R-111-POTASH

OCD-ARTESIA

JAN 05 2009 OCD-ARTESIA

ATS-08-993 E1-89-113

Form 3160-3 (April 2004)			OMB No.	APPROVED . 1004-0137 [arch 31, 200	17	
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE IN BUREAU OF LAND MANA APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO D	GEMENT	-	5. Lease Serial No. NM-0405444-A6. If Indian, Allotee		ame	
ia. Type of work: DRILL REENTER	Sontrolled Water Ba	asin	7 If Unit or CA Agree	ement, Nam	ne and No).
Ib. Type of Well: Onl Well Gas Well Other		ole Zone	8. Lease Name and W Todd 23D Fede		1	
Name of Operator Devon Energy Production Company, LP			9. API Well No.	5.36	,86	<u> </u>
3a. Address 20 North Broadway Oklahoma City, Oklahoma City 73102-8260	b. Phone No. (include area code) 405-228-8699		10. Field and Pool, or E Ingle Wells; D	xploratory		
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any At surface NW/4 NW/4 760 FNL & 660 FWL At proposed prod. zone NW/4 NW/4 760 FNL & 660 FWL	State requirements.*) 690'FNL\$ 40. C.L. 10/30/08	i'Ful	11. Sec., T. R. M. or Bl SEC 23 T23S F		ey or Are	a
14 Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* Approximately 19 miles east of Loving, NM.	(4)) 400		12. County or Parish Eddy County	1	13. State	IM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No. of acres in lease1320 Acres	17. Spacing	g Unit dedicated to this w res	rell		
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 1222'	19. Proposed Depth 8450' TD	20. BLM/B CO-11	IA Bond No. on file			
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc) 3455' GL	22. Approximate date work will star	rt*	23. Estimated duration 45 days	ı	,	
	24. Attachments	,	_			
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 2. A Drilling Plan. 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System L SUPO shall be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).	4. Bond to cover the litem 20 above). ands, the 5. Operator certific	he operation cation specific info	s form: us unless covered by an emation and/or plans as	Ţ		•
25. Signature Judy a Sarvey	Name (Printed/Typed) Judy A. Barnett			Date 08/18	3/2008	
Regulatory Analyst						
Approved by (Signatulக) Linda S.C. Rundell	Name (Printed/Typed) /s/ Linda	S.C. Ru	undell	Date	16	2008

NM STATE OFFICE Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to

conduct operations thereon.
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

APPROVAL FOR TWO YEARS

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

Office

*(Instructions on page 2)

Title

SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL APPROVAL SUBJECT TO GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND SPECIAL STIPULATIONS **ATTACHED**

Form 3160-5 (February 2005)

I/

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

OCD-ARTESIA

FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires: March 31, 2007

Expires: March 31, 2007
5. Lease Serial No. NM-0405444-A
6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name

SUNDRY	NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS
Do not use this	form for proposals to drill or to re-enter an
abandoned well.	Use Form 3160-3 (APD) for such proposals.

	orm for proposals t Use Form 3160-3 (A				
SUBMIT	T IN TRIPLICATE - Other	instructions on page	2.	7. If Unit of CA/Agr	reement, Name and/or No.
1. Type of Well Oil Well Gas W	Vell Other			8. Well Name and N TODD 23D FEDE	
2. Name of Operator Devon Energy Production Company	, L.P.			9. API Well No.	0.015.36861
3a. Address 20 North Broadway Oklahoma City, OK 75102	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3b. Phone No. (included) 405-232-3611	de area code)	10. Field and Pool o INGLE WELLS; D	r Exploratory Area
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T.,, SEC 23 T23S R31E 690 FNL & 402 FWL	R.,M., or Survey Description)		11. Country or Paris Eddy NM	h, State
12. CHEC	CK THE APPROPRIATE BO	OX(ES) TO INDICATI	NATURE OF NOTIC	CE, REPORT OR OT	HER DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION			TYPE OF ACT	ION	
✓ Notice of Intent Subsequent Report	Acidize Alter Casing Casing Repair	Deepen Fracture Tre New Constr	at Recla	uction (Start/Resume) imation mplete	Water Shut-Off Well Integrity Other
Final Abandonment Notice	Change Plans Convert to Injection	Plug and Ab	_ ^	oorarily Abandon r Disposal	Location Change
testing has been completed. Final determined that the site is ready fo Devon Energy Production Company Please see attached C-102 reflecting	r final inspection.) /, L. P. respectfully reques	•		·	•
Attachments					
14. I hereby certify that the foregoing is to Name (Printea/Typed) Judy A. Barnett Signature	True and correct.		Regulatory Analyst		
/	THIS SPACE	FOR FEDERAL	OR STATE OF	FICE USE	
Approved by	/s/ Linda S.C. Run	dell	TATE DIRE	ECTOR	DEC 1.6 2008
Conditions of approval, if any, are attache that the applicant holds legal or equitable entitle the applicant to conduct operations	title to those rights in the subje		Office	NM STATE (
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations.			nowingly and willfully t	o make to any departn	nent or agency of the United States any false,

(Instructions on page 2)

DISTRICT I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 DISTRICT II 1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesse, NM 88210

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

DISTRICT III

DISTRICT IV

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Form C-102 Revised October 12, 2005

Submit to Appropriate District Office State Lease - 4 Copies Fee Lease - 3 Copies

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

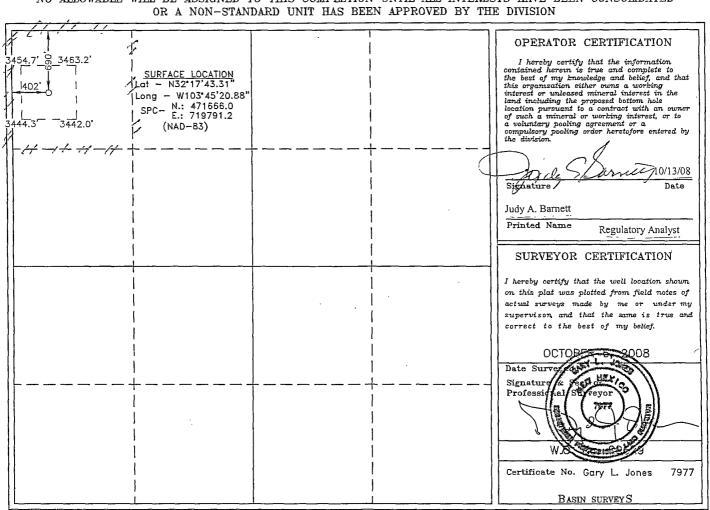
1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

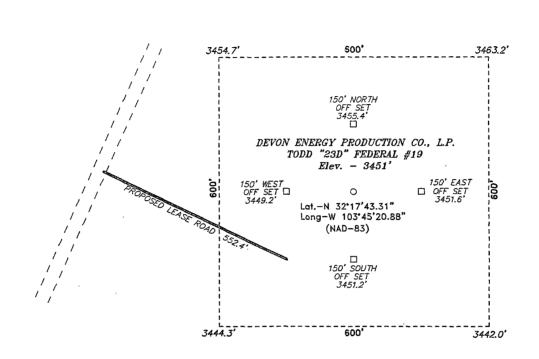
☐ AMENDED REPORT

API Number Pool Code Pool Name									
20.015	. 36X	41	3	3745		INGLE WELLS; DELAWARE			
Property (ode				Property Nam			Well Number	
3197	12			TOI	DD "23D" FE	DERAL		19	
OGRID No).				Operator Nam			Elevat	
6137			DEVON	I ENERG	Y PRODUCT	ION COMPANY	LP	345	1
Surface Location									
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
D	23	23 S	31 E		690	NORTH	402	WEST	EDDY
			Bottom	Hole Loc	ation If Diffe	rent From Sur	face		
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range.	Lot Idn	. Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
Dedicated Acre	Joint o	r Infill Co	nsolidation (Code Or	der No.				
40	}				,				

NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED



SECTION 23, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST, N.M.P.M., EDDY COUNTY.



Directions to Location:

FROM THE JUNCTION OF HWY 128 AND RED ROAD, GO NORTH 2.2 MILES TO LEASE ROAD, ON LEASE ROAD GO WESTERLY 1.1 MILES TO LEASE ROAD, ON LEASE ROAD GO NORTHERLY 0.2 MILES TO PROPOSED LEASE ROAD.

BASIN SURVEYS P.O. BOX 1786 - HOBBS, NEW MEXICO

W.O. Number: 20629 Drawn By: 10-09-2008

Disk: 20629

200 200 400 FEET SCALE: 1" = 200'

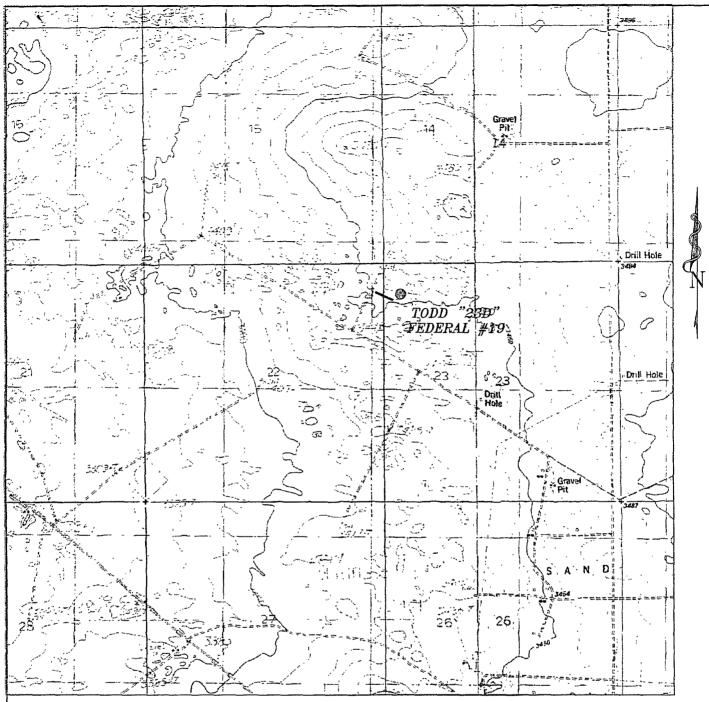
DEVON ENERGY PROD. CO., L.P.

REF: TODD "23D" FEDERAL #19 / WELL PAD TOPO

THE TODD "23D" FEDERAL #19 LOCATED 690' FROM THE NORTH LINE AND 402' FROM THE WEST LINE OF SECTION 23, TOWNSHIP 23 SOUTH, RANGE 31 EAST,

N.M.P.M., EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

Sheets Survey Date: 10-06-2008 Sheet



TODD "23D" FEDERAL #19 Located at 690' FNL AND 402' FWL Section 23, Township 23 South, Range 31 East, N.M.P.M., Eddy County, New Mexico.

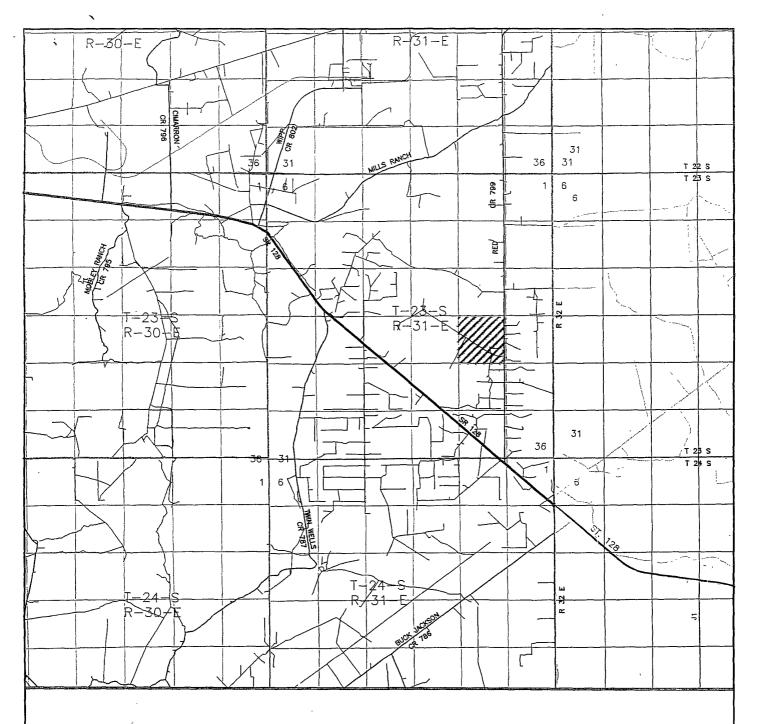
Date: 10-09-2008



P.O. Box 1786 1120 N. West County Rd. Hobbs, New Mexico 88241 (575) 393-7316 — Office (575) 392-2206 — Fax basinsurveys.com

W.O. Number:	JMS 20629
Survey Date:	10-06-2008
Scale: 1" = 20	000'

DEVON ENERGY PROD. CO., L.P.



TODD "23D" FEDERAL #19 Located at 690' FNL AND 402' FWL Section 23, Township 23 South, Range 31 East, N.M.P.M., Eddy County, New Mexico.



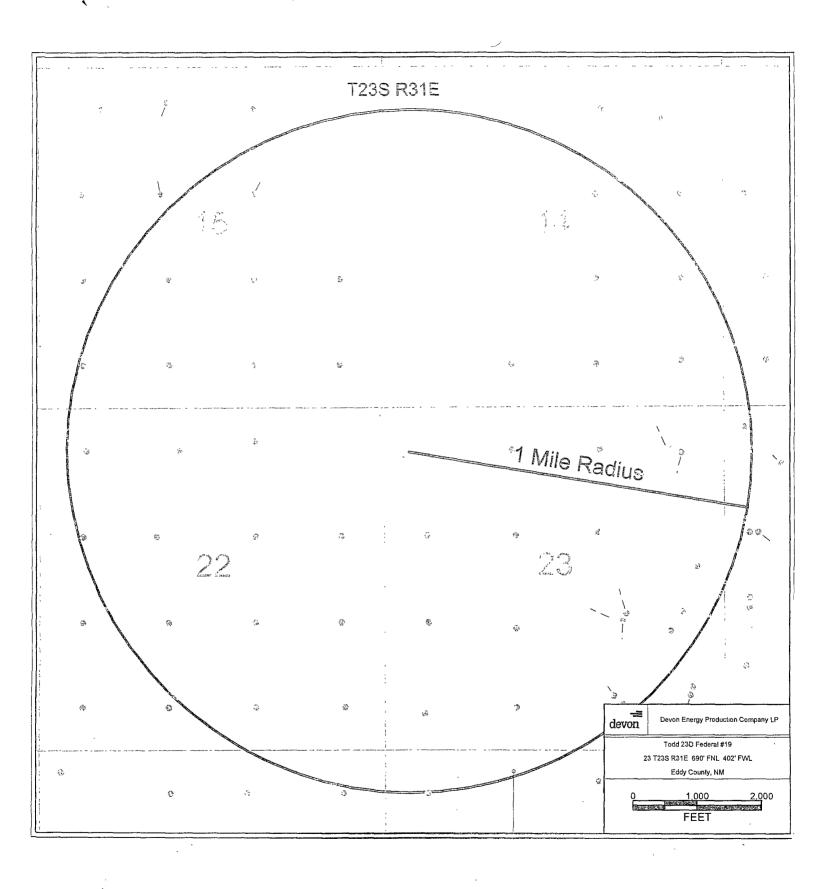
P.O. Box 1786 1120 N. West County Rd. Hobbs, New Mexico 88241 (575) 393—7316 — Office (575) 392—2206 — Fax basinsurveys.com W.O. Number: JMS 20629

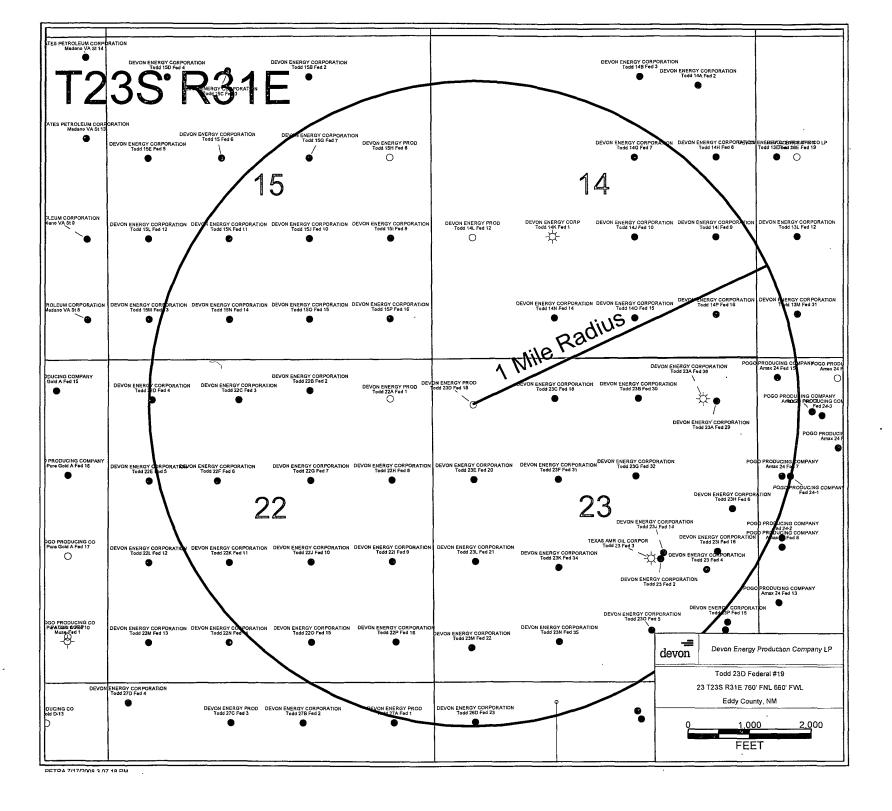
Survey Date: 10-06-2008

Scale: 1" = 2 MILES

Date: 10-09-2008

DEVON ENERGY PROD. CO., L.P.





DRILLING PROGRAM

Devon Energy Production Company, LP Todd 23D Federal 19

Surface Location: 690 FNL & 402 FWL, Unit D, Sec 23 T23S R31E, Eddy, NM Bottom hole Location: 690 FNL & 402 FWL, Unit D, Sec 23 T23S R31E, Eddy, NM

1. Geologic Name of Surface Formation

- a. Quaternary
- 2. Estimated Tops of Geological Markers & Depths of Anticipated Fresh Water, Oil or Gas:

a.	Upper Permian Sands		Fresh water	
b.	Rustler	710'		
- e	-Salt	1042'		
d.	B/Salt	4158'		
e.	Delaware/Lamar LS	4386'		
f.	Bell Canyon	4434'	Oil	
	Cherry Canyon	5317'	Oil	
_	Brushy Canyon	6585'	Oil	
i.	Bone Spring	8242'		
i.	Total Depth	8450'		

No other formations are expected to yield oil, gas or fresh water in measurable volumes. The surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 13 3/8" casing at 710' and circulating cement back to surface. Potash will be protected by setting 8 5/8" casing at 4410' and circulating cement to surface. The Delaware intervals will be isolated by setting 5 ½" casing to total depth and circulating cement above the base of the 8 5/8" casing.

3	(T ED						
3.	Casing Pr	ogram:					
	<u>Hole</u>	Interval	OD Csg	Casing	Weight	Collar	Grade
	Size		·	Interval			
	30"	0'-40'	20"	0'-40'	N/A	N/A	Cndctor
SEC -	7 17 1/2"	0'=74'0'	13 3/8"	0'-710	48#	ST&C	H-40
CAF	11"	0'-4410'	8 5/8"	0-4060'	32#	LT&C	J-55
			8 5/8"	4060'-4410'	32#	LT&C	HCK-55
	7 7/8"	0'-8400'	5 1/2"	0"-500"	17#	LT&C	J-55
			5 ½"	500'-6500'	15.5#	LT&C	J-55
			5 1/2"	6500'-8400'	17#	LT&C	J-55

Design Parameter Factors:

Collapse Design	Burst Design	Tension Design
Factor	<u>Factor</u>	Factor
1.68	2.04	7.89 J
1.19	1.35	3.00 J
1.79	2.09	44.93 B
	<u>Factor</u> 1.68 1.19	Factor Factor 1.68 2.04 1.19 1.35

5 ½"	14.60	3.52	1.82 J
5 ½"	1.14	3.29	1.71 J
5 ½"	1.11	5.81	7.27 J

See COA

4. Cement Program:

20" Conductor

Cement with ready-mix to surface.

a. 13 3/8" Surface

Lead w/610sx 35:65 Poz Fly Ash: Premium Plus C + 2% bwoc Calcium Chloride + 1/4#/sx CF + 6% bwoc Bentonite + 93.6% Fresh Water 12.80 ppg Yield 1.83 cf/sx. Tail w/250sx Premium Plus C Cement + 2% bwoc Calcium.Chloride +1/4#/sx CF + 56.3% Fresh Water TOC @ surf 14.80 ppg, Yield 1.35.

b. 85//8" Intermediate

Lead w/ 1010 sx 35:65 Poz Fly Ash Premium Plus C Cement + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + ½#/sx CF + 6% bwoc Bentonite + 107.8% Fresh Water. 12.50 ppg, Yield 2.04 cf/sx. Tail w/ 300sx 60:40 Poz Fly Ash Premium Plus C Cement + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + ½#/sx CF +0.4% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 4% bwoc MPA-1 + 64.7% Fresh Water. 13.80 ppg. Yield 1.37cf/sx.

c. 5 ½" Production

Stage 1: Lead w/260 sx 35:65 Poz Fly Ash Premium Plus C Cement + 3% bwow Sodium Chloride +0.25% bwoc R-3 + ½#/sx CF + 3#/sx LCM-1 + 6% bwoc Bentonite + 0.3% bwoc FL-52A + 102.5% Fresh Water. 12.50 ppg Yield 2.01 cf/sx. Tail w/ 655 sx 60:40 Poz Fly Ash Premium Plus C Cement + 1% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.5% bwoc BA-10 + 0.1% bwoc R-3 +1/4#/sx CF + 2#/sx Kol Seal + 4% bwoc MPA-1 + 61.4% Fresh Water. 13.80 ppg Yield 1.34 cf/sx.

Stage 2 Lead w/ 105 sx 60:40 Poz Fly Ash Premium Plus C Cement + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 1/4#/sx CF + 0.4% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 4% bwoc MPA-1 + 64.7% Fresh Water 13.80 ppg Yield 1.37 cf/sx TOC @ 3960*

DV Tool @ 5500'.

The above cement volumes could be revised pending the caliper measurement from the open hole logs. The top of cement is designed to reach approximately 450' above the 8 5/8" casing shoe. All casing is new and API approved.

5, 1. Pressure Control Equipment:

The blowout preventor equipment (BOP) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a (5M system) double ram type (5000 psi WP) preventor and a bag-type (Hydril) preventor (3000 psi WP) and rotating head. Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram type preventor will be equipped with blind rams on top and 4 ½" drill pipe rams on bottom. An annular and rotating head will be installed on the 13¾ surface casing and utilized to setting depth of the 8½" intermediate casing. The annular and associated equipment will be tested to 1000 psi with the rig pump before drilling out the 13-3/8" casing shoe. The BOPE will be installed on the 8½" intermediate casing and utilized continuously until total depth is reached. Prior to drilling out the 8-5/8" casing shoe, the BOP's and Hydril will be tested as per BLM Drilling Operations Order #2.

SOF

Pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24-hour period and each time the drill pipe is out of the hole. These functional tests will be documented on the daily drillers log. A 2" kill line and 3" choke line will be incorporated in the drilling spool below the ram-type BOP. Other accessory BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines and choke manifold having 3000 psi WP rating. The 5M BOP with 3M annular will be tested as a 3M system.

6 2:	Proposed Mud	Circulation S	ystem		
•	Depth	Mud Wt.	<u>Visc</u>	Fluid Loss	Type System
	0'-7+0' 7+0'-4410'	8.8	34-36	NC	Fresh Water
see e		10.0	28	NC	Brine Water
COA	4410'-TD	8.8	32-36	10-20	Fresh Water
					Polymer

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times.

7 3. Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment:

- a. A Kelly cock will be in the drill string at all times.
- b. A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve having the appropriate connections will be on the rig floor at all times.
- c. Hydrogen Sulfide detection equipment will be in operation after drilling out the 13 3/8" casing shoe until the 5 1/2" casing is cemented. Breathing equipment will be on location upon drilling the 13 3/8" shoe until total depth is reached.

& 4. Logging, Coring, and Testing Program:

- a. Drill stem tests will be based on geological sample shows.
- b. If a drill stem test is anticipated; a procedure, equipment to be used and safety measures will be provided via sundry notice to the BLM.
- c. The open hole electrical logging program will be:
 - i. Total Depth to Intermediate Casing Dual Laterolog-Micro Laterolog with SP and Gamma Ray. Compensated Neutron Z Density log with Gamma Ray and Caliper.
 - ii. Total Depth to Surface Compensated Neutron with Gamma Ray
 - iii. No coring program is planned
 - iv. Additional testing will be initiated subsequent to setting the 5 ½" production casing. Specific intervals will be targeted based on log evaluation, geological sample shows and drill stem tests.

9, 5. Potential Hazards:

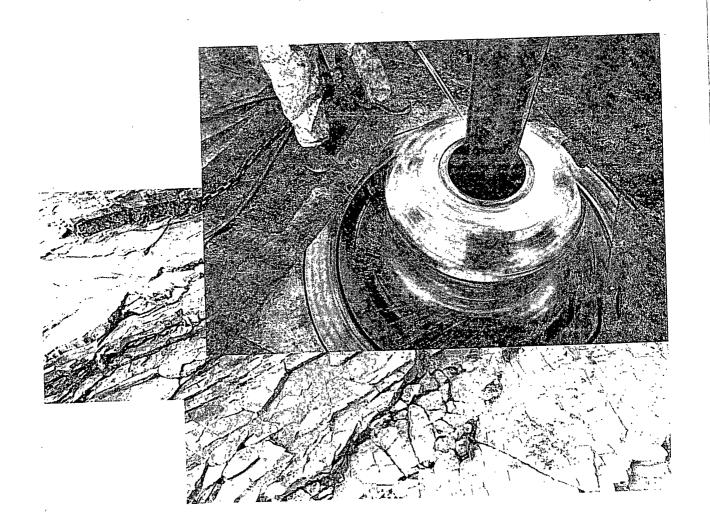
a. No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. There is no known presence of H2S in this area. If H2S is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 6 No lost circulation is expected to occur. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used to drill this well. Estimated BHP 2900 psi and Estimated BHT 136°. No H2S is anticipated to be encountered.

10. Anticipated Starting Date and Duration of Operations:

a. Road and location construction will begin after the BLM has approved the APD. Anticipated spud date will be as soon after BLM approval and as soon as a rig will be available. Move in operations and drilling is expected to take 32 days. If production casing is run then an additional 30 days will be needed to complete well and construct surface facilities and/or lay flow lines in order to place well on production.



Commitment Runs Deep



Design Plan
Operation and Maintenance Plan
Closure Plan

SENM - Closed Loop Systems June 2008

I. Design Plan 🥧

Devon uses MI SWACO closed loop system (CLS). The MI SWACO CLS is designed to maintain drill solids at or below 5%. The equipment is arranged to progressively remove solids from the largest to the smallest size. Drilling fluids can thus be reused and savings is realized on mud and disposal costs. Dewatering may be required with the centrifuges to insure removal of ultra fine solids.

The drilling location is constructed to allow storm water to flow to a central sump normally the cellar. This insures no contamination leaves the drilling pad in the event of a spill. Storm water is reused in the mud system or stored in a reserve fluid tank farm until it can be reused. All lubricants, oils, or chemicals are removed immediately from the ground to prevent the contamination of storm water. An oil trap is normally installed on the sump if an oil spill occurs during a storm.

A tank farm is utilized to store drilling fluids including fresh water and brine fluids. The tank farm is constructed on a 20 ml plastic lined, bermed pad to prevent the contamination of the drilling site during a spill. Fluids from other sites may be stored in these tanks for processing by the solids control equipment and reused in the mud system. At the end of the well the fluids are transported from the tank farm to an adjoining well or to the next well for the rig.

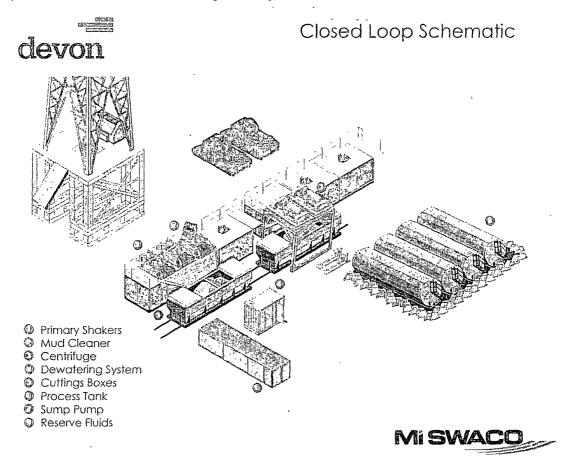
Prior to installing a closed-loop system on site, the topsoil, if present, will be stripped and stockpiled for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signs will be posted on the fence surrounding the closed-loop system unless the closed-loop system is located on a site where there is an existing well, that is operated by Devon.

II. Operations and Maintenance Plan

Primary Shakers: The primary shakers make the first removal of drill solids from the drilling mud as it leaves the well bore. The shakers are sized to handle maximum drilling rate at optimal screen size. The shakers normally remove solids down to 74 microns.

Mud Cleaner: The Mud Cleaner cleans the fluid after it leaves the shakers. A set of hydrocyclones are sized to handle 1.25 to 1.5 times the maximum circulating rate. This ensures all the fluid is being processed to an average cut point of 25 microns. The wet discharged is dewatered on a shaker equipped with ultra fine mesh screens and generally cut at 40 microns.



Centrifuges: The centrifuges can be one or two in number depending on the well geometry or depth of well. The centrifuges are sized to maintain low gravity solids at 5% or below. They may or may not need a dewatering system to enhance the removal rates. The centrifuges can make a cut point of 8-10 microns depending on bowl speed, feed rate, solids loading and other factors.

The centrifuge system is designed to work on the active system and be flexible to process incoming fluids from other locations. This set-up is also dependant on well factors.

Dewatering System: The dewatering system is a chemical mixing and dosing system designed to enhance the solids removal of the centrifuge. Not commonly used in shallow wells. It may contain pH adjustment, coagulant mixing and dosing, and polymer mixing and dosing. Chemical flocculation binds ultra fine solids into a mass that is within the centrifuge operating design. The

dewatering system improves the centrifuge cut point to infinity or allows for the return of clear water or brine fluid. This ability allows for the ultimate control of low gravity solids.

Cuttings Boxes: Cuttings boxes are utilized to capture drill solids that are discarded from the solids control equipment. These boxes are set upon a rail system that allows for the removal and replacement of a full box of cuttings with an empty one. They are equipped with a cover that insures no product is spilled into the environment during the transportation phase.

Process Tank: (Optional) The process tank allows for the holding and process of fluids that are being transferred into the mud system. Additionally, during times of lost circulation the process tank may hold active fluids that are removed for additional treatment. It can further be used as a mixing tank during well control conditions.

Sump and Sump Pump: The sump is used to collect storm water and the pump is used to transfer this fluid to the active system or to the tank for to hold in reserve. It can also be used to collect fluids that may escape during spills. The location contains drainage ditches that allow the location fluids to drain to the sump.

Reserve Fluids (Tank Farm): A series of frac tanks are used to replace the reserve pit. These are steel tanks that are equipped with a manifold system and a transfer pump. These tanks can contain any number of fluids used during the drilling process. These can include fresh water, cut brine, and saturated salt fluid. The fluid can be from the active well or reclaimed fluid from other locations. A 20 ml liner and berm system is employed to ensure the fluids do not migrate to the environment during a spill.

If a leak develops, the appropriate division district office will be notified within 48 hours of the discovery and the leak will be addressed. Spill prevention is accomplished by maintaining pump packing, hoses, and pipe fittings to insure no leaks are occurring. During an upset condition the source of the spill is isolated and repaired as soon as it is discovered. Free liquid is removed by a diaphragm pump and returned to the mud system. Loose topsoil may be used to stabilize the spill and the contaminated soil is excavated and placed in the cuttings boxes. After the well is finished and the rig has moved, the entire location is scrapped and testing will be performed to determine if a release has occurred.

All trash is kept in a wire mesh enclosure and removed to an approved landfill when full. All spent motor oils are kept in separate containers and they are removed and sent to an approved recycling center. Any spilled lubricants, pipe

dope, or regulated chemicals are removed from soil and sent to landfills approved for these products.

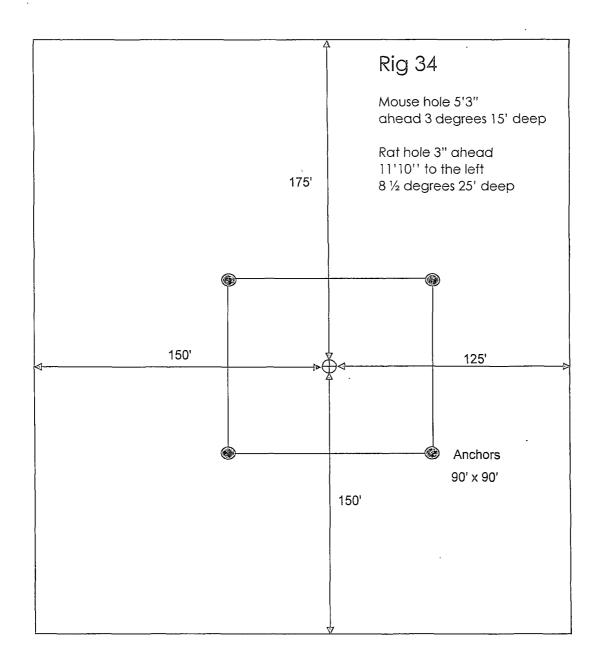
These operations are monitored by Mi Swaco service technicians. Daily logs are maintained to ensure optimal equipment operation and maintenance. Screen and chemical use is logged to maintain inventory control. Fluid properties are monitored and recorded and drilling mud volumes are accounted for in the mud storage farm. This data is kept for end of well review to insure performance goals are met. Lessons learned are logged and used to help with continuous improvement.

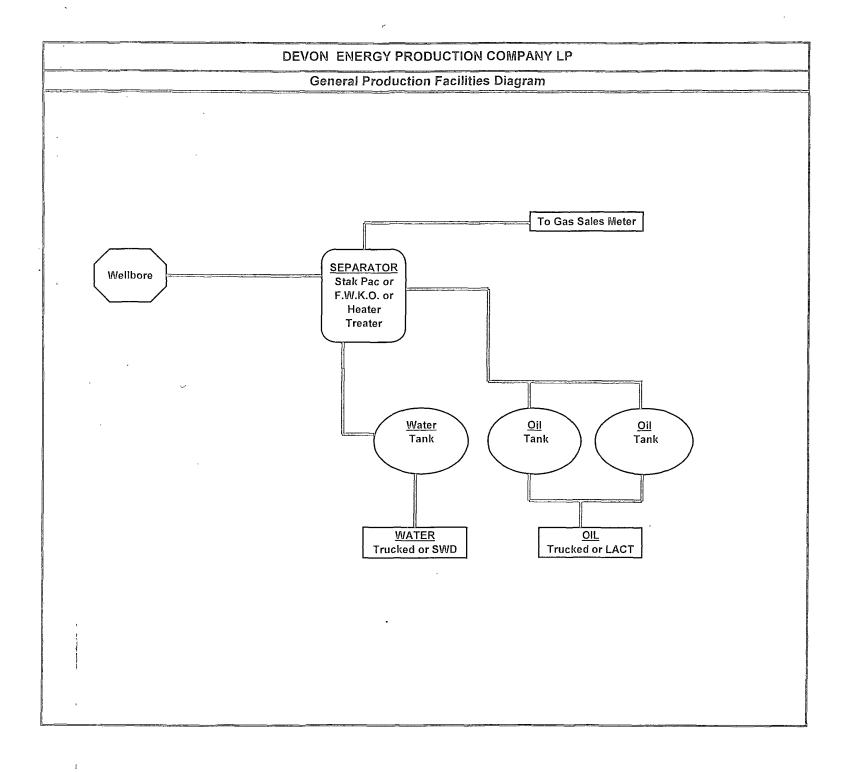
A MI SWACO field supervisor manages from 3-5 wells. They are responsible for training personnel, supervising installations, and inspecting sites for compliance of MI SWACO safety and operational policy.

III. Closure Plan

A maximum 340' X 340' caliche pad is built per well. All of the trucks and steel tanks fit on this pad. All fluid cuttings go to the steel tanks to be hauled by various trucking companies to an agency approved disposal.

BASIC ENERGY SERVICES - RIGS 31, 32 & 34





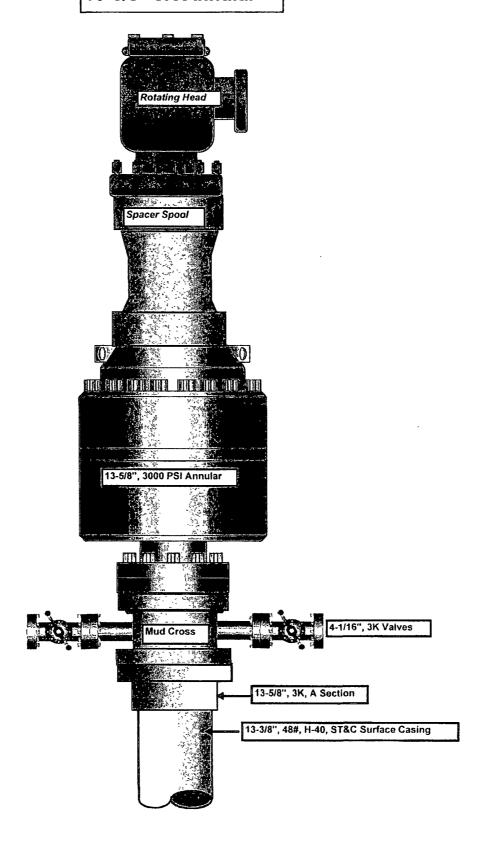
NOTES REGARDING BLOWOUT PREVENTERS

Devon Energy Production Company, LP Todd 23D Federal 19

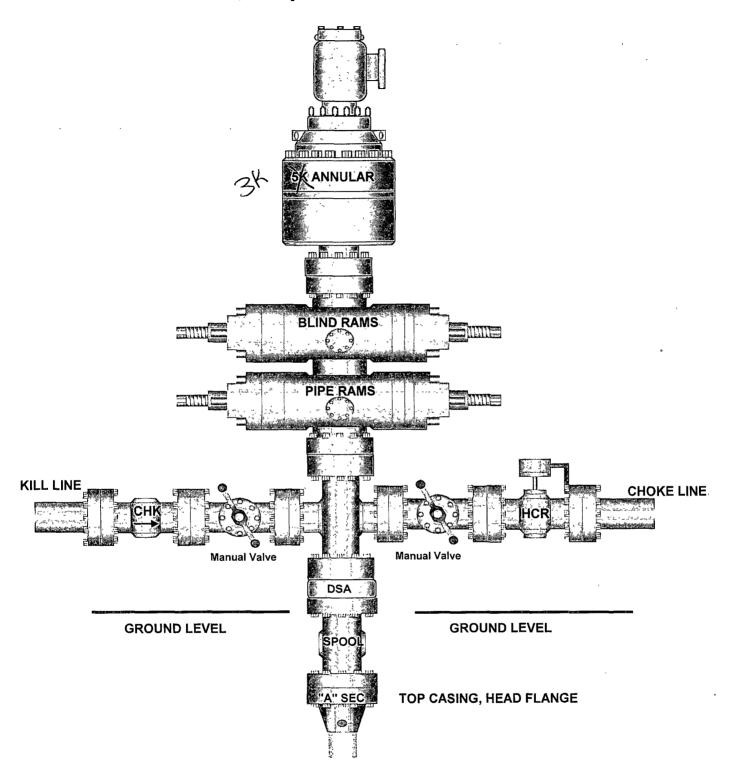
Surface Location: 690 FNL & 402 FWL, Unit D Sec 23 T23S R31E, Eddy, NM Bottom hole Location: 690 FNL & 402 FWL, Unit D, Sec 22 T23S R31E, Eddy, NM

- 1. Drilling nipple will be constructed so it can be removed mechanically without the aid of a welder. The minimum internal diameter will equal BOP bore.
- 2. Wear ring will be properly installed in head.
- 3. Blowout preventer and all associated fittings will be in operable condition to withstand a minimum 5000 psi working pressure.
- 4. All fittings will be flanged.
- 5. A full bore safety valve tested to a minimum 5000 psi WP with proper thread connections will be available on the rotary rig floor at all times.
- 6. All choke lines will be anchored to prevent movement.
- 7. All BOP equipment will be equal to or larger in bore than the internal diameter of the last casing string.
- 8. Will maintain a kelly cock attached to the kelly.
- 9. Hand wheels and wrenches will be properly installed and tested for safe operation.
- 10. Hydraulic floor control for blowout preventer will be located as near in proximity to driller's controls as possible.
- 11. All BOP equipment will meet API standards and include a minimum 40 gallon accumulator having two independent means of power to initiate closing operation.

13-5/8" 3K Annular



11" x 5,000 psi BOP Stack



3,000 PSI CHOKE MANIFOLD

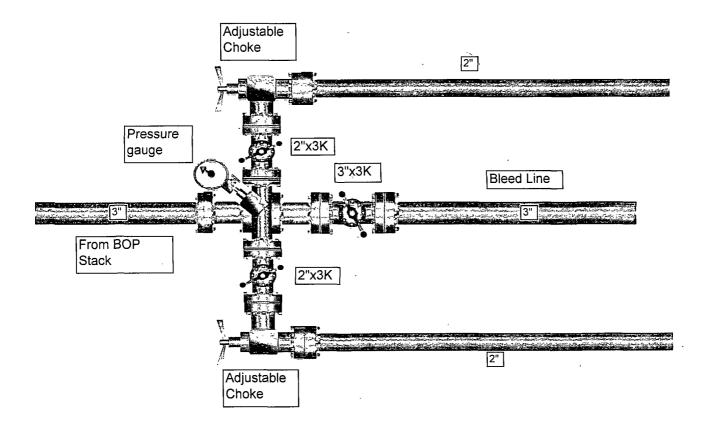
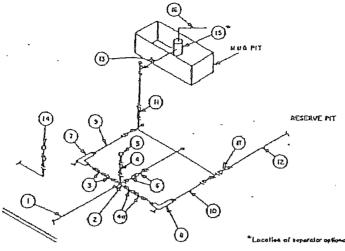


Exhibit E



	CYA	M P	SUBSTRUCTUR	
м	Łγυ	DI EV	20821MOCION	с

			MIN	MUM REQ	UIREMENT	`\$					
			3,000 MWP 5,000 MWP 10,000					10,000 MW	OD MWP		
No.	1	LD.	NOMINAL	RATING	LD.	NOMINAL RATING		LD. NOMANA		L PATING	
1	Line from driffing speed		3-	3,000		3,	5,000	1	3"	10,000	
2	Cross 3"43" x3" x2"]	3,000			5,000			1	
	Cross 3"x3"x3"x3"								1	10,000	
3	Valves(1) Gate 다 Plup □(건	3-1/8*		3,000	3-1/8"		\$,000	3-1/8"		10,000	
4	Valvo Gate []	1-13/16"		3,000	1-13/16*		5,000	1-13/16*		10.000	
40	Values(1)	2-1/16*		9000,E	2-1/16"		5,000	3-1/8"		10,000	
5	Pressure Gauge			3,000			5,000			10,000	
6	Valves Gate □ Plug □(Z)	3-1/8"		3,000	3-1/8*		5,000	3-1/8-		10,000	
7	Adjustable Choke(3)	2*		3,000	2"		5,000	2-		10,000	
6	Acquistable Choke	1-		3,000	1*	1	5,000	2-		10,000	
9	Line	-	3"	000,E		3-	5,000		3~	10,000	
10	Line		2"	3,000		2"	5,000		3-	10,000	
11	Valves Plug □(2)	3-1/6"		3,000	3-1/E*		5,000	3-1/8"		10,000	
12	Lines	1	3*	1,000		3*	1.000		- 3*	2,030	
13	Lines	1	٥. ا	1.000		3*	1,000		3"	2,000	
14	Remote reading compound standone reading compound			3,000			5,000	•		10,000	
15	Gas Separator		275			2":5"			275"		
16	Lirva		4-	1,000		1	1,000		4"	2,030	
17	Valves Plug ()(2)	3-1/6"		000,E	3-1/8"		5,000	3-1/8*		10,000	

- (1) Only one required in Class 3M.
- (2) Gate refres only shall be used for Class 10M.
- (ii) Remote operated hydrausic choka required on 5,000 psi and 10,000 psi for drilling.

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. All connections in choke manifold shall be welded, studded, flanged or Cameron clamp of comparable rating.
- 2. All flanges shall be API 68 or 68X and ring gaskets shall be API RX or 8X. Use only 8X for 10 MWP.
- 3. All lines shall be securely anchored.
- 4. Chokes shall be equipped with tungsten carbide seats and needles, and replacements shall be available.
- Choke manifold pressure and standpipe pressure gauges shall be available at the choke manifold to assist in regulating chokes. As an alternate with automatic chokes, a choke manifold pressure gauge shall be located on the rig floor in conjunction with the standpipe pressure gauge.
- Line from drilling spool to choke manifold should be as straight as possible. Lines downstream from chokes shall make turns by large bends or 90° bends using bull plugged tees.
- 7. Discharge lines from chokes, choke bypass and from top of gas separator should yent as far as practical from the well.

HYDROGEN SULFIDE DRILLING OPERATIONS PLAN

- 1. All Company and Contract personnel admitted on location must be trained by a qualified H2S safety instructor to the following:
 - a. Characteristics of H2S
 - b. Physical effects and hazards
 - c. Proper use of safety equipment and life support systems.
 - d. Principle and operation of H2S detectors, warning system and briefing areas
 - e. Evacuation procedures, routes and first aid.
 - f. Proper use of 30-minute pressure demand air pack.
- 2. H2S Detection and Alarm System
 - a. H2S detectors and audio alarm system to be located at bell nipple, end of blooie line (mud pit) and on derrick floor or doghouse.
- 3. Windsock and/or wind streamers
 - a. Windsock at mud pit area should be high enough to be visible
 - b. Windsock at briefing area should be high enough to be visible
 - c. There should be a windsock at entrance to location
- 4. Condition Flags and Signs
 - a. Warning Sign on access road to location.
 - b. Flags to be displayed on sign at entrance to location. Green flag, normal safe condition. Yellow flag indicates potential pressure and danger. Red flag, danger, H2S present in dangerous concentration. Only emergency personnel admitted to location.
- 5. Well Control Equipment
 - a. See Exhibit "E" & "E-1"
- 6. Communication
 - a. While working under masks chalkboards will be used for communication.
 - b. Hand signals will be used where chalk board is inappropriate
 - c. Two way radio will be used to communicate off location in case of emergency help is required. In most cases cellular telephones will be available at most drilling foreman's trailer or living quarters.
- 7. Drill stem Testing
 - a. Exhausts will be watered
 - b. Flare line will be equipped with an electric igniter or a propane pilot light in case gas reaches the surface.
 - c. If the location is near to a dwelling a closed DST will be performed.

8. Drilling contractor supervisor will be required to be familiar with the effects H2S has on tubular goods and other mechanical equipment.

If H2S is encountered, mud system will be altered if necessary to maintain control or formation. A mud gas separator will be brought into service along with H2S scavengers if necessary

Escape -

Crews shall escape upwind of escaping gas in the event of an emergency release of gas. Escape can be facilitated South down lease road to US Refinery road. Crews should then block entrance to the location from the lease road so as not to allow anyone traversing into a hazardous area. The blockade should be at a safe distance outside of the ROE There are no homes or buildings in or near the ROE.

Emergency Procedures

In the case of a release of gas containing H₂S, the first responder(s) must isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE. Additionally the first responder(s) must evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE. First responder(s) must take care not to injure themselves during this operation. Company and/or local officials must be contacted to aid in this operation. Evacuation of the public should be beyond the 100 ppm ROE.

All responders must have training in the detection of H_2S , measures for protection against the gas, equipment used for protection and emergency response. Additionally, responders must be equipped with H_2S monitors and air packs in order to control the release. Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries during the response.

Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂

Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration		
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm		
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm		

Contacting Authorities

Devon Energy Corp. personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours.

Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. Devon Energy Corp. Company response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

Devon Energy Corp. Company Call List

		<u>Artesia</u>	(575)	Cellular	Office	Home_
I N	Asst. Fore Don May Montral V	eman – Jern berry Valker	ry Chaney	(575) 513-0628748-0189 (575) 748-7446748-0181 748-7180748-5235 (575) 390-5182(575) 748 (575) 513-0534(575) 748	746-4945 -0193	
Agen	cy Cal	List				
	Hob					
Lea County	, 1100	<u>us</u> tate Police			•	302-5588
(575)						
12121		•				
		•		y Planning Committee)		
	Ŋ	IMOCD				.393-6161
	L	JS Bureau	of Land Ma	anagement		.393-3612
Eddy	Carl	sbad_				•
County			:e			.885-3137
(575)	_					
		Showiff a O	office.			007 7551
	`			•		
				ncy Planning Committee)		.885-2111
				lanagement		887-6544
				ncy Response Commission (San		
				Response Center (Washington,		
		ergency Ser Boots & Cudd Pi	vices z Coots IWC ressure Con Halliburto	troln	1-800-256-9688 o (915) 699-0139 o	r (281) 931-8884 r (915) 563-3356 -6-2757

Give GPS	Flight For Life - Lubbock, TX	(806) 743-9911				
position:	Aerocare - Lubbock, TX		,			
•	Med Flight Air Amb - Albuquerque, NM					
	Lifeguard Air Med Svc. Albuquerque, NM	(575) 272-3115		•-		٠.

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SURFACE USE PLAN

Devon Energy Production Company, LP Todd 23D Federal 19

Surface Location: 690 FNL & 402 FWL, Unit D, Sec 23 T23S R31E, Eddy, NM Bottom hole Location: 690 FNL & 402 FWL, Unit D, Sec 23 T23S R31E, Eddy, NM

1. Existing Roads:

- a. The well site and elevation plat for the proposed well are reflected on the well site layout; Form C-102. The well was staked by Basin Surveys.
- b. All roads into the location are depicted on Exhibit 3.
- c. Directions to Location: From the junction of Hwy 128 and Red Road, go north 2.2 miles to lease road, on lease road, on lease road go westerly 1.1 miles to lease road; thence northerly 0.2 miles to proposed lease road.

2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads:

- a. Exhibit #3 shows the existing lease road. Approximately 552.4' of new access road will be constructed as follows. The maximum width of the road will be 15'. It will be crowned and made of 6" of rolled and compacted caliche. Water will be deflected, as necessary, to avoid accumulation and prevent surface erosion.
- b. Surface material will be native caliche. This material will be obtained from a BLM approved pit nearest in proximity to the location. The average grade will be approximately 1%.
- c. No cattle guards, grates or fence cuts will be required. No turnouts are planned.

3. Location of Existing Wells:

One Mile Radius Plat shows all existing and proposed wells within a one-mile radius of the proposed location. See attached plat.

4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities:

- a. In the event the well is found productive, the Todd 23 tank battery would be utilized and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site. See Production Facilities Layout diagram.
- b. If necessary, the well will be operated by means of an electric prime mover. Electric power poles will be set along side of the access road.
- c. All flow lines will adhere to API standards.
- d. If the well is productive, rehabilitation plans are as follows:
 - i. The reserve pit will be back-filled after the contents of the pit are dry (within 120 days after completion, weather permitting).
 - ii. The original topsoil from the well site will be returned to the location. The drill site will then be contoured as close as possible to the original state.

5. Location and Types of Water Supply:

This location will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems (outlined in the Drilling Program). The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads shown in the C-102. On occasion, water will be obtained from a pre-existing water well, running a pump directly to the drill rig. In these cases where a poly pipeline is used to transport water for drilling purposes, proper

water will be obtained from a pre-existing water well, running a pump directly to the drill rig. In these cases where a poly pipeline is used to transport water for drilling purposes, proper authorizations will be secured. If a poly pipeline is used, the size, distance, and map showing route will be provided to the BLM via sundry notice.

6. Construction Materials:

All caliche utilized for the drilling pad and proposed access road will be obtained from an existing BLM approved pit or from prevailing deposits found under the location. All roads will be constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche. Will use BLM recommended use of extra caliche from other locations close by for roads, if available.

7. Methods of Handling Waste Material:

- a. Drill cuttings will be disposed of by using a closed loop system.
- b. All trash, junk and other waste material will be contained in trash cages or trash bins to prevent scattering. When the job is completed all contents will be removed and disposed of in an approved sanitary landfill.
- c. The supplier, including broken sacks, will pick up salts remaining after completion of well.
- d. A Porto-john will be provided for the rig crews. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- e. If the drilling fluids do not evaporate in a reasonable time they will be hauled off by transports to a state approved disposal site. Oil and condensate produced will be put in a storage tank and sold.
- f. Disposal of fluids to be transported by the following companies:
 - i. American Production Service Inc, Odessa TX
 - ii. Gandy Corporation, Lovington NM
 - iii. I & W Inc, Loco Hill NM
 - iv. Jims Water Service of Co Inc, Denver CO
- **8.** Ancillary Facilities: No campsite or other facilities will be constructed as a result of this well.

9. Well Site Layout

- a. Exhibit D shows the proposed well site layout with dimensions of the pad layout.
- b. This exhibit indicated proposed location of reserve and sump pits and living facilities.
- c. Mud pits in the active circulating system will be steel pits.
- d. A closed loop system will be utilized.
- e. If a pit or closed loop system is utilized, Devon will comply with the NMOCD requirements 19.15.17 and submit form C-144 to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. A copy to be provided to the BLM.

10. Plans for Surface Reclamation:

a. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The reserve pit area will be broken out and leveled after drying to a condition where these efforts are feasible. The

- original top soil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography. Will close the pits per OCD compliance regulations.
- b. The pit lining will be buried or hauled away in order to return the location and road to their pristine nature. All pits will be filled and location leveled, weather permitting, within 120 days after abandonment.
- c. The location and road will be rehabilitated as recommended by the BLM.
- d. If the well is a producer, the reserve pit fence will be torn down after the pit contents have dried. The reserve pit and those areas of the location not essential to production facilities will be reclaimed and seeded per BLM requirements.
- e. If the well is deemed commercially productive, the reserve pit will be restored as described in 10(A) within 120 days subsequent to the completion date. Caliche from areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original top soil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography.

11. Surface Ownership

- a. The surface is owned by the US Government and is administered by the Bureau of Land Management. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas.
- b. The proposed road routes and the surface location will be restored as directed by the BLM.

12. Other Information:

- a. The area surrounding the well site is grassland. The topsoil is very sandy in nature. The vegetation is moderately sparse with native prairie grass, sagebush, yucca and miscellaneous weeds. No wildlife observed but it is likely deer, rabbits, coyotes, and rodents traverse the area.
- b. There is no permanent or live water in the general proximity of the location.
- c. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of location.
- d. A Cultural Resources Examination will be completed by Southern New Mexico Archaeological Services, Inc. and forwarded to the BLM office in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

13. Bond Coverage:

Bond Coverage is Nationwide; Bond # is CO-1104

Operators Representative:

The Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below.

Jim Cromer Operations Engineer Advisor Don Mayberry Superintendent

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. 20 North Broadway, Suite 1500 Oklahoma City, OK 73102-8260 (405) 228-8965 (office) (405) 464-9769 (Cellular)

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. Post Office Box 250 Artesia, NM 88211-0250 (575) 748-3371 (office) (575) 746-4945 (home)

Certification

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access road proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions that presently exist; that I have full knowledge of State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

I hereby also certify that I, or Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. have made a good faith effort to provide the surface owner with a copy of the Surface Use Plan of Operations and any Conditions of Approval that are attached to the APD.

Executed this 18th day of August, 2008.

Printed Name: Judy A. Barnett

Position Title: Regulatory Analyst

Address: 20 North Broadway, OKC OK 73102

Telephone: (405)-228-8699

Field Representative (if not above signatory):

Address (if different from above): Telephone (if different from above):

PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:

LEASE NO.:

WELL NAME & NO.:

SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:

BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE

LOCATION:

COUNTY:

Devon Energy Production Company, LP

NM0405444A

Todd 23D Federal # 19

690' FNL & 402' FWL

Same

Section 23, T. 23 S., R 31 E., NMPM

Eddy County, New Mexico

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Lesser Prairie Chicken
F-7
◯ Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
⊠ Road Section Diagram
☐ Drilling
Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Electric Lines
⊠ Closed Loop System/Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment/Reclamation

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Mitigation Measures: The mitigation measures include the Pecos District Conditions of Approval, the standard stipulations for permanent resource roads, and the standard stipulations for the Lesser Prairie Chicken.

Timing Limitation Stipulation/Condition of Approval for Lesser Prairie-Chicken: Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, geophysical exploration other than 3-D operations, and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

Todd 23 D Federal # 19: Closed Loop System- V- Door North

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (505) 234-5972 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall stockpile the topsoil of the well pad. The topsoil shall not be used to backfill the reserve pit and will be used for interim and final reclamation.

C. Closed Loop Sytem

Todd 23 D Federal # 19: Closed Loop System- V- Door North

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

If the operator elects to surface the access road and/or well pad, mineral materials extracted during construction of the reserve pit may be used for surfacing the well pad and access road and other facilities on the lease.

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any additional federal mineral materials from any site other than the reserve pit. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (505) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed thirty (30) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

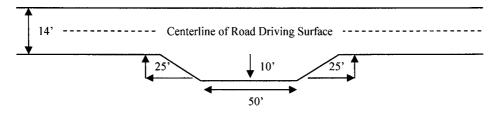
Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

Standard Turnout - Plan View

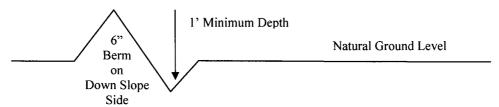


Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{49\%} + 100' = 200'$$
 lead-off ditch interval

Culvert Installations

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at the deep waterway channel flow crossing.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for

the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

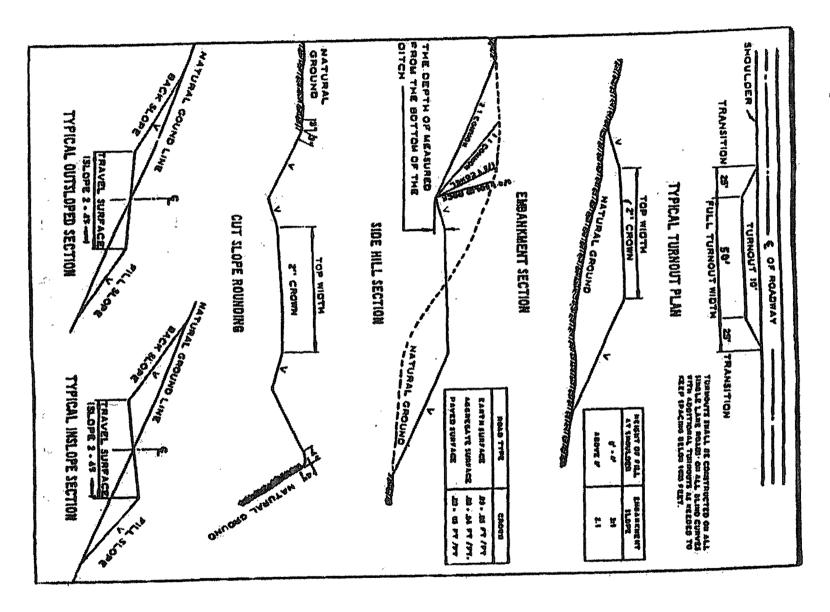
Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Figure 1 - Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections



VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
- c. BOPE tests

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Although Hydrogen Sulfide has not been reported in this section, it is always a potential hazard. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please report measured amounts and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. Gamma-Ray/Neutron logs shall be run from the base of the Salado formation to the surface. The logs shall be run at a speed which allows the logs to be legible and no faster than manufacturer of the logging tools recommended speed. (R-111-P area only)

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing and cement program require submitting a sundry and receiving approval prior to work. Failure to obtain approval prior to work will result in an Incident of Non-Compliance being issued.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Possible lost circulation in the Delaware and Bone Spring formations.

Possible water flows in the Salado, Castile, Delaware and Bone Spring formations.

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 770 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. Fresh water mud to be used to setting depth.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with a surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 8/5/8 inch intermediate casing is:
 - □ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
 □ Casing to be set in the Lamar Limestone at approximately 4410' above the Bell Canyon formation. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to R-111-P potash.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
 - a. First stage to DV tool, cement shall:
 - Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office, before proceeding with second stage cement job.

- b. Second stage above DV tool, cement shall:
- Cement to surface BLM requirement. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office. Additional cement will be required to bring cement to surface.
- 4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 5. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **2000 (2M)** psi.
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 8-5/8" intermediate casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi. Operator installing 5M stack with 3M annular and testing as 3M.
- 4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. The tests shall be done by an independent service company.
 - b. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
 - c. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
 - d. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug.
 - e. Effective November 1, 2008, no variances will be granted on reduced pressure tests on the surface casing and BOP/BOPE. Onshore Order 2 requirements will be in effect.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

WWI 111008

VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Containment Structures

The containment structure shall be constructed to hold the capacity of the entire contents of the largest tank, plus 24 hour production, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary by the Authorized Officer.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color Chart # 5Y 4/2

- B. PIPELINES
- C. ELECTRIC LINES

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION & RESERVE PIT CLOSURE

A. INTERIM RECLAMATION

If the well is a producer, interim reclamation shall be conducted on the well site in accordance with the orders of the Authorized Officer. The operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells (Notice of Intent), Form 3160-5, prior to conducting interim reclamation.

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

The operators should work with BLM surface management specialists to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Any reductions should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

BLM Serial #: Company Reference: Well Name and Number:

Seed Mixture for LPC Sand/Shinnery Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains Bristlegrass	5lbs/A
Sand Bluestem	5lbs/A
Little Bluestem	3lbs/A
Big Bluestem	6lbs/A
Plains Coreopsis	2lbs/A
Sand Dropseed	11bs/A

^{**}Four-winged Saltbush

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed (Insert Seed Mixture Here)

⁵lbs/A

^{*} This can be used around well pads and other areas where caliche cannot be removed.

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & REHABILITATION REQUIREMENTS

Upon abandonment of the well and/or when the access road is no longer in service the Authorized Officer shall issue instructions and/or orders for surface reclamation and restoration of all disturbed areas.

On private surface/federal mineral estate land the reclamation procedures on the road and well pad shall be accomplished in accordance with the private surface land owner agreement.