State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

1220 S. St. Fran	cis Dr., Santa	Fe, NM 87505		Sa	inta Fe	, NM 875	05					
			Rele	ase Notific	ation	and Co	rrective	Actio	n			
						OPERA	OR		🕅 Initia	al Report	Final Report	
						Contact Wade Dittrich						
						Telephone No. 575-397-8214						
Facility Na	me Prize	27 Federal	#2 CTB			Facility Typ	e Battery					
Surface Owner BLM Mineral Owner						Federal			API No	. 30-02	5-31902	
LOCATION OF RELEASE												
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the		South Line	Feet from t	e East/	West Line		County	
Р	27	228	32E							LEA		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-		00 T		2 (5(05))			Duit		
Latitude 32.35700_Longitude103.65605 NAD83												
NATURE OF RELEASE												
Type of Release Oil and Produced Water						Volume of Release 6 bbls oil & Volume Recovered 0 bbl 1 bbl of water and 0 bbls water					0 bbls oil	
Source of Re	lease Hea	ter Treater	Relief Va	lve		Date and Hour of Occurrence Date and Hour of Discovery					scovery	
Waa Immadi	ata Natiaa C					08-06-2018			_			
was muteur	Was Immediate Notice Given?						If YES, To Whom? Olivia YuNMOCD, Shelly Tucker BLM					
By Whom? Wade Dittrich						Date and Hour 08-06-2018						
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.						
<u> </u>				-								
If a Waterco	urse was Imp	pacted, Descr	ibe Fully.'	ξ.		DEC						
							RECEIVED By Olivia Yu at 2:23 pm, Aug 07, 2018					
						By Ol	ivia Yu	at 2:2:	3 pm, A	ug 07,	2018	
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*												
Heater Treat	er Relief Val	ve failure ca	used 6 bbl	s of oil and 1 bbl	of water	to leak inside	containmen	This is a	NON LINE	D Facility.		
Describe Are	ea Affected a	ind Cleanup A	Action Tal	ken.*								
			* x 30* ins	de containment.	Remed	iation will be	completed in	accordanc	e with the re	emediation	plan approved by	
both the NMOCD and BLM.												
I hereby cert	ify that the i	nformation g	ven above	e is true and comp	lete to t	he best of my	knowledge a	nd underst	and that pur-	suant to NN	IOCD rules and	
regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability												
should their	operations h	ave failed to a	adequately	investigate and intervention of a C-141	remediat	e contaminati	on that pose :	threat to	ground wate	r, surface w	vater, human health	
		vs and/or regi		stance of a C-141	тероп а	oes not renev	e me operato	rorrespon	isionity for c	ompnance	with any other	
	/	17	2	/			OIL CO	DNSER	VATION	DIVISI	ON	
Signature:	1/2	A IN	the	4-					المرج			
						Approved by Environmental Specialist:						
Printed Nam	ie: WADE	DITTRICH										
Title: EN	VIRONMEN	TAL COOR	DINATO	۲		Approval Da	e: 8/7/20	18	Expiration	Date:		
E-mail Addr	wees Wade	Dittrich@o	xv com			Conditions o	Approval:					
		- AMERICAN PRIME				see atta		ctive		Attache	d 🔄	
	06-2018	te TE Mana	Phone	- 575-390-2828	3 (m)							
* Attach Add	nional Shee	as II inecess	ary		r			Y18219)52830	7		
						1RP-515						

pOY1821953073

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _8/6/2018_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-5150_ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _9/7/2018_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

• Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.

• Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.

• Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.

• Composite sampling is not generally allowed.

• Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

•Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.

• If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

• Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us

From:	Dittrich, John W
To:	Hernandez, Christina, EMNRD; Yu, Olivia, EMNRD
Cc:	cbrunson@bbcinternational.com; kswinney@bbcinternational.com; Kathy Purvis; Jennifer Gilkey; Moore, Rebecca
	Δ
Subject:	Prize 27 2 CTB
Date:	Monday, August 6, 2018 1:43:23 PM

All,

This is to inform you that Oxy Permian had a **Reportable** release in Lea County at the <u>Prize Federal</u> <u>27 2 CTB</u> on 8/6/2018.

- Release Location: Legal -27-22S-32E, API: 30-025-31902(closest well)
- **Release Volume**: 6 bbls of Oil and 1 bbls of Produced Water.
- **Recovered**: 0 bbls recovered
- Cause of Release: Heater Treater Relief Valve
- Approximate Area impacted by release: 30ft x 30ft (measurements are subject to change with GPS tracking)
- GPS Coordinates and Driving Direction: 32.356943,-103.656010 HOBBS NM WEST ON 62/180 TO CR29 6 MILES TO RED ROAD THEN GO 1 MILE TO MILLS RANCH ROAD TURN LEFT GO 7 MILES TO GREEN FIBERGLASS TANK W/STAR TURN RIGHT GO UNTIL BLUE 55 GAL DRUM W/STAR TURN LEFT AND GO TO BATTERY
- Please let me know if you have any questions.

Wade Dittrich Environmental Specialist Oxy Permian-New Mexico 575-390-2828 cell 575-397-8214 office

Wade_Dittrich@Oxy.com