Distric 1
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

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State of New Mexico
Energy Minerals and Natural Resources
Department
Oil Conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application 1968 Type of action: □ Below grade tank registration ○ Permit of a pit or proposed alternative method □ Closure of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method □ Modification to an existing permit/or registration	
Type of action: Below grade tank registration	
\square Permit of a pit or proposed alternative method \square Closure of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method	
$45-35$ 460 \Box Costre of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method \Box Modification to an existing permit/or registration	
Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, below-grade tank,	
or proposed alternative method	
Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below-grade tank or alternative request Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or	ha
environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or o	dinances.
1. Operator: ConocoPhillips OGRID #:217817	£
Operator: ConocoPhillips OGRID #:217817 Address: P.O. Box 4289, Farmington, New Mexico 87499 Facility or well name: State Gas Com A 1E API Number: 30-045-35460 OCD Permit Number:	9
Facility or well name: State Gas Com A 1E	
AP! Number: <u>30-045-35460</u> OCD Permit Number:	
U/L or Qtr/Qtr N (SESW) Section <u>36</u> Township <u>31N</u> Range <u>12W</u> County: <u>San Juan</u>	
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude <u>36.850517°N</u> Longitude <u>108.054227</u> °W NAD: 1927 🗌 1983 🔀	
Surface Owner: 🔲 Federal 🖾 State 🗌 Private 🗌 Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment	
2.	
Pit: Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	i
Temporary: 🛛 Drilling 🗌 Workover	
Permanent Emergency Cavitation P&A Multi-Well Fluid Management Low Chloride Drilling Fluid yes no	
Lined Unlined Liner type: Thickness 20 mil LLDPE HDPE PVC Other	
⊠ String-Reinforced Liner Seams: ⊠ Welded ⊠ Factory □ Other Volume: <u>7700 bbl</u> Dimensions: L <u>120'</u> x W <u>55'</u> x D <u>12'</u>	
United Statistics E Tactory D Other Volume. 7700 001 Dimensions. E 120 x W 55 x D 12	
3. Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NM ACC	
I and Construction material:	
BY: Jonathan Kelly DATE: 7/1/2014 (505) 334-6178 Ext. 122	
Liner type: Thickness mil 🔲 HDPE 🗌 PVC 🛄 Other	
4.	
Alternative Method:	
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of app	oval.
Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks)	
Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital. institution or church)	
Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet	
Alternate. Please specify <u>4' field fencing with one strand barbed wire on top.</u>	

Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)

Screen Netting Other_

Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)

Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC

12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers

Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC

Variances and Exceptions:

7.

Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.

Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:

- Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.
- Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptable source material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.

<u>General siting</u>	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank	□ Yes □ No ⊠ NA
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ⊠ NA
 Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division 	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
 Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - FEMA map	🗋 Yes 🛛 No
Below Grade Tanks	
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	Yes No
 Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.) Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application.	🗌 Yes 🛛 No

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Within 100 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🛛 No						
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid							
 Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No						
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	Yes No						
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 							
 Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No						
<u>Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit</u>							
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).	🗌 Yes 🗌 No						
- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site							
 Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No						
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.	— —						
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗍 No						
 Within 500 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No						
 10. Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 N Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the do attached. Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19. and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number: 	cuments are 9 NMAC 15.17.9 NMAC						
Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC							
Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the do attached.	cuments are						
 Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit. Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC 	.15.17.9 NMAC						
 Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number: 							

10 The termit Application Checking: Subsection 8 of 10 15 17.9 NNAC Information: Exact of the offlowing from must be studied of the application. Plass indicate, by a check musk in the box, that the documents are amached. Information: Exact on the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 10.15.17.9 NNAC Clinication/galance/benomatations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NNAC Clinication/galance/benomatations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Lesk Description Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Clinication/galance/benomatation Clinication/galance/benomat	Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Siling Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan Poperating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H ₂ S, Prevention Plan Experiments of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Diffield Waste Stream Characterization Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Reas and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Rease auplot the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Rease auplot the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Waste Stream Characterization Maintenance Plan - Used upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC </th						
Proposed Closure: 19.13.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Process complete the applicable backs, Backs 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan. Type: Orilling Workover Emergency Proposed Closure Waste Renoval (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method: Waste Renoval (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method On-site Tennch Burial On-site Tennch Burial On-site Tennch Burial Maste Excavation and Renoval On-site Tennch Burial On-site Tennch Burial On-site Tennch Burial Maste Excavation and Renoval Closure Plan. Closure Method Protocols and Procedures. Back Burial Science ScienceScience Science Science Science Science Science Scie	Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan. Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Multi-well Fluid Management Pit Alternative Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) Multi-well Fluid Management Pit Waste Removal On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method On-site Closure Method On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method # Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Sit						
Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closure/Nethod) On-site Closure Method (ON) for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) Implace Burial On-site Closure Method (ON) for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) Implace Burial On-site Closure Method (ON) for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) Implace Burial On-site Closure Method (ON) Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) Soil Backlill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Boil Backlill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Isting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods onty): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Isting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods onty): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Isting Criteria (regarding on-site Closure methods onty): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Isting Criteria (regarding on-site Closure methods onty): 19.15.17.13 NMAC Isting Criteria (regarding on-site Closure equirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Isting Criteria (regarding on-site Closure equirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Isting Criteria (regarding on-site Closure equirements of Subsection H of 19.15	Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method In-place Burial In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method In-place Burial In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method In-place Burial In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Constre plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Be-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable source material are provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. Please refer to						
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- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells □ NA Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste □ Yes ⊠ No - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells □ NA Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells □ NA Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa □ Yes ⊠ No - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. □ Yes ⊠ No - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. □ Yes ⊠ No • NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No							
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells □ NA Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells □ NA Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Yes ⊠ No - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. □ Yes ⊠ No - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. □ Yes ⊠ No - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet of a wetland. □ Yes ⊠ No □ Yes ⊠ No Line for the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No							
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells □ NA Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa □ Yes ⊠ No lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet of a wetland. □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet of a wetland. □ Yes ⊠ No							
lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Yes ⊠ No - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fich and Wildlife Watland Identification man; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □ Yes ⊠ No							
 Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet of a wetland. 	lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).						
at the time of initial application. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality □ Yes ⊠ No Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fich and Wildlife Watland Identification many Tanagraphia many Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site □							
Within 300 feet of a wetland.	at the time of initial application.						
US Fish and Wildlife Water d Identification many Tanagraphic many Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality 🗌 Yes 🛛 No						
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance						

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	🗌 Yes 🛛 No								
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division □ Yes □ No									
 Within an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 									
Within a 100-year floodplain.	🗌 Yes 🖾 No								
- FEMA map	Yes 🛛 No								
 On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17. Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cann Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC 	11 NMAC 15.17.11 NMAC								
17. Operator Application Certification:									
I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and beli	ef.								
Name (Print):- <u>DOLLIE BUSSE</u> Title: Staff Regulatory Technician Signature: Date: <u>6-25-14</u>									
e-mail address: dollie.l.busse@conocophillips.com Telephone: 505-324-6104									
18. OCD Approval: Permit Application (incluing the provided in the									
18. OCD Approval: Permit Application (inclu CD Conditions (see attachment) OCD Representative Signature:									
OCD Representative Signature: DENIED Approval Date:									
OCD Representative Signature: DENIED Approval Date: Title:	complete this								

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Operator Closure Certification:

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22.

I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.						
Name (Print):	Title:					
Signature:	Date:					
e-mail address:	Telephone:					

State Gas Com A 1E (NEW DRILL)

ConocoPhillips Company requests a variance for the items listed below. The requested variance, per 19.15.17.15.A, provides equal or better protection of fresh water, public health & the environment.

- 1. Fencing
 - Fencing as described in Section 5 under Alternate, COPC will construct all new fences around the temporary pit utilizing 48" steel mesh field-fence (hogwire) on the bottom with a single strand of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary T-post. Temporary pits will be fenced at all times excluding drilling or work-over operations, when the front side of the fence will be temporarily removed for operational purposes.
 - If the pit is located within 1000 feet of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church, COPC will construct all new fences utilizing chain link security fence with two strands of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary T-post. Temporary pits will be fenced at all times excluding drilling or work-over operations, when the front side of the fence will be temporarily removed for operational purposes. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.

2. Pit Marker

- COPC will also be using a temporary Flat Pit Marker upon closure. The temporary pit will be located with a steel marker, no less than four inches in diameter, cemented in a hole three feet deep in the center of the onsite burial upon the abandonment of all the wells on the pad. The marker will be flush with the ground to allow access of the active well pad and for safety concerns. The marker will include a threaded collar to be used for future abandonment. The top of the marker will contain a welded steel 12" square plate that indicates the onsite burial of the temporary pit.
- The plate will be easily removable and a four foot tall riser will be threaded into the top of the collar marker and welded around the base with the operator's information at the time all wells on the pad are abandoned. The operator's information will include the following: Operator Name, Lease Name, Well Name and number, Unit Number, Section, Township, Range and an indicator that the marker is an onsite burial location.
- COPC will notify Public Entity Surface Owners by email in lieu of certified mail. Private Entity Surface Owners will still be notified via certified mail.

Busse, Dollie L

From: Sent: To: Subject:

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Busse, Dollie L Tuesday, June 24, 2014 2:47 PM Brandon Foley, NM State Land Office State Gas Com A 1E - SURFACE OWNER NOTIFICATION

Hi Brandon,

Please note the subject well will have a temporary pit that will be closed onsite. Let me know if you have any questions.

Thanks!

Dollie L. Busse | Staff Regulatory Technician | ConocoPhillips | San Juan Business Unit | P.O. Box 4289 | Farmington, NM 87499 | Office: 505-324-6104 | Cell: 505-215-3069 | E-mail: <u>dollie.l.busse@cop.com</u>



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Point of Diversion Summary

	Number 03309	• • •	16 Q4 S	allest to larg Sec Tws 35 31N	Rng	X	TM in meters) Y 4082541* 🚱	•
Driller License:	1508							
Driller Name:	WILLIAM HARGI	S						
Drill Start Date:	02/18/2003	Drill Fini	sh Date	e: 0	2/22/2003	в Р	lug Date:	
Log File Date:	03/28/2003	PCW Rc	v Date:			S	ource:	Shallow
Pump Type:		Pipe Dis	charge	Size:		E	stimated Yiel	d: 1 GPM
Casing Size:	4.50	Depth W	ell:	2	40 feet	D	epth Water:	210 feet
Wate	er Bearing Stratifi	cations:	Тор	Bottom	Descri	ption		<u> </u>
			220	222	2 Other/L	Jnknowi	n	
x	Casing Perf	orations:	Тор	Bottom	າ			
			180	240)			

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

5/1/14 9:03 AM

POINT OF DIVERSION SUMMARY

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New Mexico Office of the State Engineer POD Reports and Downloads								
Township: 31N	Range: 12W	Sections: 36	,35,	· · · ·				
NAD27 X:	Y: ⁴	Zone:	Se Se	arch Radius:	1			
County:	Basin:		N	umber:	Suffix:			
Owner Name: (First)	(L	ast) ② All	10	Non-Domestic	ODomestic			
POD / Su	face Data Report	er Column Repo	g Depth to W	/ater Report				
[Clear Form	WATERS M	enu Hel	р				

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WATER COLUMN REPORT 08/19/2008

	(quarter: (quarter:				-		Depth	Depth	Wate
POD Number	Tws	Rng Sec	विवव	Zone	x	Y	Well	Water	Colum
SJ 02021 X	31N	12W 35	42				290	250	4
SJ 02021	31N	12W 35	42			•	115		
SJ 03309	31N	12W 35	444				240	210	3

Record Count: 3

http://iwaters.ose.state.nm.us:7001/iWATERS/WellAndSurfaceDispatcher

8/19/2008

New Mexico Office of the State Engineer

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		<i>Office of the State</i> Reports and Down		neer	
Township:	30N , Range: 12W	Sections: 1,2			·
NAD27 X:	Y :	Zone:		Search Radius:	
County:	Basin:			Number:	Suffix:
Owner Name: (First)	((Last) @All	:	○Non-Domestic	ODomestic
) / Surface Data Rep	ort Avg		to Water Report	
	Clear Form] [iWATERS Mer	าน	Help	

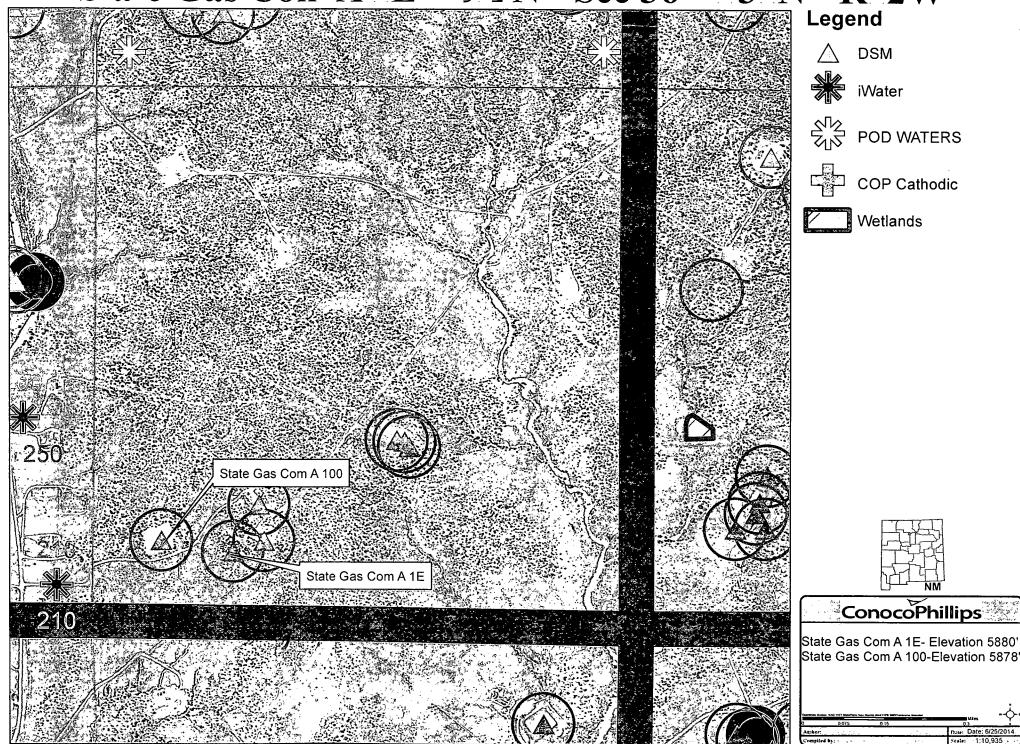
WATER COLUMN REPORT 08/19/2008

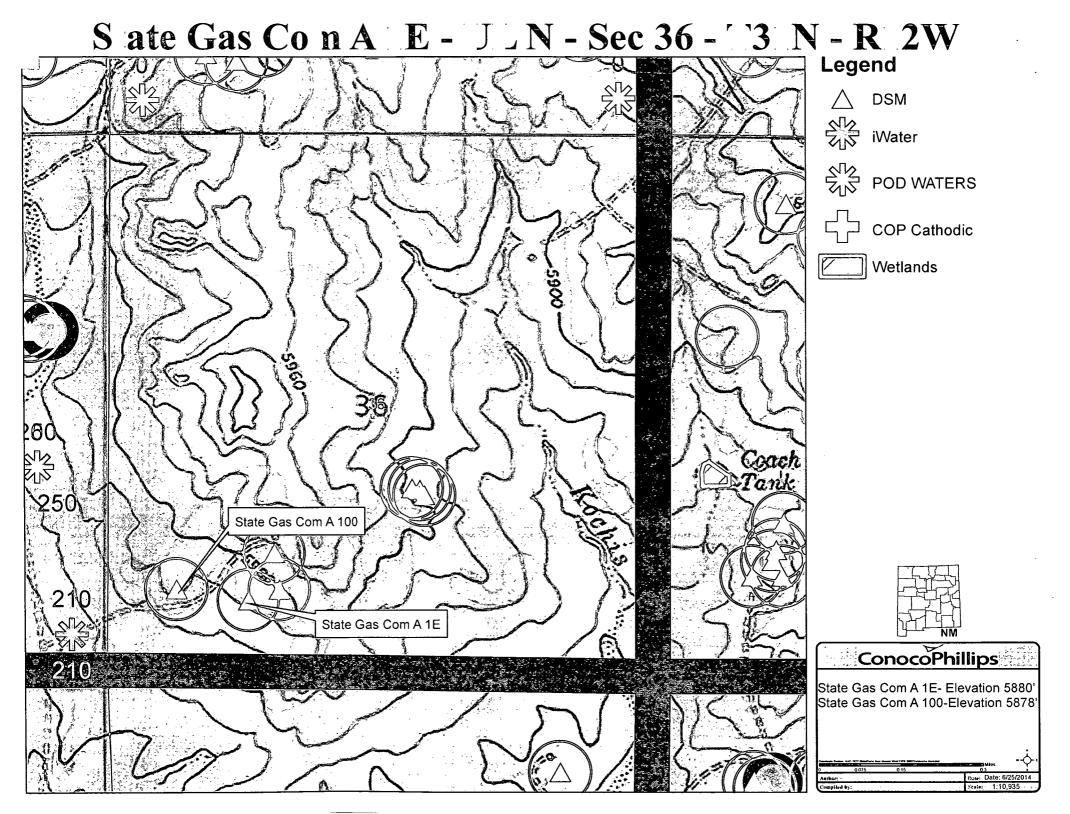
	(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE) (quarters are biggest to smallest) Depth Depth Wat								Wate			
POD Number	Tws	Rng	Sec	q	đ	đ	Zone	x	¥	Well	Water	Colun
SJ 02643 SJ 02707		12W 12W		-	-	-				195 235	140 135	5 1(

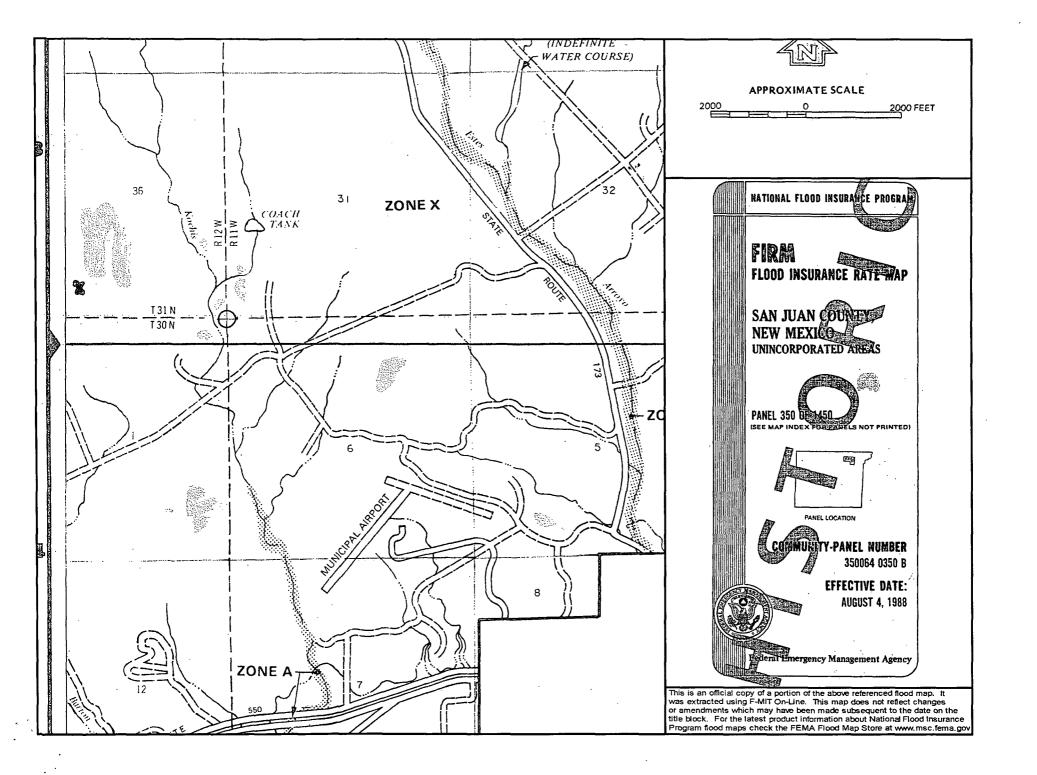
Record Count: 2

http://iwaters.ose.state.nm.us:7001/iWATERS/WellAndSurfaceDispatcher

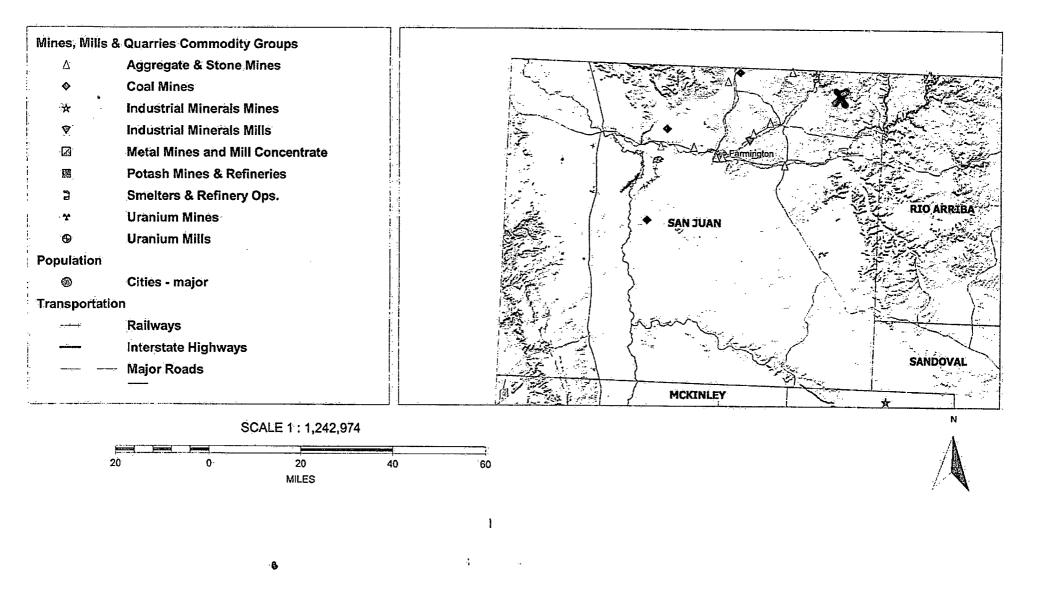
SaeGasConAE-JJN-Sec36-''3N-R 2W







Mines, Mills and Quarries



Siting Criteria and Compliance Demonstrations

Well Name: STATE GAS COM A 1E

1. Depth to groundwater (should not be less than 25 feet):

Depth to groundwater is >100'. The nearest recorded well with available water-depth information is the <u>State Gas Com A 100</u> with groundwater @ <u>210'</u> as indicated in the iWaters Data sheet attached.

2. <u>Distance to watercourse (should not be within 100 feet of a continuously flowing</u> <u>watercourse other significant watercourse or 200 feet from lakebed, sinkhole, or playa</u> <u>lake):</u>

Aerial map attached indicates that there are no lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes, or watercourses within 200 feet of the proposed pit.

3. Distance to buildings (should not be within 300 feet of any permanent buildings):

Aerial map attached indicates that the pit will not be within 300 feet of any of these locations.

4. <u>Distance to springs or wells (should not be within 300 feet of a private, domestic fresh</u> water well or spring used by less than five (5) households or within 300 feet of any other fresh water well or spring):

Aerial map attached indicates that the pit will not be within 300 feet of any recorded well or spring.

5. <u>Location within a 100 year floodplain (should not be located within a 100 year floodplain)</u>

FEMA map attached indicates that the pit will not be within a 100 year floodplain.

6. Distance to wetlands (should not be within 300 feet):

During initial onsite the well pad was evaluated for Wetland proximity. No wetland was identified within 300 feet of the proposed well pad. See attached Aerial map.

7. Location above subsurface mine (should not overlie a subsurface mine):

The pit will not overlie a mine. The 2010 Mines, Mills, and Quarries map attached indicates that there are no subsurface mines in the area.

8. Presence within unstable area (should not be within an unstable area):

The attached topographic map indicates that the location will not be within an unstable area.

Hydrogeological Report for Nacimiento Formation

Regional Geological context:

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The Nacimiento Formation is of Paleocene age (Baltz, 1967, p. 35). It crops out in a broad band inside the southern and western margins of the central basin and in a narrow band along the west face of the Nacimiento Uplift. The Nacimiento is a nonresistant unit and typically erodes to low, rounded hills or forms badland topography.

The Nacimiento Formation occurs in approximately only the southern two-thirds of the San Juan Basin where it conformably overlies and intertongues with the Ojo Alamo Sandstone (Fassett, 1974, p. 229). The Nacimiento Formation grades laterally into the main part of the Animas Formation (Fassett and Hinds, 1971, p. 34); thus, in this area, the two formations occupy the same stratigraphic interval.

Strata of the Nacimiento Formation were deposited in lakebeds in the central basin area with lesser deposition in stream channels (Brimhall, 1973, p. 201). In general, the Nacimiento consists of drab, interbedded black and gray shale with discontinuous, white, medium- to very coarse grained arkosic sandstone (Stone e al., 1983, p.30). Stone et al. indicated that the formation may contain more sandstone than commonly reported because some investigators assume the slope-forming strata in the unit area shales, whereas in many places the strata actually are poorly consolidated sandstones. Total thickness of the Nacimiento Formation ranges from about 500 to 1,300 feet. The unit generally thickens from the basin margins toward the basin center (Steven et al., 1974). The sandstone deposits within the Nacimiento Formation are much thinner than the total thickness of the formation because their environment of deposition was localized stream channels (Brimhall, 1973, p. 201). The thickness of the combined San Jose, Animas, and Nacimiento Formations ranges from 500 to more than 3.500 feet.

Hydraulic Properties:

Reported well yields for 53 wells completed in either the Animas or Nacimiento Formations range from 2 to 90 gallons per minute and the median yield is 7.5 gallons per minute. The primary use of water from Nacimiento and Animas Formations is domestic and livestock supplies. There are no known aquifer tests for the Animas or Nacimiento Formations, but specific capacities reported for six wells range from 0.24 to 2.30 gallons per minute per foot of drawdown (Levings et al., 1990).

The Animas and Nacimiento Formations are in many ways hydrologically similar to the San Jose Formation because sands in both units produce approximately the same quantities of water. However, the greater percentage of fine materials in the Animas and Nacimiento Formations may restrict downward vertical leakage to the Ojo Alamo Sandstone or Kirtland Shale. The poorly cemented fine material is highly erodible, forms a badland terrain, and supports only spotty vegetation. These conditions are more conductive to runoff than retention of precipitation.

References:

Baltz, E.H., 1967, Stratigraphy and regional tectonic implications of part of Upper Cretaceous rocks, east-central San Juan Basin, New Mexico: USGS Professional Paper

552, 101 p.

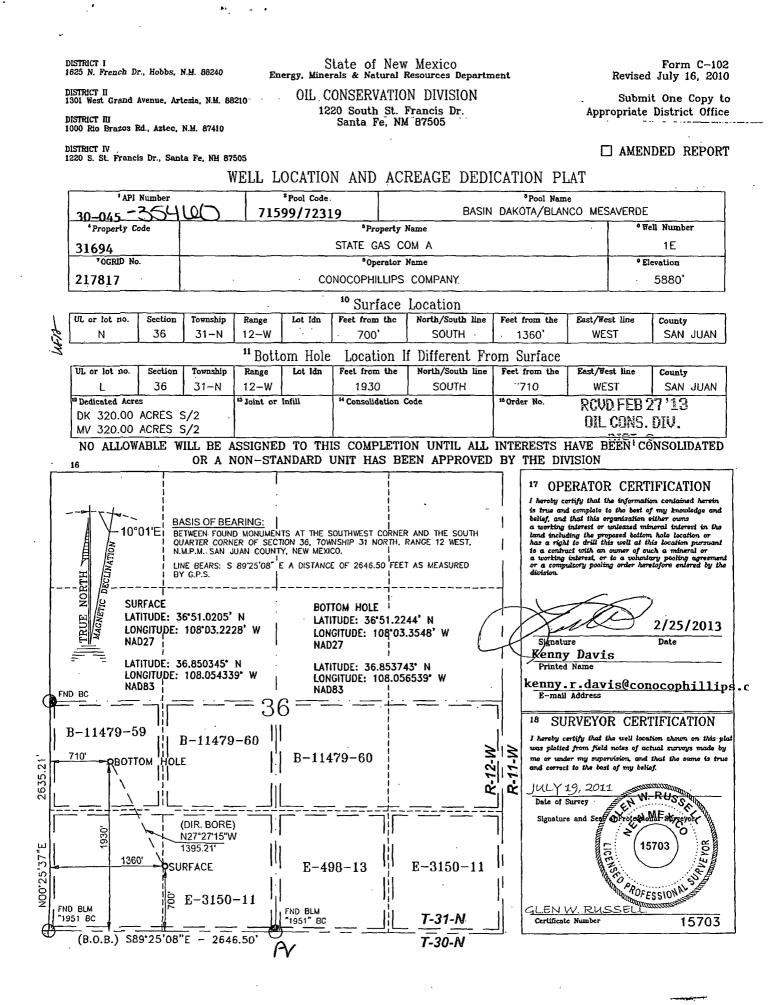
Brimhall, R.M., 1973, Ground-water hydrology of Tertiary rocks of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico, in Fassett, J.E., ed., Cretaceous and Tertiary rocks of the Southern Colorado Plateau: Four Corners Geological Society Memoir, p. 197-207.

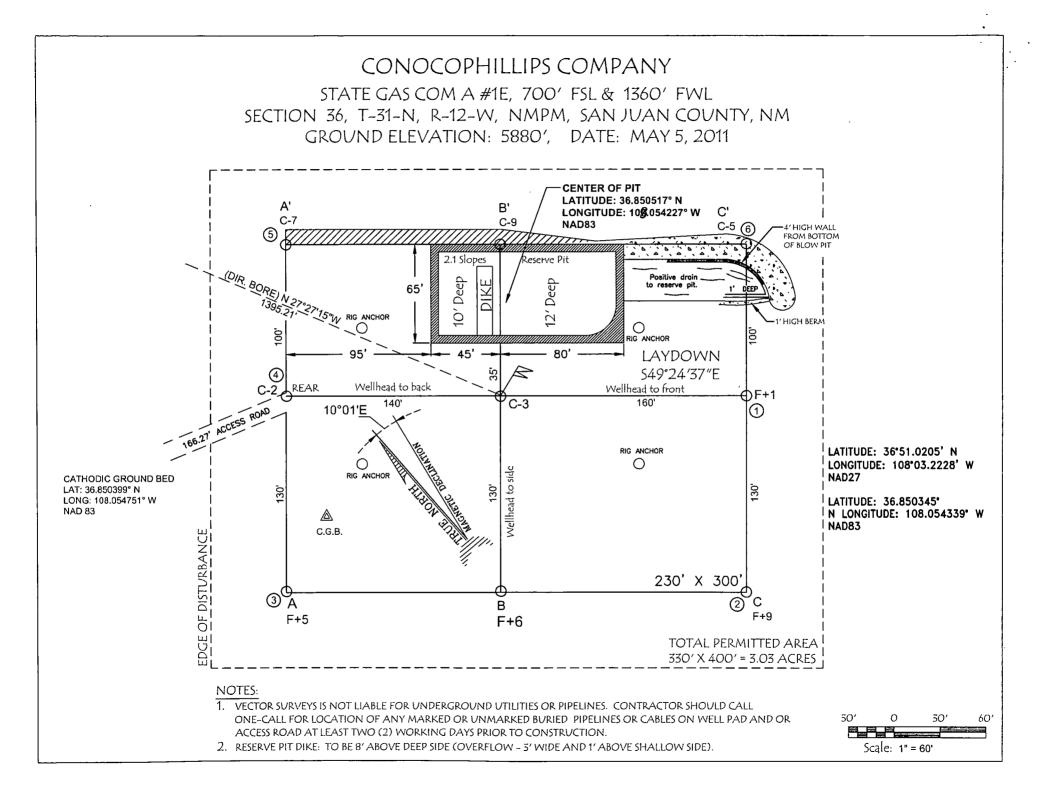
Fassett, J.E., 1974, Cretaceous and Tertiary rocks of the eastern San Juan Basin, New Mexico and Colorado, in Guidebook of Ghost Ranch, central-northern New Mexico: New Mexico Geological Society, 25th Field Conference, p. 225-230.

Fassett, J.E., and Hinds, J.S., 1971, Geology and fuel resources of the Fruitland Formation and Kirtland Shale of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico and Colorado: USGS Professional Paper 676, 76 p.

Levings, G.W., Craigg, S.d., Dam, W.L., Kernodle, J.M., and Thorn, C.R., 1990, Hydrogeology of the San Jose, Nacimiento, and Animas Formations in the San Juan structural basin, New Mexico, Colorado, Arizona, and Utah: USGS Hydrologic Investigations Atlas HA-720-A, 2 sheets.

Stone, W.J., Lyford, F.P., Frenzel, P.F., Mizell, N.H., and Padgett, E.T., 1983, Hydrogeology and water resources of San Juan Basin, New Mexico: New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, Hydrologic Report 6.





ConocoPhillips Company San Juan Basin Pit Design and Construction Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17 the following information describes the design and construction of temporary pits on ConocoPhillips Company (COPC) locations. This is COPC's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan:

- 1. COPC will design and construct a properly sized and approved temporary pit which will contain liquids and solids and should prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment.
- 2. Prior to constructing the pit, (except a pit constructed in an emergency), topsoil will be stockpiled for use as the final cover at the time of closure.
- 3. COPC will sign the well location in compliance with 19.15.17.11.C NMAC.
- 4. COPC will construct all new fences around the temporary pit utilizing 48" steel mesh field-fence (hogwire) on the bottom with a single strand of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary T-post. Temporary pits will be fenced at all times excluding drilling or workover operations, when the front side of the fence will be temporarily removed for operational purposes.
 - If pit is located within 1000 feet of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church, COPC will construct all new fences utilizing 72" chain link security fence on the bottom with two strands of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary Tpost. Temporary/permanent pits will be fenced at all times excluding drilling or workover operations, when the front side of the fence will be temporarily removed for operational purposes. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.
- 5. COPC shall construct the temporary pit so that the foundation and interior slopes are firm and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent liner failure.
- 6. COPC shall construct the pit so that the slopes are no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot (2H:1V).
- 7. Pit walls will be walked down by a crawler type tractor following construction.
- 8. All temporary pits will be lined with a 20-mil, string reinforced, LLDPE liner, complying with EPA SW-846 method 9090A requirements.
- 9. Geotextile will be installed beneath the liner when rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities cannot be avoided.
- 10. All liners will be anchored in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench at least 18 inches deep.
- 11. COPC will minimize liner seams and orient them up and down, not across a slope. Factory seams will be used whenever possible. COPC will ensure all field seams are welded by qualified personnel. Field seams will be overlapped four to six inches and will be oriented parallel to the line of maximum slope. COPC will minimize the number of field seams in corners and irregularly shaped areas.
- 12. The liner shall be protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage through the use of mud pit slides, or a manifold system.
- 13. The pit shall be protected from run-on by constructing and maintaining diversion ditches around the location or around the perimeter of the pit in some cases.
- 14. The volume of the pit shall not exceed 10 acre-feet, including freeboard.
- 15. Temporary blow pits will be constructed to allow gravity flow to discharge into lined drill pit.
- 16. The lower half of the blow pit (nearest lined pit) will be lined with a 20-mil, string reinforced, LLDPE liner. The upper half of the blow pit will remain unlined as allowed in Rule 19.15.17.11 F.11.
- 17. COPC will not allow freestanding liquids to remain on the unlined portion of a temporary blow pit.

ConocoPhillips Company San Juan Basin Maintenance and Operating Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17 the following information describes the operation and maintenance of temporary pits on ConocoPhillips Comany (COPC) locations. This is COPC's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan:

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- 1. COPC will operate and maintain a temporary pit to contain liquids and solids and maintain the integrity of the liner and liner system to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment.
- 2. COPC will conserve drilling fluids by transferring liquids to pits ahead of the rigs whenever possible. All other drilling fluids will be disposed at Basin Disposal Inc., permit # NM-01-005.
- 3. COPC will not discharge or store any hazardous waste in any temporary pit.
- 4. If any pit liner's integrity is compromised, or if any penetration of the liner occurs above the liquid's surface, then COPC shall notify the Aztec Division office by phone or email within 48 hours of the discovery and repair the damage or replace the liner.
- 5. If a leak develops below the liquid's level, COPC will remove all liquids above the damaged liner within 48 hours and repair the damage or replace the liner, notify the appropriate division office pursuant to 19.15.29 NMAC.
 - A Major Release shall be reported by giving both immediate verbal notice and timely written notice by filing form C-141 within 15 days pursuant to Subsection C, Paragraphs (1) and (2) of 19.15.29.7.A NMAC. A Major Release is:
 - (a) An unauthorized release of a volume, excluding natural gases, in excess of 25 barrels;

(b) An unauthorized release of any volume which:

- (i) results in a fire;
- (ii) will reach a water course;
- (iii) may with reasonable probability endanger public health; or
- (iv) results in substantial damage to property or the environment;
- (c) An unauthorized release of natural gases in excess of 500 mcf; or
- (d) A release of any volume which may with reasonable probability be detrimental to water or cause an exceedance of the standards in Section 19, Subsections A, B, C of 19.15.30.9 NMAC.
- A Minor Release shall be reported by giving timely written notice by the filing of form C-141 within 15 days pursuant to 19.15.29.7 NMAC. A Minor Release is an unauthorized release of a volume, greater than 5 barrels but not more than 25 barrels; or greater than 50 mcf but less than 500 mcf of natural gases.
- 6. The liner shall be protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage through the use of mud pit slides, or a manifold system.
- 7. The pit shall be protected from run-on by constructing and maintaining diversion ditches around the location or around the perimeter of the pit in some cases.
- 8. COPC shall immediately remove any visible layer of oil from the surface of the temporary pit after cessation of a drilling or workover operation. Oil absorbent booms will be utilized to contain and remove oil from the pit's surface. An oil absorbent boom will be stored on-site until closure of pit.
- 9. Only fluids generated during the drilling or workover process may be discharged into a temporary pit.
- 10. COPC will maintain the temporary pit free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris.
- 11. While a rig is on location, COPC will inspect the temporary pit at least once daily to ensure compliance with this plan. Inspections will be logged in the IADC reports. COPC will file this log with the Aztec Division office upon closure of the pit.

- 12. After drilling operations, COPC will inspect the temporary pit weekly so long as liquids remain in the temporary pit. A log of the inspections will be stored at COPC's office electronically and will be filed with the Aztec Division office upon closure of the pit.
- 13. COPC shall maintain at least two feet of freeboard for a temporary pit.

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- 14. COPC shall remove all free liquids from a temporary pit within 60 days from the date the operator releases the drilling rig.
- 15. COPC shall remove all free liquids from a cavitation pit within 48 hours after completing cavitation. COPC may request additional time to remove liquids from the Aztec Division office if it is not feasible to remove liquids within 48 hours.

ConocoPhillips CompanySan Juan Basin Closure Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC the following information describes the closure requirements of temporary pits on ConocoPhillips Company (COPC)locations. This is COPC's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

All closure activities will include proper documentation and be available for review upon request and will be submitted to NMOCD within 60 days of closure of pit. Closure report will be filed on C-144 and incorporate the following:

- Details on Capping and Covering, where applicable.
- Plot Plan (Pit Diagram)
- Inspection Reports
- Sampling Results
- C-105
- Copy of Deed Notice will be filed with County Clerk for Fee Wells

General Plan:

- 1. All free standing liquids will be removed at the start of the pit closure process from the pit and disposed of in a division–approved facility or recycle, reuse or reclaim the liquids in a manner that the appropriate division district office approves. The facilities to be used will be Basin Disposal (Permit #NM-01-005) and Envirotech Land Farm (Permit #NM-01-011).
- 2. The preferred method of closure for all temporary pits will be in-place burial, assuming that all the criteria listed in 19.15.17.13.D are met.
- 3. The surface owner shall be notified of COPC's closing of the temporary pit within 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to closure via certified mail, return receipt requested.
- 4. Within 6 months of the Rig Off status occurring COPC will ensure that temporary pits are closed, re-contoured, and reseeded.
- 5. Notice of Closure will be given prior to closure to the Aztec Division office within 72 hour, but not more than and one week, via email and verbally. The notification of closure will include the following:
 - i. Operator's name
 - ii. Location by Unit Letter, Section, Township, and Range. Well name and API number.
- 6. Pit contents will be mixed with non-waste containing, earthen material in order to achieve the solidification process. The solidification process will be accomplished using a combination of natural drying and mechanically mixing. Pit contents will be mixed with non-waste, earthen material to a consistency that is deemed a safe and stable. The mixing ratio shall not exceed 3 parts clean soil to 1 part pit contents and must pass the paint filter liquids test (EPA SW-846, Method 9095) or other test methods approved by the division.
- 7. COPC will collect, at a minimum, a five point composite sample of the temporary pit contents to demonstrate that, after the waste is solidified or stabilized with soil or other non-waste material at a ratio of no more than 3:1 soil or other non-waste material to waste, the concentration of any contaminant in the stabilized waste is not higher than the parameters listed in table II of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.
- 8. COPC will fold the outer edges of the liner to overlap the waste material prior to the installation of a geomembrane cover. Install a geomembrane cover over the waste material in the lined temporary pit and in a manner that prevents the collection of infiltration water in the lined temporary pit and on the geomembrane cover after the coil cover is in place; the geomembrane cover shall consist of a 20-mil string reinforced LLDPE liner or equivalent cover that the appropriate division district office approves; the geomembrane cover shall be composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions; cover compatibility shall comply with EPA SW -845 Method 9090A.

- 9. Upon completion of solidification and testing standards being passed, the pit area will be backfilled with compacted, non-waste containing, earthen material. A minimum of four feet of non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material with chloride concentrations less that 600 mg/kg as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0. The soil cover shall include either the background thickness of topsoil or one foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, whichever is greater. [19.15.17.13 H.3]
- 10. During the stabilization process if the liner is ripped by equipment the Aztec NMOCD office will be notified within 48 hours and the liner will be repaired if possible. If the liner can not be repaired then all contents will be excavated and removed.
- 11. Dig and Haul Material will be transported to the Envirotech Land Farm located 16 miles south of Bloomfield on Angel Peak Road, CR 7175. Permit # NM01001.
- 12. Re-contouring of location will match fit, shape, line, form and texture of the surrounding. Reshaping will include drainage control, prevent ponding, and prevent erosion. Natural drainages will be unimpeded and water bars and/or silt traps will be place in areas where needed to prevent erosion on a large scale. Final re-contour shall have a uniform appearance with smooth surface, fitting the natural landscape.
- 13. For those portions of the former temporary pit area no longer needed for production activities, COPC will seed the disturbed areas the first favorable growing season after the temporary pit is covered. Seeding will be accomplished via drilling on the contour whenever practical, or by other Division-approved methods. COPC will notify the division when reclamation and revegetation is complete.

Reclamation of the temporary pit area will be considered complete when:

- Vegetative cover reflects a life form ratio of +/- 50% of pre-disturbance levels.
- Total percent plant cover of at least 70% of pre-disturbance levels (Excluding noxious weeds).

OR

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- Pursuant to 19.15.17.13.H.D, COPC will comply with obligations imposed by other applicable federal or tribal agencies in which their re-vegetation and reclamation requirements provide equal or better protection of water, human health and the environment.
- 14. The temporary pit will be located with a steel marker, no less than four inches in diameter, cemented in a hole three feet deep in the center of the onsite burial upon the abandonment of all the wells on the pad. The marker will be flush with the ground to allow access of the active well pad and for safety concerns. The marker will include a threaded collar to be used for future abandonment. The top of the marker will contain a welded steel 12" square plate that indicates the onsite burial of the temporary pit.
 - The plate will be easily removable and a four foot tall riser will be threaded into the top of the collar marker and welded around the base with the operator's information at the time all wells on the pad are abandoned. The operator's information will include the following: Operator Name, Lease Name, Well Name and number, Unit Number, Section, Township, Range and an indicator that the marker is an onsite burial location.

Liosure Criteria for Buri	lat Trenches a	nd Waste Left in Place in Temporary Pits	
Depth below bottom of	Constituent	Method*	Limit**
pit to groundwater less than 10,000 mg/l TDS			
	Chloride	EPA Method 300.0	20,000 mg/kg
25-50 feet	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	100 mg/kg
	втех	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg
	Chloride	EPA Method 300.0	40,000 mg/kg

•		ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg
	51-100 feet	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg
		BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
		Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg
		Chloride	EPA Method 300.0	80,000 mg/kg
	> 100 feet	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg
		GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg
		втех	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg
		Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg

*Or other test methods approved by the division

**Numerical limits or natural background level, whichever is greater [19.15.17.13 NMAC - Rp, 19.15.17.13 NMAC, 6/28/13]