UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

NMOCD Artesia

FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 1004-0137 Expires: January 31, 2018

Expires: January 31, 2 5. Lease Serial No. NMNM17056

SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS Do not use this form for proposals to drill or to re-enter an abandoned well. Use form 3160-3 (APD) for such proposals.

6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name

abandoned we	If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name If Unit or CA/Agreement, Name and/or No.				
SUBMIT IN					
1. Type of Well ☑ Oil Well ☐ Gas Well ☐ Otl	her			8. Well Name and No NASH UNIT 3011	
Name of Operator XTO ENERGY INC	2. Name of Operator Contact: KELLY KARDOS				
3a. Address 6401 HOLIDAY HILL RD BLD MIDLAND, TX 79707	OG 5	3b. Phone No. (include area code) Ph: 432-620-4374		10. Field and Pool or FORTY NINER	Exploratory Area RIDGE; BS
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T	C., R., M., or Survey Description)			11. County or Parish,	State
Sec 19 T23S R30E Mer NMP	NENE 140FNL 630FEL			EDDY COUNTY, NM	
·		·		. *	
12. CHECK THE AI	PPROPRIATE BOX(ES)	TO INDICATE NATURE O	F NOTICE,	REPORT, OR OTI	HER.DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		TYPE OF	ACTION		
Notice of Intent	☐ Acidize	□ Deepen	☐ Product	ion (Start/Resume)	☐ Water Shut-Off
_	☐ Alter Casing	☐ Hydraulic Fracturing	☐ Reclam	ation	■ Well Integrity
☐ Subsequent Report	Casing Repair	■ New Construction	□ Recomplete		⊠ Other
☐ Final Abandonment Notice	☐ Change Plans	☐ Plug and Abandon	☐ Tempor	arily Abandon	Change to Original A PD
	☐ Convert to Injection	☐ Plug Back	■ Water Disposal		

13. Describe Proposed or Completed Operation: Clearly state all pertinent details, including estimated starting date of any proposed work and approximate duration thereof. If the proposal is to deepen directionally or recomplete horizontally, give subsurface locations and measured and true vertical depths of all pertinent markers and zones. Attach the Bond under which the work will be performed or provide the Bond No. on file with BLM/BIA. Required subsequent reports must be filed within 30 days following completion of the involved operations. If the operation results in a multiple completion or recompletion in a new interval, a Form 3160-4 must be filed once testing has been completed. Final Abandonment Notices must be filed only after all requirements, including reclamation, have been completed and the operator has determined that the site is ready for final inspection.

XTO Energy Inc, requests permission to set intermediate casing at 7750' instead of 7100' as originally applied for. Updated drilling program attached....

2 Mafer 18-5/8"
5 M multibook after 13-3/8"
DV tool on 9-5/8"

(Instructions on page 2)

SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

	<u> </u>	APR 0 1	L 2019
14. I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Electronic Submission #456555 verifie For XTO ENERGY INC Committed to AFMSS for processing	i by the BLM Well Inforn sent to the Carlsbad y PRISCILLA PEREZ on	nation System DISTRICT II-ART	ESIA O.C.D.
/ Name (Printed/Typed) KELLY KARDOS /	Title REGULATOR	Y COORDINATOR	
Signature (Electronic Submission)	Date 03/04/2019	APPROVED	
THIS SPACE FOR FEDERA	L OR STATE OFFIC	E USE	
Approved By	Title	MAR 1 9 2019	Date
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Approval of this notice does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.	·	AU OF LAND MANAGEMENT VELL FIELD MANAGEMENT	
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any perstates any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter w	son knowingly and willfully thin its jurisdiction.	y to make to any department or agency	of the United

OPERATOR-SUBMITTED ** OPERATOR-SUBMITTED **

DRILLING PLAN: BLM COMPLIANCE (Supplement to BLM 3160-3)

XTO Energy Inc. Nash 301

Projected TD: 22228' MD / 10447' TVD SHL: 140' FNL & 630' FEL , Section 19, T23S, R30E BHL: 1276' FSL & 990' FEL, Section 6, T23S, R30E Eddy County, NM

1. Geologic Name of Surface Formation

Quaternary

2. Estimated Tops of Geological Markers & Depths of Anticipated Fresh Water, Oil or Gas

Formation	Well Depth (TVD)	Water/Oil/Gas
Rustler	28'	Water
Top of Salt	407'	Water
Base of Salt	/ 3242'	Water
Delaware	3479'	Water
Bone Spring	7646'	Water
1st Bone Spring Ss	8184'	Water/Oil/Gas
2nd Bone Spring Ss	9027'	Water/Oil/Gas
3rd Bone Spring Ss	10084'	Water/Oil/Gas
Target/Land Curve	10447'	Water/Oil/Gas

^{***} Hydrocarbons @ Brushy Canyon

No other formations are expected to yield oil, gas or fresh water in measurable volumes. The surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 18-5/8" inch casing @ 385' (22' above the salt) and circulating cement back to surface. The salt will be isolated by setting 13-3/8" inch casing at 3342' and circulating cement to surface. The second intermediate will isolate from the salt down to the next casing seat by setting 9-5/8" inch casing at 7750' and a DV tool at 3392'. A 8-3/4" inch curve and lateral hole will be drilled to MD/TD and 5-1/2 inch casing will be set at TD and cemented back up to surface per Potash regulations.

3. Casing Design

Hole Size	Depth	OD Csg	Weight	Collar	Grade	New/Used	SF Burst	SF Collapse	SF Tension
24"	0' – 385'	18-5/8"	87.5	STC	H-40	New	1.60	3.58	16.59
17-1/2"	0' – 3342'	13-3/8"	68	STC	J-55	New	1.62	1.89	2.97
12-1/4"	0' – 7750'	9-5/8"	40	LTC	J-55	New	1.97	1.93	2.35
8-3/4"	0' – 22228'	5-1/2"	17	втс	P-110	New	1.12	1.43	2.18

- · XTO requests to utilize centralizers only in the curve after the KOP and only a minimum of one every other joint.
- · 13-3/8" Collapse analyzed using 50% evacuation based on regional experience.
- 9-5/8" Collapse analyzed using 33% evacuation based on regional experience.
- 5-1/2" Tension calculated using vertical hanging weight plus the lateral weight multiplied by a friction factor of 0.35
- Test on 2M Annular & Casing will be limited to 70% burst of the casing or 1500 psi, whichver is less

Wellhead:

Temporary Wellhead

18-5/8" SOW bottom x 21-1/4" 2M top flange.

- Permanent Wellhead GE RSH Multibowl System
 A. Starting Head: 13-5/8" 5M top flange x 13-3/8" SOW bottom
- B. Tubing Head: 13-5/8" 5M bottom flange x 7-1/16" 10M top flange
 - Wellhead will be installed by manufacturer's representatives.
 - · Manufacturer will monitor welding process to ensure appropriate temperature of seal.
 - Operator will test the 9-5/8" casing per BLM Onshore Order 2
 - · Wellhead Manufacturer representative will not be present for BOP test plug installation

^{***} Groundwater depth 40' (per NM State Engineers Office).

4. Cement Program

Surface Casing: 18-5/8", 87.5 New H-40, STC casing to be set at +/- 385'

Tail: 710 sxs Halcem-C + 2% CaCl (mixed at 14.8 ppg, 1.35 ft3/sx, 6.39 gal/sx water)

Compressives: 12-hr = 900 psi 24 hr = 1500 psi

1st Intermediate Casing: 13-3/8", 68 New J-55, STC casing to be set at +/- 3342'

Lead: 2260 sxs EconoCem-HLTRRC (mixed at 12.9 ppg, 1.87 ft3/sx, 10.13 gal/sx water)
Tail: 300 sxs Halcem-C + 2% CaCl (mixed at 14.8 ppg, 1.35 ft3/sx, 6.39 gal/sx water)
Compressives: 12-hr = 900 psi 24 hr = 1500 psi

2nd Intermediate Casing: 9-5/8", 40 New J-55, LTC casing to be set at +/- 7750' ECP/DV Tool to be set at 3392' 1st Stage

Lead: 1280 sxs Halcem-C + 2% CaCl (mixed at 12.9 ppg, 1.88 ft3/sx, 9.61 gal/sx water)

Tail: 230 sxs Halcem-C + 2% CaCl (mixed at 14.8 ppg, 1.33 ft3/sx, 6.39 gal/sx water)

Compressives: 12-hr = 900 psi 24 hr = 1500 psi

2nd Stage

Lead: 960 sxs Halcem-C + 2% CaCl (mixed at 12.9 ppg, 1.88 ft3/sx, 9.61 gal/sx water)

Tail: 230 sxs Halcem-C + 2% CaCl (mixed at 14.8 ppg, 1.33 ft3/sx, 6.39 gal/sx water)

Compressives: 12-hr = 900 psi 24 hr = 1500 psi

Production Casing: 5-1/2", 17 New P-110, BTC casing to be set at +/- 22228'

Lead: 790 sxs NeoCem (mixed at 10.5 ppg, 2.69 ft3/sx, 12.26 gal/sx water)

Tail: 2610 sxs VersaCem (mixed at 13.2 ppg, 1.61 ft3/sx, 8.38 gal/sx water)
Compressives: 12-hr = 1375 psi 24 hr = 2285 psi

5. Pressure Control Equipment

The blow out preventer equipment (BOP) on surface casing temporary wellhead will consist of a 21-1/4" minimum 2M Hydril. MASP should not exceed 1020 psi.

2 ma Per 18-5/8"

Once the permanent WH is installed on the 13-3/8" casing, the blow out preventer equipment (BOP) will consist of a 13-5/8" minimum 3M-HydriL and a 13-5/8" minimum 3M-Double Ram BOP. MASP should not exceed 2917 psi.

All BOP testing will be done by an independent service company. Annular pressure tests will be limited to 50% of the working pressure. When nippling up on the 13-3/8", 3M bradenhead and flange, the BOP test will be limited to 3000 psi. When nippling up on the 9-5/8", the BOP will be tested to a minimum of 3000 psi. All BOP tests will include a low pressure test as per BLM regulations. The 3MBOP diagrams are attached. Blind rams will be functioned tested each trip, pipe rams will be functioned tested each day.

often 13-3/8".

tosked to 5,000 psi

A variance is requested to allow use of a flex hose as the choke line from the BOP to the Choke Manifold. If this hose is used, a copy of the manufacturer's certification and pressure test chart will be kept on the rig. Attached is an example of a certification and pressure test chart. The manufacturer does not require anchors.

6. Proposed Mud Circulation System

INTERVAL	Hole Size	Mud Type	MW . (ppg)	Viscosity (sec/qt)	Fluid Loss (cc)
0' - 385'	24"	FW/Native	8.4-8.8	35-40	NC
385' - 3342'	17-1/2"	Brine	9.8-10.2	30-32	NC
3342' to 7750'	12-1/4"	FW / Cut Brine	8.7-9.4	30-32	NC
7750' to 22228'	8-3/4"	Cut Brine / Polymer	9.3 - 9.6	29-32	NC - 20

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Spud with fresh water/native mud. Drill out from under 18-5/8" surface casing with brine solution. A ppg-10.2ppg brine mud will be used while drilling through the salt formation. Use fibrous materials as needed to control seepage and lost circulation. Pump viscous sweeps as needed for hole cleaning. Pump speed will be recorded on a daily drilling report after mudding up. A Pason or Totco will be used to detect changes in loss or gain of mud volume. A mud test will be performed every 24 hours to determine: density, viscosity, strength, filtration and pH as necessary. Use available solids controls equipment to help keep mud weight down after mud up. Rig up solids control equipment to operate as a closed loop system.

7. Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment

- A. A Kelly cock will be in the drill string at all times.
- B. A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve having appropriate connections will be on the rig floor at all times.
- C. H2S monitors will be on location when drilling below the 13-3/8" casing.

8. Logging, Coring and Testing Program

Mud Logger: Mud Logging Unit (2 man) below intermediate casing.

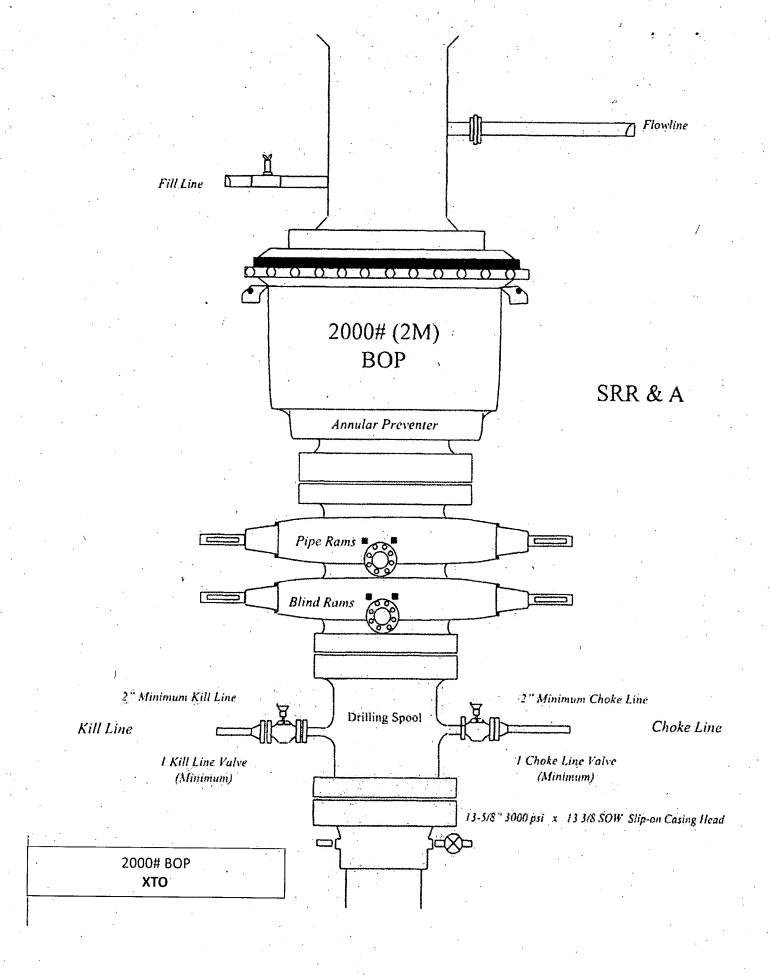
Open hole logging will not be done on this well.

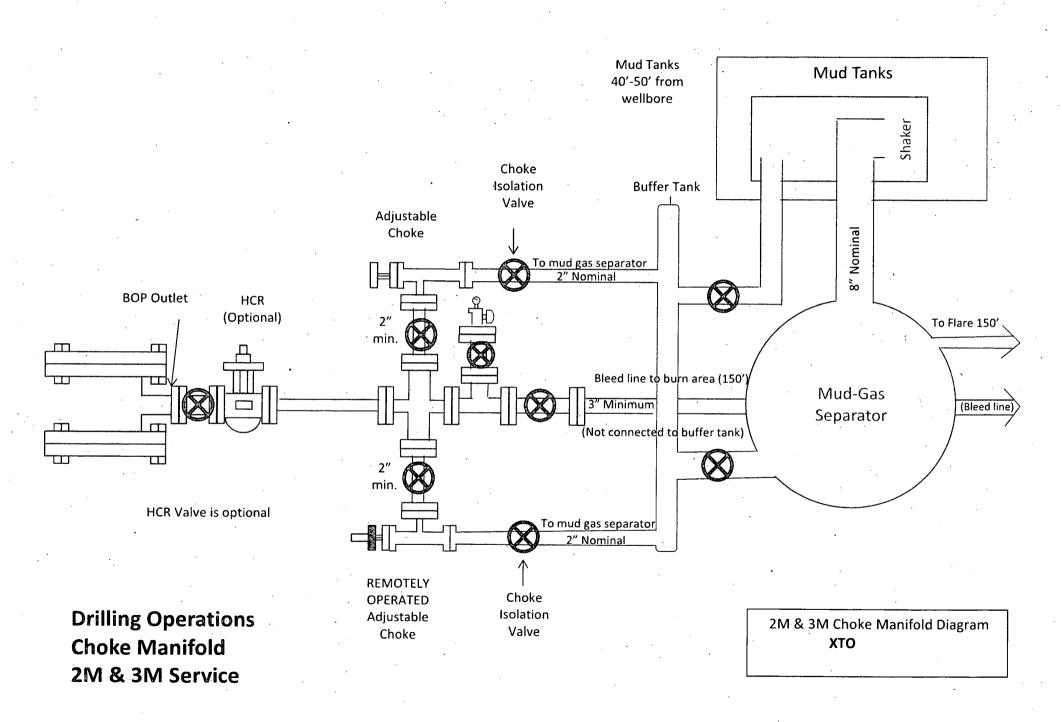
9. Abnormal Pressures and Temperatures / Potential Hazards

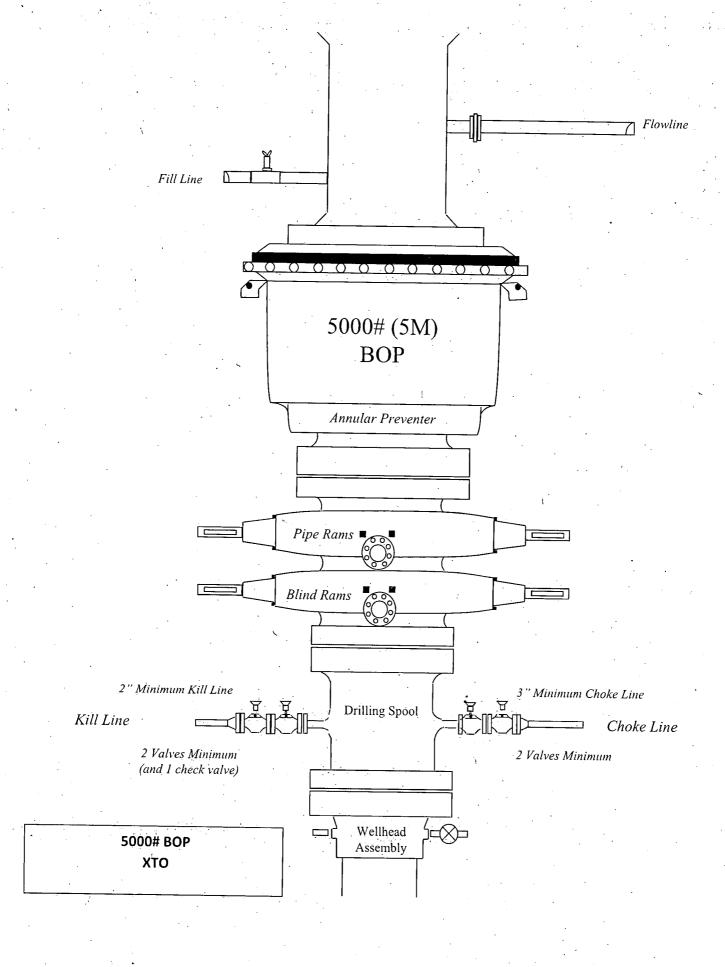
None Anticipated. BHT of 170 to 190 F is anticipated. No H2S is expected but monitors will be in place to detect any H2S occurrences. Should these circumstances be encountered the operator and drilling contractor are prepared to take all necessary steps to ensure safety of all personnel and environment. Lost circulation could occur but is not expected to be a serious problem in this area and hole seepage will be compensated for by additions of small amounts of LCM in the drilling fluid. The maximum anticipated bottom hole pressure for this well is 5215 psi.

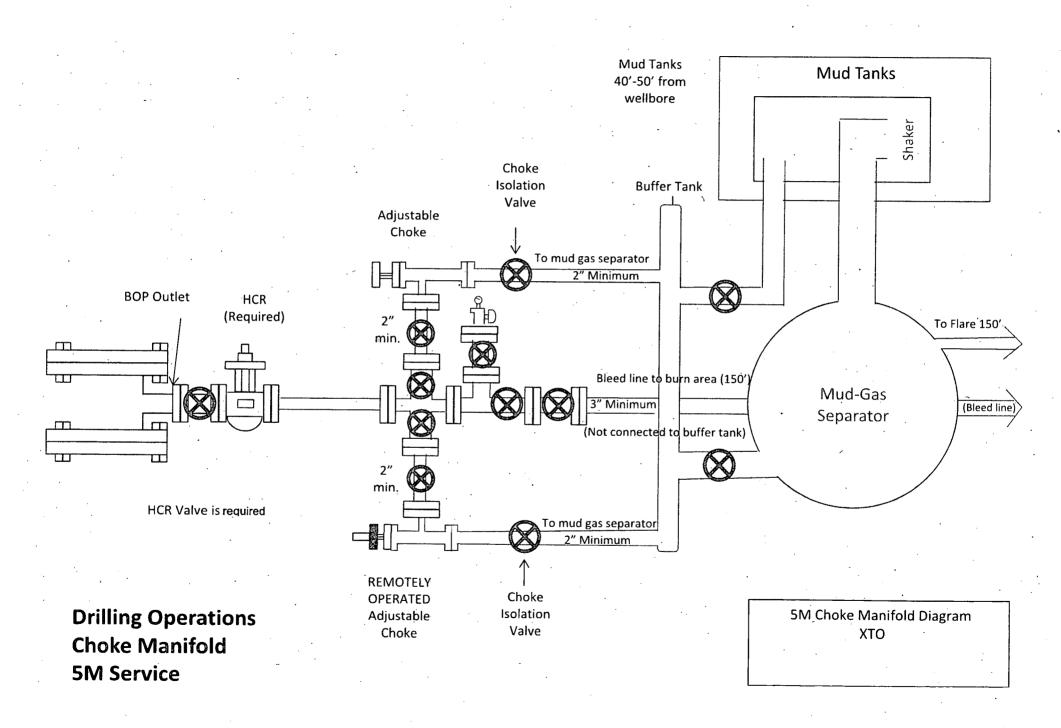
10. Anticipated Starting Date and Duration of Operations

Road and location construction will begin after Santa Fe and BLM have approved the APD. Anticipated spud date will be as soon after Santa Fe and BLM approval and as soon as a rig will be available. Move in operations and drilling is expected to take 40 days. If production casing is run, an additional 30 days will be needed to complete well and construct surface facilities and/or lay flow lines in order to place well on production.

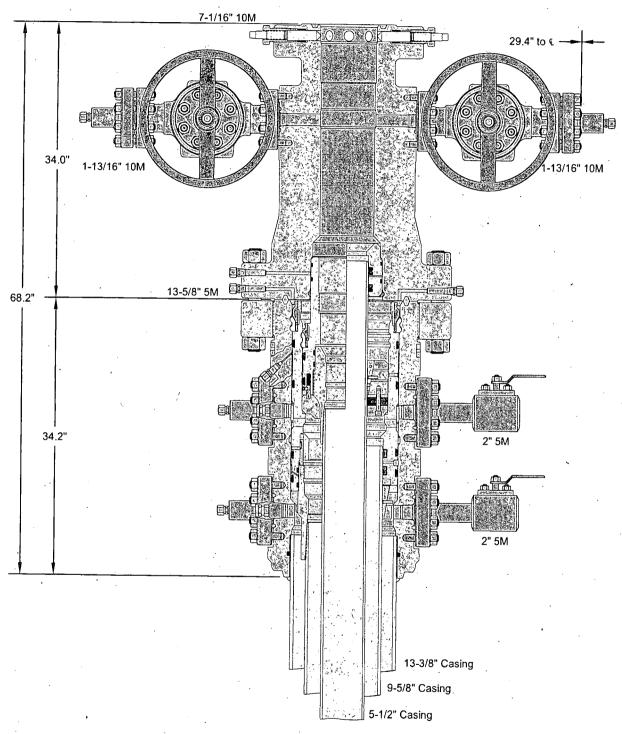












ALL DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE

This drawing is the property of GE Oil & Gas Pressure Control LP and is considered confidential. Unless otherwise approved in writing, neither it nor its contents may be used, copied, transmitted or reproduced except for the sole purpose of GE Oil & Gas Pressure Control LP.

13-3/8" x 9-5/8" x 5-1/2" 10M RSH-2 Wellhead

Assembly, With T-EBS-F Tubing Head

DRAWN

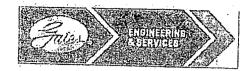
VJK

16FEB17

FOR REFERENCE ONLY

DRAWING NO.

10012842



GATES E & S NORTH AMERICA, INC

DU-TEX

134 44TH STREET

CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS 78405

PHONE: 361-387-9807

FAX:

361-887-0812

EMAIL: crpe&s@gates.com

WEB:

www.gates.com

GRADE D PRESSURE TEST CERTIFICATE

Customer :	AUSTIN DISTRIBUTING	Tast Date:	S. M. Control	
Customer Ref. :	PENDING	Hose Senal No.:	6/8/2014	
invaice No. :	201709		D-060814-1	
	. 4	Created By:	HORMA	
			• .'	
Product Description:		FD3.042.0R/1/16.5KFLGE/E	LE	
End Filting 1:	4 1/16 in.5K FLG	Full Fills		
Sates Part No. :	4774-6001	End Fitting 2 :	4 1/16 in.5K FLG	
Vorking Pressure :	5,000 PS1	Assembly Code :	L33090011513D-060814-1	
<u> </u>	3,000 / 31	Test Pressure :	7,500 PSI	

Gates E & S North America, Inc. certifies that the following hose assembly has been tested to the Gates Oilfield Roughneck Agreement/Specification requirements and passed the 15 minute hydrostatic test per API Spec 7K/Q1, Fifth Edition, June 2010, Test pressure 9.6.7 and per Table 9 to 7,500 psi in accordance with this product number. Hose burst pressure 9.6.7.2 exceeds the minimum of 2.5 times the working pressure per Table 9.

Quality:

Date :

Signature:

QUALITY

6/8/2014

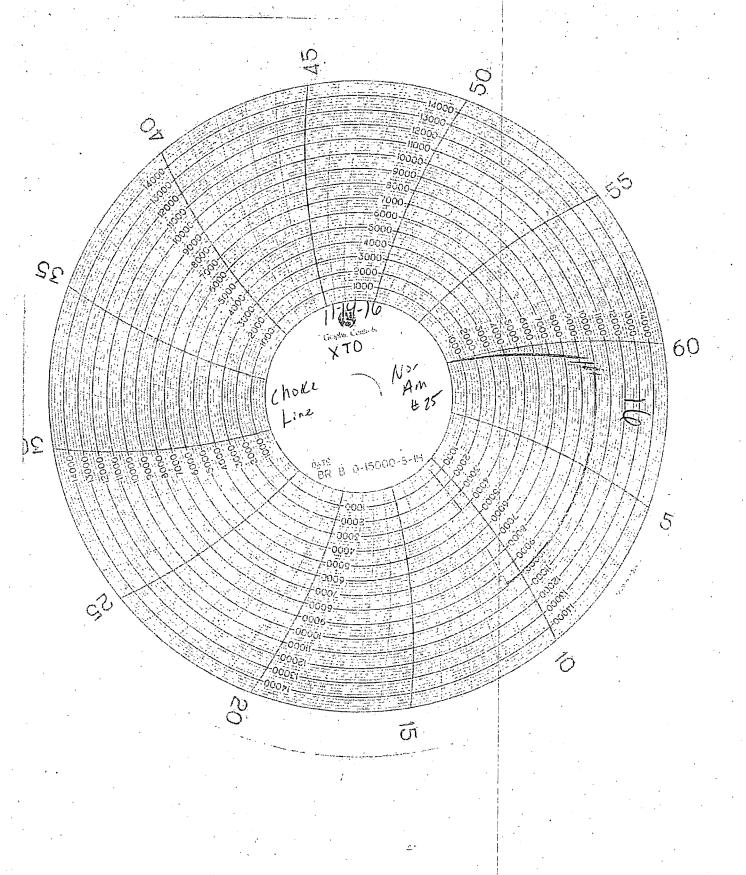
Technical Supervisor:

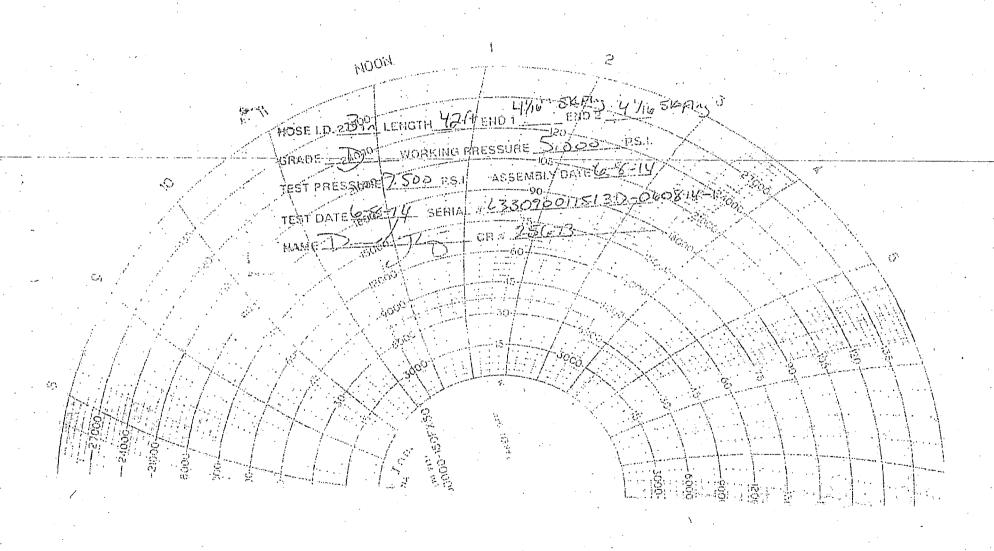
Date:

Signature :

PRODUCTION 6/8/2014

Form PTC - 01 Rev.0 2





PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: | XTO Energy Incorporated

LEASE NO.: | NMNM-017056

WELL NAME & NO.: Nash Unit 301H

SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: | 0140' FNL & 0630' FEL BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE | 1120' FSL & 0990' FEL Sect. 06, T. 23 S., R 30 E.

LOCATION: Section 19, T. 23 S., R 30 E., NMPM

COUNTY: Eddy County, New Mexico

The original COAs still stand with the following drilling modifications:

Commercial Well Determination

A commercial well determination shall be submitted after production has been established for at least six months.

Unit Wells

The well sign for a unit well shall include the unit number in addition to the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. This also applies to participating area numbers. If a participating area has not been established, the operator can use the general unit designation, but will replace the unit number with the participating area number when the sign is replaced.

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.

- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas:

After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log.

Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

R-111-P-Potash

High Cave/Karst

Possibility of water flows in the Salado and Castile.

Possibility of lost circulation in the Rustler, Delaware, and Bone Spring Lime.

A MINIMUM OF TWO CASING STRINGS CEMENTED TO SURFACE IS REQUIRED IN HIGH CAVE/KARST AREAS. THE CEMENT MUST BE IN A SOLID SHEATH. THEREFORE, ONE INCH OPERATIONS ARE NOT SUFFICIENT TO PROTECT CAVE KARST RESOURCES. A CASING DESIGN THAT HAS A ONE INCH JOB PERFORMED DOES NOT COUNT AS A SOLID SHEATH.IF THE PRIMARY CEMENT JOB ON THE SURFACE CASING DOES NOT CIRCULATE, THEN THE NEXT TWO CASING STRINGS MUST BE CEMENTED TO SURFACE.

- 1. The 18-5/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 385 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

13-3/8" Intermediate casing shall be kept fluid filled while running into hole to meet BLM minimum collapse requirements.

2.	The minimum required fill of cement behind the 13-3/8 inch intermediate casing is:
	Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a. c-d above. Wait

Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst and potash.

9-5/8" Intermediate casing shall be kept fluid filled while running into hole to meet BLM minimum collapse requirements.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

Operator has proposed DV tool at depth of 3392', but will adjust cement proportionately if moved. DV tool shall be set a minimum of 50' below previous shoe and a minimum of 200' above current shoe. Operator shall submit sundry if DV tool depth cannot be set in this range. If an ECP is used, it is to be set a minimum of 50' below the shoe to provide cement across the shoe. If it cannot be set below the shoe, a CBL shall be run to verify cement coverage.

a.	First	stage	to	DV	tool	:
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- Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve circulation on the next stage.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to potash.

Formation below the 9-5/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.

Centralizers required on horizontal leg, must be type for horizontal service and a minimum of one every other joint.

- 4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office. Excess calculates to 11% Additional cement may be required.
- 5. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 6. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API 53.
- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 2000 (2M) psi.
- 4. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the 13-3/8 inch casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 13-3/8 inch casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Operator shall perform the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing integrity test to 70% of the casing burst. This will test the multi-bowl seals.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.

5M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.

- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, no tests shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time.
 - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not** a **cup** or **J-packer**.
 - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
 - d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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