District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 875

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Form C-141 Revised August 8, 2011

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe. NM 87505 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

1220 S. St. Flan	icis Di., Sain	a rc, 1919 6750.	,	Sa	anta F	e, NM 875	505			5 (T) =		
			Rele	ase Notific	catio	n and Co	orrective A	ction				
						OPERA	ГOR					
Name of Company WPX Energy Production						Contact Deborah Watson						
Address PC			T.		7.1	Telephone No. 505-386-9693						
						Facility Type Well Site						
Surface Owner Federal Mineral Owner F						Federal API No. 30-039-25421						
			8			N OF REI	EACE	2 ° °				
Unit Letter Section Township Range Feet from the North/S							Feet from the	the East/West Line County				
A	26	31N	06W	983		North	1029	East		Rio Arriba		
A	20	31N							Rio Afriba			
				Latitude N36	.87505	1 Longitude	e W107.426890					
2		*		NAT	URE	OF RELI	EASE					
Type of Release: produced water							Volume of Release: 45 bbl Volume Recovered: 43 bbl					
Source of Release: Equipment failure/Rupture along 2-inch line between separator and tank							Iour of Occurrence		Hour of Di 07:30 hrs	Hour of Discovery: 07:30 hrs		
Was Immediate Notice Given? Within 24 hour notice						unknown If YES, To	Whom?					
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Required						Whitney Thomas (BLM-FFO) message/email						
vi .						Vanessa Fields (NMOCD) phone call/email						
Dr. Whom 9 Dohorok Watson						Cory Smith (NMOCD) email Date and Hour 12/09/16 15:00 hrs and 1/22/16 15:15 AM email						
By Whom? Deborah Watson Was a Watercourse Reached?							If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.					
was a water	course reac		Yes 🛛	No		II ILS, VO	nume impacting t	ne watercourse.				
If a Watercou	irse was Im	pacted, Descr			3 0		ž	2				
N/A Describe Cau	on of Proble	om and Dama	dial Action	Tokon *				202-009	-	-1.		
Runture alon	o the 2-inch	line between	senarator	naken.* and tank runture	point w	as located wit	hin secondary co	ntainment Snill v	vas stonned	and a water truck		
was brought	in to recove	r produced wa	ater within	secondary contain	inment	on December	9, 2016.	ntonment Spill v	IV DICT	and a water truck		
										3		
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*							DEC 1 5 2016					
• Av	water truck	recovered 43	obl of prod	uced water.								
				thin secondary co	ontainm	ent.						
					n within	secondary co	ontainment (impa	cted area). The sar	mple will be	e laboratory analy	zed	
		H (GRO/DRO										
		anup actions	will be tal	ken if analytical	laborat	ory results ex	ceed NMOCD re	ecommended reme	edial action	levels based on	site	
ran	king.											
I hereby certi	fy that the i	nformation gi	ven above	is true and comp	lete to t	he best of my	knowledge and u	nderstand that pur	suant to NN	IOCD rules and		
regulations al	ll operators	are required to	o report an	d/or file certain r	elease n	otifications ar	nd perform correc	tive actions for rel	eases which	n may endanger		
								eport" does not rel				
								eat to ground water			h	
				tance of a C-141	report d	loes not relieve	e the operator of	responsibility for o	compliance	with any other		
federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION						
Simul Wath									~			
Signature:								1	(
Printed Name: Deborah Watson							Approved by Environmental Specialist:					
This Part		-:-1:-4	5.			Approval Date: \2\2\60\b Expiration Date:						
Title: Environ	ninental Spe	ecialist			-	Approval Dat	e: 19/00/00	b Expiration	Date:	0.00		
E-mail Address: deborah.watson@wpxenergy.com						Conditions of	onditions of Approval:					

NVF1634454652

Phone: 505-386-9693

Date: 12/15/2016

Attached 💟

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on 121512016 regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number 13445462 has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District office in the characterization of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring
 wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit
 either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should
 not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location
 and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us