<u>District I</u> 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 <u>District III</u> 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources**

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe. NM 87505

Form C-141

Revised April 3, 2017

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			Rele	ease Notifica	tion	and Co	rrective A	ction						
						OPERA	ΓOR			al Report		Final	Report	
Name of Company: COG Operating, LLC (OGRID# 229137)						Contact: Robert McNeill								
						Telephone No.: 432-683-7443								
Facility Name: CORVO FEDERAL #002H						Facility Type: Battery								
Surface Owner: Federal Mineral Owner: F						Federal API No.: 30-025-41910								
				LOCAT	N OF RELEASE									
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range			South Line	Feet from the	Fast/W	Vest Line	County				
N	29	24S	32E	1 000 11 0111 0110	1,0111	50 4411 2111 0		Zast (County	Lea			
			Lat	itude: 32.1814230	02 Lo	ngitude: - 10)3.69761604 N	AD83						
	NATURE OF RELEASE													
Type of Release: Produced Water & Oil						Volume of Release: Volume Recovered:								
••						3 bbls PW; 5 bbls Oil			2 bbls PW ; 4 bbls Oil					
Source of Release: Valve						Date and Hour of Occurrence:			Date and Hour of Discovery:					
Was Immediate Notice Given?						1/30/2018 1/30/2018 8:00 AM If YES, To Whom?								
was minicul	ate Notice v		Yes ∑	No Not Req	uired	11 123, 10	Whom:							
By Whom?						Date and Hour:								
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.								
			Yes 🗵	No										
If a Watercou	urse was Im	pacted, Descr	ibe Fully.	*			DECEIVE							
		•	-			1	RECEIVE							
D:h- C	£ D1.1	lem and Reme	J:_1 A _4:_	T.1 *			By Olivia	Yu at	1:20	pm, Fe	b 06	, 20	18	
Describe Cat	ise of Probl	iem and Keme	diai Actio	n Taken.*						-				
This release	occurred wl	hen the back p	ressure va	lve on the inlet sepa	arator s	stuck open. T	his caused the se	parator t	to lose pres	ssure and eq	ualize v	vith the	free	
water knocko	out resulting	g in fluid being	g sent to th	ne flare. The back pr	ressure	valve is bein	g rebuilt and or r	eplaced.	-					
Dagariha Ara	a Affactad	and Cleanup A	A ation Tal	ram *										
Describe Are	a Affecteu	and Cleanup 2	ACTION Tar	Ken.										
				ick was dispatched										
possible imp	act from the	e release and v	ve will pre	esent a remediation v	work p	lan to the NM	IOCD for approv	al prior	to any sign	ificant reme	ediation	activit	ies.	
I hereby certi	ify that the	information gi	iven ahove	e is true and comple	te to th	ne hest of my	knowledge and u	nderstan	d that nurs	ruant to NM	OCD r	ıles and	1	
				nd/or file certain rele										
public health	or the envi	ronment. The	acceptano	ce of a C-141 report	by the	NMOCD ma	arked as "Final R	eport" de	oes not reli	ieve the ope	rator of	liabilit	у	
				investigate and ren									alth	
		ws and/or regi		otance of a C-141 re	port a	bes not renev	e the operator of	responsi	bility for c	ompiiance v	vitn any	otner		
Todorar, state	, 01 10 0 11 11	We distance of Tegs					OIL CON	SERV	ATION	DIVISIO)N			
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shot New						Approved by Environmental Specialist:								
Signature:			,)					
	Divis	т 1							C	J				
Printed Name	e: Dakota N	veel					0/0/0040	$\overline{}$						
Title: HSE Coordinator						Approval Date: 2/6/2018 Expiration Date:								
F-mail Addre	ass dnaal?	nconcho com				Conditions of	Δnnroval·					,		
E-mail Address dneel2@concho.com						Conditions of Approval: See attached directive Attached								

Date: 2/3/2018

Phone: 575-746-2010

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _2/3/2018_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-4956__ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _3/6/2018_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us