CASE 2655: Application of MARTIN
YATES III & S. P. YATES for compulsory pooling - LUSK-STRAWN POOL.

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1 Canada Etc.

CLASS OF SERVICE

# WESTERNUMION TELEGRAM W. P. MARSHALL, FREIDERT W. P. MARSHALL, FREIDERT 1201 (4-60) LT=International LT=Letter Telegram,

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is LOCAL TIME at point of destination

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION K OCA463 PD=WUX OKLAHOMA CITY OKLA 31 2372 CST= SANTAFE NMEX=

OF THE FINDINGS AND NUMBERED PARAGRAPH 5 OF THE ORDERS SHARE TO PARTICIPATE IN THE DRILLING OF THE WELL COVERED FRE : CASE 2655, ORDER NO 8-2339 COMPULSORY POOLING LEA COMMISSION THAT IT ELECTS BY PAYING ITS PROPOSITIONATE KERR MCGEE OIL INDUSTRIES, INC. HEREBY NOTIFIES THE BY SUCH ORDER AS A LUSK-STRAWN WELL. BY SEPARATE NOTICE ORDER DATED OCTOBER 18, 1962, AND NUMBERED PARAGRAPH 11 COUNTYNEW MEXICO-IN ACCORDANCE WITH FINDINGS OF SUBJECT

CLASS OF SERVICE
This is a feet message
unless its deferred character is indicated by the
proper symbol.

# WESTERN UNION

TELEGRAM
W. P. MARSHALL, PAESICENT

1201 (4-60)

SYMBOLS

DL = Day Letter

NL = Night Letter

LT = International

Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is LOCAL TIME at point of destination

LA132 KC192

K OCA 463 PD=WUX OKLAHOMA CITY OKLA 31 237P CST= STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION = SANTAFE NMEX=

RE: CASE 2655, ORDER NO R-2339 COMPULSORY POOLING LEAD COUNTYNEW MEXICO IN ACCORDANCE WITH FINDINGS OF SUBJECT ORDER DATED OCTOBER 18, 1962, AND NUMBERED PARAGRAPH 11 OF THE FINDINGS AND NUMBERED PARAGRAPH 5 OF THE ORDER, KERR MCGEE OIL INDUSTRIES, INC. HEREBY NOTIFIES THE COMMISSION THAT IT ELECTS BY PAYING ITS PROPORTIONATE SHARE TO PARTICIPATE IN THE DRILLING OF THE WELL COVERED BY SUCH ORDER AS A LUSK-STRAWN WELL. BY SEPARATE NOTICE

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a first message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

# WESTERN UNION

DL = Day Letter

NL=Night Letter LT=International

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1201 (4-60)

TFLEGRAM

1201 (4-60)

THE filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is LOCAL TIME at point of destination

THE APPLICANTS BEING MARTIN YATES III AND S. O. YATES HAVE BEEN NOIFIED OF THIS ELECTION= C F MILLER KERR MCGEE OIL IND INC=

1255 COLL 307 EN 5 2 301

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18 1962 11 5 =

CLASS OF SERVICE This is a fast message unless its deferred char-acter is indicated by the proper symbol.

# WESTERN UNION

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The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is LOCAL TIME at point of destination

LA035 DA194

D MDA046 PD=FAX MIDLAND TEX 10 95 BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER S P YATES=

LA FONDA HOTEL SANTA FE NMEX

OIL COMMISSION 2655 EXHILIT NO. 8

CONFIRMING TELEPHONE CONVERSATION OF THIS DATE. YOU ARE ADVISED THAT WE HAVE MANAGEMENT APPROVAL TO JOIN IN THE DRILLING OF AN 11.5007 STRAWN TEST IN NE/4 SECTION 30. T-198. R-32E. LEA COUNTY. NEW MEXICO. LETTER WILL FOLLOW GIVING ALL DETAILS=

SAM G PAYTE LAND DEPT PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY=:

=11.500 NE/4 30 T-198 R-32E.

BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
CASE NO. 2655

MAN SERVICE SERVICES

11-11-11

# Intangible

		Producer	Dry Hole
i .	Stake tozahion	· (\$5)	75 (A.)
2	Roads & Location	6,500 Cy	<u>6,500.00</u>
•,	Total	6,575 00	⊕ 575 QU
3. <sub>0</sub>	Contract @ \$7.50/ft	\$ 86,250.00	\$ 85,259,00
	Daywork		3,000,00
* .	3 DST'S	3,000.00	
	Coring 200	4,000,00	4,000.00
	Completion (3)	2,670 00	Q as
	Total	\$ 95,920.00	\$ 93,750.00
4,	Cementing	$\boldsymbol{w} = (\boldsymbol{w}_{i}, \boldsymbol{w}_{i}, \boldsymbol{w}_{$	
• •	13 3/8" casing	\$ 1,200.00	\$ 1,200.00
	9 5/8" casing	6,000.00	6,000.00
	5 1/2" casing	5,000.00	-0-
	20231	\$ 12,200.00	នុ គឺ, 20000
. 5 .	Special Services		
· wat to	Perforating	\$ 1,200.00	\$ -0-
13	Mud Logging	2,000.00	2,000.00
	Electric rodding	4,500.00	4,500.00
64.5	DST'S	1,350,00	1,350.00
		1,200.00	1,200.00
5 S G	Coring	\$ 10,250.00	s 9.050.00
	Total		
in the first	n de 1864 de 1866 de 1 En 1866 de 186	to the continue gradient as the	A Service Company of the Company of
5.	Materials	\$ 12,000.00	\$ 12,000.00
	Drilling Mud	5,700,00	5,700.00
	Water	1,100.00	800.00
	Fuel (Daywork)	2,055.00	1,235.00
	Floating Equipment	\$ 20,855.00	\$ 19,735.00
	maka 1		

Total Tangible Total Intangible Total Cost	\$ 86,800.00 145,800.00 \$ 232,600.00	\$ 25,800.00 135,810.00 \$ 161,610.00
10% Contingency	23,260.00	16,161.00
moral .	\$ 255,860.00	\$ 177,771.00

B. If surplus material is moved to Operator's warehouse or other storage point, no charge shall be made to the joint account for a distance greater than the distance from the nearest reliable supply store or railway receiving point, except by special agreement with Non-Operator. No charge shall be made to the joint account for moving material to other properties belonging to Operator, except by special agreement with Non-Operator.

#### 6. Service

A. Outside Services:

The cost of contract services and utilities procured from outside sources.

B. Use of Operator's Equipment and Facilities:

Use of and service by Operator's exclusively owned equipment and facilities as provided in Paragraph 5 of Section III entitled "Operator's Exclusively Owned Facilities."

## 7. Damages and Losses to Joint Property and Equipment

All costs or expenses necessary to replace or repair damages or losses incurred by fire, flood, storm, thefe, secident, or any other cause not controllable by Operator through the exercise of reasonable diligence. Operator shall furnish Non-Operator written notice of damages or losses incurred as soon as practicable after report of the same has been received by Operator.

## 8. Litigation Expense

All costs and expenses of litigation, or legal services otherwise necessary or expedient for the protection of the joint interests, including attorneys' fees and expenses as hereinafter provided, together with all judgments obtained against the parties or any of them on account of the joint operations under this agreement, and actual expenses incurred by any party or parties hereto in securing evidence for the purpose of defending against any action or claim prosecuted or urged against the joint account or the subject matter of this agreement.

- A. If a majority of the interests hereunder shall so agree, actions or claims affecting the joint interests hereunder may be handled by the legal staff of one or more of the parties hereto; and a charge commensurate with cost of providing and furnishing such services rendered may be made against the joint account; but no such charge shall be made until approved by the legal departments of or attorneys for the respective parties hereto.
- B. Fees and expenses of outside attorneys shall not be charged to the joint account unless authorized by the majority of the interests hereunder.

#### 9 Taxes

All taxes of every kind and nature assessed or levied upon or in connection with the properties which are the subject of this agreement, the production therefrom or the operation thereof, and which taxes have been paid by the Operator for the benefit of the parties hereto.

#### 10. Insurance and Claims

- A. Premiums paid for insurance required to be carried for the benefit of the joint account, together with all expenditures incurred and paid in settlement of any and all losses, claims, damages, judgments, and other expenses, including legal services, not recovered from insurance carrier.
- B. If no insurance is required to be carried, all actual expenditures incurred and paid by Operator in settlement of any and all losses, claims, damages, judgments, and any other expenses, including legal services, shall be charged to the joint account.

# 11. District and Camp Expense (Field Supervision and Camp Expense)

\* No District or Camp Expense is included herein, the same being reflected in the Administrative Overhead charges set forth herein below.

# 12. Administrative Overhead

Operator shall have the right to assess against the joint property covered hereby the following management and administrative overhead charges, which shall be in lieu of all expenses of all offices of the Operator not covered by Section II. Paragraph 11, above, including salaries and expenses of personnel assigned to such offices, except that salaries of geologists and other employees of Operator who are temporarily assigned to and directly serving on the joint property will be charged as provided in Section II. Paragraph 2, above. Salaries and expenses of other technical employees assigned to such offices will be considered as covered by overhead charges in this paragraph unless charges for such salaries and expenses are agreed upon between Operator and Non-Operator as a direct charge to the joint property.

# WELL BASIS (Rate Per Well Per Month)

$\label{eq:constraints} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_i} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_i} + \partial \mathcal{L$	DRILLING WELL		PRODUCING WELL RATE (Use Completion Depth)		
Well Depth	Eoch Well	First Five	Next Five	All Wells Over Ten	
Above 8000'	\$250.00	\$45.00	\$35.00	\$30.00	
Below 8000'	\$300.00	\$60.00	\$50.00	\$40.00	
				. 4	

- A. Overhead charges for drilling wells shall begin on the date each well is spudded and terminate when it is on production or is plugged, as the case may be, except that no charge shall be made during the suspension of drilling operations for fifteen (15) or more consecutive days.
- B. In connection with overhead charges, the status of wells shall be as follows:
  - (1) Injection wells for recovery operations, such as for repressure or water flood, shall be included in the overhead schedule the same as producing oil wells.
  - (2) Water supply wells utilized for water flooding operations shall be included in the overhead schedule the same as producing oil wells.
  - (3) Producing gas wells shall be included in the overhead schedule the same as producing oil wells.

CASE NO. COMMISSION COMMISSION BEFORE EXAMINER MUTTER

	(UNIT AND JOINT LEASE OPERATIONS)	
	ACCOUNTING PROCEDURE	
	to find a obact of botherite	
Zellite terrout		1
5-23e1-T-O2A4	EXHIBIL " "	

# I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

"Joint property" as herein used shall be construed to mean the subject area covered by the excrement to which this "Accounting Procedure" is at-I. Delinitions

joint account of the parties high seconstrued to mean any one of nive non-operating parties. "Non-Operator" as hetein used analysis construed to mean any one of nive of the non-operating parties. "Operator" as herein used sha, 1. con. ed to mean the party designated to conduct the development and operation of the subject area for the

2. Statements and Billings

A. Statement in detail of all charges and credits to the joint account. ing month. Such bills will be accompanied by statements, reflecting the total costs and charges as see forth under Subparagraph ... Operator shall bill Non-Operator on o: before the last day of each month for its proportionate share of costs and expenditures during the preced-

B. Statement of all chatges and credits to the joint account, summatized by appropriate classifications indicative of the nature thereof.

C. Statemente as follows:

(2) Statement of ordinary charges and credits to the joint account summarized by appropriate classifications indicative of the nature thereof; (1) Detailed statement of material ordinarily considered concrollable by operators of oil and gas properties;

(1) Detailed statement of any other charges and eredits.

3. Payments by Non-Operator

unbaig palance apail peat interest at the tate of aix per cent (6%) per annum until paid. Each party shall pay its proportion of all such bills within fifteen (11) days after receipt thereof. If payment is not made within such time, the

of claims for adjustment thereon. The provisions of this paragraph shall not prevent adjustments resulting from physical inventory of property as Operator to saints members, within such period stalders of the correctness thereof and preclude the tiling of exceptions thereto or mistors. to be true and correct after twenty-four (24) months following the end of any such calendar year, unless within the said twenty-four (24) month period Non-Operator for adjustment. Failure on the passet of Non-Operator to adjustment. noted in Patagraph 5 of this section I, all statements tendered to Non-Operator by Operator during any calendar year shall conclusively be presumed Payment of any such bills shall not prejudice the right of Non-Operator to protest or question the correctness thereof. Subject to the exception

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effore to conduct joint or simultaneous audits in a manner which will result in a minimum or inconvenience to the Operator. audit within said twenty-four (24) month period. Where there are two or more Non-Operators, the Non-Operators shall make every reasonable vided, however, that Non-Operator must cake written exception to and make claim upon the Operator for all discrepancies disclosed by said relating to the accounting hereunder for any calendar year within the twenty-four (24) month period following the end of such calendar year, pro-A Won-Operator, upon notice in writing to Operator and all other Non-Operators, shall have the right to audit Operator's accounts and records

# II. DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATING CHARGES

Subject to limitations bereinafter prescribed, Operator shall charge the joint account with the following items:

Delay or other tentals, when such rentals are paid by Operator for the joint account; toyalties, when not paid directly to toyalty owners by the purchaser of the oil, gas, casinghead gas, or other produces.

sids do if Agergeneage avecunent of the amount of salaties and wages chargeable under Subparagraph 2 A and Paragraph 11 of this B. Operator's cost of holiday, vacation, sickness and disability benefits, and other customary allowances applicable to the salaties and wages charge-able under Subparagraph 2 A and Paragraph 11 of this Section II. Costs under this Subparagraph 2 B may be charged on a "when and as able under Subparagraph 2 B may be charged on a "when and as A. Salaties and wages of Operator's employees directly engaged on the joint property in the development, maintenance, and operation thereof,

C. Costs of expenditures or contributions made pursuant to assessments imposed by governmental authority which are applicable to Operator's labor cost of salaties and wages as provided under Subparagraphs 2 A, 2 B, and Paragraph 11 of this Section II. Section II. If percentage assessment is used, the rate shall be based on the Operator's cost experience.

and other benetite plans of a like nature, applicable to Operator's labor cost, provided that the total of such charges shall not exceed ten per cent (10%) of Operator's labor costs as provided in Subparagraphs A and B of Paragraph 2 of this Section II and in Paragraph 11 of this Section II. Operator's current cost of established plans for employees' group life insurance, hospitalization, pension, retirement, stock purchase, thrift, bonus,

immediate use; and the accumulation of surplus stocks shall be avoided. sistent with efficient and economical operation, only such material shall be purchased for or transferred to the joint property as may be required for Marcrial, equipment, and supplies purchased or turnished by Operator for use of the joint property. So tar as it is reasonably practical and con-

5. Transportation

Transportation of employees, equipment, material, and supplies necessary for the development, maintenance, and operation of the joint property

available, except by special agreement with Non-Operator. joint account for a distance greater than the distance from the neatest reliable supply store or tailway receiving point where such material is A. If material is moved to the joint property from vendor's or from the Operator's warehouse or other properties, no charge shall be made to the

- B. Automotive equipment at rates commensurate with cost of ownership and operation. Such rates should generally be in line with the schedule of rates adopted by the Petroleum Motor Transport Association, or some other recognized organization, as recommended uniform charges against joint account operations and revised from time to time. Automotive rates shall include cost of oil, gas, repairs, insurance, and other operating expense and depreciation; and charges shall be based on use in actual service on, or in connection with, the joint account operations. Truck and tractor rates may include wages and expenses of driver.
- C. A fair rate shall be charged for the use of drilling and cleaning out tools and any other items of Operator's fully owned machinery or equipment which shall be ample to cover maintenance, repairs, depreciation, and the service furnished the joint property; provided that such charges shall not exceed those currently prevailing in the field where the joint property is located. Pulling units shall be charged at hourly rates commensurate with the cost of ownership and operation, which shall include repairs and maintenance, operating supplies, insurance, depreciation, and taxes. Pulling unit rates may include wages and expenses of the operator.
- D. A fair rate shall be charged for laboratory services performed by Operator for the benefit of the joint account, such as gas, water, core, and any other analyses and tests; provided such charges shall not exceed those currently prevailing if performed by outside service laboratories.
- E. Whenever requested, Operator shall inform Non-Operator in advance of the rates it proposes to charge.
- F. Rates shall be revised and adjusted from time to time when found to be either excessive or insufficient.

## IV. DISPOSAL OF LEASE EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

The Operator shall be under no obligation to purchase interest of Non-Operator in surplus new or secondhand material. The disposition of major items of surplus material, such as detricks, tanks, engines, pumping units, and tubular goods, shall be subject to mutual determination by the parties hereto; provided Operator shall have the right to dispose of normal accumulations of junk and strap material either by transfer or sale from the joint property.

## 1. Material Purchased by the Operator or Non-Operator

Material purchased by either the Operator or Non-Operator shall be credited by the Operator to the joint account for the month in which the material is removed by the purchaser.

#### 2. Division in Kind

Division of material in kind, if made between Operator and Non-Operator, shall be in proportion to their respective interests in such material. Each party will thereupon be charged individually with the value of the material received or receivable by each party, and corresponding credits will be made by the Operator to the joint account. Such credits shall appear in the monthly statement of operations.

#### 3. Sales to Outsiders

Sales to outsiders of material from the joint property shall be credited by Operator to the joint account at the net amount collected by Operator from vendee. Any claims by vendee for defective material or otherwise shall be charged back to the joint account if and when paid by Operator.

## V. BASIS OF PRICING MATERIAL TRANSFERRED FROM JOINT ACCOUNT

Material purchased by either Operator or Non-Operator or divided in kind, unless otherwise agreed, shall be valued on the following basis:

### 1. New Price Defined

New price as used in the following paragraphs shall have the same meaning and application as that used above in Section III, "Basis of Charges to Joint Account."

# 2. New Material

New material (Condition "A"), being new material procured for the joint account but never used thereon, at one hundred per cent (100%) of current new price (plus sales tax if any).

# 3. Good Used Material

Good used material (Condition "B"), being used material in sound and serviceable condition, suitable for reuse without acconditioning:

A. At seventy-live per cent (71%) of current new price if material was charged to joint account as new, or

B. At sixty-five per cent (65%) of current new price if material was originally charged to the joint property at secondhand at seventy-five per cent (75%) of new price.

# 4. Other Used Material

Used material (Condition "", .: "" ber cent (10%) of current new price, being used material which:

A. After reconditioning will be further serviceable for original function as good according to "B"), or

B. Is serviceable for original function but substantially not suitable for reconditioning.

# 5. Bad-Order Material

Material and equipment (Condition "D"), which is no longer usable for its original purpose without excessive repair cost but is further usable for some other purpose, shall be priced on a basis comparable with that of items normally used for that purpose.

# 6. Junk

Junk (Condition "E"), being obsolete and scrap material, at prevailing prices.

# 7. Temporarily Used Material

When the use of material is temporary and its service to the joint account does not justify the reduction in price as provided in Paragraph 3 B, above, such material shall be priced on a basis that will leave a net charge to the joint account consistent with the value of the service rendered.

# VI. INVENTORIES

# 1. Periodic Inventories, Notice and Representation

At reasonable intervals, inventories shall be taken by Operator of the joint account material, which shall include all such material as is ordinarily considered controllable by operators of oil and gas properties.

Written notice of intention to take inventory shall be given by Operator at least thirty (30) days before any inventory is to begin so that Non-Operator may be represented when any inventory is taken.

Failure of Non-Operator to be represented at an inventory shall bind Non-Operator to accept the inventory taken by Operator, who shall in that event furnish Non-Operator with a copy thereof.

# 2. Reconciliation and Adjustment of Inventories

Reconciliation of inventory with charges to the joint account shall be made by each party at interest, and a list of or rages and shortages shall be jointly determined by Operator and Non-Operator.

Inventory adjustments shall be made by Operator with the joint account for overages and shortages, but Operator shall be held accountable to Non-Operator only for shortages due to lack of reasonable diligence.

# 3. Special Inventories

Special inventories may be taken, at the expense of the purchaser, whenever there is any sale or change of interest in the joint property; and it shall be the duty of the party selling to notify all other parties hereto as quickly as possible after the transfer of interest takes place. In such cases, both the seller and the purchaser shall be represented and shall be governed by the inventory so taken.

- (2) Wells permanently shut down but on which plugging operations are deferred shall be dropped from the overhead schedule at the time the shutdown is effected. When such wells are plugged, overhead shall be charged at the producing well rate during the time required for the plugging operation.
- (5) Wells being plugged back, drilled deeper, or converted to a source or input well shall be included in the overhead schedule the same as drilling wells.
- (6) Temporarily shut-down wells (other than by governmental regulatory body) which are not produced or worked upon for a period of a full calendar month shall not be included in the overhead schedule; however, wells shut in by governmental regulatory body shall be included in the overhead schedule only in the event the allowable production is transferred to other wells on the same property. In the event of a unit allowable, all wells capable of producing will be counted in determining the overhead charge.
- (2) Wells completed in dual or multiple horizons shall be considered as two wells in the producing overhead schedule.
- (8) Lease salt water disposal wells shall not be included in the overhead schedule unless such wells are used in a secondary recovery program on the joint property.
- C. The above overhead schedule for producing wells shall be applied to the total number of wells operated under the Operating Agreement to which this accounting procedure is attached, irrespective of individual leases.
- D. It is specifically understood that the above overhead rates apply only to drilling and producing operations and are not intended to cover the construction or operation of additional facilities such as, but not limited to, gasoline plants, compressor plants, repressuring projects, salt water disposal facilities, and similar installations. If at any time any or all of these become necessary to the operation, a separate agreement will be reached relative to an overhead charge and allocation of district expense.
- E. The above specific overhead rates may be amended from time to time by agreement between Operator and Non-Operator if, in practice, they are found to be insufficient or excessive.

13. Operator's Fully Owned Warehouse Operating and Maintenance Expense (Describe fully the agreed procedure to be followed by the Operator.)							
None							
		3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
				***************************************			

## 14. Other Expenditures

Any expenditure, other than expenditures which are covered and dealt with by the foregoing provisions of this Section II, incurred by the Operator for the necessary and proper development, maintenance, and operation of the joint property.

# III. BASIS OF CHARGES TO JOINT ACCOUNT

# 1. Purchases

Material and equipment purchased and service procured shall be charged at price paid by Operator after deduction of all discounts actually received.

# 2. Material Furnished by Operator

Material required for operations shall be purchased for direct charge to joint account whenever practicable, except that Operator may furnish such material from Operator's stocks under the following conditions:

- A. New Material (Condition "A")
  - (1) New material transferred from Operator's warehouse or other properties shall be priced f.o.b. the rearest reputable stipply store or railway receiving point, where such material is available, at current replacement cost of the same kind of material. This will include material such as tanks, pumping units, sucker rods, engines, and other major equipment. Tubular goods, two-inch (2") and over, shall be priced on carload basis effective at date of transfer and f.o.b. railway receiving point pearest the joint account operation, regardless of quantity transferred.
  - (2) Other material shall be priced on basis of a reputable supply company's preferential price list effective at date of transfer and f.o.b. the store or railway receiving point nearest the joint account operation where such material is available.
  - (3) Cash discount shall not be allowed.
- B. Used Material (Condition "B" and "C")
  - (1) Material which is in sound and serviceable condition and is suitable for reuse without reconditioning shall be classed as Condition "B" and priced at seventy-five per cent (75%) of new price.
  - (2) Material which cannot be classified as Condition "B" but which,
    - (a) After reconditioning will be further serviceable for original function as good secondhand material (Condition "B"), or
    - (b) Is serviceable for original function but substantially not suitable for reconditioning, shall be classed as Condition "C" and priced at fifty per cent (50%) of new price.
  - (3) Material which cannot be classified as Condition "B" or Condition "C" shall be priced at a value commensurate with its use.
  - (4) Tanks, buildings, and other equipment involving erection costs shall be charged at applicable percentage of knocked-down new price.

# 3. Premium Prices

Whenever materials and equipment are not readily obtainable at the customary supply point and at prices specified in Paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Section III because of national emergencies, strikes or other unusual causes over which the Operator has no control, the Operator may charge the joint account for the required materials on the basis of the Operator's direct cost and expense incurred in procuring such materials, in making it suitable for use, and in moving it to the location, provided, however, that notice in writing is furnished to Non-Operator of the proposed charge prior to billing the Non-Operator for the material and/or equipment acquired pursuant to this provision, whereupon Non-Operator shall have the right, by so electing and notifying Operator within 10 days after receiving notice from the Operator, to furnish in kind, or in tonnage as the parties may agree, at the location, nearest railway receiving point, or Operator's storage point within a comparable distance, all or part of his share of material and/or equipment suitable for use and acceptable to the Operator. Transportation costs on any such material furnished by Non-Operator, at any point other than at the location, shall be borne by such Non-Operator. If, pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph, any Non-Operator furnishes material and/or equipment in kind, the Operator shall make appropriate credits therefor to the account of said Non-Operator.

# 4. Warranty of Material Furnished by Operator

Operator does not warrant the material furnished beyond or back of the dealer's or manufacturer's guaranty; and in case of defective material, credit shall not be passed until adjustment has been received by Operator from the manufacturers or their agents.

# 5. Operator's Exclusively Owned Facilities

The following rates shall apply to service rendered to the joint account by facilities owned exclusively by Operator:

A. Water, fuel, power, compressor and other auxiliary services at rates commensurate with cost of providing and furnishing such service to the joint account but not exceeding rates currently prevailing in the field where the joint property is located.

UPERATOR'S COPY

APPROVED

Copy to: Roswell (SUBMIT IN TANTACATE)

UNITED STATES
RTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Approval expires 19-31-50.

MORE EXAMINER NUTTER

MI 01318

Unit .

# SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS

MOTICE OF INTENTION TO DRILL	X	SUBSEQUENT REPORT OF WATER SHUT-OFF	
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CHANGE PLANS		SUBSEQUENT REPORT OF SHOOTING OR ACIDIZING	
MOTICE OF INTENTION TO TEST WATER SHUT-OFF.	ļ	SUBSEQUENT REPORT OF ALTERING CASING	
		SHESCHERY SETORT OF RE-DRILLING OR REPAIR	
MOTICE OF INTENTION TO SHOOT OR ACIDIZE		SUBSEQUENT PEPORT OF ABANDONMENY	
		SUPPLEMENTARY WILL HISTORY	
	ì ·		}

HEATE ABOVE BY CHECK MARK MATTER OF REPORT, NOTICE, OR OTHER DAYA!

September 24,

Well No. 1 is located 669 ft. from [N] line and 660 ft. from [E] line of

(M Son and See, No.) (Twp.) (R

(Consty or Subdivision) (Needles)

The elevation of the derrick floor above sea level is 3560 ft Malghe of darries floor 12 ft.

# DETAILS OF WORK

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Address - SAN ANNESSE PRINCIPLE

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			SECTION A		
erator S. P. Y	TES & MARTIN	YATES. III	ELLIOT-HAL	1	Veli No.
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-2Docket No. 29-62
Examiner Hearing - Wednesday October 10, 1962

CASE 2657: Application of Odessa Natural Gasoline Company for a non-standard gas proration unit, Lea County, New Mexico.

Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks establishment of a 320-acre non-standard gas proration unit comprising the SE/4 of Section 23 and the NE/4 of Section 26, Township 25 South, Range 37 East, Justis Gas Pool, Lea County, New Mexico, to be dedicated to its Carlson "A" Well No. 1 located in Unit P of said Section 23.

CASE 2658: Application of Cabot Corporation for temporary special rules and regulations, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order promulgating temporary special rules and regulations for the North Bagley-Pennsylvanian Pool, Lea County, New Mexico, including provisions for 80-acre proration units.

CASE 2659: Application of Cabot Corporation for the creation of a new oil pool and the establishment of temporary rules and regulations, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks the creation of a new oil pool to be designated the North Bagley-Wolfcamp Pool for its Humble State Well No. 1, located in the NW/4 NW/4 of Section 23, Township 11 South, Range 33 East, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant further seeks establishment of temporary rules and regulations governing said pool including provisions for 80-acre proration units.

CASE 2660: Application of Midwest Oil Corporation for the creation of a new oil pool and for the establishment of temporary special rules and regulations, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks the creation of a new oil pool for Pennsylvanian production in the vicinity of its LLE State Wel No. 1, located in the NW/4 SW/4 of Section 14, Township 10 South, Range 33 East, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant further seeks the promulgation of temporary special rules and regulations governing said pool to include provisions for 80-acre proration units and fixed well location requirements.

CASE 2661: Application of Pan American Petroleum Corporation for a triple completion, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order authorizing the triple completion (conventional) of its Southland Royalty "A" Well No. 2, located in Unit B of Section 9, Township 21 South, Range 37 East, Lea County, New Mexico, in such a manner as to produce

# DOCKET: EXAMINER HEARING - WEDNESDAY - OCTOBER 10, 1962

9 A.M. - OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION CONFERENCE ROOM STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING, SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

The following cases will be heard before Daniel S. Nutter, Examiner or Elvis A. Utz, alternate examiner:

# CASE 2647:

(Continued)

Application of Carper Drilling Company for a tubingless completion, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to complete its Baetz Well No. 1, located in the SE/4 SW/4 of Section 35, Township 14 South, Range 27 East, Chaves County, New Mexico, as a tubingless gas well completion producing through perforations from 8182-8270' in 2 7/8 inch casing.

# CASE 2654:

Application of Carper Drilling Company for the creation of a new gas pool and for temporary special rules and regulations, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks the creation of a new gas pool to be designated the Buffalo Valley-Pennsylvanian Gas Pool for its Baetz Well No. 1, located in the SE/4 SW/4 of Section 35, Township 14 South, Range 27 East, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, further seeks the establishment of temporary special rules and regulations governing said pool, including provisions for 320-acre gas units.

# CASE 2655:

prover - 15

Application of Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates for compulsory pooling, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order force pooling all mineral interests in the Lusk-Strawn Pool to form a 160-acre oil proration unit comprising the NE/4 of Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, Lea County, New Mexico, to be dedicated to a well to be drilled in the NE/4 NE/4 of said Section 30.

# CASE 2656:

Application of Western Development Company for a secondary recovery project, East Millman Queen-Grayburg Field, Eddy County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks permission to institute a secondary recovery project in the East Millman Queen-Grayburg Field, with the injection of water into the Queen and Grayburg formations initially to be through 16 wells, located in Sections 11, 14, 15, 22 and 23, Township 19, South, Range 28 East, Eddy County, New Mexico, said project to be governed by the provisions of Rule 701.

-3-

Docket No. 29-62

Examiner Hearing - Wednesday October 10, 1962

oil from the Drinkard and Blinebry formations and gas from the Tubb formation through parallel strings of tubing.

CASE 2662:

Application of Pan American Petroleum Corporation for a triple completion, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order authorizing the triple completion (conventional) of its South Mattix Unit Well No. 14, located in Unit K of Section 15, Township 24 South, Range 37 East, Lea County, New Mexico, in such a manner as to produce gas from the Fowler Paddock and an undesignated Tubb pool, and oil from an undesignated Blinebry pool through parallel strings of tubing.

CASE 2663:

Application of Arnold H. Bruner for permission to directionally drill, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the abovestyled cause, seeks permission to directionally drill his Federal Intex Well No. 1, the surface location of which is in the center of the NW/4 SE/4 of Section 8, Township 9 South, Range 37 East, Allison Pennsylvanian Pool (extension), Lea County, New Mexico. Target for said directionally drilled well would be 100 feet from the North and West lines of the NW/4 SE/4 of said Section 8.

CASE 2664:

Application of Southwest Production Company for a dual completion, San Juan County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to complete its Davis Federal Well No. 1, located in Unit L of Section 24, Town-ship 26 North, Range 11 West, San Juan County, New Mexico, as a dual completion with production of oil from the Gallup zone and production of gas from the Dakota zone to be through parallel strings of 1 1/2-inch tubing.

LAW OFFICES

LOSEE AND STEWART
CARPER BUILDING - P. O. DRAWER 239
ATTESIA, NEW MEXICO

A. J. LOSEE EDWARD B. STEWART

21 September 1962

00965

Mr. A. L. Porter, Jr., Secretary Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico P. O. Box 871 Santa Fe, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Porter:

Enclosed herewith you will find Application in triplicate of Martin Yates, III and S. P. Yates to pool the NE/4 of Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East for a common source of supply designated as the Lusk-Strawn Pool.

With a carbon of this letter, we are furnishing Kerr-McGee Oil Industries, Inc. and Phillips Petroleum Company, the other owners of an interest in this spacing unit, with copies of this application.

Very truly yours

A. J. Losee

AJL/bk

**Enclosures** 

cc Kerr-McGee Oil Industries, Inc. Kerr-McGee Building Oklahoma City 2, Oklahoma Attn: Mr. Breen M. Kerr

DOCKET MAILED

Phillips Petroleum Company 200 Permian Building Midland, Texas

Messrs. Martin Yates, III and S. P. Yates 309 Carper Building Artesia, New Mexico

# BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF MARTIN YATES, III, AND S. P. YATES FOR AN ORDER POOLING THE NE/4 SECTION 30, TOWNSHIP 19 SOUTH, RANGE 32 EAST, N.M.P.M., LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE LUSK-STRAWN POOL.

Case No. \_\_\_\_\_\_

# APPLICATION

COMES MARTIN YATES, III, and S. P. YATES by their attorneys, Losee and Stewart, and state:

- 1. That by Orders No. 2175 and 2175-B, the 0il Conservation Commission of the State of New Mexico, hereinafter referred to as "Commission", established regular 160 acre drilling, proration and spacing units for the further development of a common source of supply designated by the Commission as the Lusk-Strawn Pool, and the NE/4 Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, N.M.P.M., Lea County, New Mexico, is one of the units so created.
- 2. That Applicants are the owners of the oil and gas operating rights in the common source of supply designated as the Lusk-Strawn Pool underlying United States Oil and Gas Lease NM 01218 embracing, among other lands, the NE/4 NE/4 of said Section 30, and underlying United States Oil and Gas Lease NM 0107698-A embracing the SW/4 NE/4 of said Section 30.
- 3. That Phillips Petroleum Company and Kerr-McGee
  Oil Industries, Inc., are the owners of the oil and gas

operating rights in the common source of supply designated as the Lusk-Strawn Pool underlying United States Oil and Gas Lease NM 01218-A embracing the NW/4 NE/4 said Section 30, and underlying United States Oil and Gas Lease NM 0107698 embracing, among other lands, the SE/4 NE/4 said Section 30.

- 4. That Applicants have been unable to arrange with Kerr-McGee Oil Industries, Inc., for the development of the NE/4 Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, N.M.P.M., Lea County, New Mexico, for oil production in the common source of supply designated as the Lusk-Strawn Pool.
- 5. That Applicants and Phillips Petroleum Company now propose to drill a well therein to produce from the Strawn formation, expected to be encountered at approximately 11,100 feet below the surface at an approximate cost for a completed well of \$267,000.00, and for a dry hole of \$189,000.00 and now desire this Commission to enter an order pooling and adjudicating the rights of all owners in the NE/4 said Section 30 in respect to the Lusk-Strawn Pool and designating these Applicants as the operator.
- 6. That the pooling of the NE/4 said Section 30 in the Strawn formation is necessary to protect the correlative rights, prevent waste and to avoid the drilling of unnecessary wells.
- 7. That the owners of the oil and gas operating rights in the common source of supply designated as the Lusk-Strawn Pool underlying the NE/4 said Section 30, other than Applicants, are as follows:

Kerr-McGee Oil Industries, Inc. Kerr-McGee Building Oklahoma City 2, Oklahoma

Phillips Petroleum Company 200 Permian Building Midland, Texas.

# WHEREFORE, Applicants pray:

- 1) That this Application be set for hearing before an examiner duly appointed by the Commission and that notice of said hearing be given as required by law.
- 2) That upon hearing this Commission enter an order pooling and adjudicating the rights of all owners of the oil and gas operating rights in the NE/4 Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, N.M.P.M., Lea County, New Mexico, in respect to the Lusk-Strawn Pool and designating these Applicants as the operator thereof.
- 3) And for such other relief as may be just in the premises.

DATED this 21st day of September, 1962.

MARTIN YATES, III, AND S. P. YATES

By Cone

A. J. Losee for LOSEE AND STEWART P. O. Drawer 239 Artesia, New Mexico -2-

Docket No. 29-62

Examiner Hearing - Wednesday October 10, 1962

CASE 2657:

Application of Odessa Natural Gasoline Company for a non-standard gas proration unit, Lea County, New Mexico.

Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks establishment of a 320-acre non-standard gas proration unit comprising the SE/4 of Section 23 and the NE/4 of Section 26, Township 25 South, Range 37 East, Justis Gas Pool, Lea County, New Mexico, to be dedicated to its Carlson "A" Well No. 1 located in Unit P of said Section 23.

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# DOCKET: EXAMINER HEARING - WEDNESDAY - OCTOBER 10, 1962

9 A.M. - OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION CONFERENCE ROOM STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING, SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

The following cases will be heard before Daniel S. Nutter, Examiner or Elvis A. Utz, alternate examiner:

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(Continued)

Application of Carper Drilling Company for a tubingless completion, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to complete its Baetz Well No. 1, located in the SE/4 SW/4 of Section 35, Township 14 South, Range 27 East, Chaves County, New Mexico, as a tubingless gas well completion producing through perforations from 8182-8270' in 2 7/8 inch casing.

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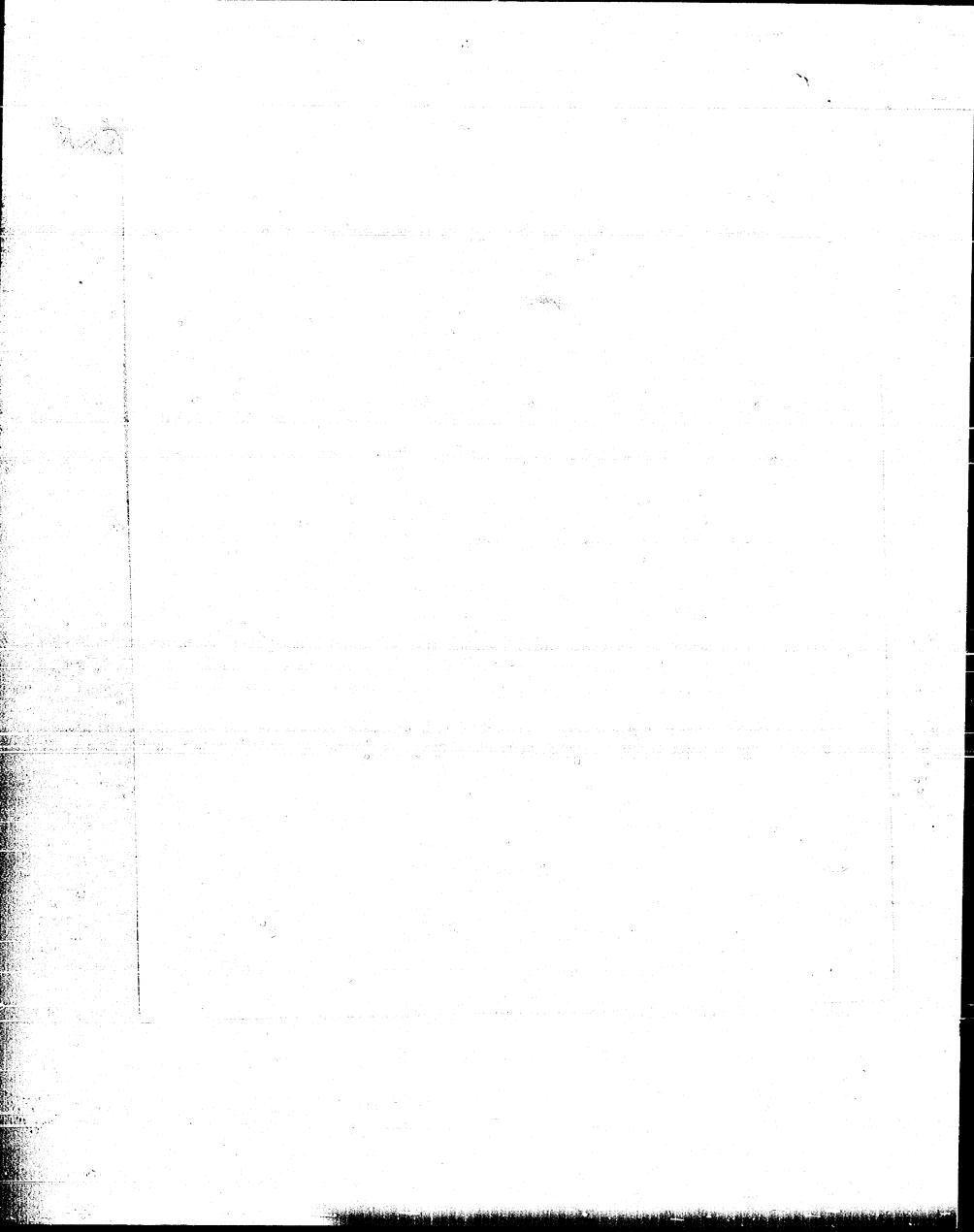
Application of Carper Drilling Company for the creation of a new gas pool and for temporary special rules and regulations, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks the creation of a new gas pool to be designated the Buffalo Valley-Pennsylvanian Gas Pool for its Baetz Well No. 1, located in the SE/4 SW/4 of Section 35, Township 14 South, Range 27 East, Chaves County, New Mexico. Applicant, further seeks the establishment of temporary special rules and regulations governing said pool, including provisions for 320-acre gas units.

# CASE 2655:

Application of Martin Tates III and S. P. Yates for compulsory pooling, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order force pooling all mineral interests in the Lusk-Strawn Pool to form a 160-acre oil proration unit comprising the NE/4 of Section 30, Township 19 South Pange 32 East. Lea County, New Mexico, to be 3 dedicated to a well to be drilled in the NE/4 NE/4 of said Section 30.

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Docket No. 29-62 Examiner Hearing - Wednesday October 10, 1962

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# CASE 2664:

Application of Southwest Production Company for a dual completion, San Juan County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to complete its Davis Federal Well No. 1, located in Unit L of Section 24, Township 26 North, Range 11 West, San Juan County, New Mexico, as a dual completion with production of oil from the Gallup zone and production of gas from the Dakota zone to be through parallel strings of 1 %-inch tubing.

CLASS OF SERVICE This is a fast message unless its deferred char-acter is indicated by the

proper symbol.

# WFSTERN UNION

TELEGRAM

NI.=Night Letter LT = International Letter Telegra

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

in the Jare line on Jomestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME of point of origin. Time of secretary STANDARD TIME of point of origin.

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K OCDO93 PD=WUX OKLAHOMA CITY OKLA

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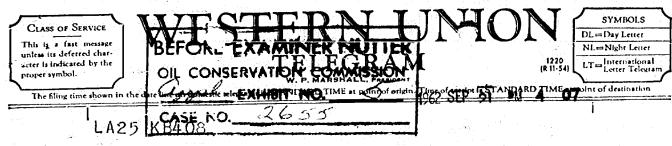
BEFORE EXAMINER NUTTER

CIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION Cippl EXHIBIT NO.

RE PROPOSED MORROW TEST - SEC. 30-198-32E, LUSK FIELD, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

9 IN LIGHT OF OUR CONTINUED DEVELOPMENT OPERATINS ON THE LUSK UNIT WHERE NEW WELL HAS JUST BEEN AUTHORIZED IN SECTION 20 KERR-MCGEE PREFERS TO DEFER DRILLING THIS TEST AT THIS TIME=

J C FINLEY KERR MCGEE OIL IND INC.



K OCC285 PD=WUX OKLAHOMA CITY OKLA 21 411P CST=
-S P YATES=

311-313CARPER BLDG. ARTESIA NMEX=

RE: PROPOSED MORROW TEST NE NE SEC 30-108-32E LEA COUNTY,

9 IF YOU SPUD THE ABOVE TEST WITHIN 10 DAYS FROM DATE HEREOF AND DILIGENTLY TEST ALL FORMATIONS DOWN TO AND INCLUDING THE MORROW FORMATION, WE WILL CONTRIBUTE SO CENTS PER FOOT DRY HOLE MONEY, NOT TO EXCEED \$10,160,00, WITH THE UNDERSTANDING (1) THAT, IN CONSIDERATION THEREOF, YOU WILL WAIVE YOUR RIGHT TO FORCE POOL SECTION 30 AGAINST. KERR-MCGEE AND (2) YOU WILL SUPPORT 160 ACRE SPACING FOR STRAWN RESERVOIR EMBRACING THE NE/4 OF SECTION 30-198-32E AND IF THE WELL PRODUCES ALLOW KERR-MCGEE THE OPTION TO CONTRIBUTE ITS LEASES IN THE NORTHWEST QUARTER OF SECTION 30 AND PAY ITS SHARE OF THE ACTUAL COST OF DRILLING AND COMPLETING SAME AND THEREBY BECOME THE OWNER OF ITS PROPORTIONATE INTEREST IN THE UNIT WELL AND (3) YOU WILL REQUEST AND SUPPORT WITH REASONABLE EFFORTS 640 ACRE MORROW SPACING EMBRACING THE ENTIRE SECTION 30-198-32E AND IF THE PROPOSED TEST PRODUCES ALLOW KERR-MCGEE THE OPTION TO CONTRIBUTE ITS LEASES IN SECTION 30 AND PAY ITS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE

This is a last message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

# WESTERN UNION

TELEGRAM

1220 (R 11-54 DL=Day Letter
NL=Night Letter

LT = International Letter Telegram

W. P. MARGHALL, PRESIDENT

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

COST OF DRILLING AND COMPLETING SAME AND THEREBY BECOME OWNER OF ITS PROPORTIONATE PART OF THE UNIT WELL, SUCH INTEREST TO BE EQUAL TO THE RATIO OF NET ACRES OWNED BY KERR-MCGEE TO THE TOTAL NET ACRES IN THE PRORATION UNIT ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL AND CONSERVATION COMMISSION. IN THE EVENT KER-MCGEE ELECTS NOT TO EXERCISE ITS OPTION WITH RESPECT TO EITHER THE STRAWN OR MORROW, ITS ACREAGE WILL BE PLACED IN THE PRORATION UNIT AND YOU WILL BE ALLOWED TO RECOUP FROM PRODUCTION 100 PER CENT OF KERR-MCGEE SHARE OF OPERATING COST A D SURFACE EQUIPMENT BEYOND THE WELL HEAD AND 125 PECENT OF KERR-MCGEETS SHARE OF THE COST OF DRILLING AND THE WELL THROUGH THE WELL HEAD. IF THE ABOVE IS ACCEPTABLE TO YOU, PLEASE SO ADVISE BY WIRE AND WE WILL DRAFT A DEFINITIVE LETTER AGREEMENT FORMALIZING THESE TERMS. YOUR ACCEPTANCE MUST REACH US BY MIDNIGHT SEP TEMBER 24, 1962=

BREENE M. KERR KERR MCGEE OIL IND INC==

- 30-10S-32E 10 80 10, 160,00 1 30 2 160 NE/4 30-19S-32E 30 3 640 30-19S-32E 30 100 125 24 1962

PATRONS CONTERNING ITS SERVICE

GOVERNOR EDWIN L. MECHEM

# State of New Wexico of il Conservation Commission

LAND COMMISSIONER E. S. JOHNNY WALKER MEMBER



STATE GEOLOGIST A. L. PORTER, JR. SECRETARY - DIRECTOR

P. O. BOX 671 SANTA FE

October 19, 1962

Re:

Mr. A. J. Losee Losee & Stewart Carper Building P. O. Drawer 239 Artesia, New Mexico Case No. 2655
Order No. R-2339

Applicant:

Martin Yates III & S. P. Yates

Dear Sir:

Enclosed herewith are two copies of the above-referenced Commission order recently entered in the subject case.

A. L. PORTER, Jr.
Secretary-Director

ir/
Carbon copy of or ar also sent to:
Hobbs OCC \_\_x
Artesia OCC \_\_
Aztec OCC \_\_
OTHER \_\_\_ Mr. Richard Morris

# BEFORE THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION OF NEW MEXICO FOR THE FURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

> CASE No. 2655 Order No. R-2339

APPLICATION OF MARTIN YATES III AND S. P. YATES FOR COMPULSORY POOLING, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

# ORDER OF THE COMMISSION

# BY THE COMMISSION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 o'clock a.m. on October 10, 1962, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Daniel S. Nutter, Examiner duly appointed by the Oil Conservation Commission of New Mexico, hereinafter referred to as the "Commission," in accordance with Rule 1214 of the Commission Rules and Regulations.

NOW, on this 18th day of October, 1962, the Commission, a quorum being present. having considered the application, the evidence adduced, and the recommendations of the Examiner, Daniel S. Nutter, and being fully advised in the premises,

# FINDS:

- (1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Commission has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.
- (2) That the applicants, Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates, seek an order pooling all mineral interests in the Lusk-Strawn Pool in the NE/4 of Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico, to form a standard 160-acre unit in said pool to be dedicated to their Federal Elliott-Hall Well, presently being drilled at a location 660 feet from the North line and 660 feet from the East line of said Section 30.
- (3) That applicants are the owners of the NE/4 NE/4 and SW/4 NE/4 of said Section 30, and Phillips Petroleum Company and Kerr-McGee Industries, Inc. are joint owners of the NW/4 NE/4 and the SE/4 NE/4 of said Section 30.
- (4) That prior to the hearing, all owners had consented to the drilling of said Federal Elliott-Hall Well No. 1, with the exception of Kerr-McGee Industries, Inc. Further, that Kerr-McGee Industries, Inc. by statement of counsel at the hearing indicated that it does not oppose the pooling action herein

-2-CASE No. 2655 Order No. R-2339

requested, but does oppose the estimate of risk factor involved.

- (5) That to evoid the drilling of unnecessary wells, to protect correlative rights, and to afford to the owner of each interest in the NE/4 of Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East the opportunity to recover or receive without unnecessary expense his just and fair share of the oil and gas in the Lusk-Strawn Fool, the subject application should be approved and the 160-acre unit dedicated to applicants' Federal Elliott-Hall Well Wo. 1, presently drilling to the Strawn formation in the NE/4 NE/4 of said section 30.
- (6) That the evidence presented in this case indicates that the subject well will cost approximately \$161,610 for a dry hole in the Strawn or \$232,600 for a completed producer in the Strawn. Further, that these estimated costs were not contested in the hearing and do appear to the Commission to be reasonable.
- (7) That the applicants seek permission to withhold the proceeds from production attributable to each non-consenting working interest until such time as each interest's share of the costs of said well has been recovered, plus 50 percent thereof as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well.
- (8) That the unproved structural position of the subject well, taken into consideration with its distance from the nearest Strawn producer and with the risk involved in encountering sufficient permeability, porosity, and reserves in the Strawn formation to obtain a commercial well, indicates a 50 percent charge for risk to be reasonable.
- (9) That \$100.00 per month should be fixed as the reasonmble cost of operating the subject well, and each non-consenting
  working interest owner should be assessed with its share of such
  cost, to be paid out of production.
- (10) That to avoid the aforementioned 50 percent risk factor, any non-consenting working interest owner should be afforded the opportunity to pay its share of the anticipated dry hole costs of \$161,610 within 15 days after the data of entry of this order, subject to an adjustment to the actual well costs within 30 days after receipt of an itemized tabulation of actual total well costs.
- (11) That Kerr-McGee Industries, Inc., should notify the applicants, Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates, and the Commission within 15 days after the date of entry of this order as to whether it has elected to pay its share of the aforesaid anticipated dry hole costs.
- (12) That the applicants, Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates, should furnish the Commission and each working interest owner

CASE No. 2655 Order No. R-2339

in the subject unit an itemized tabulation of the total well costs within 30 days after the date of completion of the well.

(13) That Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates should be designated the operators of the unit.

# IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

- (1) That all mineral interests, whatever they may be, in the Strawn formation underlying the NE/4 of Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, NMPM, Lea County, New Mexico, are hereby pooled to form a 160-acre Lusk-Strawn Pool oil proration unit. Said unit shall be dedicated to the Martin Yates III S. P. Yates Federal Elliott-Hall Well No. 1, located in the NE/4 NE/4 of said Section 30.
- (2) That Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates are hereby designated the operators of said unit.
- (3) That Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates are hereby authorized to withhold the proceeds from production attributable to each non-consenting working interest until such time as each such interest's share of the actual well costs has been recovered, plus 50 percent thereof as a charge for the risk involved in the drilling of the well.
- (4) That \$100.00 per month is fixed as the cost of operating the subject well, and Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates are hereby authorized to withhold from production the proportionate share of such cost attributable to each non-consenting working interest.
- (5) That any non-consenting working interest owner shall have the right to elect to pay Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates its proportionate share of \$161,610 within 15 days after the date of entry of this order, subject to a subsequent adjustment as to actual costs. In the event such election is made, the Commission shall also be notified, and the 50 percent risk factor ordered in Paragraph 3 of this order will be inapplicable.
- (6) That the applicants shall furnish the Commission and each working interest owner in the subject unit an itemized schedule of well costs within 30 days after the date of completion of the subject well.
- (7) That jurisdiction of this cause is retained for the entry of such further orders as the Commission may deem necessary.

-4-CASE Mo. 2655 Order No. R-2339

DONE at Farmington, New Mexico, on the day and year hereinabove designated.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

EDWIN L. MECHEM, Chairman

E. S. WALKER, Member

A. L. PORTER, Jr., Member & Secretary

esr/

# DEARNLEY-MEIER REPORTING SERVICE, Inc.

BEFORE THE
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Santa Fe, New Mexico
October 10, 1962

# EXAMINER HEARING

IN THE MATTER OF:

Application of Martin Yates III and S. P. Yates for compulsory pooling, Lea County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks an order force pooling all mineral interests in the Lusk-Strawn Pool to form a 160-acre oil proration unit comprising the NE/4 of Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, Lea County, New Mexico, to be dedicated to a well to be drilled in the NE/4 NE/4 of said Section 30.

Case 2655

BEFORE: Daniel S. Nutter, Examiner.

# TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING

MR. NUTTER: Case 2655.

MR. LOSEE: A. J. Losee, Losee & Stewart, Artesia, representing the Applicants. At this point I'm the only witness that can testify. I'm satisfied my clients are here. They were here last night.

MR. NUTTER: Any other appearances in this case?

MR. MORRIS: Yes, sir, Richard Morris of Seth, Montgomery, Federici & Andrews, appearing for Kerr-McGee Industries. With me is Mr. Francis Irvine of the Oklahoma City Kerr, Conn &



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Davis, also representing Kerr-McGee Industries. We may wish to present some testimony at the conclusion of the Applicant's case.

MR. LOSEE: At this time, if agreeable with other appearances, I'd like to ask that it be continued. If you'll give me a minute I'll go call my witnesses.

MR. NUTTER: Have you got your witnesses here for 2656?

Let's put this case in abeyance for two or three minutes and call Case 2656.

(Whereupon, testimony in Case 2656 was presented.)

MR. NUTTER: Let's recall this Case 2655 again. We've called this case before and had the appearances entered.

(Witness sworn.)

(Whereupon, Applicant's Exhibits 1 through 7 were marked for identification.)

# H. N. SWEENEY

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

# DIRECT EXAMINATION

# BY MR. LOSEE:

- Q State your name, please.
- A H. N. Sweeney.
- Q Where do you live, Mr. Sweeney?
- A 1905 South Washington, Roswell.



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- What is your occupation? Q
- I'm an independent geologist. A
- have you ever testified before this Commission? Q
- Yes, sir, I have.
- Have your qualifications been accepted at that time?
- They were.

MR. LOSEE: Are Mr. Sweeney's qualifications accepted? MR. NUTTER: Yes, sir, please proceed.

(By Mr. Losee) Please refer to what has been marked as Exhibit No. 1. Does this map portray the working interest ownership, or purport to, in Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, Lea County, New Mexico?

Yes, sir.

The quarter section which is the subject of this application is the Northeast Quarter of that section. Would you state for the record the ownership of each 40-acre tract within that quarter section?

There are four separate leases in four 40-acre tracts within the Northeast Quarter of which the Northeast Quarter and the Southwest Quarter is held by the Yates, the Northwest Quarter and Southeast Quarter are held jointly by Phillips and Kerr-McGee.

Does this map purport to portray any geology with respect to this Strawn, Lusk-Strawn Pool?



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Yes, sir, it's my interpretation of the structure A based on the controls that we have at this time.

What controls, Mr. Sweeney?

There's been eight wells drilled in the area somewhat widely spaced and generally on a direct line, but based upon the top of the Strawn on those eight wells this map has been constructed.

Q How many wells have been completed in the Strawn in this pool?

A Thore are four good ones and two marginal wells and two dry holes in this area.

What are the good wells, the names of the wells?

The El Paso Lusk 1, 2 and 3, and the El Paso Southern California No. 1.

You have noted on this map the words "Lusk Deep Unit"? Q

A) Yes.

Yes, sir. Is that area outlined? Q

Is that the dotted lines of which this Section 30 lies Q directly south of?

Right. A

Now, in the northwest corner of the map you have a note, "The Greenwood Unit". Is that another federally-approved unit?



Q You stated that Yates owned two 40-acre tracts in this 160-acre unit. Would you state how this acreage was acquired?

A This is a farmout from Edna Hall and Frank Elliott.
Shall I go into details?

Q Go into a little general terms of the farmout, if you would, please.

A This is an area I have been studying for a long time, am about the first of June I started to work to put together a deal here in Section 30, and succeeded in obtaining a farmout from Edna Allen Hall and Frank Elliott of these two 40's and an additional 80 in the Southwest Quarter of the section. It was obvious that since we were subject to the Strawn spacing order that we would either need a farmout from Phillips and Kerr-McGee or their joinder in a well, and they were first contacted, Phillips was on June 18, I believe is the date, and they asked me to write them a letter indicating, that is Mr. Fallord with Phillips that I talked to, and he said that they probably would farm it out and asked me to write him a letter.

Q Let me stop you a minute. Now, the terms of your deal with Elliott, Hall, did it have any drilling obligation?

A Yes, sir. It required the well to be commenced by September 13.



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- And did you go to what depth? Q
- To the Strawn.

MR. NUTTER: That's September 13 of 1962?

- Yes, sir. Α
- Did it also by doing that, how much acreage did the Q Yates earn, all of the acreage from the top to the bottom under that farmout, by drilling the Strawn well?
- No, sir, they only earned one hundred feet below the depth drilled, but with a Strawn well.
  - Did it have any provision for a Morrow well?
- Yes, sir, in the event a Morrow well was drilled, then all rights would be earned.
- The commencement date, I believe you gave, was September 13, 1962. Has that been extended?
- That has been subsequently extended to October 1st, A 1962.
- You mentioned the Morrow, is that of the Pennsylvanian Q formation?
  - Yes, sir, that's the Ponnsylvanian series.
- Are there any Morrow wells completed in this area that Q are shown on your map?
- There are three completions in the Morrow in this Those are the Lusk 2, the Lusk 3 and the Southern California



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The Shell Middleton is completed in the Morrow for a No. 1. very marginal well, probably less than a million a day. All three of the Pan American wells on the map have penetrated the Morrow. A completion attempt is presently being made on the well in Section 27 in the Plains Unit well; they had a very small show on a drill stem test in the Plains Unit.

Let me take you back to where you were when I interrupted you and go ahead with the negotiations that took place for the drilling of this well.

As I understand, I first asked Phillips for a farmout, and on or about June 28 Phillips called me and rejected a farmout, but said they might join in the well, which I requested that they consider a joinder. On July 5th Phillips wrote me saying that they preferred not to go anything at this time. There were two conversations between, with Phillips between the 5th and the 20th, and on the 20th I went to Midland to discuss the matter with their management, and on the 24th wrote Phillips setting out a proposal for a well in this area with proposed allocation of cost for a Strawn and a Morrow well, and a copy of that went to Kerr-McGee.

Two days later Phillips called me and suggested that we have a meeting of all the interested parties in this area since my conversation with the other companies involved, incidentally,



within this section there were nine different leases and eight different owners, and all of the owners in the area felt that the corres was probably a reasonable spacing on the Morrow, although no spacing had been set, and that any communitization of Morrow interests should be on a 640-acre basis. So it was necessary to get everyone within the section at the meeting. Gulf had one 40-acre interest in there which we acquired, the other companies involved were Phillips, Kerr-McGee, Delhi-Taylor, Shell and Yates Petroleum, who were all present at the meeting that was held in Midland on July 30.

There were several conversations, including two with Kerr-McGee prior to that meeting on July 30, and at that time we were prepared to drill a Strawn test, but it was the concensus at the meeting that if this test was taken to the Strawn it ought to go to the Morrow, and I believe that all the operators' representatives present expressed themselves to that end and we reached a general agreement at that meeting on July 30 on the allocation of costs between the Strawn interests and the Morrow interests which would be different.

On August the 1st a report on that meeting, in detail, of the discussion and proposals was mailed to all parties and there was, my next conversation with Kerr-McGee was on the 14th of August, I believe, and I was informed that Kerr-McGee would not reach

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any decision until we had one out of Phillips as to their joinder in the project, and didn't intend to process it further until Phillips held an undivided Phillips had made up their mind. half interest with Kerr-McGee. On the 23rd I talked to them again, on the 28th we mailed out an estimated cost of the well, and this is August 28, mind you, and our proposed date for starting at that time was September 13.

MR. NUTTER: This is the estimated cost to go to the Morrow?

Yes, sir, and to the Strawn. We sent both figures and we also sent a copy of our drilling bit proposal. The Yates brothers asked for bids on the well at that time because our time was getting so short. Just about this time we realized that we weren't going to make that September 13 deadline and asked for and received an extension to October 1st, with some reluctance from the people who actually farmed it out to us.

On September 3rd I wrote Phillips giving some additional figures on allocation of costs with a copy of that going to Kerr-McGee, and on that date we received a wire from Phillips approving joinder by Phillips in a Morrow test. On September 5th we mailed an operating agreement to all parties except, that's joint operating agreement for both Strawn and Morrow, and I personally took Kern-McGee's copy to Amarillo to be sure that



they got it and to further discuss this thing since they were the only ones of the interested parties at that time who hadn't approved this Morrow test.

At that time we called a meeting, we set up a meeting for September the 11th, of all of the operators interested in the project, and that was held in Artesia on September 11, and everyone was there, had representatives there except Kerr-McGee, and we reached general agreement among the other companies as to the various changes to be made in the operating agreement and proper allocation of costs formula which is rather complex.

Let me interrupt you just a minute. At that point you had an agreement to drill a Morrow well?

Yes, sir.

Briefly what are the terms of that agreement that all Q the parties except Kerr-McGee had agreed upon?

Actually the agreement was loaded in favor of the Strawn owners, that Phillips and Kerr-McGee, where we felt from the start we had to have them in the project. It worked out that the Strawn is the primary objective in here, the Morrow is, I would say is almost a marginal project, much greater hazard on a Morrow test than on the Strawn.

Our allocation of cost formula actually figured out that on a dry hole the Strawn owners would actually pay \$86,000 and the

Morrow owners \$136,000, even though the Strawn owners were shooting for much greater reserves than Morrow.

- Was there a dry hole contribution to the Strawn?
- That was figured in in the allocation of costs. That was the Morrow owners contribution toward drilling the hole to the Strawn.
  - How much a foot was that contribution? Q
  - Eight dollars a foot. Α
  - Q Go on back to your negotiations again.
- After our meeting on September 11 I called Mr. McKinney A at Amarillo to inform him what went on at the meeting and ask as to the status of the deal with Kerr-McGee, and was told that it had been submitted to Oklahoma City, presumably with his recommendation, but they did not have approval from their Oklahoma City headquarters. The next day I was in Oklahoma City and called Kerr-McGee's office and spent some time discussing the deal with Mr. Curtis of Kerr-McGee, and felt that there were a number of things about it which they possibly didn't understand that I could clear up.

Well, on that same day before I actually got back to Roswell, Kerr-McGee wired the Yates saying that they preferred to defer the test. Of course, we didn't have any choice at that time because we had an October 1st spudding date. That was signed by



Mr. J. C. Finley, and we called Mr. Finley and made an appointment with him, and on September 17, S. P. Yates and Martin Yates and I flew to Oklahoma City and went over the entire thing with Mr. Finley and he agreed to resubmit, Mr. Finley is exploration manager of Kerr-McGee, and he agreed to resubmit the project to their management.

On the 21st, four days later, we received a wire from Kerr-McGee offering us \$10,160 dry hole money on a \$358,000 well, which we felt was an inadequate offer, and since we couldn't drill the Morrow without pooling this 160 due to the spacing order to which we are subject, we would only get three-quarters of an allowable without the joinder of Kerr-McGee's interest, so that we felt that since our well was slated to be started we are making efforts to get the well started and to avoid giving Kerr-McGee an entire free ride to look at the Strawn, at that time we filed an application for the forced pooling.

MR. NUTTER: Kerr-McGee offered how much?

- \$10,160 on a 12,700 foot test. That's dry hole money. MR. NUTTER; But that's on the Morrow test or --
- For the Morrow test. A
- For the Morrow test only? Q
- A For the entire well.

MR. NUTTER: For the entire well?



Please refer to Exhibit 4 and state if that is the Q first telegram that you mentioned that you received from Kerr-McGee?

That's the one. A

Yes.

This is the telegram in which they stated they pre-Q ferred to defer drilling of the well, you received it on September 13?

Yes. A

Please refer to what has been marked Exhibit 5. State if that is the second telegram, and if so, read it into the record, please.

Yes, this telegram is dated September 21, it was re-A ceived at 4:07 P.M., that was on a Friday, addressed to S. P. Yates. "Re: Proposed Morrow test, Northeast, Northeast Section 30, 10 South, 32 East, Lea County, New Mexico. If you spud the above test within ten days from date hereof and diligently test all formations down to and including the Morrow formation, we will contribute 80 cents per foot dry hole money, not to exceed \$10,160.00, with the understanding (1) that, in consideration thereof, you will waive your right to force pool Section 30 against Kerr-McGee and (2) you will support 160-acre spacing for the Strawn reservoir embracing the Northeast Quarter of Section

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30, 19 South, 32 East and if the well produces allow Kerr-McGee the option to contribute its leases in the Northwest Quarter of Section 30 and pay its share of the actual cost of drilling and completing same and thereby become the owner of its proportionate interest in the unit well and (3) you will request and support with reasonable efforts 640-acre Morrow spacing embracing the entire Section 30, 19 South, 32 East and if the proposed test produces allow Kerr-McGee the option to contribute its leases in Section 30 and pay its proportionate share of the actual cost of drilling and completing same and thereby become owner of its proportionate part of the unit well, such interest to be equal to the ratio of net acres owned by Kerr-McGee to the total net acres in the proration unit established by the State of New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission. In the event Kerr-McGee elects not to exercise its option with respect to either the Strawn or Morrow. its acreage will be placed in the proration unit and you will be allowed to recoup from production 100 percent of Kerr-McGee's share of operating cost and surface equipment beyond the well head and 125 percent of Kerr-McGee's share of the cost of drilling and equipping the well through the well head-If the above is acceptable to you, please so advise by wire and we will draft a definitive letter agreement formalizing these Your acceptance must reach us by midnight September 24, terms.



Signed Breene M. Kerr, Kerr-McGee Oil Industries, Inc. 1962."

You have in your earlier testimony referred to Yates Q brothers. To correct the record, is it actually Martin Yates, III and S. P., III?

A Yes.

That is correct, they are the owners of this farmout Q from Elliott and Hall?

A Right.

Have they caused the title to this Northeast Quarter Q. of Section 30 to be examined?

They have, A

And are these the owners of working overriding royalty and royalty interests in this 160? The United States is the lessor, Joseph L. McLennan is an overriding royalty and Elliott and Hall was an overriding with a right to back in for a working interest, H. N. Sweeney with a back in on working interest and S. P. Yates and Martin Yates, III as the working interest owners under the 2 40's described as the Northeast, Northeast and the Southwest, Northeast, and Phillips Petroleum Company and Kerr-McGee Oil Industries as owners of undivided one-half interest each in the Northwest, Northeast, Northeast of that Section 30?

I believe there's an additional one percent royalty



on one 40 held by Phillips, but otherwise according to my attorney that's correct.

- Have all of those people agreed to communitize their interest for the drilling of a Strawn well?
  - Except Kerr-McGee.
- You mentioned the United States Geological Survey. Q Have you discussed with them the communitication of their leases for the Strawn Pool?
- I have. Mr. John Anderson, supervisor of the United States Geological Survey office at Roswell, the Regional Office, said that it would be a routine matter to approve it in a few minutes with the commitment of all the parties.
- Are you familiar with the Oil Conservation Commission rules which established the Lusk-Strawn Pool and prescribed the spacing and proration units?
  - Yes, sir.
- Was it Order No. R-1840 which initially established the pool?
  - I believe that's right.
- Did that order define the pool as being the Northeast Q Quarter of Section 19 in Township 19 South, Range 32 East?
  - Yes, sir. A
  - Then the subsequent order of the Commission establishing



spacing for that pool, was that R-2175-B?

- A I believe that's correct.
- Q Did that establish 160-acre spacing?
- A I believe that first order established 60 acres.
- Q Well, the B order did that, R-2175-B, that's not the one that authorized 160-acre spacing?
  - A The last order was 160 acres.
- Q Does that apply for drilling and sapcing and proration units for wells within the pool and within one mile of the exterior boundaries?
  - A That's right.
- Q You had a commitment date of October 1st, did the Yates commence drilling this well, and if so, what is its location?
- A The well was spudded 660 feet from the north and east lines of Section 30 at 10:30 P.M. on September 27. It's presently at a total depth of 3715 and preparing to run intermediate casing.
- Q Please refer to what has been marked as Exhibit No. 2 and state what that is.
- A This is the notice to the United States Geological Survey of intention to drill the Federal Elliott Hall No. 1, which has been approved by the United States Geological Survey.
  - Q Please refer to Exhibit 3.



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Exhibit 3 is well location and acreage dedication plat which was filed with the notice of intention to drill.

Is that for this Strawn test well that you are testify-Q ing with respect to?

It is. A

What acreage is dedicated to the well?

The Northeast Quarter. A

Right. Of this Section 30? Q

So far in the drilling of this well have you encounter-Q ed any problems?

Yes. There's a lost circulation zone at approximately 2900 feet which has been encountered in all the wells, and we have drilled approximately 800 feet of this well without returns, and while we originally intended to set 4400 feet, it's been decided that we will run our intermediate string at our present total depth of 5713.

What factors would you say in the drilling of this well would be determinative of the risk that Yates might incur without the participation of all of them, of all the working interest owners?

Well, every well is a risk. This is certainly not a field well. It's a step out from production of almost a mile from two different wells. Our structural interpretation that is

shown on Exhibit 1 has rather scant controls and could change radically, but our greatest risk, and which has been shown by the marginal wells and dry holes in the area, is not of structure as it is of porosity and permeability. The two wells farthest north in the field, the Greenwood Unit No. 7 and No. 8 are almost lacking in porosity in the Strawn, although these are high wells, actually. Much higher than other wells in the field that are producing.

The Shell Middleton 1 Well in Section 18 apparently had good porosity, but the performance of the well has indicated a lack of permeability. In spite of a good porosity section, that is definitely a marginal well, probably due to lack of permeability.

The Pan American Plains Unit Well in Section 27 is only
140 feet low to the producing well in Section 29, which is well
above the oil column of the El Paso Natural Gas well in Section
29, but it would be expected to produce from its structural position, but they encountered a complete lack of porosity in that
well in Section 27, and that is our major hazard, I believe, even
more so than changes in structure, which, due to the lack of
controls, could occur very rapidly here, but we're almost a mile
from the nearest well and a lot of changes in porosity can
happen within a mile.

MR. NUTTER: We'll recoss until 1:30 P.M.



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(Whereupon, a recess was taken.)

MR. NUTTER: The hearing will come to order. please. Before continuing with Case No. 2655, we will reopen 2656.

(Whereupon, further testimony in Case No. 2656 was presented.)

MR. NUTTER: We will resume Case No. 2655.

- (By Mr. Losee) You are the same H. A. Sweeney that was testifying before lunch in this case, are you not?
  - Yes, sir.
- I believe at that time you were explaining your views on the geology which would contribute to the risk factor in this forced pooling case. Would you care to continue on any statements about geology?

There's a lot we don't know about this field, naturally with only four good wells that are approximately, on, three miles apart, and all on a direct line. The wells that have been drilled, both the dry holes and marginal wells, have proved that the field is not structurally controlled. I'm familiar with the Strawn carbonate reservoir field in Midland County, the Strawn field which extends over a length of approximately ten miles, and in no place is it more than a half a mile wide, the porosity zone. I think we have to recognize that that could happen here. It's not an uncommon matter to have a porosity trend of rather narrow



extent and our well is the first one, well, not the first one, we are off the porosity trend which has been established by the four completed wells, and I think there's a very substantial risk factor involved that our well will either show the porosity extends over in that direction or it doesn't.

Mr. Sweeney, I see on your Exhibit 1 you have in this deep unit a Well No. 4. Is that a drilling well?

Yes, it was probably spudded this week end.

In the first telegram of Kerr-McGee they mentioned they preferred to defer the drilling of your well in the Northeast, Northeast of 30 until a well was completed and they gave the Is that the Well No. 4 that's shown there? location.

I presume, and my reaction actually is that that is an excuse and not a reason and that well is roughly a mile away from our well and will tell us nothing about the porosity conditions in our well, and from my knowledge of the Lusk Unit, Kerr-McGee has a very small interest in that well.

Well, that is the well, though, they were referring to?

Yes.

How deep do you expect to encounter the Strawn in this Q well?

The porosity zone approximately 11,450, give or take 50 feet.



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Do you consider that this is a field well under common nomenclature?

- Oh, definitely, no.
- Is there a possibility that in the drilling of this well you might lose your hole?

Yes, sir, there are some unusual drilling conditions in this field and there's one well that El Paso drilled, their No. 2 well, which while the normal estimates for Morrow well in this area run in the neighborhood of \$355,000 to \$360,000, that El Paso No. 2 Well I've been informed actually cost \$850,000.

What conditions exist in this area which might make the Q drilling more expensive or might result in losing the hole?

The most critical and most common problem in there is A extremely cavernous porosity at the top of the Seven Rivers formation, but is probably the Capitan Reef. That there's an interval of, oh, 200 feet at the top of this reef section with cavernous porosity and most of the wells drilled in this general area have completely lost circulation within this zone, and it's virtually impossible to seal, and since that reef section is something like that 1700 feet thick and you might run into this cavernous condition at any point, although it hasn't been established that there's any below depth of about 3350 feet, the operators, where they have been able to, have all set casing



through the reef section at approximately 4500 feet.

Earlier in your testimony you mentioned the agreement between all of the parties other than Kerr-McGee to drill this Morrow test woll.

Yes. A

Did the parties actually agree upon the form of an Q operating agreement?

Yes, sir, in general, and on allocation of costs, of A course, when Kerr-McGee refused to join it knocked that agreement out of the company, it knocked that out the window, because these were major companies, without Kerr-McGee it made a different basis and we just had to start all over again.

By throwing that out the window, did Yates also lose the \$8,00 a foot dry hole money?

Yes, sir, I presume so.

Did that operating agreement have what is commonly referred to as a non-consent clause in it?

Yes, sir. Α

Was that a penalty provision inserted in that agreement for a party who would not participate in the drilling of a well?

Non-consent clause, yes. A

Did the parties agree upon that non-consent clause?

Yes, they did. It was discussed and we reached agreement Á



of the figure of 200%.

Q In other words, that's 200% value above the well head equipment?

- A That's right.
- Q And 100%.

A It's a hundred percent penalty. It's 200% retiring to the operator taking the risk.

Q That 200% covers the cost of drilling and completing the well other than the well head equipment?

- A That's true.
- Q Please refer to what has been marked Exhibit 5 and state what that is.

A This is an AFE which was submitted to, that's authorization for expenditure which was submitted to all parties involved in this test showing the well costs estimate for a Strawn test on this well.

- Q Was that AFE approved by anyone other than Yates?
- A Informally by everyone to whom it's been submitted.
- Q Who would that be?
- A It would be Phillips, Shell, Delhi-Taylor.
- Q Referring to page 3 of that exhibit, would you read into the record the tangible and intangible costs shown on this AFE?



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For a completed well in the Strawn, have a total in-A tangible cost of \$145,800; tangible cost, \$86,800; total cost, \$232,600 with a 10% contingency bringing our estimated costato \$255,860.

- What's the total cost for a dry hole?
- \$177,707. I might add that there hasn't been a well completed in the area yet for as little as this.
- Please refer to what has been marked as Exhibit 6 and state what that is.
- That is the accounting procedure which was attached to our proposed joint operating agreement.
- Is this the joint operating agreement for the Strawn and Morrow test well?

Let me amend, could I confer with you a minute? Actual A ly, this is a copy of the accounting procedure attached to our farmout agreement with Ellictt. There was no provision for Wells above 8,000 feet in our joint operating agreement actually, because it didn't contemplate any joint wells.

- That is attached to what instrument?
- This accounting procedure was attached to our operating agreement with Elliott and Hall.
- As it was made for the purpose of taking care of the situation that when Elliott and Hall's override converted to a



working interest they would then be called upon to bear a share of the cost of operation of the well?

That's true, and we used exactly the same figures in our proposal on the joint operating agreement with the other

But that is the Elliott and Hall now were the owners operators. of that lease and when they farmed it out they attached their accounting procedure to this agreement?

Right.

Did you use the same accounting procedure and the same A Q rates on the proposed Morrow agreement?

Exactly, with the exception that there was no need to provide for wells above 8,000 feet as we had in the Elliott and Hall agreement.

So that actually your only figures agreed upon in that were under the administrative overhead Section 212, was \$300.00 on the drilling well, \$60.00 on the first 5, 50 and 40?

Right. Shell representative, when he looked at those, said that he wouldn't operate a well for that little.

You say it was attached to this proposed Morrow operating agreement. Did the other operators, Delhi-Taylor, Phillips and Shell agree to this accounting procedure form?

They did.



Q With the rates? A They did.

Did you ever make any offer to Kerr-McGee to farm out Q their acreage to accept a farmout?

I did in my letter of July 24, which went to both Phillips and Shell, I made the proposal that if they did not elect to join, that they farm out their acreage to me on the basis of an eighthoverride until payout, and which they could come back in for half the working interest.

After payout?

After payout.

Is that a better deal for Kerr-McGee than Elliott-Hall has farmed this acreage out to you?

Yes, it is.

In what respect does it differ? Q

My agreement with Elliott and Hall is that they got an eighth override until payout and then have an operation to convert to a quarter working interest after payout.

So that the offer you made Kerr-McGee is better in that they could back in for one-half working interest rather than the 25% working interest?

That is right.

Do you have anything further you would like to state in respect to this application?

Oh, if I may express an opinion. I don't think the



maximum penalty of 50% that the Commission is allowed to present is really adequate for the risk involved in this particular case, but if that's all we can get, I think we are entitled to it.

MR. LOSEE: The Applicant will move the introduction of Exhibits 1 through 7.

MR. NUTTER: Applicant's Exhibits 1 through 7 will be admitted in evidence.

> (Whereupon, Applicant's Exhibits Nos. 1 through 7 were admitted in evidence.)

MR. NUTTER: Does anyone have any questions of Mr. Sweeney?

> I do. MR. IRVINE:

MR. NUTTER: Mr. Irvine.

### CROSS EXAMINATION

### BY MR. IRVINE:

Mr. Sweeney, you were speaking a little while ago of a Q reef section that you say is present in these wells, and I believe you stated earlier in your testimony that it was present in all of the wells that had been completed?

Most of them, I said. The section has been present and most of the wells of lost circulation in that zone have encountered cavernous porosity.

All of the wells have been completed successfully to



date I believe you also said, did you not?

That's true, although the El Paso Southern California Well No. 1 was delayed almost thirty days through this lost circulation zone in their drilling.

At the present time what dopth is the well that Yates is drilling, in the process of drilling?

3715 feet. Α

I believe that based upon the testimony that you gave, that you've already drilled through this lost circulation zone, have you not?

The known lost circulation zone. We recognize the possibility that we could still encounter cavernous porosity below where we are drilling pipe.

But you have drilled through that that is known?

Yes, sir. A

And you knew, I beg your pardon, not you, but Yates knew prior to the time that any of these proposals were made that this lost circulation zone was present then, didn't you?

Α Yes, sir.

This was taken --Q

Let me qualify that. As I said, some of the wells did Α not encounter lost circulation, the El Paso Lusk 3, for instance, went through it without difficulty. The Southern California

No. 1 encountered a tremendous amount of difficulty. We recognize the possibility, we didn't necessarily know that we would lose circulation.

But you took that into consideration in all of your estimates, and so forth, of the costs of these things?

Yes, sir.

So that that's a built-in factor into the cost of the drilling of this well?

It can't be estimated precisely because we wouldn't expect to be thirty days' work and \$1200.00 a day, or thereabouts as they were in the El Paso Southern California. The El Paso didn't expect to be either, but those are risk factors that are involved in any well.

And they re no less involved in the well that Mr. Yates is drilling and which he know in advance about, right?

Yes, sir.

All right, sir. In speaking of the dry hole money, what was Kerr-McGee's share of \$177,000, some odd dollars, of dry hole money?

For a Strawn well it would have cost Kerr-McGee under our proposal \$33,000 for a Strawn dry hole.

All right.

Net.

And Kerr-McGee's offer for a dry hole on this rather lengthy



telegram with various options was some \$10,100, was it not?

- All right. Thank you. You have spoken that the Yates well was not a field well prior to the time that the well, the El Paso Southern California No. 1 well, which is in Section 29, was drilled, the three wells that were present were in the Lusk Deep Unit, the El Paso wells in the Lusk Deep Unit?
  - That is correct.
- Would you consider the Southern California well a field well at the time it was drilled?
  - No, sir, I don't think it was.
- Yet now that it is drilled and has extended the field, a well that is somewhat only slightly off the line, but yet in between those two wells, you still do not consider it a field well?
  - We're a half a mile off the direct line, Mr. Irvine.
- What is your idea of the direct line of the Lusk porosity in this field?
- I think all we have proven is the porosity, and I would say, I wouldn't say necessarily that we've proven that the field will tie together between the Lusk 3 and the Southern California No. 1. With very scanty control we have, there could very easily be a saddle in between or a pinch-out of porosity,



a loss of porosity in that interval. I'd say in all likelihood that that is one trend of porosity through there which is virtually a straight line through the four wells, but I wouldn't say it's proven. Q In your opinion these are the only four wells in the

area that would tend to show a Lusk porosity?

Yes, sir, they're the only, I would say commercial wells in there out of eight that have been drilled.

Now, you spoke a little while ago about the non consent clause in this operating agreement and you spoke several times about the operating agreement?

Yes.

Of which some part of it is attached as an exhibit Q here, the accounting procedure?

That's a different one, Mr. Irvine. The operating agreement that we originally drew up was for joint Strawn and Morrow test. Of course, when Kerr-McGee refused to join, that threw our Morrow test out the window because we had to get our Strawn well started, and so we are now drilling a Strawn test and hope before we get down to the Strawn that possibly we can negotiate with the various parties, renegotiate to go on to the Morrow, but that is by no means assured.

You spoke of the non consent clause, and I believe this



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time you were speaking about the operating agreement that was circulated to various parties?

- Yes. A
- It provided for a 200%, I believe, non consent?
- A Yes.
- Who non consented to any well drilled in this area other than Kerr-McGee?

I wouldn't say Kerr-McGee non consented, they just refused to join.

- Well, we were a non consenter, then, were we not, to the drilling of this well at least?
  - It applies to subsequent wells, I don't see the point.
- I don't see the point you put it in there for, and that's what I was going to ask you. Why were you speaking of it?
- Well. 200% has gotten to be so common a penalty for non consent in operating agreements that Ross Martin prints it in their form. I have seen those now as high as 400%.
- You are not presuming that anyone who might possibly have been a non consent agreed to that? In other words, Kerr-McGee did not agree to any such thing as that?
  - Oh, I said you were not present at the meeting. MR. IRVINE: I believe that's all we have. Thank you.



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MR. NUTTER: Does anyone have any further questions of Mr. Sweeney?

### BY MR. NUTTER:

I want to get a couple of things clear here in my mind. Q You stated that in your opinion the formula which was agreed to by everyone that was present at the meeting on September 11 was actually loaded in favor of the Strawn portion of the proposed test?

Phillips and Kerr-McGee would have a quarter Yes, sir. interest in the Strawn under our proposal and an eighth in the Morrow. We had trouble with both of them from the start, and in our negotiation we had just felt it was necessary to give them additional incentives to come in and, as it finally evolved, they were getting quite a break.

You don't mean that they together would have a fourth, Q each one would have a fourth?

- Each one would have a fourth. A
- Together they would have a half?
- A Yes.
- We realize that Kerr-McGee was not present, but the Q agreement was that the Strawn owners would pay \$86,000?
  - Of a complete dry hole. A
  - And the Morrow owners would pay what, \$177,000, or



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They add together; \$222,000 was our estimate of a complete dry hole, of which the Strawn owners would pay \$86,000 and the Morrow owners would pay \$136,000

\$136,000. By the Morrow owners, do you mean the Morrow owners outside the 160?

No, everyone in the section.

In other words, the people in the Northeast Quarter Would pay a portion of that Morrow cost as well as the Strawn cost?

Actually Kerr-McGee's part of a Morrow, taking that well on to the Morrow and drilling a dry hole, would amount to \$5,500.00.

A dry hole in the Morrow, but a producer in the Strawn? Yes, that's true.

Is the Phillips Petroleum Company agreeable to the drilling of the well that has already been started, and to the AFE which has been presented here today?

Phillips originally agreed to join on the basis of the Morrow test, and since we started this proceeding they ve agreed to join for the Strawn test.

MR. NUTTER: I'm not sure in all these exhibits that have been entered that there is any evidence to Phillips: consent to the



Strawn test or not. Is there, Mr. Losee?

MR. LOSEE: No. I think not. It's merely his statement, but I will introduce a telegram.

MR. NUTTER: There will be evidence that Phillips Petroleum Company is agreeable to the Strawn test that's under way at the present time?

MR. LOSEE: Yes.

- (By Mr. Nutter) Mr. Sweeney, you said that of the wells that had been drilled in this area, in your opinion four were good Strawn wells?
  - Yes, sir.
- They were the No. 1, 2 and 3 Lusk Deep Unit and the No. 1 Southern California?
  - Right.
  - You said two were marginal, what are the two marginal?
  - The Shell No. 1 Middleton.
  - That's marginal in the Strawn as well as the Morrow?
  - Yes, it's marginal in the Strawn and sick in the Morrow.
  - And sick in the Morrow.
- And then the Greenwood Unit, Pan American's Greenwood 7, the one farthest to the northwest.
  - Is it completed in the Strawn?
  - Yes.



1 5

1 2

1 2

Q It's marginal?

A Yes, they have a pump on it. It's pumping about 75 barrels a day.

You also said there were two dry holes that would be Q in the No. 8 up in the Southwest, Southwest of 7?

Yes, sir.

Q What's the other one?

The Plains Unit well in the extreme southeast corner A of the map. I might explain on those wells they're very recent completions, neither of them had porosity in the Strawn, and on the Plains Unit well they have run pipe and are going to try to make a Morrow completion of a very small show in the Morrow, but they are convinced that there's nothing in the Strawn. On the Greenwood 8 they have recommended plugging that. They're waiting on orders from their management.

Now, referring to your contour map, is this map based on anything other than the formation tops that have been encountered in the wells which have been drilled?

To some extent on regional geology influences it and to some extent seismic work, but our difficulty in there is that the structure on top of the Strawn, the seismic interpretation in this area is on the top of the Mississippian where they get their best reflections, and the structure on top of the Strawn



does not conform to the structure on top of the Mississippian, so ociomic is a secondary influence. We have to rely primarily on subsurface, and I would say this map is somewhat optimistic in that basically we interpret this as a plunging knoll of a very large regional high to the northwest, Schugart high, there we have close control, and the dip on that Schugart high is in the range of 300 feet to the mile. This is actually contoured on a dip of 200 feet to the mile, which is more in line with the general Strawn dip in Southeast New Mexico, but if that dip on the Schugart high continues on this knolls, it would put our location too low.

How far down is this Lusk Unit No. 4 at this present time?

I was at the location Sunday and they were just getting ready to spud, I believe, or just barely. They had just finished rigging up. I don't know whether they had actually spudded or not.

Even if they had, there's nothing that would indicate they are going to run high or low?

Actually the first marker that I consider of any significance is, first, Bone Springs sand at 8200 feet.

Your well hasn't reached that one yet? Q

No, sir.



For the time being, drawing this minus 7600 foot closed contour across the section of 29 in the north and the south of Section 22 is more or less conjecture and that could be a continuation of the 7600 foot contour which is in the northwest part of your structure?

It could, and we could have a low going through there. In fact, I think some of the seismic I have seen show a slight saddle in between the Southern California well and the Lusk deep area.

So the seismic picture that you saw was maybe what Q caused you to draw this saddle going through?

Actually I didn't draw the saddle because I don't think it's there on the Strawn, but I say it could be the saddle in between your Southern California well and the Lusk wells. If you went strictly on the seismic you would have to draw a low in there. Actually I put a little high.

You have a high and also a low? You have a truss Q running between the two 7600-foot contours?

Yes. We are coming down dip there. Actually what we've got is a plunging knolls in there with a slight high in the middle of it. I wouldn't call it a saddle exactly. I was thinking of a low area in there that would, oh, could be 100, 200 feet. We just don't have any control.



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All the control that you do have so far is northwest, southeast and not much out towards the side?

Reactly. And nothing to the southwest of that trend. All the wells so far have been drilled west and northwest and north of our trend.

What is the nearest deep test that has been made to the southwest of this area?

The Pan American No. 1 Big Eddy Unit is in Section 3 of the next township, and it's about, oh, five to six miles. .

MR. NUTTER: Any further questions of Mr. Sweeney?

MR. LOSEE: I have one question.

(Whereupon, Applicant's Exhibit No. 8, was marked for identification.)

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

## BY MR. LOSEE:

I hand you what has been marked Exhibit 8 and ask you to state what that is.

This is a wire signed by Sam G. Pate, Land Department, Phillips Petroleum Company, addressed to S. P. Yates, Santa Fe, New Mexico, "Confirming telephone conversation of this date, you are advised that we have management approval to join in the drilling of an 11,500 foot Strawn test in Northeast Quarter, Section 30, Township 19 South, Range 32 East, Lea County, New



Mexico. Letter will follow giving all detaile.

MR. NUTTER: What is the date of that telegram?

- That is dated from Midland, Texas at 9:59 on the 10th. A MR. NUTTER: Of October?
- The 10th of October. That's this morning. A

MR. NUTTER: It's timely.

MR. LOSEE: We'll offer the exhibit.

I might add that we were advised two weeks ago that Phillips had recommended joining in their Midland office, they just didn't have management's approval.

MR. NUTTER: Applicant's Exhibit 8 will be admitted in evidence.

> (Whereupon, Applicant's Exhibit No. 8 was admitted in evidence.)

MR. NUTTER: Does anyone have any further questions of Mr. Sweeney? He's excused.

(Witness excused.)

MR. LOSEE: That's the Applicant's case.

MR. NUTTER: Does anyone have anything they wish to offer in this case?

> MR. IRVINE: Yes, sir.

> > (Witness sworn.)

(Whereupon, Kerr-McGee Exhibits Nos. 1 and 2 were marked for identification.)



## JERRY MCKINNEY

called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

## BY MR. IRVINE:

- Would you state your name, please? Q
- Jerry: McKinney. A
- Where do you reside?
- 5502 Evett, Amarillo, Texas.
- By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- Kerr-McGee Oil Industry, Division Manager, Southwest Á Division Office.
  - From where did you graduate in your advanced schooling? Q
- Oklahoma University, Bachelors and Masters degree in geological engineering, 1952 on my Master.
  - Is that Oklahoma University?
  - Oklahoma University.
- What has been your experience since your graduation from college?
- Α I have worked for Kerr-McGee both in Oklahoma, North Texas and in the last three and a half years in West Texas and the Oklahoma-Texas Panhandle, Southeast, New Mexico.
  - What has been your various jobs with Kerr-McGee? Q



I started out as a geologist and became District Å Geologist in Oklahoma City and Division Manager in Amarillo.

Ac a Division Manager in Amarillo, what is the area under your jurisdiction?

Western Kansas, Eastern Colorado, the Oklahoma and Texas Panhandles, and the entire Permian Basin.

This area does include the Lusk-Strawn Pool, does it not?

A It does.

Are you familiar with this Lusk-Strawn Pool area? Q

A I am.

Why are you familiar with it?

Because of working with it and actively engaging A in drilling wells within the pool itself, participating in the El Paso Lusk wells.

And Kerr-McGee is the owner of some interest in this area, is it not?

That is correct.

Which is under your jurisdiction? Q

Yes.

MR. IRVINE: Would the Commission accept the qualifications?

MR. NUTTER: Yes, sir, please proceed.



I hand you what has been marked Exhibit No. 1 and ask Q if you can identify it for us, please.

This is a map, structural map of the Lusk Unit area contoured on top of the Strawn formation, on 50-foot contours it shows all the present deep wells in the area, it shows the top of the Strong formation and the top of the pay and the amount of the pay in each well.

What is the area outlined in red?

I don't think that's outlined on all the exhibits. Outlined in the dashed blue line on the rest of the exhibit is the outline of the Lusk Unit.

What are the areas outlined in yellow?

Those are Kerr-McGee leases outside the Lusk Unit. A

The red arrow indicates what?

The Yates No. 1 Hall Well which is the reason for this meeting.

In order that all the exhibits may be introduced at once and reference can be made to them, will you please identify what has been marked Exhibit No. 2 for us, please?

Exhibit 2 is a cross section from the Pan American No. 7 Greenwood Unit, which is the well at the very top of the map down through the El Paso 2, 1 and 3 Lusk Unit wells into the El Paso Southern California well. There's a location map on the



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cross section itself. The cross section was drawn numerity to PAGE 46 show the structural accittude of the Strawn as well as the porosity in some of the Strawn wells in the area.

Could you please, for us, referring to both Exhibit No. 1 and Exhibit No. 2 that is necessary, and such other information as you might have, describe for us the areal the characteristics of the Strawn formation in this area? content and

The Strawn is present through the area of this map, and of course elsewhere. The porosity in the Strawn is, in my opinion, lies in a northeast-southwest band. You will notice that it's present in the Pan American Greenwood Unit, if you'll refer to the left side of the cross section. It's very poorly developed at 8 feet of porosity. I hadn't gotten the latest dope on the Pan American No. 8 Greenwood Unit, but Mr. Sweeney indicated that did not have any porosity, which is not too unlikely in view of the poor porosity of the northwest.

Starting with the Shell Middleton Federal, which isn't on the cross section but does show on the map, in Section 18 that there's 34 feet of porosity. The balance of the wells to the southeast all have good, strong porosity. Some four miles, or three miles, actually, due southwest of the Yates No. 1 Hall is the Pan American Big Eddy Unit. This well had porosity in the Strawn and actually flowed oil and water from this Strawn porosity.



As I recall, the porosity was only within 40 feet. north of this area the Shell No. 1 Queracho Plains well in Section 22 of 16 South, 32 East also has this same porosity. Based on the Shell Queracho Plains well, the porosity in the Lusk Unit, which we've already discussed in complete detail, and the porosity in the Pan American well, it is my opinion that this poresity belt runs from the northeast to the southwest across this nose as it is contoured, and that nose with the belt running across it constitutes the basic Strawn trap. We haven't proven any water in the Strawn necessarily. We do not know where the oil-water contact is. So structure, at present we don't know at what structural datum the water will be encountered. It could be there isn't a water level in the Strawn. I suspect that there is.

You'll notice that my interpretation shows the Yates Hall Well regardless as being higher than the El Faso Southern California Federal Well. I think previous testimony also showed essentially that, and if you'd have drawn, yes, so the picture as I see it again is a band of Strawn porosity cutting across the nose which forms a trap. I feel that the Yates well is extremely well located to find strong porosity, and I feel that the structural position will be above that of the Southern California Federal well which we know had complete oil column.

Q Mr. McKinney, I believe that Mr. Sweeney testified



that it was not unusual for the Strawn formation to have bands of porusity surrounded by non-porous parts of the same formation. Would the picture that you have draw here and the opinion that you have be in line with this suggestion?

Yes. I'd agree with his statement.

MR. IRVINE: If the Commission please, I possibly should have started out with this, but may I interrupt to make a short statement here concerning Kerr-McGee's position?

MR. IRVINE: We are not here in the position of opposing the pooling of this well. I think that the Commission's authority under these circumstances is more than clear and that they have the right, and perhaps even the duty, to go ahead and pool this section if the Yates, if Mr. Yates desires to drill a well therein. Therefore, we may state that it is not our position now to oppose the pooling of this well. However, we do oppose greatly the estimate of the risk factor involved and we are addressing ourselves primarily to that with the testimony

(By Mr. Irvine) Mr. McKinney, referring to Exhibit that we are now giving. No. 2, this exhibit shows, starting from northwest to southeast, the various wells that have been drilled in this area. Could you go over, please, and tell us, starting with the Pan American



Greenwood, the amount of porosity that was found in each one of these wells that you have listed on this exhibit?

The porosity is shown on each well as a black solid bar in the well bore column of the electric log. Beside that we have noted the amount of porosities. In the case of the Pan American there was 8 feet of neutron porosity. The balance of the porosity on the No. 2 Lusk, 1 Lusk and 3 Lusk and No. 1 Southern California Federal well, 12 feet in the No. 2, 40 feet in the No. 1, 50 in the No. 3 and 57 in the No. 1 Southern California Federal well.

What, in your opinion, does the increase in porosity toward the southeast here do in relation to the Yates Hall No. What effect do you think that might have?

Well, again, my interpretation of this porosity is different than Mr. Sweeney's, and I feel that the Yates Hall well is very well located to encounter porosity in the Strawn.

In your opinion as an experienced geologist familiar with this area, do you have an opinion as to the reasonable possibility that the Yates Hall well will be economically productive of oil and gas from the Strawn formation?

I think the odds, if you want to use that term, or the risk in drilling that well, I think it's got about an 80% chance of being successful. In other words, eight out of ten wells



drilled under these exact circumstances, if that were possible, which it isn't, would be productive in my oninion.

On what basis specifically do you find this opinion, please?

Based on, one, the structure which we've gone over a A couple of times, it's my interpretation that the structure in the Yates Hall well will run higher than the Southern California Federal well in the Strawn. The other is the fact that the porosity exists both northeast and southwest of this Strawn Unit area, consequently the porosity should be present in the Yates Hall well.

In your opinion, based upon the information that you have concerning this area, is there anything to indicate that the Yates Hall well is likely to encounter any extraordinary mechanical problems in the drilling and completing, or in the drilling alone?

I see no unusual risk. There is nothing to indicate unusual risk to my knowledge in the rest of the wells there actually happen to be through the zone that has caused the most trouble, as Mr. Sweeney testified.

As an experienced geologist with knowledge of the area, do you have an opinion as to the fair and reasonable risk factor that should be attributed to the drilling of the Yates Hall



well?

Well, back up, and based on my previous testimony, it's my opinion that it has an 80% chance of being successful, at that present ratio that would cut the risk factor or the penalty clause, so-to-speak, to 110%.

- Q Or to a 10% risk factor --
- A Out of 50% on the same ratio.

MR. TRVINE: I believe that's all we have.

MR. NUTTER: Any questions of the witness?

MR. LOSEE: I would like to ask him some questions, but I would like to take a couple of minutes to confer with somebody that knows more about the geology than I do.

MR. IRVINE: We would like to offer the exhibits.

MR. NUTTER: You have two?

MR. IRVINE: Yes, sir.

MR. NUTTER: Kerr-McGee's Exhibits 1 and 2 will be admitted in evidence.

(Whereupon, Kerr-McGee's Exhibits Nos. 1 and 2 were admitted in evidence.)

## CROSS EXAMINATION

## BY MR. LOSEE:

Q Mr. McKinney, your map neglected, you stated you didn't have the datum in on the Pan American Greenwood No. 8 well.

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That's right.

Q The copy I have has a pencil notation 7572, is that Did you verify it? correct?

No, I got, if I penciled that on there it was just A from Mr. Sweeney's map this morning. When this map was constructed I did not have the top. When I was listening to his testimony I guess I put that on there.

Actually, where would that 7572 feet run with respect to the Yates Hall well in the contour? You have that contour at 7600.

Would you restate your question, please?

How far north of the Yates Hall well would 7572 feet Q be on your map?

Well, this map it's obvious is incorrectly contoured at this particular point. I have called that a 7400 without that well data. I have got a 7400 contour. It's a 7572 according to his testimony. I'm assuming that they're calling the Strawn the same place and maybe they are and maybe they aren't. I haven't seen the log and we all call it a little different place.

If that is correct, then, your contour with respect to that Pan American No. 8 well is 200 feet off?

A 170 feet, yes.

Then your contour, by the same token, running through



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the Yates Hall, could that likewise be off the 200 feet or 170 feet?

- It's certainly possible.
- If the well in the Greenwood, the Pan American Greenwood had no porosity at that depth, then you wouldn't say that would be on the structure, would you?
  - Run that by again.
- The Pan American Greenwood well had the Strawn, did it Q not?
- It had the Strawn limestone. Again, I have not seen A the log. Mr. Sweeney testified that the porosity was very poor in the well.
- Referring to this Shell No. 1-A well, you said they had Q porosity in the well?
  - Yes.
  - How many feet?

- 34 feet.
- Is that in your opinion a good well, a marginal well, or do you know?

The last report we had on that was about Friday, we called Shell, they were still testing the well. They haven't potentialed it, so I'm not really sure of its capabilities, based on the logs and so forth it should be a good well. Mr. Sweeney testified that he thought the permeability was poor in that well,



and that may be the case. It may be that it's a mechanical problem. If it is in this well. This well has not been potentialed to my knowledge.

good well or a marginal well?

A It would be a marginal well if the permeability is not good.

Q Your dip running down through Sections 19 and 24 are approximately 150 feet to the mile, is that correct?

A Which sections, in 24?

Q 24.

A Yes.

Q Are you familiar with the dip in the Schugart area right to the northwest of this Lusk area?

A Yes, as far as remembering the exact amount of dip, I don't remember it. It's steeper, I believe.

Q It's considerably steeper than this?

A Yes. I think that's normal. My interpretation is that this is a nose extending off of the Greenwood high, as I thought. Mr. Sweeney thought the Schugart high. As you go to the margins of any high the contour rate will decrease and the dip becomes less.

Q You testified with respect to Shell's Queracho Plains
No. 1 well having porosity in the Strawm?



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- Yes. Ā
- Are you familiar with the No. 2 well that Shell drilled? Q
- Yes.
- Did that have any porosity?
- Not in any Strawn section, it had in the lower Strawn.
- But porosity was a problem there in the Strawn in this Q Strawn section?
  - In the second well, yes, sir. A
  - How far away was the No. 2 from the No. 1?
  - As I recall, it's about a mile and a half. A

MR. LOSEE: That's all the questions I have.

- Mr. McKinney, the No. 8 Greenwood well had not been completed and the log was not available to you at the time you prepared your contour map, I presume?
  - That is correct.
  - When was the well completed, do you know?
- I don't know that this well has officially been abandoned yet. The last report I had on it, which was last week, it was drilling at 12,491. Perhaps over the week end, or maybe Friday or Saturday, why the well is down and I assume that that 's correct because Mr. Sweeney has talked to Pan American and gotten their point.
  - Do you know whether Pan American logged the well when



they were in the Strawn section and then proceeded to drill ahead?

- Α Not to my knowledge.
- So you don't know if or when the logs are available? Q
- Well, the logs have not been released through the A regular channels, I know that.
- As I understood your direct testimony, Mr. McKinney, you figured that the risk to a non consenting party who would be pooled by an order from this hearing should be in the neighborhood of a 10% penalty for one who doesn't pay his share in advance?
- Well, as I understand the Commission rules, you have a 50% penalty.
- I believe the statute states that the maximum would be 50%.
- Maximum of 50%, yes, sir. I testified before that I felt this Yates Hall well had an 80% chance of being successful, or a 20% chance of being unsuccessful. Just the ratio of 100 to 50 would be the same as 20 to 10.
- Is your company making any recommendations as to what the figure should be?
  - We're asking --
  - First of all, I'll precede that question with this



statement, that normally in a forced pooling order the Commission does provide the option for the party who would be placed into the unit to pay his proportionate share in advance, or within thirty days after receiving an itemized tabulation of the well costs.

Yes.

Do you know whether your company would exercise the option of paying its share within that thirty days, or would pay it out of production?

MR. IRVINE: I believe perhaps I'm better able to answer that than Mr. McKinney is at the moment. I believe that this decision has not finally been made as yet.

MR. NUTTER: I presume that the amount of the penalty, so-to-speak, would have a bearing on that?

MR. IRVINE: Yes, sir, it would. I might add that the most serious indication at the moment is that the Kerr-McGee desire; to have this paid out of production.

MR. NUTTER: Does anyone else have any questions of Mr. McKinney? He may be excused.

(Witness excused.)

MR. NUTTER: Do you have anything further, Mr. Irvine? MR. IRVINE: I have no further evidence. We would rest at this time. If the Commission would permit a statement.



MR. NUTTER: Yes, if you would, please proceed with your statement.

MR. IRVINE: Would Mr. Losee like to go first? the fellow that would like to follow the applicable rules.

MR. NUTTER: Normally we allow the applicant to go last. If Mr. Losee wants to go first, that would be suitable with us.

MR. IRVINE: I'll be happy to go first. I think the statement can be simply stated. I believe that this Commission has spaced this area, of course, for 160 acres, that Kerr-McGee is, of course, a 25% owner in this one section. The Yates is wishing to drill a well in the Northwest Quarter of 30, 19 South, 32 East, and they're requesting that Kerr-McGee be force pooled. As I stated in my earlier statement, we are not opposing the forced pooling whatsoever. We know that the Commission has the duty to go ahead and to encourage the drilling of wells and to try to get the most development that's possible. Therefore, we are not in opposition to the pooling.

We are in opposition, and serious opposition to the risk factor involved. I do not wish to take up the Commission's time a great deal with a reiteration of the evidence that we have had here. I think that it's fresh enough now in your mind that you know the various positions that have been taken by the parties.



There's substantial disagreement, I would like to point out very carefully that the overall picture of the Strawn formation is one covering a very sizeable arca, and I think that trying to determine the porosity extent on a basis of some four wells for a formation that extends over many townships is one that takes a very limited view.

I think that the testimony that Kerr-McGee has indicates a wider, much broader view, and indicates a porosity opening that runs from the southwest to the northeast as testified to by Mr. McKinney, and that it is in exactly the opposite direction of the very limited view that has been taken by Mr. Sweeney in this case. I think it's almost impossible for you as a Commission to examine this on the basis of such a limited view, and I would submit to you the picture that is drawn by Mr. McKinney is a much broader, better picture of the Strawn area and the porosity that is available here.

I would like to point out also that in every well that has been drilled in this area, heading from the northeast to the northwest to the southeast, that the porosity has become much greater from 8 feet to some 57 feet, in the last well drilled that stepout was considerable. This well is located, as far as a northwest, southeast line is concerned, somewhere in between the two wells with the largest porosity available. It is some half



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mile off to the southwest of that line. In view of Mr. McKinney's testimony, this puts it in the direct line and his testimony is that there is at least an 80% chance that this well will be pro-

The statute here, as I understand it, provides for a maximum risk factor of 50%. I think that the Commission has in all of its forced pooling applications before taken the view that this 50% was the most they can give and that they have never entered an order in excess of 25% on any well. I think that this well that is being drilled now perhaps has a much better chance than many of the wells that the Commission has attributed the 25% factor to. We think that the 10% factor is in line with the exact chances that this well is estimated to have, and we feel that a 10% factor is one that should be granted to Kerr-McGee and we would request that Kerr-McGee may be permitted to have the usual options with the option to pay a 10% risk factor after the Commission has entered its order. Thank you.

MR. LOSEE: Mr. Examiner, I can't comment much further on the two different interpretations of the Strawn. Obviously they are two different interpretations, I don't really think Mr. Sweeney is as narrow as we would believe, because obviously we hope to get a well, or we wouldn't be out spending the money. On the other hand, I don't think the picture is probably as good



as Kerr-McGee paints it because if it were I suspect they would join in the digging of the well and would not prefer to defer drilling it until they could see what happened to another well, which they say might add some more information.

Our statute provides for this 50% penalty, and I can not imagine a case more adapted to the invoking of the 50% penalty than this case here. The partner with Kerr-McGee, the owner of the other one-half interest in the acreage is drilling and participating in digging the well, actually to the point of agreeing probably to carry Kerr-McGee's part of this risk factor, or take part of it. It is a well which is one mile from the producer, it's the maximum distance that it could be and still come within our pooling and proration of spacing units. It couldn't be any further and be subject to a pool rule, and entitled to be pooled. It's a well to be dug 11,500 feet deep and not to any formation such as the Dakota where frequently the 125% penalty has been lapsed, which spreads over great areas.

We have some difference of opinion as to porosity and structure, but surely the factor involved in the risk in this case, if the Commission is ever going to see fit to award 50%, this seems like such a case. We feel like that is the risk factor to which we are entitled. I thank you.

MR. NUTTER: Does anyone else have anything they wish



to offer in Case 2655? We'll take the case under advisement and call Case 2657.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO SS COUNTY OF BERNALILLO )

I, ADA DEARNLEY, Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing and attached transcript of proceedings before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission at Santa Fe, New Mexico, is a true and correct record to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have affixed my hand and notarial seal this 15th day of October, 1962.

My commission expires: June 19, 1963.

> I do hereby certify that the foregoing 18 a complete record of the proceedi the Examiner hearing of Cose No. heard by me New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission

