NM	OIL CONSERVATION	

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ARTESIA	DISTRICT
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Form 3160 -3 (March 2012)	JUN	<b>196^204</b> /2			APPROVI 10. 1004-013	
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE II				Expires ( 5. Lease Serial No. NMLC028731B	October 31,2	2014
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO D				6. If Indian, Allotee	or Tribe	Name
Ia. Type of work:	R			7 If Unit or CA Age DODD FEDERAL		
lb. Type of Well: 🗹 Oil Well 🔲 Gas Well 🛄 Other	<b>∠</b> Si	ngle Zone 🔲 Multip	ole Zone	8. Lease Name and DODD FEDERAL		 8H
2. Name of Operator COG OPERATING LLC	2291	37		9. API Well No. <b>30-0</b>	15-4	44274
3a. Address 600 West Illinois Ave Midland TX 79701	3b. Phone No (432)683-7	. (include area code) '443		10. Field and Pool, or DODD / GLORIET	Explorator A-UPPE	ry R YESO 97917
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any At surface NENE / 417 FNL / 136 FEL / LAT 32.855222 /	LONG -10	4.054513		11. Sec., T. R. M. or E SEC 10 / T17S / R		
At proposed prod. zone NENE / 455 FNL / 330 FEL / LAT 32 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 5 miles	2.00007L	UNG - 104.037924		12. County or Parish EDDY		13. State NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest 136 feet property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No. of 2 1480	cres in lease	17. Spacin 160	g Unit dedicated to this	well	
<ol> <li>Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, 1 feet applied for, on this lease, ft.</li> </ol>	19. Propose 4800 feet	d Depth / 9690 feet		BIA Bond No. on file MB000215		
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3626 feet	22 Approxi 07/11/201	mate date work will sta 7	rt*	23. Estimated duration 15 days	on	
	24. Atta	chments		<u> </u>		<u></u>
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore	e Oil and Gas	Order No.1, must be a	ttached to th	is form:		
<ol> <li>Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.</li> <li>A Drilling Plan.</li> <li>A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System I SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).</li> </ol>	Lands, the	Item 20 above). 5. Operator certific	cation	ns unless covered by ar ormation and/or plans a	Ū	,
25. Signature (Electronic Submission)		(Printed/Typed) n Odom / Ph: (432)	)685-4385		Date 02/20/	2017
Title	<b>I</b> .				L	
Regulatory Analyst Approved by (Signature)	Name	(Printed/Typed)	. <u> </u>		Date	
(Electronic Submission)	1	Layton / Ph: (575)2	234-5959		06/06	/2017
Title Supervisor Multiple Resources	Office CAR	LSBAD				
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	legal or equi	table title to those righ	ts in the sub	ject lease which would e	entitle the	applicant to
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a cri States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to	ime for any p o any matter v	erson knowingly and within its jurisdiction.	willfully to n	nake to any department of	or agency	of the United
(Continued on page 2)				,	ruction	s on page 2)
APPROV	KD WI	'H CONDITI	ONS			

RAP 6.19.17

### **Review and Appeal Rights**

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

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U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



## **Operator Certification**

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

NAME: Robyn Odom		Signed on: 02/20/2017
Title: Regulatory Analy	vst	
Street Address: 600 V	V Illinois Ave	
City: Midland	State: TX	<b>Zip:</b> 79701
Phone: (432)685-4385	5	
Email address: rodom	n@concho.com	
Field Repre	sentative	
Representative Nar	ne:	
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip:
Phone:		
Email address:		

# **TAFMSS**

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



Submission Date: 02/20/2017

APD ID: 10400011253 Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT Well Type: OIL WELL

# Well Number: 908H Well Work Type: Drill

Section 1 - General		
APD ID: 10400011253	Tie to previous NOS?	Submission Date: 02/20/2017
BLM Office: CARLSBAD	User: Robyn Odom	Title: Regulatory Analyst
Federal/Indian APD: FED	Is the first lease penetrat	ed for production Federal or Indian? FED
Lease number: NMLC028731B	Lease Acres: 1480	
Surface access agreement in place?	Allotted?	Reservation:
Agreement in place? YES	Federal or Indian agreem	ent: FEDERAL
Agreement number: NMNM111789X		
Agreement name: DODD FEDERAL		
Keep application confidential? NO		
Permitting Agent? NO	APD Operator: COG OPE	RATING LLC
Operator letter of designation:		
Keep application confidential? NO		

## **Operator Info**

Operator Organization Name:	COG OPERATING LLC	
Operator Address: 600 West I	llinois Ave	<b>7</b> : 70701
Operator PO Box:	r PO Box:	<b>Zip</b> : 79701
Operator City: Midland	State: TX	
<b>Operator Phone:</b> (432)683-744	3	
Operator Internet Address: R	DOM@CONCHO.COM	
Section 2 - We	II Information	

Well in Master Development Plan? NO	Mater Development Plan	name:
Well in Master SUPO? NO	Master SUPO name:	
Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO	Master Drilling Plan name	9:
Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT	Well Number: 908H	Well API Number:
Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool	Field Name: DODD	Pool Name: GLORIETA- UPPER YESO

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Operator Name: C Well Name: DODE	OG OPERATING LLC FEDERAL UNIT		Well Number: 908H		
·	Twsp: 17S	Range:	29E	Section: 11	
	Aliquot: NENE	Lot:		Tract:	

Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? USEABLE WATER Describe other minerals: Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? N Use Existing Well Pad? NO New surface disturbance? **Multiple Well Pad Name:** Number: Type of Well Pad: SINGLE WELL Well Class: HORIZONTAL Number of Legs: Well Work Type: Drill Well Type: OIL WELL **Describe Well Type:** Well sub-Type: INFILL Describe sub-type: Distance to town: 5 Miles Distance to nearest well: 1 FT Distance to lease line: 136 FT Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measurement: 160 Acres Dodd\_Federal\_Unit\_908H\_C102\_03-08-2017.pdf Well plat: Well work start Date: 07/11/2017 Duration: 15 DAYS Section 3 - Well Location Table Survey Type: RECTANGULAR **Describe Survey Type:** Datum: NAD83 Vertical Datum: NAVD88 Survey number: STATE: NEW MEXICO Meridian: NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL County: EDDY Latitude: 32.855222 Longitude: -104.054513 SHL Elevation: 3626 **MD**: 0 **TVD**: 0 Leg #: 1 Lease Type: FEDERAL Lease #: NMLC028731B **NS-Foot: 417** NS Indicator: FNL EW-Foot: 136 EW Indicator: FEL Twsp: 17S Range: 29E Section: 10 Tract: Aliquot: NENE Lot:

## Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

#### Well Number: 908H

	STATE: NEW MEXICO	Meridian: NEW MEXICO PRINCIPA	Country EDDV
	Latitude: 32.855222	Longitude: -104.054513	
KOP	Elevation: -697	MD: 4323	<b>TVD:</b> 4323
<b>Leg #:</b> 1	Lease Type: FEDERAL	Lease #: NMLC028731B	
	NS-Foot: 417	NS Indicator: FNL	
	<b>EW-Foot</b> : 136	EW Indicator: FEL	
	Twsp: 17S	Range: 29E	Section: 10
	Aliquot: NENE	Lot:	Tract:
	STATE: NEW MEXICO	Meridian: NEW MEXICO PRINCIPA	L County: EDDY
	Latitude: 32.855231	Longitude: -104.052975	
PPP	Elevation: -1174	<b>MD</b> : 5059	<b>TVD</b> : 4800
Leg #: 1	Lease Type: FEDERAL	Lease #: NMLC028731B	
	NS-Foot: 455	NS Indicator: FNL	
	<b>EW-Foot:</b> 330	EW Indicator: FWL	
	<b>Twsp:</b> 17S	Range: 29E	Section: 11
	Aliquot: NWNW	Lot:	Tract:
	STATE: NEW MEXICO	Meridian: NEW MEXICO PRINCIPA	L County: EDDY
	Latitude: 32.85506	Longitude: -104.037924	
EXIT	Elevation: -1174	MD: 9690	<b>TVD</b> : 4800
Leg #: 1	Lease Type: FEDERAL	Lease #: NMNM125007	
	<b>NS-Foot</b> : 455	NS Indicator: FNL	
	<b>EW-Foot:</b> 330	EW Indicator: FEL	
	<b>Twsp:</b> 17S	Range: 29E	Section: 11
	Aliguot: NENE	Lot:	Tract:
	STATE: NEW MEXICO	Meridian: NEW MEXICO PRINCIPA	L County: EDDY
	Latitude: 32.85506	Longitude: -104.037924	
BHL	Elevation: -1174	<b>MD</b> : 9690	<b>TVD:</b> 4800
Leg #: 1	Lease Type: FEDERAL	Lease #: NMNM125007	
	<b>NS-Foot</b> : 455	NS Indicator: FNL	
	NS-Foot: 455 EW-Foot: 330	NS Indicator: FNL EW Indicator: FEL	

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AFMSS	्राष्ट्र 	Drilling Plan Data Report
U.S. Department of the Interior		06/07/2017
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	ر ۲۰ میکند	
APD ID: 10400011253	Submissi	ion Date: 02/20/2017
Operator Name: COG OPERATING L	LC	
Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT	Well Num	<b>nber:</b> 908H
Well Type: OIL WELL	Well Wor	k Type: Drill
Section 1 - Geologic Fo	ormations	
ID: Surface formation	Name: UNKNOWN	
Lithology(ies):		
ALLUVIUM		
Elevation: 3626	True Vertical Depth: 0	Measured Depth: 0
Mineral Resource(s):		
USEABLE WATER		
Is this a producing formation? N		
ID: Formation 1	Name: RUSTLER	
Lithology(ies):		
ANHYDRITE		
Elevation: 3426	True Vertical Depth: 200	Measured Depth: 200
Mineral Resource(s):		
OTHER - Brackish Water		
Is this a producing formation? N		
ID: Formation 2	Name: TOP SALT	
Lithology(ies):		
SALT		
Elevation: 3299	True Vertical Depth: 327	Measured Depth: 327

Mineral Resource(s):

.

OTHER - Salt

Is this a producing formation? N

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT	Well Numbe	r: 908H
D: Formation 3	Name: TANSILL	
.ithology(ies):		
DOLOMITE		
levation: 2712	True Vertical Depth: 914	Measured Depth: 914
/lineral Resource(s):		
NONE		
this a producing formation? N		
D: Formation 4	Name: YATES	
ithology(ies):		
SANDSTONE		
DOLOMITE		
evation: 2606	True Vertical Depth: 1020	Measured Depth: 1020
neral Resource(s):		
NATURAL GAS		
OIL		
his a producing formation? N		
Formation 5	Name: SEVEN RIVERS	
thology(ies):		
SANDSTONE		
DOLOMITE		
evation: 2334	True Vertical Depth: 1292	Measured Depth: 1292
neral Resource(s):		
NATURAL GAS		
OIL		
his a producing formation? N		

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Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT Well Number: 908H				
ID: Formation 6	Name: QUEEN			
Lithology(ies):				
SANDSTONE				
Elevation: 1742	True Vertical Depth: 1884	Measured Depth: 1884		
Mineral Resource(s):				
NATURAL GAS				
OIL				
Is this a producing formation? N				
ID: Formation 7	Name: GRAYBURG			
Lithology(ies):				
SANDSTONE				
DOLOMITE				
Elevation: 1335	True Vertical Depth: 2291	Measured Depth: 2291		
Mineral Resource(s):				
NATURAL GAS				
OIL				
s this a producing formation? N				
ID: Formation 8	Name: SAN ANDRES			
Lithology(ies):				
DOLOMITE				
ANHYDRITE				
Elevation: 1043	True Vertical Depth: 2583	Measured Depth: 2583		
Vineral Resource(s):				
NATURAL GAS				
OIL				
s this a producing formation? N				

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Dperator Name: COG OPERATING L Nell Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT	Well Numbe	r: 008H
	weii numbe	
9: Formation 9	Name: GLORIETA	
thology(ies):		
SANDSTONE		
SILTSTONE		
vation: -368	True Vertical Depth: 3994	Measured Depth: 3994
neral Resource(s):		
NATURAL GAS		
OIL		
his a producing formation? N		
Formation 10	Name: PADDOCK	
nology(ies):		
DOLOMITE		
vation: -430	True Vertical Depth: 4056	Measured Depth: 4056
eral Resource(s):		
NATURAL GAS		
OIL		
is a producing formation? N		
Formation 11	Name: BLINEBRY	
nology(ies):		
DOLOMITE		
vation: -849	True Vertical Depth: 4475	Measured Depth: 4475
eral Resource(s):		
NATURAL GAS		
OIL		
is a producing formation? Y		

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Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT	Well Number: 908H		
ID: Formation 12	Name: TUBB		
Lithology(ies):			
SANDSTONE			
DOLOMITE			
Elevation: -1807	True Vertical Depth: 5433	Measured Depth: 5433	
Mineral Resource(s):			
NATURAL GAS			
OIL			
Is this a producing formation? N			
Section 2 - Blowout Pre	evention		
Pressure Rating (PSI): 2M	Rating Depth: 9500		

Equipment: All required equipment per Federal and State regulations to be in place prior to drilling out the Surface casing.

### Requesting Variance? NO

### Variance request:

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**Testing Procedure:** BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure of 2000 psi per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure of 2000 psi. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold.

## Choke Diagram Attachment:

2M Choke Schematic\_02-16-2017.pdf

## **BOP Diagram Attachment:**

2M ANNULAR BOP\_02-16-2017.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

String Type: SURFACE	Other String Type	:
Hole Size: 17.5		
Top setting depth MD: 0		Top setting depth TVD: 0
Top setting depth MSL: -1174		
Bottom setting depth MD: 275		Bottom setting depth TVD: 275
Bottom setting depth MSL: -1449		
Calculated casing length MD: 275		
Casing Size: 13.375	Other Size	
Grade: H-40	Other Grade:	
Weight: 48		
Joint Type: STC	Other Joint Type:	
Condition: NEW		
Inspection Document:		
Standard: API		
Spec Document:		
Tapered String?: N		
Tapered String Spec:		
Safety Factors		
Collapse Design Safety Factor: 4.36	6	Burst Design Safety Factor: 9.79
Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor	type: DRY	Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor: 16.77
Body Tensile Design Safety Factor	type: DRY	Body Tensile Design Safety Factor: 16.77
Casing Design Assumptions and W	/orksheet(s):	

Casing Design Attachement\_02-16-2017.pdf

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Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

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Well Number: 908H

String Type: INTERMEDIATE	Other String Type:	:
Hole Size: 12.25		
Top setting depth MD: 0		Top setting depth TVD: 0
Top setting depth MSL: -1174		
Bottom setting depth MD: 1250		Bottom setting depth TVD: 1250
Bottom setting depth MSL: -2424		
Calculated casing length MD: 1250		
Casing Size: 9.625	Other Size	
Grade: J-55	Other Grade:	
Weight: 40		
Joint Type: LTC	Other Joint Type:	
Condition: NEW		
Inspection Document:		
Standard: API		
Spec Document:		
Tapered String?: N		
Tapered String Spec:		
Safety Factors		
Collapse Design Safety Factor: 3.16	6	Burst Design Safety Factor: 5.51
Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor t	t <b>ype:</b> DRY	Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor: 9.32
Body Tensile Design Safety Factor	<b>type:</b> DRY	Body Tensile Design Safety Factor: 9.32
Casing Design Assumptions and W	orksheet(s):	

Casing Design Attachement\_02-16-2017.pdf

Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

String Type: PRODUCTION	Other String Type:	:
Hole Size: 8.75		
Top setting depth MD: 0		Top setting depth TVD: 0
Top setting depth MSL: -1174		
Bottom setting depth MD: 4323		Bottom setting depth TVD: 4323
Bottom setting depth MSL: -5497		
Calculated casing length MD: 4323		
Casing Size: 7.0	Other Size	
Grade: L-80	Other Grade:	
Weight: 29		
Joint Type: LTC	Other Joint Type:	
Condition: NEW		
Inspection Document:		
Standard: API		
Spec Document:		
Tapered String?: N		
Tapered String Spec:		
Safety Factors		
Collapse Design Safety Factor: 3.3	1	Burst Design Safety Factor: 1.33
Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor	type: DRY	Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor: 2.68
Body Tensile Design Safety Factor	type: DRY	Body Tensile Design Safety Factor: 2.68
Casing Design Assumptions and W	/orksheet(s):	

Casing Design Attachement\_02-16-2017.pdf

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Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

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Well Number: 908H

String Type: PRODUCTION	Other String Type	:
Hole Size: 8.75		
Top setting depth MD: 4323		Top setting depth TVD: 4323
Top setting depth MSL: -5497		
Bottom setting depth MD: 5073		Bottom setting depth TVD: 4800
Bottom setting depth MSL: -5974		
Calculated casing length MD: 750		
Casing Size: 5.5	Other Size	
Grade: L-80	Other Grade:	
Weight: 17		
Joint Type: LTC	Other Joint Type:	
Condition: NEW		
Inspection Document:		
Standard: API	-	
Spec Document:		
Tapered String?: N		
Tapered String Spec:		
Safety Factors		
Collapse Design Safety Factor: 2.66	6	Burst Design Safety Factor: 1.26
Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor	type: DRY	Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor: 7.68
Body Tensile Design Safety Factor	type: DRY	Body Tensile Design Safety Factor: 7.68

Casing Design Attachement\_02-16-2017.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H	Well	Number:	908H
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String Type: PRODUCTION	Other String Type:	
Hole Size: 7.875		
Top setting depth MD: 5073		Top setting depth TVD: 4800
Top setting depth MSL: -5974		
Bottom setting depth MD: 9690		Bottom setting depth TVD: 4800
Bottom setting depth MSL: -5974		
Calculated casing length MD: 4617		
Casing Size: 5.5	Other Size	
Grade: L-80	Other Grade:	
Weight: 17		
Joint Type: LTC	Other Joint Type:	
Condition: NEW		
Inspection Document:		
Standard: API		
Spec Document:		
Tapered String?: N		
Tapered String Spec:		
Safety Factors		
Collapse Design Safety Factor: 2.66	i	Burst Design Safety Factor: 1.26
Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor t	ype: DRY	Joint Tensile Design Safety Factor: 7.68
Body Tensile Design Safety Factor (	type: DRY	Body Tensile Design Safety Factor: 7.68
Casing Design Assumptions and W	orksheet(s):	
Casing Design	Attachement_02-16	-2017.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

Casing String Type: SURFACE

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Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

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Well Number: 908H

Stage Tool Depth:		
<u>Lead</u>		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 275	Cement Type: Class C
Additives: 2% CaCl2+0.25 pps CF	Quantity (sks): 350	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 1.32
Density: 14.8	Volume (cu.ft.): 462	Percent Excess: 142
Casing String Type: INTERMEDIATE		
Stage Tool Depth:		
<u>Lead</u>		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 1250	Cement Type: 50:50:10 C:Poz:Gel
Additives: 5%Salt+5pps LCM+0.25pps	Quantity (sks): 250	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 2.45
CF <b>Density:</b> 11.8	Volume (cu.ft.): 612.5	Percent Excess: 153
<u>.</u> <u>Tail</u>		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 1250	Cement Type: Class C
Additives: 2%CaCl2	Quantity (sks): 200	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 1.32
Density: 14.8	Volume (cu.ft.): 264	Percent Excess: 153
Casing String Type: PRODUCTION		
Stage Tool Depth:		
Lead		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 9690	Cement Type: 35:65:6 C:Poz:Gel
Additives: 5%Salt+5pps LCM+0.25pps	Quantity (sks): 500	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 2.01
CF Density: 12.5	Volume (cu.ft.): 1206	Percent Excess: 120
<u>.</u> <u>Tail</u>		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 9690	Cement Type: 50:50:2 C:Poz:Gel
Additives: 5%salt+3pps	Quantity (sks): 1500	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 1.37
LCM+0.6%SMS+1%FL-25+1%Ba- <b>Density:</b> 14	<b>Volume (cu.ft.)</b> : 1918	Percent Excess: 120

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

#### Well Number: 908H

### Stage Tool Depth:

Lead		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 9690	Cement Type: 35:65:6 C:Poz:Gel
Additives: 5%Salt+5pps LCM+0.25pps	Quantity (sks): 500	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 2.01
CF Density: 12.5	Volume (cu.ft.): 1206	Percent Excess: 120
<u>Tail</u>		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 9690	Cement Type: 50:50:2 C:Poz:Gel
Additives: 5%salt+3pps	Quantity (sks): 1500	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 1.37
LCM+0.6%SMS+1%FL-25+1%Ba- Density: 14	Volume (cu.ft.): 1918	Percent Excess: 120
Stage Tool Depth:		
<u>Lead</u>		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 9690	Cement Type: 35:65:6 C:Poz:Gel
Additives: 5%Salt+5pps LCM+0.25pps	Quantity (sks): 500	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 2.01
CF <b>Density:</b> 12.5	Volume (cu.ft.): 1206	Percent Excess: 120
<u>Tail</u>		
Top MD of Segment: 0	Bottom MD Segment: 9690	Cement Type: 50:50:2 C:Poz:Gel
Additives: 5%salt+3pps	Quantity (sks): 1500	Yield (cu.ff./sk): 1.37
LCM+0.6%SMS+1%FL-25+1%Ba- Density: 14	Volume (cu.ft.): 1918	Percent Excess: 120

### **Section 5 - Circulating Medium**

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

**Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions:** Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: PVT/Pason/Visual Monitoring

## **Circulating Medium Table**

Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

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Well Number: 908H

Top Depth: 0	Bottom Depth: 275	
Mud Type: WATER-BASED MUD		
Min Weight (Ibs./gal.): 8.6	Max Weight (Ibs./gal.): 8.8	
Density (lbs/cu.ft.):	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sq.ft.):	
PH:	Viscosity (CP):	
Filtration (cc):	Salinity (ppm):	
Additional Characteristics:		
Top Depth: 0	Bottom Depth: 4323	
Mud Type: SALT SATURATED		
Min Weight (Ibs./gal.): 10	Max Weight (Ibs./gal.): 10.2	
Density (Ibs/cu.ft.):	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sq.ft.):	
PH:	Viscosity (CP):	
Filtration (cc):	Salinity (ppm):	
Additional Characteristics:		
Top Depth: 4323	Bottom Depth: 9690	
Mud Type: WATER-BASED MUD		
Min Weight (Ibs./gal.): 8.8	Max Weight (Ibs./gal.): 9.2	
Density (Ibs/cu.ft.):	Gel Strength (Ibs/100 sq.ft.):	
PH:	Viscosity (CP):	
Filtration (cc):	Salinity (ppm):	
Additional Characteristics:		

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures: Interval Perforating, Fracture stimulating, Flowback testing List of open and cased hole logs run in the well: CNL,MUDLOG Coring operation description for the well: N/A **Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC** 

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

### Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 2112

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 1056

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 105

Anticipated abnormal proessures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

**Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:** 

### Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

### Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

H2S Plan\_02-16-2017.pdf Dodd Federal Unit 908H\_H2S Schematic\_02-16-2017.pdf

## Section 8 - Other Information

### Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Dodd Federal Unit 908H - Plan 1 Report\_02-16-2017.pdf

### Other proposed operations facets description:

9 5/8" DV tool cement option is proposed for approval. This may become necessary if lost circulation occurs while drilling the 12 ¼" intermediate hole. DV tool depth will be based on hole conditions. Cement volumes will be adjusted proportionally. DV Tool will be set a minimum of 50 feet below previous casing and a minimum of 200 feet above current shoe.

7" DV tool cement option is proposed for approval. This may become necessary if water flows in the San Andres are encountered. These water flows normally occur in areas where produced water disposal is happening. This dense cement is used to combat water flows. This cement recipe also has a right angle set time and is mixed a little under saturated so the water flow will be absorbed by cement. DV tool depth will be based on hole conditions. Cement volumes will be adjusted proportionally. DV tool will be set a minimum of 50 feet below previous casing and a minimum of 200 feet above current shoe.

### Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Closed Loop Schematic\_02-16-2017.pdf

Dodd 908H Production Cement Breakdown\_02-16-2017.pdf

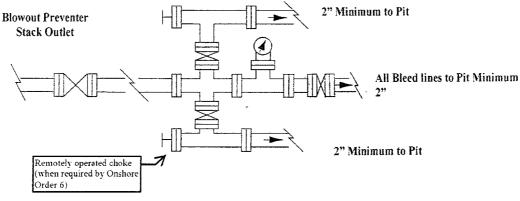
### Other Variance attachment:

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# COG Operating LLC Exhibit #9 Choke Schematic

Choke Manifold Requirement (2000 psi WP)

Adjustable Choke



Adjustable Choke

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## NOTES REGARDING THE BLOWOUT PREVENTERS Master Drilling Plan Eddy County, New Mexico

- 1. Drilling nipple to be so constructed that it can be removed without use of a welder through rotary table opening, with minimum I.D. equal to preventer bore.
- 2. Wear ring to be properly installed in head.
- 3. Blow out preventer and all fittings must be in good condition, 2000 psi WP minimum.
- 4. All fittings to be flanged.

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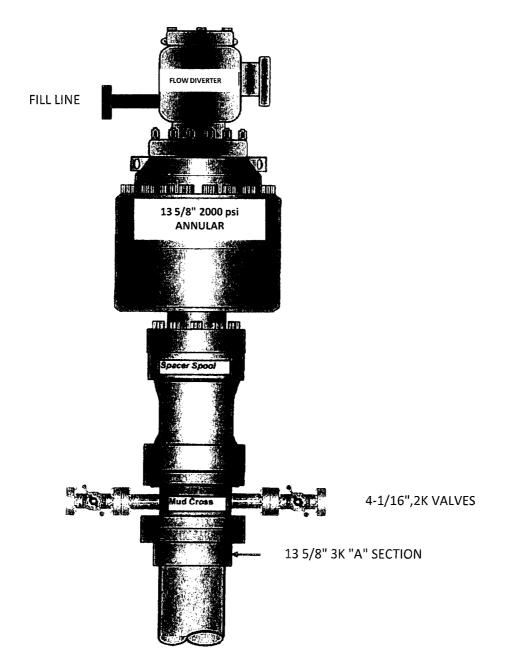
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- 5. Safety valve must be available on rig floor at all times with proper connections, valve to be full 2000 psi WP minimum.
- 6. All choke and fill lines to be securely anchored especially ends of choke lines.
- 7. Equipment through which bit must pass shall be at least as large as the diameter of the casing being drilled through.
- 8. Kelly cock on Kelly.
- 9. Extension wrenches and hands wheels to be properly installed.
- 10. Blow out preventer control to be located as close to driller's position as feasible.
- 11. Blow out preventer closing equipment to include minimum 40-gallon accumulator, two independent sources of pump power on each closing unit installation all API specifications.

# Exhibit #10

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# 13 5/8" 2K ANNULAR



	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Tension SF
BLM Minimum Safety Factor	1 1 2 5	1	1.6 Dry
	1.125		1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Assumed 9.0ppg MW equivalent pore pressure from 9 5/8" shoe to deepest TVD in wellbore.

BLM standard formulas were used on all SF calculations.

Casing design does meet and/or exceed BLM's minimum standards. The pipe will be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid fill to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing.

This well is not located within the Capitan Reef. This well is not located in the SOPA or in the R-111-P.

This well is not located in a high or critical Cave/Karst area.

This is not a walking operation.

We will not be pre-setting casing.

Collapse SF	Burst SF	Tension SF
1.125	1	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
	·	Collapse SF Burst SF 1.125 1

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Assumed 9.0ppg MW equivalent pore pressure from 9 5/8" shoe to deepest TVD in wellbore.

BLM standard formulas were used on all SF calculations. Casing design does meet and/or exceed BLM's minimum standards. The pipe will be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid fill to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing.

This well is not located within the Capitan Reef. This well is not located in the SOPA or in the R-111-P.

This well is not located in a high or critical Cave/Karst area.

This is not a walking operation.

We will not be pre-setting casing.

	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Tension SF
DLAA Minimum Cofety Faster	1.125	1	1.6 Dry
BLM Minimum Safety Factor		T	1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Assumed 9.0ppg MW equivalent pore pressure from 9 5/8" shoe to deepest TVD in wellbore.

BLM standard formulas were used on all SF calculations.

Casing design does meet and/or exceed BLM's minimum standards. The pipe will be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid fill to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing.

This well is not located within the Capitan Reef. This well is not located in the SOPA or in the R-111-P.

This well is not located in a high or critical Cave/Karst area.

This is not a walking operation.

We will not be pre-setting casing.

	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Tension SF
BLM Minimum Safety Factor	1.125	1	1.6 Dry
		_	1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Assumed 9.0ppg MW equivalent pore pressure from 9 5/8" shoe to deepest TVD in wellbore.

BLM standard formulas were used on all SF calculations. Casing design does meet and/or exceed BLM's minimum standards. The pipe will be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid fill to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing. ,

This well is not located within the Capitan Reef. This well is not located in the SOPA or in the R-111-P.

This well is not located in a high or critical Cave/Karst area.

This is not a walking operation. We will not be pre-setting casing. All completion intervals are planned to be fracture stimulated.

	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Tension SF
BLM Minimum Safety Factor	1 1 7 5	1	1.6 Dry
	1.125	1	1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Assumed 9.0ppg MW equivalent pore pressure from 9 5/8" shoe to deepest TVD in wellbore.

BLM standard formulas were used on all SF calculations. Casing design does meet and/or exceed BLM's minimum standards. The pipe will be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid fill to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing.

This well is not located within the Capitan Reef. This well is not located in the SOPA or in the R-111-P.

This well is not located in a high or critical Cave/Karst area.

This is not a walking operation.

We will not be pre-setting casing.

# **COG Operating LLC**

# Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan

## I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- 1. The hazards an characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H2S)
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of H2S detectors alarms warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile tubular are to be used, personnel well be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan and Public Protection Plan.

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H2S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H2S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H2S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan. The concentrations of H2S of wells in this area from surface to TD are low enough that a contingency plan is not required.

## **II. H2S SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS**

Note: All H2S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonable expected to contain H2S.

## 1. Well Control Equipment:

A. Flare line.

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- B. Choke manifold with minimum of one remotely operated choke.
- C. Closed Loop Blow Down Tank
- D. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit.
- E. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: mud-gas separator, annular preventer & rotating head.

### 2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

A. SCBA (Self contained breathing apparatus) 30-minute units located in the doghouse and at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram.

### 3. H2S detection and monitoring equipment:

A. Portable H2S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights and audible sirens when H2S levels of 20 PPM are reached.

### 4. Visual warning systems:

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram.
- B. Caution/Danger signs (Exhibit #7) shall be posted on roads providing direct access to location. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be readable at a reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used, when appropriate. See example attached.

## 5. Mud program:

A. The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H2S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices, and the use of H2S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H2S bearing zones.

### 6. Metallurgy:

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H2S service.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H2S trim.

### 7. Communication:

- A. Radio communications in company vehicles including cellular telephone and 2way radio.
- B. Land line (telephone) communication at Office.

### 8. Well testing:

- A. Drill stem testing will be performed with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity, which are necessary to safely and adequately conduct the test. The drill stem testing will be conducted during daylight hours and formation fluids will not be flowed to the surface. All drill-stem-testing operations conducted in an H2S environment will use the closed chamber method of testing.
- B. There will be no drill stem testing.

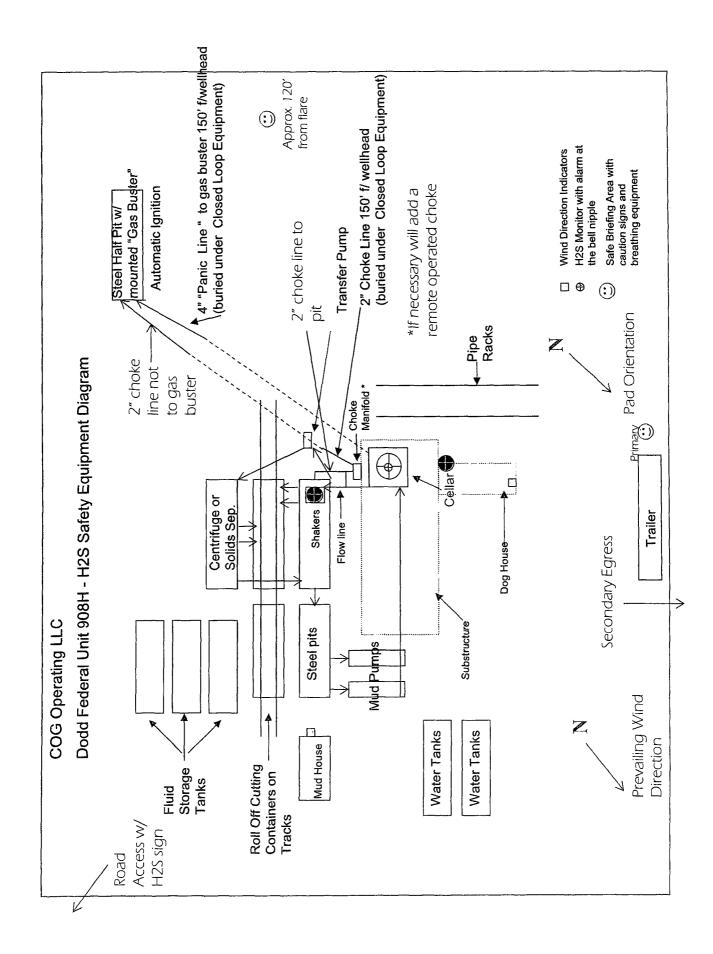
# EXHIBIT #7

# WARNING AN H2S YOU ARE ENTERING AN H2S AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY 1. BEARDS OR CONTACT LENSES NOT ALLOWED 2. HARD HATS REQUIRED 3. SMOKING IN DESIGNATED AREAS ONLY 4. BE WIND CONSCIOUS AT ALL TIMES 5. CHECK WITH COG OPERATING FOREMAN AT COG OPERATING FOREMAN AT

1-575-746-2010

#### EDDY COUNTY EMERGENCY NUMBERS ARTESIA FIRE DEPT. 575-746-5050 ARTESIA POLICE DEPT. 575-746-5000 EDDY CO. SHERIFF DEPT. 575-746-9888

LEA COUNTY EMERGENCY NUMBERS HOBBS FIRE DEPT. 575-397-9308 HOBBS POLICE DEPT. 575-397-9285 LEA CO. SHERIFF DEPT. 575-396-1196



# **COG Operating LLC**

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Eddy County, NM Dodd Federal Unit 908H Dodd Federal Unit 908H

Wellbore #1

Plan: Plan #1

Surface: 417' FNL, 136' FEL, Sec 10, T17S, R29E, Unit A BHL: 455' FNL, 330' FEL, Sec 11, T17S, R29E, Unit A PP: 421' FNL, 330' FWL, Sec 11, T17S, R29E Unit A

# **Standard Planning Report**

28 August, 2012

## Planning Report

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Well: Wellbore: Design:	Houston R5000 Database COG Operating LLC Eddy County, NM Dodd Federal Unit 908H Dodd Federal Unit 908H Wellbore #1 Plan #1			Local Co-ordinate Reference:Site Dodd Federal Unit 908HTVD Reference:WELL @ 3644.00ft (Original Well EMD Reference:WELL @ 3644.00ft (Original Well ENorth Reference:GridSurvey Calculation Method:Minimum Curvature				•		
Project	Eddy C	County, NM		······						
Map System: Geo Datum: Map Zone:	NAD 192	US State Plane 1927 (Exact solution) NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS) New Mexico East 3001				CON CONUS)				
Site	Dodd F	ederal Unit 90	8H							
Site Position: From: Position Uncert	Maj tainty:		E	Northing: Easting: Slot Radius:		74,912.58 ft 35,777.60 ft 13.200 in	Latitude: Longitude: Grid Conver	gence:		32.855103 -104.054008 0.15 °
Well	Dodd F	ederal Unit 90	8H							
Well Position	+N/-S +E/-W		0.00 ft 0.00 ft	Northing: Easting:		674,912. 585,777.		iitude: ngitude:		32.855103 -104.054008
Position Uncert			Wellhead Elevat	ion:		Gr	ound Level:		3,626.00 ft	
Wellbore	Wellbo	ore #1								
Magnetics	Mc	odel Name	s	iample Date	Declina (°)	tion	•	Angle °)		Strength nT)
l		IGRF2010		4/3/2012		7.76		60,67		48,861
Design Audit Notes: Version:	Plan #	1		Phase: F	PLAN	Tio	On Depth:		0.00	
Vertical Section	1:			+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)		Direction (°)			
			0.0	0	0.00	0	.00	90.51		
Plan Sections										
Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertica Depth (ft)		+E/-W (ft)	Dogleg Rate (*/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.00 4,322.54	0.00	0.00 0.00	4,322		0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5,072.54 9,689.87	90.00 90.00	90.51 90.51	4,800 4,800		477.45 5,094.60	12.00 0.00	12.00 0.00		90.51 0.00	PBHL (Dodd Ferderal

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#### Planning Report

Database: Company: Project: Site:	Houston R5000 Database COG Operating LLC Eddy County, NM Dodd Federal Unit 908H	Local Co-ordinate Reference: TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:	Site Dodd Federal Unit 908H WELL @ 3644.00ft (Original Well Elev) WELL @ 3644.00ft (Original Well Elev) Grid
Well: Wellbore:	Dodd Federal Unit 908H Wellbore #1	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Design:	Plan #1		

#### Planned Survey

Measured Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	Vertical Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	Vertical Section	Dogleg Rate	Build Rate ("/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
(ft)	(°)	(°)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(°/100ft)	(71000)	(710011)
4,322.54	0.00	0.00	4,322.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.
KOP - Start	Build @ 12.00°/10	00'							
4,400.00	9.30	90.51	4,399.66	-0.06	6.27	6.27	12.00	12.00	0
4,500.00	21.30	90.51	4,495,94	-0.29	32.60	32.60	12.00	12.00	0
4,600.00	33.30	90.51	4,584.64	-0.69	78.37	78.38	12.00	12.00	0
4,700.00	45.30	90.51	4,661.89	-1.25	141.59	141.59	12.00	12.00	Ő
4,800.00	57.30	90.51	4,724.31	-1.94	219.48	219.49	12.00	12.00	0
4,900.00	69.30	90.51	4,769.16	-2.73	308.65	308.66	12.00	12.00	0
5,000.00	81.30	90.51	4,794.50	-3.59	405.19	405.21	12.00	12.00	0
5,058.59	88.33	90.51	4,799.80	-4.10	463.50	463.52	12.00	12.00	0
•	59 MD, 4799.80 T					177 10	40.00	10.00	
5,072.54	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-4.23	477.45	477.46	12.00	12.00	0
	nt - Hold @ 90.00			4 47	504.04	504.02	0.00	0.00	0
5,100.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-4.47	504.91	504.93	0.00	0.00	
5,200.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-5.35	604.91	604.93	0.00	0.00	0
5,300.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-6.24	704.90	704.93	0,00	0.00	0
5,400.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-7.12	804.90	804.93	0.00	0.00	0
5,500.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-8.01	904,89	904.93	0.00	0.00	0
5,600.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-8.89	1,004.89	1,004.93	0.00	0.00	C
5,700.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-9.78	1,104.89	1,104.93	0.00	0.00	C
5,800.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-10.66	1,204.88	1,204.93	0.00	0.00	C
5,900.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-11.55	1,304.88	1,304.93	0.00	0.00	0
6,000.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-12.43	1,404.87	1,404.93	0.00	0.00	Č
6,100.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-13.32	1,504.87	1,504.93	0.00	0.00	Č
									C
6,200.00	90.00 90.00	90.51 90.51	4,800.00 4,800.00	-14.20 -15.09	1,604.87 1,704.86	1,604.93	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	C
6,300.00					•	1,704.93		0.00	0
6,400.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-15.97	1,804.86	1,804.93	0.00		
6,500.00 6,600.00	90.00 90.00	90.51 90.51	4,800.00 4,800.00	-16.86 -17.74	1,904.86 2,004.85	1,904.93 2,004.93	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	C
6,700.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-18.63	2,104.85	2,104.93	0.00	0.00	0
6,800.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-19.51	2,204.84	2,204.93	0.00	0.00	0
6,900.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-20.40	2,304.84	2,304.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,000.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-21.28	2,404.84	2,404.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,100.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-22.17	2,504.83	2,504.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,200.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-23.05	2,604.83	2,604.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,300.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-23.94	2,704.82	2,704.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,400.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-24.82	2,804.82	2,804.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,500.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-25.71	2,904.82	2,904.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,600.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-26.59	3,004.81	3,004.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,700.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-27.48	3,104.81	3,104.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,800.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-28.36	3,204.80	3,204.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,900.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-29.25	3,204.80	3,304.93	0.00	0.00	0
7,900.00 8,000.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-29.25	3,304.80	3,304.93	0.00	0.00	0
8,000.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-30.13	3,404.80 3,504.79	3,404.93 3,504.93	0.00	0.00	0
8,200.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-31.90	3,604.79	3,604.93	0.00	0.00	0
8,300.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-32.79	3,704.78	3,704.93	0.00	0.00	0
8,400.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-33.67	3,804.78	3,804.93	0.00	0.00	0
8,500.00	90,00	90.51	4,800.00	-34.56	3,904.78	3,904.93	0,00	0.00	0
8,600.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-35.44	4,004.77	4,004.93	0.00	0.00	0
8,700.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-36.33	4,104.77	4,104.93	0.00	0.00	0.
8,800.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-37.21	4,204.77	4,204.93	0.00	0.00	0
8,900,00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-38.10	4,304.76	4,304.93	0.00	0.00	0
9,000.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-38.98	4,404.76	4,404.93	0.00	0.00	0.

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#### Planning Report

#### Planned Survey

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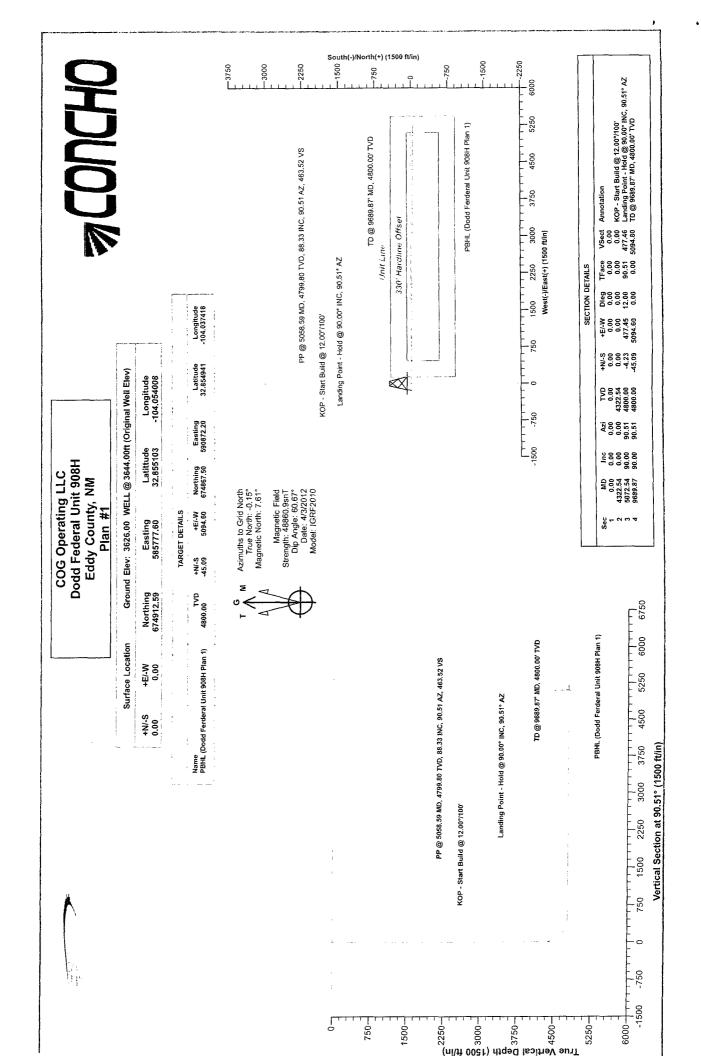
Measured			Vertical			Vertical	Dogleg	Build	Turn
Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Section (ft)	Rate (°/100ft)	Rate (°/100ft)	Rate (°/100ft)
9,100.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-39,87	4,504,75	4,504.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-40.75	4,604.75	4,604.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-41.64	4,704.75	4,704.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,400.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-42.52	4,804.74	4,804.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,500.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-43.41	4,904.74	4,904.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,600.00	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-44.29	5,004.73	5,004.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
9.689.87	90.00	90.51	4,800.00	-45.09	5,094.60	5,094,80	0.00	0.00	0.00

#### Design Targets

Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Northing (ft)	Easting (ft)	Latitude	Longitude
PBHL (Dodd Ferderal Uı - plan hits target cen - Point		0.00	4,800.00	-45.09	5,094.60	674,867.50	590,872.20	32.854941	-104.037418

#### Plan Annotations

	Measured	Vertical	Local Coor	dinates		
	Depth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W		
	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	Comment	
I.	4,322.54	4,322.54	0.00	0.00	KOP - Start Build @ 12.00°/100'	
	5,058.59	4,799.80	-4.10	463.50	PP @ 5058.59 MD, 4799.80 TVD, 88.33 INC, 90.51 AZ, 463.52 VS	:
	5,072.54	4,800.00	-4.23	477.45	Landing Point - Hold @ 90.00° INC, 90.51° AZ	
	9,689.87	4,800.00	-45.09	5,094.60	TD @ 9689.87' MD, 4800.00' TVD	}



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All drilling fluid circulated over shaker(s) with cuttings discharged into roll off container.

Fluid and fines below shaker(s) are circulated with transfer pump through centrifuge(s) or solids separator with cuttings and fines discharged into roll off container.

Fluid is continuously re-circulated through equipment with polymer added to aid separation of cutting fines.

Roll off containers are lined and de-watered with fluids re-circulated into system.

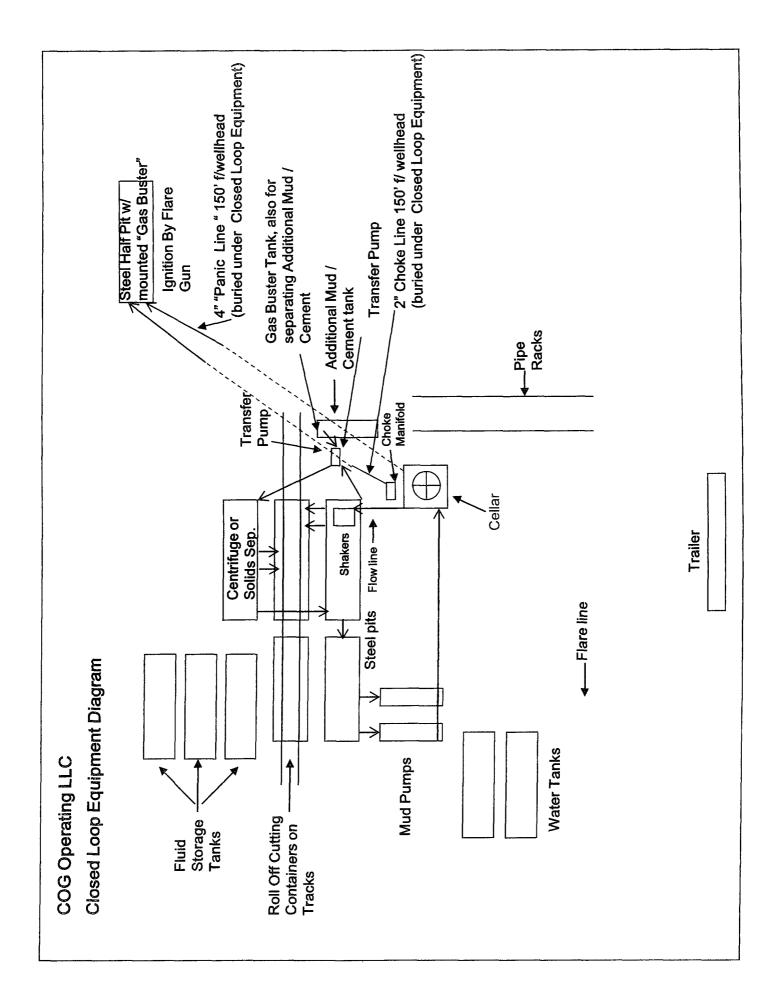
Additional tank is used to capture unused drilling fluid or cement returns from casing jobs.

This equipment will be maintained 24 hrs./day by solids control personnel and or rig crews that stay on location.

Cuttings will be hauled to either:

CRI (permit number R9166) or GMI (permit number 711-019-001)

dependent upon which rig is available to drill this well.



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		Но	le Volumes			<u></u>
Hole	Hole Section (Length)	Casing	Capacity (ft3/Lin.ft)	Cu.Ft	Total Cu.Ft	% Excess
Prod	0-1250 (1250)	7"	0.1585	198.13	198.13	0
Prod	1250-4323 (3073)	7"	0.1503	461.9		120
Prod	4323-5073 (750)	5.5"	0.2526	189.5	1451.5	120
Prod	5073-9690 (4617)	5.5"	0.1733	800.1		120

Cement Volumes						
Blend	Cement Sacks	Yield	Weight	Volume	Total Volume	
35:65:6	500	2.01	12.5	1206	3398	
50:50:02	1600	1.37	14	2192	5598	

% Excess Calculation					
Total Volume	3398		3199.87		
Cu.Ft	-198.13		/1451.5		
	3199.87		120%excess		

# TAFMSS

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



APD ID: 10400011253

**Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC** 

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Type: OIL WELL

#### Section 1 - Existing Roads

Will existing roads be used? YES

**Existing Road Map:** 

Dodd\_Federal\_Unit\_908H\_Vicinity\_Plat\_03-08-2017.pdf

Existing Road Purpose: ACCESS, FLUID TRANSPORT

Row(s) Exist? NO

Submission Date: 02/20/2017

Well Number: 908H

Well Work Type: Drill

ROW ID(s)

#### ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? NO

Existing Road Improvement Description:

**Existing Road Improvement Attachment:** 

Section 2 - New or Reconstructed Access Roads

Will new roads be needed? YES

New Road Map:

Dodd Federal Unit 908H New Road Plat\_02-16-2017.pdf

New road type: RESOURCE

Length: 821 Feet Width (ft.): 30

Max slope (%): 3

Max grade (%): 1

Army Corp of Engineers (ACOE) permit required? NO

ACOE Permit Number(s):

New road travel width: 20

**New road access erosion control:** Water will be diverted where necessary to avoid ponding, prevent erosion, maintain good drainage and to be consistent with local drainage patterns. **New road access plan or profile prepared?** YES

#### New road access plan attachment:

New Access Road Plan\_02-16-2017.pdf

Access road engineering design? NO

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

Access road engineering design attachment:

Access surfacing type: OTHER

Access topsoil source: BOTH

Access surfacing type description: Caliche

Access onsite topsoil source depth: 6

**Offsite topsoil source description:** Surfacing material will consist of native caliche. Caliche will be obtained from the actual well site if available. Secondary candidate source will be NMSLO Caliche Pit located in S2/SW4 of Sec 32, T16S, R30E. A third candidate source will be Caswell Ranch owned Caliche Pit located in NESE of Sec 9, T17S, R32E. **Onsite topsoil removal process:** See attached New Access Road Plan

Access other construction information:

Access miscellaneous information:

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

Drainage Control

New road drainage crossing: OTHER

**Drainage Control comments:** Water will be diverted where necessary to avoid ponding, prevent erosion, maintain good drainage and to be consistent with local drainage patterns.

**Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description:** Water will be diverted where necessary to avoid ponding, prevent erosion, maintain good drainage and to be consistent with local drainage patterns. **Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:** 

#### **Access Additional Attachments**

Additional Attachment(s):

Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Attach Well map:

Dodd Federal Unit 908H\_1mileRadius Map\_02-16-2017.pdf

Existing Wells description:

#### Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

#### Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? DEFER

**Estimated Production Facilities description:** If the well is productive, contemplated facilities will be as follows: Two (2) proposed flowlines, will follow an archaeologically approved route to the Dodd Federal Unit 11-A Tank Battery located at the Dodd Federal Unit #563 well location in Section 11 at approx. 1780' FSL & 1755' FWL. The flowlines will be SDR 7 3" poly line laid on the surface and will be approximately 7918 feet in length. Normal working pressure of the flowlines will be below 70 psi and carry a mixture of produced oil, water, and gas. Flowlines will follow existing well-traveled or proposed roads. The tank battery and facilities including all flow lines and piping will be installed according to API specifications.

Well Number: 908H

Water source type: GW WELL

Source volume (acre-feet): 0.24551065

Source longitude:

#### Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply

Water Source Table

Water source use type: DUST CONTROL, INTERMEDIATE/PRODUCTION CASING, SURFACE CASING Describe type:

Source latitude:

Source datum:

Water source permit type: PRIVATE CONTRACT

Source land ownership: COMMERCIAL

Water source transport method: PIPELINE, TRUCKING

Source transportation land ownership: COMMERCIAL

Water source volume (barrels): 1904.762

Source volume (gal): 80000

#### Water source and transportation map:

Loco Hills Water Disposal Co Water Supply\_02-16-2017.pdf

Caswell Ranch\_Water Supply\_02-16-2017.pdf

Water source comments: The well will be drilled with combination brine and fresh water mud system as outlined in the drilling program. Water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to location by transport truck over the existing and proposed access roads shown in Vicinity Map. A fresh water source is nearby and fast line may be laid along existing road ROW's and fresh water pumped to the well. Water will originate from private wells location described on the attached "Loco Hills Water Disposal Co" map attached to this APD. James R. Maloney, 575-677-2118. A secondary water source will be from 1 and/or all of the 3 private wells location depicted on the attached "Caswell Ranch Water Supply" Map. No water well will be drilled on the location.

New Water Well Info

Well latitude:	Well Longitude:	Well datum:
Well target aquifer:		
Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):	Est thickness of aquifer:	
Aquifer comments:		
Aquifer documentation:		
Well depth (ft):	Well casing type:	
Well casing outside diameter (in.):	Well casing inside diameter	' (in.):
New water well casing?	Used casing source:	
Drilling method:	Drill material:	

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

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Well Number: 908H

Grout material:	Grout depth:
Casing length (ft.):	Casing top depth (ft.):
Well Production type:	Completion Method:
Water well additional information:	
State appropriation permit:	
Additional information attachment:	
Section 6 - Construction Mate	erials
actual well site if available. Secondary candidate	material will consist of native caliche. Caliche will be obtained from the source will be NMSLO Caliche Pit located in S2/SW4 of Sec 32, T16S, Ranch owned Caliche Pit located in NESE of Sec 9, T17S, R32E.
Construction Turn-Over Procedure_02-16-2017. NMSLO Caliche Pit_02-16-2017.pdf Caswell Ranch Caliche Pit_02-16-2017.pdf	odf
Section 7 - Wethods for Handling	g Waste
Waste type: SEWAGE	
Waste content description: Human waste and	grey water
Amount of waste: 100 gallons	
Waste disposal frequency : Weekly	
Safe containment description: Portable septic	system and/or portable waste gathering system.
Safe containmant attachment:	
Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY Disposal type description:	Disposal location ownership: COMMERCIAL
Disposal location description: Hauled to NMO	CD approved waste disposal facility.
Waste type: DRILLING	
Waste content description: Drill cuttings and de	illing fluids
Amount of waste: 100 barrels	
Waste disposal frequency : Daily	
Safe containment description: Closed Loop Sy	rstem
Safe containmant attachment:	
Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY Disposal type description:	Disposal location ownership: FEDERAL
Disposal location description: R360's disposal	site located at 4507 West Carlsbad Highway, Hobbs, NM 88240.

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

#### Waste type: GARBAGE

Waste content description: Garbage and trash produced during drilling and completion operations.

Amount of waste: 100 pounds

Waste disposal frequency : Weekly

Safe containment description: Trash bin

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: STATE FACILITY Disposal type description:

**Disposal location description:** Garbage and trash to be collected in trash bin and hauled to Lea Landfill LLC. Located at mile marker 64, Highway 62-180 East, PO Box 3247, Carlsbad, NM 88221. No toxic waste or hazardous chemicals will be produced by this operation.

Waste type: PRODUCED WATER

Waste content description: Produced water

Amount of waste: 100 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: Steel Tanks

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: STATE FACILITY Disposal type description:

**Disposal location description:** NMOCD approved commercial disposal facility. R360's disposal site located at 4507 West Carlsbad Highway, Hobbs, NM 88240.

#### **Reserve** Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit?

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.)

Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

**Reserve pit liner** 

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

#### **Cuttings Area**

Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

 Are you storing cuttings on location? YES

 Description of cuttings location Closed Loop Mud System: Roll-off Style Mud Box.

 Cuttings area length (ft.)
 Cuttings area width (ft.)

 Cuttings area depth (ft.)
 Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

 Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?
 WCuttings area liner

 Cuttings area liner
 Cuttings area liner

#### **Section 8 - Ancillary Facilities**

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: NO

Ancillary Facilities attachment:

Comments:

#### Section 9 - Well Site Layout

Well Site Layout Diagram:

Dodd Federal Unit 908H Well Site Plat\_02-16-2017.pdf Dodd Federal Unit 908H Interim Reclamation Plat\_02-16-2017.pdf Comments:

#### Section 10 - Plans for Surface Reclamation

Type of disturbance: NEW

**Recontouring attachment:** 

Drainage/Erosion control construction: No sedimentation or erosion control will be necessary on this location as it is generally flat with little to no slope or cut and fill.

Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: No sedimentation or erosion control will be necessary on this location as it is generally flat with little to no slope or cut and fill.

Wellpad long term disturbance (acres): 3.37	Wellpad short term disturbance (acres): 2.47
Access road long term disturbance (acres): 0.57	Access road short term disturbance (acres): 0.57
Pipeline long term disturbance (acres): 0.18177226	Pipeline short term disturbance (acres): 0.18177226
Other long term disturbance (acres): 0	Other short term disturbance (acres): 0
Total long term disturbance: 4.1217723	Total short term disturbance: 3.2217722

**Reconstruction method:** After well is completed, the pad will be downsized be reclaiming the areas not needed for production operations. The portions of the pad that are not needed for production operations will be re-contoured to its original state as much as possible. The caliche that is removed will be reused to either build another pad site or for road repairs within the lease.

Topsoil redistribution: The stockpiled topsoil will be spread out on reclaimed area and reseeded with a BLM approved seed

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

mixture.

Soil treatment: Interim reclamation as identified during on-site.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad: Grassland area with sandy topsoil. Vegetation is moderately sparse with Native prairie grasses, some mesquite and shinnery oak. Existing Vegetation at the well pad attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road attachment:

**Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline:** Grassland area with sandy topsoil. Vegetation is moderately sparse with Native prairie grasses, some mesquite and shinnery oak. **Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline attachment:** 

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances attachment:

Non native seed used? NO

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project? NO

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation? NO

Seed harvest description:

Seed harvest description attachment:

#### Seed Management

Const Walsh

Se	ed Type	Pounds/Acre	
	Seed S	ummary	Total pounds/Acre:
PLS pounds per acre:			Proposed seeding season:
Seed use	location:		
Seed cult	ivar:		
Source pl	hone:		
Source n	ame:		Source address:
Seed nan	ne:		
Seed type	e:		Seed source:
Seed	I Table		

Seed reclamation attachment:

.

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

#### Operator Contact/Responsible Official Contact Info

First Name:	Last Name:
Phone:	Email:
Seedbed prep:	
Seed BMP:	
Seed method:	

Existing invasive species? NO

Existing invasive species treatment description:

Existing invasive species treatment attachment:

Weed treatment plan description: Approved EPA and BLM requirements and policies for weed control methods will be followed.

Weed treatment plan attachment:

**Monitoring plan description:** Evaluation of growth will be made after the completion of one full growing season after seeding. -OR- BLM representative will be contacted prior to commencing construction of well pad and road. BLM representative will also be contacted prior to commencing reclamation work. **Monitoring plan attachment:** 

Success standards: 80% coverage by 2nd growing season of native species with less than 5% invasive species.

Pit closure description: N/A

Pit closure attachment:

#### Section 11 - Surface Ownership

Disturbance type: WELL PAD

Describe:

Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Other surface owner description:

**BIA Local Office:** 

**BOR Local Office:** 

COE Local Office:

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

**USFWS Local Office:** 

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

Disturbance type: EXISTING ACCESS ROAD	
Describe:	
Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	
Other surface owner description:	
BIA Local Office:	
BOR Local Office:	
COE Local Office:	
DOD Local Office:	
NPS Local Office:	
State Local Office:	
Military Local Office:	
USFWS Local Office:	
Other Local Office:	
USFS Region:	
USFS Forest/Grassland: USFS Range	r District:

Disturbance type: PIPELINE

Describe:

Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Other surface owner description:

**BIA Local Office:** 

**BOR Local Office:** 

**COE Local Office:** 

DOD Local Office:

NPS Local Office:

State Local Office:

Military Local Office:

**USFWS** Local Office:

Other Local Office:

USFS Region:

USFS Forest/Grassland:

**USFS Ranger District:** 

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**Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC** Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT

Well Number: 908H

Disturbance type: NEW ACCESS ROAD	
Describe:	
Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	
Other surface owner description:	
BIA Local Office:	
BOR Local Office:	
COE Local Office:	
DOD Local Office:	
NPS Local Office:	
State Local Office:	
Military Local Office:	
USFWS Local Office:	
Other Local Office:	
USFS Region:	
USFS Forest/Grassland:	USFS Ranger District:

#### Section 12 - Other Information

Right of Way needed? NO ROW Type(s):

Use APD as ROW?

**ROW** Applications

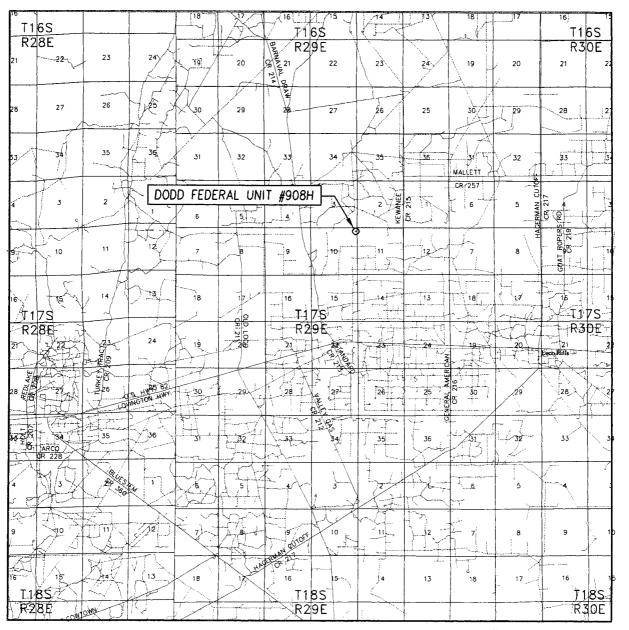
SUPO Additional Information: 1. It will be necessary to run electric power if this well is productive. Power will be provided by CVE. There will be no necessary electric line construction for this well. CVE operates an existing primary line parallel to the well pad; therefor no poles will be set off the well pad disturbance. There is no permanent or live water in the immediate area. 2. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of this location. 3. If needed, a Cultural Resources Examination is being prepared by Boone Arch Services of New Mexico, LLC. Carlsbad, NM, 88220. 506 E Chapman Rd., phone # 575.887.7667 and the results will be forwarded to your office in the near future. Otherwise, COG will be participating in the Permian Basin MOA Program.

Use a previously conducted onsite? YES

Previous Onsite information: Onsite performed on 12/12/2016 by Nick Franke(BLM), Curtis Griffin(COG), Jason Morgan(RRC), Cassandra Brooks(BLM).

Other SUPO Attachment

# VICINITY MAP

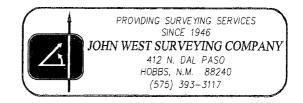


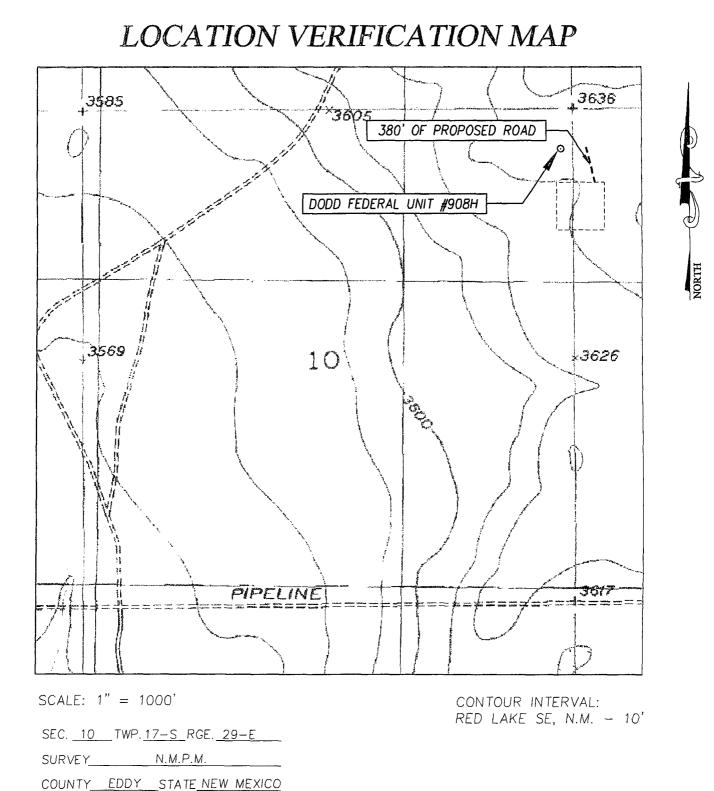
SCALE: 1'' = 2 MILES

NORTH

SEC. <u>10</u> TWP.<u>17–S</u> RGE. <u>29–E</u> SURVEY <u>N.M.P.M.</u> COUNTY <u>EDDY</u> STATE <u>NEW MEXICO</u> DESCRIPTION <u>417' FNL & 136' FEL</u> ELEVATION <u>3626'</u> OPERATOR <u>COG OPERATING, LLC</u> LEASE <u>DODD FEDERAL UNIT</u>

.





DESCRIPTION 417' FNL & 136' FEL

ELEVATION\_\_\_\_\_\_3626'

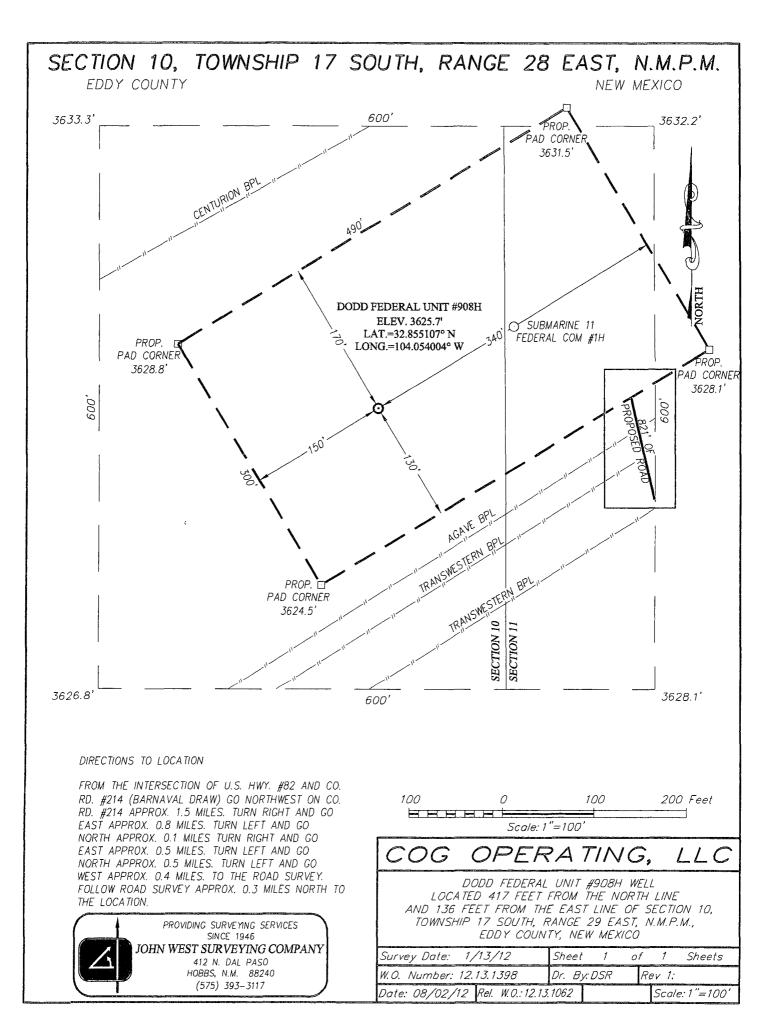
OPERATOR COG OPERATING, LLC

LEASE\_\_\_\_\_DODD FEDERAL UNIT

U.S.G.S. TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

RED LAKE SE, N.M.

PROVIDING SURVEYING SERVICES SINCE 1946 JOHN WEST SURVEYING COMPANY 412 N. DAL PASO HOBBS, N.M. 88240 (575) 393–3117



#### NEW ACCESS ROAD PLAN

#### 1. Proposed Access Road:

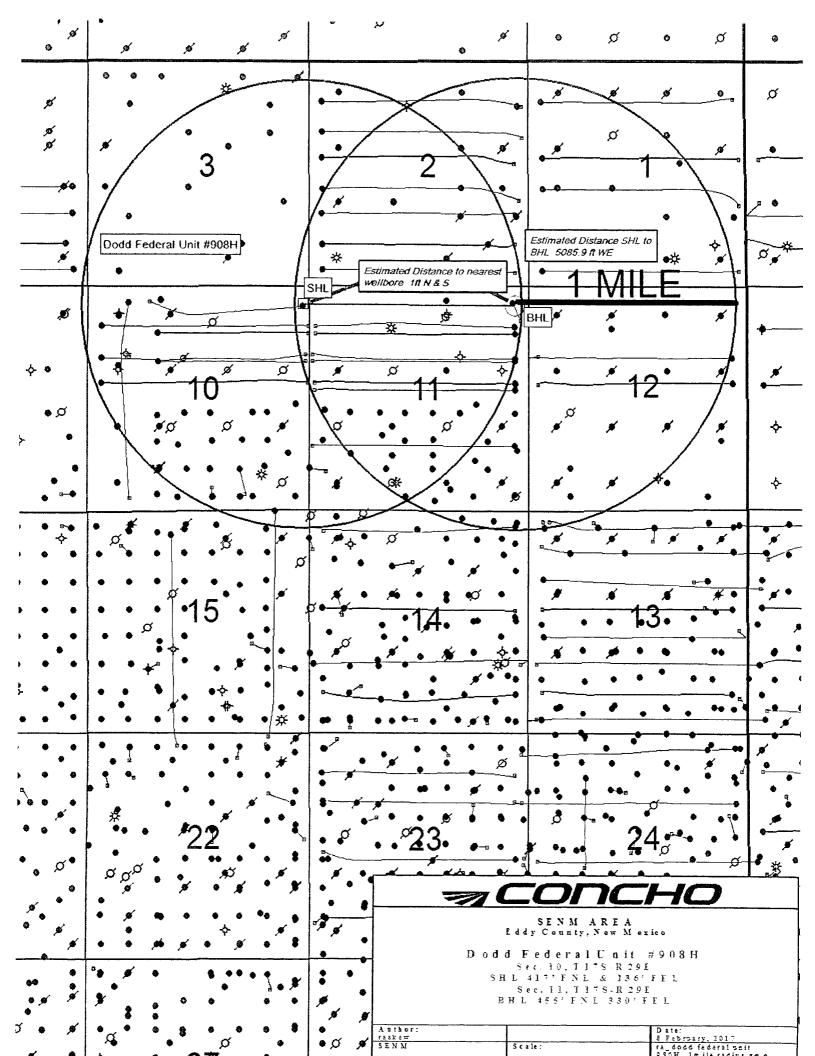
The Access Road Plat shows the footage of new access road will be required for this location. The new access road will be constructed as follows:

- A. The maximum width of the running surface will be 20'. The road will be crowned, ditched and constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche. Ditches will be at 3:1 slope and 4 feet wide. Water will be diverted where necessary to avoid ponding, prevent erosion, maintain good drainage, and to be consistent with local drainage patterns.
- B. The average grade will be less than 1%.
- C. No turnouts are planned.
- D. No culverts, cattleguard, gates, low water crossings or fence cuts are necessary.
- E. Surfacing material will consist of native caliche. Caliche will be obtained from the actual well site if available. Secondary and Tertiary candidate sources are identified the "Offsite topsoil source description" in Section 2 of the SUPO.

#### 2. Source of Construction Materials and Location "Turn-Over" Procedure:

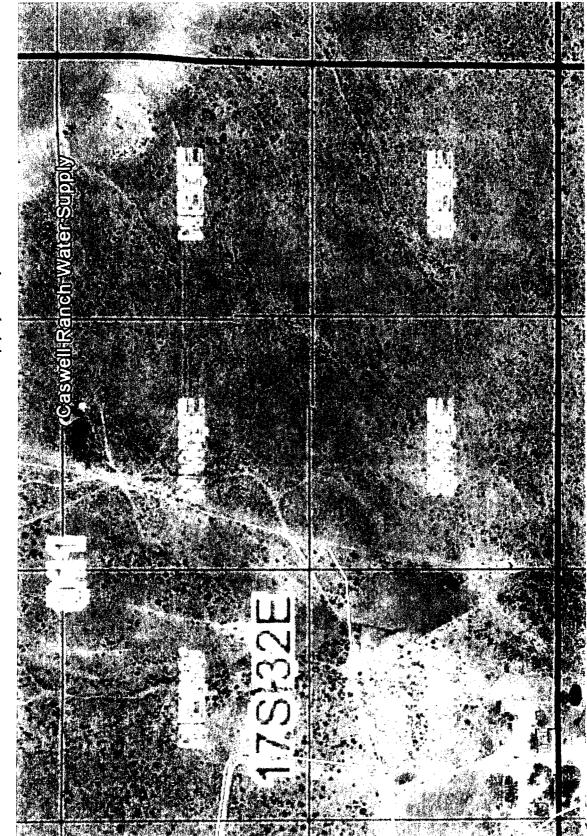
Obtaining caliche: The primary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well sight. A caliche permit will be obtained from BLM prior to pushing up any caliche. 2400 cu. Yards is max amount of caliche needed for pad and roads. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

- A. The top 6 inches of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
- B. An approximate 120' X 120' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche.
- C. Subsoil is removed and piled alongside the 120' by 120' area within the pad site.
- D. When caliche is found, material will be stock piled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- E. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- F. Once well is drilled, the stock piled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced. Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stock piled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in attached plat.





Loco Hills Water Disposal Co. Water Well Map



Caswell Ranch Water Supply Map

#### WELL SITE AND ROAD CONSTRUCTION

#### 1. Source of Construction Materials and Location "Turn-Over" Procedure:

Obtaining caliche: The primary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well sight. A caliche permit will be obtained from BLM prior to pushing up any caliche. 2400 cu. Yards is max amount of caliche needed for pad and roads. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

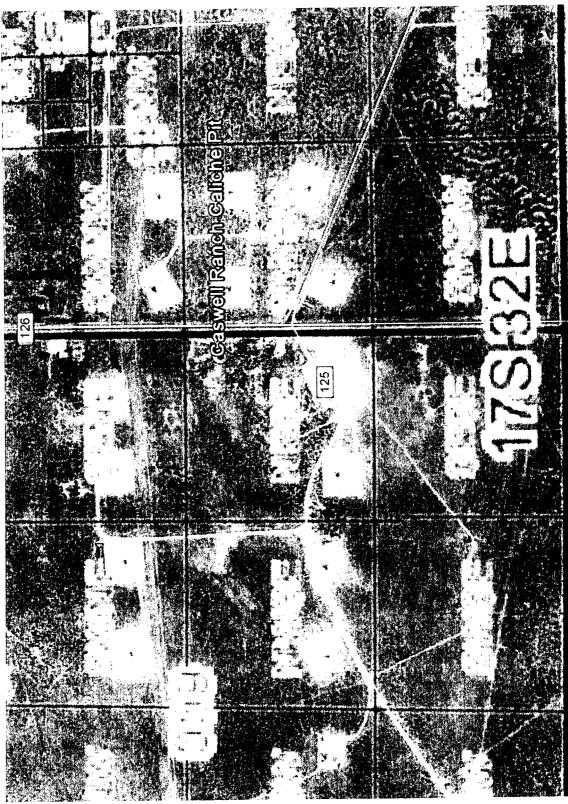
- A. The top 6 inches of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
- B. An approximate 120' X 120' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche.
- C. Subsoil is removed and piled alongside the 120' by 120' area within the pad site.
- D. When caliche is found, material will be stock piled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- E. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- F. Once well is drilled, the stock piled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced. Neither caliche nor subsoil will be stock piled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in attached plat.
  - In the event that no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM approved caliche pit.

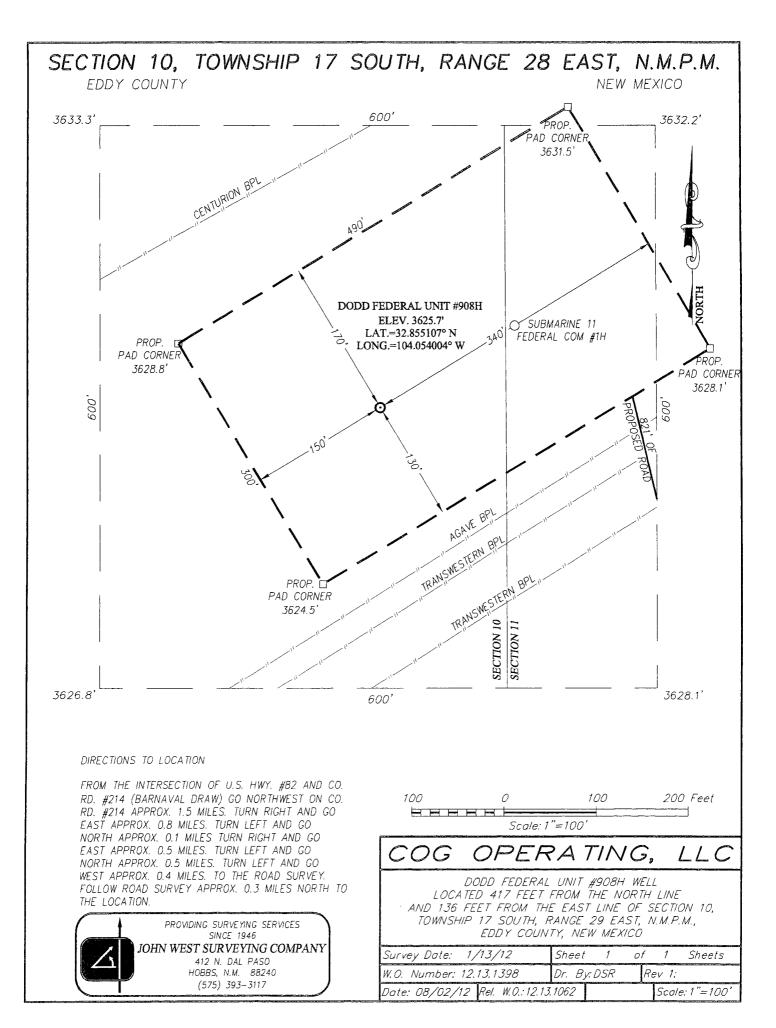
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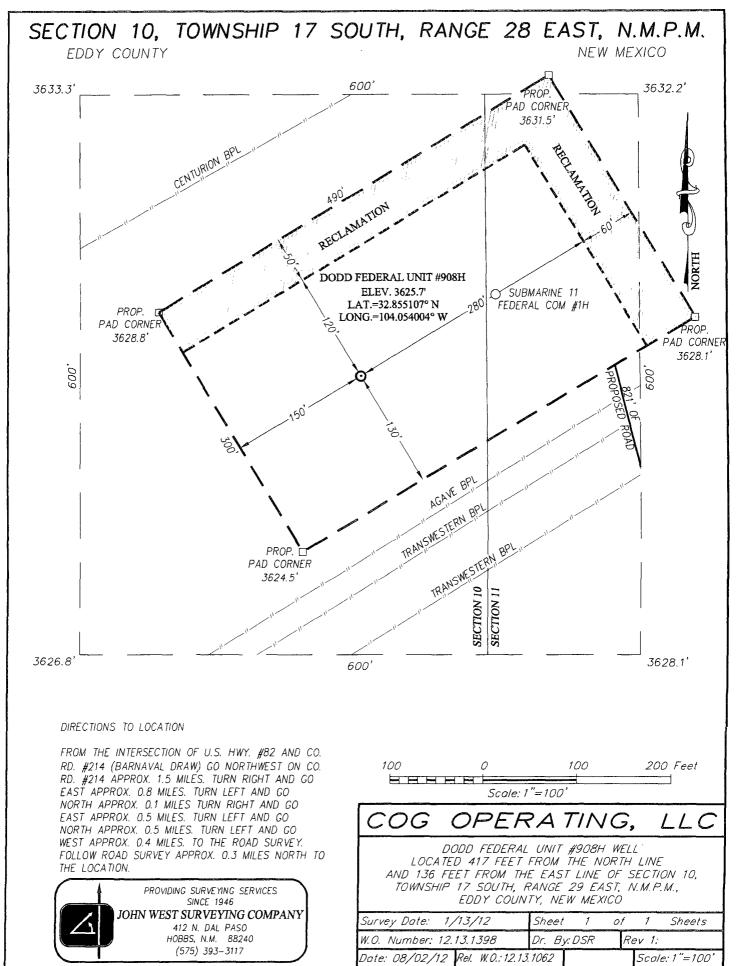
NMSLO Caliche Pit

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Caswell Ranch Caliche Pit Map







Dodd Federal Unit #908H Surface Flowlines Map



## **FAFMSS**

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



#### Section 1 - General

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

#### Section 2 - Lined Pits

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

Lined pit PWD on or off channel:

Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Lined pit specifications:

Pit liner description:

Pit liner manufacturers information:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Decribe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Lined pit reclamation description:

Lined pit reclamation attachment:

Leak detection system description:

Leak detection system attachment:

Lined pit Monitor description:

Lined pit Monitor attachment:

Lined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Lined pit bond number:

Lined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

PWD disturbance (acres):

#### Section 3 - Unlined Pits

#### Would you like to utilize Unlined Pit PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

.

Unlined pit PWD on or off channel:

Unlined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Unlined pit specifications:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Decribe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Unlined pit reclamation description:

Unlined pit reclamation attachment:

Unlined pit Monitor description:

Unlined pit Monitor attachment:

Do you propose to put the produced water to beneficial use?

Beneficial use user confirmation:

Estimated depth of the shallowest aquifer (feet):

Does the produced water have an annual average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) concentration equal to or less than that of the existing water to be protected?

TDS lab results:

Geologic and hydrologic evidence:

State authorization:

Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated percolation:

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

Section 4 - Injection

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

PWD disturbance (acres):

Injection well type: Injection well number: Assigned injection well API number? Injection well new surface disturbance (acres): Minerals protection information: Mineral protection attachment: Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit? UIC Permit attachment:

#### Section 5 - Surface Discharge

#### Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:PWD surface owner:PWD disturbance (acres):Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):PWD disturbance (acres):Surface Discharge NPDES Permit?Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment:Surface Discharge site facilities information:Surface discharge site facilities map:

#### Section 6 - Other

#### Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: PWD surface owner: Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Other PWD type description: Other PWD type attachment: Have other regulatory requirements been met? Other regulatory requirements attachment:

**PWD disturbance (acres):** 

## Injection well name: Injection well API number:

# PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING OPERATIONS CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	COG Operating, LLC.
LEASE NO.:	NMLC028731B
WELL NAME & NO.:	908H – Dodd Federal Unit
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	417'/N & 136'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	455'/N & 330'/E; 11
LOCATION:	Section 10 T.17 S., R.29 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

#### A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Eddy County Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated 500 feet prior to drilling into the Grayburg formation. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If

available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

#### **B.** CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

#### Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:

After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE.

Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

<u>A MINIMUM OF TWO CASING STRINGS CEMENTED TO SURFACE IS</u> <u>REQUIRED IN HIGH CAVE/KARST AREAS.</u> THE CEMENT MUST BE IN A SOLID SHEATH. THEREFORE, ONE INCH OPERATIONS ARE NOT SUFFICIENT TO PROTECT CAVE KARST RESOURCES. A CASING DESIGN THAT HAS A ONE INCH JOB PERFORMED DOES NOT COUNT AS A SOLID SHEATH.

#### <u>Risks:</u>

Possibility of water flows in the Salado and in the Artesia Group. Possibility of lost circulation in the San Andres and Grayburg. High Cave/ Karst Occurrence

- 1. The 13 3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 275 feet (in the Rustler, and if salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
  - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9** 5/8 inch intermediate casing which is:

#### Option 1:

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Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/ karst occurrence.

#### **Option 2:**

Operator has proposed DV tool and will adjust cement proportionately if moved. DV tool shall be set a minimum of 50 feet below previous shoe and a minimum of 200 feet above current shoe. Operator shall submit sundry if DV tool depth cannot be set in this range. If an ECP is used, it is to be set a minimum of 50' below the shoe to provide cement across the shoe. If it cannot be set below the shoe, a CBL shall be run to verify cement coverage.

- a. First stage to DV tool:
- Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve circulation on the next stage.

b. Second stage above DV tool:

# Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/ karst occurrence.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the  $7 \times 5 1/2$  inch production casing is:

Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

#### C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API 53.
- 2. In the case where the only BOP installed is an annular preventer, it shall be tested to a minimum of 2000 psi (which may require upgrading to 3M or 5M annular).
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **2000 (2M)** psi.
- 4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**. The operator also has the option of utilizing an

independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).

- c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

## D. DRILL STEM TEST

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If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

## E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

## F. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

#### <u>Unit Wells</u>

The well sign for a unit well shall include the unit number in addition to the surface and bottom hole lease numbers.

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#### Waste Minimization Plan (WMP)

In the interest of resource development, submission of additional well gas capture development

plan information is deferred but may be required by the BLM Authorized Officer at a later date.

#### MHH 06032017

# PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	
LEASE NO.:	NMLC028731B
WELL NAME & NO.:	908H – Dodd Federal Unit
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	417'/N & 136'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	455'/N & 330'/E; 11
LOCATION:	Section 10 T.17 S., R.29 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
🔀 Special Requirements
Cave/Karst
Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
Road Section Diagram
🛛 Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

## I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

# **II. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

# III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

# **IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS**

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

# V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

# **Cave and Karst Conditions of Approval**

\*\* Depending on location, additional Drilling, Casing, and Cementing procedures may be required by engineering to protect critical karst groundwater recharge areas.

## **Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation**

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production.

## **Construction:**

In the advent that any underground voids are opened up during construction activities, construction activities will be halted and the BLM will be notified immediately.

#### No Blasting:

No blasting will be utilized for pad construction. The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.

#### Pad Berming:

The Northwest, southwest and southeast perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.

- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)

## Tank Battery Liners and Berms:

Tank battery locations and all facilities will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing, or equivalent, to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  times the content of the largest tank.

#### Leak Detection System:

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A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. Leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM for approval.

#### Automatic Shut-off Systems:

Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

## **Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation**

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns:

## **Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:**

Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

## **Directional Drilling:**

Kick off for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

## Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cavebearing zone, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

## Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

## **Pressure Testing:**

Annual pressure monitoring will be performed by the operator on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

# VI. CONSTRUCTION

# A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

## B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

## C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

## D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

## E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

## F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

#### **Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

## G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

#### **Road Width**

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

#### Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

#### Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

#### Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

## Turnouts

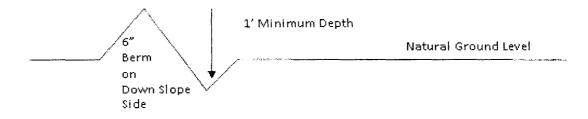
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

## Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

#### Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

#### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:  $\frac{400'}{4\%}$  + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

#### Cattle guards

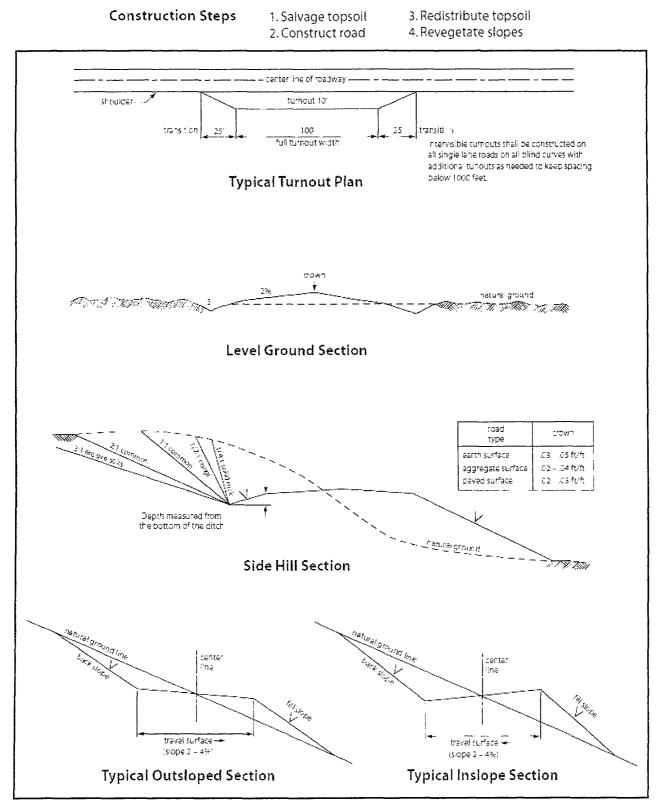
An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

#### **Fence Requirement**

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

#### **Public Access**

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.



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Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

# VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

#### A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

#### **Placement of Production Facilities**

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

#### **Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)**

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

#### Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

#### **Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures**

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

#### **Containment Structures**

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

#### **Painting Requirement**

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All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

#### **B. PIPELINES**

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the Grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat(s) and/or map(s), shall be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to review a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, Holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC § 2601 *et seq.* (1982) with regard to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant (*see* 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and in particular, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193). Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. Holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. § 9601, *et seq.* or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, *et seq.*) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way Holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way Holder on the Right-of-Way. This provision applies without regard to whether a release is caused by Holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. Holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. Holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

- a. Activities of Holder including, but not limited to: construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility;
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Land clearing
  - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work
  - (3) Blasting
  - (4) Vandalism and sabotage;
- c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of Holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of Holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he/she deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of Holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve Holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to the authorized rightof-way width of 20 feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline shall be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline shall be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation shall be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.

8. Holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline shall be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather than suspended across these features.

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9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of  $\underline{24}$  inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made

by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

17. Surface pipelines shall be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

# VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

# IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored. Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

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After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

#### Seed Mixture 1 for Loamy Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed shall be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

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Seed shall be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture shall be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed shall be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre shall be doubled. The seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre:

Species	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains lovegrass (Eragrostis intermedia)	0.5
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula)	5.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

\*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

# FMSS

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

**Bond Information** 

Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number: NMB000215

**BIA Bond number:** 

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?

BLM reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond attachment:

**Reclamation bond number:** 

**Reclamation bond amount:** 

**Reclamation bond rider amount:** 

Additional reclamation bond information attachment:



Operator Name: COG OPERATING LLC Well Name: DODD FEDERAL UNIT		Well Number: 908H	
Twsp: 17S	Range:	29E	Section: 11
Aliquot: NENE	Lot:		Tract:

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