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Application, Transcript, Small Exhibits, Etc.

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BEFORE THE GIL GONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW NEXICO

IN THE MAITER OF CONSERVATION
AND PREVENTION OF WASTE OF CRUDE
PETROLEUM OIL AND NATURAL GAS IN
THE WEST DOLLARHIDE-DRINKARD, WEST
DOLLARHIDE-DEVONIAN, WEST DOLLARHIDEFUSSEIMAN AND WEST DOLLARHIDE-ELLENBURGER
POOLS IN LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

CASE NO. 408 CRDER NO. E-3

EMERGENCY ORDER

WHEREAS, the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission in executive session, this day at Santa Fe, New Mexico, a quorum being present, considered the matter, and

WHEREAS, it appears that inequities in pool allowables, by reason of differences of method of determination by respective states, exist in the area, with respect to Drinkard and Devonian production,

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

That for the period from 7 o'clock a.m. February 16, 1953, to 7 o'clock a.m. March 1, 1953, the allowable production for the West Dollarhide-Drinkard Pool within New Mexico is hereby fixed at 91 barrels of oil per day; and, that the allowable production for the West Dollarhide-Devonian Pool, within New Mexico, is hereby fixed at 100 barrels of oil per day.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That bottom-hole pressures be immediately taken of all New Mexico wells within the West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Ellenburger Pools in anticipation of modification of Commission Rule 302 to require pressure tests in February and August of each year for the pools aforesaid.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, this / day of February, 1953.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Educia I Macham Chairman

¿ L'hach

E. S. Walker, Member

R. R. Spurrier, Secretary

SEAL

State of New Mexico, Of the Hobbs Daily News-Sun, a daily newspaper published at Hobbs, New Mexico, do solemnly swear that the clipping attached hereto was published once a week in the regular and entire issue of said paper, and not in a supplement thereof for a period of ___ ginning with the issue dated ending with the issue dated _ aer 9, 190 Sworn and subscribed to before

This newspaper is duly qualified to publish legal notices or advertisements within the meaning of Section 3, Chapter 167, Laws of 1937, and payment of fees for said publication has been made.

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

LEGAL NOTICE

Gct. 9, 1952

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

State of New Mexico
Oil Conservation Commission

Santa Fe, New Mexico.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TO:
Ail persons having any right, title, interest or claim in the following case, and notice to the public.

CASE 408: (Readvertised)

Public notice is hereby given that a joint meeting of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission and the Railroad Commission of Texas will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. on October 23, 1952, at the City Hall in Midland, Texas, for the purpose of considering proration methods and equalization of allowables in oil and gas pools embracing lands within the states of Texas and New Mexico—namely, the West Dollarhide, West Dollarhide-Devonian, West Dollarhide-Devonian, West Dollarhide-Drinkard Pools, as denominated in New Mexico.

GIVEN under the seal of the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico at Santa Fe, New LEGAL NOTICE GIVEN under the seal of the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on this sixth day of October, 1952.

, State of New Mexico, Oil Conservation Commission, R. R. SPURRIER,

(SEAL)

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION P. O. BOX 871 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

January 16, 1953

Mr. George Singletary,
Assistant Chief Engineer
Railroad Commission of Texas
Tribune Building
AUSTIN, TEXAS

Dear Sir:

Following is a tabulation of the 1953 scheduled dates in New Mexico for Gas-Oil Ratio Surveys and Bottom Hole Pressure Surveys in the Dollarhide Pools of West Texas and New Mexico:

PCOL..... West Dollarhide West Dollarhide West Dollarhide Ellenburger

Gas-Oil Jenuary January & January & January & February

Ratios February

Bottom-Hole: November April February August Pressures

I believe it would be advisable to have two surveys a year in the Fusselman (Silurian) and Ellenburger somes, in February and August. Since we have already established our 1953 00R survey dates and since in some cases the ratios have probably already been run, we might forgo trying to establish dates that correspond for the pools during 1953 and get together before 1954 and set definite dates. I doubt very seriously if any of the New Mexico wells in any of the somes are over the limiting ratio of 2000.

We are going to write our order and provide for definite dates as outlined above for bottom-hole pressures. Our first order will be an emergency order effective February 1, 1953, since the Attorney General tells us it isn't legal for us to have hearings outside New Mexico. However, we are going to call a hearing for the month of February and introduce the record of the Midland meeting, and operate the field on the allowables as agreed upon under an emergency until a final order can be written.

Let me know what you think of the survey dates.

Yours very truly,

WBMinr

W. B. Macey, Chief Engineer

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS OIL AND GAS DIVISION

OIL AND GAS DOCKET NO. 126

#8 - 24,657

IN RE: CONSERVATION AND PREVENTION OF WASTE OF CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS IN THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK, DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN, DOLLARHIDE ELLENEERGER, AND DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELDS, ANDREWS COUNTY, T E X A S

> Austin, Texas October 7, 1952

NOTICE OF HEARING

PERTAINING TO A DETERMINATION OF EQUITABLE ALLOWABLES FOR THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK, DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN, DOLLARHIDE ELLENBERGER AND DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELDS, AND THE ADOPTION OF FIELD RULES FOR THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD ANDREWS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN To the public and all interested persons that the Railroad Commission of Texas will, at ten a.m., OCTOBER 23, 1952, in the Council Chamber of the City Hall, in Midland, Texas, hold the Hearing it heretofore scheduled by its Notice of Hearing No. 8 - 24,494 to be heard at ten a.m., OCTOBER 7, 1952, in Midland, Texas, in conjunction with the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, for the purpose of adjusting allowables for the Dollarhide Clearfork, Dollarhide Devonian, Dollarhide Ellenberger, and Dollarhide Silurian Fields, all located in Andrews County, Texas, and for the further purpose of adopting field rules for the Dollarhide Clearfork in order to bring about the most efficient rate of production from these reservoirs.

Since these Dollarhide reservoirs extend across the state lines and inequities in field allowables exist as a result of differences in the methods of their determination in the two states, a previous joint meeting was held in Santa Fe, New Mexico, by the Railroad Commission of Texas and the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico for the purpose of discussing the problem of inequities in withdrawals from the Dollarhide reservoirs in the two states; and as a result of that meeting and because of the progress in the development of the fields, this Hearing was called, and is to be heard jointly with a similar Hearing to be called by the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico for the purpose of determining what allowables are necessary to bring about an equity in the withdrawals of oil from the Dollarhide Clearfork, Dollarhide Devonian, Dollarhide Ellenberger, and Dollarhide Silurian reservoirs extending across the state lines of Texas and New Mexico.

FOLLOWING Said Hearing, the Railroad Commission of Texas will enter such rules, regulations, and orders as in its judgment may be necessary as a result of the findings of the two regulatory bodies.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

Olin Culberson, Chairman

Ernest O. Thompson, Commissioner

W. J. Murray, Jr., Commissioner

(SEAL)

ATTEST:

O. D. Hyndman, Secretary

BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATIER OF CONSERVATION AND PREVENTION OF WASTE OF CRUDE PETROLEUM OIL AND NATURAL GAS IN THE WEST DOLLARHIDE-DEVONIAN, WEST DOLLARHIDE-FUSSELMAN AND WEST DOLLARHIDE-ELLENBURGER POOLS IN LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

CASE NO. 408 ORDER NO. E-2

EMERGENCY ORDER

WHEREAS, the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission in executive session, this day at Santa Fe, New Mexico, a quorum being present, considered the matter, and

WHEREAS, it appears that inequities in pool allowables, by reason of differences of method of determination by respective states, exist in the area, with respect to Drinkard and Devonian production,

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

That for the period from 7 o'clock a.m., February 1, 1953, to 7 o'clock a.m., February 16, 1953, the allowable production for the West Dollarhide-Drinkard Pool within New Mexico is hereby fixed at 91 barrels of oil per day; and, that the allowable production for the West Dollarhide-Devonian Pool, within New Mexico, is hereby fixed at 100 barrels of oil per day.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That bottom hole pressures be immediately taken of all New Mexico wells within the West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Ellenburger Pools in anticipation of modification of Commission Rule 302 to require pressure tests in February and August of each year for the pools aforesaid.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, this day of January, 1953.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Edwin L. Mechem, Chairman

F. S. Walker Member

R. R. Spurpier, Secretary

SEAL

JIL AND GAS DARRES SU. 126

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III I : OMERENATION AND MENENTIAN OF MASINE OF CRUIDE PRINCIPLES THE MANAGEMENT CAN THE TERM WHATHIN CLEAFIN. AND DOLLARILDE DEVIRTAR FIELDS, NEFERS CARRY, DESAS.

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PIXING ALLMADIAS FUR AND BÓLLADHLOS CHRACASA. AND DOLLARSIDE REVERLAR FIDELE, ANDRES COUNTY, TRANS

Williams, After the notice, the Beilroad Comission of Jense held a nearing, on October 23, 1952, in conjunction with the Oil Conservation Commission of New Nextee for the purpose of alterting allowables for the Tollarbide Clearfor! and Dollaridde Devonian Fields, located in Andrews County, Cesse; and

WERNAS, The evidence substitted at said hearing indicates that the Dollarbide Clearfork reservoir extends from Andrews County, Texas, into Lee County, New Mexico, and is found from approximately sixty-two hundred (6,200) feet to seven thousand (7,000) feet; that the Clearfork reservoir produces from dolorste and line containing some flagure and some vagular porocity; that the porosity development is heterogeneous with poor correlation of the individual porosity stresks even between adjacent wells; that the dip of the producing some is approximately three hundred (300) feet per mile; that there was no original gas cap; that the estimated saturation pressure was twenty-one marked minety (2,190) pounds per square inch at minus thirty-four hundred (3,400) feet; that the estimated original reservoir pressure was twenty-eight hardred eighty-nine (2,889) pounds per square inch at the same datum; that the bottombole pressure has declined to apprendentely eighteen hundred (1,800) pounds per square inch while producing two end one-balf million (2,500,000) berrels of bil, and that the production history to date is typical of a solution gas drive recorroir;

WEEEAS, The Bollerhide Devonien reservoir is found at a top of approximetaly forty-five hundred (4,500) feet subsem; that the Devonish reservoir produces oil in both Andrews County, Texas, and Les County, Hew Mexico, and that the reservoir is continuous in both Andrews County, Tesses, and Les County, New Musico; that production is from a fractured delicate and a vestioned chart of Devonian age; that the estimated saturation pressure was twenty-seven hundred seventy-five (2,775) pounds per square inch at name forty-six hundred (4,600) fact; that the original reservoir pressure was thirty-two handred thirty-three (3,233) pounds per square inch at minus forty-aix hundred (4,600) feat; that the present arithmetic reservoir pressure has declined to approximately teamty-one bendred sixty (2,160) pounds per squere inch while producing seven and one-half million (7,500,000) bestels of oil; that good gravity segregation is apparent as the high gas-oil ratio wells are located on the creat of the structure; that the production is obtained by means of a solution gas drive;

William, Since these Dollarbide reservoirs extend across the State lines and inequities in field allowables exist as a result of differences in the metiode of their determination in the two States, this hearing was held for the purpose of determining what allowables were necessary to bring shout an equity in the withdrawnle of oil consistent with the prevention of waste from the Dollarhide Clearfork and Dollarhide Devonien reservoirs extending scross the State lines of Texas and New Mercica.

BAR, MERCEPORE, IT IS TRUETED By the Reilroad Coordisation of Teams timt edfective , 1953, the Dollarhide Clearfork and Dollarhide Devomin Fields both be exempted from shutdown days.

IT IS PIKEHER CHIERRYD That the allowable for the Bollarhide Clearfork Field will be established at ninety-one (91) barrels per day per well, and that the allowable for the Dollaridae Devouden Field will be established at one immared (100) berreds per day per well.

IT IN FURNIER CRIMITS that this cause be held open on the docket for such other and further orders so may be necessary.

•	RAILEDAD CURVIENIUM OF THUAS	
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ATTEST:		Considerions
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O TURNE GENERAL CHARTAGE CHART

William, After due notice, the Sellroed Consistion of Sense seld a hearing on Scholar 25, 1958, in conjunction with the Sil Supervention Consisting of Sen Senting Sellouding for the Sollandia Classford and Sullardia Servation Selde, Located in Andrews Sounds, Sense; and

Initiation, the evidence established at sold hearing indicates that the country, hears, into hear country, her interests from appreciantly sixty-too hardred (6,200) feet to seven throughly (7,000) feet; that the disenfort reservoir produces from delacate and line containing asser finance and some vagular perceitly that the perceitly development is betterpressons with poor correlation of the individual perceitly streams even between edjacent wells; that the dip of the producing some is approximately three handred (300) feet per mile; that there was no original one cap; that the estimated actuation pressure was treatly-see hashed aimsty (2,100) pounds per square inch at minus thirty-four handred (3,600) feet; that the estimated cripinal reservoir pressure was treatly-edgic handred edgity-sine (2,809) pounds per square inch at the same datum; that the bottombole pressure has declined to appreciately edgites handred (1,600) pounds per square lach while producing we and one-half million (2,500,000)berrals of aid, and that the production history to date is typical of a polistion gas drive reservoir;

SERVERS, The Ballartide Devonian Transvoir is franch at a 10% of approximately forty-sive hundred (1,500) feat subsen; that the Devonian reservoir produces oil in both Andrews County, Desse, and Les County, Dev Paule, and Les County, Dev Paule, and Les County, Dev Paule; that production is from a fractured dolonite and a vestiment chart of Devonian age; that the estimated saturation pressure was twenty-saven hundred seventy-five (2,775) pounds per aginer inch at along forty-six hundred (4,600) feet; that the original reservoir pressure was thirty-two hundred thirty-three (3,233) pounds per aguere inch at along forty-six hundred (4,600) feet; that the pressure are thirty-time for aguere inch while producing seven and one-half sallien (7,500,000) berrais of oil; that good gravity segregation is apparent as the high pas-oil ratio walls are located on the creat of the structure; that the production is obtained by some of a solution one drive;

WHETER, Mince these Dollaride reservoirs extend erross the State lines and inequities in field allowables exist as a result of differences in the methods of their determination in the two States, this bearing was held for the purpose of determining what allowables were necessary to bring about an equity in the withdressle of oil consistent with the prevention of waste from the sollaridate Character and Dullaridate Cavanian reservoirs antending surson the State Lines of Terms and Sulfarido.

AU, HHERVES, IT IS TEVETS by the Salirand Consission of Samu Mat esfective , 1953, the Salirande Cherrions and Salirande Devoming Fields both be exampled from simulation days.

If he fulfilly distance that the allowable for the callegiate Charfort Field will be established at minety-one (A) barrels for the tay for well, and that the allowable for the callegiate for the callegia

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<u>rijenjenan</u> .	5	mi	1099	. 44	100	4064
Silveton (Procedura)	3	135	405	. 39	790	4636

EXHIBIT "A" PRORATION SCHEDULE LISTED BELOW IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1952, 7 A.M., UNTIL FURTHER ORDERED

(8-289) DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD, ANDREWS COUNTY Disc. 6-3-49 Gravity 38.90 Approx. Depth 6545'

Allocation: Per Well Permissible GCR: 2000-1 MER: 91 barrels PWT

OPERATOR & LEASE	WELL NO.	POTE	GOR MCF-1	PER WELL ALLOW	Total Lease Allow
CITIES PRODUCTION CORPORATION Cowden "E"	1-C 2-C 3-C	492 644 273		91 91 91	•
	4-C 5-T 6-C	124 544 331		91 91 91	546
Cowden "F"	1-C 2-T	422 332		9 1 91	182
Cowden "G"	1-C 2-C 3-C 4-C 5-C 6-C 7-C 8-C 9-C 10-T	548 239 352 154 255 236 305 122 195 824		91 91 91 91 91 91 91	
· •	11-T	32		32 #	932
Cowden 'H''	1-C 2-C	193 205		91 91	182
Cowden "J"	1-T	66		66 👬	66
Cowden "M"	ı	185		91	91
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM COMPANY Cowden "B" A/C #4	25	96		10 M	10
Cowden "E" A/C #2	2	256		91	91
Cowden "G" A/C	2	12	5.03	8 #	8
Cowden "H" A/C #2	2	109	2.26	81 *	81
Cowden "I"A/C #2	2	374		73 #	73
Cowden "J" A/C #2	2	298		91	91
Cowden "K" A/C #2	2	308		74 <i>#</i>	74

EXHIBIT "A"
FRORATION SCHEDULE, DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD, CONTINUED

PERATOR LEASE	NO.	POTE	GOR MCF-).	WELL ALLOW	LEASE ALLOW
TO TO TOTAL				-	
URE OIL COMPANY E. B. Cowden "A"	7 - C	27		27 M	
D. D. COHUCH A	28-C	229		91	
	33-C	351		91	
	37 - 0				
	54-C	312 206		91 01	
				91 01	
	55-C	193		91 93	
	59-C	202		91 01	
	60 0 0	176		91 01	
	64-C	260 260		91 03	
	67-C	160		91	
	68-c	195		91	
	71-C	103		91	
	72 - C	109		91	
	73-C	16 [†]		91	
	74-C	273		91	
	75-C	249		91	
	76-C	512		91	
	77-C	496		91	
•	7 \$ ∃G	734		91	
	79 - 0	532		91	
•	80-c	135		91	
	81-C	50		39 🕆	
	82 - C	249		91	
	83 - c	293		91	
	84-c	260		91	
	8 5- C	401		91	
	86-c	204		91	
	87 - C	140		91	
	.88 - c	377		91	
	8 9- c	176		91	
	90 - C	325		91	
	91-C	100		91	
	92-C	245		91	
	9 3- C	100		91	
	94-C	364		91	
	95 - C	343		91	
	96 - c	235		91	
	97 - C	189		91	
	98-C	207		91	
	99-C	293		91	
	100-C	5111		91	
	101-C	246		91	
	102-C	375		91	
	103-C	108		91	
	104-C	82		82 <i>:/</i> /	
	105-C	146		91 "	
	107-C	110		91	
	109 - C	102		9 <u>1</u>	4243
E. P. Cowden "B"	10-C	47		47 滞	
TET O CHICETE D	12-C	318		91	
	13-C	124		91	
	13-C 14-C	115		91 91	320
	10	ردد		7∸	320
	 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
FIEDD TOTAL:	82			6990	6990

DOLLARFY TO THE REPORK FIELD DISTRICT NO.6 PAGE 117 7-1-52 jem

PROPATION SCHEDULE LISTED BELOW IS EFFECTIVE EXHIBIT "A" JULY 1, 1952, 7 A.M., UNTIL FURTHER ORDERED

(8-152) DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN FIELD, ANDREWS COUNTY Disc. 8-14-45 Approx. Depth 8051

Allocation: 75% Acreage and 25% Per Well Acreage Factor: 1.875 Per Well Allowable: 25 barrels Permissible GCR: 2000-1 MER: 100 bbls. FWT

OPERATOR & LEASE	WELL.	ACRES	POTE	GOR MCF-1	ACRG ALLOW	PER WELL ALLOW	TOTAL WELL ALLOW	TOTAL LEASE ALLOW
CAMPAGE ADOMINATION CON	DOD ÁMTOM							
CITIES PRODUCTION CO Cowden "E"	RPORATION 1-T	40	291		75	2 5	100	
	2-T	40	117		75	25	100	
	3 - T	40	157		75	25	100	
	4-T	40	146		75	25	100	
	5 - C	40	339		75	25	100	
	6 - T	40	209		75	25	100	
	7	40	162		75	25	100	700
Cowden "F"	1-T	40	215		75	25	100	
	2-C	40	316		75	25	100	200
Cowden "G"	1-T	40	604		75	25	100	
	2-T	40	220		75	25	100	
	3 - T	40	282		75	25	100	
	4-T	40	227		75	25	1.00	
	5-T	40	224		75	25	100	
	6-T	40	188		75	25	100	
	7-C	40	381		75 76	25	100	
	8-T 9-T	40 40	105		75 75	25	100	
	9-1 10-C	40	236 414		75 75	25 25	100 100	
	11-C	40	694		75	25	100	
	12-T	40	200		75	25	100	1200
Cowden "H"	1-T	40	182		75	25	100	
oonada 1	2-T	40	148		75	25	100	200
Cowden "J"	1-C	40	209		75	25	100	100
Cowden "K"	7	40	434		75	06	300	
COMUST V	1 2	40	400		75 75	25 25	100 100	200
Cowden "N"	1	40	130		75	25	100	100
Cowden "P"	1	40	349		75	25	100	100
HUMBLE OIL & REFININ E. P. Cowden A/C						`		
	2 -T(DC)		3 99	4.65			43 *	
	3 4-T-1	40	322	2.09			96 *	
		40	51				33 # 81 *	
	5-T(DC)	40	234	2.47		•	81 *	253
E. P. Cowden A/C		• -					"	
	7 19	40	354	- 4			73 🐇	100
	19	40	241	5.64			30 ╬	103
E. P. Cowden A/C		_						
	10-T	40	292	2.71			74 *	
	12-T	40	406	7.34			27 *	^
	17-T-1	40	211	7•34			27 *	128
E. P. Cowden A/C	#4		• -				_	
	8	40	417		75	25	100	100

DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN FIELD DISTRICT NO. 8

PAGE 118

7-1-52

OPERATOR & LEASE	WELL NO.	ACRES	POTE	GOR MCF-1	ACRG ALLOW	PER WELL ALLOW	TOTAL WELL ALLOW	TOTAL LEASE ALLOW
& IBAOB	110,	norwo	1013	MOT -T	BILLION	AILLON	ALLON	MILLOW
LION OIL COMPANY	40)							
E. P. Cowden (Ten		39.84	402	3.33			60 #	
	2	39.84	794		75	25	100	
	1 2 3 4	39.84 39.84	373	2.10	75	05	95 *	255
	7	39.04	395		()	25	100	355
Tennie Cowden "B"	1	40	67				41 #	
	2	40	150				73 🏰	114
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO	MPANY							
E. P. Cowden	1	40	244	2.60			77 #	
	2	40	308				54 <i>‡</i>	131
Cowdon "A"	1	40	100	2,98			67 ×	
	2	40	254		75	25	100	
	2 3 4	40 40	198 197		75 75	25 25	100 100	367
	•	40	-71		17	_/	200	J 01
Cowden "B" Acct. 6		l.o	2 62	o 96			20 *	•
	3 - T 4 - T	40 40	141 27	9.86 5.20			20 * 23 	
	7 - T	40	291	7020	75	25	100	
	11-T	40	174	8.22			24 *	
	14-T 17-T	40 40	73 28	7.27			26 ╬ 40 ╬	233
	- 1 − 1	40	20				40 _{JI}	ررے
Cowden "C"	1	40	390	2.17			92 *	
	2 3	40 40	141 246	5.09 4.89			27 # 41 *	
	4	40	298	4.09	75	25	100	
	5 6	40	159	4.53			ታ ት *	
		40 40	196 227	3.18	75	25	100 63 *	
	7 8	40	111	3.10	75	25	100	
	9	40	154		75	25	100	
	10	40	117		75	25	100	767
Cowden "D"	1-C	40	214	4.35			30 ∦	30
Cowden "E"	1-T	40	122	5.44			37 *	37
Cowden "F"	1-T	. 40	108	3.43			27 #	27
Cowden "G"	1-T	40	106	3.69			20 #	20
Cowden "H"	1-T	40	168	3.16			63 *	63
Cowden "I"	1	40	204	2.14			73 🐇	73
Cowden "K"	1	40	168	2.80			71 *	71
Tennie Cowden	2 3-T	40 40	336 176	2.97 4.88	75	25	67 * 49 *	116
PURE OIL COMPANY								
E. P. Cowden "A"	3 - D	40	297		75	25	100	
	4-D	40 40	490	9.30	75	25	22 * 100	
	5-D 7-D	40 40	132 137	4.84	17	دء	41 *	
	10-D	40	443	2.90			69 *	
	13 - D 14-D	40 40	102 242	6.345	75	25	32 * 100	
	14-り	40	646		17	ري	200	

DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN FIELD DISTRICT NO. 8 FAGN 119 7-1-52 Jem EXHIBIT "A"
PRORATION SCHEDULE, DOLLARHIDE DEVONTAN FIELD, ANDREWS COUNTY

PRORATION SCHEDULE, I OPERATOR & LEASE	WELL NO.	ACRES	POTE	GOR MCF-1	ACRG ALLOW	PER WELL ALLOW	TOTAL WELL ALLOW	TOTAL LEASE ALLOW
PURE OIL COMPANY (COI E. P. Cowden "A"	MTINUED)	ad)						
E. P. COWGER R	18 - D	40 40	170	3.14			64 ×	
	21 - D	40	250	5.83			34 *	
	22-D	40	287	2002			99 *	
	25-D	40	202	FAOL	75	25	100	
	27-D	40	50		17	- /	19 #	
	28-D	40	176		75	25	100	
	32 - D	40	150	3.28	17	-)	35 ∜	
	33 - D	40	156	3120	75	25	100	
•	34-D	40	153		75	25	100	
	37-D	40	134		75	25	100	
	38-D	40	402		75	25	100	
	39-D	40	159		75	25	100	
	40-D	40	109		75	25	100	
	42-D	40	147		75	25	100	
	43 -D	40	181		75	25	100	
	44-D	40	142	3.17	17	-/	63 *	
	46-D	40	192	3,	75	25	100	
	47-D	40	151		75	25	100	
	48 - D	40	101	3.67		-,	54 *	
	49-D	40	208	30	75	25	100	
	50- D	40	157		75	25	100	
	51-D	40	121		75	25	100	
	52 - D	40	143		75	25	100	
	53-D	40	170		75	25	100	
	56-D	40	138		75	25	100	
	57-D	40	188		75	25	100	
	58-D	40	243		75	25	100	
	61-D	40	147		75	25	100	
	62 - D	40	77			-	77 🐇	
	63-D	40	109	4.92			41 *	
	65-D	40	159	_	75	25	100	
	66 - D	40	178	2.32			86 *	
	69 - D	40	50				50 🖑	
	70 - D	40	128		75	25	100	
	91 - D	40	129		75	25	100	
	106-D	40	258		75	25	100	
	108-D	40	199		75	25	100	3686
E. P. Cowden "B"	2-D	40	480		75	25	100	
	3 - D	40	116	2.99			43 🎋	
	9 - D	40	102	6.04			33 *	
	11-0	40	120	2.49			8o *	256
MICELLY OIL COMPANY								
P. W. Cowden "A"	1	40	489	5.12			39 *	
11 " COMMON A	2	40	289	3.65			55 *	94
			•	J = 47				-
P. W. Cowden "B"	1	40	168				42 🖐	42
UNION OIL COMPANY OF	CALATFOR	NIA						
E. P. Cowden	2	40	805	5.42			37 *	
	3 D.C.		116				16 🕌	
		40	668		75	25	100	
	5	40	145		75	25	100	253
E. P. Cowden "H"	1	40	804		75	25	100	•
	2	40	168		75	25	100	200
FIELD TOTAL:	132				5625	1875	10319	10319
						(2819)		

DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN FIELD DISTRICT NO. 8 PAGE 120 7-1-52 jem EXHIBIT "A" PRORATION SCHEDULE LISTED BELOW IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1952, 7 A.M., UNTIL FURTHER ORDERED

(8-305) EAST DOLLARHIDE (DEVONIAN) FIELD, ANDREWS COUNTY Disc. 7-9-49 Gravity 41.20 Approx. Depth 10,1861

Allocation: Per Well Permissible GOR: 2000-1

PVT: 210

OPERATOR & LEASE	WELL NO.	POTE	GOR MCF-1	PER WELL ALLOW	Lease Allow
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM COMPANY Special Cowden "B" A/C #2	2				
-	1-C	38		20 🗗	
	Ž	217		0	_
	3	257	2.90	47 🐇	67
STANOLIND OIL & GAS COMPANY					
E. P. Cowden	1	308		58 #	58
FIELD TOTAL:	lş.			203	203

PRORATION COHEDULE LISTED BELOW 3 EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1952, 7 A.M., UNTIL FURTHER ORDERED EXHIBIT "A"

(8-211) DOLLARHIDE ELLENBERGER FIELD, ANDREWS COUNTY Approx. Depth 10137

Allocation: 75% Acreage and 25% Per Well Permissible GOR: 2000-1 Acreage Factor: 1.875 Per Well Allowable: 25 barrels

Per Well Allowable	e; 25 bas	rrels				EGD	m coma t	momar.
OPERATOR	WELL			GOIL	ACRG	F ER WELL	TOTAL WELL	TOTAL LEASE
& Lease	NO.	ACRES	POTE	MCF-1	ALLOW	ALLOW	ALLON	ALLOW
HUMBLE OIL & REFI		PANY						
E. P. Cowden A	11	40	75				25 #	
	14	40	1011		75	25	100	
	18	40	117		17	•/	57 #	182
E. B. Cowden A		١						
	6	ήÛ	766		75	25	100	
	9	40	532 628		75	25 05	100	
	13 16	50 40	411		75 75	25 25	100 100	400
	10	40	4,11		()	2)	700	400
MAGNOLIA PETROLEU Cowden "B" A/C		Y						
		40	1320		75	25	100	
	5 6 8	40	693		75	25	100	
	8	40	363	•	75	25	100	
	9	40	126		75	25	100	
	10	40 40	972 283		75	25	100 62 <u>/</u> 4	
	12 13	40	190		75	25	100	
	15	40	511		75	25	100	
	16	40	630		75	25	100	
	19	40	171		75	25	100	1062
Cowden Tennie	1	40	120		75	25	100	100
TENTO OTT COMPANY								
PURE OIL COMPANY	יז די	40	608		75	25	100	
Cowden "A"	1-E 2-E	40 40	698 569		75	25	69 #	
	8-E	40	674		75	25	100	
	9-B	40	759		75	25	100	
	11-E	40	776		75	25	100	
	12-E	40	536		75	25	100	
	16-E	40	266				18 /	
	17-E	40 40	621 602		75	25	100 100	
	19-E 20-E	40 40	709		75 75	25 25	100	
	23-E	40	550	•	75 75	25	100	
	24-E	40	550 574		75	25	100	
	26-E	40	132				33 🖑	
	29-E	40	296		75	25	100	
	30 - E	40	221		75	25	100	
	31 - E 36-E	40 40	265 343		75 75	25 25	100 100	
	30-е 41- Е	40	3 7 3 320		75 75	25 25	100	
	45-E	40	202		75	88	100	1720
	·	_						
Cowden "B"	1-E	40	627		75	25	100	
	6-E	40 40	596		75 75	25 25	100	
	7-E 8-e	40 40	505 662		75 75	25 25	100	400
	ور - ن	70	UUE		17	-,	200	
SKELLY OIL COMPAN								
P. W. Cowden	'A"						_ "	
	3 4	40	215		ar	05	7 #	107
	4	40	517		75	25	100	107

DOLLARHIDE ELLENBERGER FIELD

DISTRICT NO. 8
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7-1-52

EXHIBIT "A" PRORATION SCHEDULE, DOLLARHIDE ELLENBERGER FIELD, CONTINUED

OPERATOR & LEASE	WELL.			GOR MCF-1	ACRG ALLOW	PER WELL, ALLOW	TOTAL WELL ALLOW	TOTAL LEASE ALLOW	•
UNION OIL COMPANY E. P. Cowden	OF CALIE	FORNIA 40 40	533 760		75 75	25 25	100	200	
FIELD TOTAL:	45	1800	2366 3	 	2925	975 (171)	4071	4071	

(8-167) DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELD, ANDREWS COUNTY Disc. 1-8-47 Approx. Depth 8345'

Allocation: 75% Acreage and 25% Per Wel-Permissible GOR 2000-1 Acreage Factor: 3.375

OPERATOR & LEASE	WELL NO.	ACRES	POTE	GOR MCF-1	ACRG ALLOW	PER WELL ALLOW	TOTAL WELL ALLOW	TOTAL LEASE ALLOW
HUMBLE OIL & REFIN		INY	•		,			
E. P. Cowden A/C		1. 4	•				11	
	2-C(DC)		410				105 🖑	126
	4-T-2	40	154				31 🖑	136
E. P. Cowden A/	: <u>#</u> 3							
B. I. COMMENTA	10-C	40	830		135	45	180	
	12-T-2	40	359		135	45	180	
	15	40	309		135	46	180	
	17-T-2	40	240		135	45	180	720
	T1-1-C	+0	270		رر ــ	7)	200	1-0
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM	COMPANY							
Cowden "B"	2	40	536		135	45	180	
	3-C	40	324		135	45	180	
	4-C	40	618		135	45	180	
	7-C	40	276		135	45	180	
	11-C	40	215		135	45	180	
	14-C	40	295		135	45	180	
		40	248			45	180	
	17-C				135		180	
	źU	40	185		135	45		
	22	40	270		3.05	1	131 🖑	1001
	23	40	522		135	45	180	1751
Cowden "B" Sec.	2							
commen p sec-	21	40	320		135	45	180	
	24	40	282		-37	7)	65 #	245
	24	40	202					-17
Cowden "D"	1-T	40	192	-			43 🐇	43
Cowmen n	7-1	40	LJC				.5 "	
Cowden "E"	1-C	40	228		135	45	180	180
OOMGCH 2					-57	•		
Cowden "F"	1-C	40	188				53 🐇	5 3
							_	_
Cowden "G"	1-C	40	276		135	45	186	186
							1	
Cowden "H"	1-C	40	189				112 🖑	112
						i. e	1.00	100
Cowden "J"	1	40	271		135	45	180	180
		•			/		21.0 //	a lice
Tennie Cowden	3 - C	40	142				142 #	142

DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELD DISTRICT NO.8

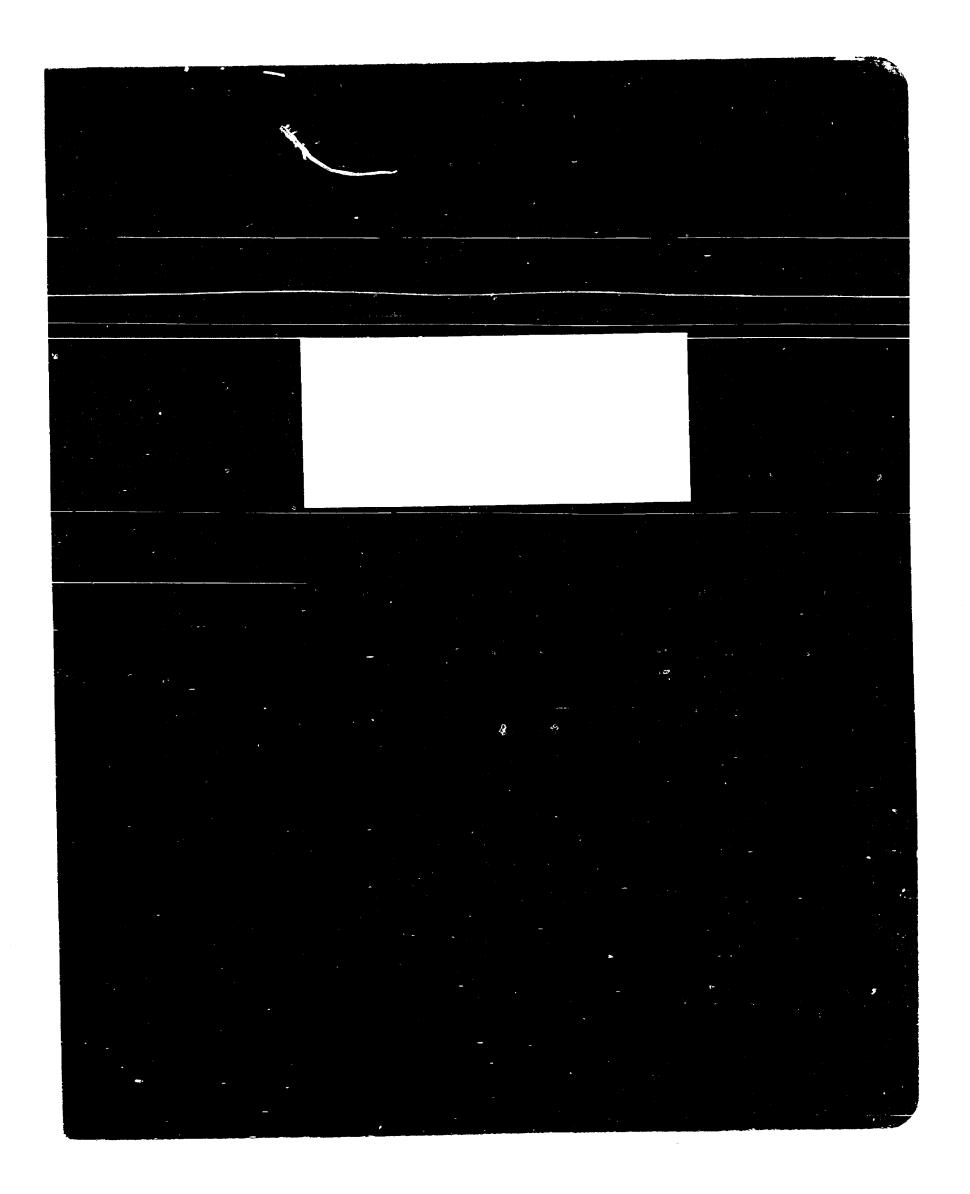
PAGE 123

EXHIBIT "A"				
PROPATION SCHEDULE.	DOLLARHIDE	SILURIAN	FIELD.	CONTINUED

OPERATOR & LEASE	WELL NO.	ACRES	POTE	GOR <u>k</u> 7-1	ACRG ALLOW	PER WELL ALLOW	WOTAL WELL ALLON	TOTAL LEASE ALLOW
PURE OIL COMPANY								
E. P. Cowden "A	. **	_						
	3 - S	40	211				12 🐇	
	4-3	40	211		1.35	45	180	
	5-S	40	786		135	45	18 0	
	6-s	40	271		135	45	180	
	8 - s	40	398		155	45	180	
	9-3	ήΟ	425		135	45	180	
	14-3	40	10,4				70 🖑	
	15-3	40	3 <i>C</i> O		135	45	180	
	21-5	40	186		145	45	180	
	25 - S	40	342		135	45	180	
	26-3	40	230			-	34 🖑	
	2 7~3	40	180		135	45	180	
	31 - S	40	223		135	45	189	
	22 - S	40	234		135	115	180	
	34-S	40	214			•	63 #	
	35-S	40	171				101 //	
	35€5	40	193		135	45	180	
	39-S	40	269		135	45	180	
	40-S	40	193		135	45	180	
	41-3	40	2 22		135	45	180	
	43-S	40	196		-03	.,	74 //	
	\$5-S	40	238		135	45	130"	
	53-S	40	195		-57	7,7	88 #	
	63 - 3	140	267				100 %	
	66-3	40	221		135	45	180	3602
		10			حرر ت	")	100	3002
E. P. Cowden "B	3" 4 - S	40	314		135	45	180	
	5 - S	40	53.6		135	45 45	180	
	8 - S	40	516		135	45	180	
	9 - \$	40	229		135	45	180	720
	·		24.7		-5 7	7)	200	120
KELLY OIL COMPANY		• .						
P. W. Cowden "A"	4	40	210				103 🚜	103
NION OIL COMPANY			_			_	_	
E. P. Cowden	6	40	228		135	45	180	_
	7	40	215		135	45	180	360
TIELD TOTAL:	5 9	2320			5400	1800	8527	8527
- Langue & Carrier &)	<i> ب</i>			7.100	(1327)	~/~!	U JE (

(8-298) E	AST DOLLAR	RHIDE SILURIAI	N FIELD, AND	REES CO.	
Disc. 7-	22-49	Gravity 40	.50 Approx	. Depth 11,	,000 *
				FER	TOTAL
OPERATOR	WELL		GOR	WELL	LEASE
& IEASE	NO.	POTE	MCR-1	ALLOW_	ALLOW
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM COMPANY Special Cowden "B"	1 <i>-</i> T	6 C		66 #	66

CASE 408: Joint Hearing with Texas RR Commission, Midland, Tex., October 7 1952 Re: Proration, West Dollarhide Pool et al



JOINT HEARING

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

AND

OIL COMSTRUATION COMMISSION OF NEW PEXICO

OCTOBER 23, 1952

To Consider

DETERMINATION OF EQUITABLE ALLOWABLES FOR

THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK, DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN,

DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN AND DOLLARHIDE ELLENBURGER FIELDS

ANDREWS COUNTY, TEXAS

AND

THE WEST DOLLARHIDE FIELDS

LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

Prepared By:

The Pure Oil Company Production Engineering Department Fort Worth, Texas

CELEBOOK

RESPRIVOIR DATA

DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD

1. PURSICAL PROPERTIES OF RESERVOIR ROCK

- a. Approximate Average Porosity Per Cent 10.40
- b. Approximate Average Permeability Millidarcys .. 2.20
- c. Approximate Average Interstitial Vater Saturation Per Cent 18.28 (Note: Porosity, Permeability and Saturation data taken from core analysis on Cities Service Oil Company E. P. Cowden "G" No. 8 and The Pure Oil Company E. P. Cowden "A" No. 33-C - No. 33-C cored entire Clearfork section.)

2. STRUCTURAL FEATURES OF RESERVOIR

- a. General Geological description of the reservoir

 The Dollarhide Clearfork structure is anticlinal with the major axis running north and south; however, recent drilling in Lea County,

 New Mexico indicates the field may extend a considerable distance to the west. The Clearfork reservoir produces from approximately 6200° to 7000° from dologite and line containing some fissured and some vugular porosity. Porosity development is heterogeneous with poor correlation of the individual porosity streaks even between adjacent wells.
- b. Original Cas-Oil Contact Feet Subsea Yone
 Original Cater-Oil Contact Feet Subsea Level still in doubt there is some indication it may be as high as -3750°.
- c. Ratio of Cas-Cap Volume to Oil Zone Volume -
- d. Dip of Producing Zone Approximately 300 feet per mile in south end of reservoir.

3. CHAPACTERISTICS OF RESERVOIR FINITS

- a. Average Gravity of Stock Tank Oil 38.10 API
- b. Estimated Saturation Pressure 2190 PSI @ -34001

Formation Volume Factor - Bbls. Reservoir Oil/Bbl. Stock Tank Oil

- At Original Pressure 1.390 @ 2889 PSI
- At Saturation Pressure 1.402 9 2190 FS1
- At 1836 PSI FVF 1.358
- c. Viscosity of Reservoir Oil Centipoise
 - At Original 0.610 3 2889 PSI
 - At Saturation Pressure 0.572 @ 2190 PSI
 - At 1836 PSI Viscosity 0.630
- d. Dissolved Gas-Oil Ratio @ O PSI Separator Pressure Cu.Ft./Bbl. Stock
 Tank Oil
 - At Original Pressure 803
 - At Saturation Pressure 803
 - At 1836 PSI 707

4. PRESSURES AND TEMPERATURES

- a. Estimated Original Reservoir Pressure @ -3400' 2839 PSI

 Estimated Original Reservoir Temperature @ -3400' 110° F.
- b. Reservoir Pressure History PSI (Arithmetic Avg.)
 See attached graph
- c. Average Shut-In Time Prior to Pressure Survey 24 hours minimum

RESERVOIR DATA DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD

d. Productivity Index - Bbls./Bay/PSI Pressure Drop

Average - 0.656

Maximum - 2.92

Minimum = 0.127

(productivity index data is from nine wells)

5. STATISTICAL DATA

1

- a. Oil Production Bbls. Per Day See attached graph
- b. Average Weighted Gas-Oil Ratio See attached graph
- c. Later Production Per Cent of Total Fluid See attached graph
- d. Number of Producing Wells 82 (as of July 1, 1952)
 Number of Limited Capacity Wells 10
 Number of High Gas-Oil Ratio Wells 2
 Number of Salt Water Producing Wells 11
- e. Approximate Developed Acreage 3280
- f. Spacing Pattern Acres Per Well 40
- g. Volume of Gas Flared MCF/Day None (gas is flared only in emergency)
- h. Volume of Air, Gas or Water Injected into the Reservoir Mone
- 1. Stage of Depletion Primary

6. INDIVIDUAL WELL PROBLEMS

There are no particular well problems considering the field as a whole. The permeable zones in the Clearfork are not as clearly defined as many other Clearfork Fields in the West Texas - New Mexico Area. This has necessitated the use of stage acid techniques involving

RESERVOIR DATA DOLLARWINE CLEARFORK FIELD

the use of temporary blocking agents. Those edges of the field which are now defined show poor porosity and permeability as establishing such limits as well as structural considerations. These wells located on such limits are comparatively weak wells and have or will in the near future require artificial lift.

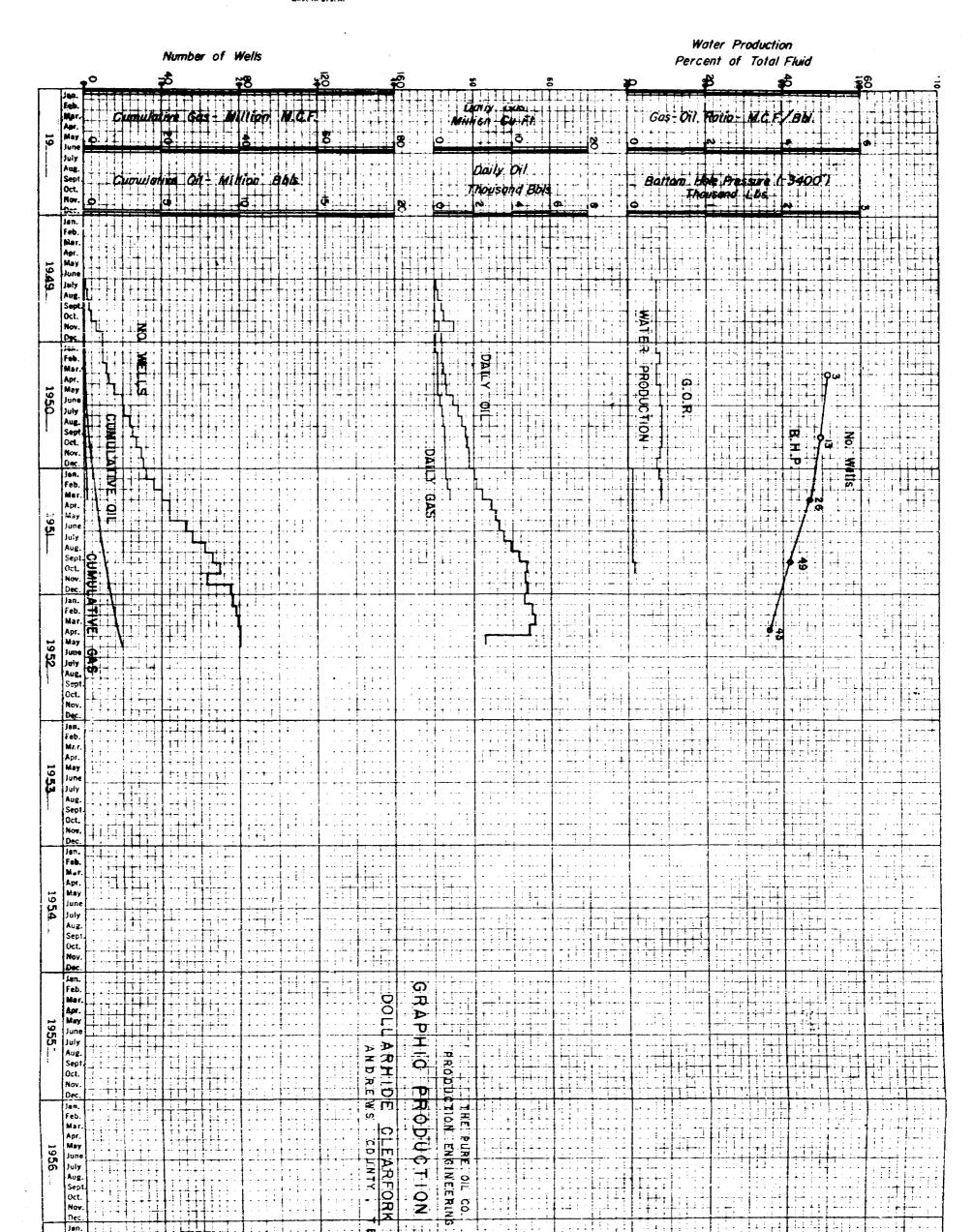
7. GENERAL RESERVOIR MECHANICS

()

The Pollarhide Clearfork Field produces from a solution-gas drive.

The success of an individual well depends largely on whether the well penetrates porous and permeable zones. The occurrence of porosity does not necessarily follow the structure, and this heterogeneity makes evaluation of the Clearfork reservoir difficult.

Production history to date is typical of solution-gas drive reservoirs.



DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD ANDREWS COUNTY, TEXAS DISTRICT 8 PRODUCTION HISTORY

Year	Month	No. Wells	Oi Daily?	Production Wonthlyl	n - Bols. Accumulative	Cas Prog Monthly	duction - MCF Accumulative	CORL	Daily Water-Bbls.3	BMP •	-31:001 No. Fells 5
1949 Yearl	July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. y Total	1 2 3 4 7 10	139 190 421 504 1,000 432	4,302 5,877 12,623 15,618 29,988 13,378 81,786	4,302 10,179 22,802 38,420 68,408 81,786	3,406 4,161 8,937 11,057 21,232 9,472 58,265	3,406 7,557 16,504 27,561 48,793 58,265	708 708 708 708 708 708			
1950	Jan. Feb. War. Apr. Way June July	10 10 12 13 16 20 21	1445 1448 563 634 684 1,052 1,223	13,806 12,531 17,450 19,023 21,211 31,574 37,903	95,592 108,123 125,573 144,596 165,807 197,381 235,284	9,775 9,794 12,354 13,654 17,249 24,970 31,769	68,040 77,834 90,188 103,842 121,091 146,061 177,830	708 782 708 718 * 813 790 838		2 633	.1
Yearl	Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Ly Total	24 25 27 30 31	1,400 1,609 1,716 1,833 1,771	43,415 48,261 53,209 54,978 54,911 408,272	278,699 326,960 380,169 435,147 490,058	37,411 40,355 43,841 43,938 39,950 325,060	215,241 255,596 299,437 343,375 383,325	862 836 824 799 728	ş	÷* ? \.7\ 1	13

^{1 -} EB reported production

^{2 -} Calendar days

^{3 -} Dollarhide Engineering Committee Factual Data. 4 - GOR of 708 was determined by average of original GOR from Pure 28-C, 33-C, 37-C, & 54-C.

^{5 -} BHP from Cities Service R.W.Cowden H-1 - (** - From Pure Oil Company's wells)

^{* -} Starting in April GOR's are determined by Gasoline Plant take.

DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD ANDRE'S COUPTY, TEXAS DISTRICT 8 PRODUCTION HISTORY

		No.		il Producti			uction - MCF		Daily	BHP 😥	-3400 ·
Year	Month	Wells	Daily?	Monthlyl	Accumulative	Monthly	Accumulative	<u> </u>	Water-Bbls3	P.S.I.	No.Wells
1951	Jan.	32	2077	64,401	554,459	50,038	433,363	777	21		
	Feb.	36	2153	60,277	6 <u>1</u> 4,736	49,279	482,542	818	24		
	Mar.	41	25 57	79 , 268	694,004	64,78±	547,423	817	25		
	April	44	2902	57 , 060	781,064				31	2329	26
	May	44	3132	97,090	878,154				33		
	June	53	3292	98 ,773	976,927				31		
	July	56	3572	110,742	1,087,669				31 38 45 57		
	Aug.	62	3951	122,467	1,210,136				45		
	Sept.	6 6	4374	131,227	1,31,1,363				5 7		
	Oct.	70	4705	145,850	1,487,213		•		71	2080	49
	Nov.	63	4686	140,572	1,627,785						
	Dec.	75	4731	146,649	1,774,434						
Yearly	Total			1,284,376							
1952	Jan.	76	4672	820 بالمال	1,919,254						
-//-	Feb.	78	5048	146,382	2,065,636						
	Mar.	79	5185	160,747	2,226,383						
	April	81	4926	147,774	2,374,157					1836	43
	May	81	2663	82,542	2,456,699					10,0	47
	June	_		, .	, ,						
	July										
	-										
	Nov.										
	Aug. Sept. Oct.										

^{1 -} EB Reported Production

Yearly Total

^{2 -} Calendar Daily Rate
3 - Dollarhide Engineering Committee Factual Data
4 - GOR's Determined from Gasoline Plant Take

DEFOSTAN

RESERVOIR DATA

DOLLARHIDE DEVONTAN FIRLD

1. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF RESERVOIR ROCK

- a. Approximate Average Porosity Per Cent 12.57
- b. Approximate Average Permeability Millidarcys 39.5
- c. Approximate Average Interstitial Water Saturation Per Cent 19.90 (Note: Saturation data taken from core analysis on Magnelia E. P. Cowden "B" 10 and "B" 11, Cities Service Oil Company E. P. Cowden "G" No. 8, and The Pure Oil Company "A" No. 49-D. Porosity and permeability data taken from core analysis on these wells and Magnelia E. P. Cowden "B" 9.)

2. STRUCTURAL FEATURES, OF RESERVOIR

a. General geological description of reservoir

The Dollarhide Devonian structure is a north-south faulted anticline whose limits are defined by a major north-south fault to the east and by the formation's dipping into the water-oil contact (5300 feet subsea) on the west. Recent development has proved a westward extension from the north end of the field into Lea County, New Mexico. Two northeast-southwest faults cross the field. There is apparently poor communication across the southernmost of these faults, as evidenced by bottom hole pressures in the south end of the field being consistently lower than those in the field north of the fault. The formation is eroded on the crest of the structure, and there are two areas of complete truncation. Production is from a fractured dolomite and a meathered chert of Devonian age.

RESERVOIR DATA DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN FIELD

- original Gas-Oil Contact Feet Subsea None
 Original Water-Oil Contact Feet Subsea -5300*
- c. Ratio of Gas-Cap Volume to Cil Zone Volume -
- d. Dip of Producing Zone Approximately 750 feet per mile to the west

3. CHARACTERISTICS OF RESERVOIR FLUIDS

- a. Average Gravity of Stock Tank Oil 41.20 API
- b. Fstimated Saturation Pressure 2775 PSI @ -4600;

 Formation Volume Factor Bbls. Reservoir Oil/Bbl. Stock Tank Oil
 - At Original Pressure 1.682 @ 3233 PSI
 - At Saturation Pressure 1.695 @ 2775 PSI
 - At 2166 PSI FVF 1.560
- c. Viscosity of Reservoir Oil Centipoise
 - At Original Pressure 0.41 @ 3233 PSI
 - At Saturation Pressure 0.40 @ 2775 PSI
 - At 2166 PSI Viscosity 0.435
- d. Dissolved Gas-Oil Ratio @ O PSI Separator Pressure Cu.Ft./Bbl.Stock
 Tank Oil
 - At Original Pressure 1190
 - At Saturation Pressure 1190
 - At 2166 PSI 930

4. PRESSURES AND TEMPERATURES

a. Estimated Original Reservoir Pressure @ _4600° - 3233 PSI

Estimated Original Reservoir Temperature @ _4600° - 120° F.

RESERVOIR DATA DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN FIELD

- Reservoir Pressure History PSI (Arithmetic Avg. Areally Weighted)
 See attached graph
- c. Average Shut-In Time Prior to Pressure Survey 49 hours minimum
- d. Productivity Index Bbls./Day/PSI Pressure Drop

Average - 0.363

Maximum - 1.05

Minimum - 0.064

(Note: Productivity Index data from seventeen wells)

5. STATISTICAL DATA

- a. Oil Production Bbls. Per Day See attached graph
- b. Average Weighted Gas-Oil Ratio See attached graph
- c. Water Production Per Cent of Total Fluid Currently 0.7 of 1%
- Mumber of Producing Wells 132 (as of July 1, 1952)
 Number of Limited Capacity Wells 21
 Number of High Gas-Oil Ratio Wells 37
 Number of Salt Water Producing Wells 7
- e. Approximate Developed Acreage 5280
- f. Spacing Pattern Acres Per Well 40
- g. Volume of Gas Flared MCF/Day None (Gas is flared only in emergency)
- h. Volume of Air, Gas or Water Injected into the Reservoir None
- 1. Stage of Depletion of Reservoir Primary

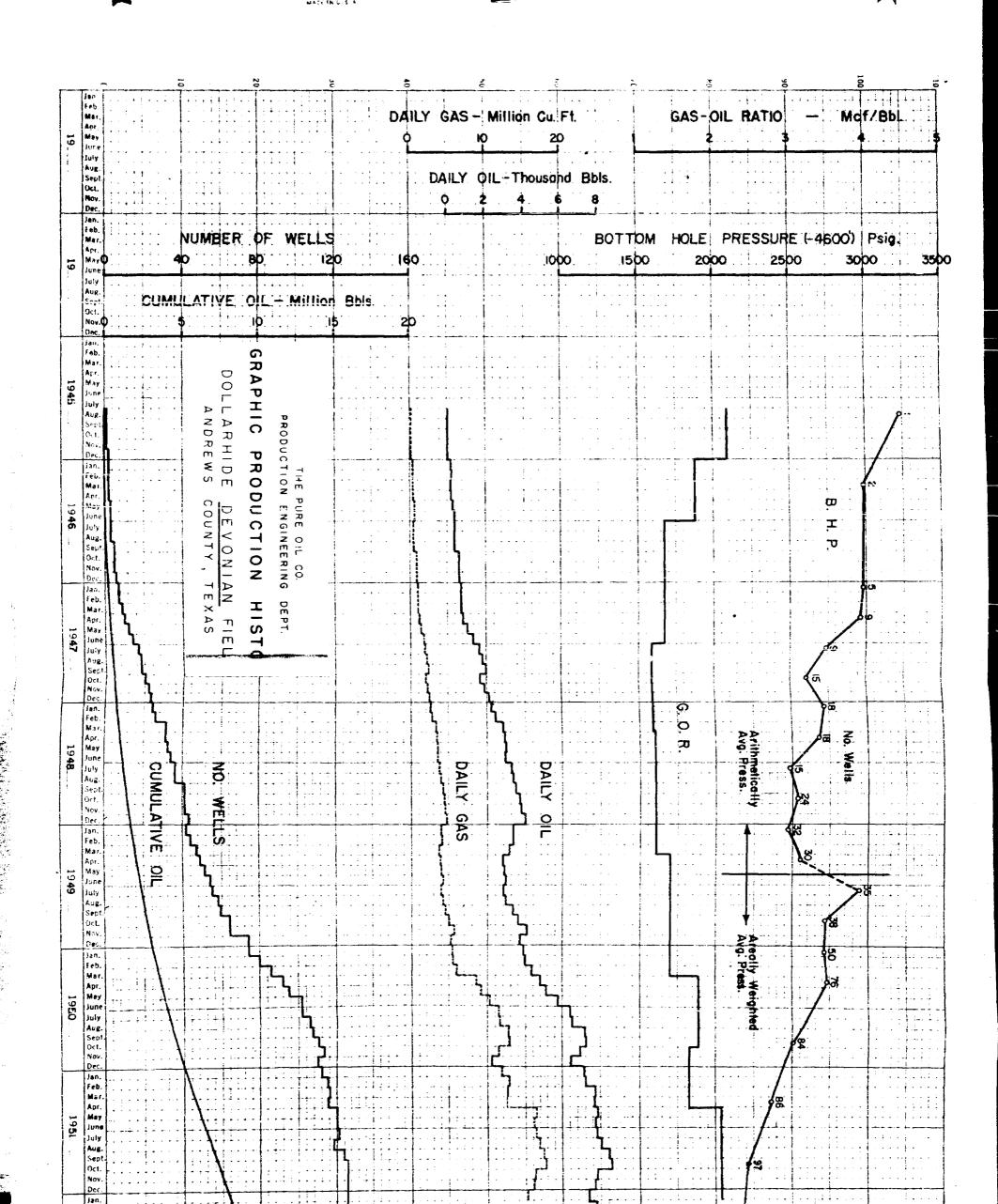
6. INDIVIDUAL WELL PROBLEMS

The only difficulty is with wells located high on structure which are high gas-oil ratio wells. This is to be expected in a solution-gas drive field having good gravity segregation.

RESERVOIR DATA
DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAM FIELD

7. GENERAL RESERVOIR MECHANICS

The Dollarhide Devonian Field produces from a solution-gas drive. In addition, good gravity segregation is apparent, as the high gas-oil wells, in most every case, are located on the crest of the structure. Factors favoring gravity segregation are the dip of the structure (750 ft. per mile) and the fractured type of porosity. Fluid segregation occurs more easily in fractured porosity than in intergranular or intercrystaline porosity. Production history to date is typical of solution-gas drive reservoirs.



DOLLARHIDE FIELD

AMDREES COUNTY, TEXAS

DISTRICT 8

PRODUCTION HISTORY

		No.		il Production	on - Bbls.	Gas Programmer Fronthly	duction - MCF	GOR	Daily Water-Bbls.	P.S.I.	No.Wells
1945	Month Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1 1 1 1 2	Daily 71 71 83 86 83	2,215 2,136 2,561 2,594 2,587 12,093	2,215 1,351 6,912 9,506 12,093	1,842 1,669 5,598 5,670 5,655 26,134	և,8և2 9,511 15,109 20,779 26,և3և	2186 2186 2186 2186 2186	0 0 0 0	3233	1
Tearl 19kó	Jan. Feb. Nar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 6	228 255 211 236 362 389 373 395 651 650 671	7,064 7,146 6,534 7,085 11,210 11,769 12,071 11,575 11,839 20,180 19,503 20,888 146,864	19,157 26,303 32,837 39,922 51,132 62,901 74,972 86,547 98,386 118,566 138,069 158,957	12,369 12,513 11,441 12,406 19,629 20,608 16,199 15,534 15,888 27,082 26,173 28,032	38,803 51,316 62,757 75,163 94,792 115,460 131,599 147,133 163,021 190,103 216,276 244,308	1751 1751 1751 1751 1751 1751 1342 1342 1342 1342 1342	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	29 85	2

DOLLARHIDE FIELD ANDREWS COUNTY, TEXAS DISTRICT 8 PRODUCTION HISTORY

Year	Month	No. Wells	Daily	Oil Producti Monthly	on - Bbls. Accumulativ		duction - MCF Accumulative	gor 3	Daily Fater-Bbls4	P.S.I.	-L600:5 No.Wells
1947	Jan.	7	736	22,804	181,761	30, 603	274,911	1342	0	2981	5
	Feb.	7	737	2 0,645	202,406	27,706	302,617	1342	0		
	Mar.	9	712	22,070	224,476	29,618	332 ,2 35	1342	0		
	Apr.	10	805	24,160	248,636	32,423	364,658 •	1342	0	2 95 5	9
	May	12	1,042	32,297	280,933	43,343	408,001	13կ2	0		
	Jun.	14	1,311	3 9,337	320,270	52,790	460,791	1342	O		
	Jul.	17	1,625	50,389	370,659	59 ,207	5 19,998	1175 *	3	2739	9
	Aug.	18	1,819	56,403	427,062	66,274	586 , 2 72	1175	3	•	
	Sep.	18	1,971	59,128	486,190	69,475	655,747	1175	3		
	Oct.	2 0	1,647	51,064	537,254	60 ,000	715,747	1175	3	260 6	15 **
	Nov.	22	1,883	56,479	593,733	66,363	782,110	1175	3		
	Dec.	23	2,072	64,233	657,966	75,474	857,584	1175	3		
Yearl	y Total			499,009		613,276					
1948	Jan.	24	2,245	69,596	727,562	81,775	939,359	1175 *	3	2710	18
	Peb.	26	2,414	70,013	797,575	82,265	1,021,624	1175	3		
	War.	31	2,823	87,508	885,083	102,822	1,124,446	1175	3		
•	Apr.	31	2,876	86,275	971.358	104,134	1,228,580	1207	11 ***	2679	18
	May	32	2,962	91,822	1,063,180	110,829	1,339,409	1207	11		
	June	34 36	.2,900	87,011	1,150,191	105,022	1,444,431	1207	11		
	Jul.	36	3,232	100,197	1,250,388	120,938	1,565,369	1207	0	2485	15
	Aug.	3 6	3,310	102,625	1,353,013	123,868	1,689,237	1207	0		
	Sep.	41	3,483	104,500	1,457,513	126,132	1,815,369	1207	14		•
	Oct.	41	3,699	114,669	1,572,182	138,405	1,953,774	1207	14	2534	24
	Mov.	41	3,718	111,527	1,683,709	134,613	2,088,387	1207	0		
	Dec.	43	3,952	122,523	1,806,232	147,885	2,236,272	1207	0		
Yearl	y Total			1,148,266		1,378,688					

Starting in April, daily water is from Dollarhide Engineering Committee Factual Data.

* - In the general GOR survey (Oct.-Rov.-Dec.), the Union of California Oil Co. omitted the decimal point in a gas volume figure. It should have been 46 MCF instead of 458 MCF. Using the 46 MCF, the weighted GOR will be 1175 instead of 1355, used by the RRC. Incorrect gas volume as of Jan.1948 @ 1355 GOR is 918,369 MCF (Accumulative) and 674,061 MCF for the year 1947.

**- Magnolia's Cowden C-2 omitted in compiling this pressure.

1 - EB reported production

2 - Calendar days

3 - 4 - GOR and Daily Water from RRC Annual Recap.

5 - Magnolia's Cowden C-2 and C-3 omitted in compiling these pressures - these wells have low pressures and apparentlly have a constricted connection with the remainder of the reservoir.

DOLLARHIDA TELD ANDREWS COUNTY, TEXAS DISTRICT 8 PRODUCTION HISTORY

		No.		l Production			duction - MCF		Daily	BHP (-4600° 4
Year	Month	Wells	Della s	Monthly	Accumulative	Monthly	Accumulative	GOR 3	Water-Bbls.5	P.S.1.	No.Wells
1949	Jan.	۴3	3 ,323	103,001	1,909,233	124,322	2,360,594	1207	11 8	2466	32
	Feb.	بلبا	3,331	93,281	2,002,51h	112,590	2,473,184	1207	8		
	Mar.	47	3,085	95,660	2,098,174	115,462	2,588,646	1207	6		
	Apr.	49 51	2,799	83,959	2,182,133	117,794	2,706,140	1403	8	2544	30
	May	51	2,841	88,058	2,270,191	123,545	2,829,985	1403	8		
	June	54	2,922	87,672	2,357,863	123,004	2,952,989	1403	7		
	July	55 58	2,806	86,993	5,444,856	122,051	3,075, 0 40	1103	6	2578	35
	Aug.	58	2,918	90,457	2,535,313	126,911	3,201,951	1403	7	(2942)	Weighted Avg.
	Sept.	59	3,343	100,299	2,635,612	140,719	3,342,670	3 مبلت	8		
	Oct.	64	3,590	7.11,281	2,746,893	156,127	3,498,797	1403	10	2552	38
	Nov.	64	4,054	121,605	2,868,498	170,612	3,669,409	1403	11	(2723)	Weighted Arg.
	Dec.	74	3,708	114,943	2,983,441	161,265	3,830,674	1403	10		
Yearly	Total		-	1,177,209	•	1,594,402			•		
1950	Jan.	74	3,872	120,043	3,103,484	168,420	3,999,094	11.03	18	2647	50
	Feb.	80	3,925	109,900	3,213,384	154,190	4,153,284	1403	15	(2714)	Weighted Avg.
	Mar.	86	4,310	133,624	3,347,008	187,474	4,340,758	1403	18		
	Apr.	92	4,807	144,201	3,491,209	256,245	4,597,003	1777 *	15	2686	76
	May	*95	5,134	159,148	3,650,357	282,806	4,879,809	1777	16	(2736)	Weighted Avg.
	June	102	5,773	173,195	3,823,552	307,768	5,187,577	1777	15		
	July	102	6,430	199,330	4,022,882	354,209	5,541,786	1777	18		•
	Aug.	106	6,522	202,169	4,225,051	359,254	5,901,040	1777	22		
	Sept.	207	7,192	215,770	4,440,821	383,423	6,284,463	1777	20		
	Oct.	110	7,208	223,435	4,664,256	397,044	6,681,507	1777	15	2475	84
	Nov.	113	6,938	208,132	4,872,388	342,585	7,024,092	1646	18		Weighted Avg.
	Dec.	110	6,434	199,461	5,071,849	328,313	7,352,405	1646	21	/	
Yearly	Total	* .	 .	2,088,408		3,521,731		Ģ = - - -			

^{1 -} KB reported production

^{2 -} Calendar days

^{3 -} GOR from R.R.C. Annual Recap.
1 - Magnolia's Cowden C-2 and C-3 omitted in compiling these pressures - these wells have low pressures and apparently have a constricted connection with the remainder of the reservoir.

Starting in April GOR's are weighted averages.

^{5 -} Dollarhide Engineering Committee Factual Data.

DOLLARHIDE FIELD ANDRE'S COUNTY, TEXAS DISTRICT 8
PRODUCTION HISTORY

		No.	0i	1 Production	- Bbls.	Gas Prod	luction - MCF		Daily .	BHP @	-4600°
Year	Month	mells.	Daily 2	Monthly i	Accumulative	Monthly	Accumulative	GOR 3	Water-Bbls4	P.S.I.	No. Wells
195 1	Jan.	112	7160	221,975	5,293,824	365,371	7,717,776	1646	2 8		
	Feb.	115	7192	201,384	5,695,208	331,478	8,049,254	1646	25		
	Mar.	116	77 37	239,847	5,735,055	394,7 88	8,444,042	1646	30		
	Apr.	1.15	7706	231,187	5,966,242	380,534	8,824,576	1646	82	2397	86
	May	120	7827	242,632	6,208,874	505,645	9,330,221	2084		(2363)\#e	eighted Avg.
	June	120	774 7	232,395	269, 1 بلنا, 6	484,311	9,814,532	2084	33 28		•
	July	121	7864	243,793	6,685,062	508,065	10,322,597	2084	50		
	Aug.	118	8150	252,647	6 , 937 ,7 09	526,516	10,849,113	2084	65		
	Sept.	124	8453	253,580	7,191,289	528,461	11,377,574	2084	66		
	Oct.	126	8563	265,442	7,456,731	553,181	11,930,755	2084	66 58 52	2213	97
	Nov.	126	7852	235,567	7,692,298	490,922	12,421,677	2084	52	(220 2) %	eighted Avg.
	Pec.	126	7 74 0	239,948	7,932,246	500,052	12,921,729	2084			
Yearly	y Total			2,860,397		5,569,324					
1952	Jan.	126	7319	226,889	8,159,135	472,837	13,394,566	2084			
-//-	Feb.	126	7795	226,043	8,385,178	41-3-21	-2,22,4,200	~~~~			
	Mar.	127	7873	244,062	8,629,240						
	Apr.	130	7582	227,468	8,856,708						
	May	130	4452	138,015	8,994,723					2166	88
	June		4472		- , , , , , , , , , ,						
	July										

Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.

Dec. Yearly Total

^{1 -} EB Reported Production

^{2 -} Calendar Days
3 - Weighted Ratios
4 - Dollarhide Engineering Committee Factual Data

STAIN (CESTA

FIELD RULES

DOLLARHIDE DEVONJAN FIELD

RULE 1. (As amended by Order No. 8-18,517, effective June 12, 1950s)

No well for oil or gas shall hereafter be drilled for completion or completed at any point less than nine hundred thirty-three (933) feet from any other well drilling to or completed in the Devenian reservoir, and situated on the same lease, or less than five hundred fifty (550) feet from any leave line, property line, or subdivision line; provided however, that the Commission, in order to prevent waste or to prevent the confiscation of property, will grant exceptions to permit drilling within shorter distances than herein prescribed whenever the Commission shall have determined that such exceptions are necessary either to prevent waste or to prevent the confiscation of property. Then an exception to this rule is desired, application therefor shall be filed and will be acted upon in accordance with the applicable provisions of Commission Statewide Rules 37 and 38, which applicable provisions of said rules are incorporated herein by references.

In applying this rule the general order of the Commission relating to the subdivision of property shall be observed.

Discussion

(This rule is designed to give the operator cerbain leeway white developing the field on forty acre spacing. The operator is given a tolerance of 110° at the lease boundaries and 387' within the lease, compared to rominal 660° = 1320° spacing. There are four producing horizons in this field necessitating a minimum of two and possibly four wells in each forty acre tract. In addition, there exists in the Silurian pay zone an extensive cavern complicating the drilling of the leases. By exercising the 387' tolerance within the lease, the second well on a forty acre tract has been so located as to avoid this difficulty in several instances.)

for the second content of the conten

(A be: The or first object, is to deepe to a continue to account to a positive probable, as seen any shallow from a core boost increased and a real to a characteristic been against deciding the operation for active of the first form of the last to a first and a real first against a comparison of a first or a first probable of the first against a first and a first and a first and a first against a first and a fi

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This string shall be booked by sitten her single of the figure have, or by appliention of para pressure. If word he is not in a line is a finite large that well shall be balled dry or so least to a court at the large branch booker or the

a minimum of two (2) has as. If after the realed the strip level shows a visc equivalent to be (2) per cent of the distance hadded then this styles shall be condensed and repaired so as to exclude water. Thereafter, the costen shall regain be tested in the same manner.

the role stall be replaced with clear water and a pressure of at least burden thaid in the role stall be replaced with clear water and a pressure of at least burden hundred (1900) poweds per square inch shall then be applied. If at the end of thirty (30) minutes this pressure shows a drop of one hundred (100) poweds per square inch, or more, then this string shall be condensed and repaired so at to exclude water. Thereafter this easing shall again be tested to the same means. Discussion

(The purvose of the intermediate swring is to once off from cutsequent deeper drilling the salt section which is encountered between about 1200 feet and 2000 feet, and provide protection from possible blomouts on lost circulation in the Yates as drilling proceeds to greater depths. Fore this string not employed, it would be necessary to carry saturated salt vater and so total depth, which would in all likelihood cause lost circulation in the various pay ecotions.)

(c) The producing or oil string shall consist of non or reconditioned pipe that has been tested to twenty-eight hundred (2000) pounds per square inch. Sufficient casent shall be used to fill the armiter space beek of the pipe to at least four thousand (4000) feet below the surface of the ground. Considing shall be by the pump and plug method and coment shall be allowed to stead a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours before drilling the plug or initiating beads.

The string shall to busted by either application of purposeurs or leaving of the fluid level. If test is made by lowering the climic level the vells shall be bailed dry or at least to a point midney to the between of the string and the

the of two (2) some the effect the object the entries of the edge of real continuous to two (2) per each of the characters to two (2) per each of the characters to the parties of the endounce and repaired no so to timber their there is the string shall excess to test the two to the timber the characters the transfer to the timber to the

Later fluid in the hole shall, be replaced with electrical refer and a reason of at least fifteen hundred (1500) pecade for equals such applied. If at the later of thirty (30) minutes the pressure share a deep of one headered and right (150) pounds per square inch, or more, then We obtain, such is condemned and right applied so as to exclude value. Thereafter, is shall equal to to then in the same manner. The Christmas tree fittings and wall hard connections shall have a working pressure of two thousand (2000) bounds per equare inch or a task crosseves of (4000) pounds per square inch.

Discussion

(This rule provides for so oil string scouredy election to proved daking of fluids from different zones due to suggration beatable the cosing. Theblar oil migrates from one formation to another or salt water migrates into a producing formation, waste would result. This rule was promulgated to prevent such maste.)

NULE 3. (As accorded by Order No. 8 J.8 J.17, of Contains July 12, 1990.)

altowable oil production thereto shall be known as a promation unit. To provided unit that not contain more than forty (h0) serer except as herefulfied revided, and the two points furthermost removed one from the other and contained within any promation unit shall not be in excess of furnity one bundled (2000) feet appropried however, that in the case of long and narrow leases or in eases where because of the shape of a lease such is ascessary to people the utilization of tolerance acreage the Counterior may, after proper phoning, grant emophicus to the limitations as to the shape of the provided narrow acreage the Counterior of the provided narrow acreage the Counterior of the provided narrow acreage the Counterior of the provided units as herein contained. All provided units however, shall conside of acreage which can responsibly be considered to be productive of oil.

If after the drilling of the last well on any lease and the assignment of acresge to each well thereon in accordance with the regulations of the Counissian there remains an additional unassigned lease acrosse of less than forty (h0) comes than and in such event the remaining unassigned lease acrosse up to and including a total of twenty (20) serves may be analyzed to the last well dvilled on such lease or may be distributed between any group of wells on such least or popular subscription thereof so long as the provation unit or units resulting from the inclusion of such additional acrosse meets the limitations presented by the Couniusion.

Operators shall fits contified plats of broke properties in the field, which plats shall show all of those things pertinent to the determination of the severge claimed for each well because.

Discussion

(Forty acre allocation unics were set up for the Tevenier, Situria) and Elienburger reservoirs. The Silurian and Milesburger reservoirs easily in their

capable of draining forty series. Muly process thattery in the Povenies was eratic. Later, drilling should blue pay to be Audicating for early inconsistancies in pressure his body. Also interference tests conducted by The Pure Oil Company should communication in this pay indicating one well capable of évaluing forty series.

Field rules have not been promulgabed for the Clearfork zone. Development has been on forty sere speciage)

AMS and there is not all off when he was not in the more of a six order of excursor after showed one is the base when over a pair of a six order of the order of the window and show a six or show a six order of the same and the same and the same of the same o

- (a) The duily agreege all mobile for each cold shall be the except bloc of seventy-five (75%) per cent of the fally tiple distribute this. In the conject well to the wall bears to the agreege satisfied the restricted cold. In the Children
- (b) The daily per well alloyable to each well the first be described by dividing twenty-five (Fif) per cent of the daily field. I couldn't be recommendated to the field.
- (e) The total fifty of collection for some and and the size one of its expenses and process of chicalities.

Telegraphion

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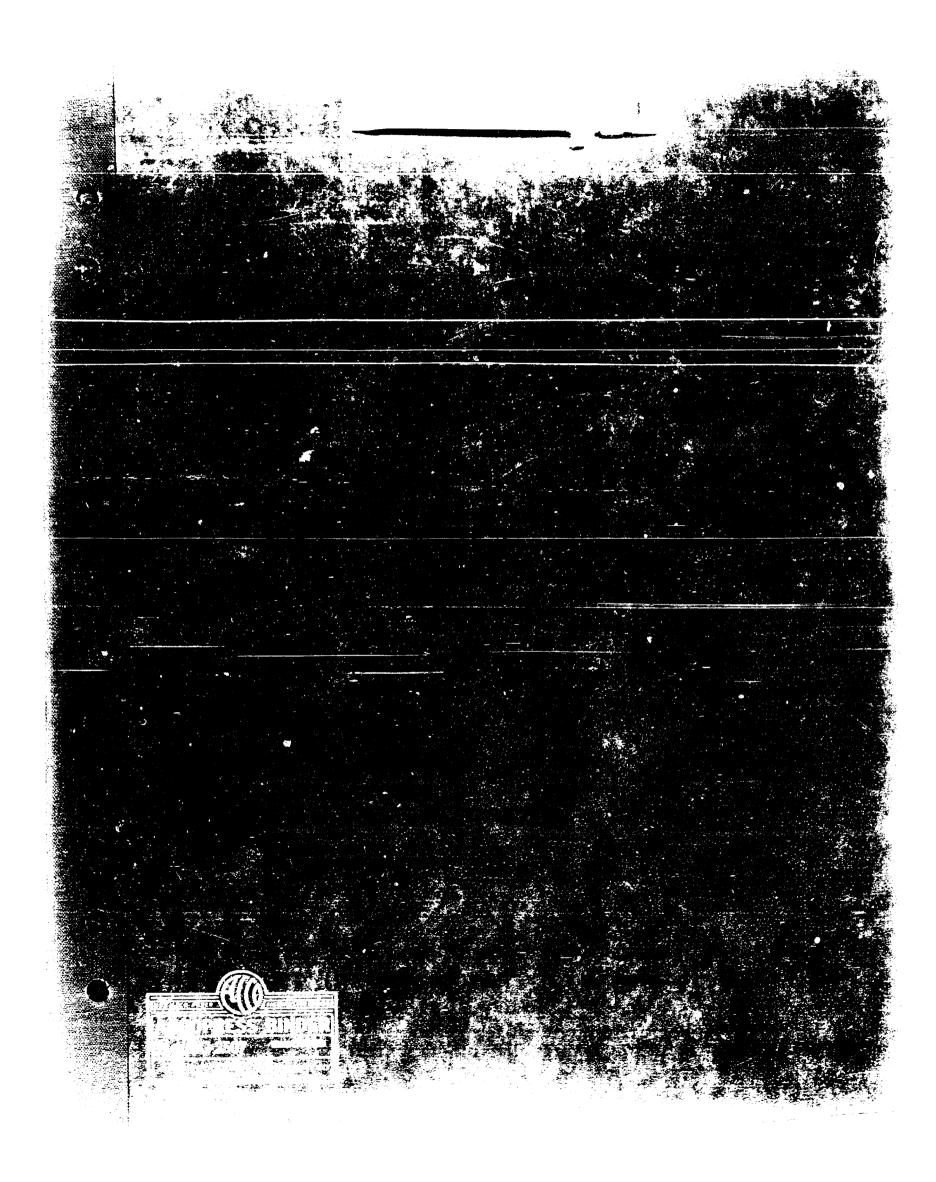
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New Mexico OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

GOVERNOR EDWIN L MECHEM
CHAIRMA?

LAND COMMISSIONER GUY SHEPARD
MEMAER
STATE GEOLOGIST R. R. SPURRIER
BECRETARY AND DIRECTOR



P. O. BOX 871 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

October 6 - 1952

Editor HCBRS MEMS-SUM HCBRS, H. M.

Dear Sir:

Re: Notice(s) of Publication
Case 408 (Readvertised)

Please published the enclosed notices one time immediately on receipt of this request. Please proofread carefully and send a copy of the paper carrying such notices to this office.

Upon completion of publication, send publisher's affidavit in duplicate. For payment, please submit statement in duplicate, and sign and return the enclosed voucher. (Do not fill in.) We should have these immediately after publication in order that the legal notice will be on hand for the holding of the hearing which it advertises, and also so that ther will be no delay in your receiving proper payment.

Please publish the notices not later than _____ as soon as received, please.

Very truly yours,

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

R. R. SPURRIER Secretary - Director

Encl.

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a full-rate
Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable
symbol above or preoeding the address.

WESTERN UNION

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SYMBOLS
DL=Day Letter
NL=Night Letter
LT=Int'l Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

.LA63 DA393

INFORMATION=(

DEAUA223 RX PD=AUSTIN TEX 4 1200P= :DICK SPURRIER=

*STATE CAPITOL SANTA FE NMEX=

35014 Cm. 208

DUE TO THE CRITICAL ILLNESS AND MOMENTARILY EXPECTED DEATH OF MRS ERNEST THOMPSON WIFE OF GENERAL THOMPSON THE HEARING SCHEDULED FOR MIDLAND OCTOBER 7 WILL BE POSTPONED UNTIL OCTOBER 14 AT THE SAME HOUR AND PLACE THIS FOR YOUR

TEXAS=1 RAILROAD COMMISSION OF

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRO

DAY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO

New Mexico OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

GOVERNOR EDWIN L. MECHEM LAND COMMISSIONER GUY SHEFARD





SANTA FE. NEW MEXICO

October 6 - 1952

Editor THE HAL PETTOAN Senta Pe, N. N.

Dear Sir:

Re: Notice(s) of Publication
Case 406 - Readvertised.

Please published the enclosed notices one time immediately on receipt of this request. Please proofread carefully and send a copy of the paper carrying such notices to this office.

Upon completion of publication, send publisher's affidavit in duplicate. For payment, please submit statement in duplicate, and sign and return the enclosed voucher. (Do not fill in.) We should have these immediately after publication in order that the legal notice will be on hand for the holding of the hearing which it advertises, and also so that ther will be no delay in your receiving proper pay-

Please publish the notices not later than __ as soon as received.

Very truly yours,

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

R. R. SPURRIER Secretary - Director

Encl.

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

P. O. BOX 871 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

December 17, 1952

Texas Railroad Commission
Tribune Building
Austin, Texas

Gentlemen:

The New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission extends to you an invitation to Santa Fe to discuss the promulgation of orders for the Dollarhide Pools.

I respectfully suggest that you come January 8th to the 14th, 1953, the 8th being preferable. Please advice.

We also take this opportunity to wish you all a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Sincerely yours,

R. R. Spurrier
Secretary Direct

RRS:1h

ce:

Governor Edwin L. Mechem

Mr. E. S. Walker

NOTICE OF FUBLICATION STATE OF NEW MEXICO CONSERVATION COMMISSION SANTA FR. NEW MEXICO OTHER OF NEW MEXICO TO: Affidavit of Publication State of New Mexico County of Santa Fe I, Charles Tigatten, Louis, being first duly sworn, declare and say that I am the (Business Manager) (Editor) of the New _____, a daily newspaper, published in the English Language, and having a general circulation in the City and County of Santa Fe, State of New Mexico, and being a newspaper duly qualified to publish legal notices and advertisements under the provisions of Chapter 167 of the Session Laws of 1937; that the publication, a copy which is hereto attached, was published in said paper damperature. one time ment of the second comment in continue to the second continue to the second continue to the second continue to the regular issue of the paper during the time of publication, and that the notice was published in the newspaper proper, and not in any supplement, named homest for one time publication being on the 8th day of October 1952 and when the problem that payment for said advertisement has been (duly made), or (assessed as court costs); that the undersigned has personal knowledge of the matters and things set forth in this affidavit. PUBLISHER'S BILL - Editor-Manager 32 lines, one time at \$ 3.20 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th ____lines, ____times, \$_____ Tax \$_____ day of October Total \$ 3.20 Notary Public Received payment,

My Commission expires

June 14, 1953

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HAPRY M RATIS

ARTHUR H. BARBECK

L. E. DAVIS

Railroad Commission of Texas

OIL AND GAS DIVISION

OLIN CULBERSON
CHAIRMAN
ERNEST O. THOMPSON
WILLIAM J. MURRAY, JR.
O. D. HYNDMAN, SECRETARY

COMMISSIONERS



December 22, 1952

Mr. R. R. Spurrier Secretary - Director New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission P. O. Box 871 Santa Fe, New Mexico

Dear Dick:

This is in reply to your letter of December 17, 1952, addressed to the Commission, in which your Commission extended invitation to Santa Fe to discuss the promulgation of orders for the Dollarhide Pools.

The Commission, at a conference this date, instructed me to advise you that Commissioners Ernest 0. Thompson and Olin Culberson, together with Assistant Chief Engineer, George F. Singletary, Jr., will arrive in Santa Fe for the discussion on January 9, 1953 at 2:00 p.m. A conflict arose in regard to the January 8th date in that the Commissioners are to attend a meeting in Wichita Falls on that date; however, they find it convenient to proceed from that city to Santa Fe on January 9.

We in the Railroad Commission, wish for all of you, our friends in New Mexico, a joyous Christmas and a very Happy New Year.

Yours very truly,

Arthur H. Barbeck, Chief Engineer

AHB:cbr

cc - General Ernest O. Thompson Judge Olin Culberson Mr. George F. Singletary, Jr.

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

P. O. BOX 871

SANTA FE. NEW MEXICO

(This letter was received on December 29, 1952 from the Railroad Commission of Texas)

Mr. R. R. Spurrier
Secretary - Director
New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission
P. O. Box 871
Santa Fe, New Mexico

Dear Dick:

This is in realy to your letter of December 17, 1952, addressed to the Commission, in which your Commission extended invitation to Santa Fe to discuss the promulgation of orders for the Dollaride Pools.

The Commission, at a conference this date, instructed me to advise you that Commissioners Ernest 0. Thompson and Olin Culberson, together with Assistant Chief Engineer, George F. Singletary, Jr., will arrive in Santa Fe for the dissussion on January 9, 1953 at 2:00 p.m. A conflict arcse in regard to the January 8th date in that the Commissioners are to attend a meeting in Wichita Falls on that date, however, they find it convenient to proceed from that city to Santa Fe on January 9.

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Yours very truly.

Arthur H. Barbeck, Chief Engineer

AHB:cor

cc - General Ernest O. Thompson Judge Olin Culberson Mr. George F. Singletary, Jr.

New Mexico

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

UNICHOR EDWIN LINEGHEN
CHA RMAN
MEMACH
STATE GEOLOGICA AND DIFFERER
GEOLOGICA AND DIFFERER
GEOLOGICA AND DIFFERER



F. O. BOX 871 SANTA FE. NEW MEXICO

September 19, 1952

Editor THE NEW MEXICAN SANTA PR N N

Dear Sir:

Re: Notice(s) of Publication
Case

Please published the enclosed notices one time immediately on receipt of this request. Please proofread carefully and send a copy of the paper carrying such notices to this office.

Upon completion of publication, send publisher's affidavit in duplicate. For payment, please submit statement in duplicate, and sign and return the enclosed voucher. (Do not fill in.) We should have these immediately after publication in order that the legal notice will be on hand for the holding of the hearing which it advertises, and also so that ther will be no delay in your receiving proper payment.

Please publish the notices not later than

Immediately on receipt.

Very truly yours,

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

R. R. SPURRIER Secretary - Director

Encl.

Affidavit of Publication

while motion is hereby aften that a joint			1050
a Commission will be held at 19 e'clock	State of New Mexico	is.	CED 21 1904 ///
a. October 7, 1862, at the senature of	County of Santa Fe	10	الما المالية
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chide, West Dollarhide-Devonian, West Marting Passentage, and West Dollar-	Charles T. P.	I C COM	, being first duly sworn,
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ORVEST under the seal of the Oil Con- creating Generalsecor of New Mexico on			
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OF CHARLYATION COMMISSION			d County of Santa Fe, State of
B. H. Spervier, Secretary	New Mexico, and being a new	vspaper duly qualifi <mark>ed</mark> to 1	oublish legal notices and adver-
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PUBLISHER'S BILL			**************************************
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NORTH OF PUBLICATION
STATE OF NAM LEXICO
CIL CONSIDERATES FORMISSION
SAMEA FE - 16W TEXICO

STATE OF HEW DEXICO TO:

All persons having any right, title, interest or claim in the following case, and notice to the public.

0435 405: (Beadworthisea)

Public notice is hereby given that a joint needing of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission and the Railroad Commission of Texas will be held at 10 o'clock a.m. on Combber 23, 1952, at the City Hall in Midland, Texas, for the purpose of considering provation methods and equalization of allowables in oil and gas pools embracing lands within the states of Texas and New Mexico - namely, the West Dollarhide, West Dollarhide-Devonian, West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Drimbert Fools, as denominated in New Mexico.

GIVEN under the seal of the Oil Conservation Consission of New Yexico at Santa Fe, New Nexico, on this sixth day of October 1952.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION OPERIOSTON

surier

R. R. SPURRISA

SEAL

THE PURE OIL COMPANY

GENERAL OFFICES, 35 EAST WACHER DRIVE, CHICAGO.

TEXAS PRODUCING DIVISION

FORT WORTH 1, TEXAS December 29, 1952

Mr. W. B. Macey P. O. Box 871 Santa Fe, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Macey:

Attached, please find a copy of the Railroad Commission of Texas order setting forth gasoil ratio surveys in District 8, in which the Dollarhide Fields are located. This is being forwarded in response to your request, and we wish to express our apologies in being very negligent in getting this particular information forwarded to you.

JTD:br att.

New Mexico OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

GOVERNOR EDWINE MECHEM

LAND COMMISSIONER GUY SHEPARD

STATE GEOLOGIST R R SPURRIER



SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

TANK AIRI CX28 Reach Agreement On Two Oil Zones

SANTA FE, Jan. 9 (P)-Texas d.New Mexico today reached a nt-setting agreement on ion in two oil zones lying states.

hree members of the T d Commission and rs of the New Mexico vation Commission cli ths of study and at evious joint meeting ement covering the C nd Devonian zones o ide pool. Clearfork i designation; New M at zone the Drinkhare zones lie in And Texas, and Lea Co

exico.
rd R. Spurrier, direct
w Mexico commission
at bodies agreed on

he Clearfork-Drinka
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rels a day. These ap
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w Mexico the allowa
earfork-Drinkard has
rels, in the Devonian 135;
in Taxas the ClearforkDrinkard allowable has been 91,
the Devonian allowable 100 barrels.

rels.
Although the figures are unchanged for Texas, the agreement actually represents a considerable increase in the Texas allowable for the two zones. Texas has been allowing production there only on the basis of 22 days a month; under the agreement production in the two zones in Texas will be on a basis of each dental texas and the contact of the

Reach Agreement On Two Oil Zones

been producing 2,200 barrels a month, its allowable now goes up to 3100.

"The real advantage of this mu-tua, agreement between the two

Spurrier explained. "For ce, if New Mexico wells had ce, if New Mexico wells had producing more than those was there was the danger inage to the detriment of was wells. This should put tion on an even basis were impressed by at the entire Texas thought this was it ough to warrant all ming here to sefeels very definitely stion of settling at it to avert the postederal government.

teel that when the second property at means the field has alseen entered and is octand there is no excuse for

and there is no excuse for the record government to try to take over."

The Texas commissioners present were Olin Culberson, chairman; Gen. E. O. Thompson and William J. Murray and Asst. Chief Engineer George Singletary. Spurrier and Governor Mechem represented the OCC. The third member, Land Commissioner E. S. Walker, was busy with another meeting and could not attend.

The development, the first,

meeting and could not attend.

The development, the first, marks a milestone in New Mexico's oil relations with her neighbor state. Texas, however, has had similar agreements with at least one state, Louisiana.

In Effect Feb. 1

The new orders are effective Feb. 1.

"Both commissions were emphatic in setting up the agreement," Spurrier said, "that it is not in any way, shape or form constituting a precedent for other

Albuguerque Jaurnal

Case 408

Memo

From

R. R. SPURRIER

To Gar Mechens

Please advice if the
date is satisfactory
to you and I will
answer Barbeck)
Telas RR Comm
accordingly 1239

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

P. O. BOX 871

SANTA FE. NEW MEXICO

(This letter was received on December 29, 1952 from the Railroad Comission of Texas)

Mr. R. R. Spurrier Secretary - Director Now Mexico Oil Conservation Cormission P. O. Bost 871 Santa Fe, Hew Hexico

Dear Dick:

This is in reply to your letter of December 17, 1952, addressed to the Commission, in which your Cormission extended invitation to Santa Fe to discuss the promulgation of orders for the Dollarhide Pools.

The Commission, at a conference this date, instructed me to advise you that Cormissioners Ernest O. Thompson and Olin Culberson, together with Assistant Chief Engineer, George F. Singletary, Jr., will arrive in Santa Fe for the discussion on January 9, 1953 at 2:00 p.m. A conflict arose in regard to the January 8th date in that the Commissioners are to attend a meeting in Wichita Falls on that date, however, they find it convenient to proceed from that city to Santa Fe on January 9.

We in the Railroad Commission, wish for all of you, our friends in New Mexico, a joyous Christmas and a very Happy New Year.

Yours very truly,

· Arthur H. Barbeck, Chief Angineer

AHB:cor

cc - General Ernest O. Thompson

I din Mate O. K. Howe to be in albuq What evering.

This is a full-rate Telegram or Cable-gram unless its de-ferred character is in-dicated by a suitable symbol above or pre-

WESTERN

SYMBOLS

DL=Day Letter

NL=Night Letter LT=Int'l Letter Telegra

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of d

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*GIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION MABRY HALL SANTA FE NMEX=

PLEASE ADVISE DATE OF JOINT HEARING WITH TEXAS RAILROAD COMMISSION AS SOON AS SET=

GEORGE W SELINGER SKELLY OIL CO=

Case 408



THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

Check the class of service desired; otherwise this message will be sent as a full rate telegram

FULL RATE
TELEGRAM

WESTERN UNION

1300

Check the class of service desired otherwise this cressage will be sent at the full race

FULL LETTER TELEGRAM

VICTORY SHIP LETTER RADIOGRAM

NO. WDSCL. OF SVC.	PD. OR COLL	CASH NO.	CHARGE TO THE ACCOUNT OF	TIME FILED
			OIL CONSTRVATION CONTINUESION	

Send the following message, subject to the terms on back hereaf, which are hereby agreed to

Collect to

SEPTEMBER 19 1952

SKELLY OIL COMPANY THESA CKLAHOMA

JOINT HEARING SET FOR 10 A.M. GOTCEER 7 SCHARRAUER HOTEL HIDLAND

DICK SPURIER

ALL MESSAGES TAKEN BY THIS COMPANY ARE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

- To guard against mistakes or delays, the sender of a message should order it repeated, that is, telegraphed back to the originating office for comparison. For this, one-half the unrepeated message rate is charged in addition. Unless otherwise indicated on its face, this is an unrepeated message and paid for as seen, in consideration whereaft it is agreed between the sender of the message and this Company as follows:
- 1. The Company shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery, of any message received for transmission at the unrepeated-message rate beyond the sum of five hundred dollars; nor for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery, of any message received for transmission at the repeated-message rate beyond the sum of five thousand dollars, unless specially valued; nor in any case for delays arising from unavoidable interruption in the working of its lines.
- 2. In any event the Company shall not be liable for damages for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for the non-delivery, of any nessage, whether caused by the negligence of its servants or otherwise, beyond the actual foes, not exceeding in any event the sum of five thousand dollars, at which amount the sender of each message represents that the message is valued, unless a greater value is stated in writing by the sender thereof at the time the message is tendered for transmission, and unless the repeated-message rate is paid or sarred to be paid, and an additional charge equal to one-truth of one percent of the amount by which such valuation shall sacced live thousand dollars.
 - 3. The Company is hereby made the agent of the sender, without liability, to forward this message over the lines of any other company when necessary to reach its destination.
- 4. Except as otherwise indicated in connection with the living of individual places in the flet surface of the Company the amount paid for the transmission of a domesting and indicated in connection with the living of individual places in the flet surface of the Company, the amount paid for the transmission of a domestic telegram or an inscending ablie or radio message covers lix delivery within the following limits: in cities or towns of 5,000 or more influentants where the Company has been expected by the filed tentify of the Company in the connection of the con
- 6. No responsibility attaches to this Company concerning messages until the same are accepted at one of its transmitting offices; and if a message is sent to such off the Company's messengers, the acts for that purpose as the agent of the sender.
- 6. The Company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties when the claim is not presented in writing to the Company, (a) within dxty days after the message is filed with the Company for transmission in the case of a message between points within the United States (except in the case of an intrastate message in Texas) or between a point in the United States and a state or the one hand and a point in Alaska, Canada, Labrador, Mexico, Newtoniand and St. Pierre & Miquelon Islands on the other hand, or between a point in the United States and a sip at set or in the air, (b) within 95 days after the cause of action, if any, shall have accrued in the case of an intrastate message in Texas, and (c) within 180 days after the message is filed with the Company for transmission in the case of a message between a point in the United States and a foreign or overseas point other than the points specified above in this paragraph; provided, however, that this condition shall not apply to claims for damages or overcharges within the purview of section are or the Communications act of 1934.
- 7. It is agreed that in any action by the Company to recover the toils for any message or messages the prompt and correct transmission and delivery thereof shall be presumed, subject to rebuttel by competent evidence.
- 8. Special terms governing the transmission of messages according to their classes, as enumerated below, shall apply to messages in each of such respective classes in addition to all the foregoing terms.
 - 9. No employee of the Company is authorized to vary the foregoing.

CLASSES OF SERVICE

DOMESTIC SERVICES

FULL RATE TELEGRAM

A full rate expedited servi

DAY LETTER (DL)

SERIAL (SER)

Message: sent in sections during the same day.

NIGHT LETTER (NL)

Accepted up to 2 A. M. for delivery not earlier than the following morning at rates abstantially lower than the full rate telegram or day lotter rates.

INTERNATIONAL SERVICES

FULL RATE (FR)

The standard fast service at full rates. May be written in any language that can be expressed in Roman letters, or in secret language. A minimum charge for 5 words applies.

LETTER TELEGRAM (LT)

Overnight plain language messages. Minimum charge for 22 words applies.

VICTORY LETTER TELEGRAM (VLT)

Overnight plain language messages to armed forces overseas. Minimum charge for 10 words applies.

SHIP RADIOGRAM

A service to and from ships at sea. Plain or secret language may be used. Minimum charge for 5 words applies.

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a full-rate Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

WESTERN UNION

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DL=Day Letter
NL=Night Letter

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NL=Night Letter

LT=Int'l Letter Telegri

SYMBOLS

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R R SPURRIER=

7 CEP 17 PM 4 56

*NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION SANTA FE NMEX=

HEARING SET AS PER YOUR REQUEST 10 AM BAKER HOTEL DALLAS (
COTOBER 10

ERNEST O THOMPSON RR COM=

Hearing date Oct. 1th Searbouer Hatel midland OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.
SEP 18 1952

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a full-rate

WESTERN

DL=Day Letter

-LA69 DA383

D-AUB 174 PD=AUSTIN TEX 18 322P= R R SPURRIER, SECRETARY=

OIL CONSERVATION COM SANTA FE NMEX=

JOINT HEARING WITH NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION FOR DETERMINING EQUITABLE ALLOWABLES FOR THE DOLLARHIDE FIELDS EXTENDING ACROSS THE TEXAS AND NEW MEXICO STATE LINES HAS BEEN SCHEDULED BY THE TEXAS RAILROAD COMMISSION AT TEN AM TUESDAY OCTOBER 7. 1952 IN THE SCARBAUER HOTEL IN MIDLAND TEXAS=

> CHIEF SUPERVISOR OIL AND GAS DIV HARRY M BATIS RR COM OF TEX= he top

This is a full-rate Telegram or Cable-gram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

WESTERN UNION (27)

SYMBOLS

DL=Day Letter

NL=Night Letter

LT=Int'l Letter Telegram

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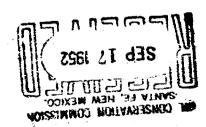
.LA 94 DB 383

Da AUB201 LONG PD=AUSTIN TEX 16 504P= R R SUPURRIER; SECY=

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION-SANTA FE NMEX-

AT YOUR SUGGESTION THE HEARING ON THE DOLLARHIDE FIELD WAS DIRECTED TO BE SET AT MIDLAND TEXAS ON OCTOBER 10% IT NOW DEVELOPS THAT COMMISSIONER THOMPSON HAS INSTRUCTED OUR PROATION DEPARTMENT TO SET IT AT THE BAKER HOTEL AT DALLAS ON OCTOBER 10% THIS IS THE DAY BEFORE THE TEXAS OKLAHOMA GAME AND IT WILL BE IMPOSSIBLE TO GET ANY PLACE IN DALLAS TO MEET IF YOUR COMMISSION WANTS TO COME TO THE FOOTBALL GAME I FEEL THAT IT SHOULD DO SO WITHOUT USING THIS HEARING AS AN EXCUSE EXCEPT AND UNLESS YOUR COMMISSION DESIRES IT TO BE HELD THERE INSTEAD OF IN MIDLAND I WILL NOT SIGN THE NOTICE SETTING IT THERE PLEASE ADVISE BY WIRE AT ONCE

OLIN CULBERSON; CHAIRMAN RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS:



Che 400

Check the che	as o	ERRY CO feervice designates manage will b rate belograte	d
FULL RATE TELEGRAM	4	SERIAL	
DAY		MIGHT LETTER	

WESTERN UNION

Check the class of service desired; otherwise this massage will be sent at the full rate.

FULL DEFERRED NIGHT

NO. WOSOL. OF SVC.	PB. OR COLL.	CARH NO.	CHARGE TO THE ACCOUNT OF	TIME FILED
	Market.	Paid	Oil Conservation Commission	

Olin Culberson
Texas Railroad Commission

Austin, Texas

Agreeable New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission to meet in Midland for hearing on Dollarhide Pool week of October 6th. Preferth or 8th. Have no interest in Texas football.

lh: cc: Gen. E. O Thompson Wm. J. Mirray, Jr. New Mexico Oil Conservation Comm. By: R. R. Spurrier Secretary - Director

Sept. 17-1952

Can 408

Albuquerque Journal

October 25 1952

the commissions that Texas change its restrictions to meet these hap in horre, in New Mexico at the production of 80 barrels per day in the Drinkard level and 135 in the Devonian.

Texas regulation calls for 91 barrels in one and 100 in the other—but production is restricted to 25 days per month while New Mexico producers can work full time.

Mexico producers can work

the Macey said the two Commisid since would meet in Santa Fe afide the transcript of yesterday's
meeting has been completed to decide just what regulations to
about The commissions have long
the felt that uniform regulations
should be in effect to protect promass ducers on both sides of a state
in line.

4/18HV

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS OIL AND GAS DIVISION

OIL AND GAS DOCKET NO. 126

#8 - 24,494

IN RE: CONSERVATION AND PREVENTION OF WASTE OF CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS IN THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK, DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN, DOLLARHIDE ELLENBERGER, AND DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELDS, ANDREWS COUNTY, T E X A S

> Austin, Texas September 18, 1952

NOTICE OF HEARING

PERTAINING TO A DETERMINATION OF EQUITABLE ALLOWABLES FOR THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK, DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN, DOLLARHIDE ELLENBERGER AND DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELDS, AND THE ADOPTION OF FIELD RULES FOR THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD ANDREWS COUNTY, TEXAS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN To the public and all interested persons that the Railroad Commission of Texas, on its own motion, will hold a Hearing, in conjunction with the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico. at ten a.m., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1952, in the Scharbauer Hotel in Midland, Texas, for the purpose of adjusting allowables for the Dollarhide Clearfork, Dollarhide Devonian, Dollarhide Ellenberger, and Dollarhide Silurian Fields, all located in Andrews County, Texas, and for the further purpose of adopting field rules for the Dollarhide Clearfork Field in order to bring about the most efficient rate of production from these reservoirs.

Since these Dollarhide reservoirs extend across the state lines and inequities in field allowables exist as a result of differences in the methods of their determination in the two states, a previous joint meeting was held in Santa Fe, New Mexico, by the Railroad Commission of Texas and the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico for the purpose of discussing the problem of inequities in withdrawals from the Dollarhide reservoirs in the two states; and as a result of that meeting and because of the progress in the development of the fields, this Hearing is called, and is to be heard jointly with a similar Hearing to be called by the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico for the purpose of determining what allowables are necessary to bring about an equity in the withdrawals of oil from the Dollarhide Clearfork, Dollarhide Devonian, Dollarhide Ellenberger, and Dollarhide Silurian reservoirs extending across the state lines of Texas and New Mexico.

PURSUANT To said Hearing, the Commission will enter such rules, regulations, and orders as in its judgment may be necessary as a result of the findings of the two regulatory bodies.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

Olin Culberson, Chairman

Ernest O. Thompson, Commissioner

W. J. Murray, Jr., Commissioner

(SEAL)

ATTEST:

O. D. Hyndman, Secretary

Men

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS OIL AND GAS DIVISION

OH COMMING THE SECURIOR

OIL AND GAS DOCKET NO. 126

#8 - 24.494

IN RE: CONSERVATION AND PREVENTION OF WASTE OF CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS IN THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK, DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN, DOLLARHIDE ELLENBERGER, AND DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELDS, ANDREWS COUNTY, TEXAS

> Austin, Texas September 18, 1952

NOTICE OF HEARING

PERTAINING TO A DETERMINATION OF EQUITABLE ALLOWABLES FOR THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK, DOLLARHIDE DEVONIAN, DOLLARHIDE ELLENBERGER AND DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELDS, AND THE ADOPTION OF FIELD RULES FOR THE DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK FIELD ANDREWS COUNTY, TEXAS

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RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

Olin Culberson, Chairman

Ernest O. Thompson, Commissioner

W. J. Murray, Jr., Commissioner

(SEAL)

ATTEST:

O. D. Hyndman, Secretary

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION State of Nev. Mexico. County Of the Hobbs Daily News-Sun, a daily newspaper published at liobbs, New Mexico, do solemnly swear that the clipping attached hereto was published once a week in the regular and entire issue of said paper, and not in a supplement thereof for a period of ___ えと beginning with the issue dated nd ending with the issue dated otember 22 10 Y Publisher. Rebed L. Gernone and subscribed to before day of

This newspaper is duly qualified to publish legal notices or advertisements within the meaning of Section 3, Chapter 167, Laws of 1937, and payment of fees for said publication has been made.

LEGAL NOTICE

September 22, 1952

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

State of New Mexico
Oil Conservation Ceaumission
Santa Fe, New Mexico.
STATE OF NEW MEXICO
TO:
All persons having any right, title, interest or claims in the following case, and notice to the public notice is hereby given that a joint meeting of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission and the Italirond Commission of Texas will be held at 10 o'clock a. m. October 7, 1952, at the Scharbauer Hotel, Midland, Texas, for the purpose of considering puration methods and equalization of allowables in oil and gas pools embracing lands within the states of Texas and New Mexico—namely: the West Dollarhide Devonian, West Dollarhide Fusselman and West Dollarhide Duinkard Pools, as demunicated in New Mexico.

Given under the seal of the

Mexico.
GIVEN under the seal of the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico on this 19th day of September, 1952.

mber, 1952.
Shate of New Mexico
Oil Conservation Commission
R. R. Spurrier,

(SEAL)

New Mexico OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

GOVERNOR EDWIN LIMECHEM
CHAIRMAY

LAND COMMISSIONER GUY SHEPARD
MEMBER
SYATE GEOLOGIST R. SPURRIER
SECRETARY AND DIRECTOR



F. O. BOX 871 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

September 19 1952

Editor ROBS NEWS-GUN NOBES NEW MEXICO

Dear Sir:

Re: Notice(s) of Publication
Case

Please published the enclosed notices one time immediately on receipt of this request. Please proofread carefully and send a copy of the paper carrying such notices to this office.

Upon completion of publication, send publisher's affidavit in duplicate. For payment, please submit statement in duplicate, and sign and return the enclosed voucher. (Do not fill in.) We should have these immediately after publication in order that the legal notice will be on hand for the holding of the hearing which it advertises, and also so that ther will be no delay in your receiving proper payment.

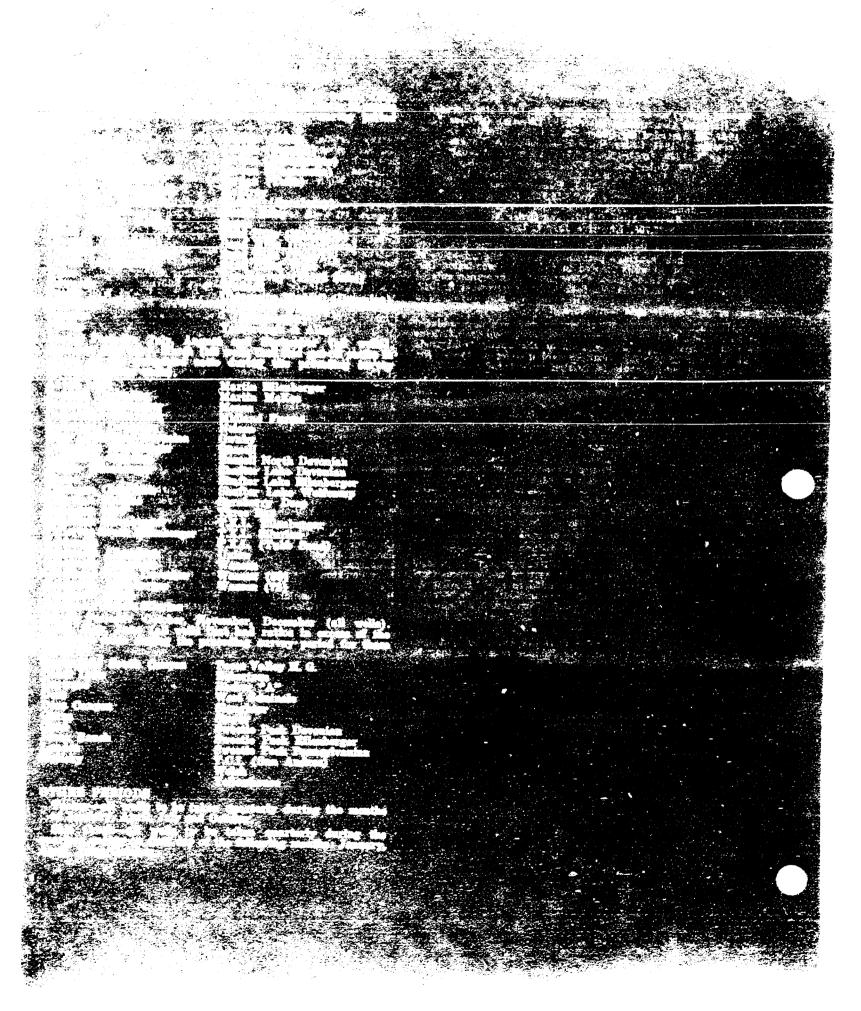
Please publish the notices not later than Immediately on receipt

Very truly yours,

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

R. R. SPURRIER Secretary - Director

Encl.



OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

P. O. BOX 871

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

June 2, 1953

Hr. George F. Singletary, jr. Railroad Commission of Texas Oil and Gas Division Tribune Building Austin, Texas

Deer Sir:

Mr. Macey was not sure that copies of the attached orders had been sent to your office as to decisions on the Dollar-hide Pools concerning which joint hearings were held by this Commission and the Railroad Commission of Texas. We therefore enclose for your information Orders R-265-A, and a current allowable order.

It might also be noted that a case is now under advisement whereby pool names are being changed as follows:

West Dollarhide to Dollarhide-Ellenburger; West Dollarhide-Devonien to Dollarhide-Devonien; West Dollarhide-Drinkard to Dollarhide-Drinkard; West Dollarhide-Pusselman to Dollarhide-Pusselman; West Dollarhide-Queen to Dollarhide-Queen.

Very truly yours,

For W. B. Macey Chief Engineer

AMERADA PETROLEUM CORPORATION TULSA, OKLAHOMA

(62 40 1 RS

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

REAL

CLASS OF SERVICE STREETS

DATE October 23, 1952 TIME 91 50 A. N.

TO R. R. Specier, Socretary

Nor Wholes Oil Conservation Consistion

Religion Consistion of Tests Hearing

Council Charler of the City Hell

Hidland, Texts

UNCE STATE LINE POOLS ACCEPT PRESENT NEW MEXICO NETHOD
OF DESCRIPTIONS ALLOWANDED HELIEVING SUCE CALCULATES WILL PROTECT
OCCURATION RIVERS AND WILL NOT RESPECT BY PHYSICAL WASTE.

ANDREADA PETROLEUM CORPORATION

CHARGE---AMERADA PETROLEUM CORPORATION



SEND SUBJECT TO RULES AND REGULATIONS ON THE BACK OF YOUR TELEGRAPH BLANK

Kailroad Commission of Texas

OLIN CULBERSON CHAIRMAN

ERNEST O. THOMPSON WILLIAM J. MURRAY, JR. O. D. HYNDMAN, SECRETARY OIL AND GAS DIVISION



October 27, 1952

HARRY M. BATIS CHIEF SUPERVISOR ARTHUR H. BARBECK L. E. DAVIS AUD I FOR

Mr. R. R. Spurrier Secretary & Director New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission Box 871 Santa Fe, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Spurrier:

I am enclosing copy of the transcript covering hearing held in Midland on October 23, 1952 on the Dollarhide Clearfork, Devonian, Ellenberger, and Silurian Fields, Andrews County, Texas.

Assistant Chief Engineer

GFS:cbr ENC.

The KYAKERERALY

ON CONSERVATION COMMISSION CONSERVATION CONTROL OF SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.

REGISTER

JOINT MEETING OF THE NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION WITH THE RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS IN MIDLAND, TEXAS, OCTOBER 23, 1952.

NAME

COMPANY

ADDRESS

White, L. C. Thompson, Raybourne Duree, Jack T. Keener, M. Herbert, L. Britton, Stanley G. Shaver, Charles E. Hubbard, W. E. Porter, A. L. Jr. Ford, Oilie J., Jr. Thurman, Earl G., Jr. Keeler, E. P. Hirschfield, G. H. Massey, H. E.

Bates, W. E. Mills, John Ray, C. J., Jr. Gordon, R. V. Blackwood, J. C. House, J. W. Dewey, R. S. Ponder, J. L. Hamilton, W. B. Loveless, Charles C., Jr. Bedford, C. F. West, T. M. Winton, J. C. Walker, J. D. Upchurch, Claude E. Newsom, Y. B. Straughan, H. L., Jr. Falcon, F. Main, M. K. Leonard, R. J. Elliott, F. O. Kennedy, Joseph, D. Haynie, Robert B. Kaderli, H. H. Selinger, George Ehlers, Allen Cooper, J. D. Chapman, J. C. Swain, H. W. Clarke, Alex Jr. Smith, James K.

Oil Conservation Commission Pure Oil Company Humble Oil & Rfg. Co. Humble Oil & Rfg. Co. Oil Conservation Commission Magnolia Petroleum Co. Magnolia Petroleum Co. Magnolia Petroleum Co. N. M. Oil & Gas Engr. Comm. Cities Prod. Corp. & Cities Service The Texas Company The Texas Company The Texas Company Amerada Petroleum Corp. Amerada Petroleum Corp. Humble Oil & Rfg. Co. Humble Oil & Rfg. Co. Humble Oil & Rfg. Co.

Phillips Petroleum Co. N. M. Oil & Gas Assn. Stanolind Oil & Gas Company Moore Expl. Company Gulf Oil Corporation Shell Oil Company Shell Oil Company Leonard Oil Company Independent Operator J. C. Maxwell J. C. Maxwell Skelly Oil Company Skelly Oil Company

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Skelly Oil Company

Santa Fe, New Mexico Houston, Texas Fort Worth, Texas Fort Worth, Texas Fort Worth, Texas Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Houston, Texas Hobbs, New Mexico Kermit, Texas Kermit, Texas Dallas, Texas Hobbs, New Mexico

Hobbs, New Mexico Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Fort Worth, Texas Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Roswell, New Mexico Fort Worth, Texas Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Fort Worth, Texas Fort Worth, Texas Roswell, New Mexico Roswell, New Mexico Hobbs, New Mexico Midland, Texas Roswell, New Mexico Roswell, New Mexico Fort Worth, Texas Midland, Texas Midland, Texas Tulsa, Oklahoma Midland, Texas Tulsa, Oklahoma Monahans, Texas Midland, Texas Fort Worth, Texas Fort Worth, Texas Roswell, New Mexico

1hGeneral E. O. Thompson Mr. Geo. Singletary

Blankenship, W. A. Jr.

Widland, Texas Register 10/23/52 Company God And Nayoung Daylor Per fere del a - Houston Alloth, Tex Jack / Sauce M. Herbert/ L Keener Midland, Tex. Stanley G. Britton Humble Ocloketts medland, Tay Chabre, SHAVER Houston Oil Comeration Com- Hooker May Occif ford fr. Kermit, Tex Magnolia Peto Co -Magnolia Pet. Co. Kermit; Lege. Earl G. Thurman gr Dallas, Tex. E.P. Keeler N.M. Oiltons Engr Comm Hobbs, N.M. A.H. Hiksonseld cites Prodo Corp + atis lives Holls, new mex. HE Massey midlad 24 The Texas Co werates John Milla Ft. Worth, Tex C. J. RAYJR Midland amerada R.V. Gordon J. C. Blackwood Makand Humblocal Www. House RS Denny It I oden Rosewell Charley 6. Loueleany Ken Mix Or Dasen Fort Worth, Tex. Standlind Oil and Gas Company C.T. Bedford. Midland Moore E. Co. TM West Golf On Coff. A. C. Kintan FT. WORTH UQ. D. WALKER Dulf Dil Corp. Claudet upchurch Roswell Sulf all corp J.B. Strangton, 8. Kanvel V the as corp John nm The dellowpray 2. Falcon Mill Oil Congung Fille (,2) M. Killann Promise ... K. Monard Roull TIM dudywale & Grato.

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H. H. Kaderij Skelly Manual Middle Tool,

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J. D. Capper Stilly

C. Chafmer Milly

H. W. Juneim Standind Ft. Worth

James A. Smith Standard Ft. Worth

J. A. Clankenshipp. Standard Rowell, N. M.

Memo

Grom

R. R. SPURRIER Director

To

This order harbitaled because to be seen a march to see a line office segrature

DEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF CONSERVATION
AND PREVENTION OF WASTE OF
CRUDE PETROLEUM OIL AND NATURAL 6
GAS IN THE WEST DOLLARHIDE-DRINKARD,
WEST DOLLARHIDE-DEVONIAN, WEST
DOLLARHIDE-FUSSELMAN AND WEST
DOLLARHIDE-ELLENBURGER POOLS IN
LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

CASE NO. 408 ORDER No. R-265

ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

BY THE COMMISSION:

This cause came on regularly for hearing at 9 o'clock a.m. on February 17, 1953 at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, hereinafter referred to as the "Commission".

NOW, on this 27th day of February, 1953, the Commission, a quorum being present, having considered the records introduced and the testimony adduced and being fully advised in the premises,

FINDS:

- (1) That due notice having been given as required by law, the Commission has jurisdiction of the case.
- (2) That the principles of conservation and prevention of waste will be advanced by identical production allowables for pools known to be common to New Mexico and Texas.
- (3) That the production allowable for the West Dollarhide-Drinkard Pool within New Mexico should be set at 91 barrels of oil per day to coincide with alsimilar daily allowable fixed by the Texas authorities for that part of said pool lying in Texas.
- (4) That the production allowable for the West Dollarhide-Devonian Pool within New Mexico should be set at 100 barrels of oil per day to coincide with a similar daily allowable fixed by the Texas authorities for that part of said pool lying within Texas.
- (5) By reason of lack of reservoir statistics relating to the West Dollarhide-Fusselman Pool, and the West Dollarhide-Ellenburger Pool, within New Mexico, no change in existing allowables in said pools should be undertaken at this time;

PROVIDED HOWEVER That for said pools in this paragraph mentioned, bottom-hole pressure tests should be required to be taken in the months of February and March of each year.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

(1) That the production allowable for the West Dollarhide-Drinkard Pool within New Mexico be and the same hereby is fixed at 91 barrels of oil per day beginning at 7:00 o'clock am. M.S.T. March 1, 1953 and continuing until further orders.

- (2) That the production allowable for the West Dollarhide-Devonian Pool within New Mexico be, and the same hereby is fixed at 100 barrels of oil per day beginning at 7:00 o'clock a.m. M.S.T. March 1, 1953, and continuing until further orders.
- (3) That for the West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Ellenburger Pools in New Mexico bottom-hole pressure tests of all wells in each pool, be and the same hereby are required to be taken during the months of February and March of each year beginning 1953, and the results immediately furnished to the Commission for such action as may be proper.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED: That jurisdiction of this case be, and it hereby is retained for the purpose of adjusting daily allowables, in cooperation with Texas authorities for the prevention of waste of oil or gas and the protection of correlative rights.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, the day and year hereinabove designated.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

EDWIN L. MECHEM. Chairman

E. S. WALKER, Member

R. R. SPURKIER, Secretary

SEAL

MIN MELLICO

TELAS

2000-00-00-20-0	NO.OF	NOP PER WELL	Total Allomaner	. NO.CF	TOP FOR WELL ALLOWANGE	ALLOWARD
Changioris (Ryinhori)	1	80	80	. 85	91	7061
Devusian	•	135	525	.13h	100	19271
Illemberger	5	877	1055	. **	199	4084
Silurian (Passelman)	3	135	405	. 39	180	863 8

•

Case 108

James 8, 1953

MEMORAHDOR TO THE COMMISSION:

Commission-called bearing pertaining to the Dollarhide Clearfork, Dollarhide Devomina, Bollarhide Ellenberger and Dollarhide Silurian Fields, Andrews County, Texas

REARING -

October 23, 1952

APPEARANCES -

See transcript

This was a joint hearing held by the Texas Railroad Commission and the Gil Commercation Commission of New Mexico for the purpose of adjusting allow-shies for the above-named fields, all located in Andrews County, Texas and for the further purpose of adopting field rules for the Ballashide Clear-fork in order to bring clear the Most Efficient Rate of production from those reasuredry.

Tostinesy introduced by various operators concerned indicate that the Pollar-hide Clearferk and Pollar-hide Clearferk and Pollar-hide Pevanian fields produce from the respective reservoire, which are common across State lines in Astrone County, Texas and Lon County, New Hexico. Information submitted by the same operators indicate that the Klimberger reservoir and the Silarian recervoir are aspected between states by a Sabile containing water.

Reservoir information on the Chearfork is as follows: average perceity, 10.4%; average personability, 9.2 min.; average interstitial vater estimation, 18.28%; original vater-oil contact, -37% ity of the producing soon, approximately 300° per mile in the south and of the reservoir; estimated saturation pressure, 2190 put at 3600°; framation volume factor at the saturation pressure, 1.48%; original supervoir processe, 2809 pet at -3600°; present reservoir pressure, 1836 put at -3600°. The Dollarhide Clearfort structure is unti-climal with a major ents summing morth and south and the reservoir produce; from approximately 6200° to 7000° from Dolarite and Line contents from financed and some vagalar perceity. Forestly development is betarogeneous with poor servalation of individual powerity streak between adjacent valls. The contents of perceity does not messagely follow the streak, theyefore, the success of an individual vall depends largely on thether the well penetuates perces and perceits. Production history to date is typical of solution-gas drive reservoirs.

Physical properties of the Devonies, reservoir are as follows: average parasity, 12.35; average pamenbility, 39.377 average unter saturation, 19.95; original unter-ail content, -5300°; dip of the producing none, 750° per mile to the west; estimation pressure, 2775 pei at -4600°; estimated original reservoir pressure, 3233 pei at -4600°; pressur reservoir pressure, 2166 pei at -4600°; formation volume factor at actuation pressure, 1.695; formation volume factor at pressure reservoir pressure, 1.56; dissolved gas-oil ratio, 1190 at the original pressure

and the esturation pressure; the present reservoir pressure dissolved gas-oil ratio, 930. The Dollarbide Devocies structure is a morth-south faulted enticline defined by a major north-south foult to the onet and by the formations disping into the water-cil content on the west. Four communication across the southersmost of the fault is evidenced by bottom-hole pressures in the south and of the field being consistently lower than those in the field morth of the fault. Production is from a fractured delemite and weathered chert of the Devocion age. Only difficulty is with wells located high on expertures which are high gas-dl ratio wells. This, however, is to be expected is a solution-gas drive field having good gravity segregation.

No reservoir information was submitted on either the Ellenberger or Silurian reserveirs.

It is recommended that:

- 1. The Clearfork and Devonian Fields be emempted from shutdown days.
- 2. The allowable for the Clearfork be established at 91 barrels yer day.
- 3. The Devomina allowable be established at 100 karrols of oil per day. 4. The field rules now in effect for the reservoirs other than the Clearfork be adopted by the Clearfork Reservoir, which are as follows: a. Spacing, 550' from property line and 933' between wells drilled
 - to the same herison.
 - b. Surface casing set 20' below top of the red beds and comenting to the surface; intermediate string set 100' into the white lime underlying the Yates.
 - Original units of 40 seres.
 - 4. Allocation based 75% on acronge and 25% per well.

Siace so up-to-date reservoir performance was submitted on the Elicabergue and Siluson, it is difficult to recument a MER for these two recervoirs, however, apparently both reservoirs have a unter-drive and both reservoirs produce in both New Manico and Tomes with a vater table between. In New Mexico the allowable for Elicoberger wells is 211 begrels per day, while in Towns it is 100 berrels per day. In New Mexico the allowable for Silusen wells is 135 berrels per day and in Toune it is 180 beyrels per day. In the opinion of the writer, the allowables for those two fields should be more meanly equal in Toune and New Mexico and should be so set after discussion with representatives of the New Mexico Commission.

Respectfully submitted.

George F. Singletary, Jr.,

GFS:ebe		Assistant Chief Engineer
RECOMMENDATION APPROVED:		RECOGNICATION REJECTED:
	CRIEF RECLEER	
	Chairman	
*	CONCESS TORES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	COMUSSIONER	

BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING

CASE NO. 408

February 17, 1953

E. E. GREESON

ADA DEARNLEY
COURT REPORTERS

BOX 1302
PHONES 5-9422 AND 5-2546
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

February 17, 1953

In the Matter of:

(Readvertised) This case, originally heard in joint session with the Railroad Commission of Texas, concerns consideration of proration methods and equalization of allowables in oil and gas pools underlying Texas and New Mexico. In this state, these are the West Dollarhide, the West Dollarhide-Devonian, West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Drinkard.

No. 408

TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING

(Notice of Publication read by MR. GRAHAM)

WILLIAM B. MACEY

HAVING BEEN FIRST DULY SWORN, testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

By MR. GRAHAM:

- Q State your name and position, please.
- A William B. Macy.
- Q Your position?
- A Chief Engineer for the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission.
- Q Mr. Macey, in your capacity as Chief Engineer, you have attended the several joint meetings of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission and the Texas Commission with reference to

the West Dollarhide situation?

- A Yes, sir, I have.
- Q What is that document, please?
- A This document is a transcript of the testimony given at the joint hearing held in Midland, Texas on October 23, relative to the Dollarhide and West Dollarhide pools, four producing zones in each one of those pools, in those two sets of pools in Texas and New Mexico.
 - Q These documents --
- A (Interrupting) These are the Exhibits that were entered into at that hearing.
- Q You have, in your capacity as Chief Engineer, reviewed the testimony and the record in that matter?
 - A I have.
- Q Will you state for the record your recommendations in the situation?
- A I recommend that the allowable production in the West
 Dollarhide Drinkard Pool be set at 91 barrels of oil per day,
 and the allowable in the West Dollarhide Devonian Pool be fixed
 at 100 barrels per day. This is in accordance with the allowables
 as established by the Texas Railroad Commission for the pool area
 in Texas. With reference to the West Dollarhide Fusselman and
 West Dollarhide Ellenburger Zones, there is a possibility that
 we might require further information on the reservoir concerned,
 and I recommend that bottom hole pressure tests be taken in the
 month of February and August of each year for the Fusselman and
 the Ellenburger Zones.

Q You have attended the executive meetings of the Commission with the Texas Railroad Commission in the Governor's office recently?

- A Yes, sir, I did.
- Q You are familiar with the suggested order and the order now in effect, evidently in Texas?
 - A Yes, sir, I am.

MR. GRAHAM: No further questions.

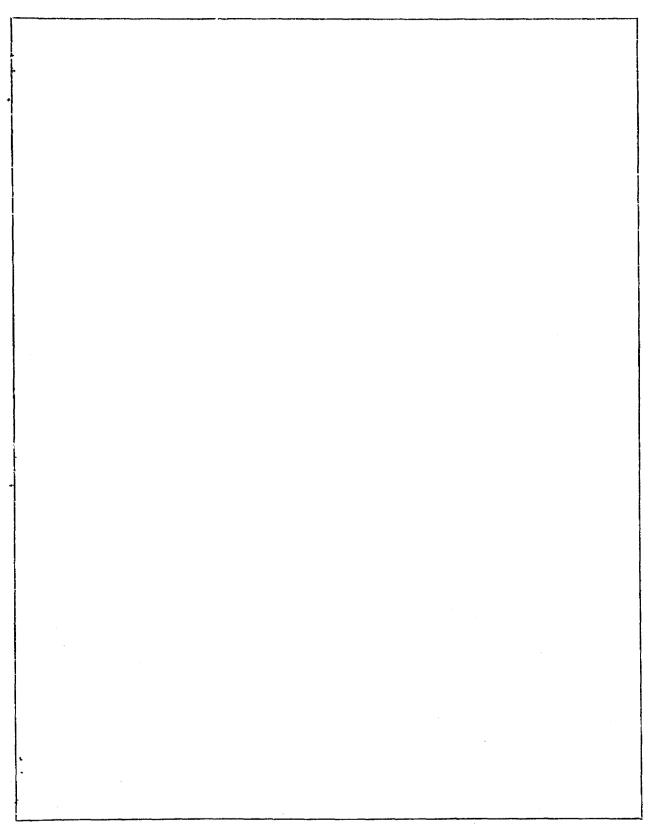
MR. SPURRIER: Any questions of the witness? Is there any objection to the introduction of this testimony as taken in Midland? If not the witness may be excused and without objection the exhibits will be accepted. Is there any other comment in this case? If not, we will take the case under advisement and move on to case 426.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO) ss.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing and attached transcript of hearing in case No. 408, before the Oil Conservation Commission, State of New Mexico, at Santa Fe, on February 17, 1953, is a true and correct record of the same to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.

DATED at Albuquerque, New Mexico this 24th day of February, 1953.

REPORTER



E. E. GREESON

ADA DEARNLEY
COURT REPORTERS
30x 1303
PHONES 5-9422 AND 5-9546
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

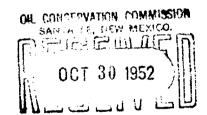
THE RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

Hearing Held in Midland, Texas

DOLLARHIDE CLEARFORK, DEVONIAN, ELLENBERGER, AND SILURIAN FIELDS

October 23, 1952

TRANSCRIPT OF TESTIMONY



H. Ray Pardue Official Reporter.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

OIL AND GAS DIVISION

OIL AND GAS DOCKET NO. 126

#8 - 24,657

IN RE: CONSERVATION AND PREVENTION

OF WASTE OF CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS IN THE DOL-LARHIDE CLEARFORK, DOLLAR-HIDE DEVONIAN, DOLLAR-ELLENBERGER, AND DOLLARHIDE SILURIAN FIELDS, ANDREWS COUNTY, T E X A S

Midland, Texas October 23, 1952.

BEFORE

HON. EDWIN L. MECHEM, CHAIRMAN, MEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

HON. GUY SHEPARD, MEMBER
NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

MON. R. R. SPURRIER, SECRETARY NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

HON. ERNEST O. THOMPSON, COMMISSIONER RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

APPEARANCES

Name

Mr. William B. Macey, Chief Engineer

Mr. George Hirschfeld, Engineer

Mr. L. C. White, Attorney

Mr. A. L. Porter, Jr., Proration Manager

Mr. George A. Graham, Attorney

Mr. George F. Singletary, Ass't Chief Engineer

Mr. J. C. Blackwood

Mr. H. E. Massey

Mr. H. W. Swaim

Mr. Frank O. Elliott

Mr. James D. Walker

Mr. J. C. Winton

Mr. N. B. Newson

Mr. H. L. Stroughan, Jr.

Mr. Claude E. Upchurch

Mr. J. W. House

Mr. J. L. Pouder

Mr. R. S. Dewey

Mr. W. E. Hubbard

Mr. Charles E. Shaver

Representing

New Mexiso Oil Conservation Commission

Railroad Commission of Texas

Amerada Petroleum Corporation

Cities Service Oil Company & Cities Production Corporation

Continental Oil Company

L. E. Elliott, Elliott & Hall

Gulf Oil Corporation

Humble Oil & Refining Company

APPEARANCES

Mr. Robert J. Leonard

Mr. B. P. Keeler

Mr. Earl &. Thurman, Jr.

Mr. Ollie J. Ford, Jr.

Mr. Robert B. Haynie

Mr. Charles C. Loveless, Jr.

Mr. Raybourne Thompson

Mr. M. H. L. Keener

Mr. Jack T. Dure

Mr. Francis Falcon

Mr. M. K. Main

Mr. Allen Ehlers

Mr. George Selinger

Mr. J. C. Chapman

Mr. J. D. Cooper

Mr. James K. Smith

Mr. W. A. Blankenship, Jr.

Mr. D. K. Spellman, Jr.

Mr. Vm. E. Bates

Mr. John Mills

Mr. C. J. Ray, Jr.

Representing

Leonard Oil Company

Magnolia Petroleum Company

J. C. Maxwell

New Mexico Oil & Cas Ass'n

The Pure Oil Company

Shell Cil Company

Skelly Gil Company

Stanolind Oil & Gas Company

The Ohio Oil Company

The Texas Company

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: This is 011 and Gas
Docket No. 126 #8-24,657; in re the conservation and
prevention of waste of crude petroleum and natural gas
in the Dollarhide Clearfork, Dollarhide Devonian, Dollarhide Ellenberger, and Dollarhide Silurian Fields, Andrews
County, Texas. Austin, Texas, October 7, 1952. Notice
of Mearing pertaining to a determination of equitable
allowables for the Dollarhide Clearfork, and the rest of
the fields as named above. Notice is hereby given to
the public, and so forth, copy of which I shall hand the
Reporter.

Since these Dollarhide reservoirs extend across the State lines and inequities in field allowables exist as a result of differences in the methods of their determination in the two States, a previous joint meeting was held in Santa Fe, New Mexico, by the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico and the Railroad Commission of Texas for the purpose of discussing the problem of inequities in withdrawals from the Dollarhide reservoirs in the two respective Sovereign States; and as a result of that meeting and because of the progress in the development of the fields, this hearing was called, and is to be heard jointly with a similar hearing to be called by the Cil Conservation Commission of New Mexico for the purpose of determining what allowables are necessary to bring about an equity in the withdrawals of oil from the Dollarhide Clearfork, Devonian, Ellenberger and Silurian reservoirs extending across the State lines of Texas and New Mexico.

Attending this hearing today and conducting this hearing, representing the New Mexico Conservation Commission is The Honorable Richard Spurrier, The Honorable Guy Shepard, representing that State, and Ernest O. Thompson, a Member of the Railroad Commission, representing the State of Texas. The New Mexico notice of hearing vill be entered into the record jointly with the Texas notice. Mr. Spurrier and I have jointly prepared a statement.

Will you read it, Mr. Spurrier?

MR. SPURRIER: This is headed, "Dollarhide Oil Field Hearing, held jointly by the New Mexico Oil and Gas Conservation Commission and the Texas Railroad Commission, the Oil and Gas Conservation Body of the State of Texas.

*This hearing is perhaps the most important conservation hearing ever held since conservation of oil
and gas was established by law. The reason for this
importance is that today two severeign states, www
Mexico and Texas, are holding jointly a hearing to prescribe conservation rules and regulations under the laws
of their separate sovereign states for the prevention of
physical waste in the production of oil and gas in the
Dollarhide Field, which oil field lies along the line and

and overlaps the line into each of these states, but today this joint hearing between New Mexico and Texas on the Dollarhide Field includes Federal lands. At a preliminary hearing of the Dollarhide Field which was held jointly by the same two Commissions a few months ago in Santa Fe, New Mexico, a representative of the Federal Government, U. S. Geological Survey, testified that the government was in the position of any other land owner, which, of course, is the proper position for a state or a Federal Covernment to take with relation to their lands when developed along with private citizens lands under conservation laws, rules and regulations. The government is not paramount, they are a land owner. The government, of course, cannot expect any more favorable or any less favorable consideration at the hands of regulatory commissions than any other private land owner or lease owner or royalty owner. All of the above is reflected in the transcript of the hearing on this Field held in Santa Pe, New Mexico. It was decided at the Santa Fe, New Mexico, preliminary hearing that when the field was sufficiently developed to show the reservoir characteristics, that an additional hearing would be held for the purpose of establishing proper rules and regulations for the production. This is that hearing being held today in Midland, Texas. The Dollarhide Oil Field has several producing horizons.

		Schedule Allowable
"Clear Fork	85 Wells	7,281 barrels
Devonien	134 Vells	10,241 barrels
Ellenberger	46 Wells	3,984 barrels
Silurian	59 Wells	8,653 barrels
Fast Dollarhide Devonian	4 Wells	155 barrela
Rast Silurian	1 Well	66 barrels
	320 Wells	30.380 barrels

The authority for joint state action was granted by the Congress of the United States pursuant to the United States Constitution which provides for the sovereign states entering into interstate compacts, the interstate oil compact was ratified and approved by the Congress in 1935 and has been responsed and re-ratified several times since. This ratification and the treaty entered into by the sovereign states pursuant to this ratification gives the states the right to do all things necessary to prevent physical waste in the production of eil and gas.

"It is notable that herein seventeen years ago the sovereign oil producing states authorities, by entering into the compact and getting the consent of the Congress to operate under that compact, made unnecessary any Federal interference or Federal control of the oil and gas producing business."

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Will the witnesses who expect to testify rise and be sworn; just rising doesn't mean you

have to testify. It makes you eligible so that we won't have to take time to swear you again. You might want to say something; get up and be sworn and save doing it again. Will you raise your right hands?

(WHEREUPON, ALL THE WITHESSES WERE DULY SWORM.)

GUMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Who will favor us by leading off? Mr. Thompson?

MR. THOMPSON: My name is Raybourne Thompson, representing Fure Oil Company, which is one of the operators on the Texas side of the Dollarhide Fields. Pure has been in this field since discovery. It has assembled all of the information that has been available to it on this field and we would like to present some of that testimony if the Commission would like to hear it.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: We have agreed, both State
Commissions, that we would be honored to have you present
it in your own way.

MR. THOMPSON: We would like to present Mr. M. H. L. Keener first.

MR. KEEMER: I would like to hand you these duplicate exhibits. This is Exhibit I and this is Exhibit 2. (Indicating).

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Proceed.

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Would you state by whom you are employed and in what capacity?
- A I am employed by The Pure Oil Company, Division Development Geologist, Texas Production Division at Fort Worth.

- Q All geological problems of The Pure Oil Company in this Dollarhide Field is under your direct supervision?
- A That is correct.
- Q Would you please give us the geology of this field, Mr.

 Keener, including when it was discovered and such other pertinent information that bears on the geology of the field?
- A With your permission, I would like to talk from the exhibits hanging on the wall. The Dollarhide Field is located in the extreme Southwest corner of Andrews County, being at the intersection of Block 852, Public School Land Survey; Block A-55, Public School Land Survey in Texas, and in Township 24-South, Grange 3018 in New Mexico, and Township 25-South, Grange 3018, also in New Mexico. It is geographically located ten miles East of Jal, New Mexico, thirty miles Southwest of Andrews, Texas, twenty miles North of Kermit. The field was discovered by Magnolia-Humble joint venture, E. P. Cowden No. 1 in June, 1945. This well was a Devonian completion. The West Dollarhide discovery was the Skelly-Seaboard and Maxwell State No. 1-J, completed in August, 1951, as an Ellenberger producer. Both fields are now producing from four common pays, the Clearfork, or known in New Mexico as Drinkard, at approximately 6100; the Devonian at 7400; the Silurian at 8150', and Ellenberger at 9600'. In addition, there have been two completions on the extreme West side of the New Mexico area, between sands; I believe shown on the exhibit as ground wells. The average elevation for this area

- is 3150' above sea level.
- Q Mr. Keener, let's take up your different reservoirs. Suppose first you explain Pure's Exhibit No. 1, I believe that's how it is identified.
- A Exhibit 1 is a location map of the two areas, scale one inch
 to a thousand feet; the various colors representing the completions in each of the four producing horizons are shown,
 common to both Texas and New Mexico. The colors at the bottom
 correspond to the colors on the wells and also correspond to
 the outline of the productive area shown on the map; the blue
 line representing the Clearfork or Drinker production, that
 is, wells completed to date, and the yellow representing the
 Devonian production. The Silurian or Ellenberger wells have
 not been shown on this map but in Texas they are restricted
 to approximately three and a-half sections on the crest of
 the structure which is located along the East side.
- Q What has been the pattern of development on the Texas side?
- A On the Texas side, wells have been drilled in general to the lowermost producing horizon with twins or dual completions being made for the shallow pay.
- Q What is the well density on the Texas side?
- A All pays have been developed on 40 acre spacing.
- Q Is that what the Commission rules provide for?
- A For the three lower pays, field rules provide for that spacing.
- Q 40 acre spacing. Suppose you explain Pure's Exhibit No. 2.
- A The line of cross-section represented by Exhibit Eo. 2 is shown

on the map, Exhibit 1, by a red line. It is a general East-West section to the North half of the field, of the Texas
Field, and to the Central part of the New Mexico area. The
four pays are shown on the cross-section in the same colors
as shown on the map, the uppermost being Clearfork, then the
Devonian, Fusselman -- correction, that's the Silurian pay,
the Fusselman being the name of the formation in which the
Silurian pay is encountered, and the Ellenberger.

- Q Suppose you tell us something about the reservoir rock, or whatever you call it -- the formation.
- A The number of producing wells in the Texas area, in the Clear-fork reservoir, as of October 15, was 83; the New Mexico area had two Drinker completions. These are shown in the blue beaxes.
- Q Drinker is the same as Clearfork?
- A Yes, sir, it is called Drinker in New Mexico. The geological structure of the Clearfork reservoir contoured on top of the Tubb formation, with the marker at the top of the Clearfork pay, shows the Morth-South trending anticline approximately five miles long and two and a-half miles wide located in Texas and separated by a saddle which follows a structural high in New Mexico. Indentations on the Tubb contour reflect, in a general way, the pre-Permian faulting. Dips range from 250 to 500' per mile. In the Texas area, the highest point on the structure -- this area (Indicating) -- the Mortheast part of the field, is -2920'. In the New Mexico area, the highest point on the structure is only 10' higher, located on the

However, there is some indication in edge wells that some water-bearing porosity lenses have been penetrated at this depth. The field limits will probably be established by lack of porosity development.

Mexico area has been shown by the six producing wells in this horison on the Texas side. (Indicating). There is a producing Clearfork well on each of these locations on the line of cross-section. There have been numerous drill stem tests in 14 New Mexico wells which have penetrated this section as well as the two Clearfork completions in the West Bollarhide area.

Westward from the State line, the Gulf Leonard 16-E made three drill stem tests in the Clearfork, or Drinker, each of which recovered oil and gas-cut mud, and one of which circulated out 16 barrels of oil. The next well to the West, Gulf Leonard "E", recovered oil and gas-cut mud, together with small quantities of free oil. Gulf took their drill stem tests over a 779' interval.

The Skelly-New Mexico State 1-J, the discovery well for the West Dollarhide Field, flowed 21 bbls. of oil in two and a-half hours in a 120' section at the top of the Clearfork pay and had very encouraging results from the second test over an additional 620' of section.

Westward along this line, other drill stem tests have indicated oil and gas-cut mad and small quantities of free oil and the last position on the line of cross-section has Excelly State 4-L. The Clearfork pay section consists of dense, limy, crystalline limestones and Dolomite with numerous thin shales and some Anhydrite streaks. The top of this pay section occurs at approximately 100' below the top of this Tubb marker. Porosity is scattered throughout the section from the top of the pay for as much as 900' into the section. Average gross pay is 650', approximately thirty percent of which can be considered net pay. Interstitial porosity development in both the Dolomite and Limestone and scattered porosity is present throughout the section. Best development of this porosity is in the 120' zone immediately overlying the line of section which is found at approximately 520' below the Tubb marker.

Within this zone, core analyses have indicated porosity as high as twenty percent; permeabilities of as much as 70 to 80 millidarcys. However, an average of ten percent porosity and ten millidarcy permeability is more representative of the net pay throughout the section. Water saturation is eighteen percent, from core analyses.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You just take your time, now; there is no rush.

A Although the water level is not clear-cut in the Clearfork, a figure of -3750 is believed to be a conservative estimate for the Texas area. A large number of wells have been completed at this depth in open hole to produce, without producing water, and some have been completed as low as -3800'.

been a Clearfork completion.

- Q You think that the oil accumulation in this reservoir is continuous. Texas over New Mexico?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Within the limits of the field as it has now been defined?
- A The lower portion of the shaded area on the cross-section represents this water level of -3750. I believe that applies equally to both areas, in both territories in each of the two States.
- Q Will you proceed with the Devonian reservoir and give us the information on that?
- A Similar data on the Devonian, there have been 134 Devonian completions in Texas and 6 in New Mexico, one complete in the past week. The current productive area in Texas is based on 40 acres per well and would be 5360 acres, and 240 acres in New Mexico. The general geological structure contoured on top of the Devonian formation resembles, in a general way, the shallower Clearfork structure. However, the dips are steeper and there is faulting throughout the field. The pre-Permian structure, of which the Devonian is the top of the pre-Permian member in this area, shows faulting bordering the Eastern side of the Texas field, and we have cross-faults throughout the Texas area as well as some faulting in the New Mexico area. The two areas of Texas and New Mexico are connected at the top saddle, the lowest point of which is still more than 700° above the Devonian water level. This is

represented on the cross-section by the yellow band, representing the Devonian pay section, and the dashed yellow line representing the Devonian water level. The line is 53001. On the top of the Texas structure, the Devonian section has been removed by erosion; only one well in the New Mexico area has indicated slight truncation. However, the top of the atructure in the two areas is practically level, even though in the Texas area there has been a full 200' of section. The Devonian section is a line of Dolomite with 40 to 60' of cherty zone at the top and 55 to 80' of buff, weathered, calcareous chert at the base. The intervening section is white crystalline lime and the entire Devonian, except where it is truncated, is overlain by Woodford shale. The porosity development in the upper cherty Dolomite is from interstitial and fractured porosity; where best developed, the lower weathered chert is relatively homogeneous containing secondary solution drive. The average porosity for the section is approximately 13 percent, with an average permeability of 40 millidarcys. Water is encountered in the Devonian only along the edge wells in which the top of the Devonian has dipped down below the -5300'. A few wells located close to the fault have produced water from slightly higher points. Of the 15 wells which have obtained formation fluid by testing the Devonian in the New Mexico area, only one, the Texas Penny Federal, has been low enough structurally to produce formation water. This is the extreme South end and there is

a possibility of faulting on the Southwest side of that area.

It is believed that the water level in the Texas and New Mexico fields are both approximately 5300' subsea. Along the line of cross-section, each location in the Texas area supports a Devonian producing well. The off-set on the New Mexico side, the Gulf 16-E Leonard, has penetrated the Devonian and drill stem tested it but has not yet been completed. Each of the next two wells to the West, along the line of cross-section, have recovered encouraging amounts of oil and gas-cut mad, and the third well, the Skelly-New Mexico 2-J, flowed 51 bbls. of oil in two hours on a drill stem test. While the next two wells did not test the Devonian, the Westernmost well from the line of cross-section, the Elliott Federal 1-H, recovered 315' of heavy oil and gascut mad on two hour test and the South off-set to this well has recently been completed in the Devonian.

- Q So you feel that there is continuity of the oil column in this reservoir extending from Texas into New Mexico and vice versa?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Now, your cross-section does not indicate continuity in the oil column in the Silurian and in the Ellenberger, is that your interpretation?
- A Yes, sir. As previously mentioned, the Silurian and Ellenberger production in Texas is limited to these four sections along the West side of the field. The formation dips below

the established water level before reaching the producing area in New Mexico.

- Q So there is a saddle in between these two producing reservoirs which separates the oil column?
- A That's correct.
- Q In the respective States?
- A In both the two lower pays, the top of the formation dips below the water level, which in these two reservoirs is the field limit, the intersection of the water level and the top of the formation.
- Q For the record, you might give what information you have concerning the properties of the Silurian reservoir and also the Ellenberger.
- A The Silurian reservoir is often referred to as the Fusselman in this area. It contains 59 producers in Texas and four in New Mexico. Contours on top of the Fusselman formation reflect this dip into the water level. Control in the Fusselman extends to a point approximately one mile ---

commissioner Thompson: Will you stop just a minute? Just at this point, let the record show in the beginning of the hearing that the movement of the hearing room from the City Hall to the Courthouse, there was some confusion, of course; let the record show that Mr. Shepard, the Land Commissioner of the State of New Mexico and a Nember of the Conservation Commission is sitting with Mr. Spurrier and myself, and also at this

point at the beginning of the record, let it show that the Governor of New Mexico on yesterday by telephone through his secretary expressed his concern over this meeting and his interest in it and said that his two colleagues would be here in attendance. Also, let the record show that the Chairman of our Commission is engaged in an important piece of business today and expressed his regret at not being able to come, and Mr. Murray, the other Commissioner of the Texas Commission, is conducting a hearing in Austin.

You may proceed. Excuse me for the interruption. A In the Silurian reservoir, the structural control has some dip below the water level. However, there is a gap from a mile to a mile and a-half between control points on the two sides of the line. This is shown by the wells in the crosssection not penetrated down to the Fusselman level. The Pusselmen or Silurian is a white to light-colored medium crystalline lime, grading down to the Dolomite; approximately 300 to 350' maximum thickness in the porous section is encountered. Both porosity and permeability are rather uniform throughout the section; however, some tightening of porosity near the top of the section is indicated along the North flank of the structure. However, because of the active water encroachment along the flanks of the structure, it is believed that porosity development is good in the section. The average porosity for the Silurian is 5.8 percent, with an average permeability of 9 millidarcys. Water saturation has not been determined. Although a few tests as low as -5550 in the Dollarhide Texas Field have shown no water, an initial water level of -5520 has been rather well established for the field. In the West Dollarhide area, five wells have been completed in the Fusselman. Water free recompletions have been made as low as -5601; whereas, four wells have shown water to be above -5644. It is believed that the water level in the West Dollarhide area is between these depths of -5601 and -5640, which would place the water table 80 to 120' lower than the Texas producing area. This has been shown on the cross-section by the bottom of the Silurian pay in New Mexico being located approximately 100' lower than the Texas area. In the Texas area, there is 525' below the water level.

- Q What about the base of your water in the Silurian, does it have a common base in Texas and New Mexico, or do you know?
- A You mean how far the porosity will extend into the section?
- A The base of the water would probably be the base of the porosity. There is 300 to 350' of porosity in the Silurian-Fusselman pay, and that is reduced by the position of the water level within that porosity.

I would like to continue with the Ellenberger. There are 45 Ellenberger producers in the Texas Dollarhide and seven in the New Mexico West Dollarhide. As in the case of the Silurian reservoir, the Ellenberger structure closely matches the

Devonian. Here again, on the base of the Devonian control, the top of the Ellenberger pay drops below the water level across the connecting saddle; this area (Indicating). The structure of the three pre-Permian pays, Devonian, Silurian and Ellemberger, are very similar, faulting found in one has been carried on to the other two and it has been reflected in the shallower Permian contours, not necessarily as faults but as indentations of the contours. Although we do not have deep control across the saddle for the Silurian and Ellenberger, we feel that the Devonian control can easily be extended to the lower pay. The Ellenberger is a medium, coarsely crystalline Dolomite, containing minor amounts of chert and sand. The maximum penetration of the Dollarhide structure has been 480! in the Humble-Cowden 9-B. Vugular and fractured perosity is welldeveloped. The average porosity is 2.2 percent, with an average permeability of 5 millidarcys. The initial water level for the Dollarhide Texas Ellenberger reservoir has been established at -7000' and in the West Dollarhide area, satisfactory completions have been made as low as '7130', but drill stem tests show that the water level is not far below that point. The Gulf State No. 9-B, a recent Ellenberger completion through perforations down to -7115, is reportedly making a small amount of water at present. The water level of -7130 has been assumed to determine the ultimate productive limits in the West Dollarhide area.

- Q Do you have anything further that you would like to add concerning the geology of these fields?
- As mentioned, there is some faulting in both areas; in the Texas area where we have control, I think we have these pretty well tied-down. In the New Mexico area, there is some rather major faulting which has not been tied-down due to the small number of wells.

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: "Tied-down," just what do you mean by "tied-down"?

A We know it is between one well and another but we can't tell the direction in which it is running. It appears to be on the Southwest side of the New Mexico structure.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I know what it means, but I want the record to clearly reflect just what you mean by "tied-down."

A However, the deep structure, the Ellenberger structure and the Silurian, together with the faults in those structures, have been reflected in the Devonian and also in the shallower Permian markers, and even though we don't have deep control, we feel that the Devonian control points are indicative.

MR. THOMPSON: That's all we have from Mr. Keener.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Mr. Macey, would you like
to ask the witness some questions?

MR. MACRY: No, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Mr. Singletary?
MR. SINGLETARY: No. sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Mr. Spurrier?

MR. SPURRIER: No, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Mr. Shepard?

MR. SHEPARD: No, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Does anyone in the audience wish to wak a question of this witness before he is excused from the stand? Anyone?

MR. SELINGER: Yes, I'd like to.

COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: Will you tell your connection, what Company you're with?

MR. SELINGER: My name is George W. Selinger, I am with the Skelly Oil Company at Tulsa, Oklahoma.

- Q (By Mr. Selinger) Mr. Keener, as I understand your testimony, it is to the effect that there is an oil continuity across the State line in the Devonian and Clearfork somes and a lack of oil continuity across the State line in the Silurian or Fusselman and Ellenberger zones, is that correct?
 - A For the two shallower pays, that is exactly correct. The two lower pays we have broken up without showing the oil section across the State line. There is a lack of continuity across the saddle. Exactly how far this oil section will extend up here (Indicating), or just where the reversal may be is not established. If the reversal were here (Indicating), the oil column would cross the State line.
 - Q But looking at your Exhibit 2, there is a lack of oil contimuity from the present oil production in the Dollarhide Field

in Texas and in the West Dollarhide Field in New Mexico in the Silurian or Pusselman and Ellenberger?

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any further questions?
Anyone?

- Q (By Mr. Ehlers) I assume that that cross-section is true scale, am I right?
- A Yes, sir, it's 500' to the inch, vertical and horisontal.
- Q I couldn't tell from here but I thought that was true. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Was it prepared under your direction?

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any further questions?
Anyone? Feel free.

MR. RAY: I'm Carl J. Ray with The Texas Company.

- Q (By Mr. Ray) Mr. Keener, I notice your cross-section runs approximately midway, speaking of North and South area of this field, and concerning the picture on the Devonian horizon, could you tell me what the effect might be if it were run through a section -- run through the wells in the Southernmost part of the New Mexico Field?
- A On the Southernmost end, there are few wells to tie to; you move one location South to get a line of wells through there.

 There is a suggestion of faulting and a very sharp dip down to the Southernmost area.

- Q The wells I had particular reference to would be this line of wells down here (Indicating). I notice these are colored in here in the Devonian color.
- A The effect of this faulting in the Southwestern part of the West Dollarhide, I don't believe has yet been established with respect to the Southernmost wells here. There is faulting with a sharp dip in between these two Southernmost wells, but the direction of that faulting in there is hopeful.
- Q Is there any evidence in faulting in that area in the North-South direction?
- A No. There is probably a North-South component to this fault; we haven't found anything cut through the field.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any other questions? Feel free to ask the questions. You get information free here. I take it, Mr. Thompson, there is no more questions of this witness. Thank you for your appearance and I congratulate the witness on the nice presentation.

MR. THOMPSON: We would like to call Mr. Dure as our next witness.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Please be at ease and take your time.

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Mr. Dure, state your full name and by whom you are employed and in what capacity.
- A My full name is Jack T. Dure, I am employed by The Pure Cil Company in the official capacity of Chief Production Engineer of the Texas Producing Division, Meadquarters at Fort Worth,

- Q Are all production engineering problems of The Pure Oil Company in the Bollarhide Fields under your direction and supervision?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Mr. Dure, I believe there have been several hearings before the Texas Railroad Commission in this field, is that correct?
- A That's correct.
- Q And the reservoir's statistical data has heretofore been introduced in the record before the Railroad Commission and has been brought down from time to time?
- A That is correct.
- Q Have you assembled all of the reservoir data pertaining to these reservoirs which you have and brought that right down to date?
- A We have; insofar as our records permit it, we have brought it up to date.
- Q That information is contained in Pure Exhibit No. 3?
- A That's correct.

MR. THOMPSON: At this time, I would like to offer in evidence Pure's Exhibits 1 and 2.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Without objection, they will be received. Is there an objection from anyone? I hear none. They will be admitted and named 1 and 2 according to your own designation. Which will be No. MR. THOMPSON: They are marked.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: According to the marks you have on the exhibits.

MR. THOMPHON: Fure Exhibit No. 3 will consist of the reservoir statistical data concerning which Mr. Dure has just mentioned. I have here extra copies ---

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Mr. Dure, I think Mr. Keener testified that the reservoirs mentioned had been developed on the Texas side on 40 acre spacing, is that correct?
- A That is correct.
- Q Is it your opinion that that is a proper pattern of development for these reservoirs?
- A Yes, that is our opinion. We recommend it to the Railroad Commission, that such a pattern be established.
- Q And that pattern has been established by the Railroad Commission?
- A It has in the three deeper fields. At the present time, there are no field rules for the Bollarhide Clearfork.
- Q There never have been any for the Clearfork reservoir?
- A Wo, sir, it is operated under Statewide rules.
- Q But it has been developed on 40 acre spacing?
- A That's right.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: One well to 40?

- A One well to 40.
- Q (By Mr. Thompson) And under the same rules that pert in to the other three reservoirs?
- A That is correct.

- Q Do you think that it would be well to make the rules that pertain to the other reservoirs applicable to the Clearfork reservoire A Yes, I do.
- Q Do you so recommend that the Railroad Commission of Texas do
- A That would be our recommendation, yes.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And why?

A We have, in observing the field performance, observed pressure communication throughout the field and on that basis believe that one well can adequately and properly drain 40 acres.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: It is your testimony as a petroleum engineer with the experience that you have had in this field that one well will adequately drain 40 acres?

A That is correct.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And that you recommend to this Commission that one to 40 be adopted as the rule? A I do.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Proceed.

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Mr. Dure, what type of energy do you have in this Glearfork reservoir which brings the oil out of the
- A The Clearfork reservoir -- let's correct that, the oil found in the Clearfork reservoir initially was undersaturated. To

the present date, this field has produced under a solution gas drive mechanism and various calculations on the field as a whole have indicated that there is no entry of extraneous fluids into the reservoir that we can determine at the present

- Q That, then, would be -- what would you call that, a gas expansion?
- A Solution gas drive. Q Solution gas drive field. No water drive?
- A We have been able to determine no water drive.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Would you say no active

A Wo active water drive, and to further bear that out, several of the wells have produced small amounts of water on initial completion. After a period of twelve to eighteen months of additional production history on that particular well, it is still producing water but in a lesser amount than it did when it was first completed.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Which would lead you to be-

A It would lead me to believe that it is connate water that was laid down in the formation when the formation was laid down.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: If you had a hydrostatic

drive, what would be the ---

A I would expect the water to show increases, particularly in those wells that are positioned low structurally.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That would be the natural

A That would be the natural phenomenon: We have not had that occurrence.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Go ahead.

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) What about the Devonian reservoir?
- A The Devonian reservoir is producing under the same type of mechanism that we have found in the Clearfork; namely, solution gas drive.
- C And you have found no active water drive?
- A We have found that the water production, there were a few wells completed initially producing water; these wells have shown no increase in water production. There have been a few traces of water shown up over the field but none of them have ever increased appreciably. Also, I might add that calculations on the reservoir as regards withdrawals and pressure relationships also indicate the absence of the influx of extraneous fluids into the reservoir.
 - Q Mr. Dure, have the operators on the Texas side of the field established any procedure for taking pressures in any of these reservoirs and do you have any type of an engineering group that discusses the reservoir engineering problems in
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- Q Mr. Dure, have the operators on the Texas side of the field established any procedure for taking pressures in any of these reservoirs and do you have any type of an engineering group that discusses the reservoir engineering problems in these fields?
- A In the Dollarhide Field, the Reservoir Engineering Committee was established by the operators for the purpose of making possible interchange of information. Also, the operators in

the Dollarhide Fields have in the early days conducted quarterly bottom-hole pressure surveys; for the last couple of years, have cut that down to semi-annual surveys in each of the four producing horizons.

commissioner from and have you had those meetings and had this interchange of information?

A We have interchanged the information.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You did not have the meetings, you simply swapped the information?

A It was simply a case of a mechanism whereby we made our information available to the other operators and vice versa.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And did the other operators make their information available to you?

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And did you use it? Did you read it?

A We have used it in our own work in keeping track of the performance of the reservoir.

> COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You said you had the mechanism, but did you actually ---

A It has been an operating mechanism.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That's what I'm trying to develop.

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Has that exchange of information been going on since this field was brought in?
- A Yes, sir. I believe that Committee was established, oh,

roughly, six or seven months after the initial well was completed.

- Q Did the Railroad Commission of Texas rules require pressure surveys in these reservoirs?
- A They do not.
- Q But they have been taken by the operators quarterly?
- A Quarterly in the initial -- in the early stages of development of the field; they are now being taken semi-annually.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Reading through this data, if you will pardon me a second, Mr. Thompson, I find here on Page 6, "Early pressure history in the Devonian was erratic."

A That's true.

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: "Later drilling showed this pay to be faulted, accounting for this early inconsistency in pressure history."

A That is true. In the extreme South end of the field, there is a Northeast-Southwest fault, forming a South fault segment in the Devonian reservoir. I might say that all initial -- all early completions in the Devonian horizon were made in that particular section and it was after it was developed, the deeper horizons were discovered to the North and development to the North showed that the Devonian was productive but very little production occurred from that section as the wells were completed in the deeper horizons.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That's all I had, Mr.

Thompson.

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Do you think that it would be well to have a Commission requirement making it mandatory that the operators take periodic bottom-hole pressure surveys in this field?
- A I think it would be desirable to have the information. We have been taking it, and in view of the fact that the field has moved across the State line and we have two Commissions involved in it, it would be my thought that it would be well to have it set up as a provision that these pressures be taken.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: How often would you suggest?

A Semi-annually.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: What dates would you sug-

A At the present time, we are using the months of April and October.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You find those months comvenient?

A We found them convenient until our gasoline plant got going.

We are seriously considering changing to May and Movember.

COMMISSIONER TECHTSON: You recommend that semiannual tests be required and made when?

A May and November.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That would be your recom-

mendation?

A That would be our recommendation.

COMMISSIONER THEFFSON: And that would be convenient to your operation?

A We would recommend that it be a key well survey.

COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: So it will inconvenience you as little as possible?

A That's correct.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And still make the information available?

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That's what we want, the information.

A The reason for our changing months is that the gasoline plant was running separate tests at that time.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That's the reason I asked

if it were convenient, so that it would not inconvenience
you too much.

- A That would be perfect.
- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Should that survey also be made on the New Mexico portion of the field?
- A It is our belief that it should.
- Q In all of these reservoirs?
- A In all these reservoirs.
- Q You think that you can better determine by looking at these pressures whether your withdrawals are too much, too little ---

- A Yes, sir.
- Q By these pressures?
- A That information is necessary to make any study in an effort to determine the proper nature of the withdraws! yete.
- Q Is it your opinion that your withdrawals from the Texas portion of the Clearfork reservoir will affect the pressures in the New Mexico portion of the Clearfork reservoir?
- A I do.
- Q Is it also your opinion that the same thing prevails with respect to the Devonian reservoir?
- A I do.
- Q Do you have any opinion concerning the Silurian and Ellenberger reservoirs?
- A I think there is a possibility that the same relationship will apply there.
- Q You feel that the pressure surveys should be made a requirement in both Texas and New Mexico with respect to the Silurian and Ellenberger, just like the Devonian and Clearfork?
- A I do.
- Q So that you can determine whether withdrawals in one area are affecting the withdrawals in another or vice versa?
- A That's one necessary piece of information in making such determination.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: What other pieces of information are necessary to make a determination?

A The other pieces of information, we have parts of them here,

the standpoint of geological structure, the continuation of the pay horizon and the pressure information that will either tend to confirm or deny that relationship that you've been able to determine from your geological work.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: To know what is going on all over the field?

- A That is correct.
- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Back to your Clearfork reservoir, are the allowables in Texas different from the allowables in New Mexico?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q Do you feel that that should or should not continue?
- A No, sir, I believe that they should be the same.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Some are higher and some are lower on both sides?

A Right.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Do you think they should be the same?

- A I think they should be equalized, treated as one field.

 COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: As a reservoir?
- A As a reservoir, yes, sir.
- Q (By Mr. Thompson) What about the Devonian?
- A The same thing applies there.
- Q Withdrawals there should be the same?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q And you state that you don't have sufficient information at hand to make a determination with respect to the Silurian and

Ellenherger?

As I stated, I think, a moment ago, if there is a possibility that withdrawals in one would affect the other. I don't think there is sufficient information at the present time to determine that.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: But in order to play mafe, if you had the same rules on both sides as though it were all in one State -- the fact that the State line runs through it doesn't have anything to do with the reservoir?

- A It doesn't have anything to do with the reservoir, no, sir.

 COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Go shead.
- A As I stated before, we think there is a possibility that withdrawals from one would affect the ---

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: If they were the same rules, that would take care of that?

A If they were treated the same, that would eliminate any possibility. At the present time, we can't say definitely that that condition exists.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Ain't nobody been down there, they don't know for sure.

- A That's correct, we haven't been there by proxy.
- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Did you testify that the allowables were or were not the same in Texas and New Mexico with respect to the Devonian reservoir?
- . A I said they were different.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Well, I said there was some higher and some lover in both States. We don't want any imputations or inferences made that anybody is beating the other.

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Mr. Dure, the information contained in our Exhibit Mo. 3 correctly reflects what it purports to reflect and it is accurate?
- A Insofar as we have been able to make it.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Was it prepared under your direction?

A Yes, sir, it was.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Did you help in the preparation?

A In parts of it, yes, sir.

MR. THOMPSON: We will offer as our Exhibit No. 3 the reservoir statistical data.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Without objection, they will be received. Is there objection to the data? He has testified they are just as written down here. I hear no objection. They will be admitted as numbered, by both Commissions.

MR. THOMPSON: That's all the testimony we have of Mr. Dure.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You have a question, Mr. Singletary?

Q (By Mr. Singletary) This question has to do with the Ellen-

berger and Silurian transcript, principally. Last year, it was testified in our MER hearings that both these reservoirs had good water drives.

- A That's correct.
- Q Even though they do not connect at this time across the State line, don't you think it would be advantageous in these two reservoirs that the withdrawal rates be the same?
- A Provided the water table is continuous under them, yes, sir.
- Q You think that it is a continuous ---
- A I think it is a strong possibility, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You would recommend that identical allowables be given?

A We have recommended that pressures be required in order that we can determine that relationship.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And use those pressures for that determination?

A Yes, sir, for that determination.

CCHRISSIONER THOMPSON: That's the point he was making. Any other questions?

MR. SHEPARD: Your wells in the Dollarhide pool should be treated as one pool?

- A You mean each of the individual pay horizons?

 MR. SHEPARD: Yes, on each side of the line.
- A On the two upper ones, we are recommending that they be treated as one pool.

MR. SHEPARD: What proration would you recommend for the entire pool?

- A Our recommendation today has been that they be equalized.

 MR. SHEPARD: But what proration?
- A We have recommended in the Dollarhide side that the MER in the Clearfork be set at 92 bbls. the daily allowable be set at 92 bbls. per day. We have also recommended previously to the Texas Railroad Commission that the allowable in the Devonian be set at 100 bbls. per day andwe can only judge on the basis of the performance history we have in the Texas side, and on that basis that has been our recommendation, and we're not we don't we have no basis on which to recommend the change today.

MR. SMEPARD: You are recommending one to the 40 or what acreage basis?

A Sur recommendation on that, and we believe it is right, is one well to each 40 acres. Of course, we have recommended to the Railroad Commission in the field rules and which have been accepted, that a tolerance be recognized.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Explain what you mean by "tolerance."

A In the Texas rules, as provided, you drill one well to 40 acres but if when the last well on the lease is drilled there remains in excess of twenty acres or less, it is credited to the last well drilled on that lease.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That is to obviate the necessity of drilling an extra well on twenty acres.

A That's correct, and I understand that in the New Mexico side

- A That is correct.
- Q And insofar as the Silurian or Fusselman and Ellenberger zones are concerned, your only recommendation is for the taking of bottom-hole pressures?
- A That is correct.
- Q Now, when you refer to equality of allowables with respect to the Devonian and Clearfork, do you know what the allowable is on the New Mexico side?
- A In which pay?
- Q Either pay, both pays?
- A The allowable in the West Drinkard Dollarhide is 80 bbls. per day; in the West Dollarhide Devonian, it is 135 bbls. per day.
- Q What is it on the Texas side?
- A In the Clearfork, it is 91 bbls. per day and in the Devonian it is 100 bbls. per day.
- Q Mow, in order to get your allowables on an equality basis with Mew Mexico, what are you going to do about shut-downs?
- A We have not made any suggestions in that relationship, Mr. Selinger.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Couldn't you solve that by not having shut-downs on the Texas side?

A I think that would be an admirable solution.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That would be harmony between the States, would it not? Respecting the sovereign sister States?

there are some Federal lots that have been unitized with adjoining 40's to drill and our thought would be on that that acreage would certainly be used in arriving at the allowable for that well.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Give them additional allowable for the additional acreage?

A Yes, sir, I certainly do.

MR. SHEPARD: When was oil first discovered in the Dellarhide?

A In 1945, I believe in the month of June.

MR. SMEPARD: By what Company?

A Magnolia Petroleum Company in 1945.

MR. SHEPARD: How many wells are on the Texas side?

Do you have that?

A Yes, sir, I have that. In the Dollarhide Clearfork pay in the Texas side there are now, according to the Railroad Commission schedule as of July 1, 1952, 82 wells; in the Devomian, there were 132; in the Silurian, there were 57; in the Ellenberger, there were 45.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Anyone else have a question of this vitness?

Q (By Mr. Selinger) Mr. Dure, as I understand your testimony, you are advocating -- Pure Oil Company is advocating an equality of allowables between the two State fields insofar as the Devonian and Clearfork zones are concerned, is that right?

- A And would simplify administration by the two regulatory bodies.

 COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: It would be fair and reasonable and equitable, would it not?
- A It would, in our opinion.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I am asking if it's your opinion.

A Yes, sir.

RR. SELINGER: I just wanted the record to show that.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That's a very good point,

Er. Selinger, I am glad you brought it up, and we're

trying to indicate our willingness to go along with our
sister sovereign State.

- Q (By Mr. Selinger) Insofar as the Clearfork is concerned, in the equality of allowables, you would leave the Texas Clearfork as is and you would raise the New Mexico allowable from 80 bbls. up to 92?
- A Under that system, that would be the action that would have to be taken.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: If it were shown that that was excessive by the bottom-hole pressure decline, what would you do then?

A I think in that instance it would be necessary to petition the two bodies meeting here to again consider --

GONNISSIGNER THOMPSON: Reconsider the changed conditions?

A Reconsider the changed conditions and What steps should be

taken to correct it.

- Q (By Mr. Selinger) Do you know the type of Clearfork production you are getting over in the New Mexico side?
- A Mo, I'm not well-acquainted with it. The only thing we have are drill stem tests that we have received and reports on it.
- Q Do you know how many Clearfork wells there are over in the New Mexico side?
- A There are two completed at the present time.
- Q Do you know whether or not both of these wells can or cannot make 92 bbls.?
- A I do not know. I do know that one is on the pump.

MR. SE. DECER: That's all.

through the years they are not as good later, like men, as they were when they were younger.

MR. SELINGER: But these two New Mexico wells are later wells than they are over on the Texas side.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I understand. They are the younger ones. Any other questions of this witness by anyone?

MR. SHEPARD: Would you recommend that New Mexico keep the same allowables they have at this time?

A I would be a little bit at aloss as to whether or not I would be in a position to recommend to New Mexico as regards their wells. We would recommend that you consider equalization across this State line, and not having the information on those two wells in question and lacking producing history on that area, I frankly would be at a loss as to how to make a specific recommendation considering only those wells that you have. As I have stated previously, from the drill stem test data, production pay tops and the like we have on the New Mexico area as has been developed, and a great deal of that information is on wells that went to deeper horizons, we would recommend that it be considered as one reservoir or one pool.

MR. SHEPARD: Do you recommend that we come to the Texas proration or they go to ours?

A Well, our recommendation has been on the history on the Texas allowable and we would recommend staying with it, which would be recommending going to the Texas allowable.

MR. SHEPARD: You would go to the Texas?

A Yes, sir.

MR. SHEPARD: Why shouldn't they come to us?

A Well, that --- short of having producing history information on the New Mexico side, I couldn't tell you. We do have information on the Texas side to confirm the figure that we have recommended and we do have a considerable number of wells completed there and quite a bit of producing history.

MR. SHEPARD: Well, would you be villing to bring all the information to our Commission?

A Certainly. We have a great deal of it as reflected in this report that we have handed you.

MR. SHEPARD: Of course, this is just a general question; you may answer it if you want to. Why is it that Texas -- the Companies in Texas will drill right up to the New Mexico line and, speaking as a Texan to the Mexican line, and quit; why do they do that?

A I beg your pardon, I didn't follow you there.

MR. SHEPARD: Why did they drill right up to the line and quit?

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Do you know why?

A Oh, I'd better --- are you referring to the fact that the West row of locations on the Texas side are the last ones drilled?

Let me see if I got the question right. You are referring to the fact that the West row of wells was the last line of wells drilled?

MR. SHEPARD: Yes.

A That's what we're referring to.

MR. SHEPARD: Drilled right up to the line and then you quit?

A We drilled all of our acreage when we got to that point, as far as we are concerned.

MR. THEMPSON: You ran out of leases, is that it?

A We had no place else to drill and as one Company we have been moving gradually to the West down-structure.

MR. SHEPARD: What Company do you represent?

A I represent The Pure Sil Company.

MR. SHEPARD: You're excused, then. Is the Gulf

here or The Texas Company?

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Is The Texas Company here?

MR. SHEPARD: I asked the general question. Is

Gulf here?

MR. SMIMGER: I might explain ---

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: He wanted Texas or Gulf.

MR. SELINGER: I want to explain to both Commissions that our Company is the only Company that has production on both sides. Mone of the operators in the New Mexico side have production on the Texas side and none of the Texas operators have any production on the New Mexico side except Skelly.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: There is a Texas Company man.

MR. RAY: We are at the present time developing properties for Devonian, Drinkard, and Queens production on the New Mexico side. We have no leases on the Texas side.

MR. SHEPARD: You might buy a few there. That still don't alter the line.

MR. RAY: Not having my lease map, I --COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Gulf man?

MR. DON WALKER: I don't establish the drilling policy of the Gulf Oil Corporation, but we have three or four rigs running in that area at this time and we will drill cur wells on the locations in time.

MR. SHEPARD: As I say, the Gulf has drilled right up to the line, but you still don't want to cross the Mew Mexico line.

WR. WALKER: We don't operate in the Texas side;
we are in the New Mexico side ---

MR. SHEPARD: You are the biggest producer in New Mexico and I am asking you why you don't cross that line. There must be some reason for it.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You say you have three rigs running in New Mexico?

MR. WALKER: Three or four in that immediate area,

MR. RAY: Commissioner Shepard, I assume that this hearing is going to be recessed and to answer your particular question in regard ---

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: Wait just a second. We will take a recess until 1:30. Be prepared to answer Mr. Shepard's question at 1:30.

AFTENMOON SESSION 1:30 O'CLOCK, P.M., OCTOBER 23, 1952

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Are we ready to proceed?

Mr. Walker, you said you had three or four rigs drilling?

MR. WALKER: That's right. Several factors, of course, control our drilling policy and we are not in a position at this time to give you the reasons for not drilling or drilling. That's something that is established by many factors; namely, our budget for wild cat

development, availability of pipe and so forth.

commissioner Thompson: But have you drilled up to the line, drilled up to the Texas side and stopped at the New Mexico side?

MR. WALKER: We are drilling on the New Mexico side; that's the enly place we have acreage in that area.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You have none on the Texas side?

MR. WALKER: Mone on the Texas side, and as soon as we get one rig loose to complete a well, we move to another location and, as I say, I would like to have my Company furnish the Commission, if it pleases, reasons for not drilling faster or sooner.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Furnish them to Mr. Shepard. MR. WALKER: Fine.

COUNTS FOR THOMPSON: He says that satisfies him.

MR. SHEPARD: Thank you very much for your statement. That answers the question. General Thompson, you may proceed now.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Does The Texas Company want to say scmething?

MR. WALKER: Before Mr. Dure finishes with his testimony, I have one question I would like to ask him.

Q (By Mr. Walker) The allocation formula on the Texas side, as I understand it, which you propose to apply to the Clearfork Field, is 75-25, is that right?

- A The allocation formula in the Dollarhide field rules is 75-25, but -- I don't know whether I made myself clear or not -- personally, we wouldn't stand that that Order apply across the State line. We can't originally ask for 100 percent acreage in this particular instance.
- Q The New Mexico allocation formula is 100 percent acreage and that is agreeable to you in the future?
- A Yes, that would be agreeable to us.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Which do you recommend?

A We are standing on the record that we recommend 100 percent; we would stand behind that recommendation and so make it here.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Will you tell us why, 75 against 100 percent acreage? Why you favor 100 percent acreage?

- A In the particular instance we are referring to here --COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Dollarhide Field.
- Q --- there does not exist any small tracts in the Dollarhide Field and that being the case and as it is in regular sections, our thought would be that the 100 percent acreage is a straightforward, simple means of applying it.

COMBISSIONER THOMPSON: By straightforward and simple, do you mean from a reservoir engineering stand-point, or from the economic standpoint? Management standpoint?

A From every ---

GUNIASIONER TROMPSON: You are a petroleum engineer, are you not?

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Or a General Manager of the Company? Which?

A I am a petroleum engineer.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You are testifying here as a petroloum engineer, as a scientist?

A As a petroleum engineer, and also as a representative of Pure Gil Sempany in this instance.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You are taking in a lot of territory; I thought you were an engineer.

A I am, sir.

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: You are so testifying as an engineer?

A That is correct.

commissioner Thompson: Will you tell me what should be done as an engineer, 100 percent acreage or 75-25? Without talking about money, now.

A All right, we'll take the money completely out of the subject.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That's right, on your line of endeavor.

A In that particular instance, the reserveir -- particularly the two we're referring to are comparatively uniform in thickness, and that being the case, I firmly believe that

a straight acreage allocation plan would be equitable and would result in orderly and efficient drainage of the reser-

COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: I have one more question. Would that more nearly 51ve to each owner his proportion of recovery, in proportion to his cil in place? A Yes, air, in the absence of small tracts.

COUNTSSIGNER THOMPSON: Well, what have the small tracts got to do with it? If he's got one acre, he's not entitled to more than one-one ---

A Well, I follow you. Excuse me, I put in economics, and I ---COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I thought you were a petroleum engineer. A That's true.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Engineers would do well to stay with their engineering and let the management come down and testify about the economics, unless you hope to be a manager, you can't do it with petroleum engineering. Weire here talking about prevention of physical waste in the production of oil and/or gas.

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Would you say a fellow with one acre should have one-fortieth of the man with forty acres, with the same thickness? A With the same thickness ---

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Porosity and permeability?

A Porosity and permeability, his oil in place would be correctly reflected by one-fortieth.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You couldn't say anything else and be true to your engineering, could you?

A That's correct.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: One-fortieth of forty, isn't it?

A That's correct.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: With the same acre per producing horizon?

A Correct.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any further questions?

Anybody? Of this witness? Mr. Thompson wants his witness back.

- (By Mr. Thompson) Mr. Dure, would the allowable of any well on the Texas side of the field be changed if you had 100 percent acreage formula in effect now as distinguished from 75-25?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q It would?
- A It would be a very small change, but there would be a slight change.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: What would be that small change and whose acreage?

A The Pure Oil Company would suffer that change and they would lose approximately one-fortieth of the allowable on about 16 wells.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: What Company do you work for?

A The Pure Oil Company.

COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: And you are villing to punish your Company in order to be fair?

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That's the way to be an engineer. Any further questions by anybody?

- Q (By Mr. Ray) Mr. Dure, as I understand your recommendation, you have recommended that the MER established in Texas be applied to these reservoirs in the Clearfork and Devonian?
- A That is correct.
- Q And you have recommended the elimination of shut-down days for the Texas side?
- A Yes, sir, I believe, as I stated, it would be a very equitable way to handle it.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Unless you have shut-downs in New Mexico of an equal number?

A It would do the same thing.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You could do that just as Well?

A It could be done just as well.

CCHRISSIONER THOMPSON: All you want to do is see that everybody gets a fair play.

- A That's correct.
- Q (By Mr. Ray) Would your Company have -- do you have any

recommendation as to how many necessary adjustments in those allowables would be made under that system?

A I beg your pardon, I don't quite follow you.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: How would you calculate it?

A How would you accomplish this?

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Calculate it.

A Calculate 1t?

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Say we run on 23 days in the next month, they run 31 days --- 30 days in November in New Mexico?

A One method of handling it would be to eliminate the shut-down days on the Texas side.

COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: Give everybody the same ---

A That's correct. The New Mexico side in that instance would have to except that portion of that field from their normal method of calculating allowables.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Just make a flat allowable?

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Not to exceed a maximum amount. Suppose a Well can't make its allowable, how would you do that?

A It would be treated in the same way, in the manner we have treated wells with low capacities.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And how would you do that?

A If its capacity is lower than the top allowable, it is only assigned its capacity.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And the rest thrown back in the field to be made by other wells that can make it?

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I'm asking your recommends-A That has not been our practice.

tion. A I wouldn't recommend it.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I don't know anything about

how to do this, I'm trying to find out from you.

A Y78, Sir. We would recommend that they be assigned the same allowable that is assigned now to Texas walls.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: If they can't make it and you have an overage that does not produce, how would you

A Our recommendation on the underage would be that it is just lost.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Just lost forever?

A Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You give them an opportunity to make it and if they can't make it, it's just too bad. Mobedy gets the benefit. Do those who can?

A No, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You don't throw it back and allocate it in the pool?

A Mo, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any further questions of this witness? Mr. Selinger, don't you have a question? MR. SELINGER: No, I have a witness.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any questions? Witness excused. Next witness?

MR. THOMPSON: General Thompson, that's all the vitnesses The Pure Gil Company has to offer.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Do you have any statement you wish to make?

MR. THOMPSON: Well, at the conclusion we would like to make a statement at the proper time.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Who has other witnesses to offer?

MR. SELINGER: Skelly Oil Company.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: We are ready, Mr. Selinger. Whom do you have first? How many do you have?

MR. SELINGER: We have one now that we know so far.

- Q (By Mr. Selinger) State your name.
- A My name is Allen Ehlers.
- Q And you are associated with what Company?
- A Skelly Oil Company, Midland.
- Q In what capacity?
- A In the capacity of District Geologist, West Texas and New Mexico.
- Q And as such, does the Skelly Oil Company operations in the Dollarhide Field of Texas and the West Dollarhide Field of Mew Mexico come under your direct jurisdiction?
- A That's right, geologically.

- Q Now, for this particular hearing, have you had occasion to make a special study of both of these areas?
- A Yes, sir.
- and you have prepared three exhibits, the first exhibit being marked Skelly Exhibit I; what is that exhibit?
- A That is a structural map contoured on top of the Silurian-Fusselman producing formation. It is also essentially the top of the pay section.
- C That's a contour ---

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: Can't you put it on the wall, so all these gentlemen can see it?

MR. SELINGER: Yes, sir.

- Q (By Mr. Selinger) Now, referring to Skelly Exhibit I, that is a structure map of the contours on top of the Fusselman?
- A That is correct.
- Q And that indicates all of the Silurian or Fusselman wells on both sides of the State line, is that correct?
- A That's right, all wells which have penetrated the Fusselman or deeper are on that map.
- Q Nov, Skelly 011 Company has operations in the Dollarhide
 Pield proper in Texas and in the West Dollarhide Field in
 New Mexico, is that correct?
- A Correct.
- Q So that you have information not only on other operators' wells but detailed information on Skelly-operated wells on both sides of the State line insofar as the Silurian and

Devonian -- the Silurian and Ellenberger are concerned, is that correct?

- A The same information on both sides.
- Q Now, I see that you have a green line, a broken line, on both the Texas side and the New Mexico side; what does that green -- broken green line indicate?
- A Speaking of Exhibit I, which is that Fusselman structural map, that's the oil-water contact, approximately; I say approximately, vertically, but horizontally on the map, practically speaking, you can say it's exact or very nearly so.
- Q Now, how far apart are the nearest producing oil wells from the New Mexico side and the Texas side insofar as the Silurian or Fusselman production is concerned?
- A Approximately one mile.
- Q In your opinion, is it possible to get any Silurian or Fusselman production between those two water-oil contact points?
- A I would say that the geologic evidence we have, which in my opinion is quite ample, it is highly improbable to have Fusselman production between those two green lines.
- Q Is that information that you have available, is that based purely on theory or actual information from data on drilled wells?
- A That's based on geologic data, engineering data, sample logs and electric logs, drill stem tests, cross-sections, maps, and what have you.
- Q Are there any wells, either on the East side of the New Mexico portion of the Silurian or Fusselman or on the West side of the

- Silurian or Fusselman production on the Texas side which indicates any limitation of production?
- A Tes. First of all, on the New Mexico side, I should say we have about five wells providing us with oil-water contact data.
- Q Will you name the wells insofar as, just as the section is concerned, not the name of the well, but where are the wells located, in what section?
- A The most recent one is the Gulf No. 13-E, which would be in Section 4; there will be the -- I don't recall approximately -- the Northwest-Southwest -- Northwest area, that short section.
- Q What other wells are there in the New Mexico side?
- A One is the approximately diagonal Southwest offset well.
- Q In Section 5?
- A In Section 5, Southeast or Wortheast.
- Q Mow, another well?
- A The South offset to that is The Texas Company well in the Northeast -- Southeast of 5.
- Q What additional wells now?
- A Additional information as to the ---
- Q Silurian or Fusselman?
- A Silurian or Fusselman water table and possibility of production reported by the well in the Mortheast-Southeast of Section 32, and again by the Morth offset to that, which would be the Southeast-Mortheast of 32.
- Q Those are the five wells you have there on the New Mexico

sidet

- A I didn't count thom, but that there's another one I might add a half-mile North of that to make it six.
- Q Do you have any similar instances like that on the West side of the Dollarhide Field in Texas?
- A I believe we have a well in the Southeast and Mortheast of Section 16. We have a Morth-South row of wells on the East side of Section 25 which gave us information.
- Q Those four wells there?
- A Four Wells.
- Q Mow, go to what has been marked as Skelly Exhibit 2; now, what is that exhibit?
- A That is a structural contour map on top of the Ellenberger formation and again, essentially it depicts the configuration on the top of the pay section.
- Q How far apart are the Ellenberger producers from the Texas side and the New Mexico side, approximately?
- A This -- I can't quite go -- the shortest distance is Worthwest-Southeast; that would be about a mile and three-quarters.
- Q The dotted green line indicated on this exhibit is the wateroil contact, is that correct?
- A That is the oil-water contact in the Ellenberger formation.
- Q In your opinion as a geologist, is there any chance of production is there any possibility of Ellenberger production between those two broken green lines?
- A I would say it is highly improbable.

- Q Do you agree with the Pure Oil Company geologist witness, Mr. Keener, with respect to his exhibit as a continuity of the -- of the discontinuity of the Silurian or Fusselman and the Ellenberger as to its oil production?
- A Yes, I would agree that there is a discontinuity.
- Q Referring to Skelly Exhibit No. 3, will you explain to the two Commissions what that exhibit is?
- A Exhibit 3 is a West-East electrical log cross-section. That line of cross-section, as I read it from the map -- I don't know whether you all can see it -- but the left side of the cross-section is West. I might add the Westernmost well is the Elliott-Fusselman producer and then the cross-section extends Eastward to the apex of the original Dollarhide structure in Andrews County.
 - Q Mow, does your cross-section in a general way agree with Mr. Keener's cross-section?
 - A Yes, I think so. Perhaps Mr. Keener's section is a little more generalized; it's on true scale. It would be impossible to show true scale on this one because of the use of the electrical logs. One inch vertically here equals 200'; horizontally, 500, instead of a one to one ratio.
 - Q Now, in comparing the two exhibits, I notice that there is a great similarity of blank white space as to the Silurian and Ellenberger between the New Mexico portion and the Texas portion. Is there any thought in your idea that that white space would be filled-in with Ellenberger or Silurian producers?

A Well, in my mind there will be no Ellenberger and Fusselman oil in that space, that is, between those three lines here (Indicating), which would be right here in the cross-section (Indicating), highly improbable.

MR. SELINGER: I believe that's all we have of this witness.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any questions? Mr. Spurrier, do you have a question?

MR. SPURRIER: No.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Mr. Shepard?

MR. SHEPARD: No, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any questions from any party? Mr. Thompson?

Q (By Mr. Thompson) Mr. Ehlers, have the withdrawals from the Silurian and Ellenberger reservoirs in Texas had any effect on the pressures as you all found them in those two reservoirs?

MR. SELINGER: Just a minute, this man is a geologist, not an engineer.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You are going to have an engineering witness?

MR. SELINGER: No, we don't ---

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: If he happens to know through his own geological work; do you happen to know anything about the reservoir, engineering?

A Mo, I don't.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You don't have to testify about something you're not qualified to do.

A I have enough problems trying to be a geologist without being an engineer.

CONSTISSIONER THOMPSON: Unless it's in his own line. You might be a geologist and an engineer.

A I suppose as a geologist you have to assimilate some engineering, but I haven't assimilated that much.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: If you don't feel qualified to answer, you don't have to ---

A I don't feel qualified to answer.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Have you noticed any drawdown?

A I wouldn't know.

GCMMISSIOMER THOMPSOM: He doesn't know. Perfect answer, if you don't know.

- Q (By Mr. Thompson) Mr. Ehlers, does your Company have any pressure information on its wells in New Mexico in these two reservoirs that haven't been turned in to the Engineering Committee or to the respective Commissions?
- A Again I wouldn't knew; it's just another Department.

MR. THOMPSON: That's all.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Doesn't that come within the purview of your employment?

A No, sir, that's out of the jurisdiction of my duties with Skelly Oil Company.

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: He doesn't know, Mr. Thompson.

MR. THOMPSON: That's all.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any other questions? We've kept our record pretty straight by keeping the vitness right on what he knows. Any question by anybody? The witness is excused. Any other witness?

MR. SELIMSER: We would like to offer in evidence Skelly's Exhibits I to 3.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Do I hear any objection? Without objection, they will be admitted. I hear no objection; they will be admitted in the record. Any further witnesses?

MR. SHAVER: No witnesses, but I would like to make a statement. I'm Charles Shaver, representing Humble Oil & Refining Company and I would just like for the record to show that we agree with the position and the recommendations that have been made today by The Pure Oil Company.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: In particular, what do you agree with?

MR. SHAVER: With the equal withdravals from the two reservoirs that are common to both States. We feel that the Commissions should take joint action at this time to allow equal withdravals from the Clearfork and the Devonian reservoirs that are common to both New Mexico

and Texas.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: How about these two lower ones?

MR. SHAVER: I don't have -- I'm not qualified to speak, but according to what my people have told me ---

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Which people?

MR. SHAVER: The Humble.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Who told you in the Kumble?

MR. SHAVER: Well, I can get an engineer up here.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I just wanted to know what authority you have for speaking. Did Mr. Baker tell you?

MR. SHAVER: No, sir. We have an MER Proration Committee, of which Mr. Hubbard is a member here, and two or three other employees and it was the conclusion of that group at this time that we don't have sufficient information to determine the Silurian and the Ellenberger -- that they are continuous reservoirs.

COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: And you have no recommendation as to them?

MR. SHAVER: We have no recommendation as to them. That's the reason I confined my recommendation to the Clearfork and Devonian.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Now about the acreage? Now much do you think it would draw down, one to 40?

MR. SHAVER: We would go along with the recommenda-

tion of Pure here on the 40 acre ---

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSOM: You say you go along?

MR. SHAVER: We are in agreement.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You are in hearty agreement, enthusiastic agreement?

MR. SHAVER: We are in complete agreement.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Why?

MR. SHAVER: Sir, I'll have to bring witnesses to support those reasons. I don't feel --

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You find nothing to differ with them, you mean?

MR. SHAVER: We find nothing to differ, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I'm trying to help you.

MR. SHAVER: Thank you, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: How about the 100 percent acreage allocation?

MR. SHAVER: We are in agreement with that, too, sir.

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: And the extra allowable for the overage on the last tract?

MR. SMAVER: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: What do you understand by that?

MR. SHAVER: That that -- I think as you stated this morning, that if you have twenty acres left over -- I don't think it's that high in this field -- that you would not

have to drill a well but you would be allowed to get an additional allowable for that additional acreage.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Gredit for that additional acresge?

MR. SHAVER: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Without having to drill it?

MR. SHAVER: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You think it would drain that acreage as effectively as 40, even though it went off at an angle?

MR. SHAVER: I don't believe I'm qualified to speak on that.

COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: I think you're right on that. Anything else you wish to say?

MR. SHAVER: No, sir. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Anyone else wish to make a statement?

MR. KEKLER: E. P. Keeler, Magnolia Petroleum Company. We made a study of the field rules in effect both in New Mexico and in Texas in regard to the Dollarhide reservoirs to find wherein they differed and found out that the three principal differences were, in the case of the allowables assigned, in the case of the minimum footage requirements in regard to the location of wells, and, thirdly, in regard to the allocation formula and we have here a set of recommendations.

We will attempt to recommend a uniform set of rules that might apply to the reservoirs on both sides of the State line.

COMMISSIONER THOMPLON: Will you read them?

MR. KEELER: The first point -- they're not really detailed rules, they are certain points in regard to the rules now in effect. First, that the present status of the Silurian or Fusselman and Ellenberger reservoirs be maintained, that no changes be made whatsoever.

Second, that field rules be adopted for the Dollar-hide Clearfork field in Texas identical with those in effect for the other Texas Dollarhide reservoirs with the exception that the allocation formula be changed to 100 percent agreage.

Third, that the field rules applying to the Bollar-hide Devonian Field in Texas be amended to provide for a 100 percent acreage allocation formula. The attempt in both of those cases is to make the allocation formula the same as it is in New Mexico.

Fourth, in regard to the spacing of wells, I might point out that in New Mexico it is permissible to drill 330' from lease lines, whereas in Texas under the Bollar-hide rules, the minimum required distance is 550', and since there would be a chance that unequal offsets might develop along the State line, our fourth point was that neither State's Regulatory Body permit future wells to be

drilled to the Clearfork or Devonian reservoirs at a distance of less than 660° from the State line. Exceptions to this rule may be granted only after a joint hearing before both Commissions. Our thought in regard to that was that once you get away from a line of wells directly along the State line, each side could keep their own rules, but at least a rule of this type would prevent, say, a 660 well already drilled in Texas being offset by a 330 well in New Mexico.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: To prevent drainage?

MR. KERLER: To prevent drainage across lease lines, if the allowable is the same. If one well is 330 from a lease line and its offset is 660, there would be a tendency for drainage in favor of the well that's 330 from the lease line.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Couldn't that be cured by the field's drilling on 330?

MR. KERLER: That's right, but there are several wells already drilled 330 from the lease line that have not been offset in New Mexico. That's what we were thinking of.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: It will prevent unnecessary drilling?

MR. KEELER: Not necessarily unnecessary drilling; there would still be one well to 40 acres, but trying to keep from crowding the State line is the idea we had in

mind and prevent drainage, assuming that both have the same allowables. If they are the same distance from the line, then there would be no claim for drainage.

Fifth, that the Texas portion of the Clearfork and Devonian reservoirs be exempted from shut-down days.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: To conform with the New Mexico practice?

MR. KEELER: That's correct, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: How would you explain that to the other fields in Texas?

MR. EXELER: Well, I realize that the usual reason for exempting a field from shut-down days is because of producing characteristics, large volumes of water or something of that type where damage might occur, vaste might occur, if the wells cannot produce every day. That would not be the case here, but it would seem to me that the fact that it is an effort to reach a compromise between the two States and since there are no shut-down days applied in New Nexico, that the problem would resolve itself to one of two solutions: Either exempt shut-down days in Texas or else in New Mexico each month, when Texas decides how many shut-down days they would have, to work out that calculation of 23-30, which would be troublesome for them.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: It would be better for us to meet the New Mexico schedule.

MR. AKELER: Exempt in regard to ---

COMMISSIONER THOMPSOM: In regard to this field,

MR. MEELER: You mean in regard to exempting the field from shut-down days?

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Yes, is that what you recommend? What would you do with the next field Eastward?

MR. MRIER: The next field Bastward?

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Yes, another field, like Slaughter or Keystone?

MR. KEELER: Unless they cross the State line, I believe there is no necessity for that, for this reason; granted there may be other reasons, like large volumes of water production or some other reason that they might be exempt from shut-down days, but this is a peculiar reason of itself, in that it is an effort to compromise between the two Commissions.

MR. EXELER: Six, that the top per well allowables assigned Clearfork, Devonian wells in Texas be established at 70 bbls. of oil per day for the Clearfork and 75 bbls. of oil per day for the Devonian. These recommended allowables would be approximately the same as the present calendar day allowables in effect. In other words, the recommendations that some of the other operators have made today were to continue the current allowables in Texas and exempt the field from shut-down days, which, in effect,

would be an increase in production in Texas.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: This Darrel-wise would be the same?

MR. EMELER: This way it would be the same as you now produce under shut-down days. In other words, after looking at the reservoir performance, I would say that the ---

COMMISSIONER THORFSON: Wouldn't that be an answer, that barrel-wise there would be no difference?

WR. EXELER: That's right. We feel that an increase would not be justified at this time. And, seventh, that the New Mexico Commission change the allowables assigned New Mexico wells in the Clearfork, or rather Drinkard in New Mexico, and Devonian reservoirs to make them identical with those assigned in Texas.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I thought you were making ours identical with theirs at first.

MR. KEELER: I was from the standpoint of shut-down days. We exempt shut-down days in Texas, but insofar as the assigned allowable is concerned, their allowables are reduced to be the equivalent of Texas' under this recommendation.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: So both States do a little something to adjust?

MR. KEELER: That was our idea. In other words, we looked at these three basic reasons and decided that

compromise on this could be that one State would give in regard to the allocation formula, the other State would give in regard to allowables, and in respect to spacing of wells, it's sort of giving on both parts.

COMMISSIONER TROMPSON: We want to do what is right reservoir-wise, not produce more than the reservoir ought to produce, at the most efficient rate. Would that still accomplish that?

MR. KEKLER: Yes, it would. We would rather not see an increase in the present calendar day rate of production in Texas. I believe those are all the recommendations we have.

MR. MACEY: The present allowable in Devonian in New Mexico is 135 bbls.; would you recommend the lowest of 75 bbls.?

MR. KEELER: I did, yes, sir.

MR. MACKY: And the Drinkard from 80 to 70?

MR. KEELER: That's correct, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any questions? Mr. Thompson . has a question.

MR. THOMPSON: Do I understand your position to be that if these two reservoirs are produced -- if the wells in these two reservoirs are produced at the rates at which the New Mexico wells are producing that waste will take place in them?

MR. KRELER: Let me put it this way, I think the answer to that question, as far as I am concerned, under primary recovery is no, that waste will not occur.

MR. THOMPSON: We're under primary recovery now.

MR. KEELER: We are nov, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That ends it then, if no waste is occurring.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: He said no waste would be occurring now. We're not talking about in future.

MR. KRELER: May I add one thing to that, another reason? Granted that I do not believe waste will occur at those higher rates, but I would like to say that quite a bit of work has been done for the past several months on a Joint Committee of the operators in Texas trying to work out a plan of unitization and pressure maintenance for the Dollarhide Devonian reservoir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Are you losing pressure now?

MR. KRELER: The pressures are declining rapidly,

yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Alarmingly?

MR. KEELER: I don't know what the definition of "alarmingly" would be.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That which would cause an ordinary, prudent petroleum engineer or reservoir engineer to become alarmed.

MR. KERLER: No, sir, I'll go along with Mr. Thompson on that, that insofar as primary recovery is concerned, I think you will get just as much oil at those higher rates.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: At the moment?

MR. KEELER: Yes.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: For how long?

MR. EMELER: I think ultimately you will, under primary; in regard to pressure maintenance is what bothers me. I think you will do better ultimately under pressure maintenance. If you have a chance to start a pressure raintenance project while the pressure is at a higher level and for that reason I would like to decline -- make the rate of decline as slow as possible until such time as our studies can be completed and it is decided whether or not pressure maintenance is feasible and, if so, we can get ahead with the project.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Are you seriously considering a pressure maintenance project for the Dollarhide?

MR. KEELER: I'm not on that Committee; we have a man that's here on the Committee. I do know this, the Committee has worked on it for several months. I understand they have just about now finished a report on it and the report is yet to be studied and no decision has been reached that I know of as to whether it is feasible, but certainly we have been working hard at it for several

months.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: We will be available any time. You are ready to make your report, the two Commissions, I'm sure.

MR. KEKLER: I wanted to bring that out to explain that the reason we recommend these lower allowables is not that we think waste will occur under primary, we think it might be a help in the event we go to pressure maintenance ultimately, that the additional cil to be recovered under pressure maintenance might be greater if we can keep those pressures from declining at so rapid a rate.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Personally, I think that that is a very wise forward look. You want to save the pressure before it's gone?

MR. KEELER: That's right, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: It's easier to keep a person alive than it is to revive the dead, isn't it?

MR. KEELER: That's right.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any questions of this witness by anyone?

MR. WALKER: I believe Pure recommended 91 for the Clearfork and is it 92? -- whatever it is, for the Clearfork, and 100 for the Devonian?

MR. KEKLER: Yes, sir.

MR. WALKER: And you feel that the 70-75 is a better

figure?

MR. KEELER: Yes, I do, both of those being exempt from shut-down.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any other questions?

MR. FRANK ELLIOTT: I would like to know if you feel that in the past four years that the Clearfork has been on production in Texas, whether you feel you have been draining oil from New Mexico, if you feel that the formation is that continuous across the line?

MR. KELLER: You're talking about the Clearfork now?

MR. KLLIOTT: Clearfork or Devonian, either one.

MR. KEELER: In regard to the Devonian, let me repeat; the question is has there actually been drainage across the line?

MR. ELLIOTT: That's right, if those wells over there that have been on production -- the discovery well was in 1945 -- that's six years, but say you've been on production four years, do you feel like you've been draining oil across the line for the past year since your wells have been on production?

MR. KEKLER: I imagine there has been some drainage across the line. I understand that the first wells completed in the Devonian reservoir in New Mexico had abnormally low pressures, that is, higher than the Devonian in Texas, but lower than you would ordinarily expect in a virgin reservoir.

MR. RILIOTT: If that is the case, for an equitable take, New Mexico operators should be allowed a lead to catch up?

MR. KEELER: In answer to that, let's suppose the State line wasn't there. Isn't it more of a problem of getting out and developing the reservoir and whether or not you get in and drill the wells? If the State line weren't there, the chances are you would wait until development came out there before you drilled anyway, and certainly if it were in the same State, you wouldn't give those late wells a special allowable. I don't see why that should be applied here, just because it's across the State line.

MR. ELLIOTT: That comes back to the question of whether they do tie up to the extent that there is drainage.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any other question of the vitness? I believe that's all. Thank you very much.

Anyone else wish to make a statement?

MR. UPCHURCH: My name is Claude E. Upchurch, representing Gulf. Gulf is one of the operators in the West Dollarhide Field in New Mexico. So that the record might reflect its position, we would like to concur in the recommendation made by Pure, particularly the recommending that the present 100 percent acreage allocation formula in New Mexico be retained so that units having

in excess of 40 scres acreage might get their proportionate part of the allocated allowable.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You are making that recommendation for both States?

MR. UPCHURCH: We don't operate in Texas in this field.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: So far as your operation is concerned, you want to retain it?

MR. UPCHURCH: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Wouldn't it be fairness for it to be the same on the other side?

MR. UPCHURCH: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: If you had wells over there, would your recommendation be the same?

MR. UPCHUNCH: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: On the Texas side?

MR. UPCHURCH: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any questions of this gentleman? I believe Mr. Shepard vanted to know why you didn't operate in New Mexico. You said you had four rigs running?

MR. UPCHURCH: I believe that's what Mr. Walker stated, that we had three or four rigs running.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Did you get any additional data during the noon hour that you wish to report?

MR. UPCHURCH: No, sir, Mr. Walker stated that we

would get that information and furnish it to the Commission in New Mexico.

MR. SHEPARD: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Anyone else have a statement?

MR. RAY: Carl Ray, for The Texas Company. Before making my statement, I would to so inquire of Commissioner Shepard whether your question as to drilling along the State line was satisfactorily answered.

MR. SHEPAPD: It was. I asked a general question and I got a general answer, so thank you.

MR. RAY: For your information, Commissioner Shepard, I have prepared a plat on which The Texas Company leases in this area are colored and in reply to your question, I would like to show that we have only one lease, our Penny lease, which adjoins the State line. Our development on that lease has been from the structural high and we are proceeding down the flank of the structure. We are contemplating at the present time drilling the third well on the lease which will adjoin the State line. As you can see, there is a portion of lot acreage in that lease, and, of course, under the New Mexico regulations, unitization would be necessary before drilling could begin on that particular acreage.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Do you have any further statement?

MR. RAY: Yes, sir. In regard to the ellowable figures that have been recommended at this hearing, The Texas Company wishes to support the recommendation of the 92 bbl. figure for the Clearfork and the 100 bbl. figure for the Devenian. It is our understanding that these figures reflect the MER as set for these fields by the Texas Commission. We think that the recent suggestion of a cut to 70 bbls. for the Clearfork and 75 for the Devonian is unwarranted and was not supported by sufficient evidence. I think it has been shown that no damage would occur at the higher rates.

In regard to the establishment of rules for this field, we would like to make the request of both Commissions that this matter be treated as a unique situation and that the final Order, when issued, reflect the adopted rules as they pertain to a field which crosses the State line.

It is our opinion that in that manner the development of an embarrassing precedent applying to other fields in either State may be avoided.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: We can say then that when we bring in a field that crosses the State line, we would look at it like we did this one.

MR. RAY: I think that that would be the most satisfactory method of handling this problem.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: It's a Solomonian decision,

is that the idea of bringing in a Solomonian decision?

WE RAY: There is a great deal of difference be-

MR. RAY: There is a great deal of difference between the manner of regulating production in New Mexico as compared with Texas.

GOMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Mould you give any views as to which is the better?

I withdraw the question.

MR. RAY: I would answer that by -- these people that have seen the Texas regulations, we have a book about so thick (Indicating); the Statewide restrictions are this thick (Indicating), and the exceptions fill the rest of the book. New Mexico still has all theirs in one book, and the exceptions are relatively small.

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: I think I get the point.
All right. We've got too much regulations.

MR. RAY: It's a matter of different procedure, I think, General.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I think what you mean is that New Mexico has some rules and fields in both States; you think here is one time that Texas would be friendly and cooperative and adopt New Mexico rules; is that the idea?

MR. RAY: I think it will be necessary for both Commissions to study this problem and there will undoubtedly be deviations from the general methods applied.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You do hope that we can

arrive at a common Order, that the Order be the same on both sides?

MR. RAY: I think so.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: I mean common, both alike.

MR. RAY: We believe that would be in the equity --in the interests of the operators, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And in the interests of both States?

MR. RAY: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Why? Greater ultimate re-

MR. RAY: I think that it is in the -- the interest has already been evidenced by the fact that both States have recognised the problem by calling this hearing.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: We're here, aren't we?

MR. KAY: You are interested in protecting the equities in the properties that are concerned in this hearing. Will that answer your question?

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: That answers my question perfectly. Mr. Shepard has a question.

MR. SHEFARD: Wouldn't you think it would probably be better if Texas would shut-in until New Mexico caught up?

MR. RAY: I think that there is enough information in the record that pertains to that problem.

MR. SHEPARD: Don't you think there is equity in the

question?

MR. RAY: I think there is.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Do you know how many days
Texas shuts-in each month?

MR. RAY: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: How many?

MR. RAY: There will be 23 producing days -- there are 23 producing days in this month.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: How many days in the month?

MR. RAT: There is 31.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And you subtract 23 from 31 and what do you arrive at?

MR. RAY: You have 8 days, shut-in.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Have we been doing that right along?

MR. RAY: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Isn't that shut-in, 8 days?

MR. RAY: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: And how many months has that been going on? Add that up.

(Laughter). Go ahead.

MR. RAY: Our point is that it will be necessary for the Commissions to meet and to form the regulations for this field.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Give and take.

MR. RAY: And that, we feel, is a matter between the Commissions.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: We are just umpires. It isn't our oil. We're just umpires trying to do the best we can for you operators, so you must tell us when it's a ball and when it's a strike and then argue with us when we say what it is. What do you recommend we do, actually?

MR. RAY: I think that this matter can best be handled, as has been suggested, by the adoption of the Texas field of the 100 percent acreage allocation ---

CONCUSSIONER THOMPSON: Spacing?

MR. RAY: The 40 acre spacing.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Allowables?

MR. RAY: I think the matter of allowable is one of the points that will require arbitration between the two Commissions.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Who is going to arbitrate it, the Federal Government?

MR. RAY: The two Commissions.

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: Arbitration means somebody else do it. Give and take.

MR. RAY: There is testimony in the record from the operators on this point.

commissioner Thompson: We're making the record here now on which we are to make a decision. If you were to make it, how would you make it on allowable? I'm asking your counsel and advice, for both of these Commissions.

MR. RAY: Being a New Mexico operator in this area,

we are satisfied with the New Mexico allowable.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You like the New Mexico allowable?

MR. RAY: We will not object to the adoption of the 92 and 100 bbl. MER suggestions that have been proposed. Of the two, we prefer the New Mexico allowable, of course.

GOMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: All right. Any question of this gentleman?

MR. THOMPSON: How do you feel about periodic pressure surveys?

MR. RAY: It is the policy of this Company to take periodic pressure surveys whether they are required by Commission Bodies or not.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Then it would be no burden on you to take it?

MR. RAY: It would be no burden. We think it would serve an useful purpose for the tests to be made of public record.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Would the months mentioned by the previous witness be convenient to you, May and Movember?

MR. RAY: As far as I know, they would, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Would you let us know,

would you check up and see if any other date would be
more convenient?

MR. RAY: If we have another recommendation, we will submit it, yes, sir.

MR. EMEPARD: You believe, then, that adopting the New Mexico allowable would be the solution of the Dollar-hide Field?

MR. RAY: The only question in my mind is that if they are adopted, that if the New Mexico allowables are adopted in this field, they would provide for a fluctuation in the oil produced from this area. If the recommendations of the Texas MER are adopted, the daily production would be the same under the provisions that have been recommended here today.

COMMISSIONER THORISON: You mean New Mexico would get the same amount of barrels?

MR. RAY: In either case, the same amount of barrels would be produced on each side of the line.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: For each 40 acres?

MR. RAY: Yes, sir. If, for example, the 100 bbl. figure is adopted, that would be 100 bbls. per day in January of 1952, for example, and in December of 1952. It would be inflexible in the total amount of oil produced except as affected by the productivity of the wells.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Give everybedy a chance to produce all they could?

KR. RAY: Well, no, you would have a ceiling on it.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Give them a chance and op-

portunity,

MR. RAY: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Anyone have a question of this gentleman? Anybody else have a statement to make? Anyone?

MR. MASSEY: My name is H. E. Massey, District Engineer out of Hobbs, New Mexico, representing Cities Service Oil Company, or, as operators in this field, Cities Production Corporation. We happen to operate solely in the three Morth sections of the Dollarhide Field in Texas and no production or acreage on the New Mexico side.

Therefore, we are only interested, in my statements, concerning the Glearfork and Devonian zones. We have no production in the Silurian or Ellenberger. We will agree with Pure, after ourselves having made an engineering study of the reservoir -- we are convinced that the two upper zones, Devonian and Clearfork, are one continuous reservoir, regardless of the State line.

Therefore, we think that the allowables should be the same. We want to recommend allocation on a 100 percent acreage basis; 40 acre well spacing, and also it seems desirable that field rules should be established for the Clearfork.

We are also in agreement with taking bottom-hole pressure surveys semi-annually both in Texas and in New Mexico. The dates seem agreeable; I think it should be coordinated with the present Dollarhide gasoline plant in regard to possible spreading of the gas load to the plant.

For allowables, I believe we will recommend that it should be 91 bbls. per day for the Clearfork, 100 bbls. per day for the Devonian. That is also on the assumption that Texas removes the effects of the producing days. That would then be, you might say, a calendar day basis. I believe that after several years of operation on the Texas side, there has been nothing to prove that the MER as established, of 91 and 100, has been wrong or false. There is no information that says we should change it. Therefore, we recommend the same, 91 and 100 bbls.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Any questions?

MR. SMEPARD: No, sir.

MR. SPURRIER: No, sir.

COMMISSIOMER THOMPSON: Anyone have a question?

Thank you very much, sir. Anyone else have a statement to make? Anybody?

Mr. Spurrier has a telegram.

MR. SPURRIER: I have a telegram from J. E. Low,
Amerada Petroleum Corporation. "Urge State line pools
accept present New Mexico method of determining allowable,
believing such allowables will protect correlative rights
and will not result in physical waste."

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Signed?

MR. SPURRIER: Signed J. E. Lov.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: This morning we gave opportunity to everyone to fill out an appearance blank. If you want your name in the record so you can prove you were here, we have those blanks up here, if there be anyone that did not sign up this morning. We will put your name in front of the transcript; it don't cost a cent. It will show you were here by just filling out a blank, and give it to the Court Reporter. They are available.

Mr. Thompson, you have a statement?

MR. THOMPSON: I don't have anything further to

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: You first said that you 287.

MR. THOMPSON: I did, but it might be duplication of wanted to.

COMMISSIONER THOMPSON: Anyone else vish to withwhat has been said. draw their statement? (Laughter) I'll correct that. Is there anyone that does not wish to make a statement?

As I have said several times, speaking for the New Mexico Commission and for the Texas Commission, we are truly and only umpires. We are not Bureaucrats. We seek to administer the law as written and not to reach out into the ether and try to hang our authority on some idealistic star in the New Deal firmament, so we will try to stay with the record and we will write an Order based

on this record.

Anyone else have anything to say? The meeting is adjourned. Thank you very much.

HEARING ADJOURNED

THE STATE OF TEXAS

I, Ray Pardue, Official Reporter, Oil and Gas Division, Railroad Commission of Texas, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing minety-one pages constitute a true and correct transcript, to the best of my ability, of the testimony and proceedings heard in Midland, Texas, on October 23, 1952, pertaining to the Dollarhide Clearfork, Dollarhide Devonian, Dollarhide Ellenberger and Dollarhide Silurian Fields, Andrews County, Texas.

WITHESS MY HAND, this the 27th day of October, A. D., 1952.

OFFICIAL REPORTER, OIL AND GAS DIVISION, RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS.

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BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF CONSERVATION
AND PREVENTION OF WASTE OF
CRUDE PETROLEUM OIL AND NATURAL
GAS IN THE WEST DOLLARHIDE-DRINKARD,
WEST DOLLARHIDE-DEVONIAN, WEST DOLLARHIDE FUSSELMAN AND WEST DOLLARHIDEELLENBURGER POOLS IN LEA COUNTY,
NEW MEXICO.

CASE NO. 408 Order No. R-265-A

NUNC PRO TUNC ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

It appearing to the Commission that the order heretofore entered in the abovementioned cause is not a correct statement of fact and intent, inasmuch as Paragraph 3 under the heading It Is Therefore Ordered, states:

That for the West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Ellenburger Pools in New Mexico bottomhole pressure tests of all wells in each pool be, and the same hereby are required to be taken during the months of February and March of each year beginning 1953, and the results immediately furnished to the Commission for such action as may be proper.....

when it should have been shown as:

That for the West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Ellenburger Pools in New Mexico bottom-hole pressure tests of all wells in each pool be, and the same hereby are required to be taken during the months of February and August of each year beginning 1953, and the results immediately furnished to the Commission for such action as may be proper.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

That Order R-265, heretofore entered and distributed by this Commission under date of February 27, 1953, be and the same hereby is corrected to conform to the actual intent of the Commission, and that Paragraph 3 as mentioned be corrected to read as follows:

That for the West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Ellenburger Pools in New Mexico bottomhole pressure te is of all wells in each pool be, and the same hereby are required to be taken during the months of February and August of each year beginning 1953, and the results immediately furnished to the Commission for such action as may be proper.

And said Order R-265 in all other respects is hereby ratified and confirmed.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED:

That this order correcting the record of said order be entered

-2-Case No. 408 Order No. R-265-A

nunc pro tunc as of February 27, 1953, to conform with issuance date of original order.

DONE this 19 day of May, 1953.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

EDWIN L. MECHEM, Chairman

E. S. WALKER, Member

R. R. SPURKER, Secretary

SEAL

Railroad Commission of Texas

OIL AND GAS DIVISION



HARRY M. BATIS CHIEF SUPERVISOR ARTHUR H. BARBECK CHIEF ENGINEER E. E. DAVIS

September 30, 1952

Mr. R. R. Spurrier New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission P. O. Box 871

Santa Fe, New Mexico

Dear Dick:

COMMISSIGNERS OLIN CULBERSON

CHAIRMAN ERNEST O. THOMPSON

WILLIAM J. MURRAY, JR. O. D. HYNDMAN, SECRETARY

> We have just been advised by the Scharbauer Hotel at Midland that facilities are not available in that hotel for our joint hearing to be held October 7, 1952. We have, therefore, contacted and secured approval to hold the hearing in the City Hall at Midland, Texas on that day. We will, also, see that the bulletin board in the Scharbauer Hotel will reflect where the hearing is to be held.

Kindest personal regards and am looking forward to seeing you at Midland.

Yours very truly,

Arthur H. Barbeck, Chief Engineer

AHB:cbr

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO. JOHN TO

11 1 08

Cook the class of service desired; otherwise this message will be mintage full rate telegram

FULL RATE TELEGRAM

DAY NIGHT
LETTER LETTER

WESTERN UNION

Check the class of service desired otherwise this the service. All the service to the full rate.

FULL RATE TELEGRAM

VICTORY SHIP

Oct 11- 1152

1	NO. WDSCL, OF SVC.	PD. OR COLL.	CASH NO.	CHARGE TO THE ACCOUNT OF	TIME FILED
				State of New Mexico	
			<u> </u>	OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION	<u> </u>

found the following mossage, subject to the terms on back hereaf, which are hereby agreed to

Chairman Oldn Culberson Texas Bailroad Commission Tribums Eldg. Austin, Texas

Hew Moxico Commission monthly hearing on October 15. Unable to make Midland hearing on October 14. Suggest October 21.

R.R.Spurrier

DIRECTOR

Case 408

ALL MESSAGES TAKEN BY THIS COMPANY ARE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

To grand against mistakes or delays, the sender of a message should order it repeated, that is, telegraphed back to the originating office the company as follows:

1. The Commany shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission of a message and this company as follows:

1. The Commany shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission of a monotolivery of any message and this company as follows:

the sender of the message and this Company as follows:

1. The Company shall not be liable for instances or delays in the transmission of a few persons are not of the sum of the bounded solids: not for instances or delays in the transmission of delivery, or for non-felivery, of any message reserved for transmission at the unrepeated-message and the company shall not be liable for darked in the lateronic stone of delivery, or for non-felivery, of any message received for transmission at the unrepeated-message are not of the sum of the bounded standard in the lateronic stone of the sum of the bounded standard in the lateronic stone of the sum of the sum of the bounded standard in the lateronic standard in the lateronic standard in the lateronic standard in the lateronic standard in the sum of the bounded standard in the working of the sum of the su

4. Except as otherwise interaction with the listing of initiality, to forward this message over the lines of any other company when soccessary to reach its destruction arising of the Company, is not operated through the accidence in the flicit tariffs of the Company, is not operated through the accidence in the flicit tariffs of the Company, the amount paid for this transmission of a domestic telegraph in the flicit tariffs of the Company, the amount paid for this transmission of a domestic telegraph arising the accidence of towns of 5,000 or of the flicit tariffs of the Company, the amount paid for this transmission of a domestic telegraph arising the accidence of the company and the accidence of the company accidence of the company accidence of the company accidence of the sender, with the understanding that the sender authorizes accessed the collection of the company accidence. There will be no additional charge for deliveries made by telephone within a company according to the collection of the company accidence and the proposal collection and the access and the proposal collection and the access and the proposal collection and the access and the access and the proposal collection and the access and the acces

the corporate limits of any city or town in which an office of the company is located.

5. No responsibility attaches to this Company conversing messages until the same are accepted at one of its transmitting offices; and if a message in seat to such office by one of

the Company's messengers, he acts for that purpose as the agent of the sender.

6. The Company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties when the claim is not messented in writing to the company for transmission in the case of a message between points within the trained state (except in the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the Company for transmission in the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company for transmission in the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company for transmission in the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company for transmission in the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company for transmission in the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company for the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company for the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company for the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of the company to the case of an intrastate message in Texas) of

provided, however, that this condition shall not apply to claims for damages or overcharges within the purview of Section 415 of the Communications Act of 1931.

7. It is agreed that in any action by the Company to recover the tolls for any message or messages the prompt and correct transmission and delivery thereof shall be presumed.

subject to reduct the property of the property

CLASSES OF SERVICE

DOMESTIC SERVICES

FULL RATE TELEGRAM A full rate expedited service

DAY LETTER (DL)

A deferred service at lower than the full rate.

SERIAL (SER)

sent in sections during the same day.

NIGHT LETTER (NL)

Accepted up to 2 A. M. for delivery not earlier than the following morning at rates the fall falls fall falls fall falls for day latter rates.

INTERNATIONAL SERVICES

FULL RATE (FR)

The standard fast service at full rates. May be written in any language that can be expressed in Roman letters, or in secret language. A minimum charge for 5 words applies. LETTER TELEGRAM (LT)

Overnight plain language messages. Minimum charge for 22 words applies.

VICTORY LETTER TELEGRAM (VLT)

Overnight plain language messages to armed forces overseas. Minimum charge for 10 words applies. SHIP RADIOGRAM

A service to and from ships at sea. Plain or secret language may be used. Minimum charge for 5 words applies.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION
STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION CORRESSION
SANTA FE - NEW MAXIOG

STATE OF NEW PEXICO TO:

All persons having any right, title, interest or claim in the following case, and notice to the public.

CASE 408:

Public notice is hereby given that a joint meeting of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission and the Railroad Commission of Texas will be held at 10 o'clock a.m. October 7, 1952, at the Scharbauer Hotel, Midland, Texas, for the purpose of considering proration methods and equalization of allowables in oil and gas pools embracing lands within the states of Texas and New Maxico - namely: the West Dollarhide, West Dollarhide-Devontan, West Dollarhide-Fusselman and West Dollarhide-Drinkard Pools, as denominated in New Nexico.

GIVEN under the seal of the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico on this 19th day of September, 1952.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

aussier

R. R. Spurrier

SEAL

