<u>District I</u> 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources**

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-141

Revised August 8, 2011

Release	Notification	and Corrective	Action
12CICA3C	INUUIICALIUII	and Corrective	ACHUII

						OPERA	ΓOR		🛛 Initia	I Report		Final Rep	ort
Name of Company: COG Operating LLC OGRID # 229137						Contact: Robert M							
Address: 600 West Illinois Avenue, Midland TX 79701						Telephone No. 432-683-7443							
Facility Name: Windward Federal #001H						Facility Typ	e:	Flo	wline				\Box
Surface Own	ner: Fe	deral		Mineral O	wner: I	: Federal			API No. 30-025-41414				
				LOCA	TION	OF REI	LEASE						
Unit Letter D	Section 30	Township 24S	Range	Feet from the		South Line	Feet from the		Vest Line	County			
D 30 24S 32E 190 North 430 West Lea Latitude 32.194551 Longitude -103.720252													
NATURE OF RELEASE													
Type of Relea	ase:					Volume of Release: Volume Recovered:							
		Produced	Water			70 bbls.			60 bbls.				
Source of Rel	lease:					Date and Hour of Occurrence:			Date and Hour of Discovery:				
Was Immedia	sta Notica (Flowli	ne			July 25, 2017 3:00 pm July 25, 2017 3:00 If YES, To Whom?					pm	\dashv	
Was Immediate Notice Given? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Required					quired								
		Whom? Reb	ecca Hask	ell		Date and Hour: July 26, 2017 8:31 am							
Was a Watero	course Read	hed?	Yes 🗵	No		If YES, Vo	lume Impacting t	the Wate	rcourse.				
If a Watercou	ırse was Im	pacted, Descri	ibe Fully.	*			ECENTE!						
						K	ECEIVE	J					
Describe Cau	sa of Drobl	om and Dama	dial Aatio	n Talean *		В	y Olivia Yı	u at 7	7:31 ar	n. Aug	01.	2017	\dashv
Describe Cau	ise of Probl	eni and Reme	aiai Actio	it taken.						., , .	.,		
				e. The flowline wa	s repair	red.							_
Describe Are	a Affected	and Cleanup A	Action Tal	ren.*									
				ck was dispatched t I present a remedia									
	fy that the i	nformation gi	ven above	is true and comple	ete to th	ne best of my	knowledge and u	ınderstar	d that purs	uant to NM	OCD n	ales and	\dashv
regulations al	ll operators	are required to	o report ai	ıd/or file certain re	lease no	otifications a	nd perform correc	tive acti	ons for rele	eases which	may en	ndanger	
				ce of a C-141 repor									
				investigate and re stance of a C-141 r									
		ws and/or regu		nuitee of the 141 I	eport d	bes not renev	e the operator or	reaponai	omey for co	omphanee v	vicii airy	ome	
Signature: Rebleca Hoskell						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION							
Printed Name		Rebecca				or -							
Frinted Name	s, 	Resecta	riaskeii		+	Approved by	Environmental S		*	-			\dashv
Title:		Senior HS	SE Coordi	nator		Approval Da	8/1/2017	/ I	Expiration	Date:			
E-mail Addre	2SS:	<u>rhaskell@</u>	concho.c	om		Conditions of Approval:							
Date: July 28	, 2017	Phone:	432-683	3-7443		see attached directive							

* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

1RP-4772

nOY1721336457

pOY1721336911

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _7/28/2017_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-4772__ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _9/1/2017_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us