District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Form C-144 Revised June 6, 2013

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

ONE OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE	الملكون والتكويسة أوسيته أوسيت
Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or	Received by OCD
Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application	12/02/2015
Type of action: Below grade tank registration Permit of a pit or proposed alternative method Closure of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method Modification to an existing permit/or registration Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, below or proposed alternative method	
Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below-grade tank or alternative replease be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water,	ground water of the
Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of hability should operations result in pointrion of standard values, environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules,	regulations or ordinances.
Operator: Burlington Resources Oil & Gas Company, LP OGRID # 14538 Address: P.O. Box 4289, Farmington, New Mexico 87499 Facility or well name: Atlantic 9 API Number: 30-045-22799 OCD Permit Number:	ring prior to
Pit: Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	300 0100410
Temporary: Drilling Workover Low Chloride Drilling Fluid Management Low Chloride Drilling Fluid	I □ yes □ no
☐ Permanent ☐ Emergency ☐ Cavitation ☐ P&A ☐ Multi-Well Fluid Management ☐ Low Chloride Drilling Fluid ☐ Lined ☐ Unlined ☐ Liner type: Thickness mil ☐ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other	
☐ String-Reinforced Liner Seams: ☐ Welded ☐ Factory ☐ Other Volume:bbl Dimensions: Lx	x Wx D
Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other	
3. Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Volume:Max 120 bbl Type of fluid:Produced Water Tank Construction material:Metal Secondary containment with leak detection □ Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off Visible sidewalls and liner □ Visible sidewalls only □ Other Liner type: Thicknessmil □ HDPE □ PVC ☑ OtherUnspecified	-
4.	
Alternative Method: Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for cor	nsideration of approval.
5. Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks) Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, institution or church) Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet Alternate. Please specify 4' hog wire fence with a single strand of barbed wire on top	, school, hospital,

S. Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)	
Screen Netting Other	
☐ Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)	
7.	
Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Signs: Subsection C of 17.13.17.17 (Subsection C of 17.13.17.17) (Subsection C of 17.13.17) (Subsection C of 17	
☑ Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC	
8.	
Variances and Exceptions: Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.	
Plagae abook a hay if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave the following of approval.	
Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval. Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.	
9. Situate (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC	table source
Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of accept material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.	
General siting	☐ Yes ☒ No
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank. - □ NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; □ USGS; □ Data obtained from nearby wells	□ NA
- NM Office of the State Engineer - IWATERS database - IWATERS databas	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	
the state of municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal restriction was within a defined municipal restriction within a defined municipal restriction from the municipality: Written approval obtained from the municipality	
- Written confirmation or verification from the maintenancy,	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)	
- Written confirmation or verification of map from the first	Yes No
Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological	
Society; Topographic map	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)	
- FEMA map	
Below Grade Tanks	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured	
from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	□ v - □ No
11' l'acte de consumption'	☐ Yes ⊠ No
NIM Office of the State Engineer - IWATERO database	
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
ther significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, shikhole,	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or any other si	
Tonographic map: Visual inspection (certification) of the party	Yes No
Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial	L Yes L No
application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	
It need by less than five households for domestic or stock	☐ Yes ☐ N
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than 170 households. Watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application. WATERS database search: Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	
NM Office of the State Engineer - 1 WATERS dutations seemen,	
Page 2 c	of 6

Within 100 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, shikhlore, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map: Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; water water water water well or spring fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or spring fresh water well used by less than five households fresh water well used by less than five households fresh water well used by less than five households fresh water well used by less than five households fresh water well used by less than five households fresh water well used by less than five households fresh water wate	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map: Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No
Within 500 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the distance. Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17 Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 1 Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 1 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number: or Permit Number:	.9 NMAC 9.15.17.9 NMAC
Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the attached. Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit. Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	19.15.17.9 NMAC
API Number:	

Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that to	he documents are
 attached. Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC 	
Climatological Factors Assessment Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Quality Control/Quality Assurance Constitution and misuations of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including 1725, Flevention Flan	
Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization Monitoring and Inspection Plan	
Erosion Control Plan Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
13. Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan. Multi-w	Dit
Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent It Solot grade Type:	ell Fluid Management Fit
Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems)	
Waste Removal (Closed-100p systems only) ☐ On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) ☐ In-place Burial ☐ On-site Trench Burial ☐ Alternative Closure Method	
14. Phys. Checklist: (19 15 17 13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items mu	st be attached to the
closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark to appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
Disposal Facility Name and Perint Number (for Inquire), and the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.13.17.13 N	MAC
Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
15. Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC	le source material are
15. Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivale 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	ncy. Please refer to
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
- NM Office of the State Engineer - TWATERS database season,	Yes No
- NM Office of the State Engineer - 1w ATEKS database search, 5	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or play Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or play Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing water mark)	aya ☐ Yes ☐ No
lake (measured from the ordinary night-water matrix) and the proposed site	
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial approaches.	
Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic of stock watering purposes, in the	stence T res 1 No
at the time of initial application. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site - Water Confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Written confirmation or verification from the municipality, which will be written confirmation or verification from the municipality, which is a second with the written confirmation or verification from the municipality, which is a second with the written confirmation or verification from the municipality, which is a second with the written confirmation or verification from the municipality, which is a second with the written confirmation or verification from the municipality, which is a second with the written confirmation or verification from the municipality, which is a second with the written confirmation or verification from the municipality, which is a second with the written confirmation of the proposed site. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site.	☐ Yes ☐ No
is a boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordin	nance
Within incorporated municipal boundaries of white	Page 4 of 6

adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
 Within an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain.	☐ Yes ☐ No
. FEMA map	Jan Plages indicate.
On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure post of surface of the following items must be attached to the closure post of surface Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17 Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17 Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards can Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	7.11 NMAC 0.15.17.11 NMAC
17. Operator Application Certification: I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and be Name (Print): Kelly G. Roberts Signature: Date: 12/1/5 e-mail address: Kelly.Roberts@conocophillip.com Telephone: 505-326-9775	elicf.
e-mail address: Keny Roberts ageone community	
18. OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)	
OCD Representative Signature: NOTAPPROVED Approval Date: Number:	
19. Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitted to the closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed. Closure Completion Date:	ting the closure report. not complete this
20. Closure Method:	ed-loop systems only)
21. Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure report. Please the boy that the documents are attached.	se indicate, by a check
Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only) Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits) Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable) Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure) Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number	
Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only) Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits) Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable) Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure) Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Proventation Application Rates and Seeding Technique	1927 🔲 1983

Operator Closure Certification: I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this clobelief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure recomples.	sure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and quirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.
Name (Print):	Title:
Signature:	Date:
e-mail address:	Telephone:

Atlantic 9 (BELOW GRADE TANK)

Burlington Resources Oil & Gas Company, LP requests a variance for the items listed below. The requested variance, per 19.15.17.15.A, provides equal or better protection of fresh water, public health & the environment.

1. Fencing

Fencing as described in Section 5 under Alternate, BR will construct all new fences around the below grade tank utilizing 48" steel mesh field-fence (hog-wire) on the bottom with a single strand of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary T-post. Below grade tanks will be fenced at all times, regardless of location.

Geo-membrane Liner

- The geo-membrane liner consists of a 45-mil flexible LLDPE material manufactured by Raven Industries as J45BB. This product is a four layer reinforced laminated containing no adhesives. The outer layers consist of a high strength polyethylene film manufactured using virgin grade resins and stabilizers for UV resistance in exposed applications. The J45BB is reinforced with 1300 denier (minimum) tri-directional scrim reinforcement. It exceeds ASTMD3083 standard by 10%. J45BB has a warranty for 20 years from Raven Industries and is attached. It is typically used in Brine Pond, Oilfield Pit liner and other industrial applications. The manufacture specific sheet is attached and the design attached displays the proper installation of the liner.
- 3. BR will notify Public Entity Surface Owners by email in lieu of certified mail. Private Entity Surface Owners will still be notified via certified mail.

205 30-045-27059

DATA SHEET FOR DEEP GROUND BED CATHODIC PROTECTION WELLS. NORTHWESTERN NEW MEXICO (Submit 3 copies to OCD Aztec Office)

Operator MERIDIAN OIL INC. Location: Unit A Sec. 22 Twp31 Rng 10
Name of Well/Wells or Pipeline Serviced ATLANTIC #9, #205
Elevation 6311' Completion Date 1/17/89 Total Depth 460' Land Type* N/A Casing, Sizes, Types & Depths N/A
If Casing is cemented, show amounts & types used N/A
If Cement or Bentonite Plugs have been placed, show depths & amounts used. N/A
Depths & thickness of water zones with description of water when possible: Fresh, Clear, Salty, Sulphur, Etc. 160' NO SAMPLE
Depths gas encountered: N/A Type & amount of coke breeze used: N/A
Depths anodes placed: 425', 365', 355', 345', 335', 325', 315', 305', 295', 285' Depths vent pipes placed: 455'
Vent pipe perforations: 320' MAY 31 1991 Remarks: gb #1 OH CON. D! DIST. 3

If any of the above data is unavailable, please indicate so. Copies of all logs, including Drillers Log, Water Analyses & Well Bore Schematics should be submitted when available. Unplugged abandoned wells are to be included

^{*}Land Type may be shown: F-Federal; I-Indian; S-State; P-Fee. If Federal or Indian, add Lease Number.



iWater Aerial Map - Atlantic 9, Sec. 22, T31N, R10W DSM Atlantic 9
Subject Well
Elev: 6311'
GW @ 160'

Hydrogeologic

COP Cathodic



ConocoPhillips

The Atlantic 9 cathodic well on location has GW @ 160'.



Below Grade Tank (BGT) Siting Criteria and Compliance Demonstrations

Well Name: Atlantic 9

1. Depth to groundwater (should not be less than 25 feet):

The nearest recorded well with available water-depth information is the **Atlantic 9** with groundwater @ 160' as indicated in the **Cathodic Data** attached.

2. <u>Distance to watercourse</u> (should not be within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake [measured from the ordinary high-water mark]):

Aerial map attached indicates that there are **no** lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes, or watercourses within 100 feet of the proposed Below Grade Tank.

3. <u>Distance to springs or wells (should not be within 200 feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption):</u>

Aerial map attached indicates that the Below Grade Tank will **not** be within 200 feet of any recorded well or spring.

Hydrogeological Report for Atlantic 9

Regional Geological context:

The Nacimiento Formation is of Paleocene age (Baltz, 1967, p. 35). It crops out in a broad band inside the southern and western margins of the central basin and in a narrow band along the west face of the Nacimiento Uplift. The Nacimiento is a nonresistant unit and typically erodes to low, rounded hills or forms badland topography.

The Nacimiento Formation occurs in approximately only the southern two-thirds of the San Juan Basin where it conformably overlies and intertongues with the Ojo Alamo Sandstone (Fassett, 1974, p. 229). The Nacimiento Formation grades laterally into the main part of the Animas Formation (Fassett and Hinds, 1971, p. 34); thus, in this area, the two formations occupy the same stratigraphic interval.

Strata of the Nacimiento Formation were deposited in lakebeds in the central basin area with lesser deposition in stream channels (Brimhall, 1973, p. 201). In general, the Nacimiento consists of drab, interbedded black and gray shale with discontinuous, white, medium- to very coarse grained arkosic sandstone (Stone e al., 1983, p.30). Stone et al. indicated that the formation may contain more sandstone than commonly reported because some investigators assume the slopeforming strata in the unit area shales, whereas in many places the strata actually are poorly consolidated sandstones. Total thickness of the Nacimiento Formation ranges from about 500 to 1,300 feet. The unit generally thickens from the basin margins toward the basin center (Steven et al., 1974). The sandstone deposits within the Nacimiento Formation are much thinner than the total thickness of the formation because their environment of deposition was localized stream channels (Brimhall, 1973, p. 201). The thickness of the combined San Jose, Animas, and Nacimiento Formations ranges from 500 to more than 3.500 feet.

Hydraulic Properties:

Reported well yields for 53 wells completed in either the Animas or Nacimiento Formations range from 2 to 90 gallons per minute and the median yield is 7.5 gallons per minute. The primary use of water from Nacimiento and Animas Formations is domestic and livestock supplies. There are no known aquifer tests for the Animas or Nacimiento Formations, but specific capacities reported for six wells range from 0.24 to 2.30 gallons per minute per foot of drawdown (Levings et al., 1990).

The Animas and Nacimiento Formations are in many ways hydrologically similar to the San Jose Formation because sands in both units produce approximately the same quantities of water. However, the greater percentage of fine materials in the Animas and Nacimiento Formations may restrict downward vertical leakage to the Ojo Alamo Sandstone or Kirtland Shale. The poorly cemented fine material is highly erodible, forms a badland terrain, and supports only spotty vegetation. These conditions are more conductive to runoff than retention of precipitation.

References:

Baltz, E.H., 1967, Stratigraphy and regional tectonic implications of part of Upper Cretaceous rocks, east-central San Juan Basin, New Mexico: USGS Professional Paper 552, 101 p.

Brimhall, R.M., 1973, Ground-water hydrology of Tertiary rocks of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico, in Fassett, J.E., ed., Cretaceous and Tertiary rocks of the Southern Colorado Plateau: Four Corners Geological Society Memoir, p. 197-207.

Fassett, J.E., 1974, Cretaceous and Tertiary rocks of the eastern San Juan Basin, New Mexico and Colorado, in Guidebook of Ghost Ranch, central-northern New Mexico: New Mexico Geological Society, 25th Field Conference, p. 225-230.

Fassett, J.E., and Hinds, J.S., 1971, Geology and fuel resources of the Fruitland Formation and Kirtland Shale of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico and Colorado: USGS Professional Paper 676, 76 p.

Levings, G.W., Craigg, S.d., Dam, W.L., Kernodle, J.M., and Thorn, C.R., 1990, Hydrogeology of the San Jose, Nacimiento, and Animas Formations in the San Juan structural basin, New Mexico, Colorado, Arizona, and Utah: USGS Hydrologic Investigations Atlas HA-720-A, 2 sheets.

Stone, W.J., Lyford, F.P., Frenzel, P.F., Mizell, N.H., and Padgett, E.T., 1983, Hydrogeology and water resources of San Juan Basin, New Mexico: New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, Hydrologic Report 6.

Burlington Resources Oil Gas Company, LP San Juan Basin Below Grade Tank Maintenance and Operating Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17 the following information describes the operation and maintenance of Below Grade Tank (BGT) on Burlington Resources Oil Gas Company, LP (BR) locations. This is BR's standard procedure for all BGT. A separate plan will be submitted for any BGT which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan:

- BR will operate and maintain a BGT to contain liquids and solids and maintain
 the integrity of the liner, liner system and secondary containment system to
 prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment.
 BR will perform an inspection on a monthly basis, installing cathodic protection,
 and automatic overflow shutoff devices as seen on the design plan.
- 2. BR will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste in the BGT.
- 3. BR shall operate and install the below-grade tank to prevent the collection of surface water run-on. BR has built in shut off devices that do not allow a belowgrade tank to overflow. BR constructs berms and corrugated retaining walls at least 6" above ground to keep from surface water run-on from entering the below grade tank as shown on the design plan.
- 4. As per 19.17.15.12 Subsection D, Paragraph 3, BR will inspect the below-grade tank for leakage and damage at least monthly. The operator will document the integrity of each tank at least annually and maintain a written record for five years. Inspections may include 1) containment berms adequate and no oil present, 2) tanks had no visible leaks or sign of corrosion, 3) tank valves, flanges, and hatches had no visible leaks and 4) no evidence of significant spillage of produced liquids. BR shall remove any visible or measurable layer of oil from the fluid surface of a below-grade tank in an effort to prevent significant accumulation of oil overtime.
- BR shall require and maintain a 10" adequate freeboard to prevent overtopping of the below-grade tank.

If the below grade tank develops a leak, or if any penetration of the pit liner or below grade tank, occurs below the liquid's surface, then BR will remove all liquid above the damage or leak line within 48 hours of discovery, notify the appropriate division office pursuant to 19.15.29 NMAC and repair the damage or replace the pit liner or below-grade tank as applicable. BR will repair or replace the pit liner or below grade tank. If the below grade tank or pit liner does not demonstrate integrity, BR will promptly remove and install a below grade tank or pit liner that complies with Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC

A Major Release shall be reported by giving both immediate verbal notice and timely written notice by filing form C-141 within 15 days pursuant to Subsection C, Paragraphs (1) and (2) of 19.15.3.116 NMAC. A Major Release is:

- (a) an unauthorized release of a volume, excluding natural gases, in excess of 25 barrels;
- (b) an unauthorized release of any volume which:
 - (i) results in a fire;

(ii) will reach a water course;

- (iii) may with reasonable probability endanger public health; or
- (iv) results in substantial damage to property or the

environment;

- (c) an unauthorized release of natural gases in excess of 500 mcf;
- (d) a release of any volume which may with reasonable probability or be detrimental to water or cause an exceedance of the standards in Section 19, Subsection B, Paragraphs (1) and (2) or (3) of 19.15.1 NMAC.
- A Minor Release shall be reported by giving timely written notice by the filing of form C-141 within 15 days pursuant to Subsection C, Paragraph (2) of 19.15.3.116 NMAC. A Minor Release is an unauthorized release of a volume, greater than 5 barrels but not more than 25 barrels; or greater than 50 mcf but less than 500 mcf of natural gases.

Burlington Resources Oil & Gas Company San Juan Basin: New Mexico Asseis Production BGT Closure Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the following plan describes the general closure requirements of below-Grade Tanks (BGT) on Burlington Resources.Oil & Gas Company, LP locations in the San Juan Basin of New Mexico. This is BR's standard closure procedure for all BGTs regulated under Rule 19.15.17 NMAC and operated by BR. For those closures which do not conform to this standard closure plan, a separate BGT specific closure plan will be developed and utilized.

Closure Conditions and Timing for BGT:

- Within 60 days of cessation of operation BR will:
 - Remove all liquids and sludge and dispose in a division approved manner.
- Within 72 Hrs or 1 week prior to closure BR will:
 - o Give notice to surface owners by certified mail. For public entities by email as specified on the variance page.
 - o Give notice to Division District Office verbally and in writing/email.
- Within 6 months of cessation of operation BR will:
 - o Remove BGT and dispose, recycle, reuse, or reclaim in a division approved
 - Remove unused onsite equipment associated with the BGT.
- Within 60 days of closure BR will:
 - o Send the Division District Office a Closure Report per 19.15.17.13.F (1).

General Plan Requirements:

- 1. Prior to initiating any BGT closure, except in the case of an emergency, BR will notify the surface owner of the intent to close the BGT by certified mail no later than 72 hours or one week before closure and a copy of this notification will be included in the closure report. In the case of an emergency, the surface owner will be notified as soon as practical.
- 2. Notice of closure will be given to the Division District office between 72 hours and one week of the scheduled closure via email or phone. The notification of closure will include the following:
 - a. Operators Name
 - b. Well Name and API Number
- 3. All liquids will be removed from the BGT following cessation of operation. Produced water will be disposed of at one of COP's approved Salt Water Disposal facilities or at a Division District Office approved facility.
- 4. Solids and sludge's will be shoveled and/or vacuumed out for disposal at one of the Division District Office approved facilities, depending on the proximity of the BGT site: Envirotech Land Farm (Permit #NM-01-011), Industrial Ecosystems Inc. JFJ Land Farm (Permit #NM-01-0010B), and Basin Disposal (Permit#NM-01-005).
- 5. BR will obtain prior approval from the Division District Office to dispose, recycle, reuse, or reclaim the BGT and provide documentation of the disposition of the BGT in the closure report. Steel materials will be recycled or reused as approved by the Division District Office. Fiberglass tanks will be empty, cut up or shredded, and EPA cleaned for disposal as solid waste. Liner materials will be cleaned without soils or contaminated material for disposal as solid waste. Fiberglass tanks and liner materials will meet the conditions of 19.15.35 NMAC.

Disposal will be at a licensed disposal facility, presently San Juan County Landfill operated by Waste Management under NMED Permit SWM-052426.

- Any equipment associated with the BGT that is no longer required for some other purpose, following the closure, will be removed.
- 7. Following removal of the tank and any liner material, BR will test the soils beneath the BGT as follows:
 - At a minimum, a five-point composite sample will be taken to include any obvious stained or wet soils or any other evidence of contamination.
 - The laboratory sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13.

	u u	Table I	
Closure Criteria for Soils B	eneath Below-G	rade Tanks, Drying Pads Associated wii	th Closed-Loop
Sy Depth below bottom of pit to	stems and Pits Constituent	where Confents are Removed Wethod*	Limit**
groundwater less than 10,000			COO malled
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	600 mg/kg
	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	100 mg/kg
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	10,000 mg/kg
	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg
	GRO+DRO	EPA SVV-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	20,000 mg/kg
100 feet	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg
	STEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
		EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg

^{*}Or other test methods approved by the division

^{**}Numerical limits or natural background level, whichever is greater (19.15.17.13 NMAC-Ro, 19.15.17.13 NMAC 3/28/2013)

- 8. If the Division District Office and/or BR determine there is a release, BR will comply with 19.15.17.13.C.3b.
- 9. Upon completion of the tank removal, pursuant to 19.15.17.13.C.3c, if all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the excavation will be backfilled with non-waste containing earthen material compacted and covered with a minimum of one foot top soil, or background thickness of top soil, whichever is greater. The surface will then be re-contoured to match the native grade, prevent ponding of water, and prevent erosion of cover material.
- 10. For those portions of the former BGT area no longer required for production activities, BR will seed the disturbed area in the first favorable growing season following the closure of the BGT. Seeding will be accomplished via drilling on the contour whenever practical, or by other Division District Office approved methods. BR will notify the Division District Office when reclamation and re-vegetation is complete.

Reclamation of the BGT shall be considered complete when:

- Established vegetative cover reflects a life form ratio of +/- 50% of pre disturbance levels.
- Total plant cover is at least 70% of pre-disturbance levels (Excluding noxious weeds)
 OR
- Pursuant to 19.15.17.13.H.5d BR will comply with obligations imposed by other applicable federal or tribal agencies in which there re-vegetation and reclamation requirements provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health and the environment.
- 11. For those portions of the former BGT area required for production activities, reseeding will be done at well abandonment, and following the procedure noted above.

Closure Report:

All closure activities will include proper documentation and will be submitted to OCD within 60 days of the BGT closure on a Closure Report using Division District Office Form C-144. The Report will include the following:

- Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and Division District Office)
- Backfilling & cover installation
- Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results
- Application Rate & Seeding techniques
- Photo Documentation of Reclamation