 <u>District I</u> <u>1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240</u> <u>District II</u> 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 <u>District III</u> 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 <u>District IV</u> 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 	State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505	Form C-144 Revised June 6, 2013 For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.
	Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or	
13968 Proposed Alter	native Method Permit or Closure I	Plan Application
45-23294 Permit Closure Modific	grade tank registration of a pit or proposed alternative method of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternat ation to an existing permit/or registration	
or proposed alternative metho	plan only submitted for an existing permitted of	r non-permitted pit, below-grade tank,
	application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below	
Please be advised that approval of this request does not environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of		overnmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.
1.		
Operator: Williams Four Corners LLC		and the state of the second
Address: 188 County Road 4900, Bloomfield,	NM 87413	
Facility or well name: Helen Jackson 2A	and the second	
API Number: 30-045-23294	OCD Permit Number:	
U/L or Qtr/Qtr SW/4 SE/4 Section 33	OCD Permit Number: Township 29N Range 9W	County: San Juan
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude 36.677695	Longitude -107.785079	NAD: 1927 🔲 1983
Surface Owner: 🔲 Federal 🗌 State 🗌 Private 🗌	Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment	
 2. Pit: Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMA Temporary: Drilling Workover Permanent Emergency Cavitation PA Lined Unlined Liner type: Thickness String-Reinforced Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other 	&A 🗌 Multi-Well Fluid Management L mil 🗌 LLDPE 🗌 HDPE 🗌 PVC 🗌 O	ow Chloride Drilling Fluid yes no ther
Tank Construction material: Steel Secondary containment with leak detection Image: Containment with leak detection	11 NMAC nid: Produced water III NMAC Nid: Produced water III NMAC IIIs only □ Other	
	HDPE PVC Other	
Liner type: Thicknessmit		the state of the s
4. Alternative Method: Submittal of an exception request is required. Exc	eptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environme	ental Bureau office for consideration of approval.
	pplies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-gabed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet enly spaced between one and four feet	

.

Ri)

*	
6. Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)	1.12
Screen Netting Other	1.1.1.1.1.1
Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)	
 7. Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers 	
Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC	
 8. <u>Variances and Exceptions:</u> Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance. <i>Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:</i> Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval. Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval. 	
⁹ . <u>Siting Criteria (regarding permitting)</u> : 19.15.17.10 NMAC <i>Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptaterial are provided below.</i> Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.	ptable source
General siting	
 Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank. Im NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Im USGS; Im Data obtained from nearby wells 	□ Yes ■ No □ NA
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	Yes No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division 	Yes No
 Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - FEMA map	Yes No
Below Grade Tanks	
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	☐ Yes ■ No
 Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🔳 No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.) Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No

 Within 100 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	Yes No
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	Yes No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	Yes No
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit	14 72.
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No
 Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	Yes No
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 Within 500 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	Yes No
10. Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 N Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doce attached. Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.1 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	numents are NMAC 15.17.9 NMAC
11. Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doce attached. Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit. Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	

,	
12. <u>Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist</u> : Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC <i>Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the attached.</i>	documents are
 Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Climatological Factors Assessment 	
 Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC 	
 Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan 	
 Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H₂S, Prevention Plan 	
 Emergency Response Plan Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization Monitoring and Inspection Plan 	
 Erosion Control Plan Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC 	
13. <u>Proposed Closure</u> : 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan. Type: Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Multi-well F	luid Management Pit
Alternative Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)	
 On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems) In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial Alternative Closure Method 	
 Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings) Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC 	
15.	
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sour provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. In 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	□ Yes □ No □ NA
Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	□ Yes □ No □ NA
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	□ Yes □ No □ NA
 Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	Yes No
 Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	Yes No
 Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	Yes No
Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	
Form C-144 Oil Conservation Division Page 4 o	f 6

adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	Yes No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
Within an unstable area.	
 Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map 	Yes No
Within a 100-year floodplain. - FEMA map	🗌 Yes 🗌 No
 16. On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure planet by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Maste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannet Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC 	11 NMAC 15.17.11 NMAC
17.	
Operator Application Certification: I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and beli	inf.
Keleny Christianson	ici.
Signature: Leby Ann Date: 1/19/2016	Charles and
e-mail address: kelsey.christiansen@williams.com	
18. OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Image: Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment) OCD Representative Signature:	1/16
19.	
<u>Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion)</u> : 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed.	
Closure Completion Date:	
20. Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method Alternative Closure Method If different from approved plan, please explain.	oop systems only)
21. Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure report. Please in mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only) Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits) Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable) Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure) Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation) On-site Closure Location: Latitude Longitude	

22. Operator Closure Certification:

	ted with this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowled eable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.	lge and
Name (Print):	Title:	
Signature:	Date:	
e-mail address:	Telephone:	

OIL CONS. DIV DIST. 3 JAN 2 0 2016



188 County Road 4900 Bloomfield, NM 87413 (505) 632-4700 Fax (505) 632-4782

[US Mail]

January 19, 2016

Mr. Cory Smith Environmental Specialist New Mexico Oil Conservation Division 1000 Rio Brazos Aztec, NM 87410

Re: Below-Grade Tank Closure Plan – Helen Jackson 2A, San Juan County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Smith

Attached is a C-144 Below-Grade Tank (BGT) Closure Plan for a below-grade tank (BGT) operated by Williams Four Corners LLC (Williams). The tank is a 30 BBL field tank located at the Helen Jackson 2A wellsite.

Williams request that you email a copy of the approved BGT closure plan to kelsey.christiansen@williams.com for our records.

Please contact me at (505) 632-4606 with any questions regarding this closure plan.

Sincerely,

Lelang Christian

Kelsey Christiansen Environmental Specialist

Attachments: Form C-144 Siting Criteria Closure Plan – Below Grade Tanks

SITING CRITERIA SUMMARY INFORMATION SHEET 19.15.17.10 NMAC



LT Environmental Inc. 2243 Main Avenue, Suite 3 Durango, Colorado 81301 T 970-385-1096

GENERAL INFORMATION		1. I.	
Site Name:	Helen Jackson 2A	Operator:	Williams Four Corners LLC
Pit Type:	Below Grade Tank	Date:	12/23/2015
		Prepared by:	LT Environmental
GENERAL SITE LOCATION	INFORMATION	1.2	
Geologic Formation: Nacim	iento Formation	SEC: 33	TWN: 29N RNG: 9W
0	ayo-Farb-Blancot-Badland		6.677695 Longitude: -107.7850
Annual Precipitation:	9.79 inches	Lattuue.	S. Offoss Longitude. Torrisos
GENERAL SITING CRITER			
Is groundwater less than 25 fee	t below the bottom of belo	-	eater then 100 feet Figure 3 and attached iWaters Data
BELOW GRADE TANK SITI	NG CRITERIA	THE REAL OF	A LAND IN COLOR
Within 100 feet of a continuous	slv flowing watercourse?	NO See Figure 1	
			1 A. 4
The San Juan River is loca	ated approximately 3.35	5 miles north of the	e site.
Within 100 feet of a significant	watercourse? NO	See Figure 1 and Figure 3	
Largo Canyon is located a	oproximately 1.42 miles	s west of the site.	
Within 100 feet of a lakebed, p	laya lake, or sinkhole? N	O See Figure 2	
There are no lakebeds, pla	iya lake, or sinkholes ir	the area.	
Within 200 horizontal feet of a	spring or a freshwater w public or livestock cor	ell used for NO isumption?	See Figure 3 and attached iWaters data
Water well SJ 03746 with i	Waters data is located	approximately 13	,000 feet southeast of the site.
ATTACHED DOCUMENTS:			
Hydrogeologic Report			
Figure 1: Topographic Map			
Figure 2: Aerial Photograph			
Figure 3: Water Well and Surface	e Water Features		
iWaters Data			

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

LT Environmental Inc.

2243 Main Avenue, Suite 3 Durango, Colorado 81301 T 970.385.1096 / F 970.385.1873

Helen Jackson #2A Hydrogeologic Report for Siting Criteria

General Geology and Hydrology

The proposed below ground tank is located on the Nacimiento Formation near a second-order tributary of Largo Wash within the Largo Canyon drainage system of the San Juan Basin. Thickness of the Nacimiento Formation in the San Juan Basin ranges from 418 feet to 2,232 feet. Local aquifers include sandstones occurring from 0 feet to 1,000 feet below ground surface (bgs), as well as shallow aquifers within Quaternary alluvial deposits (Stone et al., 1983). Groundwater within these aquifers flows toward the nearby San Juan River and its tributaries.

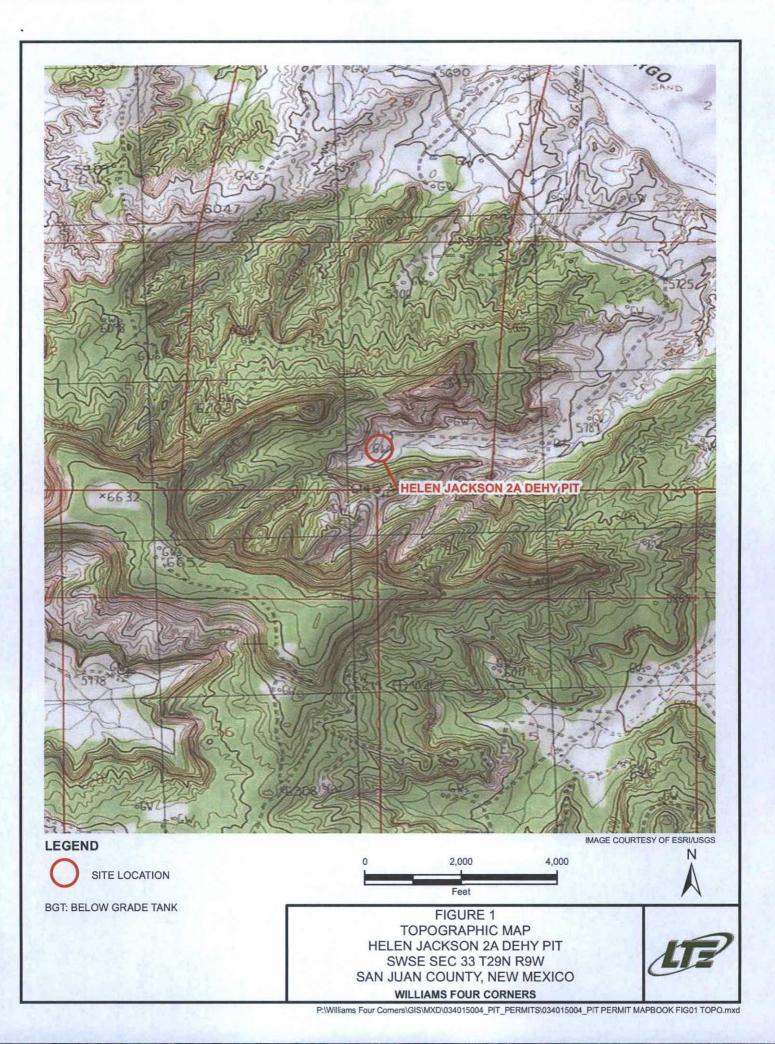
The prominent soil type at the below-grade grade tank is aridisols, which are defined as soils that do not show any profile development. Miles of arroyos, washes, and intermittent streams exist as part of the drainage network toward the San Juan River and sudden influx of water from storm events easily erodes soils that cover the area. Dry and arid weather further prohibit active recharge. The climate of the region is arid, averaging approximately 9.79 inches of rainfall annually. As is typical of the southwestern United States monsoonal weather patterns, most precipitation falls from August through October. However, significant recharge occurs during the winter months during snowmelt periods from the upper elevations (Western Regional Climate Center <u>www.wrcc.dri.edu</u>). Vegetation consists of predominantly sagebrush and grasses with a more restricted pinon-juniper association (Dick-Peddie, 1993).

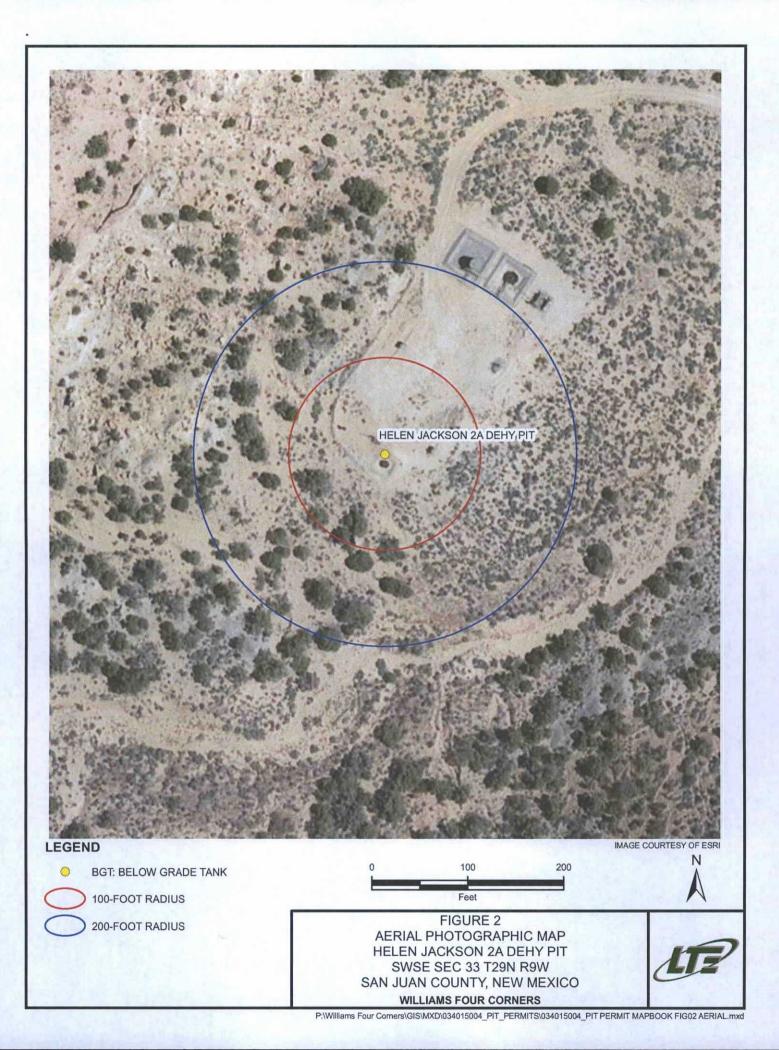
Site-Specific Hydrogeology

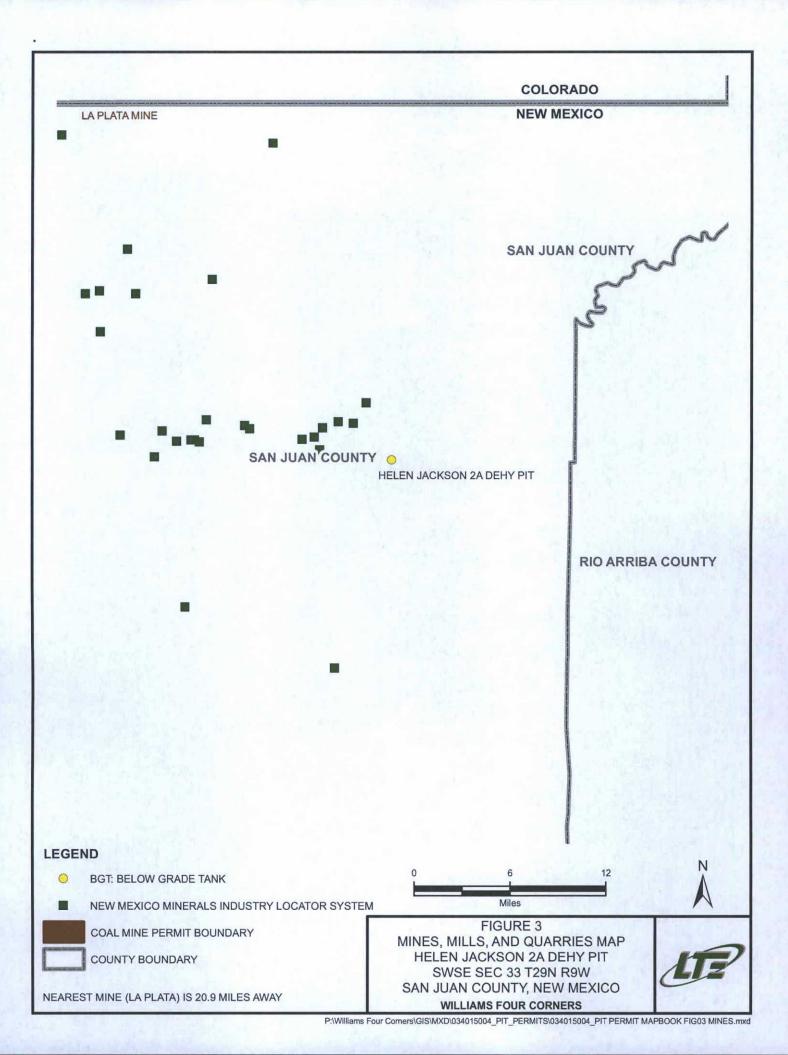
The proposed below-grade tank is located in a region incised by washes, gullies, and arroyos, with Largo Canyon being the predominant topographic feature. Groundwater data are sparse in this region; the nearest permitted water well, SJ 03746, is approximately 13,000 feet to the southeast in Kutz Wash. Depth to groundwater in the permitted water well is listed as 40 feet bgs as shown on the attached results from a search of the New Mexico State Engineer's iWaters database. Because the water well is located in a separate drainage basin, the depth to water in the well is not considered indicative of the depth to groundwater beneath the site. Rather, the elevation difference between the proposed site and Largo Canyon is used to estimate depth to groundwater. Elevation at the site is approximately 5,913 feet above mean sea level (amsl) and the elevation of Largo Wash just downstream of the proposed site is 5,632 feet amsl. As such, groundwater beneath the proposed below-grade tank is estimated to be greater than 100 feet bgs.

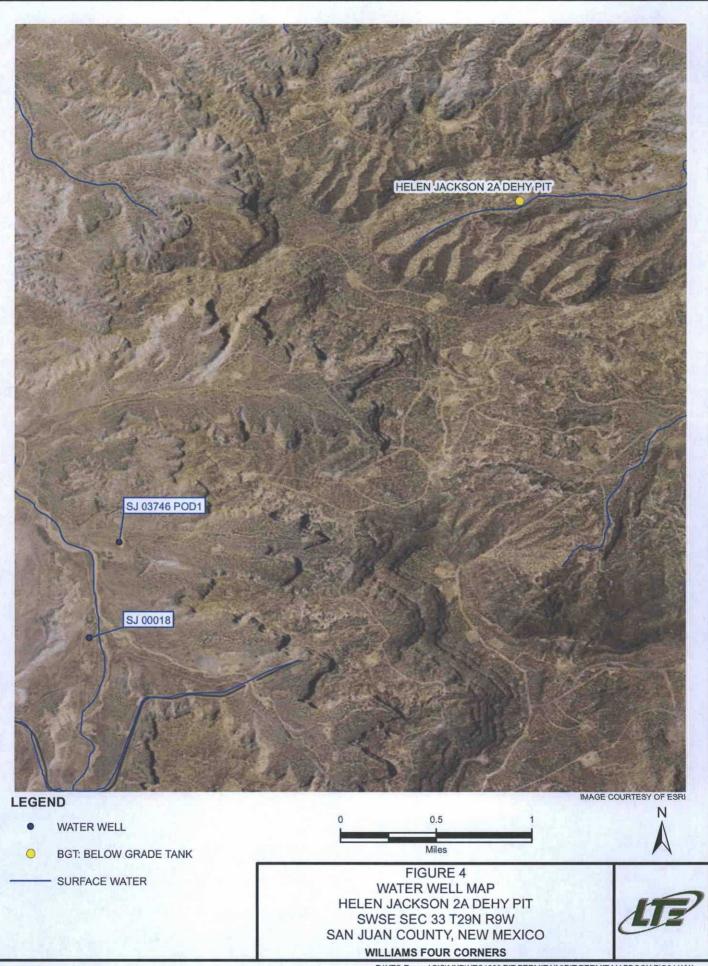
References

- Dick-Peddie, W.A., 1993, *New Mexico Vegetation Past, Present and Future*: Albuquerque, New Mexico, University of New Mexico Press, 244 p.
- Stone, W.J., F.P. Lyford, P.F. Frenzel, N.H. Mizell, and E.T. Padgett, 1983, *Hydrogeology and Water Resources of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico*: HR-6 New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources Hydrology Report 6.
- Western Region Climate Center, 2008, New Mexico climate summaries: Desert Research Institute at http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html.

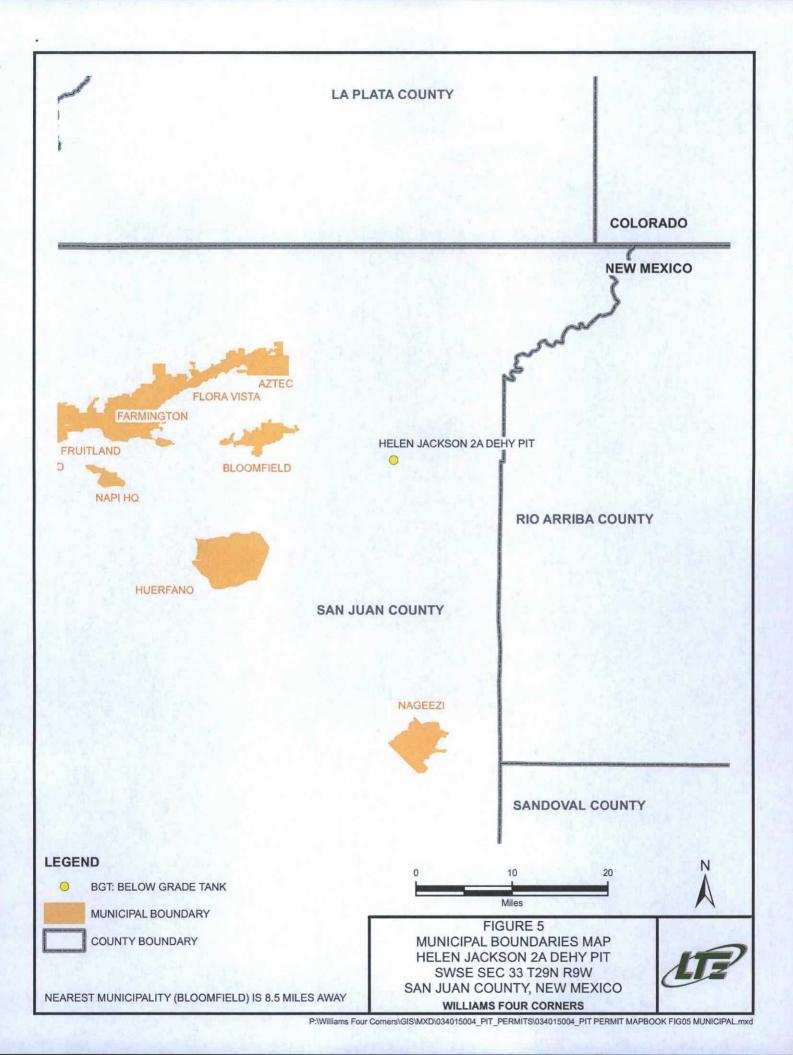








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New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Active & Inactive Points of Diversion

(with Ownership Information)

					(R=POD has been repl and no longer serves the		irters a	re 1=	NW 2=	NE 3=SW	4=SE)		
	(acre ft	per annum)			C=the file is closed)	(qua	arters a	re sm	allest t	o largest)	(NAD83	UTM in meters))
	Sub						P P	q					
WR File Nbr	basin Use Div	ersion Owner	County	POD Number	Code Grant	Source	6416	4 Se	c Tws	Rng	X	Y	Distance
SJ 03746	STK	3 MARY HELENE SULLIVAN	SJ	SJ 03746 POD1		Shallow	32	1 20	28N	09W	248330	4059955* 🌍	3941

Record Count: 1

UTMNAD83 Radius Search (in meters):

Easting (X): 251124.68

Northing (Y): 4062734.2

Radius: 4000

Sorted by: Distance

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

12/23/15 11:47 AM

annisin Anna	10 CONT				VV	a	er Ri	gin	Sun		ary
	WR File Number:		SJ 03746 Subbasin: -						Subf	ile: -	
mage lis	Prima	ary Pur	pose:	STK	72-12	-1 LI\	ESTOCK W	ATERING			
	-	ary Stat	us:	PMT	PERM	IIT					
	Total	Acres:									
	Total	Divers	ion:	3							
		Ow	ner:	MARY	HELEN	E SU	LLIVAN				
cumer	nts on F	ile									1.5.7.4
					Sta	tus	_		From/		
	Trn #	Doc	File/A		1	2	Transaction	Desc.	То	Acres	Diversion Consumptive
images	365771	72121	2006	-08-07	PMT	LOG	SJ 03746		т	1.1	3
	Points o	of Diver	sion		0	00		(NAD83 UTM	/ in meters)		
rrent F					Q		Sec Tws Rng	х		Other	

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.



Background

The following Closure Plan has been developed to satisfy requirements of the "Pit Rule" as defined in Title 19 Chapter 15 Part 17 of the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC) and describes the requirements and procedures to be used by Williams Four Corners LLC (Williams) when removing below grade tanks (BGTs). The plan will be used when closing BGT locations owned or operated by Williams.

Certain BGTs targeted under this closure plan were, in some cases, installed subsequent to earthen pit closures and were constructed in conformance with New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) approved criteria. All BGTs have been operating in general compliance with NMOCD regulations developed prior to the new Pit Rule enacted in June 2013.

Applicability

This plan shall be implemented when any BGT is closed. The plan shall also be used if any leaking BGT is not retrofitted or modified to comply with applicable design criteria defined in the Pit Rule or when it is determined that continued operation of the BGT represents an imminent danger to fresh water, human health, or the environment. All BGTs with or without completely visible sidewalls, and that do not meet current design standards, shall be closed prior to sale, transfer, or change of Operator or will be retrofitted to meet current design standards.

If there are conditions at a BGT location which prevent or limit adherence to this plan, a separate site specific plan will be developed. Such a plan will be prepared and submitted to the NMOCD for approval and serve as a new, site specific closure plan.

Description of Work

Prior to initiating BGT closure work, notification will be made to the appropriate division district office at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. As indicated on the variance page, notifications to NMOCD will be made in writing via email and will include the legal location of the BGT, and the well name / number and American Petroleum Institute (API) number if the BGT is associated with a well. Verbal notifications to the NMOCD will be provided at the request of the division district office.

In addition, the landowner of record (obtained through county tax records) will be notified in advance by certified mail with return receipt at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. Notifications will provide operator identity, and legal location of the BGT, and the well name / number and API number if the BGT is associated with a well. Public entities including the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), State of New Mexico, local government/municipalities, and/or tribal agencies may be notified via email based on their notification preferences (as indicated on the variance page).

Removal of liquids and sludge from the BGT will commence within 60 days of cessation of operations. The liquids and sludge removed from the BGT will be disposed at a division-approved facility. Removal of the BGT and any equipment associated with the BGT will commence within 6 months of cessation of operations. Williams will remove the BGT and dispose of it in a division-approved facility or recycle, reuse, or reclaim it in a manner that the appropriate division district office approves.

Table 1 provides a summary of waste materials and the facility proposed for disposal or recycling. Williams may utilize other facilities which may be approved by the NMOCD in the future. As such, the selected disposal site will be identified on the closure form (C-144) prepared for each discrete closure action.

Waste Materials	Disposal Facility
Steel Tank	SJ County Landfill or Steel Recycling
Fiberglass Tank	SJ County or Bondad Landfill * or Re-use
Liner (cleaned – absent soil / sludge)	SJ County or Bondad Landfill
Sludge	Envirotech, IEI, TNT, or Bondad Landfill
Liquids (Water / Hydrocarbons)	Basin Disposal, Key Energy, TNT
Contaminated Soil	Envirotech, IEI, TNT, or Bondad Landfill
Fencing / Miscellaneous	Re-use or scrap

Table 1 - Summary of Waste Materials and Disposal Facilities

*The tank must be empty, cut up or shredded and EPA clean

The use of any disposal or recycling facility will be identified on the C-144 form submitted to the NMOCD as part of the closure report. Any and all ancillary equipment related to the tank will also be removed, including any synthetic liner material(s) and fencing. Williams will ensure that liners and liner material will be free of soil and sludge material and disposed of at a NMOCD approved solid waste facility (e.g. San Juan County Landfill or Permitted Colorado Facility).

Steel or fiberglass tanks will be removed and transported to a storage yard where the condition of each tank will be evaluated for recycling, reuse, or disposal. If the tank is not in a condition allowing reuse, it will either be shipped to a permitted recycling facility (for steel tanks) or it will be disposed of at the San Juan County Landfill (NMED Permit SWM-052426) or other NMOCD approved solid waste disposal site. Specific waste acceptance conditions of the landfill could necessitate further actions as appropriate. Such actions include, but may not be limited to, cutting, shredding, or sizing; emptying or cleaning of tanks or liner material, and otherwise those necessary to conform with permit conditions for Subtitle D disposal and conditions identified in 19.15.35.8 NMAC.

After the tank and equipment have been removed, soils beneath the tank will be tested and evaluated to determine if there is hydrocarbon impact or otherwise if a release event has occurred. Specific sampling protocol will follow the description provided in the Pit Rule which calls for a five point composite sample (see Sampling and Lab Analyses section) to include any obvious staining, or when wet or discolored soil exists, or if there is other evidence of contamination will be collected under the liner or BGT. Samples will

be shipped to an off-site environmental testing laboratory for proper analyses. Results will be submitted to the NMOCD on Form C-141. Further sampling may be required if NMOCD determines additional assessment work is necessary.

If there has been no release to underlying soils as demonstrated by soil analyses (i.e. lab results), or if impacts are below closure limits provided in the table below, then the depression (i.e., excavation) will be backfilled with "non-waste containing" fill material. Sampling of the excavated material is detailed in the Sampling and Laboratory Analyses section later in this plan. Depending on site conditions and operating needs, the backfilled area will be reclaimed with prescribed topsoil and reseeded.

Due to the fact that a majority of Williams BGTs are located on active well sites, reclamation efforts may be deferred in order to avoid impact to ongoing lease operations. In this event, the area of the retired BGT will be incorporated into the overall well site reclamation effort with Williams documenting surface owner and lease operator approval of the proposed alternative.

The BGT site will nevertheless be prepared to prevent erosion, and protect fresh water, human health, and the environment. Williams will submit this documentation to the NMOCD for approval.

Reclamation will be performed as early as possible with the goal of matching original conditions or the final land use. Restoration efforts shall incorporate proper contouring as described in the Pit Rule and shall be constructed in a manner to provide dust control, prevent ponding, and minimize erosion, utilizing drainage controls such as water bars and/or silt traps as appropriate. Topsoils and subsoils will be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns. Soil cover suitable for vegetative growth will be equivalent to the background thickness of topsoil or a minimum one foot depth (or background thickness whichever is greater). The area will be contoured in a manner blending soil into/with the surrounding grade. Reclamation shall target the location of the BGT along with associated access roads (not used for production operations) and be implemented to ensure a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area.

Re-vegetation efforts will conform with NMOCD approved methods and recommendations including seed type and application rates. The reclaimed area will be reseeded in the first favorable growing season following closure of the BGT. Reclamation and revegetation will be considered complete when all ground surface disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and a uniform vegetative cover has been established that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of pre-disturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.

Any other obligations imposed by tribal or federal agencies will be adhered to if such obligations provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health, and the environment. Williams will notify the NMOCD once reclamation and re-vegetation are complete.

Sampling and Laboratory Analyses

A minimum five point composite sample shall be collected from the soils beneath the BGT which will include any obvious stained, wet, or discolored soils, or soil showing other evidence of a release. Soil will be placed in clean glass jars and chilled and maintained at 4°C. Samples will be packaged and shipped under United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Chain-of-Custody protocol to an approved and certified environmental laboratory.

Soil samples collected from the earthen containment (i.e. BGT excavation) will be analyzed by an approved environmental laboratory by the listed test methods or as may be directed by the NMOCD. Table 2 summarizes the constituents of concern (COC), testing methods, and the closure limits defining action levels:

Depth below bottom of pit to groundwater less than 10,000 mg/L TDS	Constituents of Concern	Closure Limits (mg/Kg)**	
	Chlorides	EPA 300.0	600
	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	100
≤50 feet	GRO + DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	100
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10
	Chlorides	EPA 300.0	10,000
	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500
51 feet - 100 feet	GRO + DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10
Sec. 1. States	Chlorides	EPA 300.0	20,000
	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500
>100 feet /	GRO + DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000
/	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10

Table 2 - Summary of COCs, Test Methods, and Closure Limits

** Or background concentration – whichever is greater.

If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the division may require additional delineation upon review of the results and Williams must receive approval before proceeding with closure. If all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, then Williams will proceed to backfill the excavation with non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material.

Sampling of any excavated or stockpiled material, if required, shall conform with standard environmental sampling protocol. Samples from excavated materials (excavated to facilitate the BGT removal) will be composite samples comprised of at least five discrete samples from the inside and on the surface of the soil pile. A minimum of one composite will be collected from each 100 cubic yards of soil (i.e. one fraction from each cubic yard). Additional samples may be required at the direction of the

NMOCD. Every effort will be made to collect composite fractions from the inside and outside of the soil pile such that a "representative" sample is analyzed.

Stockpile sampling will be facilitated by utilizing a clean soil probe inserted into the soil pile at least three feet or by turning the soil pile with mechanized equipment to expose new soil. The goal is to collect a sample representative of the "whole". These samples will be handled and packaged as described above and be analyzed by the methods listed in Table 2. Soil with contaminant concentrations at or below the Closure Limits may be returned to the BGT excavation prior to initiating reclamation work.

Records and Documentation

All closure activities will be properly documented and include preparation of Form C-144 which shall be submitted to the NMOCD within 60 days of completing closure tasks. Information to be included in the closure report filing shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- Proof of closure notice to NMOCD division and surface owner
- Confirmation sampling and analytical reports (results)
- Disposal facility name and permit information
- Description of capping and reclamation actions (i.e. revegetation rates)
- Photo documentation of site reclamation
- Other information required to complete applicable sections of C-144

As stated above, should conditions at any location necessitate a change to the approach described herein, separate site specific closure details will be provided as an addendum to this plan.