Form 3160-5 (June 2015)

# UNITED STATES DE B

FORM APPROVED

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E	ιpi	res	: Janı	uary	31,	201	8

EPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR	OMB NO. 1004-013
UREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	Expires: January 31, 2
UREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	5. Lease Serial No.
NOTICES AND DEPODITS ON WELL MASS	1 NIMANIMOZEGO

Do not use thi abandoned we	s form for proposals to dril II. Use form 3160-3 (APD) f	or sucn proposais.	0. 1. 1	, Allottee or Tribe Name
SUBMIT IN	TRIPLICATE - Other instruc	tions on page 2	7. If Unit of	r CA/Agreement, Name and/or No.
1. Type of Well Gas Well Oth	ner	RECE	8. Well Nam SD EA	ne and No. 29 32 FED COM P10 19H
2. Name of Operator CHEVRON USA INCORPORA	Contact: KA' ATED E-Mail: kaylamcconnel	YLA MCCONNELL Il@chevron.com	9. API Wel 30-025	l No. -44487-00-X1
3a. Address 6301 DEAUVILLE BLVD MIDLAND, TX 79706	3b Pl	o. Phone No. (include area code) h: 432-687-7375	10. Field at WC025	d Pool or Exploratory Area GG09S263327G-UP WOLFCAM
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T	, R., M., or Survey Description)		11. County	or Parish, State
Sec 29 T26S R33E NENW 12 32.021431 N Lat, 103.594238			LEA CO	DUNTY, NM
12. CHECK THE AF	PROPRIATE BOX(ES) TO	INDICATE NATURE OF	NOTICE, REPORT,	OR OTHER DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		TYPE OF	ACTION	
■ Notice of Intent	☐ Acidize	☐ Deepen	☐ Production (Start/Re	esume)
	☐ Alter Casing	☐ Hydraulic Fracturing	□ Reclamation	■ Well Integrity
☐ Subsequent Report	□ Casing Repair	■ New Construction	☐ Recomplete	Other
☐ Final Abandonment Notice	☐ Change Plans	□ Plug and Abandon	☐ Temporarily Abando	on Change to Original A
	□ Convert to Injection	☐ Plug Back	□ Water Disposal	
Formations tops in the 9-point has drilled in the area.  The Cement program in the 9-sent out for this well.	point plan has also been upo	dated to match the previous		OVAL
	OCD H	lobbs		
14. I hereby certify that the foregoing is	Electronic Submission #4476	A INCORPORATED, sent to t	he Hobbs	E)
Name (Printed/Typed) KAYLA MO	CCONNELL	Title PERMIT	TING SPECIALIST	·
Signature (Electronic S	Juhmissian)	Date 12/13/20	10	
Signature (Electronic S		FEDERAL OR STATE O	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		<u> </u>		
Approved By_ZOTA STEVENS		TitlePETROLEU	M ENGINEER	Date 03/06/2019
onditions of approval, if any, are attached rtify that the applicant holds legal or equ hich would entitle the applicant to condu	itable title to those rights in the sub			
tle 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 States any false, fictitious or fraudulent s	U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crim tatements or representations as to an	ne for any person knowingly and wanter within its jurisdiction.	villfully to make to any dep	artment or agency of the United
nstructions on page 2) ** BLM REVI	SED ** BLM REVISED **	BLM REVISED ** BLM	REVISED ** BLM F	REVISED **



# Delaware Basin Changes to APD/COA for Federal Well



# Well Name:

SD EA 29 32 FED COM P10 19H 30-025-44487

Rig:

Nabors 1206

## **CVX CONTACT:**

Tony Bacon
MCBU D&C Engineer – Nabors 1206
Chevron North America Exploration and Production Co.
MidContinent Business Unit

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# Summary of Changes to APD Submission

Chevron respectfully requests to change the casing design on this well to a 3-string design with 4-string liner contingency plan as shown below. Please see attached, updated 9-point plan. Design factors have also been updated for both designs.

Formations tops in the 9-point plan have also been updated utilizing data from pilot holes Chevron has drilled in the area.

The Cement program in the 9-point plan has also been updated to match the previous cement sundry sent out for this well.

## 4. CASING PROGRAM

a. The proposed casing program will be as follows:

Purpose	From	То	Hole Size	Csg Size	Weight	Grade	Thread	Condition
Surface	0'	850'	17-1/2"	13-3/8"	54.5#	J55	STC	New
Intermediate	0'	11,500'	12-1/4"	9-5/8"	43.5#	L-80IC	LTC	New
Production	0'	23,000'	8-1/2"	5-1/2"	20.0#	P-110-ICY	TXP BTC	New

An alternative casing design with a contingency string is as follows:

Purpose	From	То	Hole Size	Csg Size	Weight	Grade	Thread	Condition
Surface	0'	850'	17-1/2"	13-3/8"	54.5#	J55	STC	New
Intermediate	0'	11,500'	12-1/4"	9-5/8"	43.5#	L-80IC	LTC	New
Liner	10,850'	12,300'	8-1/2"	7-5/8"	29.7#	HCP-110	W-513	New
Production	0'	12,500'	6-3/4"	5.5"	20#	P-110-ICY	TXP BTC	New
(Taper String)	12,500'	23,000'	6-3/4"	5"	18#	P-110 IC	W-521	New

#### 1. FORMATION TOPS

The estimated tops of important geologic markers are as follows:

FORMATION	SUB-SEA TVD	KBTVD	MD
Rustler		1,043	
Castile		3,065	
Lamar		4,932	
Bell Canyon		4,956	
Cherry Canyon		5,990	-
Brushy Canyon		7,519	
Bone Spring Limestone		9,110	
Upr. Avalon		9,145	
Top Bone Spring 1		10,069	
Top Bone Spring 2		10,616	
Top Bone Spring 3		11,740	
Wolfcamp		12,130	
Wolfcamp A1		12,326	
Lateral TD (Wolfcamp A1)		12,437	19,800

#### 2. ESTIMATED DEPTH OF WATER, OIL, GAS & OTHER MINERAL BEARING FORMATIONS

The estimated depths at which the top and bottom of the anticipated water, oil, gas, or other mineral bearing formations are expected to be encountered are as follows:

Substance	Formation	Depth
Deepest E	xpected Base of Fresh Water	700
Water	Rustier	1043
Water	Bell Canyon	4956
Water	Cherry Canyon	5990
Oil/Gas	Brushy Canyon	7519
Oil/Gas	Bone Spring Limestone	9110
Oil/Gas	Upr. Avalon	9145
Oil/Gas	Top Bone Spring 1	10069
Oil/Gas	Top Bone Spring 2	10616
Oil/Gas	Top Bone Spring 3	11740
Oil/Gas	Wolfcamp	12130
Oil/Gas	Wolfcamp A1	12326
Oil/Gas		

All shows of fresh water and minerals will be reported and protected.

#### 3. BOP EQUIPMENT

Will have a minimum of a 10000 psi rig stack (see proposed schematic) for drill out below surface (Wolfcamp is not exposed until drillout of the intermediate casing). Could possibly utilize the 5000 psi rig stack (see proposed schematic) for drill out below surface casing due to the availabity of 10 M annular. (Wolfcamp is not exposed until drillout of the intermediate casing) Stack will be tested as specified in the attached testing requirements. Batch drilling of the surface, intermediate, and production will take place. A full BOP test will be performed unless approval from BLM is received otherwise. Flex choke hose will be used for all wells on the pad (see attached specs) BOP test will be conducted by a third party.

Chevron requests a variance to use a FMC UH2 Multibowl wellhead, which will be run through the rig foor on surface casing. BOPE will be nippled up and tested after cementing surface casing. Subsequent tests will be performed as needed, not to exceed 30 days. The field report from FMC and BOP test information will be provided in a subsequent report at the end of the well. Please see the attached wellhead schematic. An installation manual has been placed on file with the BLM office and remains unchanged from previous submittal.

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#### 4. CASING PROGRAM

a. The proposed casing program will be as follows:

Purpose	From	То	Hole Size	Csg Size	Weight	Grade	Thread	Condition
Surface	0'	850'	17-1/2"	13-3/8"	54.5#	J55	STC	New
Intermediate	0'	11,500'	12-1/4"	9-5/8"	43.5#	L-80IC	LTC	New
Production	0'	19,800'	8-1/2"	5-1/2"	20.0#	P-110-ICY	TXP BTC	New

An alternative casing design with a contingency string is as follows:

Purpose	From	То	Hole Size	Csg Size	Weight	Grade	Thread	Condition
Surface	0'	850'	17-1/2"	13-3/8"	54.5#	J55	STC	New
Intermediate	0'	11,500	12-1/4"	9-5/8"	43.5#	L-80IC	LTC	New
Liner	10,850'	12,300'	8-1/2"	7-5/8"	29.7 #	HCP-110	W-513	New
Production	0'	12,500'	6-3/4"	5.5"	20#	P-110-ICY	TXP BTC	New
(Taper String)	12,500'	19,800'	6-3/4"	5"	18#	P-110 IC	W-521	New

- b. Casing design subject to revision based on geologic conditions encountered.
- c. \*\*\*A "Worst Case" casing design for wells in a particular area is used below to calculate the Casing Safety Factors. If for any reason the casing design for a particular well requires setting casing deeper than the following "worst case" design, then the Casing Safety Factors will be recalcuated & sent to the BLM prior to drilling.
- d. Chevron will fill casing at a minimum of every 20 jts (840') while running for intermediate and production casing in order to maintain collapse SF.

#### SF Calculations based on the following "Worst Case" casing design:

**Surface Casing:** 

1150'

Intermediate Casing:

11,650' TVD

**Production Casing:** 

23,000' MD/12,851' TVD (10,300' VS @ 90 deg inc)

		· · <del>-   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </del>	© 00 00gu,	
Casing String	Min SF Burst	Min SF Collapse	Min SF Tension	Min SF Tri-Axial
Surface	1.80	2.15	4.34	2.19
Intermediate	1.25	1.62	1.60	1.57
Production	1.10	1.19	2.35	1.32

Contingency Liner - 4 String Design

Casing String	Min SF Burst	Min SF Collapse	Min SF Tension	Min SF Tri-Axial
Surface	1.80	2.15	4.34	2.19
Intermediate	1.24	2.13	1.60	1.51
Liner	2.69	4.14	4.26	3.27
Production	1.12	1.21	1,76	1,38

Min SF is the smallest of a group of safety factors that include the following considerations:

	Surf	Int	Prod
Burst Design			
Pressure Test- Surface, Int, Prod Csg	X	X	х
P external: Water	1		
P internal: Test psi + next section heaviest mud in csg			
Displace to Gas- Surf Csg	X		
P external: Water			
P internal: Dry Gas from Next Csg Point			
Frac at Shoe, Gas to Surf- Int Csg		X	
P external: Water			
P internal: Dry Gas, 16 ppg Frac Gradient			
Stimulation (Frac) Pressures- Prod Csg			X
P external: Water		1	
P internal: Max inj pressure w/ heaviest injected fluid			
Tubing leak- Prod Csg (packer at KOP)			X
P external: Water			
P internal: Leak just below surf, 8.7 ppg packer fluid			
Collapse Design			
Full Evacuation	Х	Х	Х
P external: Water gradient in cement, mud above TOC			
P internal: none			
Cementing- Surf, Int, Prod Csg	Х	X	X
P external: Wet cement			
P internal: water	İ		
Tension Design			
100k lb overpull	X	×	X

#### 5. **CEMENTING PROGRAM**

Slurry	Туре	Тор	Bottom	Weight	Yield	%Excess	Sacks	Water	Additives
Surface				(ppg)	(sx/cu ft)	Open Hole		gal/sk	
									Extender
						1 1			Antifoam
Tail	Class C	0'	850'	14.8	1.33	50	650	6.57	Retarder
Intermediate				,					
		,							Antifoam
1	İ					1		ĺ	Extender
						1 1			Salt
						1			Retarder
Stage 2 Lead	Class C	0'	4570	11.9	2.53	200	1515	14.55	Viscosifier
									Antifoam
Ctoon 3 Tail	01 0	4570	4070	44.0	4.22	50	400	6.24	Retarder
Stage 2 Tail	Class C	4570	4870	14.8	1.33	50	109	6.31	Viscosifier Antifoam
	ļ								Retarder
Stage 1 Lead	Class C	4.870'	11,150'	11.9	2.52	100	1154	14.57	Viscosifier
Stage I Lead	Class C	4,070	11,150	11.8	2.52	100	1134	14.57	Antifoam
						1			Retarder
Stage 1 Tail	Class C	11,150'	11,650'	14.8	1.33	50	202	3.30	Dispersent
	-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Contingency Liner					nt design with i				
Tail	Class H	10,850'	12,300'	15.6	1.22	17	123	5.34	
Production									
									Antifoam
									Dispersent
									Fluid Loss
	İ								Retarder
Lead	Class H	9850'	18,300'	15.6	1.183	35	2144	5.14	Viscosifier
	}								Antifoam
	1								Dispersent
		1							Fluid Loss
									Retarder
Tail	Class H	18,300'	19,800'	16.0	1.903	35	186	7.43	Viscosifier

<sup>1.</sup> Final cement volumes will be determined by caliper.

<sup>2.</sup> Surface casing shall have at least one centralizer installed on each of the bottom three joints starting with the shoe joint.

<sup>3.</sup> Production casing will have one horizontal type centralizer on every joint for the first 1000' from TD, then every other joint to EOB, and then every third joint to KOP. Bowspring type centralizers will be run from KOP to intermediate casing.

PAGE:

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#### 6. MUD PROGRAM

From	To	Type	Weight	F. Vis	Filtrate	
0,	850'	Spud Mud	8.3-8.7	32 - 34	NC - NC	7
850'	11,500'	Oil Based Mud	8.8-9.8	28 - 30	25-30	7
11,150'	12,300'	Oil Based Mud	9.8-12.9	70 - 75	25 - 30	Liner Contingency
11.500'	19.800'	Oil Based Mud	9.8-14.8	70 - 75	25 - 30	

A closed system will by utilized consisting of above ground steel tanks. All wastes accumulated during drilling operations will be contained in a portable trash cage and removed from location and deposited in an approved sanitary landfill. Sanitary wastes will be contained in a chemical porta-toilet and then hauled to an approved sanitary landfill.

All fluids and cuttings will be disposed of in accordance with New Mexico Oil Conservation Division rules and regulations.

A mud test shall be performed every 24 hours after mudding up to determine, as applicable: density, viscosity, gel strength, filtration, and pH.

Visual mud monitoring equipment shall be in place to detect volume changes indicating loss or gain of circulating fluid volume. When abnormal pressures are anticipated — a pit volume totalizer (PVT), stroke counter, and flow sensor will be used to detect volume changes indicating loss or gain of circulating fluid volume.

A weighting agent and lost circulating material (LCM) will be onsite to mitigate pressure or lost circulation as hole conditions dictate.

#### 7. TESTING, LOGGING, AND CORING

The anticipated type and amount of testing, logging, and coring are as follows:

- a. Drill stem tests are not planned.
- b. The logging program will be as follows:

TYPE	Logs	Interval	Timing	Vendor
Mudlogs	2 man mudlog	Int Csg to TD	Drillout of Int Csg	TBD
LWD	MWD Gamma	Int. and Prod. Hole	While Drilling	TBD

- c. Conventional whole core samples are not planned.
- d. A Directional Survey will be run.

#### 8. ABNORMAL PRESSURES AND HYDROGEN SULFIDE

a. No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. Estimated BHP at intermediate TD is: 5750 psi No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. Estimated BHP at production TD is: 8650 psi

b. Hydrogen sulfide gas is not anticipated. An H2S Contingency plan is attached with this APD in the event that H2S is encountered

# PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: CHEVRON USA INC.

LEASE NO.: | NMNM27506

WELL NAME & NO.: | 19H -SD EA 29 32 FED COM P10

SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: | 120'/N & 2633'/W BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE | 25'/S & 2425'/E

LOCATION: Section 29 T.26 S., R.33E., NMP COUNTY: LEA County, New Mexico

COA

All previous COAs still apply expect the following:

H2S	↑ Yes	€ No	
Potash	• None	C Secretary	↑ R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	CLow	• Medium	↑ High
Variance	None	Flex Hose	Other
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	Both
Other	□ 4 String Area	Capitan Reef	WIPP

### A. Hydrogen Sulfide

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

#### **B. CASING**

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 800 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)

- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

# Operator shall filled 50% of casing with fluid while running intermediate casing to maintain collapse safety factor.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is: Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.
  - a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
  - b. Second stage above DV tool: Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office.
  - ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
  - c. Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

#### **CONTINGENCY PLAN**

Notify BLM before proceeding with the contingency plan.

Operator shall filled  $1/3^{\rm rd}$  casing with fluid while running liner to maintain collapse safety factor.

- 4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7-5/8 inch intermediate liner is:
  - d. Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

#### Operator shall set 5 1/2 " casing at KOP.

Variance is approved for annular spacing between 7 5/8" x 5 1/2 " casing.

- 5. The minimum required fill of cement behind the  $5-1/2 \times 5$  inch production casing is:
  - e. Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

#### C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold.

Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).

- 2. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the 9-5/8 intermediate casing shoe shall be 10,000 (10M) psi.

# **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)
  - ✓ Lea CountyCall the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575)393-3612
- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
  - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
  - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
    - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
    - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
    - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a

digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

#### A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

#### **B. PRESSURE CONTROL**

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
  - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the

plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
- c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- g. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

#### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

#### D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

#### Waste Minimization Plan (WMP)

In the interest of resource development, submission of additional well gas capture development plan information is deferred but may be required by the BLM Authorized Officer at a later date.

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