District 1 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources**

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Form C-141

Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Release Notification	on an	d Co	orrective A	ction	1				
	OPI	OPERATOR				al Report	☐ Fi	nal Report	
Name of Company OXY USA INC	Conta	Contact WADE DITTRICH							
Address PO BOX 4294; HOUSTON, TX 77210	Telephone No. 575-390-2828								
Facility Name BELL LAKE 27 FEDERAL #29 BATTERY Facility Type LEASE ROAD									
Surface Owner BLM Mineral Owner BLM						. 30-02:	5-38566		
LOCATION OF RELEASE									
Unit Letter Section Township Range Feet from the Not	rth/South	Line	Feet from the	East/West Line			County		
5 24S 34E			,		LEA				
Latitude 32.2457047 _ 1	ongituo	le 1	03.4941025_ N	AD83					
NATURE OF RELEASE									
Type of Release OIL & PRODUCED WATER			Release 3 bbls oduced water	oil	Volume Recovered TBD				
Source of Release Illegal Dumping of unknown party on lease road.	Date		Hour of Occurrence	e	Date and Hour of Discovery 12-19-17				
Was Immediate Notice Given? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Require		If YES, To Whom? SHELLY TUCKER-BLM; OLIVI				A YU-NMOCD			
By Whom? WADE DITTRICH	Date and Hour 102-19-17 @ 7:5							1	
Was a Watercourse Reached? ☐ Yes ☑ No	If Y	If YES, Volume Impacting the Wa							
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.* RECEIVED By Olivia Yu at 8:58 am, Jan 02, 2018									
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*									
Illegal Dumping of unknown party on lease road.									
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*									
The affected area is 30ft x 1320ft (measurements are subject to with a remediation plan approved by the NMOCD and the BLM		vith G	PS tracking). Re	emedia	tion will b	e complete	ed in acco	rdance	
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remed or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.	notifica the NM(iate cont	tions a OCD m aminati	nd perform correct parked as "Final Rition that pose a thr	tive act eport" o eat to g	tions for rele loes not reli round water	eases which leve the ope r, surface w	n may endar erator of lial ater, humar	nger bility 1 health	
Signature: Wall Little		OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION							
Printed Name: WADE DITTRICH	Appro	Approved by Environmental Speciali				st:			
Title: ENVIROMENTAL SPECIALIST	Appro	val Da	1/2/2018		Expiration Date:				
E-mail Address: wade_dittrich@oxy.com	Condi	Conditions of Approval:					d 🕓		
Date: 12-29-17 Phone: 575-390-2828 Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary	see	atta	ched directiv	/e					
Anach Additional officets II Inccessally									

1RP-4907

nOY1800232956

pOY1800233290

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _12/29/2017_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-4907__ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _2/2/2018_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us