District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 <u>District III</u> 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

## State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources**

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Ea. NM 97505

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Form C-141

Revised April 3, 2017

				Sa	шіа г	e, NW 8/3	005							
			Rele	ease Notific	catio	n and Co	orrectiv	e A	ction	1				
	OPERATOR													
Name of Company Devon Energy Production Company							Contact Hub Perry, Production Foreman							
Address 64	Telephone No. 575-513-9637													
Facility Name Bradley A 1							Facility Type Oil							
Surface Ow	Federal				API No. 30-025-21168									
Surrace 5 II	1101 51410			•						1111110				
TT 's T as	[ g .:	N OF RELEASE												
Unit Letter F	Section 19	Township 23S	Range 34E	C		/South Line Feet from the		East/West Line		County Lea				
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			Li	atitude_32.2918				_ NAI	283					
				NAT	'URE	OF REL				]				
Type of Release Produced Water							Volume of Release Unknown Volume			Volume Recovered 0 bbls				
Source of Release							Date and Hour of Occurrence			Date and Hour of Discovery				
Illegal Dump	December 13, 2017 @ 1:30 PM MST				December 13, 2017 @ 1:30 PM MST									
Was Immediate Notice Given? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Required							If YES, To Whom?							
	Shelly Tucker, BLM Olivia Yu, OCD RECEIVED													
	Amber Groves, SLO <b>By Olivia</b>					8-23 am	De	ec 26 2017						
By Whom?							Date and Hour							
Mike, Shoemaker, EHS Representative							December 14, 2017 @ 12:15 PM MST							
Was a Watercourse Reached?  ☐ Yes ☒ No							If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.							
	N/A													
If a Watercou N/A														
		em and Reme												
				on to perform workled to the location								supe	ervisor who	
Describe Are	a Affected	and Cleanup A	Action Tal	ken.*										
Unknown am	ount of pro	duced water v	vas releas	ed on pad surface					nning iı	n a Northea	sterly directi	ion.	An	
environmenta	al contracto	r will be conta	acted to as	sist with the delin	eation	and remediation	on activities	•						
I hereby certi	fy that the	information g	ven above	e is true and comp	lete to	the best of my	knowledge	and u	ndersta	nd that purs	suant to NM	OCD	rules and	
				nd/or file certain r										
				ce of a C-141 repo										
				investigate and r										
		ws and/or regi		otance of a C-141	report (	loes not renev	e tile opera	tor or i	respons	ibility for c	omphance w	vitti a	ny other	
							OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION							
Ciamatuma. Ci														
Signature: S														
Printed Name		Approved by Environmental Specialist:												
m:4 = = 1.1	. 1 · G					A 15	12/26	5/20°	17	E	D.			
Title: Field A	amın Sup	ροπ				Approval Da	ie: L			Expiration	Date:			

Date: 12.18.17

E-mail Address: Sheila.Fisher@dvn.com

Phone: 575.748.1829

Conditions of Approval:

see attached directive

Attached \

<sup>\*</sup> Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

## Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on \_12/21/2017\_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number \_1RP-4901\_\_ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District \_1\_ office in \_\_Hobbs\_\_\_\_ on or before \_1/26/2018\_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

## Jim Griswold

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