District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources**

Form C-141

Final Report

Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Initial Report

Release Notification and Corrective Action

OPERATOR

Name of Company Marathon Oil Company	Contact Callie Karrigan	
Address 5555 San Felipe Street, Houston, Texas 77056	Telephone No. 405-202-1028(cell) 575-297-0956 (office)	
Facility Name Chili Parlor 17 Fed 2H	Facility Type Oil well	
Surface Owner: State Mineral Own	API No. 30-025-43137	
LOCATION OF RELEASE		
	orth/South Line Feet from the East/West Line County	
P 8 22S 33E 240	South 360 East Lea	
Latitude 32.39971673 Longitude -103.58819381 NAD83		
NATURE OF RELEASE		
Type of Release: oil Source of Release: flare	Volume of Release 8.50 gallons Volume Recovered 0 gallons Date and Hour of Occurrence Date and Hour of Discovery	
Source of Release. Hate	05/06/2018 1:07 pm	
Was Immediate Notice Given?	If YES, To Whom? Lea County – Olivia Yu, BLM – Shelly Tucker	
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not Required		
By Whom? Callie Karrigan	Date and Hour 05/06/2018 5:50 pm	
Was a Watercourse Reached? ☐ Yes ☒ No	If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.	
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*	RECEIVED	
Not applicable.	By Olivia Yu at 10:52 am, May 22, 2018	
	By Olivia 14 at 10:32 am, may 22, 2010	
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*		
Operator reported that the oil dump on the heater treater failed closed, was released out the flare in light mist and overspray.	, sending fluid down the flare line and out the flare. Approximately 8.50 gallons of oil	
was released out the frare in fight first and overspray.		
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*		
The overspray affected a 108 ft x 252 ft area, with the mist traveling west off location into a pasture. Light scraping was completed onsite to remove saturated soils and confirmation samples will be taken. The impacted area offsite will be sampled and lightly scraped.		
saturated sons and commination samples will be taken. The impacted area offsite will be sampled and rightly scraped.		
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to NMOCD rules and		
regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger		
public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to ground water, surface water, human health		
or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 repo	ort does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other	
federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.		
Signature: Callie Karrigan	OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION	
Signature. Cattle Karrigan		
Printed Name: Callie Karrigan	Approved by Environmental Specialist:	
5/22/2018		
Title: HES Professional	Approval Date: Expiration Date:	
E-mail Address: cnkarrigan@marathonoil.com	Conditions of Approval:	
_	Confirmation surface (0-6") Attached	
Date: 05/21/2018	samples of the area with	
Phone: 405-202-1028 (cell) 575-297-0956 (office)	overspray.	
* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary	overspray.	

1RP-5072

nOY1814239451

pOY1814239692



Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _5/21/2018_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-5072__ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _6/22/2018_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

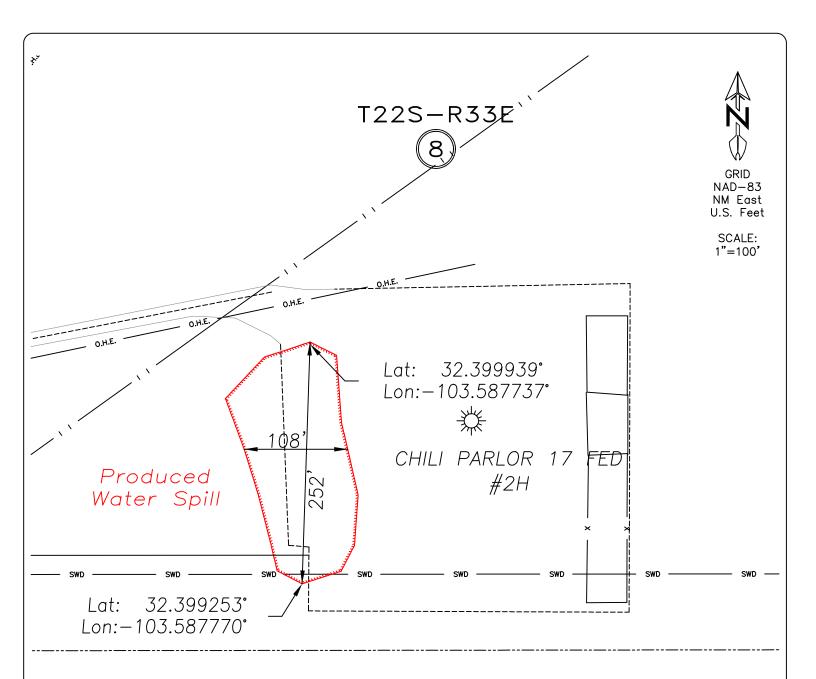
for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us





AS-BUILT SKETCH FOR MARATHON OIL

NOTE:
This sketch is intended for Marathon Oil
Company purposes only and is NOT to be
relied upon as a boundary survey and is
NOT to be used to convey or establish
real propoerty interests.

This information was gathered with GPS RTK methods using OPUS Solutions.

CHILI PARLOR 17 FED #2H PRODUCED WATER SPILL

SECTION 8 TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH — RANGE 33 EAST LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

STAKED:	
DATE:	05/07/2018
DRAWN:	CRW
DATE:	05/08/2018
JOB #:	R3759.004