District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

77A

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Page 1 of 17

Form C-144 Revised April 3, 2017

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

<u>Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or</u> Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

Type of action: X Below grade tank registration

Permit of a pit or proposed alternative method

Closure of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method

Modification to an existing permit/or registration

Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, below-grade tank,

or proposed alternative method

Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below-grade tank or alternative request

Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.

1. Operator: Harvest Four Corners OGRID # 373888
Address: 1755 Arroyo Dr., Bloomfield, NM 87413 Facility or well name: Florance P 003S API Number: 30-045-32427 OCD Permit Number:
U/L or Qtr/Qtr <u>I</u> Section <u>35</u> Township <u>30N</u> Range <u>8W</u> County : <u>San Juan</u> Center of Proposed Design: Latitude <u>36.76576</u> Longitude <u>107.63918 W</u> NAD Surface Owner Federal State Private Tribal
2. Pit: Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Temporary: Drilling Workover Permanent Emergency Cavitation P&A Multi-Well Fluid Management Low Chloride Drilling Fluid yes no Lined Unlined Liner type: Thicknessmil LLDPE HDPE PVC Other
String-Reinforced Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other Volume: bbl Dimensions: L x W x D
3. X Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Volume: bbl Type of fluid: Produced Water Tank Construction material:
 <u>Alternative Method</u>: Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.
 5. Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks) Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church) Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet Alternate. Please specify 4' Hogwire with barbed top 2 wires

Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)

X Screen Netting Other

Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)

Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC

□ 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers

Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC

Variances and Exceptions:

Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.

Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:

- □ Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.
- Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptable source material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.

General siting	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank. - □ NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; □ USGS; ☑ Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes X No ☐ NA
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	Yes No
 Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division 	Yes No
 Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) FEMA map 	Yes No
Below Grade Tanks	
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🕅 No
 Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗶 No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.) Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No

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 Within 100 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	Yes No
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid	
 Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).	
 Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	Yes No
 Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 500 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 10. Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 N Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doc attached. X Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19. and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number: or Permit Number: 	cuments are 9 NMAC 15.17.9 NMAC
Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doc attached. Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit. Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC 	.15.17.9 NMAC
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	

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^{12.} <u>Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist</u> : Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC <i>Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the</i>	documents are
attached. Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Climatological Factors Assessment	
 Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan 	
 Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H₂S, Prevention Plan Emergency Response Plan 	
 Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization Monitoring and Inspection Plan Erosion Control Plan 	
Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
^{13.} <u>Proposed Closure</u> : 19.15.17.13 NMAC <i>Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.</i>	
Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Multi-well F	luid Management Pit
Proposed Closure Method: X Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems)	
Alternative Closure Method 14.	
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.	
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sour provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. I 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	
 Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells 	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
 Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells 	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	
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 adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within a 100-year floodplain. - FEMA map	Yes No
 16. On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure play a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. X Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Z Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC C Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17.13 NMAC C Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC X Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC X Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC X Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC X Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannee Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC X Be-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC X Bit Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC 	11 NMAC 15.17.11 NMAC
 17. Operator Application Certification: I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and beli 	ef.
Name (Print): Monica Smith Title: Environmental Specialist	
Signature: Monicasmith Date: 4/15/2020	
e-mail address: msmith@harvestmidstream.com Telephone: 505-632-4625	
18. OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)	
OCD Representative Signature: Raise Approval Date: 6/26/20	20
Title: Environmental Specialist OCD Permit Number: 77A	
19. 19. Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed. Closure Completion Date:	
20. Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method If different from approved plan, please explain.	op systems only)
21. Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure report. Please interface in the box, that the documents are attached. Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only) Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits) Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable) Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure) Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique	dicate, by a check

Longitude

NAD: 1927 1983

22. Operator Closure Certification:	
I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this cle belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure re	osure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and quirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.
Name (Print): Monica Smith	Title: Environmental Specialist
Signature: Monicasmat	4/15/2020 Date:
e-mail address: msmith@harvestmidsteam.com	Telephone: 505-632-4625

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NMOCD Site Assessment/Characterization, Re	emediation & Closu	re			
Site Name:	Florance P 003S				
	30-045-32427				
	36.76576 -107.6392	18			
	F-35-30N-8W				
Land Jurisdiction:					
	San Juan				
Determination made by:					
	3/19/2020				
	ead Protection Area				
Determine the horizontal distance from all known w water sources. Water sources are wells, springs or o those water sources used by less than five househo	other sources of fresh lds for domestic or sto	water extraction. Priv ock purposes. (NMAC	vate and domestic wa 19.15.29.11A.3)	ter sources are	
Water Source Type (well/spring/stock pond)	ID (if available)	Latitude	Longitude	Distance	
expired permit active 6/29/1983-2/1/1984	SP 03870	36.77028	-107.63397	0.43 mi	
Distance to Nearest	Significant Waterco	urse (NMAC 19.15.2	29.11A.4)		
NIIP canal is 0.23 mi to NE, Escarbada Wash is					
Depth to Groundy	vater Determinatio	n (NMAC 19.15.29.:	11A.2)		
Cathodic Report Nearby Wells	150 ft higher than I no active wells nea 	NIIP canal 0.23 mi to rby			
Sensitive R *If a release occurs within the following areas,	eceptor Determinat		curred less than 50		
ft to Groundwater (NMAC 19.15.29.12C.4):	the KF must treat ti	ie release as ij it oci	curreu less chuir 50	Yes	No
<300' of any continuously flowing watercourse	e or any other signifi	cant watercourse			7
<200' of any lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake (m	, ,		r Mark)		
<300' of an occupied permanent residence, sc					7
<500' of a spring or private/domestic water we	ell used by <5 house	holds for domestic	or stock watering		~
purposes					
<1000' of any water well or spring	ithin a defined and	i aine a fuar a la constante a	unall f ialal		_
within incorporated municipal boundaries or v <300' of a wetland	vithin a defined mui	nicipal fresh water	well field		I
within the area overlying a subsurface mine					✓ ✓
within an unstable area					- -
within a 100-year floodplain					マ マ マ
Explain any 'Yes' Marks:					
Astual Death to Crown burnt or b	< 50 🗆	F0 100 🗔	>100 🗔		
Actual Depth to Groundwater is: *Treat Depth to Groundwa		50-100 🗌 Yes 📄 No 🔽	>100 🗸		
near Depth to Gloundwa	$\leq 50 \text{ ft}$	50-100 ft	>100 ft		
Release Action Levels are Benzene		10	10		

8015 TPH (GRO/DRO/MRO) (mg/kg) **100 2,500 2,500** Chlorides (mg/kg) **600 10,000 20,000**

BTEX (mg/kg)

8015 TPH (GRO/DRO) (mg/kg)

NMAC 19.15.29.12 Table I. Release Action Levels are determined by the depth below bottom of pit to groundwater.

50

Not Applicable

50

1,000

50

1,000



The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

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ACTIVE & INACTIVE POINTS OF DIVERSION

Florance P 003S

Unit I Section 35 T30N R8W Lat: 36.76576 Long: -107.63918

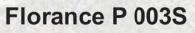


Florance P 003S

6255







Unit I Section 35 T30N R8W Lat: 36.76576 Long: -107.63918

200 ft

Florance P 003S

SITING AND HYDRO-GEOLOGICAL REPORT FOR FLORANCE P 003S

Siting Criteria 19.15.17.10 NMAC

Depth to groundwater at the site is estimated to be greater than 100 feet. This estimation is based on data from Stone and others (1983), and depth to groundwater data obtained from water wells permitted by the New Mexico State Engineer's Office (OSE, Figure 1). Local topography and proximity to adjacent water features are also considered. A topographic map of the site is provided as Figure 2 and demonstrates that the below grade tank (BGT) is not within 300 feet of any continuously flowing watercourse or within 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake as measured from the ordinary high water mark. Figure 3 demonstrates that the BGT is not within 300 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church. Figure 4 demonstrates, based on a search of the OSE database and USGS topographic maps, that there are no freshwater wells or springs within 1000 feet of the BGT. Figure 5 demonstrates that the BGT is not within a municipal boundary or a defined municipal freshwater well field. Figure 6 demonstrates that the BGT is not within 500 feet of a wetland. Figure 7 demonstrates that the BGT is not in an area overlying a subsurface mine. The BGT is not located in an unstable area. Figure 8 demonstrates that the BGT is not within the mapped FEMA 100-year floodplain.

Local Geology and Hydrology

This particular site is located on Manzanares Mesa in between Escarbada Canyon and Montoya Canyon. The cliff top is composed of San Jose Formation sandstone. Topography is dominated by the main channel of the river, its floodplain and terrace deposits. Moving away from the San Juan River, eroded surfaces of the Nacimiento Formation form slopes that are capped by the resistant sandstones of the San Jose Formation.

Regional Geology and Hydrology

The San Juan Basin is situated in the Navajo section of the Colorado Plateau and is characterized by broad open valleys, mesas, buttes and hogbacks. Away from major valleys and canyons topographic relief is generally low. Native vegetation is sparse and shrubby. Drainage is mainly by the San Juan River, the only permanent stream in the Navajo Section of the Colorado Plateau. The San Juan River is a tributary of the Colorado River. Major tributaries include the Animas, Chaco and La Plata Rivers. Flow of the San Juan River across the basin is regulated by the Navajo Dam, located about 30 miles northeast of Farmington, New Mexico. The climate is arid to semiarid with an average annual precipitation of 8 to 10 inches. Soils within the basin consist of weathered parent rock derived from predominantly physical means mostly from eolian depositional system with fluvial having a lesser impact.

Cretaceous and Tertiary sandstones, as well as Quaternary Alluvial deposits, serve as the primary aquifers in the San Juan Basin (Stone et al., 1983). The San Jose Formation of Eocene age occurs in both New Mexico and Colorado, and its outcrop forms the land surface over much of the eastern half of the central basin. It overlies the Nacimiento Formation in the area generally south of the Colorado-New Mexico border and overlies the Animas Formation in the general

2

area north of the State Line. The San Jose Formation was deposited in various fluvial-type environments. In general, the unit consists of an interbedded sequence of sandstone, siltstone, and shale. Thickness of the San Jose Formation increases from west to east. Groundwater is associated with alluvial and fluvial sandstone aquifers. The occurrence of groundwater is mainly controlled by distribution of sandstone in the formation. The reported or measured discharge from numerous water wells completed in the formation range from 0.15 to 61 gallons per minute (gpm) and with a median of 5 gpm. Most of the wells provide water for livestock and domestic purposes. The formation is suitable for recharge from precipitation due to overlying soils begin sandy, highly permeable and absorbent. Low annual precipitation, relatively high transpiration and evaporation rates and deep dissection of the formation by the San Juan River and its main tributaries all tend to reduce the effective recharge to the formation. Aquifers within the coarser and continuous sandstone bodies of the Nacimiento Formation of Paleocene age are between 0 and 1000 feet deep in the majority of the basin as well (Stone et al., 1983).

References

Circular 154—Guidebook to coal geology of northwest New Mexico By E. C. Beaumont, J. W. Shomaker, W. J. Stone, and others, 1976

Stone, et al., 1983, Hydrogeology and Water Resources of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico, Socorro, New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources Hydrologic Report 6, 70 p

Harvest Four Corners LLC

Design and Construction Plan - Below Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.11 NMAC of the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC), the information within this document describes the design and construction standards to be used by Harvest Four Corners LLC (Harvest) when installing Below Grade Tanks (BGTs). This is Harvest's standard procedure for all BGTs. A separate design and construction plan will be submitted for any BGT which does not conform to this plan.

Pit Rule Citation (NMAC)	Rule Requirement	Operator Requirements
19.15.17.11.A	Design	Harvest will design and construct a properly sized and approved BGT to contain liquids and solids, prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment. A solid riser pipe will be installed to facilitate liquid removal from the tank. The riser shall have a cap or cover and be positioned to prevent standing accumulation of liquids within the riser.
19.15.17.11.C	Construction	Harvest will post appropriate signage to include operator name, legal location information, and emergency telephone contact information. The sign will be at least 12-inches x 24-inches with lettering not less than 2-inches in height and be placed on the fence surrounding the BGT.
19.15.17.11.D(1)	Construction	Harvest will fence the BGT in a manner that deters unauthorized access and will maintain the fence in good repair. Harvest facilities with an exterior perimeter fence will not have a fence installed around the BGT if it is located within the facility exterior perimeter fence.
19.15.17.11.D(3)	Construction	BGT installations will be fenced to protect livestock and wildlife. Fencing will be a minimum of four feet high with four strands of barbed wire spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground. As a variance (if approved with the BGT registration), the fence may be constructed using four 4 foot tall "hog wire" with 1 stand of barbed wire at the top.
19.15.17.11.E	Construction	BGTs will have one-inch (or less) steel mesh (i.e. expanded metal), solid steel covers, or otherwise be constructed to prevent migratory bird contact.
19.15.17.11.I(1)	Design/Construction	Harvest will design and construct the BGT to contain liquids associated with the dehydration and compression of natural gas, which will be resistant to the contents of the tank and resistant to damage from ultra violet light.
19.15.17.11.I(2)	Construction	The BGT foundation will be level and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities and have a firm compacted bottom and sidewalls that are stable for the soil conditions.
19.15.17.11.I(3)	Construction	BGT installations will include an earthen berm or equivalent alternative at least 6-inches above ground to prevent surface water run-on; and install overflow monitoring device and/or monitor the tank at a frequency to prevent overflow as depicted in Figure 1.
19.15.17.11.I.4(a)	Construction	For BGTs that do not have double walls, Harvest will construct the BGT to meet the requirements listed in 19.15.17.11.I.4(a) associated with visual inspection, tank construction, liner, and overflow as depicted in Figure 1. All other BGTs, in which the side walls are not open for visible inspection shall be double walled with leak detection capability as depicted in Figure 2.
19.15.17.11.I.4.(b)	Construction	Buried BGTs will be constructed of steel with double-walls and double-bottom, welded following appropriate API and industry codes, coated with an epoxy based paint. A solid riser pipe will be installed between the space of the double-walls to allow monthly inspection to determine tank integrity.
19.15.17.11.I.4.(c)	Design/Construction	Harvest will meet with NMOCD district office before submitting application for an alternative BGT design.
19.15.17.11.I(5)	Construction	A single walled tank (installed prior to June 16, 2008) which has completely open sidewalls for visible inspection and which may or may not have a geomembrane liner, need not meet the above design and construction standards defined in Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC unless the integrity fails. If the integrity failes, the tank will then be closed pursuant to the approved Closure Plan or be retrofitted in accordance with the design drawings (see Figures 1 or 2) or NMOCD approved modification. Retrofitting actions that include changes to the BGT design and construction require an update to the BGT registration.
19.15.17.11.I(6)	Construction	All single walled BGTs must have sidewalls that are completely visible for inspection. Single walled tanks that do not meet this requirement must be retrofitted or closed persuant to the approved Closure Plan. Retrofitting actions that include changes to the BGT design and construction require an update to the BGT registration.
19.15.17.11.I(7)	Construction	A double walled tank (installed prior to June 16, 2008) need not meet the above design and construction standards defined in Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC unless the integrity fails. If the integrity fails, the tank will then be closed pursuant to the approved Closure Plan or be retrofitted in accordance with the design drawings (see Figures 1 or 2) or NMOCD approved modification. Retrofitting actions that include changes to the BGT design and construction require an update to the BGT registration.

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Harvest Four Corners LLC Design and Construction Plan - Below Grade Tanks

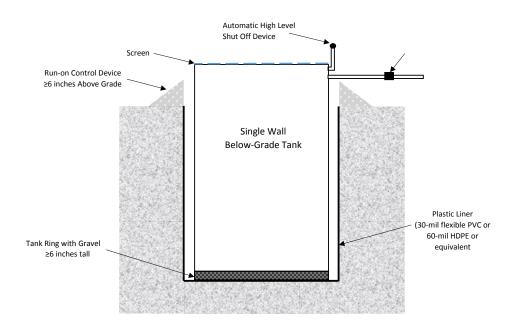


FIGURE 1. BGT DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION – 19.15.17.11.I.(4)(a) NMAC

- 1. The BGT's bottom must be elevated a minimum of six inches above the underlying ground surface.
- 2. The BGT must be underlain with a geomembrane liner to divert leaked liquid to a location that can be visually inspected. Gravel will be contained within a tank ring and not cover the visible portion of the liner.
- 3. Geomembrane liner shall consist of 30-mil flexible PVC or 60-mil HDPE liner, or an equivalent liner material. The liner must have a hydraulic conductivity no greater than 1 x 10-9 cm/sec, be composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions, and resistant to ultraviolet light. The liner compatibility must comply with USEPA SW-
- 4. Equipped with a properly operating automatic high-level shut-off control device and manual controls to prevent overflows.

Harvest Four Corners LLC

Operations and Maintenance Plan - Below Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.12 NMAC of the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC), the information within this document describes the operations and maintenance standards to be used by Harvest Four Corners LLC (Harvest) when operating Below Grade Tanks (BGTs). This is Harvest's standard procedure for all BGTs. A separate operations and maintenance plan will be submitted for any BGT which does not conform to this plan.

Pit Rule Citation (NMAC)	Rule Requirement	Operator Requirements
19.15.17.12.A(1)	Integrity	Harvest will operate and maintain the BGT to contain liquids and solids and maintain the integrity of the liner, liner systems and secondary containment system to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment.
19.15.17.12.A(3)	Waste Management	Willams will not discharge or store any hazardous waste in a BGT. "Hazardous waste" means non-exempt waste that exceeds the minimum standards for waste hazardous by characteristics established in RCRA regulations, 40 CFR 261.21-261.24, or listed hazardous waste as defined in 40 CFR, part 261, subpart D, as amended.
19.15.17.12.A(5)	Release Requirements	If the BGT integrity is compromised: 1. All discharges will be shut off to the BGT. 2. All liquids will be removed as soon as possible but no later than 48 hours after discovery. 3. Harvest will notify and report to NMOCD in accordance to 19.15.29 NMAC and all other applicable agencys as require.
19.15.17.12.A(7)	Surface Water Run-on	Harvest will maintain a berm or equivalent alternative at least 6-inches above ground to keep surface water run- on from entering the BGT as shown on the Design and Construction Plan.
19.15.17.12.D(1)	Surface Water Run- on and Overflow	Harvest will require and maintain an adequate freeboard to prevent overtopping of the BGT.
19.15.17.12.D(2)	Measurable Oil	Any oil or hydrocarbon collecting in the BGT will be removed. Saleable condensate will be returned to the facility or field condensate tank. Slop oil from compression will be removed and transported to an offsite recycle facility.
19.15.17.12.D(3)	Inspection	 Harvest will inspect the BGT for leakage and damage on a monthly basis. Harvest will document the integrity of each tank at least annually and maintain a written record for five years. Inspections may include: 1. Containment berms adequate and no oil present 2. Tank had no visible signs of corrosion 3. Tank valves, flanges, and hatches had no visible leaks 4. No evidence of significant spillage of produced liquids. 5. BGT cover intact and no signs of dead wildlife. 6. Sidewalls are completely visible for single walled BGTs.
19.15.17.12.D(4)	Freeboard	Harvest will maintain a 10-inch freeboard to prevent overtopping of the BGT.
19.15.17.12.D(5)	Integrity	If the BGT loses integrity, Harvest will repair the damage or close the BGT pursuant to the approved Closure Plan.
19.15.17.12.D(6)	Retrofit or Replacement Requirements	While performing BGT equipment or retrofitting actions, Harvest will visually inspect the area beneath the BGT and document any areas that are wet, discolored or showing other evidence of a release on OCD Form C-141. Harvest will report the concentration of contaminants to the OCD with respect to the standards set forth in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC. Harvest will proceed with the approved Closure Plan if no evidence of impacts are present or concentrations of contaminants are below the OCD standards.

Harvest Four Corners LLC Closure Plan - Below Grade Tanks

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC of the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC), the information within this document describes the closure requirements to be used by Harvest Four Corners LLC (Harvest) when closing Below Grade Tanks (BGTs). This is Harvest's standard procedure for all BGTs. A separate closure plan will be submitted for any BGT closure which does not conform to this plan.

Pit Rule Citation (NMAC)	Rule Requirement	Operator Requirements
19.15.17.13.A		This plan describes Harvest proposed closure methods and the proposed procedures and protocols to implement and complete BGT closure.
19.15.17.13.C(1)		Prior to commencing BGT closure, Harvest will obtain a NMOCD approved closure plan before any closure activities start. Harvest understands that the NMOCD considers the start of closure for a BGT is when the BGT is being removed from the ground.
19.15.17.13.C(2)		Harvest will remove liquids and sludge from a BGT prior to commencing closure actions and will dispose the material in a NMOCD approved facility.
19.15.17.13.C.3(a)	Closure Plan	Following removal of the tank and any liner material, Harvest will test the soils beneath the BGT in accordance with 19.15.17.13.C.3(a) NMAC. Samples will be collected from beneath the liner and/or BGT for obvious stained or wet soils, or any other evidence of contamination.
19.15.17.13.C.3(b)		If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the NMOCD may require additional delineation upon review of the results and Harvest must receive approval before proceeding with closure.
19.15.17.13.C.3(c)		Upon completion of BGT removal, if all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the excavation will be backfilled with non-waste contained, uncontaminated, earthen material.
19.15.17.13.E(1)	Notification	Notice of closure will be given to the surface owner at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation via Certified mail. As a variance (if approved with the closure plan), surface owners which are public entities (State, BLM, or Tribal) will be notified by email or phone. The notification of closure will include the following: operators name, well name and API number (if applicable), and location (ULSTR).
19.15.17.13.E(2)	Notification	Notice of Closure will be given to the NMOCD office at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation via Certified mail. As a variance (if approved with the closure plan), the NMOCD district office will be notified by email or phone. The notification of closure will include the following: operators name, well name and API number (if applicable), and location (ULSTR).
19.15.17.13.F(1)	Reporting	Operator will send the NMOCD a closure report in accordance with 19.15.17.F(1) NMAC within 60 days of closure including the following items: Proof of closure notice, analytical results, backfill information, revegetation, and photo documentation of reclamation. Harvest understands that the NMOCD considers the closure date the day in which the BGT is backfilled and re-contoured. Revegetation is still required but, may be addressed in closure report.
19.15.17.13.G.4(a)		Within 60 days of cessation of operations, Harvest will remove liquids and sludge from a BGT prior to implementing a closure method and will dispose of the material in a NMOCD approved facility. Disposal facilities to be used by Harvest are listed below based on the listed waste types.
19.15.17.13.G.4(b)	Timing	Within 6 months of cessation of operations, Harvest will dispose, recycle, reuse, or reclaim the BGT in a NMOCD approved manner. If required, Harvest will provide documentation of the disposition of the BGT to the NMOCD. Liner materials will be cleaned to remove soils or contaminated material for disposal as solid waste. Disposal facilities to be used by Harvest are listed below based on the listed waste types.
19.15.17.13.H.1(a)		Harvest will reclaim the area by substantially restoring the impacted surface area to the condition that existed prior to oil and gas operations by placement of soil cover as described below for 19.15.17.13.H.2 NMAC. The location and associated areas will be recontoured that approximates the original contour and blends with the surrounding topography and revegetate as described below for 19.15.17.13.H.5 NMAC.
19.15.17.13.H.1(b)		Harvest will submit an alternative plan to be approved by the NMOCD and written approval from the surface owner before submitting the C-144 application.
19.15.17.13.H.1(c)		If a BGT is removed from an area where production operations will continue, the area will be reclaimed in such a way to minimize dust and erosion to the extent practicable.
19.15.17.13.H.2		Cover will include one foot of suitable material, with chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0, to establish vegetation at the site, or the background thickness of topsoil, whichever is greater.
19.15.17.13.H.4		Harvest will construct the soil cover to the existing grade to prevent ponding of water and erosion of the cover material.

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Harvest Four Corners LLC Closure Plan - Below Grade Tanks

Pit Rule Citation (NMAC)	Rule Requirement	Operator Requirements
19.15.17.13.H.5(a) 19.15.17.13.H.5(b) 19.15.17.13.H.5(c) 19.15.17.13.H.5(d) 19.15.17.13.H.5(e)	Reclamation	For those portions of the former BGT area no longer in use with the exception where production operations will continue, the area will be reclaimed as nearly as practicable to their original condition or their final land use. Reclamation will begin as early as practical. The areas will be maintained to minimize dust and topsoils placed and contoured to limit erosion control, maintain stability, and preserve surface-water flow patterns. Harvest will seed the disturbed areas the first favorable growing season following closure of the BGT. Harvest will comply with obligations imposed by other applicable federal or tribal agencies in which their re-vegetation and reclamation requirements provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health and the environment. Harvest will notify the NMOCD when reclamation and re-vegetation is complete.

Summary of Waste Materials and Disposal Facilities		
Waste Types	Disposal Facility	
Steel Tank	San Juan County Landfill; Steel Recycling	
Fiberglass Tank	San Juan County Landfill; Bondad Landfill; Re-use	
Liner (cleaned – absent soil / sludge)	San Juan County Landfill; Bondad Landfill	
Sludge	Envirotech; Industrial Ecosystems Inc.; T-N-T; Bondad Landfill	
Liquids (Water / Hydrocarbons)	Basin Disposal; Key Energy; T-N-T	
Contaminated Soil	Envirotech; Industrial Ecosystems Inc.; T-N-T; Bondad Landfill	
Fencing / Miscellaneous	Re-use or Scrap	

epth Below Bottom of pit to ground water less than 10,000 mg/l	Constituent	Method	Limit**
≤50 feet	Chloride	EPA 300.0	600 mg/kg
	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	100 mg/kg
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	10 mg/kg
51 feet – 100 feet	Chloride	EPA 300.0	10,000 mg/kg
	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	10 mg/kg
≤100 feet	Chloride	EPA 300.0	20,000 mg/kg
	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846	10 mg/kg