DEPUTY ON & GAS MISPECTOR

DEC 2 9 1997

Hopreved

Meter Number:75736
Location Name:NEWSOM A-6
Location:TN-26 RG-08
SC-15 UL-J
2 - Federal
NMOCD Zone:OUTSIDE
Hazard Ranking Score:00

DECEIVED N APR 1 4 1997

OIL CON. DIV. DIST. 3

RATIONALE FOR RISK-BASED CLOSURE OF PRODUCTION PITS LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE VULNERABLE ZONE IN THE SAN JUAN BASIN

This production pit location was ranked according to the criteria in the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division's Unlined Surface Impoundment Closure Guidelines and received a ranking score of zero. The estimated depth to groundwater is greater than 100-feet beneath ground surface (bgs), the pit is not in a well head protection area, and there are no surface water bodies within 1,000 horizontal feet of the pit location.

The primary source, discharge to the pit has been removed. There has been no discharge to the pits for at least 4 years and the pits have been closed for at least one year.

Each pit was backfilled with clean soil and graded in a manner to divert precipitation away from the excavated area. Minimal infiltration of rainfall is expected. Any rainfall that does infiltrate the ground surface must migrate through clean backfill before reaching the residual hydrocarbons.

There is no source material at the ground surface, so direct contact of hydrocarbons with livestock and the populous is not likely.

In general, outside of the vulnerable area and alluvial valleys, bedrock material is generally encountered within 20 feet of the ground surface. Bedrock material in the San Juan Basin consists of interbedded sandstones, shales and clays. According to Freeze and Cherry, 1979, the hydraulic conductivity of the bedrock material are as follows:

Sandstone 10^{-9} to 10^{-13} cm/sec Shale 10^{-12} to 10^{-16} cm/sec Clay 10^{-12} to 10^{-15} cm/sec

Based on this information, the residual hydrocarbons should not migrate to groundwater.

Natural process (bioremediation) are degrading the residual hydrocarbon to carbon dioxide and water and will continue until the source is gone, therefore minimizing any impact to the environment.

Based on the above information, it is highly unlikely that any source material will impact groundwater or ever find an exposure pathway to affect human health and therefore El Paso Field Services Company (EPFS) requests closure of this pit location.



FIELD PIT SITE ASSESSMENT FORM

| | KDK 9/14/94 | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| GENERAL | Meter: 75-736Location: Newson A-6 Operator #: 0128 Operator Name: Meridian OilP/L District: 1321/21d Coordinates: Letter: Section 15 Township: Z6 Range: 8 Or Latitude Longitude Pit Type: Dehydrator Location Drip: X Line Drip: Other: Site Assessment Date: 7/28/94 Area: 07 Run: 92 | | | | | |
| SITE ASSESSMENT | NMOCD Zone: (From NMOCD Maps) Inside Outside (2) Depth to Groundwater Less Than 50 Feet (20 points) Greater Than 100 Ft (0 points) Is it less than 1000 ft from wells, springs, or other sources of fresh water extraction?, or; is it less than 200 ft from a private domestic water source? Horizontal Distance to Surface Water Body Less Than 200 Ft (20 points) Greater Than 1000 Ft (0 points) (2) Greater Than 200 Ft (20 points) (3) Horizontal Distance to Surface Water Body Less Than 200 Ft (20 points) (3) Name of Surface Water Body Greater Than 1000 Ft (0 points) (3) Name of Surface Water Body Surface Water Body Frincen (Surface Water Body: Perennial Rivers, Major Wash, Streams, Creeks, Irrigation Canals, Ditches, Lakes, Ponds) Distance to Nearest Ephemeral Stream (1) < 100'(Navajo Pits Only) (2) > 100' TOTAL HAZARD RANKING SCORE: POINTS | | | | | |
| SS. | | | | | | |
| REMARKS | Remarks: Redline Book - Outside Vulnerable Zone Topo-Outside Two pits on site, location drippit is dry, will close one pit. | | | | | |
| EM | is ary, will close one pit. | | | | | |
| PK. | PUSH IN | | | | | |
| | 7,0011 170 | | | | | |

Fi_D PIT REMEDIATION/CLOSURE FORM

| GENERAL. | Meter: 75736 Location: Newson A-6 Coordinates: Letter: J Section 15 Township: 26 Range: 8 Or Latitude Longitude Date Started: 10-10-94 Run: 07 92 | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| FIELD OBSERVATIONS | Sample Number(s): \(\subseteq \alpha \) Sample Depth: \(\supseteq ' \) Feet Final PID Reading \(\supseteq \alpha ' \) Feet Yes No Groundwater Encountered \(\supseteq \omega \) Approximate Depth \(\supseteq \) Feet | | | | | |
| CLOSURE | Remediation Method: Excavation | | | | | |
| REMARKS | Remarks: 4' Sands Hene | | | | | |
| | Signature of Specialist: Vale Wilson (SP3191) 03/16/94 | | | | | |



FIELD SERVICES LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT

PIT CLOSURE PROJECT - Soil Samples Outside the GWV Zone

| | SAMPLE | IDENTIFICA | TION | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| | ID | | Lab ID | | | |
| SAMPLE NUMBER: | vw 394 | | 946376 | | | |
| MTR CODE SITE NAME: | 75736 | | N/A | | | |
| SAMPLE DATE TIME (Hrs): | 10-10-94 | | 1400 | | | |
| SAMPLED BY: | N/A | | | | | |
| DATE OF TPH EXT. ANAL.: | 16-13-94 | | | | | |
| DATE OF BTEX EXT. ANAL.: | NA | | NIA | | | |
| TYPE DESCRIPTION: | VĢ | | leght Picy fine Sand | | | |
| | | | , , | | | |
| REMARKS: | | <u></u> | | | | |
| | | RESULTS | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| PARAMETER | RESULT | UNITS | QUALIFIERS | | | |
| PARAMETER | | | DF | <u>a</u> | M(g) | V(ml) |
| TPH (418.1) | 826 C 1911 | ad MG/KG | | | (1.86) | 28 |
| HEADSPACE PID | 313 | PPM | | | | |
| PERCENT SOLIDS | 91.3 | % | | | | |
| | | TPH is by EPA Metho | oa 418.1 ·· | | | |
| Narrative: | | | | | | |
| OF Dilution Contact Lland | | | | | | |
| DF = Dilution Factor Used | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Approved By:

************************ Test Method for Oil and Grease and Fetroleum Hydrocarbons in Water and Soil

Perkin-Elmer Model 1600 FT-IR Analysis Report

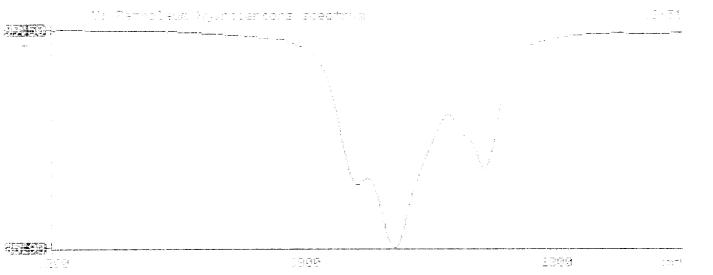
34/10/10 13:50

Samole identification 146376

Initial mass of sample. q

Volume of sample after extraction, ml 12.000

Petroleum hydrocarbors, opm 197.056 Met absorbance of hydrocarbons (2770 cm-1) 2.4.7



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