	State of New Mexico	Form C-144 Revised June 6, 2013
District II	Energy Minerals and Natural Resources	For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III	Oil Conservation Division	multi-well fluid management plts, submit to the
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV	1220 South St. Francis Dr.	For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505	Santa Fe, NM 87505	to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.
	Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or	
12313 Proposed Alter	native Method Permit or Closure F	Plan Application
Type of action: 🛛 Below g	rade tank registration	
45-23624 Permit o	f a pit or proposed alternative method	· · · · ·
	of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternation to an existing permit/or registration	we method
	plan only submitted for an existing permitted or	non-permitted pit, below-grade tank,
or proposed alternative metho	d	
Instructions: Please submit one	application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below-	-grade tank or alternative request
 Please be advised that approval of this request does not i environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of 	elieve the operator of liability should operations result in its responsibility to comply with any other applicable go	n pollution of surface water, ground water or the overnmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.
1. Operator: Four Star Gas & Oil Company	OGRID #- 1	31094
Address: P.O. Box 36366. Houston, Texas 7723	6	OIL CONS, DIV DIST 3
Facility or well name: P L Davis #1E	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
API Number: <u>30-045-23624</u>	OCD Permit Number:	OCT 3 0 2014
U/L or Qtr/Qtr D Section 26	Township <u>26N</u> Range 11W	County: San Juan
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude	Longitude <u>107.978579</u>	NAD: □1927 ⊠ 1983
Surface Owner: 🖾 Federal 🔲 State 🗋 Private 🗔	Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment	
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<u>Pit</u>: Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMA	NC	
Temporary: Drilling Workover		
Permanent [] Emergency [] Cavitation [] Pe	A Multi-Well Fluid Management Lo	ow Chloride Drilling Fluid 🔲 yes 🛄 no
Lined Unlined Liner type: Thickness		her
Liner Seams: Li welded Li Factory Li Other		Dimensions: Lx Wx D
3.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
X-lumar 05 bbl Transform	I NMAC	
Tonk Construction material: Steel	a: <u>Produced water</u>	
X Secondary containment with leak detection	Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic ov	rendow shut-off
\square Visible sidewalls and liner \square Visible sidewall	is only \square Other	
Liner type: Thickness mil	$\Box \text{ HDPE } \Box \text{ PVC } \Box \text{ Other}$	
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exce	ptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environment	ntal Bureau office for consideration of approval.
5.		
Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (App	plies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-gra	ade tanks)
Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barb	ed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet o	f a permanent residence, school, hospital,
Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire eve	nly spaced between one and four feet	
Alternate. Please specify Four foot, pipe fram	ne with square wire mesh (Variance Request Attached	d)

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Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)

Screen 🗌 Netting 🗍 Other_

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6.

Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)

Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC

12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers

Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC

Variances and Exceptions:

Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.

Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:

Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.

Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptable source material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.

General siting	
 Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; WUSGS; Data obtained from nearby wells 	□ Yes ⊠ No □ NA
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	Yes No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	🛛 Yes 🗋 No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	Yes No
 Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	Yes 🗌 No
Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - FEMA map	Yes No
Below Grade Tanks	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.) - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No

Within 100 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No					
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid						
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site						
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	Yes No					
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No					
Within 300 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No					
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit	· · ·					
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)						
- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.	s					
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
Within 500 feet of a wetland. - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
10. <u>Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist</u> : Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 N Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the dot attached.	MAC cuments are					
 Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC 	NMAC					
 Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19. and 19.15.17.13 NMAC 	15.17.9 NMAC					
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:						
11. Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doc	uments are					
Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC						
 Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit. Closure Plan (Planse complete Boyes 14 through 18 if annlicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC 						
and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC						
Sting Chiera Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:						

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12. <u>Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist</u> : Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the	documents are					
attached. Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Climatological Factors Assessment Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H ₂ S, Prevention Plan Emergency Response Plan Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization Monitoring and Inspection Plan Erosion Control Plan Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC						
<u>Proposed Closure</u> : 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.						
Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Multi-well F Alternative	luid Management Pit					
Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only) On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method	· · ·					
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.	attached to the					
is. <u>Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only)</u> : 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sour provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. P 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	rce material are lease refer to					
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	□ Yes □ No □ NA					
Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	□ Yes □ No □ NA					
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells						
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site						
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	🗌 Yes 🗌 No					
Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence Yes No It the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site Yes No						
Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	Yes 🗌 No					
Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗆 Yes 🗖 No					
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance						

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 adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality 	🔲 Yes 🗌 No							
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	🗌 Yes 🗌 No							
Within an unstable area. - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological								
Society; Topographic map	🗌 Yes 🗌 No							
Within a 100-year floodplain. - FEMA map	Yes No							
 18. On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannot be achieved) Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC 								
17. Operator Application Certification: 1 hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and beli Name (Print): Andrew Olson Title: Facilities Engineering Team Lead Signature: Date: 10/21/2014	ef.							
e-mail address: <u>AndrewOlson@chevron.com</u> Telephone: <u>(505) 333-1901</u>								
18. OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Ogaure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment) OCD Representative Signature:	/14							
19. Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting the closure report. The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not complete this								
Closure Completion Date:								
20. <u>Closure Method</u> : Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method Alternative Closure Method Waste Removal (Closed-lo If different from approved plan, please explain.	op systems only)							
21. Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure report. Please intermark in the box, that the documents are attached. Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only) Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits) Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable) Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure) Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation) On-site Closure Latitude	dicate, by a check							

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22. **Operator Closure Certification:** I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan. Name (Print): Title: Signature: Date: e-mail address: Telephone:

Four Star Oil and Gas Company Below Grade Tank Registration Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstration P L Davis #1E

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- Groundwater is not less than 25 feet below the bottom of the below-grade tank: Groundwater is estimated to be approximately 128 feet below the bottom of the BGT from the most stringent groundwater data collected in the area of the proposed BGT location. The surface elevation of the proposed BGT location is 6,326 feet. The bottom of the BGT will be buried five (5) feet beneath the ground surface at an elevation of 6,321 feet. Depth to groundwater was calculated using information from the USGS 7.5 Quadrangle Maps (Huerfano Trading Post NW and Carson Trading Post) and a search of the NMOSE I-Waters Database for the nearest water wells; see *Figure 1, Topographic Map Groundwater Elevations*. There were no cathodic wells located in the area of the P L Davis #1E well site.
 - Surface Water Elevations: The surface water elevations of the two (2) ponds located approximately 1.50 miles southwest of the proposed BGT location are 6,158 feet and 6,173 feet. The difference between the elevation of the bottom of the BGT and the surface water elevations are 163 feet and 148 feet respectively.
 - NMOSE Water Wells: The SJ 01626 well is located approximately 3,341 meters (2.10 miles) northwest of the proposed BGT location at an elevation of 6,266 feet and depth to groundwater of 200 feet. The SJ 02734 well is located approximately 2,663 meters (1.65 miles) southeast at an elevation of 6,358 feet and a depth to groundwater of 165 feet. The difference between the groundwater elevations of the water wells and the bottom of the BGT are 255 feet and 128 feet respectively.
- The below grade tank is not within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant water course, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake: The below-grade tank is not within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland, or playa lake.
 - The nearest continuously flowing watercourse is the San Juan River estimated to be 15 miles north of the proposed BGT location and the P L Davis #1E well site; see *Figure 2, Topographic Map* (scale at 1:12,000, nearest continuously flowing watercourse beyond the map boundaries).
 - The nearest significant watercourse is an unnamed first order tributary to the Gallegos Canyon Wash. The tributary is approximately 1,000 feet southeast of the proposed BGT location; see *Figure 2, Topographic Map*.
 - There are no lake beds or playa lakes within 100 feet for the proposed BGT location; see *Figure 2, Topographic Map* (scale at 1:12,000, nearest lake bed or playa lake is beyond the map boundaries). The nearest unlined ponding areas are located 1.75 miles northeast, 1.75 miles east, and 1.75 miles southwest.
 - The nearest wetland is located within the unnamed first order tributary, approximately 1,000 feet southeast of the proposed BGT location; see attached *National Wetlands Inventory Map.*
 - There are no sinkholes located within 100 feet of the proposed BGT location at the P L Davis #1E well site; see attached *Hydrogeologic Report*.
- The below grade tank is not within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption:
 - There are no registered water wells located within 200 feet of the proposed BGT location at the P L Davis #1E well site; see attached *New Mexico Office of the State Engineer (NMOSE) Water Column/Average Depth to Water Sheet* (search radius is 3500 meters (2.17 miles) from the center of the proposed BGT). The nearest registered water wells are the SJ 02734 located 1.65 miles (2,663 meter) south/southeast and SJ 01626 located 2.10 miles (3,341 meters) northwest of the well site.

P L Davis #1E Hydrogeologic Report

Topography and Surface Hydrology

The P L Davis #1E well site is located in what is considered the Colorado River Basin, within the Huerfano Trading Post NW, San Juan County, New Mexico, United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute Quadrangle Map; see attached *Topographic Map*. The largest, continuously flowing streams of the Colorado River Basin are the Animas and San Juan Rivers. The San Juan River is the closest continuously flowing waterway to the site and is approximately 15 miles north of the site. Most stream channels within the Colorado River Basin are ephemeral, with some being intermittent (Stone et al., 1983). The tributaries of the San Juan River that contribute large quantities of water during precipitation events are Canyon Largo, Gallegos Canyon, Chaco River, and the La Plata River. The nearest significant water course is an unnamed wash approximately 1,000 feet southeast of the proposed below grade tank and is a first order tributary of Gallegos Canyon. The general topographic slope of the site is to the southwest. Storm water runoff flows off of the P L Davis #1E well site toward the southwest and then follows storm water channels toward a surface erosion feature that drains into the unnamed first order tributary to the Gallegos Canyon which is approximately 1.50 miles west/southwest of the site; see attached *Topographic Map*. The nearest wetland area to the P L Davis #1E well site is approximately 1,000 feet southeast of the BGT. This wetland area is identified as Riverine in accordance with the attached *U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory Map*.

<u>Geology</u>

The area geology is comprised of mostly sandstone, mudstone, and siltstone. The underlying geologic unit in the area of the P L Davis #1E well site is the Nacimiento Formation. The Nacimiento Formation (Tn) is Paleocene in age and grades laterally into the Animas Formation (Tka) around Dulce, New Mexico thickening considerably around Durango, Colorado. The Animas occurs at the same stratigraphic interval as the Nacimientos (Fassett and Hinds, 1971, p. 34). The Nacimiento sits unconformably to conformably below the San Jose Formation, outcrops in a broad band inside the southern and western boundaries of the central basin and rises structurally as a narrow band along the west side of the Nacimiento Uplift (Baltz, 1967, p. 35). The Nacimiento is the surface formation in the eastern third of the San Juan Basin, and being nonresistant, erodes to low rounded hills or the formation of badlandstype physiography distinctive from the much more resistant overlying San Jose Formation. The Nacimiento Formation is present in only the southern two-thirds of the Basin where it conformably both overlies and intertongues with the much thinner Ojo Alamo Sandstone (Fassett, 1974, p. 229). Thickness ranges from 800 feet in the southern part to nearly 2,232 feet (Stone, et al, 1983, p. 30) in the subsurface of the northern part. In the eastern outcrops, the thickness is less than 500 feet to nearly 1,400 feet due to folding and erosion (Baltz, 1967, p. 1). In general, the total thickness of the Nacimiento thickens from the basin margins towards the basin center. The Nacimiento in the southern area is comprised predominantly of drab interbedded black and gray claystones and siltstones with some discontinuous relatively unconsolidated white, medium to coarse-grained arkosic sandstone with a few interbedded resistant sandstone strata (Stone, et al, 1983, p.30). To the north, the Naciemento Formation contains a much greater proportion of sandstone, and at some localized places more than 50 percent (Baltz, 1967, p. 1), although most of the sandstones extend only a few thousand feet (Brimhall, 1973, p. 201). Overall, the environment of deposition is predominantly lake deposits and to a lesser extent localization in stream channels (Brimhall, 1973, p. 201).

The local underlying geology of the basin is not conducive to sinkhole features, more predominant in soluble rocks such as limestone and dolomite, creating what is considered to be Karst features. Karst features are formed by the dissolution of soluble rocks, such as limestone and dolomite, and can be characterized by springs, caves, and sinkholes. There are no documented Karst features within 50 miles of P L Davis #1E well site in accordance with the *United States Geological Survey (USGS)*.

Groundwater Hydrology

Most water supplies in the San Juan Basin are from groundwater that is accessed through wells completed within the surficial valley-fill deposits of Quaternary age and sandstones of Tertiary, Cretaceous, Jurassic, and Triassic age. The P L Davis #1E well site lies in the Nacimiento Formation Aquifer which dips between 7 and 8 degrees to the

southeast toward the center of the San Juan Basin (Frenzel, 1983). The Nacimiento Formation lies at the surface in a broad belt at the western and southern edges of the central basin and dips beneath the San Jose Formation in the basin center. (Frenzel, 1983).

There are no registered water wells within 200 feet (~60 meters) from the P L Davis #1E well site determined by a radius search of 3.500 meters (2.17 miles) from the center of the BGT on the P L Davis #1E well site. The nearest registered water well is located 1.65 miles (2,663 meters) south/southeast; see attached New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water Report. There were no cathodic wells that could be located within a 2.00 mile radius of the P L Davis #1E well site for the purpose of determining depth to groundwater beneath the P L Davis #1E well site. Depth to groundwater was estimated using information from the USGS 7.5 Quadrangle Maps (Huerfano Trading Post NW and Carson Trading Post) and a search of the NMOSE I-Waters Database for the nearest water wells; see attached Topographic Maps and New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water Report. Surface water elevations were used from two (2) ponds located approximatley 1.5 miles southwest of the proposed BGT location. The ponds are located next to the Gallegos Canyon Wash and have surface water elevations of approximately 6,158 feet and 6,173 feet. The elevation of the bottom of the BGT will be 6,321 feet (five (5) feet below ground surface). The elevation differences between the surface water of the ponds and the bottom of the BGT are 163 feet and 148 feet. The water well SJ 02734 is located 1.65 miles (2,663 meters) south/southeast from the BGT with a surface elevation of 6,358 feet, depth to groundwater of 165 feet, and groundwater elevation of 6,193 feet. The water well SJ 01626 is located 2.10 miles (3,341 meters) northwest of the BGT with a surface elevation of 6,266 feet, depth to groundwater of 200 feet, and groundwater elevation of 6,066 feet. The elevation differences between the bottom of the BGT and the groundwater elevations of the water wells are 128 feet and 255 feet respectively. The most stringent depth to groundwater calculated beneath the bottom of the BGT from the surface water ponds and the NMOSE water wells is 128 feet. It is estimated that the depth to groundwater beneath the bottom of the BGT to be 128 feet.

Resources

New Mexico Office of the State Engineer (NMOSE) New Mexico Water Right Reporting System (iWaters database)

Stone et al., 1983, Hydrogeology and Water Resources of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico: Socorro, New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources Hydrologic Report 6, 70 p.

United States Geological Survey, Karst in the United States: A Digital Map Compilation and Database; Weary, David J., and Doctor, Daniel H.

New Mexico Mining and Minerals Division (www.nmmines.com)

	New Water C	М С	e) It	kio JI	co n	0 n/	ffic Av	e of th erag	ne Stat je De	e Eng pth te	ine o V	er Vate	er
(A CLW###### in the POD suffix indicates the POD has been replaced & no longer serves a water right file.)	(R=POD has been replaced, O=orphaned, C=the file is closed)	(qua	arte	rs a rs a	ire 1 ire si	=NW malle:	2=NE 3	3=SW 4=SE gest) (N/) AD83 UTM in r	neters)	(In feet)	
POD Number	POD Sub- Code basin Cour	Q nty 64	Q 4 16	Q 4	Sec	Tws	Rng	X	Ý	Distance	Depth Well	Depth Water C	Vater. olumn
SJ 02734	SJ	2	3	4	35	26N	11W	233750	4036858*	2663	275	165	110
SJ 01626	SJ		3	4	16	26N	11W	230607	4041673*	3341	255	200	55
									Ave	rage Depth to	Water:	: 182 fe	et
										Minimum	Depth:	165 fe	et
										Maximum	Depth:	200 fe	et
Record Count: 2										gaar -an 110a paga dan eng ang			

UTMNAD83 Radius Search (in meters):

Easting (X): 233090.5

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Northing (Y): 4039438.15

Radius: 3500

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Point of Diversion Summary

		quari) (qua)	ters are irters are	1=NW 2 smalle	2=NE 3= st to lar	=SW 4=SE gest)) (NAD83 UT	TM in meters)	•
PC	OD Number	Q64	Q16 C	4 Se	c Tws	Rng	X	Y	,
S	J 02734	2	3	4 35	26N	11W	233750	4036858*	0
Driller License:	717								•
Driller Name:	TERRY HOOD								
Drill Start Date:	02/13/1997	Drill Fini	sh Da	te:	02/	15/1997	Plug	Date:	
Log File Date:	02/20/1997	PCW Rc	v Date	:			Sou	rce:	Shallow
Pump Type:		Pipe Dis	charg	e Size	:		Estimated Yield: 8 GPM		
Casing Size:		Depth W	ell:		275	i feet	Dept	th Water:	165 feet
Wate	er Bearing Stratifi	cations:	То	p Bo	ttom	Descrip	tion		
			16	5	275	Sandsto	ne/Gravel	/Conglome	erate
	Casing Perfo	prations:	То	p Bo	ttom				
			16	5	275				

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

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New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Point of Diversion Summary

		(quart	ers are	1=N	W 2=	NE 3=	SW 4=SE)		
		(quai	ters are	sm	allest	to larg	gest)	(NAD83 U	FM in meters)	
PC	DD Number	Q64	Q16 Q	4 3	Sec	Tws	Rng	Х	Y	
SJ	01626		3 4	4	16	26N	11W	230607	4041673*	9
Driller License:	717									
Driller Name:	HOOD, TERRY									
Drill Start Date:	09/24/1982	Drill Fini	sh Dat	e:		10/0	04/1982	Plug	Date:	
Log File Date:	10/07/1982	PCW Rev	/ Date	:				Sour	rce:	Shallow
Pump Type:		Pipe Discharge Size:				Estimated Yield: 5 GPM				
Casing Size:	5.00	Depth W	ell:			255	feet	Dept	h Water:	200 feet
Wate	r Bearing Stratific	ations:	Тор) E	Bott	om	Descrip	tion		
			200)	2	255	Other/Ur	nknown		
	Casing Perfo	rations:	Тор) E	Bott	om				
			19	5	2	255				

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

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Chevron Midcontinent, LP P L Davis #1E Below Grade Tank Registration Variance Explanation

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All variance requests will provides equal or better protection of fresh water, public health and the environment.

C-144 Item #5 Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC - The Operator shall fence any other pit or below-grade tank to exclude livestock with a four foot fence that has at least four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level.

Variance Requested: Chevron has requested a variance on the fencing material and plans to use 4 foot, piped frame fencing with square wire mesh.

NMAC 19.15.17.13 (E) 1: Landowner Closure Notice: The operator shall notify the surface owner by certified mail, return receipt requested that the operator plans closure operations at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. Notice shall include well name, API number and location. Evidence of mailing of the notice to the address of the surface owner shown in the county tax records is sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this requirement.

Variance Requested: Chevron has requested a variance to notify the landowner by email if the landowner is determined to be a state, federal, or tribal entity.

BELOW GRADE TANK (BGT) DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION PLAN

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SUBMITTED TO:

ENVIRONMENTAL BUREAU,

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

ON BEHALF OF:

CHEVRON USA INC., CHEVRON MIDCONTINENT, L.P., AND FOUR STAR OIL & GAS

COMPANY

P.O. BOX 730

AZTEC, NEW MEXICO 87410

(505) 333-1901

CHEVRON

SAN JUAN BASIN BELOW GRADE TANK DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION PLAN

INTRODUCTION

In accordance with NMAC §§ 19.15.17.9(B)(3) and 19.15.17.11 Chevron (representing Chevron USA Inc, Chevron Midcontinent, L.P., and Four Star Oil & Gas Company) submits this Design and Construction Plan for below grade tanks (BGTs) in New Mexico. This Plan contains standard conditions that attach to multiple BGTs.

- 1. Chevron will design and construct a BGT to contain liquids and solids, prevent contamination of fresh water, and protect public health and the environment. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(A).
- 2. Chevron will post an upright sign not less than 12 inches by 24 inches with lettering not less than two inches in height in a conspicuous place on the fence surrounding the BGT, unless the BGT is located on a site where there is an existing well, signed in compliance with NMAC § 19.15.16.8, that is operated by Chevron. Chevron will post the sign in a manner and location such that a person can easily read the legend. The sign will provide the following information: Chevron's name; the location of the site by quarter-quarter or unit letter, section, township and range; and emergency telephone numbers. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(C).
- 3. Chevron will fence or enclose a BGT in a manner that prevents unauthorized access and will maintain the fences in good repair. Fences are not required if there is an adequate surrounding perimeter fence that prevents unauthorized access to the well site or facility, including the BGT. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(D)(1).
- 4. Chevron will fence BGTs to exclude livestock with a four foot fence that has at least four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(D)(3). Chevron may install tubular steel cattle panels, as it determines appropriate (photo of cattle panel fence submitted to NMOCD, 24 June 2009).
- 5. Chevron will screen the permanent opening on the tank top with expanding steel mesh in order to render it non-hazardous to wildlife, including migratory birds. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(E).
- 6. Chevron's BGTs will be constructed with the design features illustrated on the attached drawing.
- 7. Only double-walled, double-bottomed BGTs will be installed.
- 8. Chevron will use 3/16" carbon steel which is resistant to the anticipated contents and resistant to damage from sunlight. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(I)(1).

9. Chevron will construct a BGT foundation on a level base free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to help prevent punctures, cracks or indentations of the liner or tank bottom. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(I)(2).

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- 10. Chevron will construct a BGT to prevent overflow and the collection of surface water run-on. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(I)(3). Chevron, or a contractor representing Chevron, will install a level control device to help prevent overflow from the BGT and will use berms and/or a diversion ditch to prevent surface run on from entering the BGT. NMAC §§ 19.15.17.11(I)(3), 19.15.17.12(A)(7), and 19.15.17.12(D)(1).
- 11. All BGTs, in which the side walls are not open for visible inspection for leaks, will be double walled with leak detection capability. NMAC § 19.15.17.11(I)(4)(b).



BELOW GRADE TANK (BGT) OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

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SUBMITTED TO:

ENVIRONMENTAL BUREAU,

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

ON BEHALF OF:

CHEVRON USA INC., CHEVRON MIDCONTINENT, L.P., AND FOUR STAR OIL & GAS

COMPANY

P.O. BOX 730

AZTEC, NEW MEXICO 87410

(505) 333-1901

CHEVRON

SAN JUAN BASIN

BELOW GRADE TANK OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

INTRODUCTION

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In accordance with NMAC §§ 19.15.17.9(B)(3) and 19.15.17.12 Chevron (representing Chevron USA Inc, Chevron Midcontinent, L.P., and Four Star Oil & Gas Company) submits this Operating and Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan) for below grade tanks (BGTs) in New Mexico. This O&M Plan contains standard conditions that attach to multiple BGTs. If needed for a particular BGT, a modified O&M Plan will be submitted to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD or the division) for approval prior to implementation.

GENERAL PLAN:

- 1. Chevron, or a contractor representing Chevron, will operate and maintain a BGT to contain liquids and solids to prevent contamination of fresh water and to protect public health and environment. NMAC § 19.15.17.12(A)(1).
- 2. Chevron will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste in a BGT. NMAC § 19.15.17.12(A)(3).
- 3. If a BGT develops a leak or is penetrated below the liquid surface, Chevron will remove liquid above the damage within 48 hours, notify the appropriate division district office within 48 hours of discovery and will promptly repair the BGT. If a BGT develops a leak Chevron will remove liquid above the damage within 48 hours, notify the appropriate division district office within 48 hours of discovery and will promptly repair or replace the BGT. If replacement is required, the BGT will meet all specification included in the attached approved design drawing and comply with 19.15.17.11(I)(1-4).
- 4. Chevron, or a contractor representing Chevron, will use berms and/or diversion ditches to prevent surface run-on from entering the BGT by diverting surface water run-on away from the bermed area. NMAC §§ 19.15.17.12(A)(7) and 19.15.17.12(D)(1).
- 5. Chevron, or a contractor representing Chevron, will not allow a BGT to overflow and will maintain adequate freeboard on existing BGTs by routine inspections utilizing pumper trucks whose routes are timed based on known production rates. Fluid is pumped out on this schedule. For newly constructed BGTs Chevron, or a contractor representing Chevron, will maintain adequate freeboard by installing level control devices that automatically shut off inflow to alleviate potential overtopping. NMAC § 19.15.17.12(D)(1) and 19.15.17.12(D)(4).
- 6. Chevron, or a contractor representing Chevron, will remove any measurable layer of oil from the fluid surface of a below-grade tank. NMAC § 19.15.17.12(D)(2).
- 7. Chevron, or a contractor representing Chevron, will inspect the below-grade tank for leakage and damage at least monthly. The operator shall document the integrity of each tank at least annually and maintain a written record of the integrity for five years. The approved inspection form is attached.

Chevron: New Mexico Inspection Form for Below Grade Tanks

Inspection Date:_____

Below Grade Tank (BGT) Location:

Does the BGT have adequate freeboard to prevent overflow;	yes	no					
Does the tank have visible leaks or sign of corrosion;	yes	no					
Do tank valves, flanges and hatches have visible leaks;	yes	no					
Is there evidence of significant spillage of produced liquids;	yes	no					
Is this a single of double wall tank;							
Are berms and/or diversion ditches in place to prevent surface							
run-on from entering the BGT;	yes	no					
Have visible or measurable layers of oil been removed from							
liquid surface fluid;	yes	no					

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BELOW GRADE TANK (BGT) CLOSURE PLAN

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SUBMITTED TO:

ENVIRONMENTAL BUREAU,

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

ON BEHALF OF:

CHEVRON USA INC., CHEVRON MIDCONTINENT, L.P., AND FOUR STAR OIL & GAS

COMPANY

P.O. BOX 730

AZTEC, NEW MEXICO 87410

(505) 333-1901

CHEVRON San Juan Basin Below Grade Tank Closure Plan

INTRODUCTION

In accordance with NMAC §§ 19.15.17.9(B)(3) and 19.15.17.13, Chevron (representing Chevron USA Inc, Chevron Midcontinent, L.P., and Four Star Oil & Gas Company) submits this Closure Plan for below grade tanks (BGTs) in New Mexico. This Closure Plan contains standard conditions that attach to multiple BGTs. If needed for a particular BGT, a modified Closure Plan for a proposed alternative closure will be submitted to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD or the division) for approval prior to closure.

CLOSURE PLAN PROCEDURES AND PROTOCOLS (NMAC §§ 19.15.17.13).

1) Chevron, or a contractor acting on behalf of Chevron, will close a BGT within the time periods provided in NMAC § 19.15.17.13(G)(4), or by an earlier date required by NMOCD to prevent an imminent danger to fresh water, public health, or the environment. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(G)(4).

2) Chevron, or a contractor acting on behalf of Chevron, shall remove liquids and sludge from a below grade tank prior to implementing a closure method and shall dispose of the liquids and sludge in a division approved facility within 60 days of cessation of the BGT's operation. NMAC §§ 19.15.17.13(G)(4.a). A list of Chevron currently approved disposal facilities is included at the end of this document.

3) Chevron, or a contractor acting on behalf of Chevron, shall remove the below-grade tank and dispose of it in a division-approved facility or recycle, reuse, or reclaim it in a manner that the appropriate division district office approves. When required, prior approval for disposal will be obtained. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(G)(4.b). Documentation regarding disposal of the BGT and its associated liner, if any, will be included in the closure report.

4) In accordance with NMAC § 19.15.17.13(E)(1), Chevron will notify the surface owner by certified mail, return receipt requested, of its plans to close a BGT, at least 72 hours, but not more than one (1) week, prior to beginning closure activities. Chevron will notify the landowner by email if the landowner is determined to be a state, federal, or tribal entity. The notice shall include well name, API number and location. Evidence of mailing of the notice to the address of the surface owner shown in the county tax records is sufficient to demonstrate compliance.

5) Chevron will also notify the appropriate division district office verbally and in writing at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. The notice shall include the operator's name and the location to be closed by unit letter, section, township and range. If the closure is associated with a particular well, then the notice shall also include the well's name, number and API number. NMAC 19.15.17.13(E)(2).

6) The proposed method of closure for this Closure Plan is waste excavation and removal. NMAC §§ 19.15.17.13 (C).

7) Waste generated during closure will be handled and disposed of in accordance with applicable laws. NMAC § 19.15.35.8(C)(1)(m) provides that plastic pit liners may be disposed at a solid waste facility without testing before disposal, provided they are cleaned well.

8) Chevron, or a contractor acting on behalf of Chevron, will remove all contents and, if applicable, synthetic liners and transferring those materials to a division approved facility. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(C)(2).

9) Chevron, or a contractor acting on behalf of Chevron, will collect at a minimum, a five point composite sample to include any obvious stained or wet soils, or other evidence of contamination shall be taken under the liner or the below-grade tank and that sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.

Table I 19.15.17.13 NMAC P L Davis #1E Well Site Depth to Groundwater Beneath BGT (< 100 feet)

Constituent	Method	Limit
Chloride	EPA 300.0	20,000 mg/Kg
ТРН	EPA SW-846	2,500 mg/Kg
	Method 418.1	
GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846	1,000 mg/kg
	Method 8015M	
BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B	50 mg/kg
	or 8260B	
Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B	10 mg/kg
	or 8015M	-

10) If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, Chevron will notify the division of the results and obtain division approval before proceeding with closure. NMAC 19.15.17.13(C)(3).

11) If the sampling program demonstrates that a release has not occurred or that any release does not exceed the concentrations specified in Table I of NMAC § 19.15.17.13, Chevron will backfill the excavation with compacted, non-waste containing, earthen materials; construct a division prescribed soil cover; re-contour and re-vegetate the site. The division-prescribed soil cover, recontouring and re-vegetation requirements shall comply with NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H).

12) As per NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H), once Chevron has closed a BGT or is no longer using the BGT or an area associated with the BGT, Chevron will reclaim the BGT location and all areas associated with it including associated access roads not needed by the surface estate owner to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area. Chevron will substantially restore impacted surface area to the condition that existed prior to its oil and gas operations by placement of soil cover as provided in NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H) (see below), re-contour the location and associated areas to a contour that approximates the original contour and blends with the surrounding topography, and re-vegetate according to NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H).

13) Chevron may propose an alternative to the stre-vegetation requirement of NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H)(1) if it demonstrates that the proposed alternative effectively prevents erosion, and protects fresh water, human health and the environment. The proposed alternative must be agreed upon in writing by the surface owner. Chevron will submit the proposed alternative, with written documentation that the surface owner agrees to the alternative, to the division for approval. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H)(1).

14) Soil cover for closures where Chevron has removed the pit contents or remediated the contaminated soil to the division's satisfaction will consist of the background thickness of topsoil or one foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, whichever is greater. NMAC 19.15.17.13(H)(2).

15) Chevron will construct the soil cover to the site's existing grade and prevent ponding of water and erosion of the cover material. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H)(4).

16) As per NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H)(5), Chevron will seed or plant disturbed areas during the first growing season after it is no longer using a BGT or an area associated with the BGT including access roads unless needed by the surface estate owner as evidenced by a written agreement with the surface estate owner, if any and written approval by NMOCD.

17) Seeding will be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other division approved methods. Chevron will obtain vegetative cover that equals 70% of the native perennial vegetative cover (unimpacted by overgrazing, fire or other intrusion damaging to native vegetation) consisting of at least three native plant species, including at least one grass, but not including noxious weeds, and maintain that cover through two successive growing seasons. During the two growing seasons that prove viability, Chevron will not artificially irrigate the vegetation. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H)(5).

18) Chevron will notify the division when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H)(5).

19) Seeding or planting will be repeated until Chevron successfully achieves the required vegetative cover. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H)(5).

20) Topsoils and subsoils will be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns. The disturbed area then will be reseeded in the first favorable growing season following closure of a pit, drying pad associated with a closed-loop system or below-grade tank. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(H)(5).

21) As per NMAC § 19.15.17.13(F), within 60 days of closure completion, Chevron will submit a closure report containing the elements required by NMAC § 19.15.17.13(F) including:

i) Confirmation sampling results,

ii) A plot plan,

iii) Details on back-filling, capping and covering, where applicable, including revegetation

application rates and seeding technique,

iv) Proof of closure notice to the surface owner, if any, and the division,

v) Name and permit number of disposal facility, and

vi) Photo documentation.

22) The closure report will be filed on NMOCD Form C-144. Chevron will certify that all information in the closure report and attachments is correct and that it has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan. NMAC § 19.15.17.13(F).

23) As requested, the following are the current Chevron approved Waste Disposal Sites for the identified waste streams:

Soils and Sludges

i) Envirotech Inc. Soil Remediation Facility, Permit No. NM-01-0011 Solids

ii) San Juan County Regional Land Fill (NMAC § 19.15.35.8 items only, with prior NMOCD approval when required)

<u>Liquids</u>

i) Agua Moss Crouch Mesa Facility, Sunco SWD #1 Permit No. NM-01-0009

ii) Basin Disposals Facility, Permit No. NM-01-005.

24) These waste disposal sites are subject to change if their certification is lost or they are closed or other more appropriate, equally protective sites become available. Chevron will provide notice if such a change is affected.