Carlsb	ad F	ield Offi	C2		
Form 3160-3 (June 2015) UNITED STATES	CD A	FEB 1 2 20		OMB No	PPROVED . 1004-0137 nuary 31, 2018
DEPARTMENT OF THE I				5. Lease Serial No.	
BUREAU OF LAND MANA APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO D	AGEMEN	T	51A O.Q	MNM0418220A	77 1. N.
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO D		REENTER		6. If Indian, Allotee c	or Tribe Name
		·			ement, Name and No.
	EENTER				
	ther MW			8. Lease Name and V	Vell No.
Ic. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing ✓ Single Zone Multiple Zone			ALDABRA 27, FED WIN 32, 4, 946		
2. Name of Operator DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY LP			2	9. API-Well No.	15-45742
3a. Address 333 West Sheridan Avenue Okłahoma City OK 73102	3b. Phone l (800)583-3	No. <i>(include area code)</i> 3866	\sum	10, Field and Pool, o Wildcat	r Exploratory
 Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance w At surface SWSW / 481 FSL / 841 FWL / LAT 32.2692 At proposed prod. zone SWSW / 481 FSL / 841 FWL / L 	057 / LONG	5-103.7714871	4871	11. Sec., T. R. M. or SEC 27 / T23S / R3	Blk. and Survey or Area B1E / NMP
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post offi				12. County or Parish EDDY	13. State NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig, unit line, if any)	16. No of a		17. Spacir 40	ig.Unit dedicated to th	is well
 18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 357 feet 	19. Proposi 11200 fee	$\langle \cdot \rangle \sim 1$	0, BLM/ ED: CO	BIA Bond No. in file 1104	
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3405 feet	22. Approximate date work will start 23. Estimated dura 04/08/2020 45 days		23. Estimated duration 45 days	on	
	24. Atta	chments			
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of (as applicable)	f Onshore Oi	I and Gas Order No. 1, $\frac{1}{2}$	and the H	lydraulic Fracturing ru	ele per 43 CFR 3162.3-3
 Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System) 	m Lands, the	Item 20 above).		s unless covered by an	existing bond on file (see
SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office)»	6. Such other site spec BLM.	cific infor	mation and/or plans as a	may be requested by the
25. Signature (Electronic Submission)		e (Printed/Typed) 1 Good / Ph: (405)552	2-6558		Date 10/09/2017
Title Regulatory Compliance Professional					
Approved by (Signature)		Name (Printed/Typed) Ty Allen / Ph: (575)234-5978			Date 12/21/2018
Title / / / //////////////////////////////	Office CARLSBAD				
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applican applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	nt holds legal	or equitable title to tho	se rights	in the subject lease wh	nich would entitle the
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, n of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements					ny department or agency



INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM I: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the wen, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionany drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.



The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service wen or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record win be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressionaLinquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM conects this information to anow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Conection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Additional Operator Remarks

Location of Well

1. SHL: SWSW / 481 FSL / 841 FWL / TWSP: 23S / RANGE: 31E / SECTION: 27 / LAT: 32.2692057 / LONG: -103.7714871 (TVD: 1200 feet, MD: 11200 feet) BHL: SWSW / 481 FSL / 841 FWL / TWSP: 23S / RANGE: 31E / SECTION: 27 / LAT: 32.2692057 / LONG: -103.7714871 (TVD: 11200 feet) 1200 feet)

BLM Point of Contact

Name: Tenille Ortiz Title: Legal Instruments Examiner Phone: 5752342224 Email: tortiz@blm.gov

Review and Appeal Rights

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION
LEASE NO.:	NMNM0418220A
WELL NAME & NO.:	ALDABRA 27 FED VDW
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	481'/S & 841'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	481'/S & 841'/E
LOCATION:	SECTION 27, T23S, R31E, NMPM
COUNTY:	EDDY

Potash		C Secretary	• R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	C Low		
Variance	C None		C Other
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	
Other	□4 String Area	□Capitan Reef	□WIPP

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

 Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

- 1. The 20 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 570 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of <u>24 hours in the Potash Area</u> or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength,

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whichever is greater.

d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet BLM minimum collapse requirement.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 13 3/8 inch first intermediate casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to potash.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9 5/8 inch second intermediate casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- 4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5 1/2 inch production casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least **500** feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).

2.

Option 1:

- i. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 2000 (2M) psi Annular. In the case where the only BOP installed is an annular preventer, it shall be tested to a minimum of 2000 psi (which may require upgrading to 3M or 5M annular).
- ii. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 13 3/8 inch first intermediate shoe shall be 5000 (5M).

Option 2:

Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.

- a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
- b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

MHH 12112018

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)
 - Chaves and Roosevelt Counties Call the Roswell Field Office, 2909 West Second St., Roswell NM 88201. During office hours call (575) 627-0272. After office hours call (575)
 - Eddy County Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822
 - Lea County
 Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 393-3612
- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.

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3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>24</u> hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log.
- <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

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8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the

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plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time.
- c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION
LEASE NO.:	NMNM0418220A
WELL NAME & NO.:	ALDABRA 27 FED VDW
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	481'/S & 841'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	481'/S & 841'/E
LOCATION:	SECTION 27, T23S, R31E, NMPM
COUNTY:	EDDY

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

🗌 General	Provisions
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Permit Expiration

Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites

Noxious Weeds

Special Requirements

Lesser Prairie-Chicken Timing Stipulations Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker Range VRM

Construction

Notification Topsoil Closed Loop System Federal Mineral Material Pits Well Pads Roads

Road Section Diagram

Production (Post Drilling)

Well Structures & Facilities

Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

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I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

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V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Timing Limitation Stipulation / Condition of Approval for lesser prairie-chicken:

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 feet from the source of the noise.

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at 575-234-5972.

During construction, Devon shall minimize disturbance to existing fences, water lines, troughs, windmills, and other improvements on public lands. Devon is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the grazing permittee/allottee prior to disturbing any range improvement projects. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

Permitted Exceptions for Drilling in the Designated Potash Area

- Drilling within the Designated Potash Area. It is the intent of the Department of the Interior to administer oil and gas operations throughout the Designated Potash Area in a manner which promotes safe, orderly co-development of oil, gas, and potash resources. It is the policy of the Department of the Interior to deny approval of most applications for permits to drill oil and gas wells from surface locations within the Designated Potash Area. Three exceptions to this policy will be permitted if the drilling will occur under the following conditions from:
 - a. A Drilling Island associated with a Development Area established under this Order or a Drilling Island established under a prior Order;
 - b. A Barren Area and the Authorized Officer determines that such operations will not adversely affect active or planned potash mining operations in the immediate vicinity of the proposed drill-site; or
 - c. A Drilling Island, not covered by (a) above or single well site established under this Order by the approval and in the sole discretion of the Authorized Officer, provided that such site was jointly recommended to the Authorized Officer by the oil and gas lessee(s) and the nearest potash lessee(s).

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Development Areas

- 2. When processing an application for permit to drill (APD) an oil or gas well in the Designated Potash Area that complies with regulatory requirements, the Authorized Officer will determine whether to establish a Development Area in connection with the application, and if so, will determine the boundaries of the Development Area and the location within the Development Area of one or more Drilling Islands from which drilling will be permitted. The BLM may also designate a Development Area outside of the APD process based on information in its possession, and may modify the boundaries of a Development Area. Existing wells may be included within the boundaries of a Development Area. A Development Area may include Federal oil and gas leases and other Federal and non-Federal lands.
 - a. After designating or modifying a Development Area, the BLM will issue a Notice to Lessees, consistent with its authorities under 43 CFR Subpart 3105 and part 3180, information lessees that future drilling on lands under an oil and gas lease within that Development Area will:
 - i. occur, under most circumstances, from a Barren Area or A Drilling Island within the Development Area; and
 - ii. be managed under a unit or communitization agreement, generally by a single operator, consistent with BLM regulations and this Order. Unit and communitization agreements will be negotiated among lessees. The BLM will consider whether a specific plan of development is necessary or advisable for a particular Drilling Island.
 - b. The Authorized Officer reserves the right to approve an operator or successor operator of a Development Area and/or a Drilling Island, if applicable, to ensure that the operator has the resources to operate and extract the oil and gas resources consistent with the requirements of this Order and all applicable laws and regulations, and has provided financial assurance in the amount required by the Authorized Officer.
 - c. The Authorized Officer will determine the appropriate designation of a Development Area in terms of location, shape and size. In most cases, a single Drilling Island will be established for each Development Area. In establishing the location, shape and size of a Development Area and an associated Drilling Island, the Authorized Officer will consider:
 - i. the appropriate location, shape, and size of a Development Area and associated Drillings Island to allow effective extraction of oil and gas resources while managing the impact on potash resources;
 - ii. the application of available oil and gas drilling and production technology in the Permian Basin;
 - iii. the applicable geology of the Designated Potash Area and optimal locations to minimize loss of potash ore while considering codevelopment of both resources;
 - iv. any long term exploration and/or mining plans provided by the potash industry;
 - v. whether a Barren Area may be the most appropriate area for a Drilling Island;

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- vi. the requirements of this Order; and
- vii. any other relevant factors
- d. As the Authorized Officer establishes a Development Area, the Authorized Officer will more strictly apply the factors listed in Section 6.e.(2)(d), especially the appropriate application of the available oil and gas drilling and production technology in the Permian Basin, when closer to current traditional (non-solution) potash mining operations. Greater flexibility in the application of the factors listed in Section 6.e.(2)(d) will be applied further from current and near-term traditional (non-solution) potash mining operations. No Drilling Islands will be established within one mile of any area where approved potash mining operations will be conducted within 3 years consistent with the 3-year mine plan referenced above (Section 6.d.(8)) without the consent of the affected potash lessee(s).
- e. The Authorized Officer may establish a Development Area associated with a well or wells drilled from a Barren Area as appropriate and necessary.
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Buffer Zones

3. Buffer Zones of ¼ mile for oil wells and ½ mile for gas wells are hereby established. These Buffer Zones will stay in effect until such time as revised distances are adopted by the BLM Director or other BLM official, as delegated. However, the Authorized Officer may adjust the Buffer Zones in an individual case, when the facts and circumstances demonstrate that such adjustment would enhance conservation and would not compromise safety. The Director will base revised Buffer Zones on science, engineering, and new technology and will consider comments and reports from the Joint Industry Technical Committee and other interested parties in adopting any revisions.

Unitization and Communitization

- 4. To more properly conserve the potash, oil and gas resources in the Designated Potash Area and to adequately protect the rights of all parties in interest, including the United States, it is the policy of the Department of the Interior that all Federal oil and gas leases within a Development Area should be unitized or subject to an approved communitization agreement unless there is a compelling reason for another operating system. The Authorized Officer will make full use of his/her authorities wherever necessary or advisable to require unitization and/or communitization pursuant to the regulations in 43 CFR Subparts 3105 and 3180. The Authorized Officer will use his/her discretion to the fullest extent possible to assure that any communitization agreement and any unit plan of operations hereafter approved or prescribed within the Designated Potash Area will adhere to the provisions of this Order. The Authorized Officer will work with Federal lessees, and with the State Of New Mexico as provided below, to include non-Federal mineral rights owners in unit or communitization agreements to the extent possible.
- 5. Coordination with the State of New Mexico.
 - a. If the effective operation of any Development Area requires that the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) revise the State's mandatory well spacing requirements, the BLM will participate as needed in such a process. The BLM

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may adopt the NMOCD spacing requirements and require lessees to enter into communitization agreements based on those requirements.

- b. The BLM will cooperate with the NMOCD in the implementation of that agency's rules and regulations.
- c. In taking any action under Section 6.e. of this Order, the Authorized Officer will take into consideration the applicable rules and regulations of the NMOCD.

To minimize impacts to potash resources, the proposed wells are confined within the boundaries of the proposed Aldabra 27-22 West Drill Island (See Potash Memo and Map in attached file for Drill Island description).

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

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Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

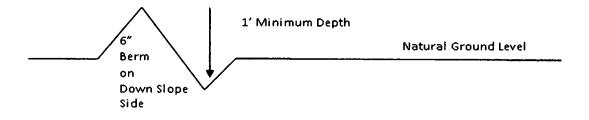
Drainage

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Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: $\frac{400'}{4\%}$ + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

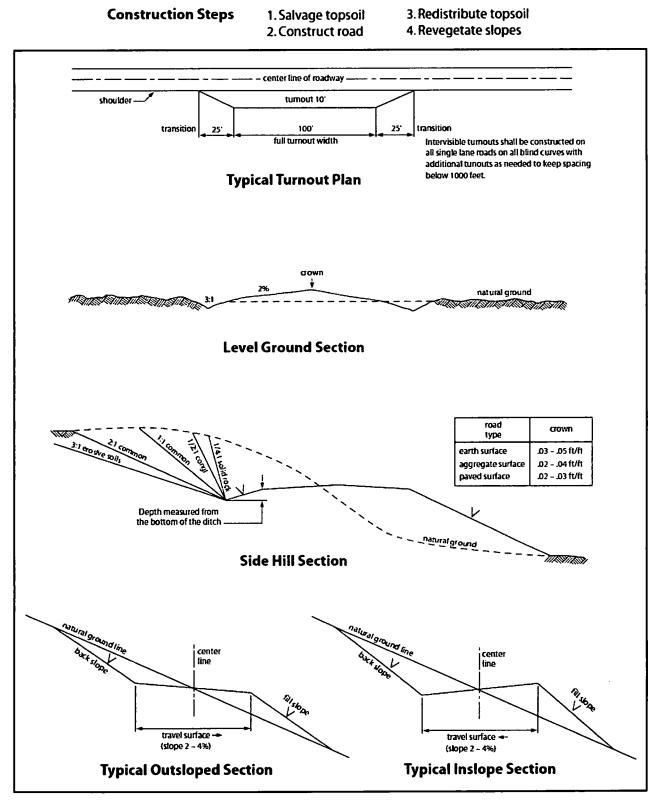
Fence Requirement

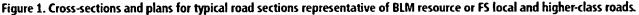
Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

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VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

VRM - Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory

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revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

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Seed Mixture for LPC Sand/Shinnery Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed shall be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. Seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

<u>Species</u>	b/acre
Plains Bristlegrass 5	lbs/A
Sand Bluestem 5	lbs/A
Little Bluestem 3	lbs/A
Big Bluestem 6	lbs/A
Plains Coreopsis 2	lbs/A
Sand Dropseed 1	lbs/A

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION
LEASE NO.:	NMNM0418220A
WELL NAME & NO.:	ALDABRA 27 FED VDW
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	481'/S & 841'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	481'/S & 841'/E
LOCATION:	SECTION 27, T23S, R31E, NMPM
COUNTY:	EDDY

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

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] Permit Expiration

] Noxious Weeds

Special Requirements

Lesser Prairie-Chicken Timing Stipulations Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker Range VRM

Construction

Notification Topsoil Closed Loop System Federal Mineral Material Pits Well Pads Roads

Road Section Diagram

Production (Post Drilling)

Well Structures & Facilities

Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

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I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

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V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Timing Limitation Stipulation / Condition of Approval for lesser prairie-chicken:

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 feet from the source of the noise.

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at 575-234-5972.

During construction, Devon shall minimize disturbance to existing fences, water lines, troughs, windmills, and other improvements on public lands. Devon is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the grazing permittee/allottee prior to disturbing any range improvement projects. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

Permitted Exceptions for Drilling in the Designated Potash Area

- Drilling within the Designated Potash Area. It is the intent of the Department of the Interior to administer oil and gas operations throughout the Designated Potash Area in a manner which promotes safe, orderly co-development of oil, gas, and potash resources. It is the policy of the Department of the Interior to deny approval of most applications for permits to drill oil and gas wells from surface locations within the Designated Potash Area. Three exceptions to this policy will be permitted if the drilling will occur under the following conditions from:
 - a. A Drilling Island associated with a Development Area established under this Order or a Drilling Island established under a prior Order;
 - b. A Barren Area and the Authorized Officer determines that such operations will not adversely affect active or planned potash mining operations in the immediate vicinity of the proposed drill-site; or
 - c. A Drilling Island, not covered by (a) above or single well site established under this Order by the approval and in the sole discretion of the Authorized Officer, provided that such site was jointly recommended to the Authorized Officer by the oil and gas lessee(s) and the nearest potash lessee(s).

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Development Areas

- 2. When processing an application for permit to drill (APD) an oil or gas well in the Designated Potash Area that complies with regulatory requirements, the Authorized Officer will determine whether to establish a Development Area in connection with the application, and if so, will determine the boundaries of the Development Area and the location within the Development Area of one or more Drilling Islands from which drilling will be permitted. The BLM may also designate a Development Area outside of the APD process based on information in its possession, and may modify the boundaries of a Development Area. Existing wells may be included within the boundaries of a Development Area. A Development Area may include Federal oil and gas leases and other Federal and non-Federal lands.
 - a. After designating or modifying a Development Area, the BLM will issue a Notice to Lessees, consistent with its authorities under 43 CFR Subpart 3105 and part 3180, information lessees that future drilling on lands under an oil and gas lease within that Development Area will:
 - i. occur, under most circumstances, from a Barren Area or A Drilling Island within the Development Area; and
 - ii. be managed under a unit or communitization agreement, generally by a single operator, consistent with BLM regulations and this Order. Unit and communitization agreements will be negotiated among lessees. The BLM will consider whether a specific plan of development is necessary or advisable for a particular Drilling Island.
 - b. The Authorized Officer reserves the right to approve an operator or successor operator of a Development Area and/or a Drilling Island, if applicable, to ensure that the operator has the resources to operate and extract the oil and gas resources consistent with the requirements of this Order and all applicable laws and regulations, and has provided financial assurance in the amount required by the Authorized Officer.
 - c. The Authorized Officer will determine the appropriate designation of a Development Area in terms of location, shape and size. In most cases, a single Drilling Island will be established for each Development Area. In establishing the location, shape and size of a Development Area and an associated Drilling Island, the Authorized Officer will consider:
 - i. the appropriate location, shape, and size of a Development Area and associated Drillings Island to allow effective extraction of oil and gas resources while managing the impact on potash resources;
 - ii. the application of available oil and gas drilling and production technology in the Permian Basin;
 - iii. the applicable geology of the Designated Potash Area and optimal locations to minimize loss of potash ore while considering codevelopment of both resources;
 - iv. any long term exploration and/or mining plans provided by the potash industry;
 - v. whether a Barren Area may be the most appropriate area for a Drilling Island;

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- vi. the requirements of this Order; and
- vii. any other relevant factors
- d. As the Authorized Officer establishes a Development Area, the Authorized Officer will more strictly apply the factors listed in Section 6.e.(2)(d), especially the appropriate application of the available oil and gas drilling and production technology in the Permian Basin, when closer to current traditional (non-solution) potash mining operations. Greater flexibility in the application of the factors listed in Section 6.e.(2)(d) will be applied further from current and near-term traditional (non-solution) potash mining operations. No Drilling Islands will be established within one mile of any area where approved potash mining operations will be conducted within 3 years consistent with the 3-year mine plan referenced above (Section 6.d.(8)) without the consent of the affected potash lessee(s).
- e. The Authorized Officer may establish a Development Area associated with a well or wells drilled from a Barren Area as appropriate and necessary.
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The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

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Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

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Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

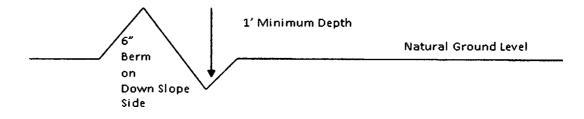
Drainage

Page 8 of 14

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: 400' + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4%

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Page 9 of 14

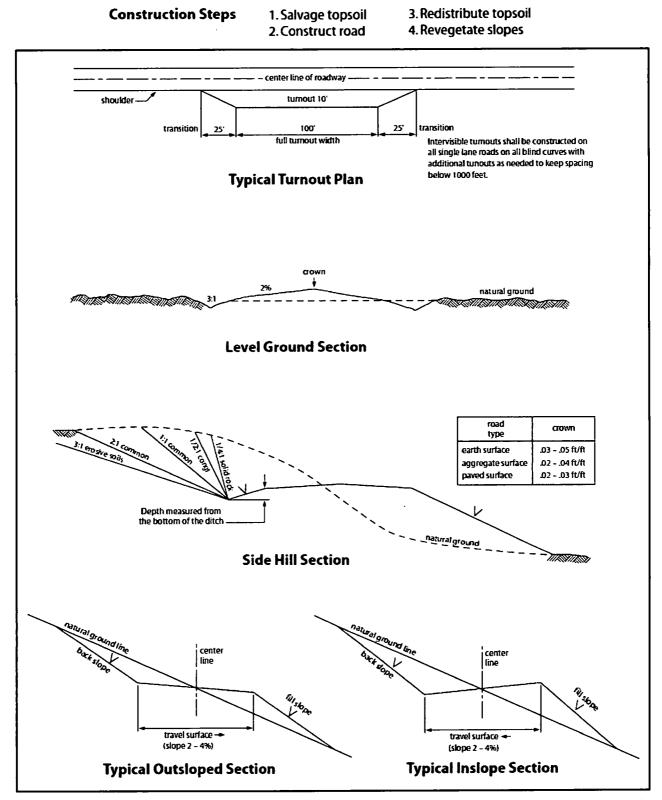


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

Page 10 of 14

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Approval Date: 12/21/2018

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

VRM - Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory

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Approval Date: 12/21/2018

revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

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Approval Date: 12/21/2018

Seed Mixture for LPC Sand/Shinnery Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed shall be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. Seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains Bristlegrass	5lbs/A
Sand Bluestem	5lbs/A
Little Bluestem	3lbs/A
Big Bluestem	6lbs/A
Plains Coreopsis	2lbs/A
Sand Dropseed	11bs/A

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Phone: (575)748-1871

Email address: ray.vaz@dvn.com



Operator Certification

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

 NAME: Linda Good
 Signed on: 10/09/2017

 Title: Regulatory Compliance Professional
 Street Address: 333 West Sheridan Avenue

 City: Oklahoma City
 State: OK
 Zip: 73102

 Phone: (405)552-6558
 Email address: Linda.Good@dvn.com
 Field Representative

 Field Representative
 Representative Name: Ray Vaz
 Street Address: 6488 Seven Rivers Hwy

 City: Artesia
 State: NM
 Zip: 88210

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Application Data Report

 APD ID: 10400022288
 Submission Date: 10/09/2017
 Highlight equation

 Operator Name: DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY LP
 Highlight equation

 Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED
 Well Number: VDW
 Show Final Text

 Well Type: MONITORING WELL
 Well Work Type: Drill
 Show Final Text

Section 1 - General		
APD ID: 10400022288	Tie to previous NOS?	Submission Date: 10/09/2017
BLM Office: CARLSBAD	User: Linda Good	Title: Regulatory Compliance
Federal/Indian APD: FED	Is the first lease penetra	Professional ted for production Federal or Indian? FED
Lease number: NMNM0418220A	Lease Acres: 720	
Surface access agreement in place?	Allotted?	Reservation:
Agreement in place? NO	Federal or Indian agreen	nent:
Agreement number:		
Agreement name:		
Keep application confidential? YES		
Permitting Agent? NO	APD Operator: DEVON E	ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY LP
Operator letter of designation:		

Zip: 73102

Operator Info

Operator Organization Name: DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY LP

Operator Address: 333 West Sheridan Avenue

Operator PO Box:

Operator City: Oklahoma City State: OK

Operator Phone: (800)583-3866

Operator Internet Address:

Section 2 - Well Information

Well in Master Development Plan? NO	Mater Development Plan name:	
Well in Master SUPO? NO	Master SUPO name:	
Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO	Master Drilling Plan name:	
Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED	Well Number: VDW	Well API Number:
Field/Pool or Exploratory? Exploratory	Field Name: WILDCAT	Pool Name:

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? NATURAL GAS,OIL,POTASH

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

#1

Well Number: VDW

Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? N Use Existing Well Pad? NO New surface disturbance? Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL Multiple Well Pad Name: ALDABRA Number of Legs: 1 Number: 27-22 Well Class: VERTICAL Multiple Well Pad Name: ALDABRA Number of Legs: 1 Number: 27-22 Well Work Type: Drill Well Type: MONITORING WELL Number of Legs: 1 Describe Well Type: Woll Type: EVALUATION Secribe sub-type: Distance to town: Distance to nearest well: 357 FT Distance to lease line: 481 FT Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Meaurement: 40 Acres Well Plat: Aldabra 27 Fed_VDW_C_102_rev_signed_20180423104532.pdf Section 3 - Well Location Table Duration: 45 DAYS Survey Type: RECTANGULAR Describe Survey Type: Vertical Datum: NAVD88 Survey number: 5344 Yerical Datum: NAVD88 Survey number: 534 Survey NeW F Number: 54 String Weil Size 2020 - SHL 481 FSL 841 FWL 238 31E 27 SHL 481 FSL 841 FWL 235 50 00	Desc	ribe c	other	miner	als:														
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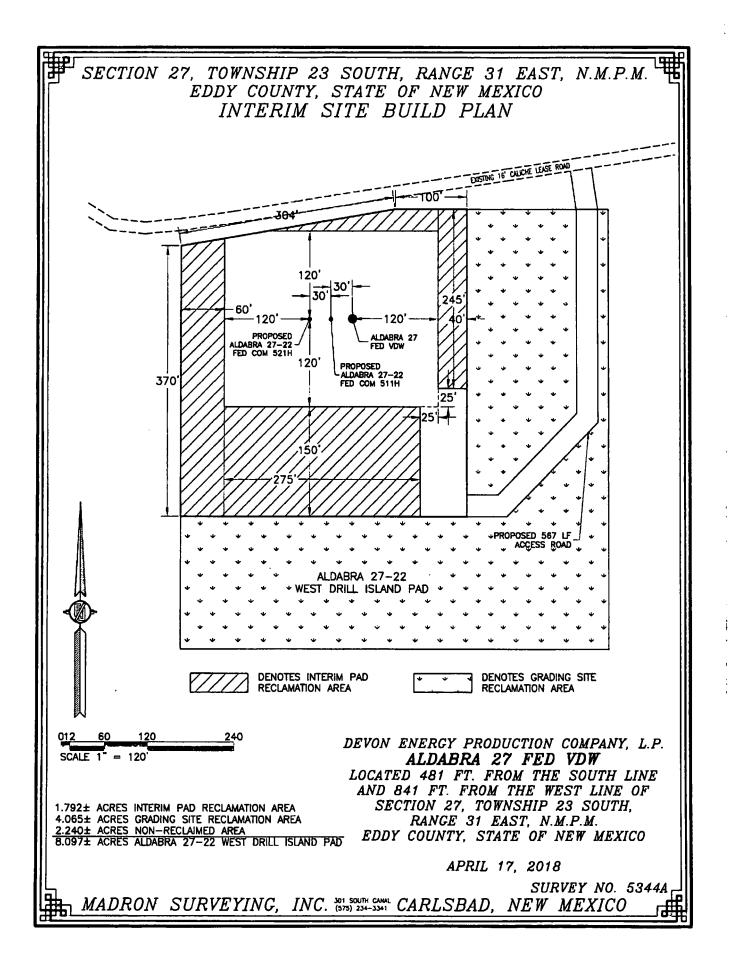
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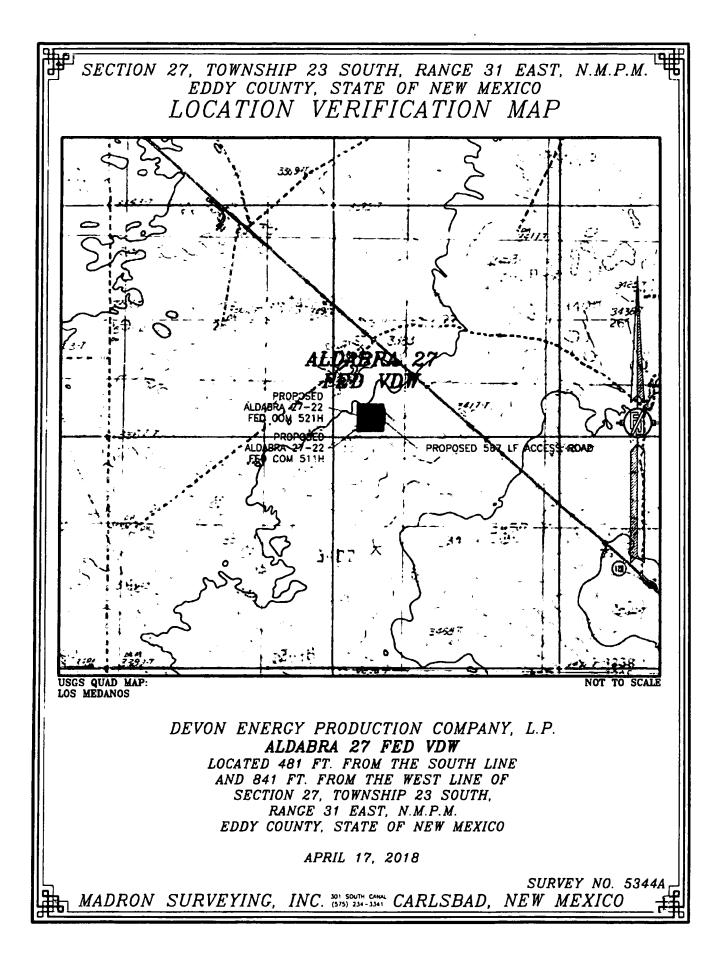
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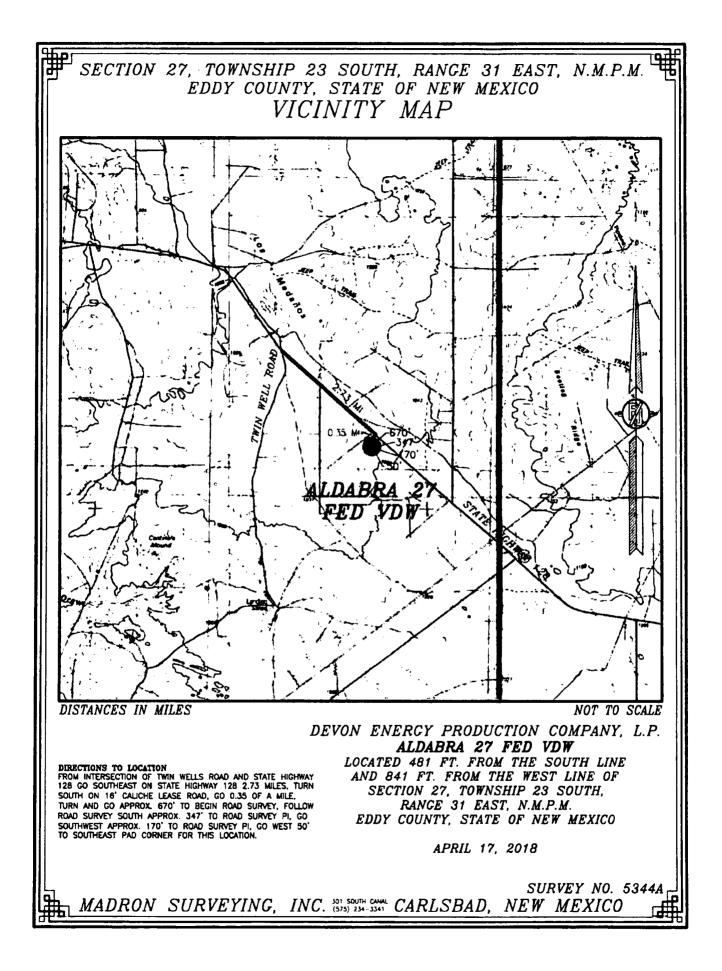
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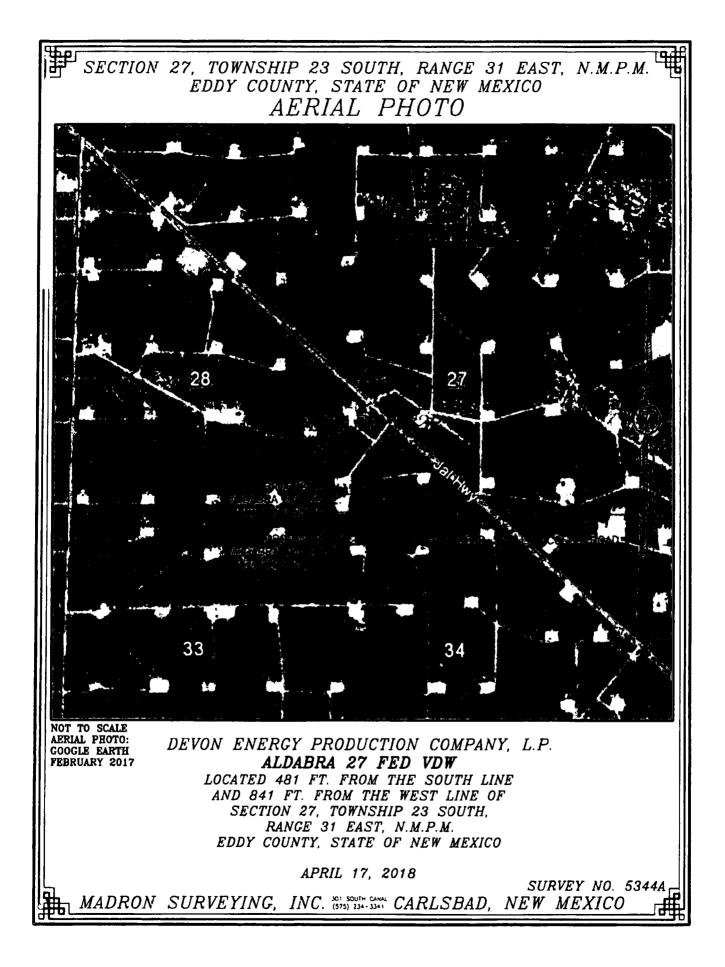
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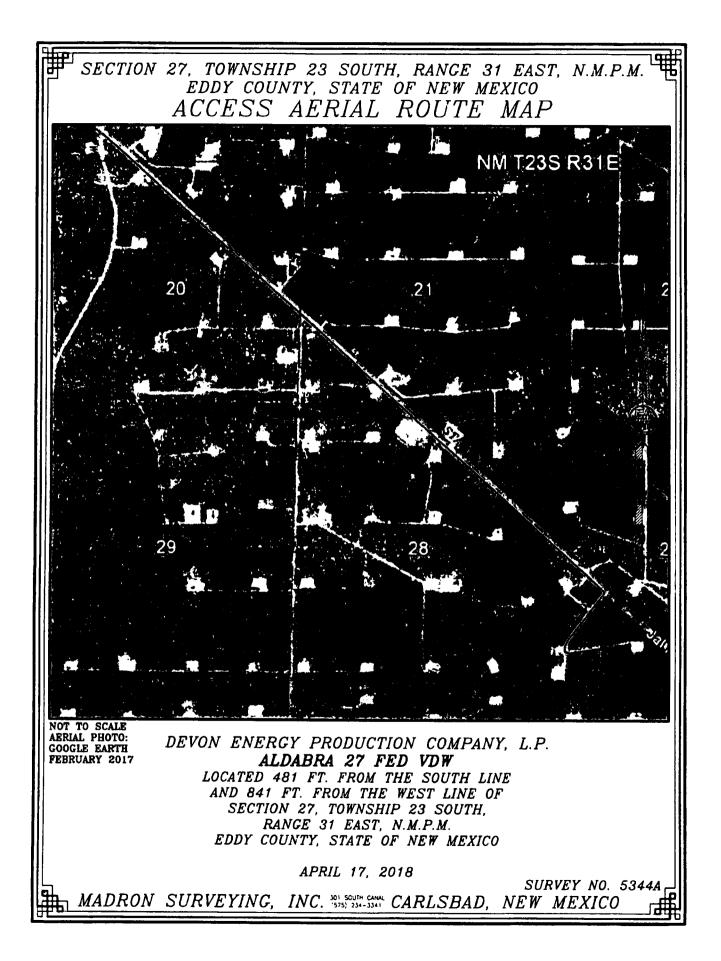
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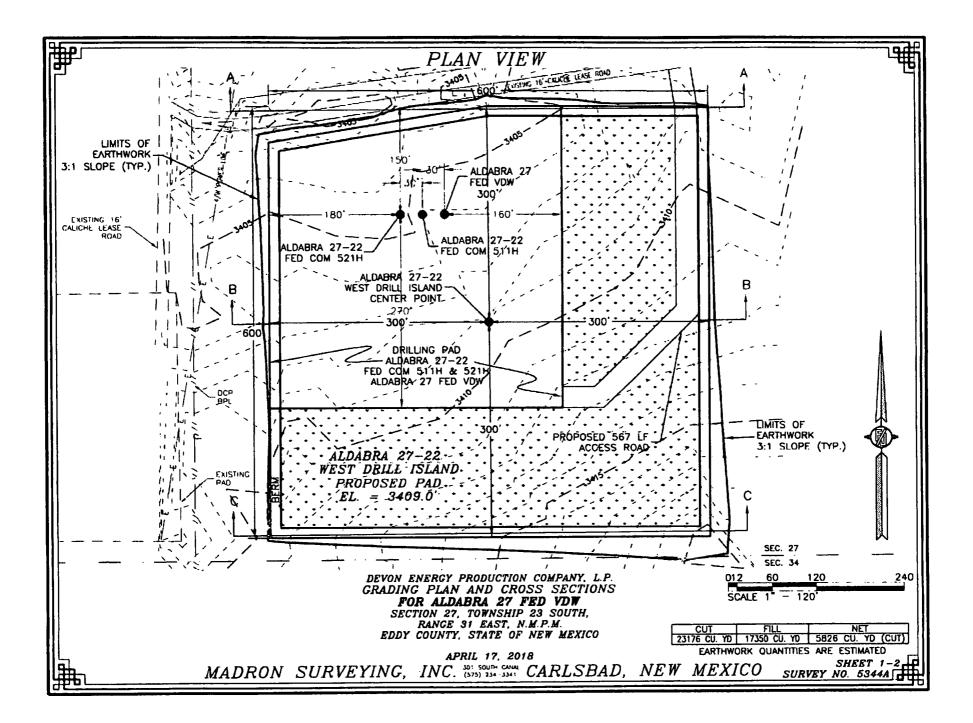


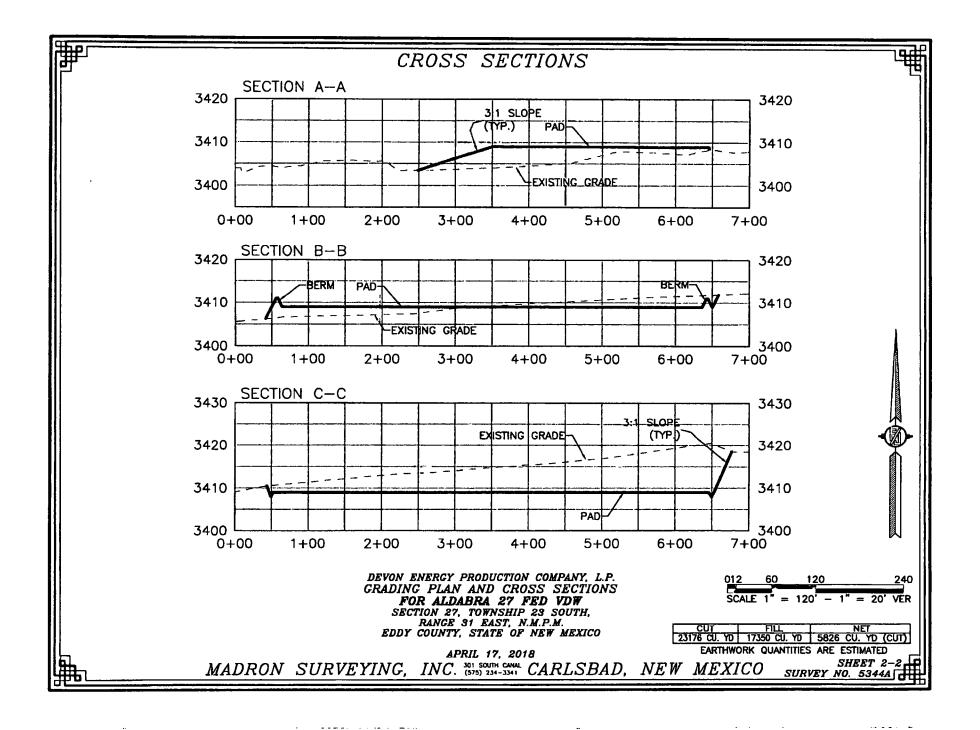


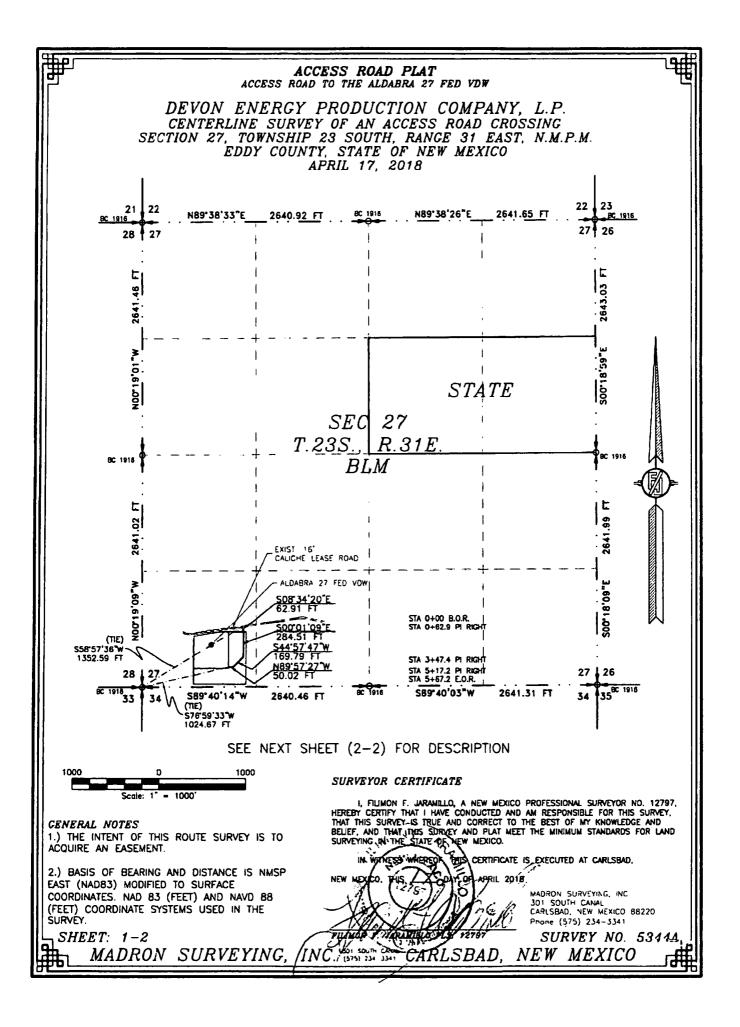












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ACCESS ROAD PLAT ACCESS ROAD TO THE ALDABRA 27 FED VDW

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P. CENTERLINE SURVEY OF AN ACCESS ROAD CROSSING SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO APRIL 17, 2018

DESCRIPTION

A STRIP OF LAND 30 FEET WIDE CROSSING BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT LAND IN SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M., EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO AND BEING 15 FEET EACH SIDE OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERUNE SURVEY:

BEGINNING AT A POINT WITHIN THE SW/4 SW/4 OF SAID SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M., WHENCE THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. BEARS S58'57'36'W, A DISTANCE OF 1352.59 FEET; THENCE SOB'34'20'E A DISTANCE OF 62.91 FEET TO AN ANGLE POINT OF THE LINE HEREIN DESCRIBED;

THENCE SOB'34'20'E A DISTANCE OF 62.91 FEET TO AN ANGLE POINT OF THE LINE HEREIN DESCRIBED; THENCE SOG'01'09'E A DISTANCE OF 284.51 FEET TO AN ANGLE POINT OF THE LINE HEREIN DESCRIBED; THENCE S44'57'47'W A DISTANCE OF 169.79 FEET TO AN ANGLE POINT OF THE LINE HEREIN DESCRIBED; THENCE N89'57'27'W A DISTANCE OF 50.02 FEET THE TERMINUS OF THIS CENTERLINE SURVEY, WHENCE THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. BEARS 576'59'33'W, A DISTANCE OF 1024.67 FEET;

SAID STRIP OF LAND BEING 567.23 FEET OR 34.38 RODS IN LENGTH, CONTAINING 0.391 ACRES MORE OR LESS AND BEING ALLOCATED BY FORTIES AS FOLLOWS:

SW/4 SW/4 567.23 L.F. 34.38 RODS 0.391 ACRES

	SURVEYOR CERTIFICATE
<i>GENERAL NOTES</i> 1.) THE INTENT OF THIS ROUTE SURVEY IS TO ACQUIRE AN EASEMENT.	I, FILIMON F. JARAMILLO, A NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 12797, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I HAVE CONDUCTED AND AM RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS SURVEY, THAT THIS SURVEY IS TRUE THE CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELLEF, AND THAT THIS SURVEY AND PLAT MEET THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR LAND SURVEYING IN THE STATE OF NEW MERTICO. IN WITNESS MILEREDE, THIS DEPORTATE IS EXECUTED AT CARLSBAD,
2.) BASIS OF BEARING AND DISTANCE IS NMSP EAST (NADB3) MODIFIED TO SURFACE COORDINATES. NAD 83 (FEET) AND NAVD 88 (FEET) COORDINATE SYSTEMS USED IN THE SURVEY.	NEW MEXICO, THIS
SHEET: 2-2	PILADA P. JARAMILLA PAR MENT SURVEY NO. 5344A
MADRON SURVEYING,	INC. (575) 734-5341 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



APD ID: 10400022288

Operator Name: DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY LP

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Fig. 9 at a deter Addedies Nace angest <u>Added F</u>edhele opers

Show Final Text

Well Type: MONITORING WELL

Well Work Type: Drill

Submission Date: 10/09/2017

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing
1		3405	0	0	OTHER : Surface	NONE	No
2	RUSTLER	-513	513	513	ANHYDRITE	NONE	No
3	TOP SALT	-840	840	840	SALT	NONE	No
4	DELAWARE	-4261	4261	4261	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL	No
5	BONE SPRING	-8105	8105	8105	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS,OIL	Yes

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 4100

Equipment: BOP/BOPE will be installed per Onshore Oil & Gas Order #2 requirements prior to drilling below 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will be installed on the wellhead system. BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company per Onshore Oil & Gas Order #2 requirements and MASP (Maximum Anticipated Surface Pressure) calculations. If the system is upgraded, all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP stack to the choke manifold. See attached for specs for hydrostatic test chart.

Testing Procedure: A multibowl wellhead may be used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_5M_BOPE__CK__2_20180327054418.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_5M_BOPE__CK__2_20180327054440.pdf

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 11200

Equipment: BOP/BOPE will be installed per Onshore Oil & Gas Order #2 requirements prior to drilling below 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will be installed on the wellhead system. BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company per Onshore Oil & Gas Order #2 requirements and MASP (Maximum Anticipated Surface Pressure) calculations. If the system is upgraded, all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP stack to the choke manifold. See attached for specs for hydrostatic test chart.

Testing Procedure: A multibowl wellhead may be used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_5M_BOPE__CK__2__20180327054550.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_5M_BOPE__CK__2__20180327054617.pdf

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 8100

Equipment: BOP/BOPE will be installed per Onshore Oil & Gas Order #2 requirements prior to drilling below 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will be installed on the wellhead system. BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company per Onshore Oil & Gas Order #2 requirements and MASP (Maximum Anticipated Surface Pressure) calculations. If the system is upgraded, all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP stack to the choke manifold. See attached for specs for hydrostatic test chart.

Testing Procedure: A multibowl wellhead may be used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_5M_BOPE__CK__2_20180327054509.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_5M_BOPE__CK__2_20180327054531.pdf

Well Number: VDW

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	26	20.0	NEW	API	N	0	530	0	530			530	J-55		OTHER - BTC	1.4	3.2	BUOY	12.3 2	BUOY	12.3 2
2	INTERMED IATE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	4100	0	4100			4100	L-80		OTHER - BTC	1.25	1.89	BUOY	5.2	BUOY	5.2
3		12.2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	8100	0	8100				P- 110 _.	40	OTHER - btc	1.2	3.2	BUOY	2.23	BUOY	2.23
4	PRODUCTI ON	8.75	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	11200	0	11200			11200	OTH ER		OTHER - BTC	1.5	1.3	BUOY	3.2	BUOY	3.2

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1

String Type: SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Surf_Csg_Ass_20170915083633.pdf

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 2 String Type: INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Int_Csg_Ass_20170915083646.pdf

Casing ID: 3 String Type: INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Int_Csg_Ass_20170915083845.pdf

Casing ID: 4 String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Prod_Csg_Ass_20170915084016.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	530	830	1.33	14.8	1105	50	С	0.125 lbs/sack Poly-F- Flake

INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	3100	1700	1.87	12.9	3179	50	c	Class C Cement: Poz (Fly Ash): 6% BWOC Bentonite + 5% BWOW Sodium Chloride + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E- Flake
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		3100	4100	850	1.33	14.8	1130	50	с	Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E- Flake
INTERMEDIATE	Lead	5000	0	6800	678	1.87	11	1267	50	neocem	neocem
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		6800	8100	600	1.33	13.2	798	50	neocem	neocem
PRODUCTION	Lead		7900	1120 0	765	1.46	13.2	1117	25	neocem	neocem

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: PVT/Pason/Visual Monitoring

Circulating Medium Table

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Max Weight (Ibs/gal)	Density (Ibs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	Н	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	530	WATER-BASED MUD	8.4	9							
530	4100	SALT SATURATED	10	11							
4100	8100	WATER-BASED MUD	8.33	9							
8100	1120 0	WATER-BASED MUD	8.4	9.2							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Will run GRMWD from TD to from KOP. Cement bond logs will be run in vertical to determine top of cement. Stated logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

CALIPER,CBL,DS,GR,MUDLOG

Coring operation description for the well:

na

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 5353

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2889

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 170

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_H2S_PIn_20170915085507.pdf

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW__Dir_Pln_20170915085805.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

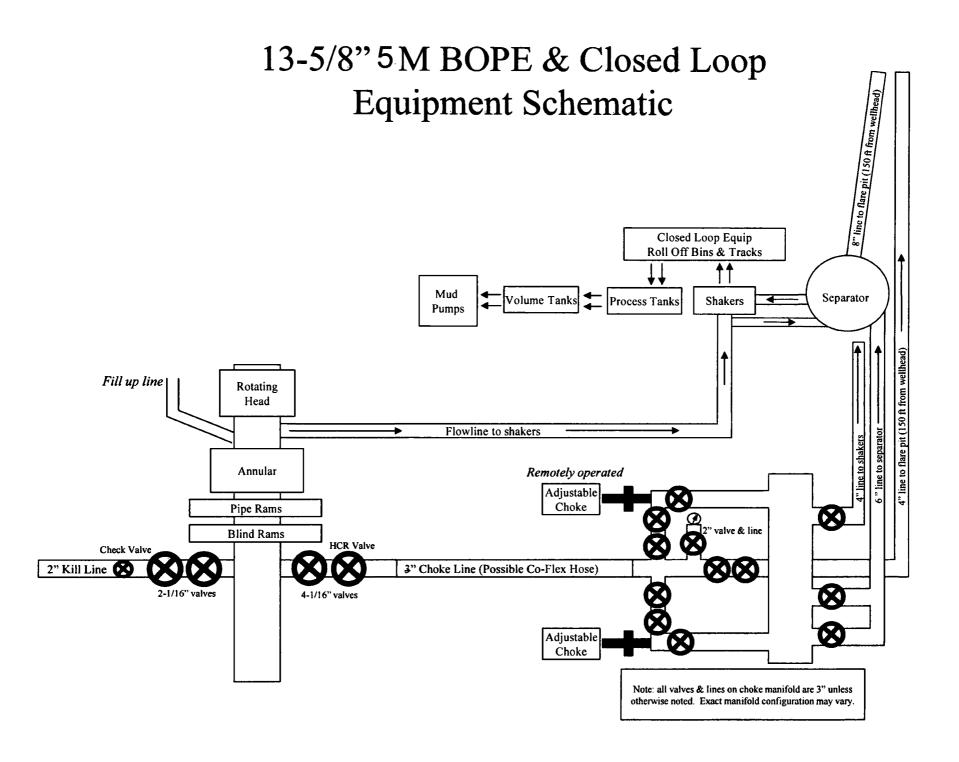
e de la companya de		1
$ _{\mathcal{T}_{2}} = _{\mathcal{T}_{2}} = $		
$p(r_{1},\beta_{1}) \in \mathbb{P}^{n}(\mu u_{3}^{2}) = p^{2} u_{3}^{2} + p^{2} u_{3}^{2} + p^{2} u_{3}^{2} + p^{2} u_{3}^{2}$		
$\Delta w = 2 + 2 \Delta \Delta w e^{-2/2} + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 +$		
$(1, 2, \dots, 2, 1) = \frac{1}{2} (0, 13)$		•

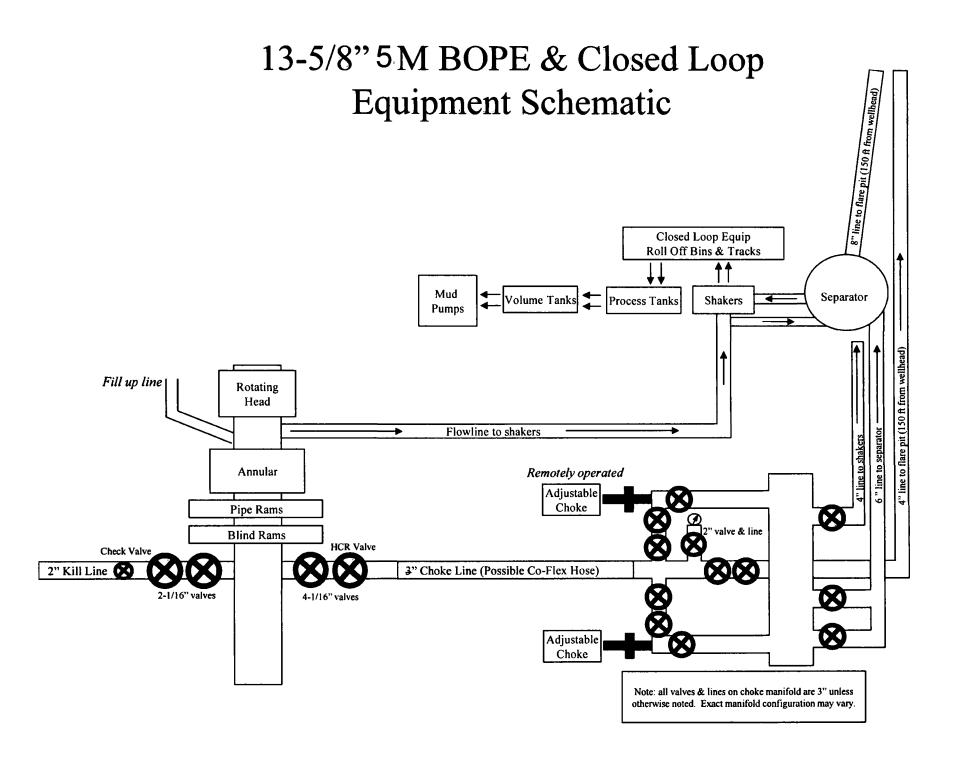
Other proposed operations facets attachment:

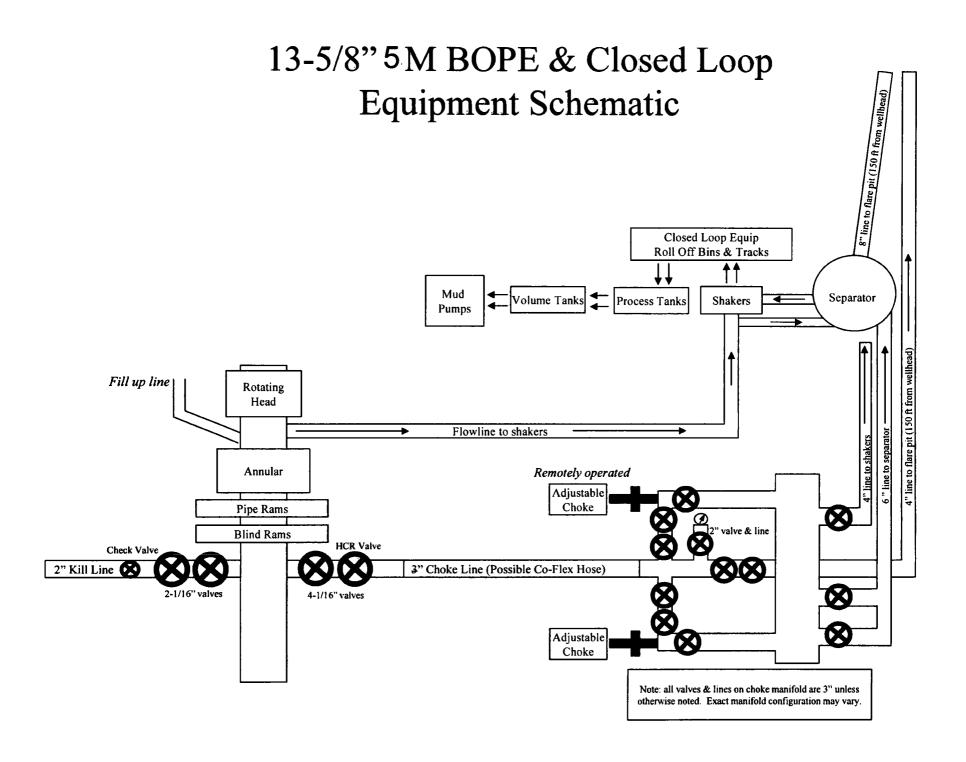
Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Clsd_Loop_20170915085926.pdf Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_PIn_20170915090013.pdf Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Wellhead_Schematic_20180417070137.pdf Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_MB_Verb_5M_20180417070200.pdf Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_5.5_17__P110HC_BTC_TMK_Spec_Sheet_20180417070223.pdf Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Drilling_Plan_20180417070242.pdf

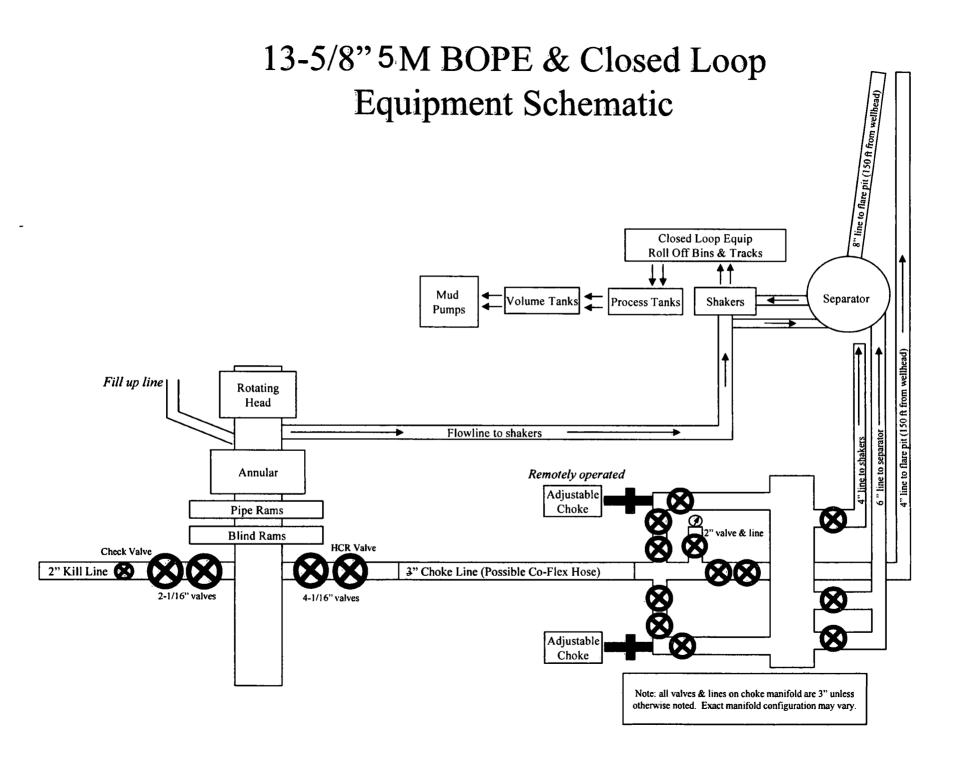
Other Variance attachment:

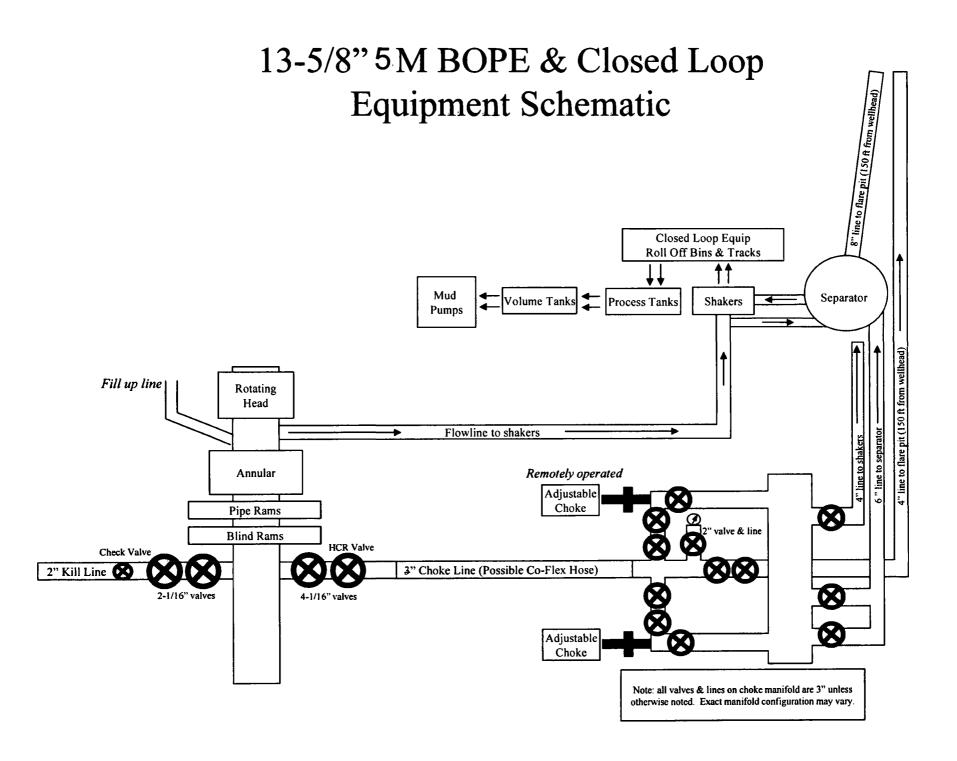
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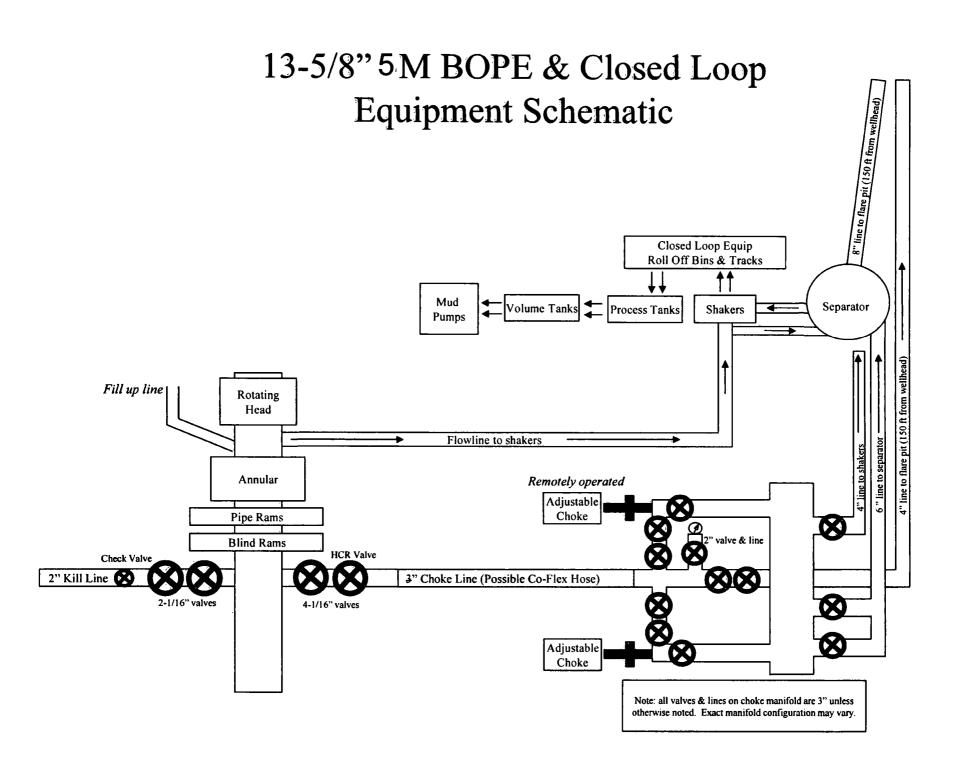












Surface

Surface Casing Burst Design								
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure						
Pressure Test	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole- section plus Test psi						
Drill Ahead	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole section						
Displace to Gas	Formation Pore Pressure	Dry gas from next casing point						

Surface Casing Collapse Design				
Load Case External Pressure Internal Pressure				
Full Evacuation	Water gradient in cement, mud above TOC	None		
Cementing	Wet cement weight	Water (8.33ppg)		

Surface Casing Tension Design		
Load Case Assumptions		
Overpull	100kips	
Runing in hole 3 ft/s		
Service Loads N/A		

Casing Assumptions and Load Cases

Intermediate

Intermediate Casing Burst Design			
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure	
Pressure Test	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole- section plus Test psi Max mud weight of next hole section	
Drill Ahead	Formation Pore Pressure		
Fracture @ Shoe	Formation Pore Pressure	Dry gas	

Intermediate Casing Collapse Design				
Load Case External Pressure Internal Pressure				
Full Evacuation	Water gradient in cement, mud above TOC	None		
Cementing	Wet cement weight	Water (8.33ppg)		

Intermediate Casing Tension Design		
Load Case Assumptions		
Overpull 100kips		
Runing in hole 2 ft/s		
Service Loads N/A		

Casing Assumptions and Load Cases

Intermediate

Intermediate Casing Burst Design			
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure	
Pressure Test	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole- section plus Test psi	
Drill Ahead	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole section	
Fracture @ Shoe	Formation Pore Pressure	Dry gas	

Intermediate Casing Collapse Design				
Load Case External Pressure Internal Pressure				
Full Evacuation	Water gradient in cement, mud above TOC	None		
Cementing	Wet cement weight	Water (8.33ppg)		

Intermediate Casing Tension Design		
Load Case Assumptions		
Overpull 100kips		
Runing in hole 2 ft/s		
Service Loads N/A		

Production

Production Casing Burst Design			
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure	
Pressure Test	Formation Pore Pressure	Fluid in hole (water or produced water) + test psi	
Tubing Leak	Formation Pore Pressure	Packer @ KOP, leak below surface 8.6 ppg packer fluid	
Stimulation	Formation Pore Pressure	Max frac pressure with heaviest frac fluid	

Production Casing Collapse Design				
Load Case External Pressure Internal Pressure				
Full Evacuation	Water gradient in cement, mud above TOC.	None		
Cementing	Wet cement weight	Water (8.33ppg)		

Production Casing Tension Design		
Load Case Assumptions		
Overpull 100kips		
Runing in hole 2 ft/s		
Service Loads N/A		



Devon Energy Center 333 West Sheridan Avenue Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102-5015

Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Contingency Plan

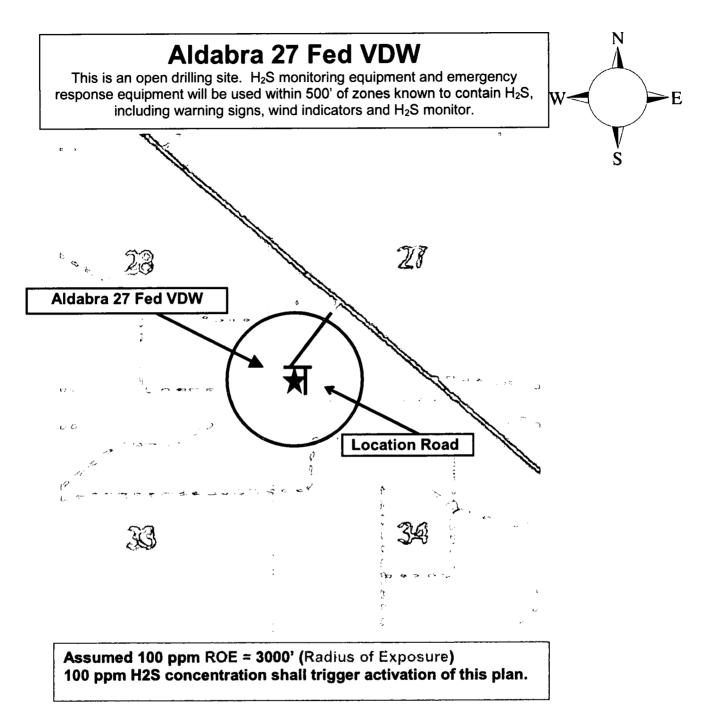
For

Aldabra 27 Fed VDW

Sec-27 T-23S R-31E 481 FSL & 841' FWL LAT. = 32.2695057' N (NAD83) LONG = 103.7714871' W

Eddy County NM

Devon Energy Corp. Cont Plan. Page 1



Escape

Crews shall escape upwind of escaping gas in the event of an emergency release of gas. Escape can be facilitated from the location entrance road. Crews should then block the entrance to the location from the lease road so as not to allow anyone traversing into a hazardous area. The blockade should be at a safe distance outside of the ROE. <u>There are no homes or buildings in or near the ROE</u>.

Assumed 100 ppm ROE = 3000'

100 ppm H₂S concentration shall trigger activation of this plan.

Emergency Procedures

In the event of a release of gas containing H₂S, the first responder(s) must

- Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE.
- Evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE.
- Be equipped with H₂S monitors and air packs in order to control the release.
- Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries occur during the response
- Take precautions to avoid personal injury during this operation.
- Contact operator and/or local officials to aid in operation. See list of phone numbers attached.
- Have received training in the
 - Detection of H₂S, and
 - Measures for protection against the gas,
 - Equipment used for protection and emergency response.

Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm

Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂

Contacting Authorities

Devon Energy Corp. personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. Devon Energy Corp. Company response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan

I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S) TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H₂S)
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of H₂S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- The effects of H₂S metal components. If high tensile tubulars are to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and Public Protection Plan.

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H_2S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H_2S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H_2S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan.

II. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

Note: All H_2S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonably expected to contain H_2S .

1. Well Control Equipment

- A. Flare line
- B. Choke manifold Remotely Operated
- C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- D. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: annular preventer and rotating head.
- E. Mud/Gas Separator

2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

30-minute SCBA units located at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram, with one escape unit available in the top doghouse. As it may be difficult to communicate audibly while wearing these units, hand signals shall be utilized.

3. H₂S detection and monitoring equipment:

Portable H₂S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights which activate when H₂S levels reach 10 ppm and audible sirens which activate at 10 ppm. Sensor locations:

- Bell nipple
 Shale shaker
 Trip tank
- Suction pit
 Fig floor
 Cellar
- Choke manifold Living Quarters (usually the company man's trailer stairs.)

Visual warning systems:

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram
- B. Caution/ Danger signs shall be posted on roads providing direct access to locations. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used when appropriate.

4. Mud program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H₂S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H₂S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H₂S bearing zones.

5. Metallurgy:

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold lines, and valves shall be H₂S trim.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H₂S trim.

6. Communication:

- A. Company personnel have/use cellular telephones in the field.
- B. Land line (telephone) communications at Office

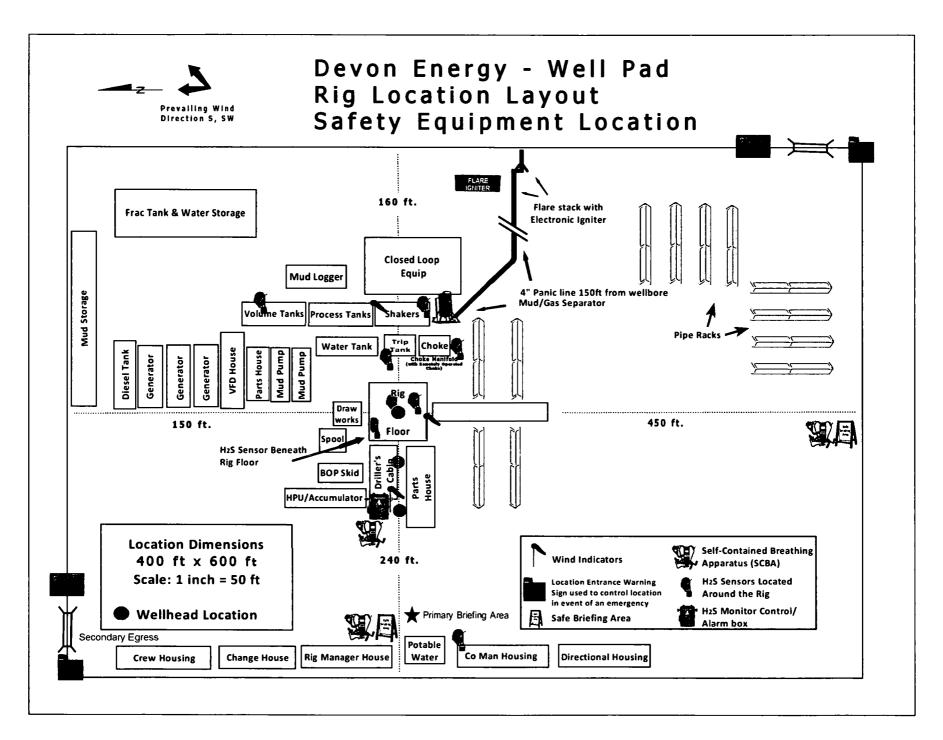
7. Well testing:

A. There will be no drill stem testing.

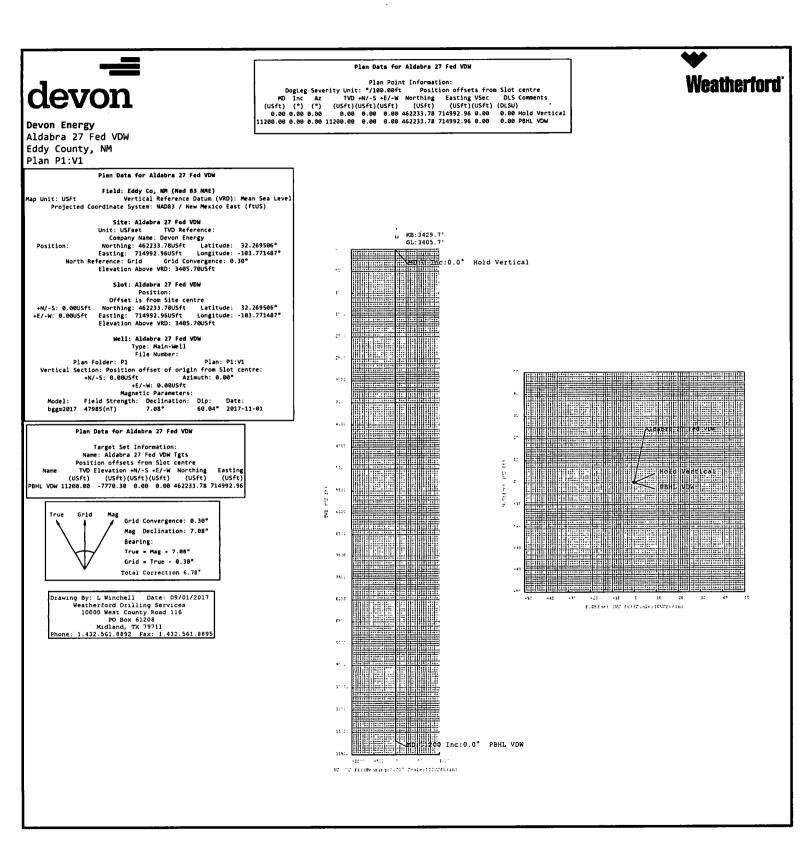
<u>Devon En</u>	ergy Corp. Company Call List	
Drilling Su	pervisor – Basin – Mark Kramer	405-823-4796
	rry Matthews - Day: 575-748-0161 Cell: 575-748-5234	
EHS Profe	essional – Jason Robison	405-541-2841
Agency	<u>v Call List</u>	
Lea	Hobbs	
County	Lea County Communication Authority	393-3981
<u>(575)</u>	State Police	392-5588
	City Police	397-9265
	Sheriff's Office	393-2515
	Ambulance	911
	Fire Department	397-9308
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	393-2870
	NMOCD	393-6161
	US Bureau of Land Management	393-3612
Eddy	Carlsbad	
<u>County</u>	State Police	885-3137
<u>(575)</u>	City Police	885-2111
	Sheriff's Office	887-7551
	Ambulance	911
	Fire Department	885-3125
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	887-3798
	US Bureau of Land Management	887-6544
	NM Emergency Response Commission (Santa Fe)	(505) 476-9600
	24 HR	(505) 827-9126
	National Emergency Response Center	(800) 424-8802
	National Pollution Control Center: Direct	(703) 872-6000
	For Oil Spills	(800) 280-7118
	Emergency Services	
	Wild Well Control	(281) 784-4700
	Cudd Pressure Control (915) 699- 0139	(915) 563-3356
	Halliburton	(575) 746-2757
	B. J. Services	(575) 746-3569
Give	Native Air – Emergency Helicopter – Hobbs	(575) 392-6429
GPS	Flight For Life - Lubbock, TX	(806) 743-9911
position:		(806) 747-8923
	Med Flight Air Amb - Albuquerque, NM	(575) 842-4433
	Lifeguard Air Med Svc. Albuquerque, NM	(800) 222-1222
	Poison Control (24/7)	(575) 272-3115
	Oil & Gas Pipeline 24 Hour Service	(800) 364-4366
	NOAA – Website - www.nhc.noaa.gov	

Prepared in conjunction with Dave Small



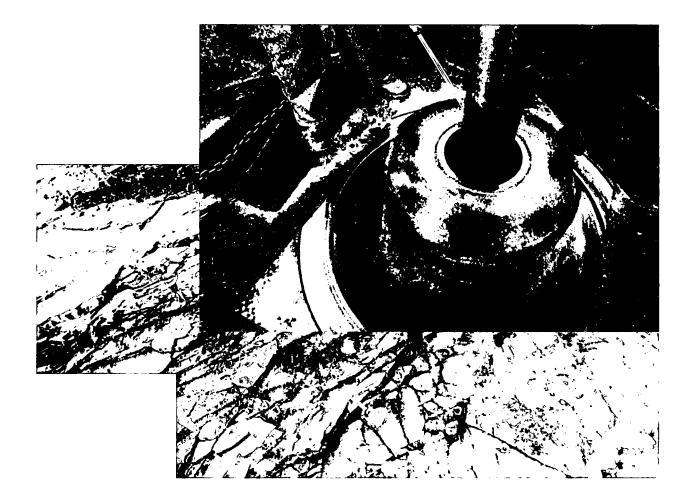


Devon Energy Corp. Cont Plan. Page 9





Commitment Runs Deep



Design Plan Operation and Maintenance Plan Closure Plan

SENM - Closed Loop Systems June 2010

I. Design Plan

Devon uses MI SWACO closed loop system (CLS). The MI SWACO CLS is designed to maintain drill solids at or below 5%. The equipment is arranged to progressively remove solids from the largest to the smallest size. Drilling fluids can thus be reused and savings is realized on mud and disposal costs. Dewatering may be required with the centrifuges to insure removal of ultra fine solids.

The drilling location is constructed to allow storm water to flow to a central sump normally the cellar. This insures no contamination leaves the drilling pad in the event of a spill. Storm water is reused in the mud system or stored in a reserve fluid tank farm until it can be reused. All lubricants, oils, or chemicals are removed immediately from the ground to prevent the contamination of storm water. An oil trap is normally installed on the sump if an oil spill occurs during a storm.

A tank farm is utilized to store drilling fluids including fresh water and brine fluids. The tank farm is constructed on a 20 ml plastic lined, bermed pad to prevent the contamination of the drilling site during a spill. Fluids from other sites may be stored in these tanks for processing by the solids control equipment and reused in the mud system. At the end of the well the fluids are transported from the tank farm to an adjoining well or to the next well for the rig.

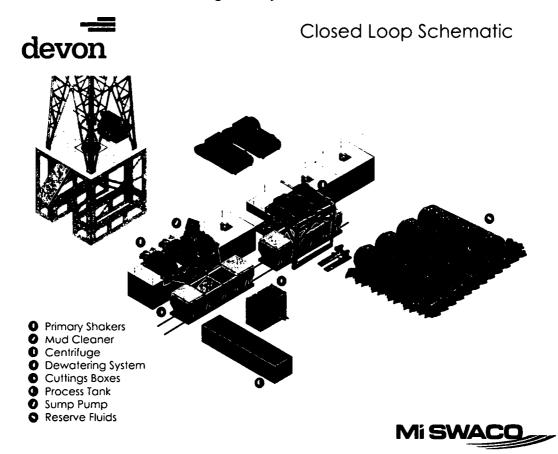
Prior to installing a closed-loop system on site, the topsoil, if present, will be stripped and stockpiled for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signs will be posted on the fence surrounding the closed-loop system unless the closed-loop system is located on a site where there is an existing well, that is operated by Devon.

II. Operations and Maintenance Plan

Primary Shakers: The primary shakers make the first removal of drill solids from the drilling mud as it leaves the well bore. The shakers are sized to handle maximum drilling rate at optimal screen size. The shakers normally remove solids down to 74 microns.

Mud Cleaner: The Mud Cleaner cleans the fluid after it leaves the shakers. A set of hydrocyclones are sized to handle 1.25 to 1.5 times the maximum circulating rate. This ensures all the fluid is being processed to an average cut point of 25 microns. The wet discharged is dewatered on a shaker equipped with ultra fine mesh screens and generally cut at 40 microns.



Centrifuges: The centrifuges can be one or two in number depending on the well geometry or depth of well. The centrifuges are sized to maintain low gravity solids at 5% or below. They may or may not need a dewatering system to enhance the removal rates. The centrifuges can make a cut point of 8-10 microns depending on bowl speed, feed rate, solids loading and other factors.

The centrifuge system is designed to work on the active system and be flexible to process incoming fluids from other locations. This set-up is also dependant on well factors.

Dewatering System: The dewatering system is a chemical mixing and dosing system designed to enhance the solids removal of the centrifuge. Not commonly used in shallow wells. It may contain pH adjustment, coagulant mixing and dosing, and polymer mixing and dosing. Chemical flocculation binds ultra fine solids into a mass that is within the centrifuge operating design. The dewatering system improves the centrifuge cut point to infinity or allows for the return of clear water or brine fluid. This ability allows for the ultimate control of low gravity solids.

Cuttings Boxes: Cuttings boxes are utilized to capture drill solids that are discarded from the solids control equipment. These boxes are set upon a rail system that allows for the removal and replacement of a full box of cuttings with an empty one. They are equipped with a cover that insures no product is spilled into the environment during the transportation phase.

Process Tank: (Optional) The process tank allows for the holding and process of fluids that are being transferred into the mud system. Additionally, during times of lost circulation the process tank may hold active fluids that are removed for additional treatment. It can further be used as a mixing tank during well control conditions.

Sump and Sump Pump: The sump is used to collect storm water and the pump is used to transfer this fluid to the active system or to the tank for to hold in reserve. It can also be used to collect fluids that may escape during spills. The location contains drainage ditches that allow the location fluids to drain to the sump.

Reserve Fluids (Tank Farm): A series of frac tanks are used to replace the reserve pit. These are steel tanks that are equipped with a manifold system and a transfer pump. These tanks can contain any number of fluids used during the drilling process. These can include fresh water, cut brine, and saturated salt fluid. The fluid can be from the active well or reclaimed fluid from other locations. A 20 ml liner and berm system is employed to ensure the fluids do not migrate to the environment during a spill.

If a leak develops, the appropriate division district office will be notified within 48 hours of the discovery and the leak will be addressed. Spill prevention is accomplished by maintaining pump packing, hoses, and pipe fittings to insure no leaks are occurring. During an upset condition the source of the spill is isolated and repaired as soon as it is discovered. Free liquid is removed by a diaphragm pump and returned to the mud system. Loose topsoil may be used to stabilize the spill and the contaminated soil is excavated and placed in the cuttings boxes. After the well is finished and the rig has moved, the entire location is scrapped and testing will be performed to determine if a release has occurred.

All trash is kept in a wire mesh enclosure and removed to an approved landfill when full. All spent motor oils are kept in separate containers and they are removed and sent to an approved recycling center. Any spilled lubricants, pipe dope, or regulated chemicals are removed from soil and sent to landfills approved for these products.

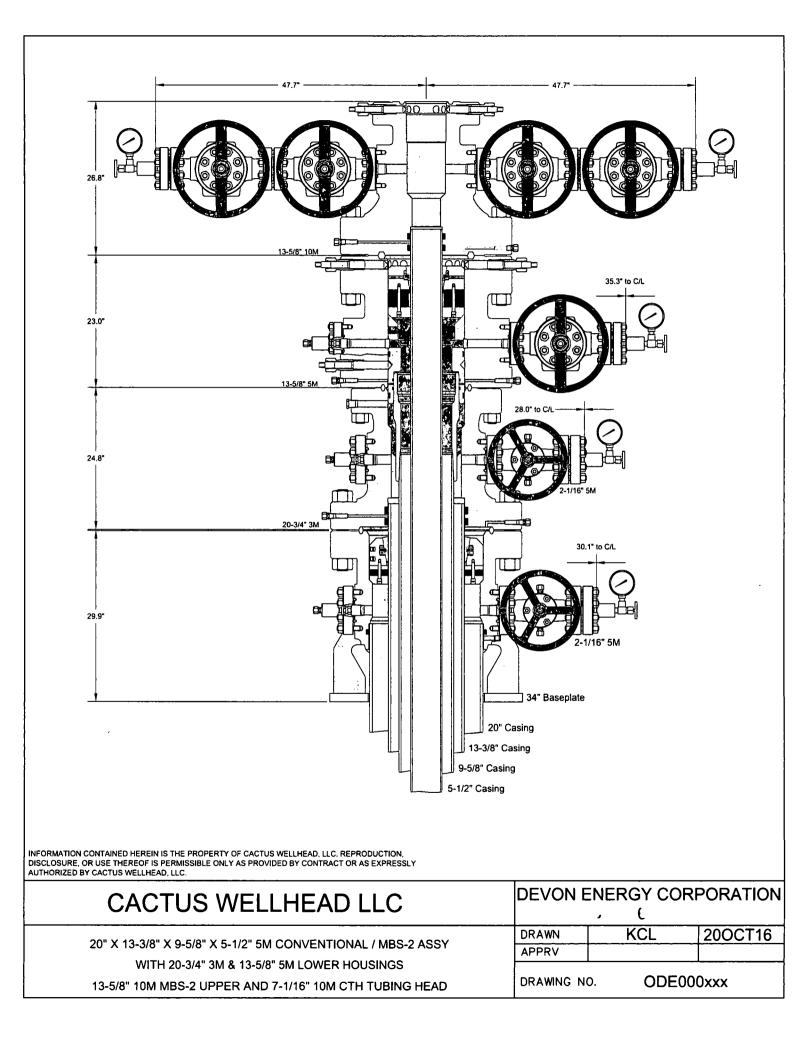
These operations are monitored by Mi Swaco service technicians. Daily logs are maintained to ensure optimal equipment operation and maintenance. Screen and chemical use is logged to maintain inventory control. Fluid properties are monitored and recorded and drilling mud volumes are accounted for in the mud storage farm. This data is kept for end of well review to insure performance goals are met. Lessons learned are logged and used to help with continuous improvement.

A MI SWACO field supervisor manages from 3-5 wells. They are responsible for training personnel, supervising installations, and inspecting sites for compliance of MI SWACO safety and operational policy.

III. Closure Plan

A maximum 340' X 340' caliche pad is built per well. All of the trucks and steel tanks fit on this pad. All fluid cuttings go to the steel tanks to be hauled by various trucking companies to an agency approved disposal.

The completion will entail Diagnostic Fracture Injection Tests (DFITs) and traced stimulations in order to help understand fracture geometries, reservoir properties, and improve future development planning. Depending on the number of tests to be conducted, rough completion testing time estimates range from several months to over one year for intermittent operations, monitoring, and data collection. After all formation testing has been completed, viability of commingling and/or isolating all tested intervals will be evaluated. After internal evaluation, Devon will sundry the well to propose to either produce the well, setup for long term pressure monitoring, evaluate further testing/re-completion, re-entry, or to plug and abandon the wellbore.



A multibowl wellhead may be used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.

Devon proposes using a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.

- Wellhead will be installed by wellhead representatives.
- If the welding is performed by a third party, the wellhead representative will monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- Wellhead representative will install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- Wellhead company will install a solid steel body pack-off to completely isolate the lower head after cementing intermediate casing. After installation of the pack-off, the pack-off and the lower flange will be tested to 5M, as shown on the attached schematic. Everything above the pack-off will not have been altered whatsoever from the initial nipple up. Therefore the BOP components will not be retested at that time.
- If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head will be cut and top out operations will be conducted.
- Devon will pressure test all seals above and below the mandrel (but still above the casing) to full working pressure rating.
- Devon will test the casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater, as per Onshore Order #2.

After running the 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 5M will be installed on the wellhead system and will undergo a 250 psi low pressure test followed by a 5,000 psi high pressure test. The 5,000 psi high and 250 psi low test will cover testing requirements a maximum of 30 days, as per Onshore Order #2. If the well is not complete within 30 days of this BOP test, another full BOP test will be conducted, as per Onshore Order #2.

After running the 9-5/8' intermediate casing with a mandrel hanger, the 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 5M will already be installed on the wellhead.

The pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill pipe is out of the hole. These tests will be logged in the daily driller's log. A 2" kill line and 3" choke line will be incorporated into the drilling spool below the ram BOP. In addition to the rams and annular preventer, additional BOP accessories include a kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines, and choke manifold rated at 5,000 psi WP.

Devon's proposed wellhead manufactures will be FMC Technologies, Cactus Wellhead, or Cameron.

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

5 1/2 " • 17.00 # • P110HC

API Connection

Pipe	Dimensions	

Size:	5 1/2	inches
Nom Wt-ft:	17.00	lbs/ft
Grade:	P110HC	
Thread Type:	Buttress	
TPI:	-	Threads/inch
PE Weight	16.89	lbs/ft
Wall Thickness	0.304	inches
Nominal ID	4.892	inches
Drift Diameter	4.767	inches
Nominal Pipe Body Area	4.962	sq-inches
Pipe Parameters		
<u></u>		
Minimum Yield	110,000	psi
Minimum Ultimate	125,000	psi
Pipe Body Performance		
Yield Strength	545,865	lbs
Tensile Strength	620,301	lbs
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	10,640	psi
Collapse Pressure	8,228	psi
Connection Perspectance		
Connection Parameters		
Coupling OD (Nom)	6.050	inches
Coupling Critical ID	5.370	inches
Coupling Length	9.250	inches
Coupling Critical Area	6.102	sq-inches
Pin Critical Area	4.962	sq-inches
Coupling Critical Area	123.0%	%PBYS
Pin Critical Area	100.0%	%PBYS
Yield Strength in Tension	545,865	lbs
Fracture Strength	385,212	lbs
Make-Up Loss	0.500	inches
Percent of Pipe Body Fracture	62.1%	
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	10,640	psi
Internal Leak Resistance	15,563	psi
Collapse Pressure	8,228	psi
	-,===	P.0.
Tension Efficiency	100.0%	
Compression Efficiency	50.0%	
compression Endency		

Note: The information in this Technical Data Sheet is for general information only. It should not be used or relied upon for any specific application without being independently verified by competent professional examination for accuracy, suitability and applicability. Anyone utilizing the information contained herein does so at their own risk.



phone: 281-949-1023

toll free: 888-258-2000

IPSCO

Devon Energy, Aldabra 27 Fed VDW Drilling Plan

1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	11,200'	Pilot hole depth	11,200'
MD at TD:	11,200'	Deepest expected fresh water:	

2. Casing Program

Hole Size	Casing	Interval	Csg. Size	Weight		SF	SF		
	From	To	1	(lbs)			Collapse	Burst	Tension
26"	0	530'	20"	94	J-55	BTC	1.15	2.17	4.43
17-1/2"	0	4,100'	13-3/8"	68	J-55	BTC	1.37	4.06	2.42
12-1/4"	0	8,100'	9-5/8"	40	P-110 EC	BTC	2.03	1.31	2.35
8-3/4"	0	11,200'	5.5"	17	P-110	BTC	3.26	1.18	3.79
	•	•		BLM Mi	nimum Safety	Factor	1.125	1.00	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Must have table for contingency casing

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

3. Cementing Program

.

Casing	# Sks	Wt. Ib/ gal	H₂0 gal/sk	Yld ft3/ sack	500# Comp. Strengt h	Slurry Description
20%	020	14.0	6.27	1 22	(hours)	Tail. Chao C Comont
20″	830	14.8	6.37	1.33	7	Tail: Class C Cement
13-3/8" Int 1	1700	12.8	10.68 1	1.99	21.5	Lead: (65:35) Class C Cement: Poz (Fly Ash): 8% BWOB Bentonite + 8% BWOW Salt + 0.2 gal/sk Anti-Foam + 0.2% BWOB Dispersant + 0.4% BWOB Retarder
	850	14.8	6.352	1.33	5	Tail: Class C Cement: 0.2% BWOB Retarder
	1055	9.07	12.29 2	2.99	17.5	Lead: LiteFILL Blend Cement: 0.5% Retarder + 0.05 gal/sk Anit-Foam
9-5/8" Inter II	600	13.5	7.459	1.55	5	Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash): 0.4% BWOB Retarder + 0.02 gal/sk Anti-Foam + 0.2% BWOB FLAC + 10% BWOB Extender + 2% BWOB Expanding Agent
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5-1/2" Prod	765	13.5	7.459	1.55	5	Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash): 0.4% BWOB Retarder + 0.02 gal/sk Anti-Foam + 0.4% BWOB FLAC + 10% BWOB Extender + 2% BWOB Expanding Agent

Casing String	ТОС	% Excess
20" Surface	0'	25%
13-3/8" Intermediate 1	0′	25%
9-5/8" Intermediate 2	0'	25%
5-1/2" Production Casing	10,000'	15%

4. Pressure Control Equipment

N A variance is requested for the use of a diverter on the surface casing. See attached for schematic.

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP	Тур	e		Tested to:
			Annu	ılar	x	50% of working pressure
			Blind I	Ram		
17-1/2"	21-1/4"	5M	Pipe F	Ram		2M
			Double	Ram		2101
			Other*			
			Annu	ılar	x 50% of working pressur	50% of working pressure
			Blind I	Ram		
12-1/4"	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe F	e Ram	5M	
			Double	Ram	x	5101
			Other*			
			Annu	lar		50% testing pressure
			Blind l	Ram		
8-3/4"	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe R	Ram		5M
			Double	Ram		SM
			Other*			

*Specify if additional ram is utilized.

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Y	Formation integrity test will be performed per Onshore Order #2. On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.i.
Y	A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.

Devon Energy, Aldabra 27 Fed VDW Drilling Plan

	Y Are anchors required by manufacturer?								
Y	A multibowl wellhead may be used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after								
	installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of								
	30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.								
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
	Devon proposes using a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested								
	when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout								
	preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface								
	casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.								
	• Wellhead will be installed by wellhead representatives.								
	• If the welding is performed by a third party, the wellhead representative will								
	monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum								
	temperature of the seal.								
	 Wellhead representative will install the test plug for the initial BOP test. 								
	 Wellhead company will install a solid steel body pack-off to completely isolate 								
	the lower head after cementing intermediate casing. After installation of the pack-								
	off, the pack-off and the lower flange will be tested to 5M, as shown on the								
	attached schematic. Everything above the pack-off will not have been altered								
	whatsoever from the initial nipple up. Therefore the BOP components will not be								
	retested at that time.								
	with a standard wellhead, the well head will be cut and top out operations will be conducted.								
	• Devon will pressure test all seals above and below the mandrel (but still above the								
	casing) to full working pressure rating.								
	• Devon will test the casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater, as per								
	Onshore Order #2.								
	After running the 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum								
	rating of 5M will be installed on the wellhead system and will undergo a 250 psi low								
	pressure test followed by a 5,000 psi high pressure test. The 5,000 psi high and 250 psi								
	low test will cover testing requirements a maximum of 30 days, as per Onshore Order #2.								
	If the well is not complete within 30 days of this BOP test, another full BOP test will be								
	conducted, as per Onshore Order #2.								
	After running the 9-5/8' intermediate casing with a mandrel hanger, the 13-5/8"								
	BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 5M will already be installed on the								
	wellhead.								
	weinicad.								
	The pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill								
	pipe is out of the hole. These tests will be logged in the daily driller's log. A 2" kill line								
	and 3" choke line will be incorporated into the drilling spool below the ram BOP. In								
	addition to the rams and annular preventer, additional BOP accessories include a kelly								
	cock, floor safety valve, choke lines, and choke manifold rated at 5,000 psi WP.								
	cock, noor safety varve, choke mies, and choke mannoid rated at 5,000 psr wr.								
	Devon's proposed wellbead manufactures will be FMC Technologies. Cactus Wellbead								
	Devon's proposed wellhead manufactures will be FMC Technologies, Cactus Wellhead or Cameron.								

Devon requests a variance to use a flexible line with flanged ends between the BOP and the choke manifold (choke line). The line will be kept as straight as possible with minimal turns.

5. Mud Program

Depth		Туре	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss	
From	То					
0	530'	FW Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/C	
530'	4,100'	Saturated Brine	10.0-10.2	28-34	N/C	
4,100'	8,100'	Cut Brine	8.5-9.8	28-34	N/C	
8,100	11,200'	Cut Brine	9.5-10.5	28-34	N/C	

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain	PVT/Pason/Visual Monitoring
of fluid?	

6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Logg	ing, Coring and Testing.
x	Will run GR/CNL from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole).
	Stated logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
	No Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.
	Drill stem test? If yes, explain

Additional logs planned		Interval		
	Resistivity	Int. shoe to KOP		
	Density	Int. shoe to KOP		
Х	CBL	Production casing		
X	Mud log	Intermediate shoe to TD		
	PEX			

Devon Energy, Aldabra 27 Fed VDW Drilling Plan

7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	5353 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No

Mitigation measure for abnormal conditions. Describe. Lost circulation material/sweeps/mud scavengers.

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

 N
 H2S is present

 Y
 H2S Plan attached

8. Other facets of operation

Is this a walking operation? No. Will be pre-setting casing? No.

Attachments <u>x</u> Directional Plan Other, describe



Fluid Technology

ContiTech Beattie Corp. Website: <u>www.contitechbeattie.com</u>

Monday, June 14, 2010

RE: Drilling & Production Hoses Lifting & Safety Equipment

To Helmerich & Payne,

A Continental ContiTech hose assembly can perform as intended and suitable for the application regardless of whether the hose is secured or unsecured in its configuration. As a manufacturer of High Pressure Hose Assemblies for use in Drilling & Production, we do offer the corresponding lifting and safety equipment, this has the added benefit of easing the lifting and handling of each hose assembly whilst affording hose longevity by ensuring correct handling methods and procedures as well as securing the hose in the unlikely event of a failure; but in no way does the lifting and safety equipment affect the performance of the hoses providing the hoses have been handled and installed correctly It is good practice to use lifting & safety equipment but not mandatory

Should you have any questions or require any additional information/darifications then please do not hesitate to contact us.

ContiTech Beattie is part of the Continental AG Corporation and can offer the full support resources associated with a global organization.

Best regards,

Robin Hodgson Sales Manager ContiTech Beattie Corp

ContiTech Beattle Corp, 11535 Brittmoore Park Drive, Houston, TX 77041 Phone: +1 (832) 327-0141 Fax: +1 (832) 327-0148 www.contitechbeattle.com



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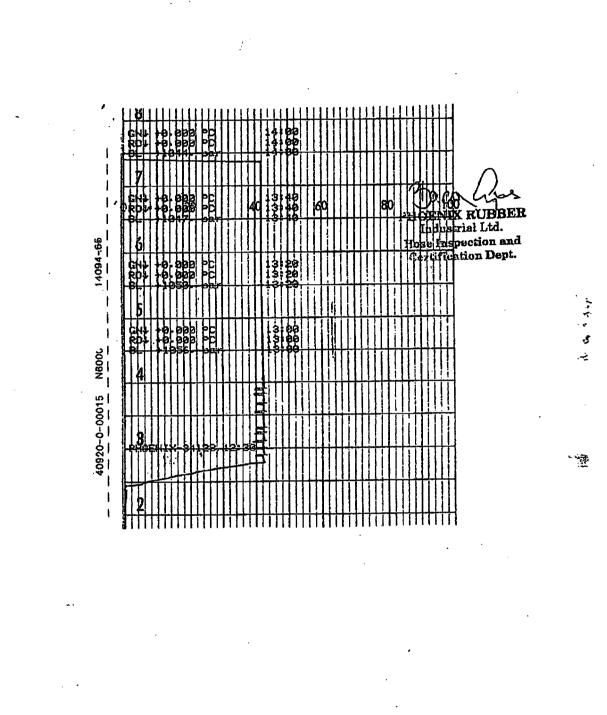
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PHOENIX RUBBER INDUSTRIAL LTD.

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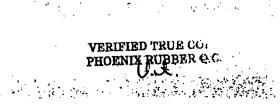
6728 Szeged, Budapest úl 10. Hungary • H-6701 Szegéd, P. O. Box 152 rions: (3652) 556-737 • Parc (3662) 566-738 SALES & MARKETING: H-1092 Budapest, Réday u. 42-44, Hungary • H-1440 Budapest, P. O. Box 26 Phone: (361) 456-4200 · Fax: (361) 217-2972, 456-4273 · www.taurusemerge.hu

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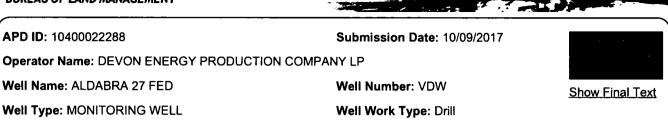
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U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



Section 1 - Existing Roads

Will existing roads be used? YES

Existing Road Map:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Ex_Access_Rd_20180423105408.pdf

Existing Road Purpose: ACCESS, FLUID TRANSPORT

Row(s) Exist? NO

SUPO Data Report

12/21/2018

ROW ID(s)

ID:

Do the existing roads need to be improved? YES

Existing Road Improvement Description: Improve road to accommodate Drilling and Completion operations.

Existing Road Improvement Attachment:

Section 2 - New or Reconstructed Access Roads

Will new roads be needed? YES					
New Road Map:					
Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Acc	ess_Rd_rev_201	80423104603.pdf			
New road type: LOCAL					
Length: 669	Feet	Width (ft.): 30			
Max slope (%): 6		Max grade (%): 4			
Army Corp of Engineers (ACOE) permit re	quired? NO			
ACOE Permit Number(s):					
New road travel width: 14					
New road access erosion	control: Water D	rainage Ditch			
New road access plan or profile prepared? NO					
New road access plan attachment:					
Access road engineering design? NO					
Access road engineering	Access road engineering design attachment:				

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Access surfacing type: GRAVEL

Access topsoil source: ONSITE

Access surfacing type description:

Access onsite topsoil source depth: 6

Offsite topsoil source description:

Onsite topsoil removal process: See attached Interim reclamation diagram.

Access other construction information:

Access miscellaneous information:

Number of access turnouts:

Access turnout map:

Drainage Control

New road drainage crossing: OTHER

Drainage Control comments: na

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) description: Water Drainage Ditch

Road Drainage Control Structures (DCS) attachment:

Access Additional Attachments

Additional Attachment(s):

Section 3 - Location of Existing Wells

Existing Wells Map? YES

Attach Well map:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_One_Mile_Map_20170915090425.pdf

Existing Wells description:

Section 4 - Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities

Submit or defer a Proposed Production Facilities plan? DEFER

Estimated Production Facilities description: This well will not have production equipment.

Section 5 - Location and Types of Water Supply

Water Source Table

Operator Name: DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED V	Vell Number: VDW		
Water source use type: INTERMEDIATE/PRODUCTION CA STIMULATION, SURFACE CASING Describe type: Private water source	ASING, Water source type: OTHER		
Source latitude:	Source longitude:		
Source datum:			
Water source permit type: PRIVATE CONTRACT			
Source land ownership: PRIVATE			
Water source transport method: TRUCKING			
Source transportation land ownership: FEDERAL			
Water source volume (barrels): 25500	Source volume (acre-feet): 3.286774		
Source volume (gal): 1071000			

Water source and transportation map:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Water_Line_20170925064235.pdf

Berne sense and a comparison of the sense of the particular and the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense of the

New water well? NO

New Water Well II	nfo	
Well latitude:	Well Longitude:	Well datum:
Well target aquifer:		
Est. depth to top of aquifer(ft):	Est thickness o	of aquifer:
Aquifer comments:		
Aquifer documentation:		
Well depth (ft):	Well casing type:	
Well casing outside diameter (in.):	Well casing inside	e diameter (in.):
New water well casing?	Used casing sour	rce:
Drilling method:	Drill material:	
Grout material:	Grout depth:	
Casing length (ft.):	Casing top depth	(ft.):
Well Production type:	Completion Meth	od:
Water well additional information:		
State appropriation permit:		
Additional information attachment:		

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Section 6 - Construction Materials

Construction Materials description: Caliche

Construction Materials source location attachment:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Caliche_Map_20170925064651.pdf

Section 7 - Methods for Handling Waste

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: Water Based Cuttings

Amount of waste: 1300 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: na

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: COMMERCIAL FACILITY Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: All cuttings will disposed of at R360, Sundance, or equivalent.

Waste type: FLOWBACK

Waste content description: Flowback water

Amount of waste: 3000 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : Daily

Safe containment description: na

Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: COMMERCIAL FACILITY Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: All water will be trucked to authorized disposals in lea or Eddy county.

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit?

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.)

Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? NO

Description of cuttings location

Cuttings area length (ft.)

Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Section 8 - Ancillary Facilities

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: NO

Ancillary Facilities attachment:

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site Layout

Well Site Layout Diagram:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Rig_Layout_20170925064959.pdf

Comments:

Section 10 - Plans for Surface Reclamation

Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance

Multiple Well Pad Name: ALDABRA

Multiple Well Pad Number: 27-22

Recontouring attachment:

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Reclamation_rev_20180423104943.pdf

Drainage/Erosion control construction: na

Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: na

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Wellpad long term disturbance (acres): 2.24	Wellpad short term disturbance (acres): 3.684
Access road long term disturbance (acres): 0.385	Access road short term disturbance (acres): 0.385
Pipeline long term disturbance (acres): 0	Pipeline short term disturbance (acres): 0
Other long term disturbance (acres): 0	Other short term disturbance (acres): 0
Total long term disturbance: 2.625	Total short term disturbance: 4.069

Disturbance Comments: na

Reconstruction method: Operator will use Best Management Practices"BMP" to mechanically recontour to obtain the desired outcome

Topsoil redistribution: Topsoils shall be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns

Soil treatment: Topsoils shall be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad: Shinnery, yucca, grasses and mesquite.

Existing Vegetation at the well pad attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the road: Shinnery, yucca, grasses and mesquite.

Existing Vegetation Community at the road attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline: Shinnery, yucca, grasses and mesquite.

Existing Vegetation Community at the pipeline attachment:

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances: Shinnery, yucca, grasses and mesquite.

Existing Vegetation Community at other disturbances attachment:

Non native seed used?

Non native seed description:

Seedling transplant description:

Will seedlings be transplanted for this project?

Seedling transplant description attachment:

Will seed be harvested for use in site reclamation?

Seed harvest description:

Seed harvest description attachment:

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Seed Managemen	t	
Seed Table		
Seed type:		Seed source:
Seed name:		
Source name:		Source address:
Source phone:		
Seed cultivar:		
Seed use location:		
PLS pounds per acre:		Proposed seeding seaso
Seed St	ummary	Total pounds/Acre:
Seed Type	Pounds/Acre	
ed reclamation attachmen Operator Contact/F		al Contact Info
ed reclamation attachmen Operator Contact/		al Contact Info
Operator Contact/		al Contact Info Last Name:
Operator Contact/		
Operator Contact/F First Name: Phone:		Last Name:
Operator Contact/f First Name: Phone: edbed prep:		Last Name:
Operator Contact/f First Name: Phone: edbed prep: ed BMP:		Last Name:
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Operator Contact/f First Name: Phone: edbed prep: ed BMP: ed method: isting invasive species? N isting invasive species tre isting invasive species tre ed treatment plan descrip	Responsible Offici Responsible Offici IO Patment description: Patment attachment: Patment attachment: Patment: Maintain weeds on	Last Name: Email:
Operator Contact/ First Name: Phone: edbed prep: ed BMP: ed method: sting invasive species? N sting invasive species tre sting invasive species tre ed treatment plan descrip ed treatment plan attachn	Responsible Offici Responsible Offici IO eatment description: eatment attachment: eatment attachment: otion: Maintain weeds on ment:	Last Name: Email:
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Operator Contact/f First Name: Phone: edbed prep: ed BMP: ed method: sting invasive species ? N sting invasive species tre sting invasive species tre ed treatment plan descripted treatment plan attachment: nitoring plan attachment:	Responsible Offici Responsible Offici IO eatment description: eatment attachment: etion: Maintain weeds on ment: Monitor as needed.	Last Name: Email:
Operator Contact/F First Name: Phone: edbed prep: ed BMP: ed method: isting invasive species? N isting invasive species tre isting invasive species tre ed treatment plan descrip eed treatment plan attachment onitoring plan description: onitoring plan attachment: ccess standards: na	Responsible Offici Responsible Offici IO eatment description: eatment attachment: etion: Maintain weeds on ment: Monitor as needed.	Last Name: Email:
	Responsible Offici Responsible Offici IO eatment description: eatment attachment: etion: Maintain weeds on ment: Monitor as needed.	Last Name: Email:

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Section 11 - Surface Ownership

Disturbance type: NEW ACCESS ROAD Describe: Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Other surface owner description: **BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office:** NPS Local Office: State Local Office: **Military Local Office: USFWS Local Office: Other Local Office: USFS Region: USFS Ranger District: USFS Forest/Grassland:**

Disturbance type: EXISTING ACCESS ROAD Describe: Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Other surface owner description: BIA Local Office: BOR Local Office: COE Local Office: DOD Local Office: NPS Local Office: State Local Office: USFWS Local Office: USFWS Local Office: USFS Region:

Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

USFS Forest/Grassland:

USFS Ranger District:

Disturbance type: WELL PAD	
Describe:	
Surface Owner: BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	
Other surface owner description:	
BIA Local Office:	
BOR Local Office:	
COE Local Office:	
DOD Local Office:	
NPS Local Office:	
State Local Office:	
Military Local Office:	
USFWS Local Office:	
Other Local Office:	
USFS Region:	
USFS Forest/Grassland:	USFS R

USFS Ranger District:

Section 12 - Other Information

Right of Way needed? YES

Use APD as ROW? YES

ROW Type(s): 281001 ROW - ROADS, FLPMA (Powerline), Other

ROW Applications

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Use a previously conducted onsite? YES

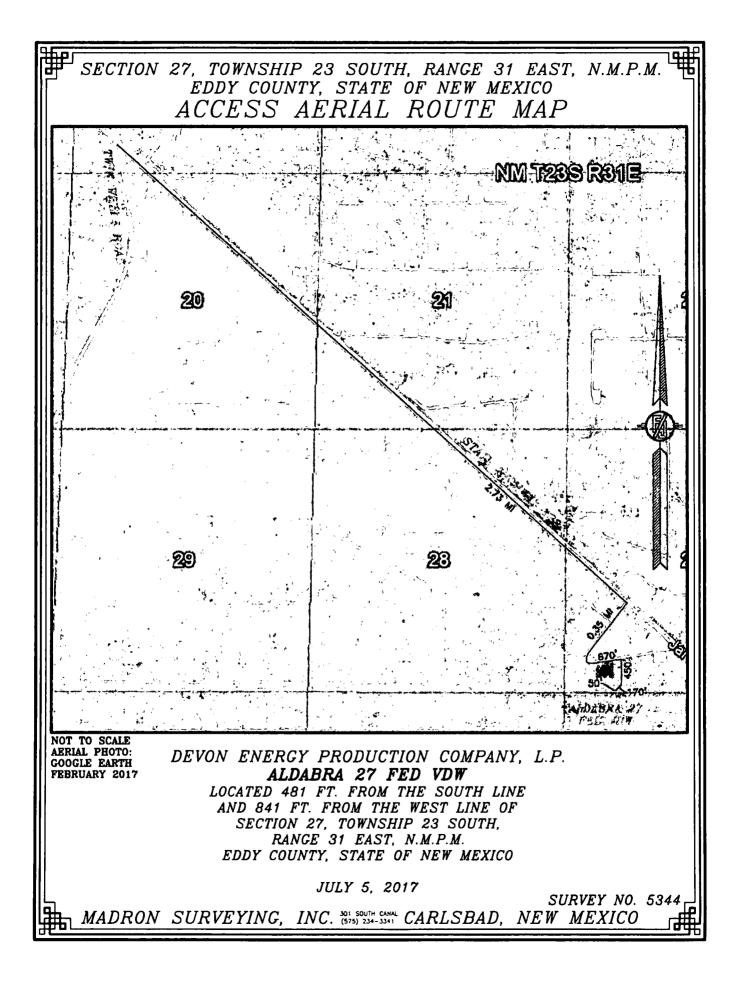
Previous Onsite information: 1/20/2017

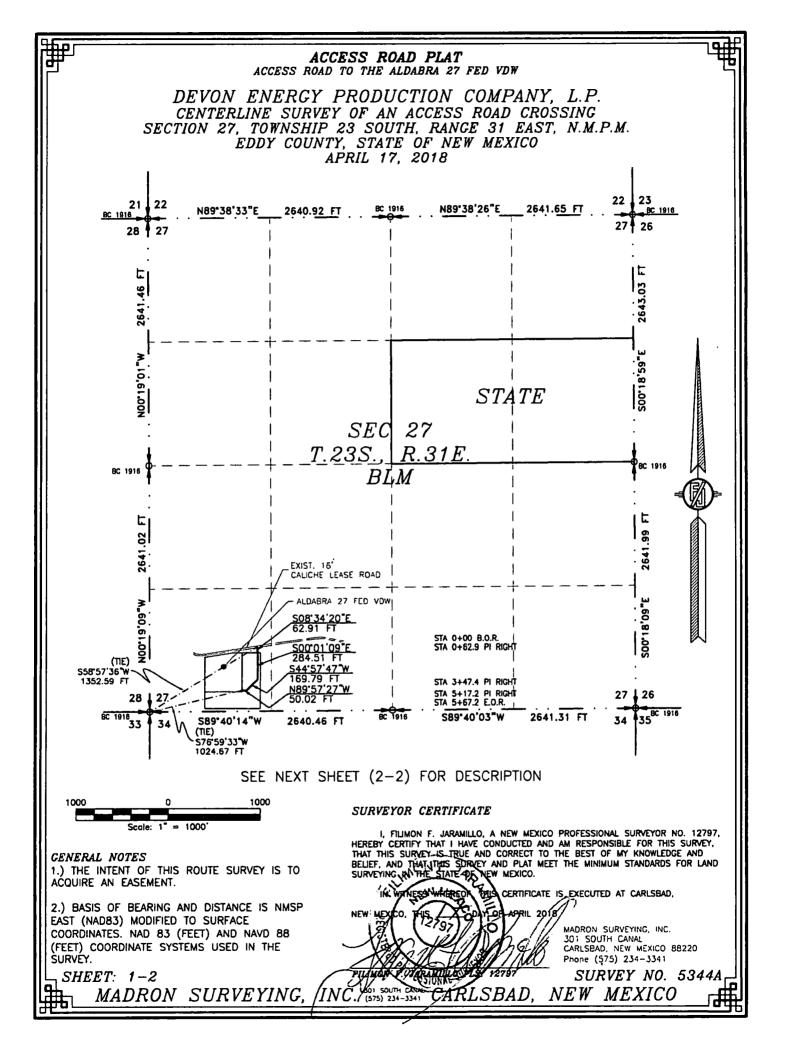
Well Name: ALDABRA 27 FED

Well Number: VDW

Other SUPO Attachment

Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Grading_Pln_20170925072607.pdf Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW_Pln_20170925072626.pdf Aldabra_27_Fed_VDW__Deficiencies_Corrected_20180423105307.pdf





ACCESS ROAD PLAT ACCESS ROAD TO THE ALDABRA 27 FED VDW

DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P. CENTERLINE SURVEY OF AN ACCESS ROAD CROSSING SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANCE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO APRIL 17, 2018

DESCRIPTION

A STRIP OF LAND 30 FEET WIDE CROSSING BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT LAND IN SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M., EDDY COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO AND BEING 15 FEET EACH SIDE OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CENTERLINE SURVEY:

BEGINNING AT A POINT WITHIN THE SW/4 SW/4 OF SAID SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M., WHENCE THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. BEARS 558'57'36'W, A DISTANCE OF 1352.59 FEET; THENCE SO8'34'20'E A DISTANCE OF 62.91 FEET TO AN ANGLE POINT OF THE LINE HEREIN DESCRIBED; THENCE S04'57'47'W A DISTANCE OF 169.79 FEET TO AN ANGLE POINT OF THE LINE HEREIN DESCRIBED; THENCE S44'57'47'W A DISTANCE OF 169.79 FEET TO AN ANGLE POINT OF THE LINE HEREIN DESCRIBED; THENCE N89'57'27'W A DISTANCE OF 50.02 FEET THE TERMINUS OF THIS CENTERLINE SURVEY, WHENCE THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

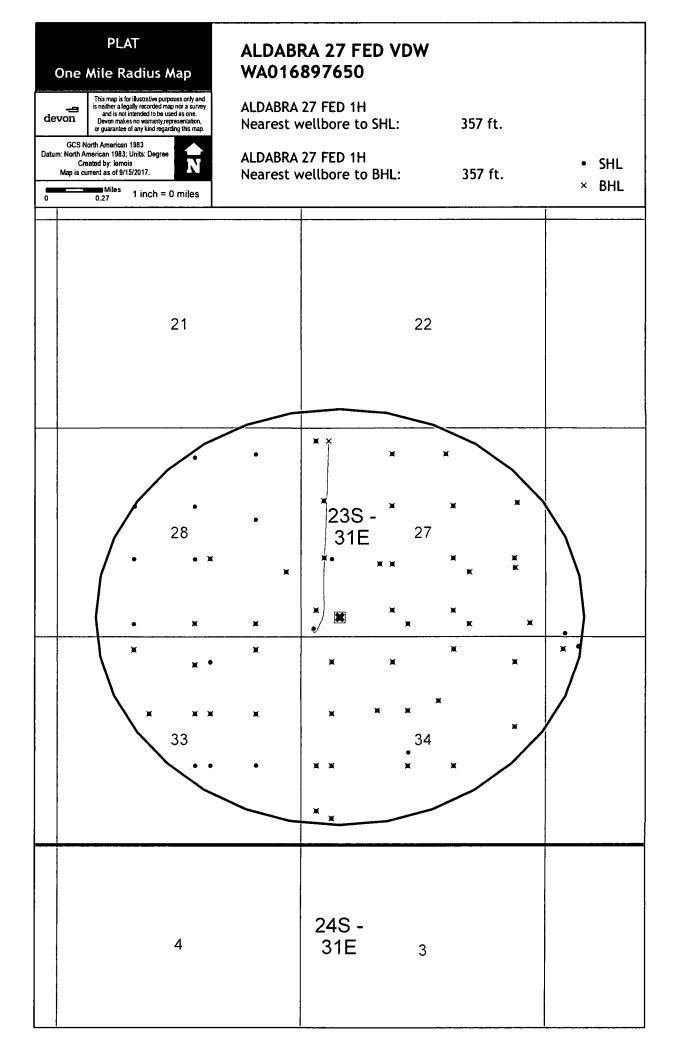
THENCE N89'57'27"W A DISTANCE OF 50.02 FEET THE TERMINUS OF THIS CENTERLINE SURVEY, WHENCE THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M. BEARS S76'59'33"W, A DISTANCE OF 1024.67 FEET;

SAID STRIP OF LAND BEING 567.23 FEET OR 34.38 RODS IN LENGTH, CONTAINING 0.391 ACRES MORE OR LESS AND BEING ALLOCATED BY FORTIES AS FOLLOWS:

SW/4 SW/4 567.23 L.F. 34.38 RODS 0.391 ACRES

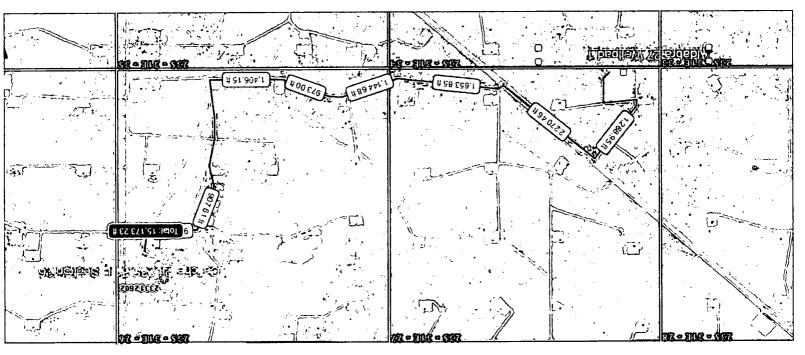
SURVEYOR CERTIFICATE

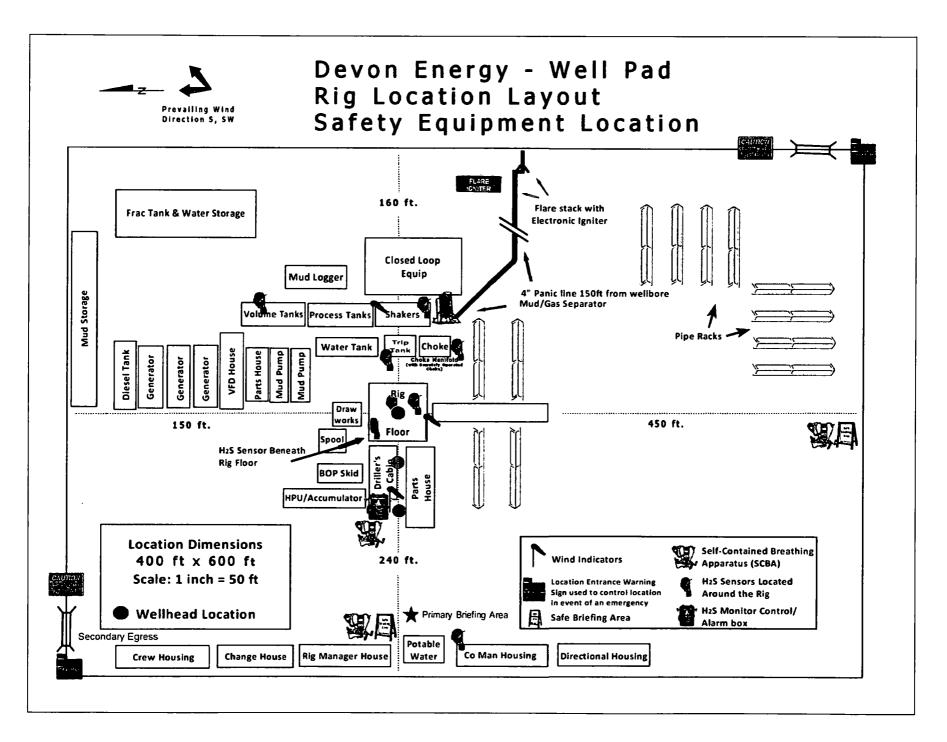
<i>GENERAL NOTES</i> 1.) THE INTENT OF THIS ROUTE SURVEY IS TO ACQUIRE AN EASEMENT.	I, FILIMON F. JARAMILLO, A NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 12797. HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I HAVE CONDUCTED AND AM RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS SURVEY, THAT THIS SURVEY IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, AND THAT THIS SURVEY AND PLAT MEET THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR LAND SURVEYING IN THE STATE OF NEW MEDICO. IN WITNESS WHERE THIS OF PLAT MEET IS EXECUTED AT CARLSBAD,
2.) BASIS OF BEARING AND DISTANCE IS NMSP EAST (NAD83) MODIFIED TO SURFACE COORDINATES. NAD 83 (FEET) AND NAVD 88 (FEET) COORDINATE SYSTEMS USED IN THE SURVEY.	NEW MEXICO, THIS 4 DAY OD APRIS 2018 MADRON SURVEYING, INC. 301 SOUTH CANAL CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO 88220 Phone (575) 234-3341
SHEET: 2-2	FILTED F. JAPANTILE STORE (JS) 254-554 FILTED F. JAPANTILE STORE STORE SURVEY NO. 5344A INC. 1575; 234-344 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

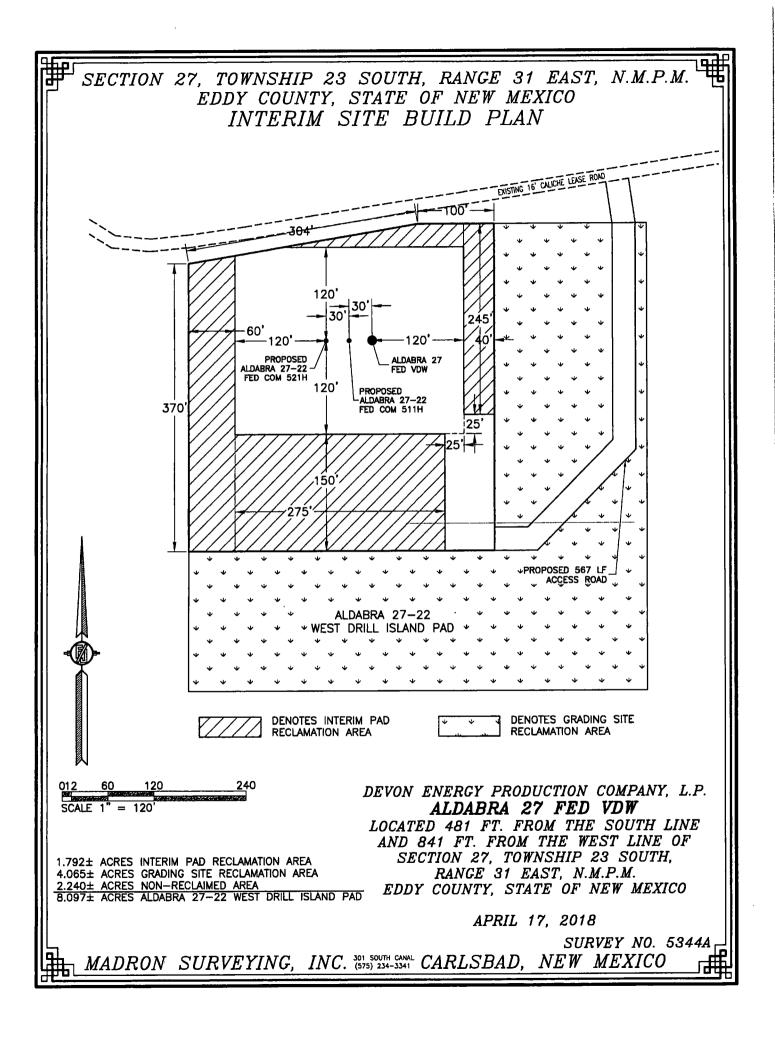


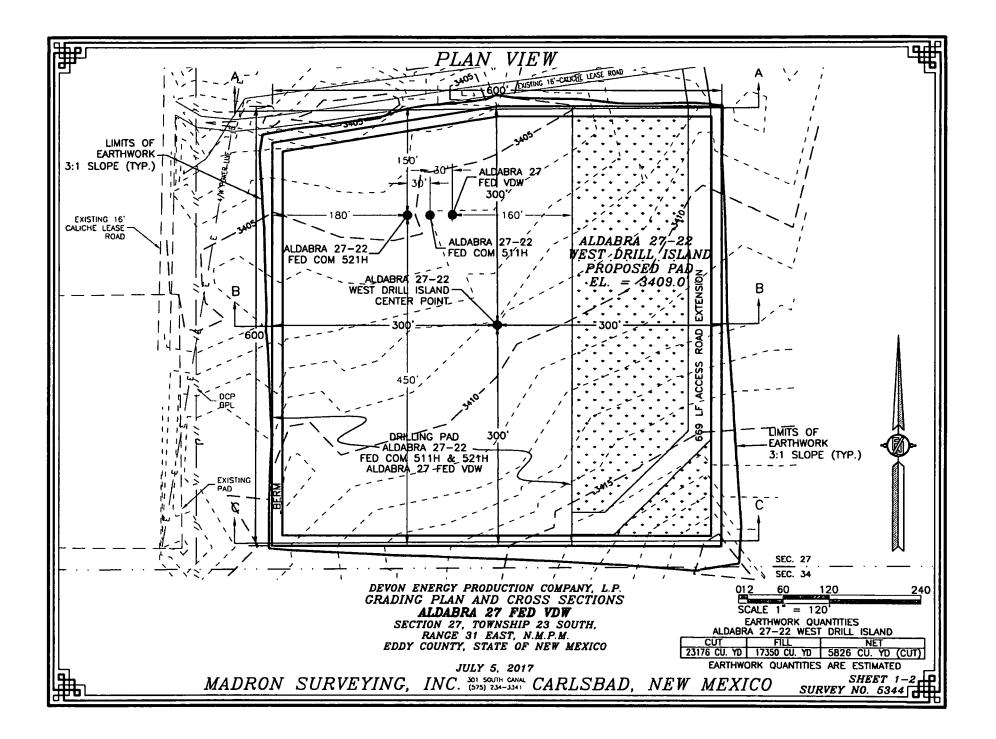
Due to the lack of water being utilized, all water will be truck via the approved road ways. No flow lines will be utilized.

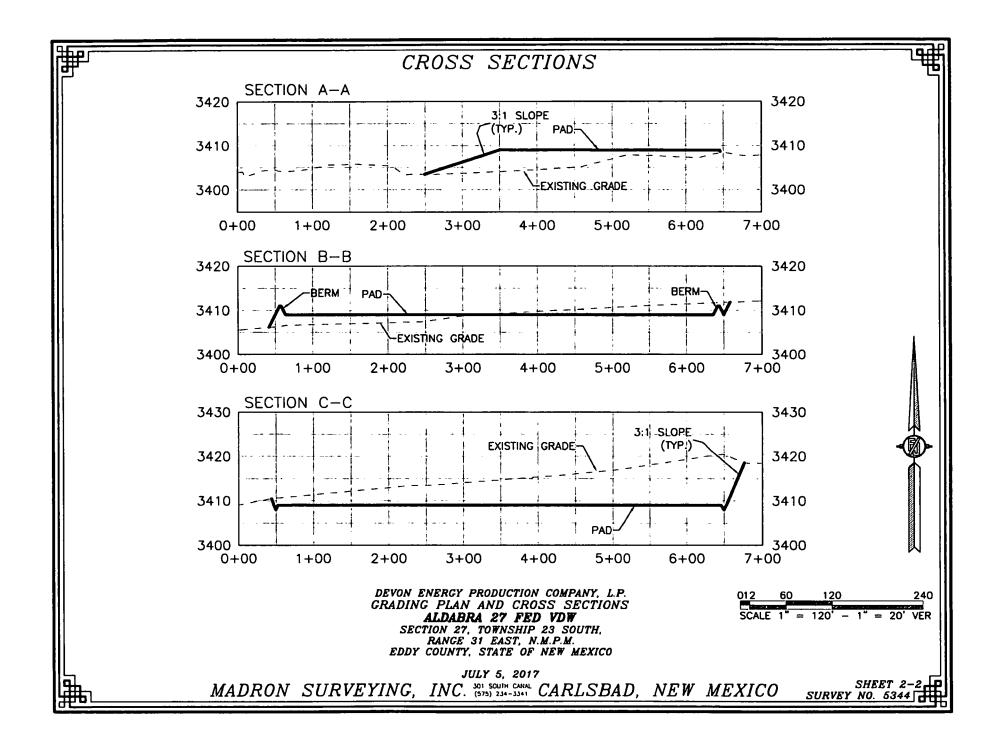
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The completion will entail Diagnostic Fracture Injection Tests (DFITs) and traced stimulations in order to help understand fracture geometries, reservoir properties, and improve future development planning. Depending on the number of tests to be conducted, rough completion testing time estimates range from several months to over one year for intermittent operations, monitoring, and data collection. After all formation testing has been completed, viability of commingling and/or isolating all tested intervals will be evaluated. After internal evaluation, Devon will sundry the well to propose to either produce the well, setup for long term pressure monitoring, evaluate further testing/re-completion, re-entry, or to plug and abandon the wellbore.

1. New and Reconstructed Roads Deficiency: Missing plat from pad to existing road.

New Access Rd with C-102 package

2. Location of Existing Wells Deficiency: Not going to get full pad.

New C-102 attached

3. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities Deficiency: Plats missing for power and flowlines...

This is a VDW neither will be utilized

4. Location and Type of Water Supply Deficiency: No map.

Water will be trucked for drilling only

5. Well Site Layout Deficiency: Not going to get full pad.

We're not asking for the full pad.



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

PWD Data Report

Section 1 - General

Would you like to address long-term produced water disposal? NO

Section 2 - Lined Pits

Would you like to utilize Lined Pit PWD options? NO Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: PWD surface owner: Lined pit PWD on or off channel: Lined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Lined pit specifications: **Pit liner description:** Pit liner manufacturers information: Precipitated solids disposal: Decribe precipitated solids disposal: Precipitated solids disposal permit: Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule: Lined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment: Lined pit reclamation description: Lined pit reclamation attachment: Leak detection system description: Leak detection system attachment: Lined pit Monitor description: Lined pit Monitor attachment: Lined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit? Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond? Lined pit bond number: Lined pit bond amount: Additional bond information attachment:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Section 3 - Unlined Pits

Would you like to utilize Unlined Pit PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

Unlined pit PWD on or off channel:

Unlined pit PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Unlined pit specifications:

Precipitated solids disposal:

Decribe precipitated solids disposal:

Precipitated solids disposal permit:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule:

Unlined pit precipitated solids disposal schedule attachment:

Unlined pit reclamation description:

Unlined pit reclamation attachment:

Unlined pit Monitor description:

Unlined pit Monitor attachment:

Do you propose to put the produced water to beneficial use?

Beneficial use user confirmation:

Estimated depth of the shallowest aquifer (feet):

Does the produced water have an annual average Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) concentration equal to or less than that of the existing water to be protected?

TDS lab results:

Geologic and hydrologic evidence:

State authorization:

Unlined Produced Water Pit Estimated percolation:

Unlined pit: do you have a reclamation bond for the pit?

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Unlined pit bond number:

Unlined pit bond amount:

Additional bond information attachment:

Section 4 - Injection

Would you like to utilize Injection PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

PWD surface owner:

Injection PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):

Injection well mineral owner:

PWD disturbance (acres):

PWD disturbance (acres):

Injection well type: Injection well number: Assigned injection well API number? Injection well new surface disturbance (acres): Minerals protection information: Mineral protection attachment: Underground Injection Control (UIC) Permit? UIC Permit attachment:

Section 5 - Surface Discharge

Would you like to utilize Surface Discharge PWD options? NO

 Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location:

 PWD surface owner:
 PWD disturbance (acres):

 Surface discharge PWD discharge volume (bbl/day):
 Surface Discharge NPDES Permit?

 Surface Discharge NPDES Permit attachment:
 Surface Discharge site facilities information:

 Surface discharge site facilities map:
 Surface Discharge site facilities map:

Section 6 - Other

Would you like to utilize Other PWD options? NO

Produced Water Disposal (PWD) Location: PWD surface owner: Other PWD discharge volume (bbl/day): Other PWD type description: Other PWD type attachment: Have other regulatory requirements been met? Other regulatory requirements attachment:

PWD disturbance (acres):

Injection well name:

Injection well API number:

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U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Bond Information

Federal/Indian APD: FED

BLM Bond number: CO1104

BIA Bond number:

Do you have a reclamation bond? NO

Is the reclamation bond a rider under the BLM bond?

Bond Info Data Report

21/2018

Is the reclamation bond BLM or Forest Service?

BLM reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond number:

Forest Service reclamation bond attachment:

Reclamation bond number:

Reclamation bond amount:

6

Reclamation bond rider amount:

Additional reclamation bond information attachment: