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District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico
Form C-141
Energy Minerals and Natural Resource DISTRICT II-ARTESIA O.C.D. Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

				S	anta F	e, NM 875	505					
- 4 -			Rel	ease Notifi	catio	n and C	orrective A	ctio	n			
<u>NAB18194501349</u>						ODED ATTOR			_	-		
Name of Company: Chevron USA, Inc. 4323						Contact: Amy Barnhill					Final Repo	
Address: 6301 Deauville Blvd., Midland, TX 79706 Facility Name: Federal 4 Com no. 001						Telephone No.: 432-687-7108						
						Facility Type: Battery						
Surface Owner: BLM Mineral Owner						BLM	API No.: 30-015-20952					
LOCATIO						ON OF RELEASE						
Unit Letter	etter Section Township Range Feet from the				orth Line Feet from the			East Line County				
A				2707		i soi iroin inc			County			
	14	1 213	27E	2787	J.,	 	860	L		Eddy		
			L	atitude: 32.514	191 Lo	ngitude: -1	04.18831 NAI	D83				
				NAT	TIRE	OF REL	FASE	1	~	,	D.1	
Type of Rele	ase: Histori	OKL	Volume of Release: Unknown Volume Recovered 155/PW									
Source of Release: Tanks						Date and Hour of Occurrence: Date and Hou					covery: 6-26-18	
Was Immediate Notice Given?						Unknown/Historical If YES, To Whom?						
1			Yes 🗵	No 🗌 Not Re	equired	11 123, 10	willom?					
By Whom?						Date and Hour						
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.						
☐ Yes ☒ No If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*												
If a Watercou	irse was Im	pacted, Descri	be Fully.						·····		<u> </u>	
N/A												
Describe Cou	CD lut										_	
Describe Cau	se of Proble	em and Remed	dial Action	n Taken.*					_			
On 6/26/20	18 a worl	crew bega	an soil re	mediation sco	pe on	the Fed 4 C	Com 1 site, and	d after	starting	the soil ren	noval in the	
areas uniue	n where r	ne tanks (3	oll, 1 pr	oduced water)	had b	een, they d	iscovered larg	e area	s of see	mingly hydi	ocarbon-	
impacted s	oii. There	was no line	er in plac	e under the ta	ınks.							
Describe Area	a Affected a	and Cleanup A	ction Tak	en.*								
Contact OC	D and Bl	_M and dete	ermine t	he sampling re	quiren	nonte						
				no camping re	quilcii	icing.						
I hereby certif	fy that the is	aformation air	van ahawa	in tour								
1060.000000000	operators :	are required to	ricport an	is true and compl d/or file certain re	elease no	ms anoitent an	d perform correct	tive acti	one for rol	ancar which .		
public licatin	of the ellall	omnent, ine	acceptanc	e of a C-141 reno	ri by the	NMOCD ma	rked as "Final Da	anner" d	oor not rol	iava tha a	ann of Baltitan	
should then o	beranonz u	ave raned to a	uequatety.	investigate and re ance of a C-141 r	emediate	· contaminatio	in that noce a thre	of to or	ound water		an b b	
federal, state,	or local law	s and/or regu	lations.		epon u	es not reneve	the operator of r	esponsi	Dility for c	omphance wi	th any other	
1 1 -						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION						
Signature: / Shee												
D:	777					Approved by I	Environmental Sp	ecialist	. /	///		
Printed Name:	: Amy Barn	hill									<u> </u>	
Title: Waste/Water Specialist						Approval Date	7/11/18	F	Expiration	Date: N	9	
E-mail Addres	ss: ABarnhi	ll@chevron.co	o m		(Conditions of	Approval:			Augabad		
Date: 7-9-18			Pho	ne: 432-687-7108			Sep	BH	unhan	Attached	12.4855	
Attach Additi	onal Shee	ts If Necessa	ΓV	752-00/*/100	<u>' </u>			M = M	עווטיי		FIVE	

Operator/Responsible Party,

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District office in Archic on or before on or before on the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us