOP (7087') to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of
	hole). Stated logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
	No Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.
	Drill stem test? If yes, explain
	Coring? If yes, explain

Add	litional logs planned	Interval
X	Gamma Ray	7087'(KOP) to TD
	Density	
	CBL	•
	Mud log	
	PEX	

SL: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	3320 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No

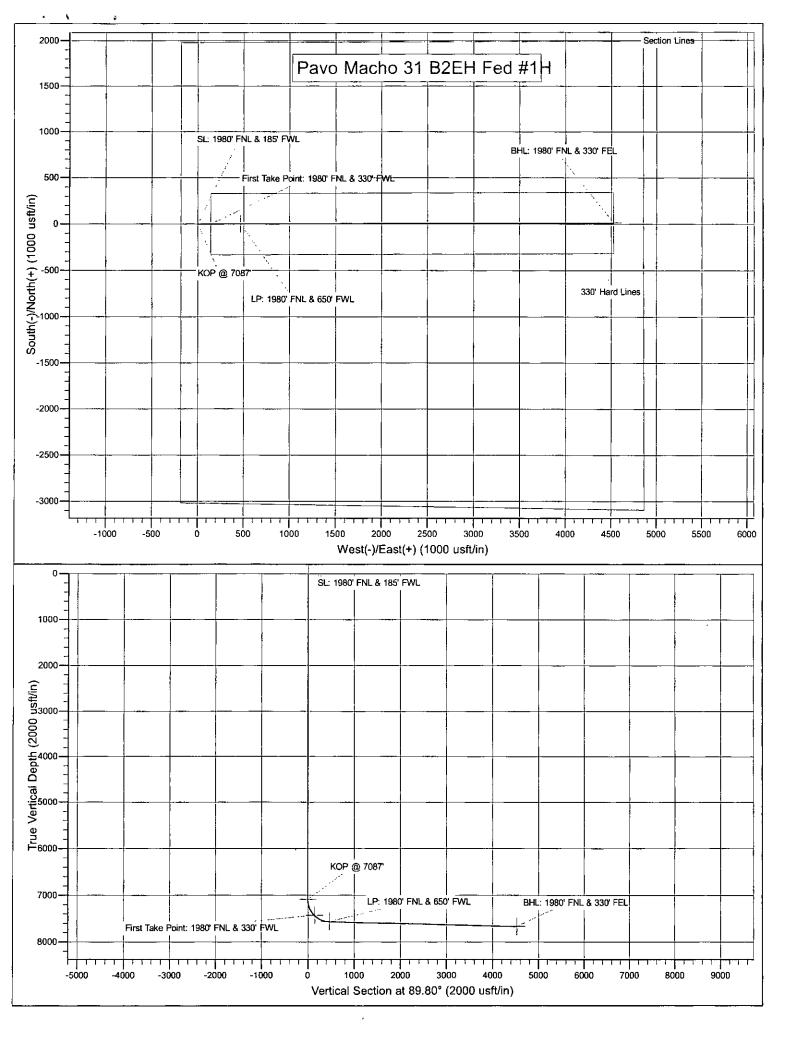
Mitigation measure for abnormal conditions. Describe. Lost circulation material/sweeps/mud scavengers in surface hole.

Hydi	rogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S
is de	tected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions
of O	nshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and
form	ations will be provided to the BLM.
	H2S is present
X	H2S Plan attached

8. Other facets of operation

Is this a walking operation? If yes, describe. Will be pre-setting casing? If yes, describe.

Atta	chments
	Directional Plan
	Other, describe



NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

MAY 1 6 2016

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Mewbourne Oil Company

Eddy County, New Mexico Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H Sec 31, T18S, R29E

SL: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

Plan: Design #1

Standard Planning Report

18 September, 2015

Hobbs Database: Local Co-ordinate Reference: Site Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H Mewbourne Oil Company Company: TVD Reference: WELL @ 3430.0usft (Original Well Elev) Project: Eddy County, New Mexico MD Reference: WELL @ 3430.0usft (Original Well Elev) Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H Site: North Reference: Sec 31, T18S, R29E Well: Survey Calculation Method: Minimum Curvature BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL Weilbore: Design: Design #1

Project Eddy County, New Mexico

Map System: US State Plane 1927 (Exact solution) System Datum: Mean Sea Level

Geo Datum: NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS)

Map Zone: New Mexico East 3001

Site Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H Northing: 620,469.00 usft Site Position: Latitude: 32° 42' 20.112 N Longitude: 104° 7' 14.772 W Мар Easting: 565,384.00 usft From: Position Uncertainty: 0.0 usft Slot Radius: 13-3/16 " Grid Convergence: 0.11

Sec 31, T18S, R29E **Well Position** +N/-S Northing: 620,469.00 usft Latitude: 32° 42′ 20.112 N +E/-W 0.0 usft Easting: 565,384.00 usft Longitude: 104" 7' 14.772 W **Position Uncertainty** 0.0 usft Wellhead Elevation: 3,430.0 usft Ground Level: 3,405.0 usft

Wellbore BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL Magnetics Model Name Sample Date Dip Angle Declination Field Strength المنافوق المرا · (°) (°) (nT) IGRF200510 8.04 12/31/2009 60.59 49,021

Design Design #1 Audit Notes: **PROTOTYPE** Tie On Depth: Version: Phase: 0.0 **Vertical Section:** Depth From (TVD) +E/-W Direction +N/-S (usft) (usft) (usft) (°) 0.0 0.0 0.0 89.80

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	ATT OF THE PARTY AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PARTY.
7,086.5	0.00	0.00	7,086.5	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7,824.8	88.56	89,80	7,564.0	1.6	465.6	12.00	12.00	0.00	89.80	
11,886.5	88.56	89.80	7,666.0	16.0	4,526.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	BHL: 1980' FNL & 33

Database: Hobbs Company: Mewbourne Oil Company Project: Eddy County, New Mexico Site: Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H Well: Well: Wellbore: Sec 31, T185, R29E

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference: Survey Calculation Method:

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

Site Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H WELL @ 3430.0usft (Original Well Elev) WELL @ 3430.0usft (Original Well Elev) Grid

Minimum Curvature

BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL Design: .

Design #1

lanned Surv	ey	·			- u					
	2	b, 1, 13			100°		200	,	7,7	
, Meas		5.	٠	Vertical			Vertical	Dogleg :	Build " `°	Turn 2
De _i		Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Depth (usft)	⇒+N/-S ✓ (usft)	+E/-W	ູ Section ່ (usft) ູ້:	Rate (°/100usft)	· Rate (°/100usft)	Rate (°/100usft)
			——		لأمستئسسك ستسدي	المستناب المستناب	<u></u>	<u> </u>		
01.4	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
SL:		IL & 185' FWL	0.00	ž 100 0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
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3	,400.0	0.00	0.00	3,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	,500.0	0.00	0.00	3,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0,00	0.00	0.00
3	,600.0	0.00	0.00	3,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3	,700.0	0.00	0.00	3,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	,800.0	0.00	0.00	3,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,	,900.0	0.00	0.00	3,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
4.	,000.0	0.00	0.00	4,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	,100.0	0.00	0.00	4,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	200.0	0.00	0.00	4,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	300.0	0.00	0.00	4,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	400.0	0.00	0.00	4,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
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	,600.0 ,700.0	0.00 0.00	0.00	4,600.0 4,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	,700.0	0.00	0.00	4,700.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00
	,900.0	0.00	0.00	4,800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00
										0.00
	,000.0	0.00	0.00	5,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	,100.0	0.00	0.00	5,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5.	,200.0	0.00	0.00	5,200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00

Database: Company: Project:

Site:

Hobbs

Mewbourne Oil Company
Eddy County, New Mexico
Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H

Well: Sec 31, T18S, R29E Wellbore: BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

Design: Design #1

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference:

North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Site Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H WELL @ 3430.0usft (Original Well Elev) WELL @ 3430.0usft (Original Well Elev)

Grid

Minimum Curvature

nned Şurve	y je									
Measured -		r-	•	Vertical `		6.2	Vertical	Dogleg	Build	Turn
Dep	4	Inclination	Azimuth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	Section	. ⊶ Rate	Rate	Rate
ust) 🦾		^ (°)	(°)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)
5,	300.0	0.00	00,0	5,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,	400.0	0.00	0.00	5,400.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,	500.0	0.00	0.00	5,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	600.0	0.00	0,00	5,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
,	700.0	0.00	0.00	5,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.008 900.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	5,800.0 5,900.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.00 0.00	0,00 0.00	0.00 0.00
	000.0	0.00	0.00	6,000.0 6.100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	100.0 200.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	6,200.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0 .0	0.0 0.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
	300.0	0.00	0.00	6,300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	400.0	0.00	0.00	6,400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.5	500.0	0.00	0.00	6,500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	600.0	0.00	0.00	6,600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	700.0	0.00	0.00	6,700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0,008	0.00	0.00	6,800.0	0.0	. 0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,9	900.0	0.00	0.00	6,900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.000	0.00	0.00	7,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	086.5	0.00	0.00	7,086.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	@ 7087									
	100.0	1.61	89.80	7,100.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	12.00	12.00	0.00
	200,0 300.0	13.61 25.61	89.80 89.80	7,198.9 7,293.0	0.0 0.2	13,4 46,9	13.4 46.9	12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00	0.00
				·						0.00
	400.0	37.60	89.80	7,378.0	0.4	99.2	99.2	12.00	12.00	0.00
	468.9 T-1 D-	45.86 int: 1980' FNL 8	89.80	7,429.3	0.5	145.0	145.0	12.00	12.00	0.00
	таке Ро 500.0	49.60	89.80	7,450.3	0.6	168.1	168.1	12.00	12.00	0.00
	600.0	61.60	89.80	7,506.7	0.9	250.4	250.4	12.00	12.00	0.00
	700.0	73.59	89.80	7,544.7	1.2	342.7	342.7	12.00	12.00	0.00
7 1	800.0	85.59	89.80	7.562.7	1.6	440.9	440.9	12.00	12.00	0.00
	824.8	88,56	89.80	7,564.0	1.6	465.6	465.6	12.00	12.00	0.00
		L & 650' FWL		·						
7,9	900.0	88.56	89.80	7,565.9	1.9	540.8	540.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.000	88.56	89.80	7,568.4	2.3	640.8	640.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,	100.0	88.56	89.80	7,570.9	2.6	740.8	740.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
	200.0	88.56	89.80	7,573.4	3.0	840.7	840.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	300.0	88.56	89.80	7,575.9	3.3	940.7	940,7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	400.0	88.56	89.80	7,578.4	3.7	1,040.7	1,040.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	500.0 600.0	88,56 88,56	89.80 89.80	7,581.0 7,583.5	4.0 4.4	1,140.6 1,240.6	1,140.6 1,240.6	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
				·						
	700.0	88.56	89.80	7,586.0	4.7	1,340.6	1,340.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
	800.0 900.0	88.56 89.56	89.60 89.80	7,588.5 7,581.0	5.1 5.4	1,440.5	1,440.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.000	88.56 88.56	89.80	7,591.0 7,593.5	5.4 5.8	1,540.5 1,640.5	1,540.5 1,640.5	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
	100.0	88.56	89.80	7,596.0	6.2	1,740.4	1,740.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	200.0		89.80							
	200.0 300.0	88.56 88.56	89.80 89.80	7,598.5 7,601.0	6.5 6.9	1,840.4 1,940.4	1,840.4 1,940.4	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
	400.0	88.56	89.80	7,603.6	7.2	2,040.3	2,040.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
	500.0	88.56	89.80	7,606.1	7.6	2,140.3	2,140.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
,	0.00	88.56	89.80	7,608.6	7.9	2,240.3	2,240.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
97	700.0	88.56	89.80	7,611.1	8.3	2,340.2	2,340.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
	300.0	88.56	89.80	7,613.6	8.6	2,440.2	2,440.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	88.56	89.80	7,616.1	9.0	2,540.2	2,540.2	0.00	0.00	0.00

Database: Company: Project:

Site:

Hobbs Mewbourne Oil Company Eddy County, New Mexico Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H

Sec 31, T18S, R29E BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' FEL

Wellbore: BHL: 1980
Design: Design #1

Local Co-ordinate Reference: TVD Reference:

MD Reference: North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Site Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed #1H WELL @ 3430.0usft (Original Well Elev) WELL @ 3430.0usft (Original Well Elev)

Grid

Minimum Curvature

nned Survey	p (
Measured Depth (usft)	I inclination	Azimuth	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/ ₅ S° *** (usft)) ***	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate 2, (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
10,000	.0 88.56	89.80	7,618.6	9,3	2.640.1	2,640.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,100		89.80	7,621.1	9.7	2,740.1	2,740.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,200	.0 88.56	89.80	7,623.6	10.0	2,840.1	2,840.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,300	.0 88.56	89.80	7,626.2	10,4	2,940.0	2,940.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,400	.0 88.56	89.80	7,628.7	10.7	3,040.0	3,040.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,500	.0 88.56	89.80	7,631.2	11,1	3,140.0	3.140.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,600	.0 88.56	89.80	7,633.7	11.5	3,239.9	3,240.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,700	.0 88.56	89.80	7,636.2	11.8	3,339.9	3,339.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,800	.0 88.56	89.80	7,638.7	12.2	3,439,9	3,439.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,900	.0 88.56	89.80	7,641.2	12.5	3,539.9	3,539.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,000	.0 88.56	89.80	7,643.7	12.9	3,639.8	3,639.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,100	.0 88.56	89.80	7,646.2	13.2	3,739.8	3,739.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,200	.0 88.56	89.80	7,648.8	13.6	3,839.8	3,839.8	0.00	00.0	0.00
11,300	.0 88.56	89.80	7,651.3	13.9	3,939.7	3,939.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,400	.0 88.56	89.80	7,653.8	14.3	4,039.7	4,039.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,500	.0 88.56	89.80	7,656.3	14.6	4,139.7	4,139.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,600	.0 88.56	89,80	7,658.8	15.0	4,239.6	4,239.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,700	.0 88.56	89.80	7,661.3	15.3	4,339.6	4,339.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800	.0 88.56	89.80	7,663.8	15.7	4,439.6	4,439.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,886	.5 88.56	89.80	7,666.0	16.0	4,526.0	4,526.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
BHL: 198	0' FNL & 330' FEL								

Design Targets									
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
SL: 1980' FNL & 185' FV - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	620,469.00	565,384.00	32° 42′ 20.112 N	104° 7' 14.772 W
KOP @ 7087' - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	7,086.5	0.0	0.0	620,469.00	565,384.00	32° 42' 20.112 N	104° 7' 14.772 W
First Take Point: 1980' F - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	7,429.3	0.5	145.0	620,469.52	565,529.00	32° 42' 20.115 N	104° 7' 13.075 W
LP: 1980' FNL & 650' FV - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	7,564.0	1.6	465.6	620,470.60	565,849.60	32° 42′ 20.119 N	104° 7' 9.323 W
BHL: 1980' FNL & 330' F - plan hits target cente - Point	0.00 er	0.00	7,666.0	16.0	4,526.0	620,485.00	569,910.00	32° 42' 20.178 N	104° 6' 21.801 W

SURFACE USE PLAN OF OPERATIONS MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com #1H 1980 FNL & 185 FWL (SHL) Sec. 31 – T18S-R29E Eddy County, New Mexico

Introduction

This plan is submitted with Form 3160-3, Application for Permit to Drill, Covering the above described well. The purpose of this plan is to describe the location of the proposed well, the proposed construction activities and operations plan, the magnitude of the surface disturbance involved, and the procedures to be followed in restoring the surface so that a complete appraisal can be made of the environmental impact associated with the proposed operations.

1. Existing Roads

- a. The existing access road route to the proposed project is depicted on **Exhibit 3E**. Improvements to the driving surface will be done where necessary. No new surface disturbance will be done, unless otherwise noted in the New or Reconstructed Access Roads section of this surface use plan.
- b. The existing oil and gas roads utilized to access the proposed project will be maintained by crowning, clearing ditches, and fixing potholes. All existing structures on the entire access route such as cattleguards, other range improvement projects, culverts, etc. will be properly repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use.
- c. Mewbourne Oil Co. will cooperate with other operators in the maintenance of lease roads.

2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads

- a. An access road will be needed for this proposed project. See the survey plat(s) for the location of the access road.
- b. The length of access road needed to be constructed for this proposed project is about 527.96 feet.
- c. The access road will be 14 feet wide and will be constructed with 6 inches of compacted caliche. A 25 foot wide area would be needed to construct the road.
- d. When the road travels on fairly level ground, the road will be crowned and ditched with a 2% slope from the tip of the road crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 3 feet wide with 3:1 slopes.
- e. The access road will be constructed with a ditch on each side of the road.
- f. The maximum grade for the access road will be 5 percent.
- g. If the road is longer than 1,000 feet, turnouts will be constructed with an interval of 1,000 feet. Turnouts will be intervisible and will be 10 feet wide and 100 feet long.
- h. Low water crossings will be constructed where drainages cross the access road.

- Construction of new or reconstructed roads, on surface under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management will include ditching, draining, crowning and capping or sloping and dipping the roadbed as necessary to provide a well-drained and safe road.
- j. An appropriately sized cattle guard will be installed where the proposed access road crosses a fence line.
- k. A BLM right-of-way grant is needed for the construction of this access road and one will be acquired prior to construction.
- 1. Lead-off ditches will be constructed for the proposed access road, but will not extend more than 15 feet outside the road edge.

3. Location of Existing Wells

a. Exhibit 4, 4A of the APD depicts all known wells within a one mile radius of the proposed well.

4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

- a. All permanent, lasting more than 6 months, above ground structures including but not limited to pumpjacks, storage tanks, pipeline risers, meter housing, etc. that are not subject to safety requirements will be painted a non-reflective paint color that blends in with the surrounding landscape. The paint color will be one of the colors from the BLM Standard Environmental Colors chart selected by the BLM authorized officer.
- b. All proposed production facilities that are located on the well pad will be strategically placed to allow for maximum interim reclamation, recontouring, and revegetation of the well location.
- c. Production from the proposed well will be located on the **East** side of location.
- d. If any plans change regarding the production facility or other infrastructure (pipeline, electric line, etc.), we will submit a sundry notice or right of way (if applicable) prior to installation of construction.
- e. An electric line will be applied for through a sundry notice or BLM right of way at a later date.

5. Location and Types of Water

a. The well will be drilled with a combination of fresh water and brine water based mud systems. The water will be obtained from commercial suppliers in the area and/or hauled to the location by transport trucks over existing and proposed roads as identified above in this surface use plan.

6. Construction Materials

- a. Construction material that will be used to build the well pad and road will be caliche.
- b. The construction contractor will be solely responsible for securing construction materials required for this operation and paying any royalties that may be required on those materials.
- c. Obtaining caliche: One way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. A caliche permit will be obtained from BLM prior to obtaining caliche. Amount of caliche will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:
 - i. The top 6 inches of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
 - ii. An approximate 160' X 160' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche.
 - iii. Subsoil is removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad.
 - iv. When caliche is found, material will be stock piled within the pad site to build the location and road.
 - v. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
 - vi. Once well is drilled, the stock piled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced.
 - vii. Neither caliche, nor subsoil will be stock piled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat.

In the event that no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM, state, or private mineral pit. A BLM mineral material permit will be acquired prior to obtaining any mineral material from BLM pits or land.

7. Methods of Handling Waste

- a. The well will be drilled utilizing a closed loop system. Drill cuttings will be properly contained in steel tanks and taken to an NMOCD approved disposal facility.
- b. Drilling fluids and produced oil and water from the well during completion operations will be stored safely in closed containers and disposed of properly in an NMOCD approved disposal facility.
- c. Garbage and trash produced during drilling and completion operations will be collected in trash containers and disposed of properly at a state approved site. All trash on and around the well site will be collected for disposal.

- d. All human waste and grey water from drilling and completion operations will be properly contained and disposed of properly at a disposal facility.
- e. After drilling and completion operations, trash, chemicals, salts, frac sand and other waste material will be removed and disposed of properly at a disposal site.

8. Ancillary Facilities

a. No ancillary facilities will be needed for this proposed project.

9. Well Site Layout

- a. The proposed drilling pad to be built was staked and surveyed by a professional surveyor. The attached survey plat of the well site depicts the drilling pad layout as staked.
- b. A title of a well site diagram is **Exhibit 5**. This diagram depicts the rig layout.
- c. In areas to be heavily disturbed, the top 6 inches of soil material, will be stripped and stockpiled on the perimeter of the well location to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil should include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils. Contaminated soil will not be stockpiled, but properly treated and handled prior to topsoil salvaging.

10. Plans for Surface Reclamation

Within 90 days of cessation of drilling and completion operations, all equipment not necessary for production operations will be removed. The location will be cleaned of all trash and junk to assure the well site is left as aesthetically pleasing as reasonably possible.

a. Interim Reclamation (well pad)

- i. Interim reclamation will be performed on the well site after the well is drilled and completed. **Exhibit 6** depicts the location and dimensions of the planned interim reclamation for the well site.
- ii. The well location and surrounding areas will be cleared of, and maintained free of, all materials, trash, and equipment not required for production.
- iii. In areas planned for interim reclamation, all the surfacing material will be removed and returned to the original mineral pit or recycled to repair or build roads and well pads.
- iv. The areas planned for interim reclamation will then be recontoured to the original contour if feasible, or if not feasible, to an interim contour that

blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Where applicable, the fill material of the well pad will be backfilled into the cut to bring the area back to the original contour. The interim cut and fill slopes prior to re-seeding will not be steeper than a 3:1 ratio, unless the adjacent native topography is steeper. Note: Constructed slopes may be much steeper during drilling, but will be recontoured to the above ratios during interim reclamation.

- v. Topsoil will be evenly respread and aggressively revegetated over the entire disturbed area not needed for all-weather operations including cuts & fills. To seed the area, the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious weeds, will be used. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
- vi. Proper erosion control methods will be used on the area to control erosion, runoff and siltation of the surrounding area.
- vii. The interim reclamation will be monitored periodically to ensure that vegetation has reestablished and that erosion and invasive/noxious weeds are controlled.

b. Final Reclamation (well pad, buried pipelines, etc.)

- i. Prior to final reclamation procedures, the well pad, road, and surrounding area will be cleared of material, trash, and equipment.
- ii. All surfacing material will be removed and returned to the original mineral pit or recycled to repair or build roads and well pads.
- iii. All disturbed areas, including roads, pipelines, pads, production facilities, and interim reclaimed areas will be recontoured to the contour existing prior to initial construction or a contour that blends indistinguishably with the surrounding landscape. Topsoil that was spread over the interim reclamation areas will be stockpiled prior to recontouring. The topsoil will be redistributed evenly over the entire disturbed site to ensure successful revegetation.
- iv. After all the disturbed areas have been properly prepared, the areas will be seeded with the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious weeds. Final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
- v. Proper erosion control methods will be used on the entire area to control erosion, runoff and siltation of the surrounding area.
- vi. All unused equipment and structures including pipelines, electric line poles, tanks, etc. that serviced the well will be removed.

vii. All reclaimed areas will be monitored periodically to ensure that revegetation occurs, that the area is not redisturbed, and that erosion and invasive/noxious weeds are controlled.

11. Surface Ownership

a. The surface ownership of the proposed project is Federal.

12. Other Information

a. No other information is needed at this time.

13. Operator's Representative

a. Through APD approval, drilling, completion and production operations:

Robin Terrell, District Manager

Mewbourne Oil Company PO Box 5270 Hobbs, NM 88241 575-393-5905

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan

Mewbourne Oil Company

Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com #1H 1980' FNL & 185' FWL Sec 31-T18S-R29E Eddy County, New Mexico

1. General Requirements

Rule 118 does not apply to this well because MOC has researched this area and no high concentrations of H2S were found. MOC will have on location and working all H2S safety equipment before the Delaware formation for purposes of safety and insurance requirements.

2. Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will have received training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to entering the drilling pad area of the well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide gas.
- 2. The proper use of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of hydrogen sulfide detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue operations.

Additionally, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- The effects of hydrogen sulfide on metal components. If high tensile tubular systems are utilized, supervisory personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2 Corrective action and shut in procedures, blowout prevention, and well control procedures while drilling a well.
- 3 The contents of the Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan.

There will be an initial training session prior to encountering a know hydrogen sulfide source. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan.

3. Hydrogen Sulfide Safety Equipment and Systems

All hydrogen sulfide safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational prior to drilling below the 9 5/8" intermediate casing.

1. Well Control Equipment

- A. Choke manifold with minimum of one adjustable choke/remote choke.
- B. Blowout preventers equipped with blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- C. Auxiliary equipment including annular type blowout preventer.

2. Protective Equipment for Essential Personnel

Thirty minute self contained work unit located in the dog house and at briefing areas.

Additionally: If H2S is encountered in concentrations less than 10 ppm, fans will be placed in work areas to prevent the accumulation of hazardous amounts of poisonous gas. If higher concentrations of H2S are detected the well will be shut in and a rotating head, mud/gas separator, remote choke and flare line with igniter will be installed.

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan Mewbourne Oil Company Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com #1H Page 2

3. Hydrogen Sulfide Protection and Monitoring Equipment

Two portable hydrogen sulfide monitors positioned on location for optimum coverage and detection. The units shall have audible sirens to notify personnel when hydrogen sulfide levels exceed 20 PPM.

4. <u>Visual Warning Systems</u>

- A. Wind direction indicators as indicated on the wellsite diagram.
- B. Caution signs shall be posted on roads providing access to location. Signs shall be painted a high visibility color with lettering of sufficient size to be readable at reasonable distances from potentially contaminated areas.

4. Mud Program

The mud program has been designed to minimize the amount of hydrogen sulfide entrained in the mud system. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices, and the use of hydrogen sulfide scavengers will minimize hazards while drilling the well.

5. Metallurgy

All tubular systems, wellheads, blowout preventers, drilling spools, kill lines, choke manifolds, and valves shall be suitable for service in a hydrogen sulfide environment when chemically treated.

6. Communications

State & County Officials phone numbers are posted on rig floor and supervisors trailer. Communications in company vehicles and toolpushers are either two way radios or cellular phones.

7. Well Testing

Drill stem testing is not an anticipated requirement for evaluation of this well. If a drill stem test is required, it will be conducted with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity. The test will be conducted during daylight hours only.

8. Emergency Phone Numbers

Eddy County Sheriff's Office	911 or 575-887-7551
Ambulance Service	911 or 575-885-2111
Carlsbad Fire Dept	911 or 575-885-2111
Loco Hills Volunteer Fire Dept.	911 or 575-677-3266
Closest Medical Facility - Columbia Medical Center	of Carlshad 575-492-5000

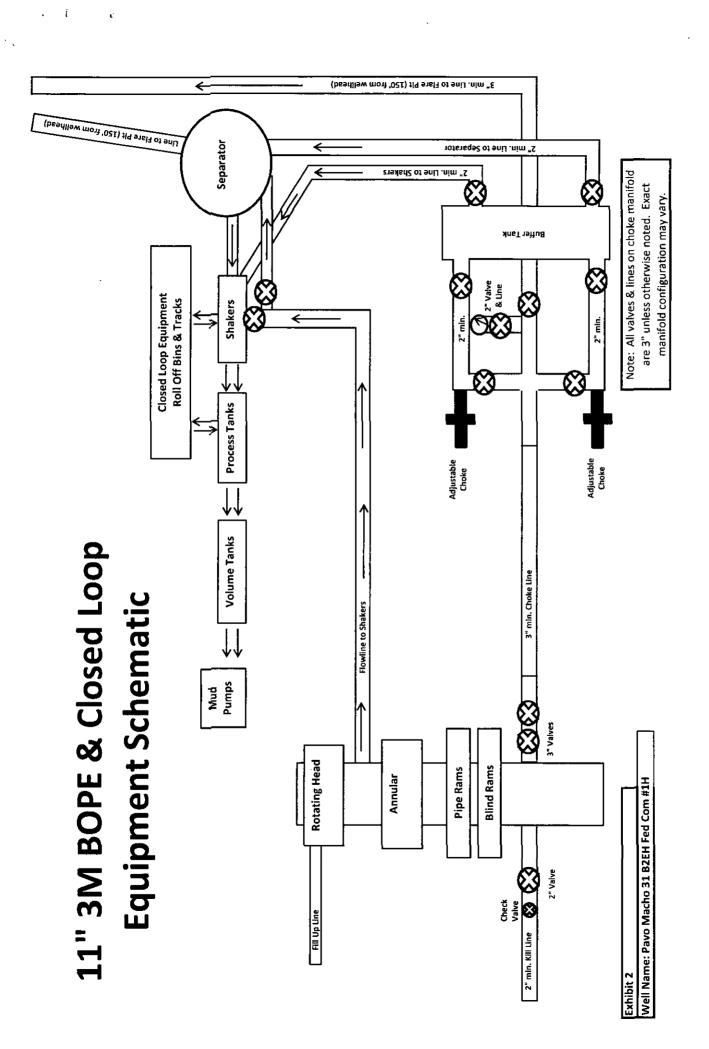
Mewbourne Oil Company	Hobbs District Office	575-393-5905
	Fax	575-397-6252
	2 nd Fax	575-393-7259
District Manager	Robin Terrell	575-390-4816
Drilling Superintendent	Frosty Lathan	575-390-4103
	Bradley Bishop	575-390-6838
Drilling Foreman	Wesley Noseff	575-441-0729

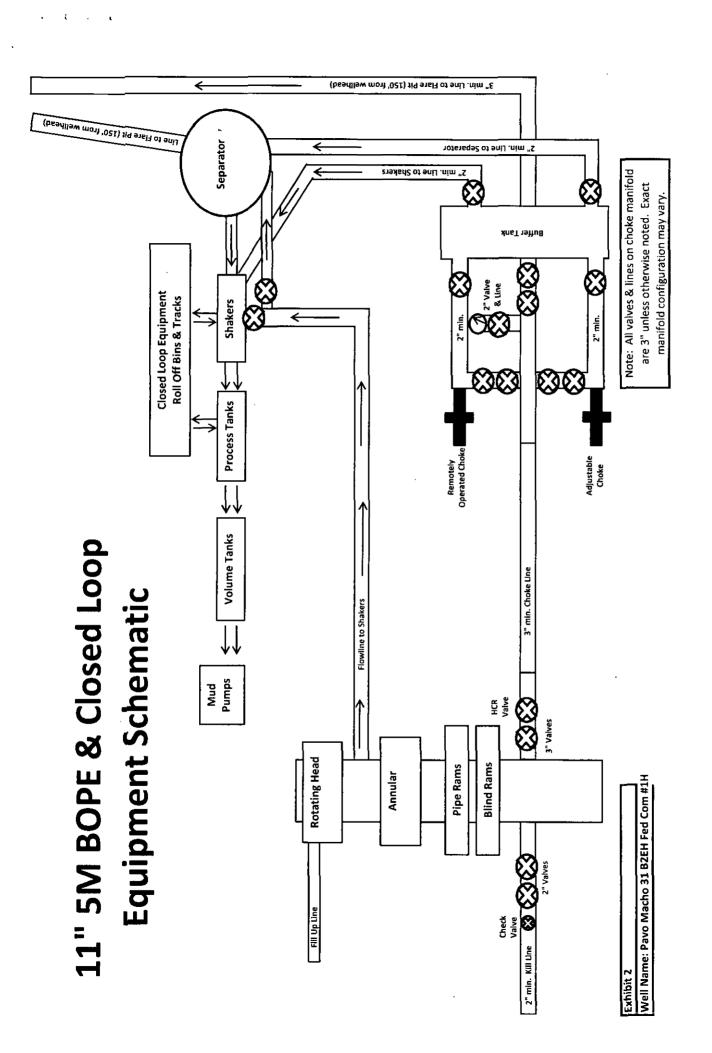
Notes Regarding Blowout Preventer Mewbourne Oil Company

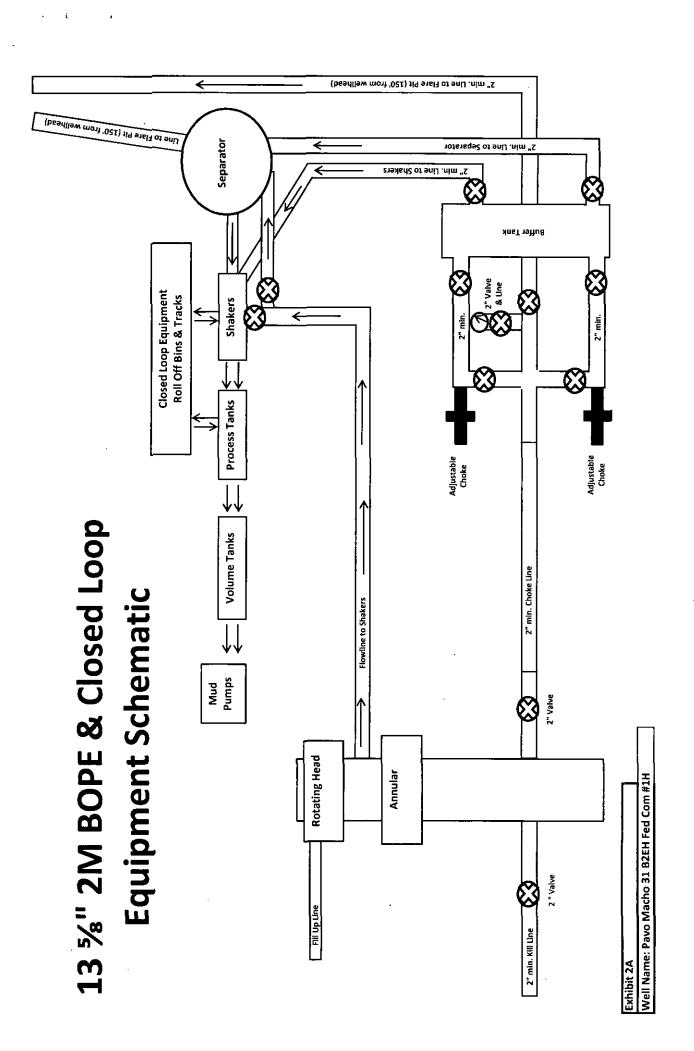
Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com #1H 1980' FNL & 185' FWL (SHL) Sec 31-T18S-R29E Eddy County, New Mexico

- I. Drilling nipple (bell nipple) to be constructed so that it can be removed without the use of a welder through the opening of the rotary table, with minimum internal diameter equal to blowout preventer bore.
- II. Blowout preventer and all fittings must be in good condition with a minimum 2000 psi working pressure on 13 3/8" casing and 3000 psi working pressure on 9 5/8" & 7" casing.
- III. Safety valve must be available on the rig floor at all times with proper connections to install in the drill string. Valve must be full bore with minimum 3000 psi working pressure.
- IV. Equipment through which bit must pass shall be at least as large as internal diameter of the casing.
- V. A kelly cock shall be installed on the kelly at all times.

Blowout preventer closing equipment to include and accumulator of at least 40 gallon capacity, two independent sources of pressure on closing unit, and meet all other API specifications.

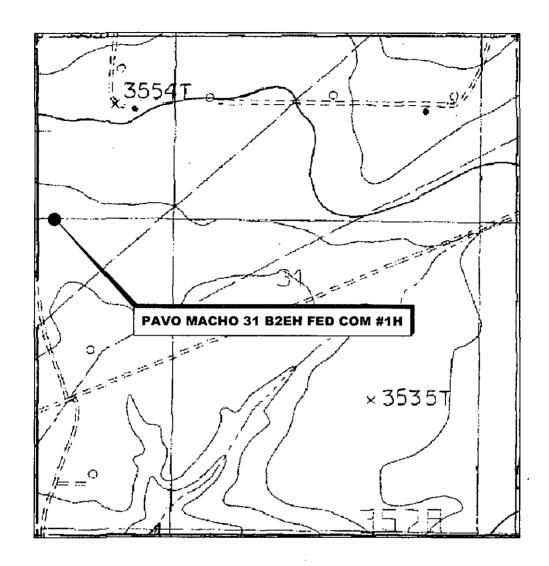






MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY PAVO MACHO 31 B2EH FED COM #1H (1980' FNL & 185' FWL) SECTION 31, T18S, R29E N. M. P. M., EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO PAVO MACHO 31 BZEH FED COM #1H ELEV.: 3405 LAT: 32.70558659° N ONG: 104.12076923° W 3409.4° 3408.8 LONG: 600' & PROPOSED ROAD S 00'10'04" W 527.96' 3408.3 3407.<u>6'</u> 340 170, 170 170 FENCE 7 PROPOSED PAD 3404.3 3403.6 TOPSOIL 340 3403.6 3403.7 600, 3404.3 3405.81 DIRECTIONS TO LOCATION From the intersection of CR-217 (Hagerman Cutoff Rd.) and NM Hwy. 360 (Bluestem Rd.) Go Southeast on NM Hwy. 360 approx. 1.4 miles to a lease road on the right; Turn right and go Southwest approx. 2.6 miles to a "Y"; Keep right and go Northwest approx. 1.2 miles to a lease road on the left; Turn left and go Southwest approx. 0.2 miles to a a proposed road on the left; Turn left and go South approx. 0.1 miles. 50 O BEARINGS ARE NAD 27 GRID - NIV EAST DISTANCES ARE GROUND Location is on the right. Firm No.: TX 10193838 NM 4655451 Copyright 2014 - All Rights Resei SCALE: 1" = 100' DATE: 7-20-2015 SURVEYED BY: BK/CG REVISION DATE NO. DRAWN BY: CMJ APPROVED BY: RMH JOB NO.: LS1507344 DWG. NO.: 1507344PAD 308 W. BROADWAY ST., HOBBS, NM 88240 (575) 964-8200 SHEET: 1 OF 1

LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



SECTION 31, TWP. 18 SOUTH, RGE. 29 EAST, N. M. P. M., EDDY CO., NEW MEXICO

OPERATOR: Mewbourne Oil Company

LEASE: Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com

WELL NO.: 1H

ELEVATION: 3405'

LOCATION: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL

CONTOUR INTERVAL: 10'

USGS TOPO. SOURCE MAP:

Illinois Camp NE, NM (P. E. 1985)

Firm No.: TX 10193838 NM 4655451

Copyright 2015 - All Rights Reserved SCALE: 1000'

DATE: 7-20-2015

SURVEYED BY: BK/CG

DRAWN BY: CMJ

APPROVED BY: RMH SHEET: 1 OF 1

REVISION DATE JOB NO.: LS1507344

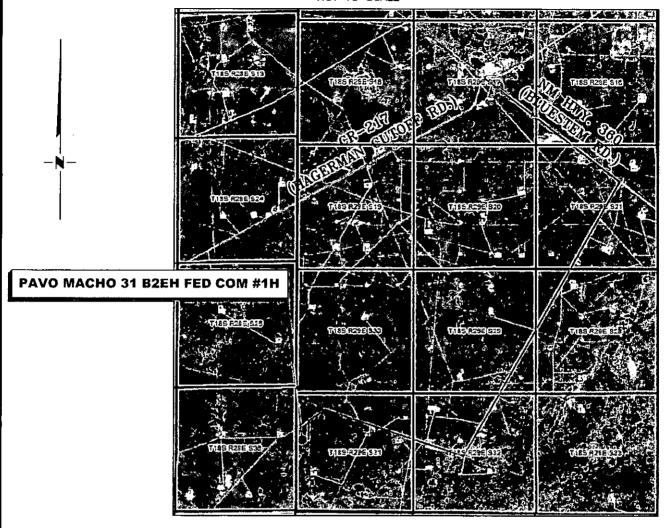
DWG. NO.: 1507344LVM

308 W. BROADWAY ST., HOBBS, NM 88240

(575) 964-8200

VICINITY MAP

NOT TO SCALE



SECTION 31, TWP. 18 SOUTH, RGE. 29 EAST, N. M. P. M., EDDY CO., NEW MEXICO

OPERATOR: Mewbourne Oil Company

LOCATION: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL

LEASE: Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com

ELEVATION: 3405'

WELL NO.: 1H

Firm No.: TX 10193838 NM 4655451

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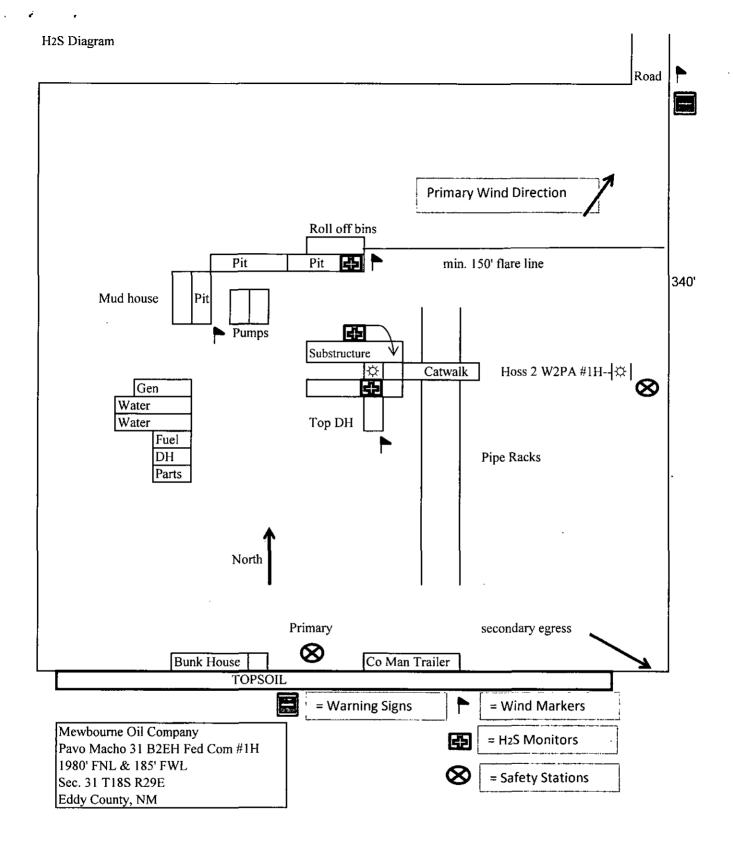
SCALE: NTS

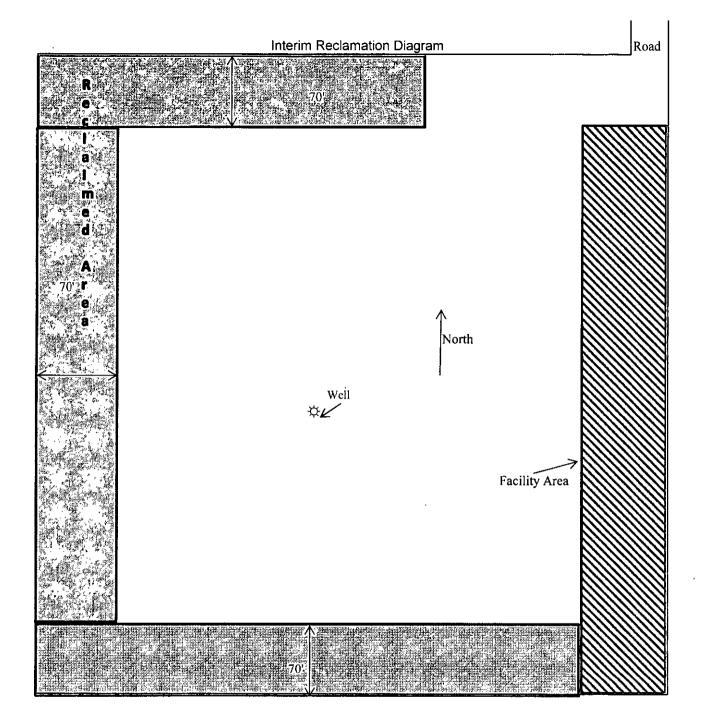
NO. REVISION DATE JOB NO.: LS1507344 DWG. NO.: 1507344VM

DATE: 7-20-2015 SURVEYED BY: BK/CG DRAWN BY: CMJ APPROVED BY: RMH

SHEET: 1 OF 1

308 W. BROADWAY ST., HOBBS, NM 88240 (575) 964-8200





Mewbourne Oil Company
Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com #1H
1980' FNL & 185' FWL
Sec. 31 T18S R29E
Eddy County, NM

Form NM 8140-9

(March 2008)

United States Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management New Mexico State Office

Permian Basin Cultural Resource Mitigation Fund

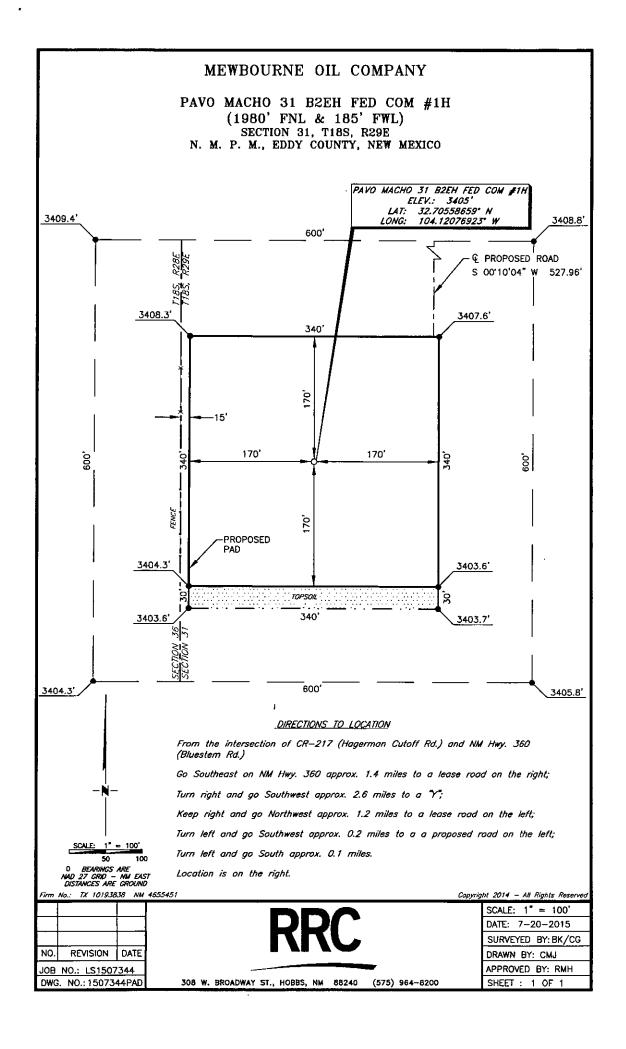
The company shown below has agreed to contribute funding to the Permian Basin Cultural Resource Fund in lieu of being required to conduct a Class III survey for cultural resources associated with their project. This form verifies that the company has elected to have the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) follow the procedures specified within the Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) concerning improved strategies for managing historic properties within the Permian Basin, New Mexico, for the undertaking rather than the Protocol to meet the agency's Section 106 obligations.

Company	Name: Mewbourne Oil Company	
Address:	PO Box 5270	
_	Hobbs, NM 88241	_
Project de	escription:	
	Location & road for Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com #1H	
	<u> </u>	
T. <u>18s</u> , I	R. 29E, Section 31 NMPM, Eddy County, New 1	Mexico
Amount o	of contribution: \$ 1599 ==	

Provisions of the MOA:

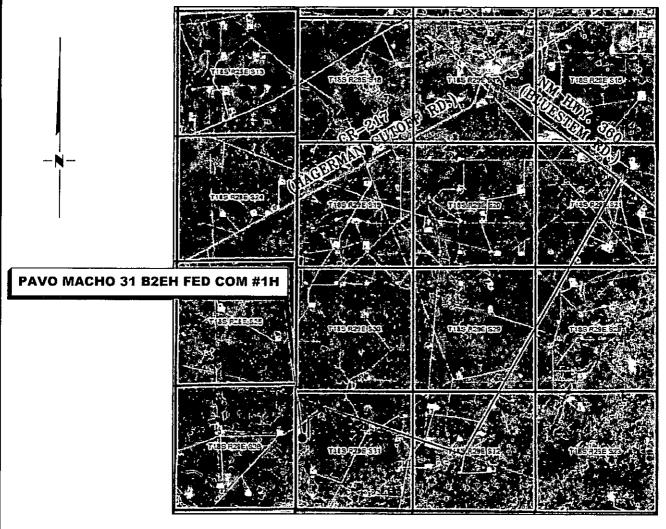
- A. No new Class III inventories are required of industry within the Project Area for those projects where industry elects to contribute to the mitigation fund.
- B. The amount of funds contributed was derived from the rate schedule established within Appendix B of the MOA. The amount of the funding contribution acknowledged on this form reflects those rates.
- C. The BLM will utilize the funding to carry out a program of mitigation at high-priority sites whose study is needed to answer key questions identified within the Regional Research Design.
- D. Donating to the fund is voluntary. Industry acknowledges that it is aware it has the right to pay for Class III survey rather than contributing to the mitigation fund, and that it must avoid or fund data recovery at those sites already recorded that are eligible for nomination to the National Register or whose eligibility is unknown and that any such payments are independent of the mitigation funds established by this MOA.
- E. Previously recorded archeological sites determined eligible for nomination to the National Register or whose eligibility remains undetermined must be avoided or mitigated.
- F. If any skeletal remains that might be human or funerary objects are discovered by any activities, the land-use applicant will cease activities in the area of discovery, protect the remains, and notify the BLM within 24 hours. The BLM will determine the appropriate treatment of the remains in consultation with culturally affiliated Indian Tribe(s) and lineal descendents. Applicants will be required to pay for treatment of the cultural items independent and outside of the mitigation fund.

3-20	<u>7.5.15</u>
Company-Authorized Officer	Date
•	
PI M-Authorized Officer	Date
BLM-Authorized Officer	Γ



VICINITY MAP

NOT TO SCALE



SECTION 31, TWP. 18 SOUTH, RGE. 29 EAST, N. M. P. M., EDDY CO., NEW MEXICO

OPERATOR: Mewbourne Oil Company

LEASE: Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com ELEVATION: 3405'

WELL NO.: 1H

LOCATION: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL

Firm No.: TX 10193838 NM 4655451

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SHEET: 1 OF 1

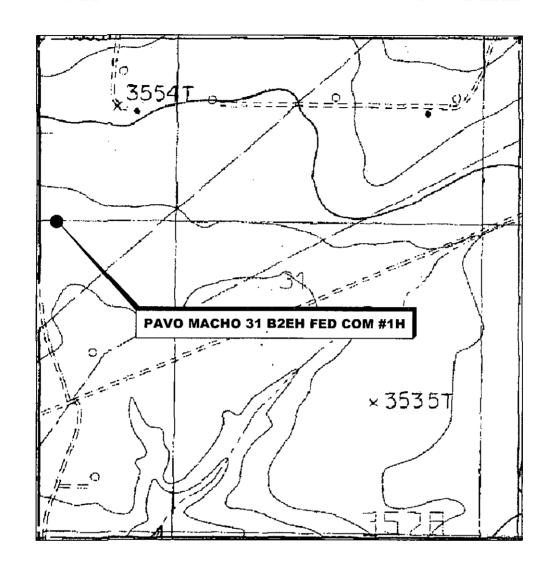
SCALE: NTS DATE: 7-20-2015 SURVEYED BY: BK/CG

NO. REVISION DATE JOB NO.: LS1507344 DWG. NO.: 1507344VM

DRAWN BY: CMJ APPROVED BY: RMH

308 W. BROADWAY ST., HOBBS, NM 88240 (575) 964-8200

LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



SECTION 31, TWP. 18 SOUTH, RGE. 29 EAST, N. M. P. M., EDDY CO., NEW MEXICO

OPERATOR: Mewbourne Oil Company

LEASE: Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com

WELL NO.: 1H

ELEVATION: 3405'

LOCATION: 1980' FNL & 185' FWL

CONTOUR INTERVAL: 10'

USGS TOPO. SOURCE MAP:

Illinois Camp NE, NM (P. E. 1985)

Firm No.: TX 10193838 NM 4655451

Copyright 2015 - All Rights Reserved SCALE: 1000'

NO. REVISION DATE JOB NO.: LS1507344

DWG. NO.: 1507344LVM

DATE: 7-20-2015 SURVEYED BY: BK/CG DRAWN BY: CMJ APPROVED BY: RMH SHEET: 1 OF 1

308 W. BROADWAY ST., HOBBS, NM 88240 (575) 964-8200

NM OIL CONSERVATION

ARTESIA DISTRICT

PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

MAY 1 6 2016

RECEIVED

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Mewbourne Oil Company
LEASE NO.:	NMNM056426
WELL NAME & NO.:	1H – Pavo Macho 31 B2EH Fed Com
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	1980'/N & 185'/W
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	1980'/N & 330'/E
LOCATION:	Section 31, T 18 S., R 29 E., NMPM
COUNTY	Eddy County, New Mexico
•	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Communitization Agreement
Watershed
☐ Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads .
Road Section Diagram
☑ Drilling
Cement Requirements
H2S Requirements
Logging Requirements
Waste Material and Fluids
☐ Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Communitization Agreement

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 E Greene St. Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

Watershed

- The entire well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical
 contaminants from leaving the well pad. Topsoil shall not be used to construct the
 berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the
 well pad. The berm shall be maintained through the life of the well and after interim
 reclamation has been completed.
- Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion.
- Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

Tank Battery COAs Only:

- Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.
- Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

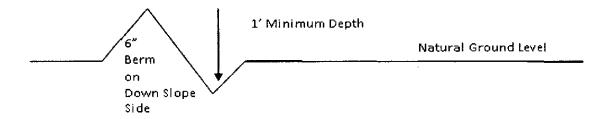
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400!}{406}$$
 + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattleguards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

- 1. Salvage topsoil
- 3. Redistribute topsoil
- 2. Construct road
- 4. Revegetate slopes

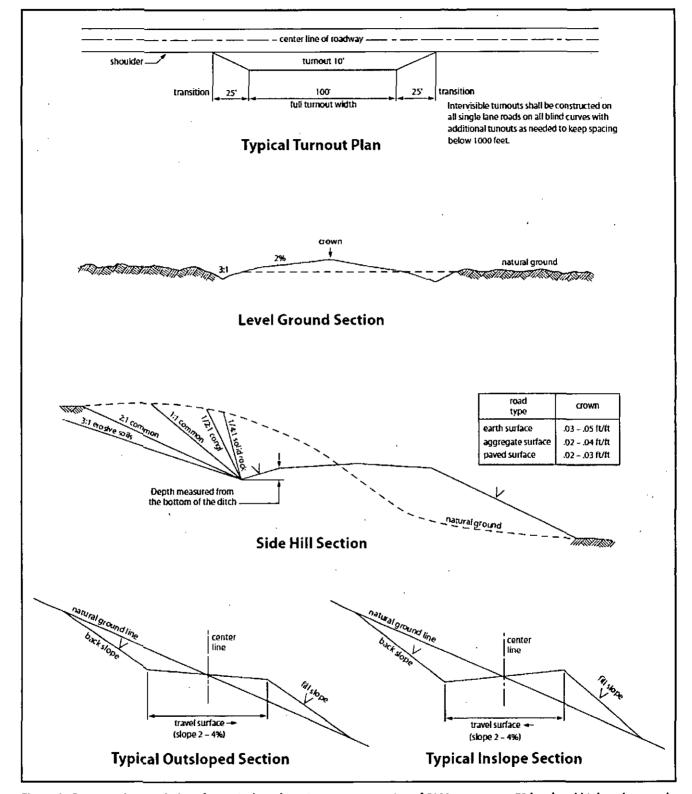


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:

After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Possibility of water flows in the Salado, Artesia Group, and Queen.

Possibility of lost circulation in the Artesia Group, Rustler, Grayburg, San Andres, and Delaware.

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 260 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

Centralizers required through the curve and a minimum of one every other joint.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

- Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.
- 4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API 53.
- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 2000 (2M) psi. In the case where the only BOP installed is an annular preventer, it shall be tested to a minimum of 2000 psi (which may require upgrading to 3M or 5M annular).
- 4. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 9-5/8 intermediate casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
- a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- a. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not** a **cup** or **J-packer**. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (18 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- b. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- c. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- d. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- e. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING) A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

<u>Species</u>	l <u>b/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

NMOCD CONDITION OF APPROVAL

The *Newl* Gas Capture Plan (GCP) notice is posted on the NMOCD website under Announcements. The Plan became effective May 1, 2016. A copy of the GCP form is included with the NOTICE and is also in our FORMS section under Unnumbered Forms. Please review filing dates for all applicable activities currently approved or pending and submit accordingly. Failure to file a GCP may jeopardize the operator's ability to obtain C-129 approval to flare gas after the initial 60-day completion period.