CASE 6802: HARLAN DRILLING COMPANY FOR DRILLING DRAINHOLES, McKINLEY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

Case No.

Application
Transcripts

Small Exhibits

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 6802 Order No. R-7346

APPLICATION OF HARLAN DRILLING COMPANY FOR DRILLING DRAINHOLES, MCKINLEY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

ORDER OF THE DIVISION

BY THE DIVISION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on January 30, 1980, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Richard L. Stamets.

NOW, on this 6th day of September, 1983, the Division Director, having considered the testimony, the record, and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised in the premises,

FINDS:

- (1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Division has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.
- (2) That the applicant, Harlan Drilling Company, seeks authority to drill and case a vertical hole to an approximate depth of 3200 feet in the Gallup formation from a surface location 1930 feet from the South line and 678 feet from the East line of Section 13, Township 19 North, Range 6 West, NMPM, McKinley County, and to then drill two lateral drainholes therefrom, each to a distance of approximately 200 feet in the Gallup formation.
- (3) That at the conclusion of the case, supplemental information was requested.
- (4) That the supplemental information was not filed in the nearly three years following the hearing and this case should therefore be <u>dismissed</u>.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

- (1) That Case No. 6802 is hereby dismissed.
- (2) That jurisdiction of this cause is retained for the entry of such further orders as the Division may deem necessary.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year hereignated.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

JOE D. RAMEY.
Director

Direct

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

TONEY ANAYA

Other

September 8, 1983

POST OFFICE BOX 2088 STATE LAND OFFICE BURLDING SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501 (505) 827-5800

Mr. Bob D. Barberousse Yost, Barberousse & Yost Attorneys at Law Post Office Box 536 Santa Fe, New Mexico	Re:	ORDER NO. 6802 ORDER NO. R-7346
		Applicant:
		Harlan Drilling Company
Dear Sir:		
Enclosed herewith are two Division order recently of		ies of the above-referenced ed in the subject case.
Yours very truly,		
JOE D. RAMEA Director		
JDR/fd		
Copy of order also sent	to:	
Hobbs OCD X Artesia OCD X		
Aztec OCD X		

LAW OFFICES

YOST, BARBEROUSSE & YOST

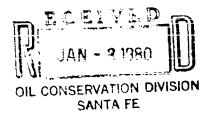
MELVIN T YOST BOB D BARBEROUSSE MELE YOST

330 PASED DE PERALTA
POST OFFICE BOX 536
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87501
TELEPHONE (505) 288-8921

January 8, 1980

Case 6802

Mr. Joseph Ramey, Director Oil Conservation Division Energy & Minerals Department P. O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501



SUBJECT: Request for permission to drill deviated boreholes in the Callup Formation and Dakota at Point Lookout Formations located in Section 13, Township 19 North, Range 6 West, N.M.P.M., McKinley County, N.M.

Dear Mr. Ramey:

1. It is the desire of the Harlan Drilling Company to drill a vertical borehole to the Gallup Formation at the location described above. Estimated total depth for the vertical borehole would be approximately 3100 to 3200 feet. In addition to the vertical hole, we propose to drill two deviated holes off of the vertical of approximately 200 feet each.

This vertical hole would be located 1930 feet from the southern boundary of this section and 678 feet from the eastern boundary of the section.

The initial vertical bore will be a 20 inch borehole to a depth of 100 feet. The casing will be 16 inch No. 60. The intermediate vertical bore will be drilled with a 14-3/4 inch hole and the casing will be No. 24 to the top of the Gallup formation.

We then propose to drill a 6-3/4 inch open hole in the Gallup formation with two lateral holes of 200 feet each.

If there is production, then we propose to complete with screen in the open hole production.

We may also fracture the lateral boreholes.

2. In the event there is no production as set forth in paragraph 1, or if it is deemed advisable, we would propose to continue drilling through the Gallup formation to the Dakota formation to a total depth of approximately 4200 feet.

Mr. Joseph Ramey January 8, 1980 Page Two (2)

The vertical borehole would be an 11-3/4 inch hole to the bottom of the Gallup formation, then a 9-7/8 inch hole to the top of the Dakota formation. The casing would be 7-5/8 inch No. 24.

We would then drill at 6-3/4 inch open hole in the Dakota formation with two lateral holes of 200 feet each.

If there is production, then we would complete the process.

It is also possible that we may fracture the lateral holes.

3. If there is no production, then we propose to withdraw and cement above the target zone and drill to a total depth of approximately 1800 feet to the Pictured Cliffs formation, then window the casing and drill two lateral holes of 200 feet each.

Harlan drilling company requests that our request be placed on the January 28, 1980 docket of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission meeting in Santa Fe.

Harlan Drilling Company will have representation at the January 28th meeting.

Respectfully submitted

Attorney for Harlan Drilling Co.

BB:mjp

CASE 6784: (Continued from January 16, 1980, Examiner Hearing)

Application of Merrion & Bayless for a non-standard proration unit and an unorthodox gas well location, San Juan County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks approval for a 640-acre non-standard gas proration unit comprising the W/2 of Section 18 and the W/2 of Section 19, Township 32 North, Range 14 Mest, Barker Creek-Paradox Pool, to be dedicated to its Ute Well No. 7 at an unorthodox location 1685 feet from the South line and 3335 feet from the East line of said Section 19.

In the alternative, applicant seeks an order force pooling all of said Section 19 to form a standard 640-acre unit.

CASE 6373: (Reopened and Readvertised)

In the matter of Case 6373 being reopened pursuant to the provisions of Order No. R-5875 which order created the East High Hope-Abo Gas Pool with temporary special rules therefor providing for 320-acre spacing. All interested parties may appear and show cause why the East High Hope-Abo Gas Pool should not be developed on 160-acre spacing units.

Application of Harlan Drilling Company for drilling drainholes, NcKinley County, New Mexico.

Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to drill and case a vertical hole to an approximate depth of 3200 feet in the Gallup formation from a surface location 1930 feet from the South line and 5/8 feet from the East line of Section 13, Township 19 North, Range 6 West, and to then drill two lateral drainholes therefrom, each to a distance of approximately 200 feet in the Gallup formation. In the event the Gallup formation is non-productive, applicant seeks authority to drill vertically to the Dakota formation at a depth of approximately 4200 feet and to then drill two 200-feet lateral drainholes.

CASE 6795: (Continued from January 16, 1980, Examiner Hearing)

Application of Torreon Oil Company for a waterflood project, Sandoval County, New Mexico. Applicant, in the above-styled cause, seeks authority to institute a waterflood project in the San Luis-Mesaverde Oil Pool by the injection of water into the Menafee formation through its San Luis Fed. Wells Nos. 1 and 2, located in Unit K of Section 21, Township 18 South, Range 3 East. Applicant further seeks an administrative procedure for approval of additional producing and injection wells at unorthodox locations in said project.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION STATE LAND OFFICE BLDG. SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 30 January 1980

EXAMINER HEARING

IN THE MATTER OF:

Application of Harlan Drilling Com-) pany for drilling drainholes, McKinley County, New Mexico.

CASE 6802

BEFORE: Richard L. Stamets

TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING

APPEARANCES

For the Oil Conservation Division:

Ernest L. Padilla, Esq. Legal Counsel to the Division State Land Office Bldg. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

For the Applicant:

Bob Barberousse, Esq. 320 Paseo de Peralta Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R.
Rt. i Box 193-B
Santa Fc, New Mexico {7301
P'10ne (305) 455-7403

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DR. WILLIAM LYONS

Direct Examination by Mr. Barberousse Cross Examination by Mr. Stamets Questions by Mr. Chavez

SALLY W. BOYD, 12.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B
Santa Fe. New Mexico 87301
Phone (305) 455-7403

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R.. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Sants Fe, New Mexico 87501 Phone (505) 455 7403 2

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MR. STAMETS: We'll call at this time Case 6802.

MR. PADILLA: Application of Harlan Drilling Company for drilling drainholes, McKinley County, New Mexico.

MR. BARBEROUSSE: Mr. Examiner, my name is Rob Barberousse. I'm here representing Karlan Drilling Company. I'm an attorney at law. My offices are at 320 Paseo de Peralta here in Santa Fe.

 $\label{eq:call-at-this-time-as-a-witness} \mbox{Dr. William Lyons.}$

MR. STAMETS: I'd like to have Dr. Lyons stand and be sworn, please.

(Witness sworn.)

DR. WILLIAM LYONS

being called as a witness and having been duly sworn upon his oath, testified as follows, to-wit:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. BARBEROUSSE:

Q. Would you state your name for the record, please?

A. Dr. William C. Lyons.

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And --L-Y-O-N-S, excuse me, just in case of confusion. And where do you reside? In Santa Fe. And by whom are you employed? I'm employed by RIFT Engineering and Drilling and by the New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology. Dr. Lyons, have you ever testified as an expert before this Commission before? Yes, I have. MR. BARBEROUSSE: Would the Examiner like for me to go into Dr. Lyons' background? MR. STAMETS: Just to refresh my memory, Dr. Lyons, you qualified as a petroleum engineer, is that correct? engineering at New Mexico Tech.

Yes, sir, I am a professor of petroleum

MR. STAMETS: The witness is considered qualified.

Dr. Lyons, are you familiar with the application which has been filed by Harlan Drilling Company and which is the subject of Case Number 6802 before this Commission?

Would you explain to the Examiner the

All right. This is a farmout from Dome,

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Yes, I am.

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proposed application?

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a lease from Dome Petroleum. It's fee land, and the objective

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and subsequent hole completion techniques on production of--

of this is basically a test well to test the lateral drilling

from basically three zones.

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The first zone that will be attempted is the Gallup formation at approximately 3200 feet. This zone will be drilled to vertically; then two laterals will be drilled out of that opposite one another, 180 degrees apart; drilled approximately 200 feet from the main bore, and the well will be tested for increased production.

Prior to that, however, we'll test the zone in the vertical configuration before we drill the laterals to get a comparison of production.

If this particular configuration does not prove producable we'll go on to deeper, to 4200 feet, to the Dakota, case down to that level, again test that zone in the vertical configuration, then kick out two 180 degrees apart laterals, drill those laterals at about 200 feet apiece from the main bore, test it again, and if it does not produce -- is not producable economically, we'll move up the zone to a third zone, which would be the Pic-

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa Fe, New Mexico 37501 Phone (505) 455-7419

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa Fe, New Mexico 37501 6

tured Cliffs at 1800. We'll cement back up to that position, cut windows in the casing, and again test the vertical configuration and then go in and drill two laterals again, 180 degrees apart.

MR. STAMETS: You say that's 1800 feet?

A. That's 1800 feet. That's the third

zone in that area.

after the increased production that might be available through the drilling of laterals and subsequent production techniques, such as fracturing out of those lateral holes, and to see if these zones, which hitherto have been basically marginally producable, to see if we can improve the production through these techniques that we're developing.

Q Dr. Lyons, do you anticipate that there might be some fracing in these various zones?

A. We may frac. We may -- we'll try to probably produce out of these laterals without fracing, but it's traditionally known that these zones need fracing often out of a vertical configuration for -- for production, normal production.

So we'll probably try the vertical hole by itself, then drill the laterals, then test it, and if it's still not producable commercially, we'll probably attempt to frac it and then test it again, and then abandon it if it

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doesn't produce at that point, and go to the next zone.

But the well will basically be a test well for the purpose of proving out techniques of production from marginal zones.

Dr. Lyons, in the drilling of these laterals, these deviated holes, is there a proprietary interest involved in the use of the equipment?

Yes, there is. The techniques that we use, particularly in the drilling of the laterals, is a proprietary technique and we'd like to guard those as best we can. The techniques have been successful in our test holes that we've done in and around the Farmington area, and we are now in the process, as you've heard once before, when we were up here before, that we're in the process of now testing this in producing formations.

Would it be your intention to -- to keep the Area Supervisor apprised of the various attempts and progress that you experience?

Yeah. I think that there will be no problem in telling -- informing the State of what's going on at each step, what we've done, what we've accomplished or not accomplished. The only thing we'd like to do is reserve the right to keep the actual well surveys and not turn them in until after completion of the well, till after actual production is underway, in that zone, in whatever

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501 Phone (505) 455-7439 zone we eventually produce out of.

On. Lyons, the surface location of the vertical are located where in relationship to the -- on the property here?

A. Well, we would keep any of the laterals, the laterals will be so designed as to -- to stay in the beds. The beds dip in this area, I think, about 10 degrees, and we'll try to keep the laterals -- the laterals may not be actually horizontal; they may be slightly less than that or slightly more than that if we're going up dip from the vertical.

We will keep those holes within the proper limits of the boundaries of the leases, such that the deviated holes will not approach the boundaries from a surveying standpoint, more than 300 and I think 30 feet from the boundaries.

We also, as we have mentioned in our other attempts for production through these techniques, will be glad to have someone come from the State who wants to see what we're doing and see the surveys on the site. We just don't want to put them in for public record until we've completed the hole and are producing.

Q. Dr. Lyons, in your opinion if this application were to be approved, would it be in the best interest of conservation and would it enhance the possibility of re-

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R.Rt. 1 Box 193-B
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501
Phone (505) 455-7409

covery, if any?

Mell, the whole technique is aimed at enhanced recovery and from a conservation standpoint, we believe that what we're aimed at in these techniques, the development of these techniques, is to indeed provide a better method for producing out of marginal zones, which under present techniques are not producable.

Q. And in your opinion would it protect the correlative rights and would not be an impairment to the existing --

A. Yes, I believe there would be no problem there, with regard to our techniques, I mean in that regard.

MR. BARBEROUSSE: I have no further questions.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. STAMETS:

Q. Dr. Lyons, it does not appear that the case was advertised to cover the Pictured Cliffs zone, but only the Gallup and Dakota, and I'm wondering if you would prefer to continue this case to allow us to re-advertise for the Pictured Cliffs or to have us go ahead and enter an order that would cover the Gallup and Dakota and then have a subsequent case for the Pictured Cliffs, if that proves necessary.

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa ?e, New Mexico 87501

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A. I think we can have a subsequent case,
I think. We're very hopeful that we'll complete in the
other two.

0. Okay. Now what acreage --

A. That's a backup.

0. What acreage does Harlan control in the immediate area of the well?

MR. BARBEROUSSE: Mr. Examiner, this -I was to have an attorney who's a partner of Harlan's here
this morning from Farmington with surveys, copies of a lease,
and all that. He called me about 7:30 this morning and
said he was stranded and couldn't get into town.

I'd be happy to provide this information to you, or have him send it to you. And if I could make a supplemental tender, I'd be happy to do that.

MR. STAMETS: That will be fine.

O. Dr. Lyons, would it be safe to say that Harlan controls enough of the acreage that there's no danger of him getting off his acreage with these deviated holes?

A. Yes, sir. I believe this is of the order of well over 700 acres, I believe, is involved in this farmout.

Q. And the restrictions that were placed in the earlier order for Harlan and the other attempt at this will be satisfactory?

Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa Fe, New Mexico 8'1501 Phone (505) 455-740x

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A You bet, yes, of course.

MR. STAMETS: Are there any other questions of this witness?

Mr. Chavez?

MR. CHAVEZ: Dr. Lyons, did you say that these drainholes will be going in opposite directions from each other?

A. That's right.

MR. CHAVEZ: And would they be going north and south or east and west?

A. That hasn't been determined yet. It's actually to be determined from the geological report of the formation itself, which way they are dipping, exactly which direction.

Generally we'll try to feed along the lines that will give us the greatest potential of intercepting fractures, vertical fractures, in the bed. The beds are basically bent through tectonics and what you're trying to do is feed these laterals in through those -- those fractures.

So that will be determined basically by our coring that we'll do as we go through these formations, and the results of those cores.

Q. Okay, do you see these drainholes as drilled at the base of the producing formation or at the

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SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R.
Rt. 1 Box 193-B
Santa Fe, New Mexico 8'501

top or in the middle, or where?

A. We're going for gas it really doesn't matter that much whether we go into the base or the center. We probably would avoid the top.

If we're going for oil in a fairly shallow configuration where the overburden is small for the producing pressures, we'd probably take advantage of all the gravity drainage we could get and probably put those lateral holes at the bottom of the formation.

MR. CHAVEz: Okay, what is the radius of the turn, or is that proprietary?

A. That's proprietary.

MR. CHAVEZ: Okay, if a formation or if the sand is thin such that a radius would have to intercept an upper sand, say you only mad a 20-foot sand but you had a 60-foot radius on the turn, what would you do to protect the -- that 40 feet of the separate formation above that producing sand?

A. Protect in a sense that -- in the sense of your production? You mean protect your production?

MR. CHAVEZ: Protect the upper formation for -- say for example, if you had a 20-foot Gallup sand overlain by some --

A. We can case.

MR. CHAVEZ: You can case through the

MR. CHAVEZ: Okay. If you had two

other?

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4. We can case.

A. It depends, no, it depends on the sand itself. If the sand is a competent rock we'd probably open hole and won't attempt to put casing in except soft casing in the sense of going in with perforated pipe to simply keep

If we need to actually case a portion of the radius, then we -- we have techniques to do that, which are also proprietary, seal them off.

MR. CHAVEZ: Okay.

MR. STAMETS: Along this line, I presume,
Dr. Lyons, that you can keep our District Supervisor pretty
well --

A. Oh, yeah.

the sand from accumulating around it.

MR. STAMETS: -- apprised on this and --

A. Right.

MR. STAMETS: -- through your personal

communication.

A. Right.

MR. STAMETS: To satisfy him that you're not causing any downhole problems.

A. No. That's -- we certainly intend to

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box i 33-B Santa Fe, New Mexico 87301 Phone (505) 455-7439 do that.

MR. CHAVEZ: I have nothing further. MR. STAMETS: Any other questions of

this witness? He may be excused.

Anything further in this case?

MR. BARBEROUSSE: Nothing further, Mr.

Examiner.

MR. STAMETS: The case will be taken

under advisement.

(Hearing concluded.)

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa Fe, New Mexico 87:01 Phone (303) 455-7409

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R., DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing Transcript of Hearing before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that the said transcript is a full, true, and correct record of the hearing, prepared by me to the best of my ability.

Sally W. Boyd C.S.R.

Oil Conservation Division

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87:01
Phone (305) 455-7409

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ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION STATE LAND OFFICE BLDG.

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 30 January 1980

EXAMINER HEARING

IN THE MATTER OF:

Application of Harlan Drilling Com-) pany for drilling drainholes, McKinley County, New Mexico.

CASE 6802

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SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-18 Sants Fc, New Mexico 87501 Phone (505) 455-7409

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TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING

APPEARANCES

For the Gil Conservation Division:

BEFORE: Richard L. Stamets

Ernest L. Padilla, Esq. Legal Counsel to the Division State Land Office Bldg. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

For the Applicant:

Bob Barberousse, Esq. 320 Paseo de Peralta Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

INPLX

DT. WILLIAM LYONS

Direct Examination by Mr. Barberousse	3
Cross Examination by Mr. Stamets	9
Questions by Mr. Chavez	11

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa Fc, New Mexico 87501 Phone (305) 435-7409

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87:01

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TR. STANDEND: Wolll call at this time

Case 630%.

MR. PADILLA: Application of Harlan Drilling Company for drilling drainholes, McKinley County, Mew Mexico.

MR. BARBEROUSSE: Mr. Examiner, my name is Bob Barberousse. I'm here representing Warlan Drilling Company. I'm an attorncy at law. My offices are at 320 Pasco de Peralta here in Santa Fe.

I would call at this time as a witness Dr. William Lyons.

MR. STAMETS: I'd like to have Dr. Lyons stand and be sworn, please.

(Witness sworn.)

DR. WILLIAM LYONS

being called as a witness and having been duly sworn upon his oath, testified as follows, to-wit:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. BARBEROUSSE:

0 Would you state your name for the record, please?

A Dr. William C. Lyons.

ಾಗಿ 🕝 D-Y-0-M-2, excuse me, just in case of The wholes do you reside? In Santa Pe. And by whom are you employed? I'm employed by RIFT Engineering and Drilling and by the New Mexico Institute of Mining and Dr. Lyons, have you ever testified as

an expert before this Commission before?

Yes, I have.

MR. BARBEROUSSE: Would the Examiner like for me to go into Dr. Lyons' background?

MR. STAMUTS: Just to refresh my memory, Dr. Lyons, you qualified as a petroleum engineer, is that

Yes, sir, I am a professor of petroleum engineering at New Mexico Tech.

MR. STAMETS: The witness is considered

Dr. Lyons, are you familiar with the application which has been filed by Harlan Drilling Company and which is the subject of Case Number 6802 before this Commission?

Yes, I am.

hould you explain to the Examiner the proposed applicablest

All right. Ship is a Carmout from Dome, a lease from Dome Petroleum. It's fee land, and the objective of this is basically a test well to test the lateral drilling and subsequent hole completion techniques on production of-from basically three zones.

The first zone that will be attempted is the Gallup formation at approximately 3200 feet. This zone will be drilled to vertically; then two laterals will be drilled out of that opposite one another, 130 degrees apart; drilled approximately 200 feet from the main bore, and the well will be tested for increased production.

Prior to that, however, we'll test the zone in the vertical configuration before we drill the laterals to get a comparison of production.

If this particular configuration does not prove producable we'll go on to deeper, to 4200 feet, to the Dakota, case down to that level, again test that zone in the vertical configuration, then kick out two 180 degrees apart laterals, drill those laterals at about 200 feet apiece from the main bore, test it again, and if it does not produce -- is not producable economically, we'll move up the zone to a third zone, which would be the Pic-

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cut windows in the casing, and again test the vertical con-Tiguration and Urm go in and drill two laterals again, 180 degrees apart. I'M. STABITS: You say that's 1800 feet?

bured cliffs at 1900. Woll dement back up to that position.

That's 1800 feet. That's the third zone in that area.

The idea is to -- in particular to go after the increased production that might be available through the drilling of laterals and subsequent production techniques, such as fracturing out of those lateral holes, and to see if these zones, which hitherto have been basically marginally producable, to see if we can improve the production through these techniques that we're developing.

Dr. Lyons, do you anticipate that there might be some fracing in these various zones?

We may frac. We may -- we'll try to probably produce out of these laterals without fracing, but it's traditionally known that these zones need fracing often out of a vertical configuration for -- for production, normal production.

So we'll probably try the vertical hole by itself, then drill the laterals, then test it, and if it's still not producable commercially, we'll probably attempt to frac it and then test it again, and then abandon it if it

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Mould it be your intention to --- to keep the Area Supervisor apprised of the various attempts and progress that you experience?

Problem in telling -- informing the State of what's going on at each step, what we've done, what we've accomplished or not accomplished. The only thing we'd like to do is reserve the right to keep the actual well surveys and not turn them in until after completion of the well, till after actual production is underway, in that zone, in whatever

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa Fe, New Mexico 57501 Phone (505) 455-7499 rote we eventually produce out oi.

Questions of the vertical are Incuted where in relationship to the -- on the property here?

the laterals will be so designed as to -- to stay in the bods. The bods dip in this area, I think, about 10 degrees, and we'll try to keep the laterals -- the laterals may not be actually horizontal; they may be slightly less than that or slightly more than that if we're going up dip from the vertical.

We will keep those holes within the proper limits of the boundaries of the leases, such that the deviated holes will not approach the boundaries from a surveying standpoint, more than 300 and I think 30 feet from the boundaries.

other attempts for production through these techniques, will be glad to have someone come from the State who wants to see what we're doing and see the surveys on the site. We just don't want to put them in for public record until we've completed the hole and are producing.

o Dr. Lyons, in your opinion if this application were to be approved, would it be in the best interest of conservation and would it enhance the possibility of re-

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R.
Rt. 1 Box 193-B
Santa Fc, New Mexico 87501

covery, 12 any?

contained recovery and from a conservation standpoint, we believe that what we've aimed at in these techniques, the development of these techniques, is to indeed provide a better method for producing out of marginal zones, which under present techniques are not producable.

2 And in your opinion would it protect the correlative rights and would not be an impairment to the existing --

A. Yes, I believe there would be no problem there, with regard to our techniques, I mean in that regard.

M. BAREEROUSSE: I have no further questions.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. STAMETS:

One. Lyons, it does not appear that the case was advertised to cover the Pictured Cliffs zone, but only the Gallup and Dakota, and I'm wondering if you would prefer to continue this case to allow us to re-advertise for the Pictured Cliffs or to have us go ahead and enter an order that would cover the Gallup and Dakota and then have a subsequent case for the Pictured Cliffs, if that proves necessary.

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R. Rt. 1 Box 193-B Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

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Think we are how a subscription case, I think. We're very amount that we'll complete in the other two.

- o Otay, Yow chat acreage --
- a makin s badamp.
- O. That acreage does Harlan control in the immediate area of the wall?

I'M. BARRINGUISSE: Mr. Examiner, this -I was to have an attormey who's a partner of Marlan's here
this morning from Faumington with surveys, copies of a lease,
and all that. He called me about 7:30 this morning and
said he was stranded and couldn't get into town.

T'd be happy to provide this information to you, or have him send it to you. And if I could make a supplemental tender, I'd be happy to do that.

MR. STAMETS: That will be fine.

On. Lyons, would it be safe to say that Farlan controls enough of the acreage that there's no danger of him cetting off his acreage with these deviated holes?

Yes, sir. I believe this is of the order of well over 700 acres, I believe, is involved in this farmout.

and the restrictions that were placed in the earlier order for Harlan and the other attempt at this will be satisfactory?

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A the Mean Medicated participation.

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The second did you say that these drainholes will be moing in opposite directions from each other?

A. That's right.

MR. CHAVEZ: And would they be going north and south or east and west?

actually to be determined from the geological report of the formation itself, which way they are dipping, exactly which direction.

Concrally we'll try to feed along the lines that will give us the greatest potential of intercepting fractures, vertical fractures, in the bed. The beds are basically bent through tectonics and what you're trying to do is feed these laterals in through those -- those fractures.

So that will be determined basically by our coring that we'll do as we go through these formations, and the results of those cores.

Q. Okay, do you see these drainholes as drilled at the base of the producing formation or at the

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top or in the middle, or de pr

toler going for one it really doesn't with a first waste shorther am go into the base or the center. We probably could avoid the too,

Thus to going for oil in a fairly shallow configuration where the overburden is small for the producing pressures, world probably take advantage of all the gravity drainage we could get and probably put those lateral holes at the bottom of the formation.

IM. CHAVEz: Okay, what is the radius of the turn, or is that proprietary?

That's proprietary.

MR. CHAVES: Okay, if a formation or if the sand is thin such that a radius would have to intercept an upper sand, say you only had a 20-foot sand but you had a 60-foot radius on the turn, what would you do to protect the -- that 40 feet of the separate formation above that producing sand?

Protect in a sense that -- in the sense of your production? You mean protect your production? MR. CHAVEZ: Protect the upper formation for -- say for example, if you had a 20-foot Gallup sand overlain by some --

He can case.

MR. CHAVEZ: You can case through the

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SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R.
Rt. 1 Box 193-B
Santa Fe, New Mexico 37301
Phone (503) 455-7409

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other?

communation of any of you had two drainholes, would you came toth to both holes at the kickoff? Il demends, no, it depends on the sand diself. If the cand is a conjutent rock we'd probably open hole and wor't attempt to put casing in except soft casing in the sense of going in with perforated pipe to simply keep the sand from accumulating around it.

If we need to actually case a portion of the radius, then we -- we have techniques to do that, which are also proprietary, seal them off.

IT. CHATTE: Okay.

MR. SEAMMES: Along this line, I presume, Dr. Lyons, that you can keep our District Supervisor pretty well --

Oh, yeah.

MR. STAMETS: -- apprised on this and --

Right.

NP. STAMPTS: --- through your personal

communication.

Right.

MR. STAMETS: To satisfy him that you're not causing any downhole problems.

No. That's -- we certainly intend to

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R.

Rt. 1 Box 193-B

Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

Phone (305) 435-7409

Continue

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have mothing further. Buy other questions of

this with 193 Taything further in this case?

Pannunoussn: Wothing further, Mr.

Traminer.

The case will be taken

under advisement.

(Mearing concluded.)

SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R.
Rt. 1 Box 193-B
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501
Phone (505) 455-7499

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R., DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing Transcript of Hearing before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that the said transcript is a full, true, and correct record of the hearing, prepared by me to the best of my ability.

> I do have that the foregoing 4 a complete was a com __, Examiner Oil Conservation Division

dr/

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

Order No. 1346

APPLICATION OF HARLAN DRILLING COMPANY FOR DRILLING DRAINH DLES, MCKINLEY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

Jan 11 5.

ORDER OF THE DIVISION

BY THE DIVISION:

This cause came on for hearing at 9 a.m. on January 30

19 80 , at Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Examiner Richard L. Stamets

NOW, on this day of February , 1980 , the

Division Director, having considered the testimony, the record,

and the recommendations of the Examiner, and being fully advised

in the premises,

FINDS:

- (1) That due public notice having been given as required by law, the Division has jurisdiction of this cause and the subject matter thereof.
- (2) That the applicant, Harlan Drilling Company, seeks authority to drill and case a vertical hole to an approximate

-2-Case No. 6802 Ord-r No. R-

depth of 3200 feet in the Gallup formation from a surface location 1930 feet from the South line and 678 feet from the East line of Section 13, Township 19 North, Range 6 West,

Poet, McKinley County, and to then drill two lateral drainholes therefrom, each to a distance of approximately 200 feet in the Gallup formation.

(3) That at the conclusion of the cost cost of the supplemental information was to the the the requested.

Was not like in the nearly to three years following the bearing and this case the should solve diamises of

IT IS THERE FORE ORDERED

(1) that Case No. 6802 is Hereby

(2) Juris dietos