October 2020

C-147 REGISTRATION PACKAGE FOR EDDY STATE CONTAINMENTS AND RECYCLING FACILITY Section 2, T26S, R29E, Eddy County



Fold in an outcrop of the Gatuna Formation near the Pecos River. This outcrop is approximately 2.64 miles east of the site for the Eddy State Recycling Facility.

Prepared for: Solaris Midstream LLC 9811 Katy Freeway Suite 900 Houston, TX 77024

Prepared by: R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd. 901 Rio Grande NW F-142 Albuquerque, New Mexico

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C-147

eceived by OCD: 3/1/2021 2:41:19 PM			Page 3 of 8
<u>District I</u> 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 <u>District II</u> 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 <u>District III</u> 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 <u>District IV</u> 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505	State of New Me Energy Minerals and Natur Department Oil Conservation D 1220 South St. Frar Santa Fe, NM 87	ral Resources	Form C-147 Revised April 3, 2017
Recycling F	Facility and/or Re	ecycling Containme	ent
Type of Facility: Type of action: Permit Modifie Closure	cation	 Recycling Containment Registration Extension Other (explain) 	
At the time C-147 is submitted to the divies e advised that approval of this request does not relie for does approval relieve the operator of its responsible.	ve the operator of liability should opera	tions result in pollution of surface water, gro	und water or the environment.
1. Operator: <u>Solaris Water Midstream, LL</u>	<u>c </u>	OGRID #:371643	
Address:811 Katy Freew	vay, Suite 700 Houston, Texas 77	024	_
Facility or well name (include API# if associate OCD Permit Number: U/L or Qtr/Qtr K Section 2 Surface Owner: Federal 🛛 State 🗆 Private	(For new facilities the permit n Township <u>268</u> Range	number will be assigned by the district office 29E County: <u>Eddy</u>	ce)
Activity permitted under 19.15.3	➢ Production* ➢ Plugging * sed until fresh water zones are cased ribe use, process, testing, volume of p ng containment ☐ Activity permitte 6 NMAC explain type:	d and cemented produced water and ensure there will be r d under 19.15.17 NMAC explain type	
For multiple or additional recycli		ocation information of each containment ng Facility Closure Completion Date:	
3.	of closure completion): Recyclin	ng Facility Closure Completion Date:	
Annual Extension after initial 5 years (attach		inspections for previous year)	
Center of Recycling Containment (if applicable			
		cation information of each containment	
Lined Liner type: Thickness <u>Secon</u>	dary 40 mil Primary 60- mil 🗌 🗌	LLDPE 🛛 HDPE 🗌 PVC 🗌 Other	
String-Reinforced			
☐ String-Reinforced Liner Seams: ⊠ Welded ☐ Factory ☐ Othe ☐ Recycling Containment Closure Completion		Dimensions <u>See Attachment</u>	1

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Bonding:

4.

Covered under bonding pursuant to 19.15.8 NMAC per 19.15.34.15(A)(2) NMAC (These containments are limited to only the wells owned or

operated by the owners of the containment.)

Bonding in accordance with 19.15.34.15(A)(1). Amount of bond \$__See Transmittal Letter___ (work on these facilities cannot commence until

bonding amounts are approved)

Attach closure cost estimate and documentation on how the closure cost was calculated.

Fencing:

5.

Four-foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet

Alternate. Please specify: <u>Game fence to protect terrestrial wildlife</u>

Signs:

6.

12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers

Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC

7. Variances:

Justifications and/or demonstrations that the proposed variance will afford reasonable protection against contamination of fresh water, human health, and the environment.

Check the below box only if a variance is requested:

 \Box Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval. If a Variance is requested, include the variance information on a separate page and attach it to the C-147 as part of the application.

If a Variance is requested, it must be approved prior to implementation.

Siting Criteria for Recycling Containment

Instructions: The applicant must provide attachments that demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below as part of the application. Potential examples of the siting attachment source material are provided below under each criteria.

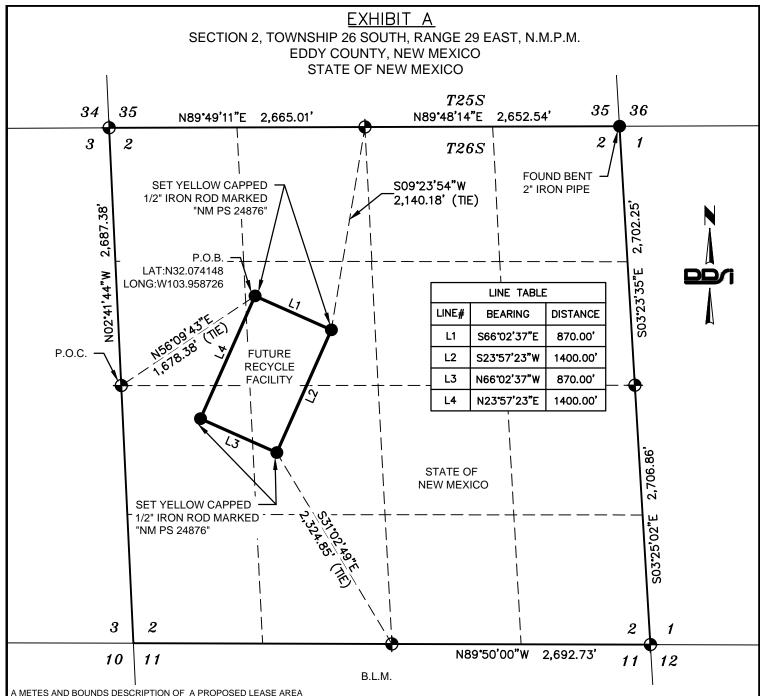
General siting

Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the Recycling Containment. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells FIGURES 1-2	☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ NA
 Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; written approval obtained from the municipality FIGURE 3 	☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ NA
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Minerals Division FIGURE 4	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; topographic map FIGURE 5 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Within a 100-year floodplain. FEMA map FIGURE 6	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site FIGURE 7 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; aerial photo; satellite image FIGURE 8 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. FIGURES 1 and 7 NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
 Within 500 feet of a wetland. FIGURE 9 US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; topographic map; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No

 9. <u>Recycling Facility and/or Containment Checklist</u>: <u>Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application</u> Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements. Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirement Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements. Site Specific Groundwater Data - Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - Certify that notice of the C-147 (only) has been sent to the surface or 	nts.
10. Operator Application Certification: I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this applied Name (Print): Bradley Todd Carpenter	
II. OCD Representative Signature: Title: OCD Conditions Additional OCD Conditions on Attachment	OCD Permit Number:

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SURVEY FOR CONTAINMENT AND RECYCLING FACILITY



METES AND BOUNDS DESCRIPTION OF A PROPOSED LEASE AREA ING A 27.96 ACRE TRACT OF LAND SITUATED IN SECTION 2, TOWNSHIP 26 SOUTH, RANGE 29 EAST, N.M.P.M., IN EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, SAID LEASE AREA BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

COMMENCING AT THE WEST QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 2, BEING A FOUND BRASS CAP STAMPED "U.S. GENERAL LAND OFFICE SURVEY", THENCE NORTH 56°09'43" EAST, 1,678.38 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING BEING A SET YELLOW CAPPED 1/2" IRON ROD MARKED "NM PS 24876"; THENCE SOUTH 66°02'37" EAST, 870.00 FEET TO A SET YELLOW CAPPED 1/2" IRON ROD MARKED "NM PS 24876", AND BEING SOUTH 09°23'54' WEST, 2,140.18 FEET OF A FOUND BRASS CAP STAMPED "U.S. GENERAL LAND OFFICE SURVEY", SAID MONUMENT BEING THE NORTH QUARTER CORNER OF SAID SECTION 2; THENCE SOUTH 23°57'23" WEST, 1,400.00 FEET TO A SET YELLOW CAPPED 1/2" IRON ROD MARKED "NM PS 24876"; THENCE NORTH 66°02'37" WEST, 870.00 FEET TO A SET YELLOW CAPPED 1/2" IRON ROD MARKED "NM PS 24876"; THENCE NORTH 23°57'23" EAST, 1,400.00 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING, AND CONTAINING 27.96 ACRES (1,218,000 SQUARE FEET) OF LAND.

BASIS OF BEARING: BEARINGS SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983, NEW MEXICO EAST STATE PLANE ZONE 3001, US SURVEY FEET. ALL DISTANCES ARE GRID. COORDINATES SHOWN ARE IN N A D. 1983.

SECTION 2 SW/4 NW/4

3.02 ACRES SE/4 NW/4 NE/4 SW/4 13.52 ACRES 6.41 ACRES NW/4 SW/4 5.01 ACRES

- RESEARCH HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY OTHERS. THIS PLAT IS FOR EASEMENT PURPOSES ONLY. EASEMENTS, SETBACKS, AND OTHER ENCUMBRANCES ARE NOT SHOWN BY AGREEMENT 3. WITH CLIENT

- WITH CLIENT. P.O.C. = POINT OF COMMENCEMENT P.O.B. = POINT OF BEGINNING P.O.T. = POINT OF TERMINATION MODIFICATION IN ANY WAY OF THE FOREGOING DESCRIPTION TERMINATES LIABILITY OF 7. SURVEYOR.

DATE

5/1/20

7/7/20

8/25/20

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE

DATE OF SIGNATURE: 08/25/2020 CHRIS E. CARLSON N.M.P.S. NO. 24876

NO.

2

3

REVISION DESCRIPTION

ADD 1/16 BREAKDOWN

SITE MOVED SOUTH

REDUCE SIZE. RELOCATE

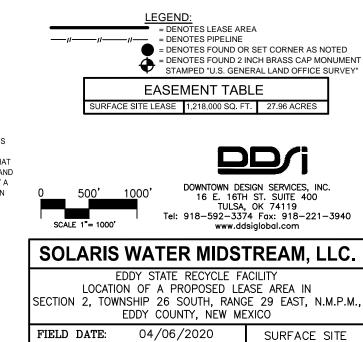
I, CHRIS E. CARLSON, NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 24876, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS EASEMENT SURVEY PLAT AND THE ACTUAL SURVEY ON THE GROUND UPON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE PERFORMED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION; THAT I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS SURVEY; THAT THIS SURVEY MEETS THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR SURVEYING IN NEW MEXICO; AND THAT IT IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT THIS SURVEY IS NOT A LAND DIVISION OR SUBDIVISION IN THE NEW MEXICO SUBDIVISION ACT AND THAT THIS INSTRUMENT IS AN EASEMENT SURVEY PLAT ACROSS EXISTING TRACT OR TRACTS.

ΒY

СС

ΜМ

CC



05/01/2020

PAGE 1 OF 1

APPROVED BY: CEC DRAWN BY: DMB TRACT: ESRF-1 G:\Shared drives\Projects\2020-099 Solaris Eddy State Recycle Facility\1. SURVEY\Exhibits\ESRF-1 Eddy State Recycle Facility Lease Area_Rev3_8-25-2020.dwg

90

JOB No. 2020-099

DRAFTING DATE:

CHRISE. CARLSO

24876

ESSIONAL SUR

EM

PRO

MEXIC

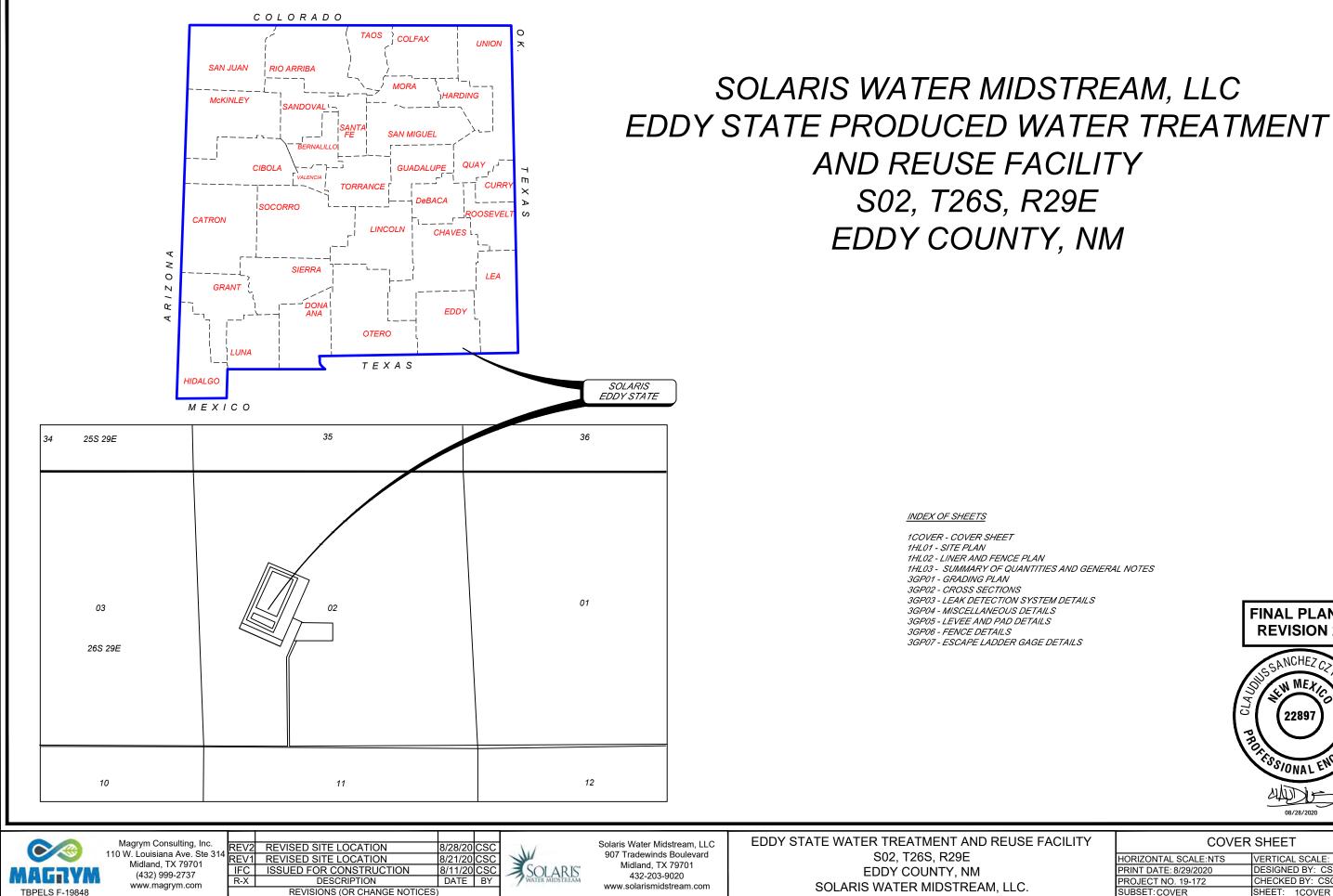
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RECYCLING CONTAINMENT DESIGN DRAWINGS

40-MIL HDPE SPECIFICATIONS

Equivalency Demonstration of 40-mil HDPE

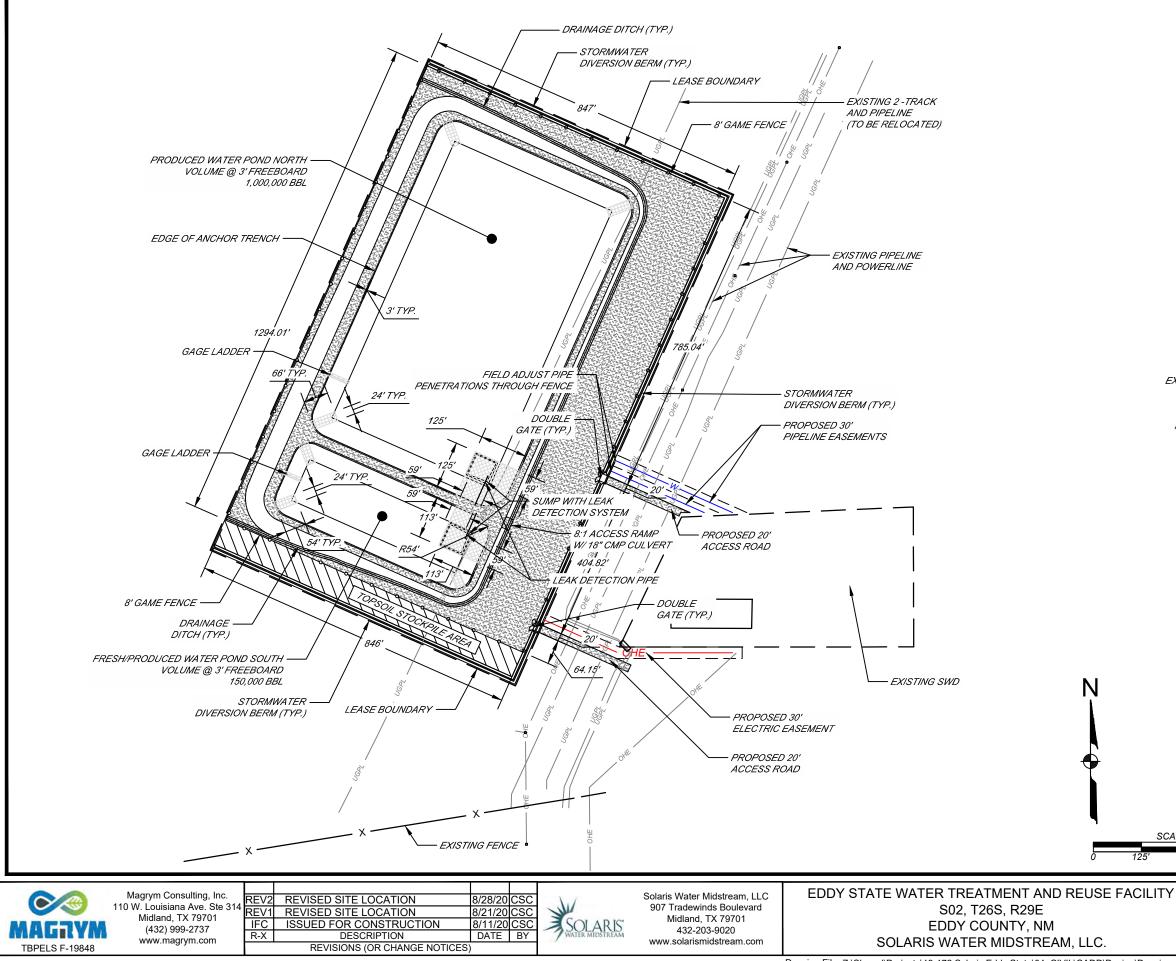
AVIAN SPECIES HAZING EQUIPMENT



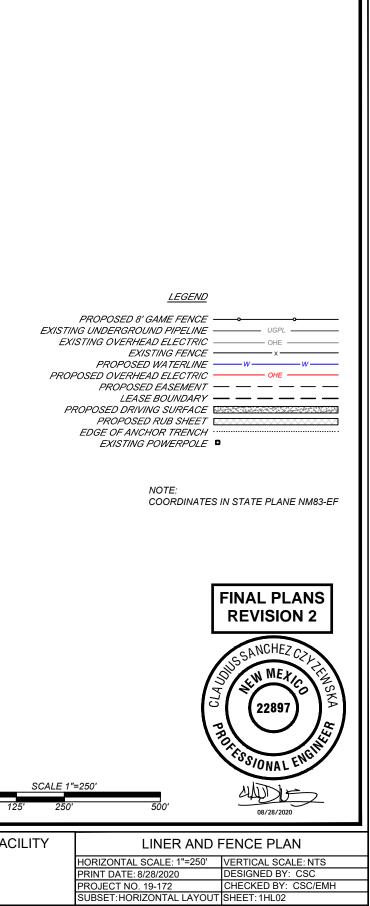
Drawing File: Z:\Shared\Projects\19-172 Solaris Eddy State\04_CIVIL\CADD\Design\Drawings\Revised Location 2\19-172 Cover_Revised Location 2.dwg

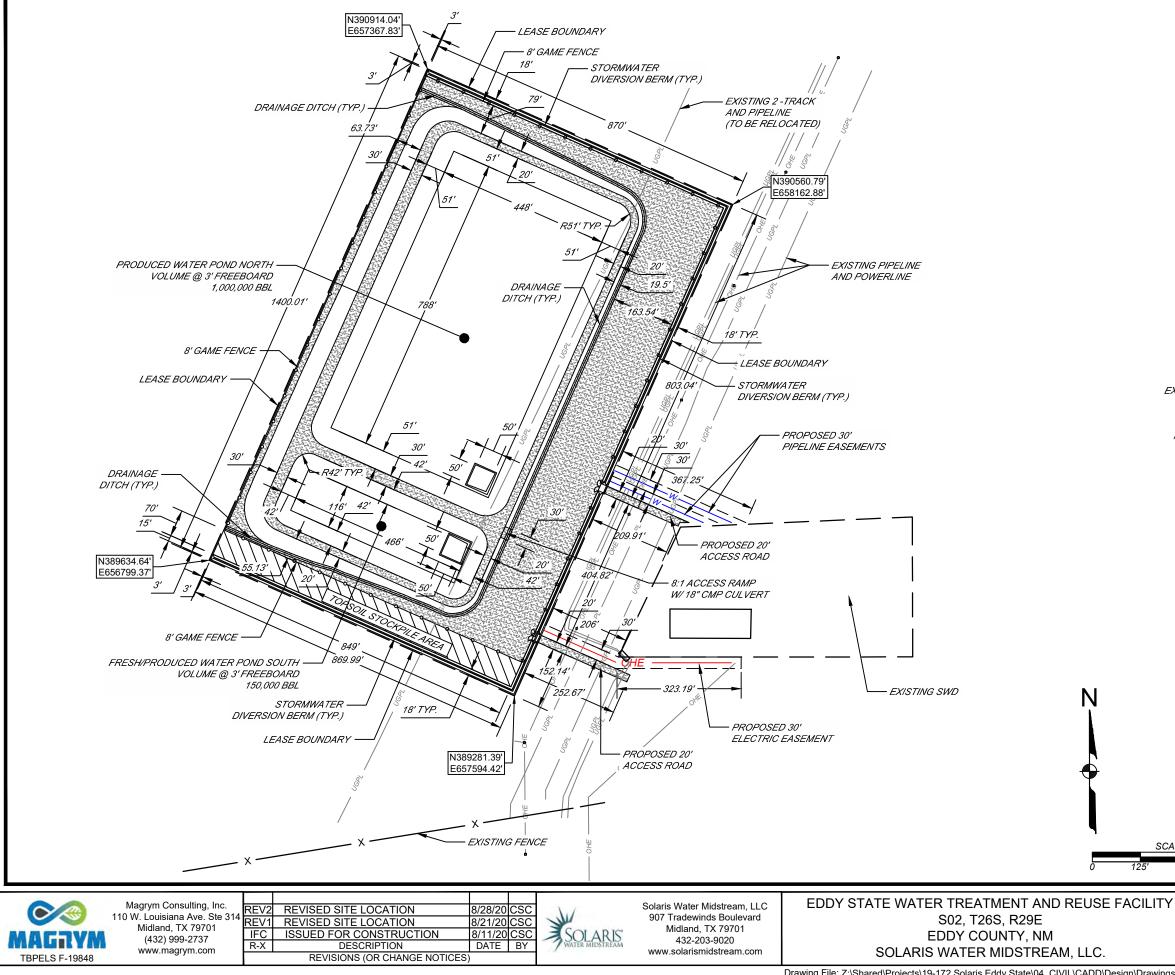


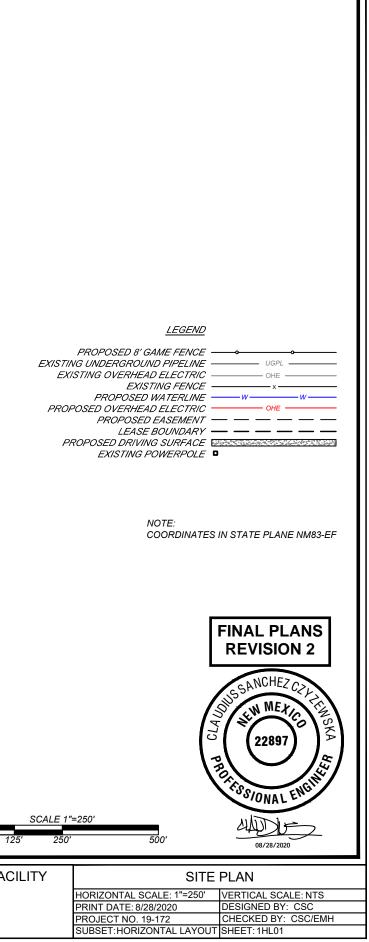
FACILITY	COVER SHEET					
	HORIZONTAL SCALE:NTS	VERTICAL SCALE: NTS				
	PRINT DATE: 8/29/2020	DESIGNED BY: CSC				
	PROJECT NO. 19-172	CHECKED BY: CSC/EMH				
	SUBSET: COVER	SHEET: 1COVER				



Drawing File: Z:\Shared\Projects\19-172 Solaris Eddy State\04_CIVIL\CADD\Design\Drawings\Revised Location 2\19-172 Liner & Fence Plan_Revised Location 2.dwg







Drawing File: Z:\Shared\Projects\19-172 Solaris Eddy State\04_CIVIL\CADD\Design\Drawings\Revised Location 2\19-172 Site Plan_Revised Location 2.dwg

GENERAL NOTES

- ALL BOUNDARY, TOPOGRAPHIC AND UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN ARE BASED ON SURVEY INFORMATION FURNISHED BY SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IDENTIFY AND LOCATE UTILITY LINES, MONITORING WELLS, SURVEY MONUMENTS, AND OTHER NEARBY STRUCTURES 2 PRIOR TO PERFORMING WORK
- COORDINATE INFORMATION IS BASED ON STATE PLANE COORDINATES, NEW MEXICO EAST FOOT, NAD 83. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IDENTIFY 3. ANY DISCREPANCIES PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.

LINER NOTES

- INSTALLER TO SIGN SUBGRADE ACCEPTANCE FORM (PROVIDED BY OWNER REPRESENTATIVE) DAILY PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. 1.
- CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE SUBMITTAL OF LINER PANEL LAYOUT. 2
- A 3' DIAMETER MINIMUM PIECE OF 40MIL LINER SHALL BE EXTRUDED WELDED WHERE THE PIE SHAPED CORNER SECTIONS MEET FOR SEAM З. REINFORCEMENT.
- INSTALL A FULL DOUBLE WIDTH SECTION OF BLACK OR WHITE 60 MIL TEXTURED HDPE GEOMEMBRANE RUB SHEET. EXTRUDE WELD TO LINER. WELDS SHALL BE 2" LONG AND SPACED EVERY 12" ALONG BOTH SIDES OF THE SHEET. DO NOT WELD END EDGES. SECTION SHALL EXTEND FROM SUMP AND INSTALLED INTO LINER ANCHOR TRENCH AS SHOWN.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE SANDBAGS ON LINER DURING INSTALLATION AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT WIND UPLIFT UNTIL POND IS FILLED TO A 5. DEPTH OF 3 FEFT
- CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT GRADED SURFACE FOR DEBRIS, ROCKS OR OTHER MATERIAL THAT MAY DAMAGE THE LINER.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL ROLL SURFACE WITH A SMOOTH ROLLER TO ELIMINATE RUTS.
- 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL USE BLACK 60 MIL HDPE SMOOTH GEOMEMBRANE AS THE PRIMARY LINER AND BLACK 40 MIL HDPE SMOOTH GEOMEMBRANE AS THE SECONDARY LINER.
- LINER TO BE INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDING PROCEDURES (GSI INSTALLATION QUALITY ASSURANCE MANUAL AND THE GSI DROP-IN SPECIFICATIONS FOR GEOMEMBRANES.)
- ALL SEAMS MUST BE WELDED WITH A 6" MINIMUM OVERLAP.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL NON-DESTRUCTIVELY TEST ALL SEAMS THEIR FULL LENGTH USING AN AIR PRESSURE OR VACUUM TEST, THE PURPOSE 11 OF THIS TEST IS TO CHECK THE CONTINUITY OF THE SEAM PER THE INSTALLATION QUALITY ASSURANCE MANUAL.
- 12. FOR AIR PRESSURE TESTING (ASTM 5820), THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES ARE APPLICABLE TO THE SEAMS WELD WITH DOUBLE SEAM FUSION WELDER
- THE EQUIPMENT USED SHALL CONSIST OF AN AIR TANK OR PUMP CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A MINIMUM 30 PSI AND A SHARP NEEDLE WITH A а. PRESSURE GAUGE ATTACHED TO INSERT INTO THE AIR CHAMBER.
- SEAL BOTH ENDS OF THE SEAM BY HEATING AND SQUEEZING THEM TOGETHER. INSERT THE NEEDLE WITH THE GAUGE INTO THE AIR b. CHANNEL. PRESSURIZE THE AIR CHANNEL TO A MINIMUM OF 35 PSI. NOTE TIME STARTS AND WAIT A MINIMUM OF 5 MINUTES TO CHECK. IF PRESSURE AFTER 5 MINUTES HAD DROPPED LESS THAN 2 PSI THE TEST IS SUCCESSFUL (THICKNESS OF MATERIAL MAY CAUSE VARIANCE). CUT OPPOSITE SEAM END AND LISTEN FOR PRESSURE RELEASE TO VERIFY FULL SEAM HAS BEEN TESTED.
- IF THE TEST FAILS, FOLLOW THESE PROCEDURES. d.
- I. WHILE CHANNEL IS UNDER PRESSURE WALK THE LENGTH OF THE SEAM LISTENING FOR A LEAK. II. WHILE CHANNEL IS UNDER PRESSURE APPLY A SOAPY SOLUTION TO THE SEAM
- EDGE AND LOOK FOR BUBBLES FORMED BY AIR ESCAPING.
- iii. RE-TEST THE SEAM IN SMALLER INCREMENTS UNTIL THE LEAK IS FOUND.
- e. ONCE LEAK IS FOUND USING ONE OF THE PROCEDURES ABOVE, CUT OUT THE AREA AND RETEST THE PORTIONS OF THE PORTIONS OF THE SEAMS BETWEEN THE LEAK AREAS PER 6A AND 6B ABOVE. CONTINUE THIS PROCEDURE UNTIL ALL SECTIONS OF THE SEAM PASS THE PRESSURE TEST.
- REPAIR THE LEAK WITH A PATCH AND VACUUM TEST.
- 13. ALL NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTS WILL BE NOTED IN THE NON-DESTRUCTIVE LOGS.
- 14. LINER SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A 10 OZ. NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE IF ROCK OR OTHER
- ANGULAR MATERIALS WITH A DIMENSION GREATER THAN ³/₄ INCH ARE PRESENT.
- 15. SUMPS SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH NON-ANGULAR MAXIMUM & INCH SIZED PEA GRAVEL.
- LINER GAS VENTS SHALL BE SPACED ALONG THE INSIDE SLOPE AT APPROXIMATELY 100 FEET ON CENTER OR MINIMUM 2 VENTS PER SIDE.
- 17. WHEN ANY PIPING EQUIPMENT, INLET, OR OUTLET IS IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE LINER, AN APRON CONSISTING OF 60 MIL HDPE MATERIAL
- SHALL BE INSTALLED BENEATH THE EQUIPMENT OR STRUCTURE TO PROTECT THE PRIMARY LINER SYSTEM.
- 18. LAY BOTH LINERS IN ANCHOR TRENCH. BACKFILL ANCHOR TRENCH IN 2 LIFTS AND COMPACT.

EARTHWORK NOTES

- 1. FILL FOR BERMS SHALL BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN HORIZONTAL LIFTS WITH MAXIMUM LOOSE LIFT THICKNESS OF 10 INCHES. OR AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER. CONSTRUCT EACH LAYER CONTINUOUSLY AND APPROXIMATELY HORIZONTAL FOR THE WIDTH AND LENGTH OF THE DIKE. FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95 PERCENT OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY DETERMINED BY THE ASTM D698 AND AT MOISTURE CONTENT WITHIN +2% TO -2% OF OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT AS DETERMINED BY A STANDARD PROCTOR SOILS TEST ON SAMPLES FROM THE SOURCE AREA.
- FILL SHALL NOT BE PLACED AND COMPACTED WHEN THE MATERIALS ARE TOO WET TO PROPERLY COMPACT. MATERIAL WHICH IS TOO WET 2. SHALL BE SPREAD ON THE FILL AREA AND PERMITTED TO DRY, ASSISTED BY HARROWING IF NECESSARY, UNTIL THE MOISTURE CONTENT IS REDUCED TO ALLOWABLE LIMITS. IF THE ENGINEER DETERMINED THAT ADDED MOISTURE IS REQUIRED, WATER SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMILY OVER THE AREA TO BE TREATED, AND GIVE COMPLETE AND ACCURATE CONTROL OF THE AMOUNT OF WATER TO BE USED. IF TOO MUCH WATER IS ADDED. THAT AREA SHALL BE PERMITTED TO DRY BEFORE COMPACTION IS CONTINUED.
- PERFORM ONE NUCLEAR DENSITY GAGE TEST PER 2500 CY OR AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER.
- EARTHWORK CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM A VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE FINISHED COMPACTED POND BOTTOM AND SIDE SLOPES BEFORE 4 HDPE LINE INSTALLATION. REMOVING ALL DEBRIS. SHARP OBJECTS AND GRAVEL LARGER THAN ³/₄ INCH.

	STAGES	STORAGE			
PRODUCED V POND NOF ELEVATION	RTH PRODUCED WATER POND	PRODUCED/FRESH WATER POND SOUTH ELEVATION (FT)	PRODUCED/FRES WATER POND SOU VOLUME (BBL)		
2986.4	0	2990.4	0		
2987.4	186	2991.4	186		
2988.4	807	2992.4	807		
2989.4	8,727	2993.4	5,315		
2990.4	47,741	2994.4	15,256		
2991.4	111,279	2995.4	25,827		NAL PLANS
2992.4	176,148	2996.4	37,040		-
2993.4	242,356	2997.4	48,903		REVISION 2
2994.4	309,913	2998.4	61,425	L	
2995.4	378,829	2999.4	74,617		SANCHEZ CZATERING W MEXICO 22897
2996.4	449,114	3000.4	88,487		SANOLEUSKS
2997.4	520,775	3001.4	103,045		IN MER T
2998.4	593,824	3002.4	118,301		Nº CO O
2999.4	668,269	3003.4	134,264	J	1.000 × 15
3000.4	744,120	3004.4	150,943		
3001.4	<u>821,386</u> 900.076	3005.4	168,347		SS/ONAL ENGINE
<u>3002.4</u> 3003.4	900,078	3006.4	<u>186,487</u> 205,372		
3003.4	1,061,770	3007.4	205,372		
3004.4	1,144,791	 			STONAL EN
3005.4	1,144,791				
3007.4	1,315,231				ANDES
ITEM NUMBER		ITEM		UNIT	QTY
1	CLEARING AND GRUBBING*		AC	RE	07
2	ESTIMATED TOPSOIL (6" AVERAGE)				27
3	, ,		CU	BIC YARD	27 21,455
5	ESTIMATED CUT (INCLUDING TOPSOIL)				21,455
	· ·	,	CU	BIC YARD	21,455 127,513
4	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING	,	CU CU	BIC YARD BIC YARD	21,455 127,513 105,959
5	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE	,	CU. CU. LIN	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521
	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING	,	CU CU LIN	BIC YARD BIC YARD	21,455 127,513 105,959
5 6	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM	,	CU CU LIN	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111
5 6 7	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM 8' GAME FENCE	GRADE)**	CU CU LIN LIN LIN LIN EA	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111 4,324
5 6 7 8	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM 8' GAME FENCE 20' DOUBLE GATE	GRADE)** BRANE (TEXTURED)***	CU CU LIN LIN LIN EAU SQ	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET CH	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111 4,324 2
5 6 7 8 9	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM 8' GAME FENCE 20' DOUBLE GATE RUB SHEET 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEME	GRADE)** BRANE (TEXTURED)***	CU CU LIN LIN LIN EAU SQ SQ	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET CH UARE FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111 4,324 2 36,034
5 6 7 8 9 10	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM 8' GAME FENCE 20' DOUBLE GATE RUB SHEET 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBR PRIMARY 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBR	GRADE)** BRANE (TEXTURED)*** ANE (SMOOTH)***	CU CU LIN LIN LIN EAU SQ SQ SQ	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET CH UARE FEET UARE FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111 4,324 2 36,034 627,163
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM 8' GAME FENCE 20' DOUBLE GATE RUB SHEET 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBR, PRIMARY 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBR, 200 MIL GEONET***	GRADE)** BRANE (TEXTURED)*** ANE (SMOOTH)***	CU CU LIN LIN LIN EAU SQ SQ SQ SQ	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET CH UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111 4,324 2 36,034 627,163 627,163
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM 8' GAME FENCE 20' DOUBLE GATE RUB SHEET 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBR PRIMARY 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBR 200 MIL GEONET*** SECONDARY 40 MIL HDPE GEOMEM	GRADE)** BRANE (TEXTURED)*** ANE (SMOOTH)*** IBRANE (SMOOTH)***	CU CU LIN LIN LIN EAU SQ SQ SQ SQ SQ SQ	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111 4,324 2 36,034 627,163 627,163 627,163
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM 8' GAME FENCE 20' DOUBLE GATE RUB SHEET 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEME PRIMARY 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBR. 200 MIL GEONET*** SECONDARY 40 MIL HDPE GEOMEM 10 OZ. GEOTEXTILE***	GRADE)** BRANE (TEXTURED)*** ANE (SMOOTH)*** IBRANE (SMOOTH)***	CU CU LIN LIN LIN EAU SQ SQ SQ SQ SQ SQ	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET CH UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET EAR FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111 4,324 2 36,034 627,163 627,163 627,163 627,163
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALE STORMWATER DIVERSION BERM 8' GAME FENCE 20' DOUBLE GATE RUB SHEET 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBR 200 MIL GEONET*** SECONDARY 40 MIL HDPE GEOMEM 10 OZ. GEOTEXTILE*** 6" HDPE DR11 PIPE WITH PERFORA	GRADE)** BRANE (TEXTURED)*** ANE (SMOOTH)*** IBRANE (SMOOTH)***	CU CU CU LIN LIN LIN EAU SQ SQ SQ SQ LIN EAU	BIC YARD BIC YARD EAR FEET EAR FEET EAR FEET CH UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET UARE FEET EAR FEET	21,455 127,513 105,959 2,521 3,111 4,324 2 36,034 627,163 627,163 627,163 627,163 168
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2987.4		186	2991.4	186		
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2989.4		8,727	2993.4	5,315		
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* INCLUDES LEASE ROAD AREAS.

- INCLUDED IN FILL QUANTITY.
- *** COMPLETE-IN-PLACE QUANTITIES, OVERLAP, SCRAPS AND/OR OTHER QUANTITIES NOT INCLUDED.



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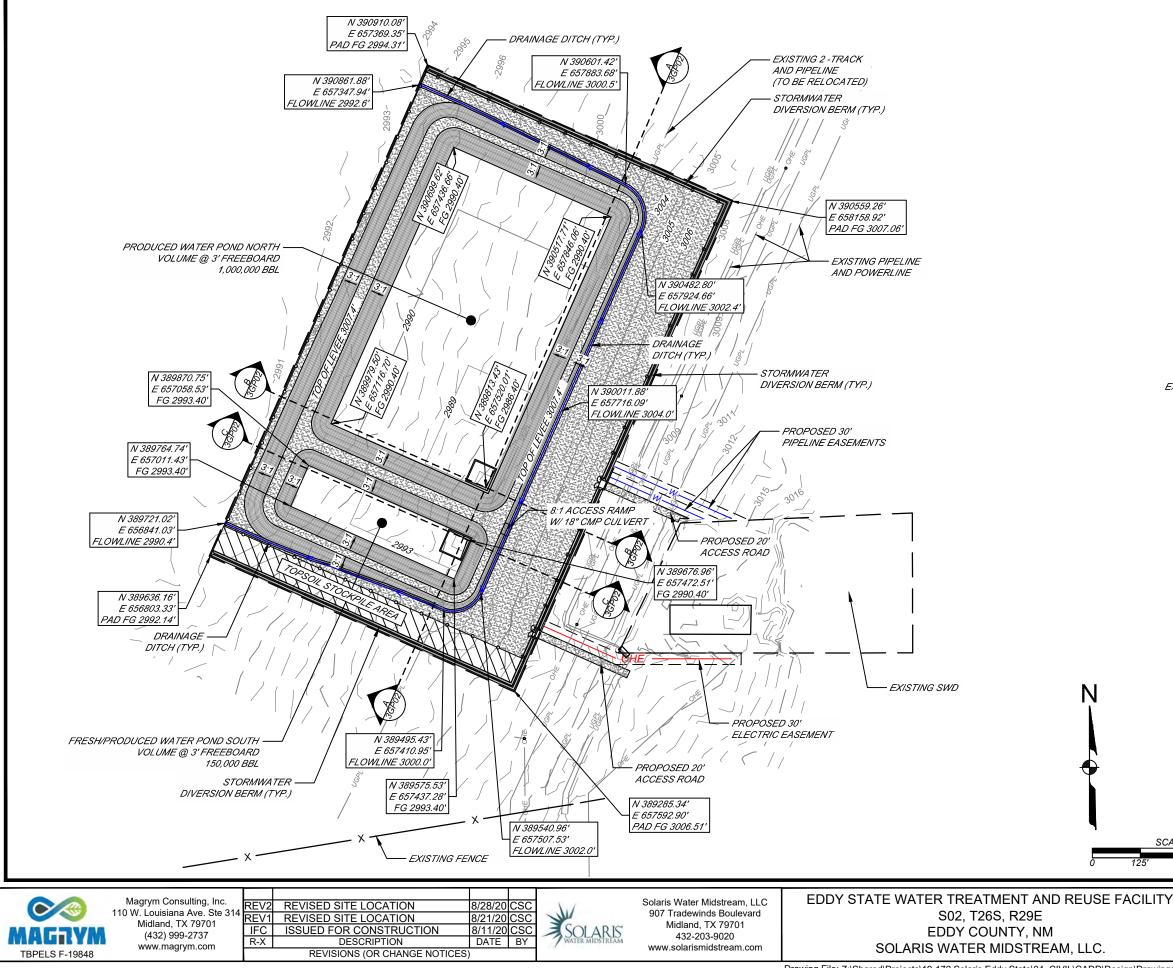
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grym Consulting, Inc. Louisiana Ave. Ste 314 Vidland, TX 79701 (432) 999-2737 www.magrym.com	REV2 REV1 IFC R-X	8/28/20 CSC 8/21/20 CSC 8/11/20 CSC DATE BY	SOLARIS"	Solaris Water Midstream, LLC 907 Tradewinds Boulevard Midland, TX 79701 432-203-9020 www.solarismidstream.com	EDDY STATE WATER TREATMENT AND REUSE F S02, T26S, R29E EDDY COUNTY, NM SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC.

Drawing File: Z:\Shared\Projects\19-172 Solaris Eddy State\04 CIVIL\CADD\Design\Drawings\Revised Location 2\19-172 Site Plan Revised Location 2.dwg

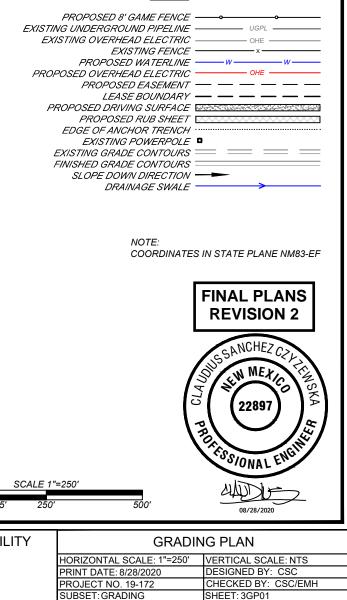
18% FILL FACTOR APPLIED. CUT AND FILL QUANTITIES PERTAIN TO THE ENTIRE SITE. LEASE ROAD MATERIAL AND BERM MATERIAL ARE

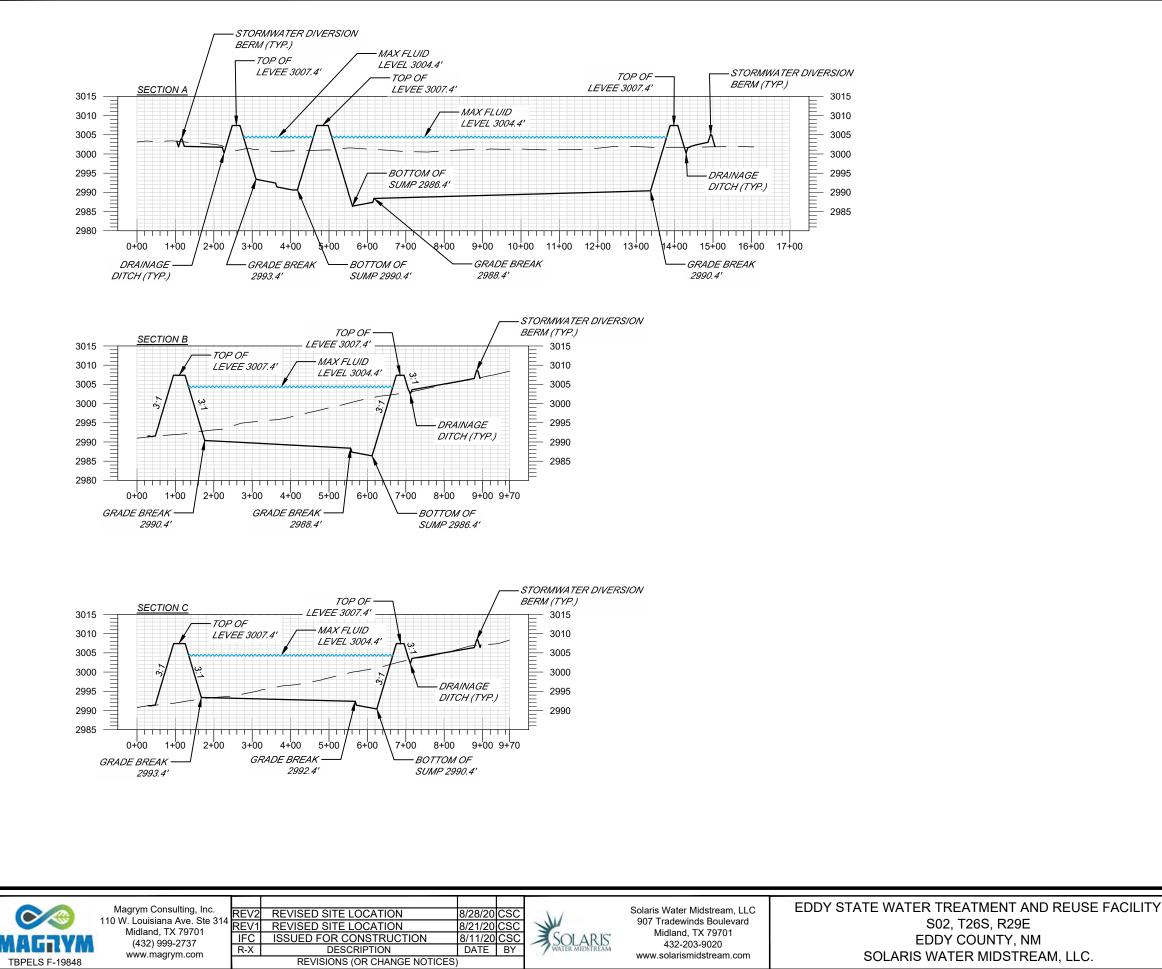
FACILITY	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES AND GENERAL NOTES				
	HORIZONTAL SCALE: NTS	VERTICAL SCALE: NTS			
	PRINT DATE: 8/28/2020 DESIGNED BY: CSC				
	PROJECT NO. 19-172	CHECKED BY: CSC/EMH			
	SUBSET: HORIZONTAL LAYOUT	SHEET: 1HL03			



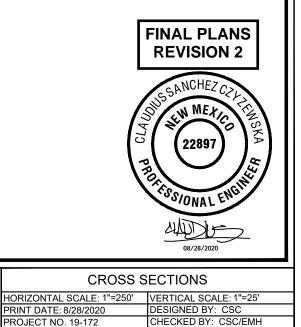
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<u>LEGEND</u>





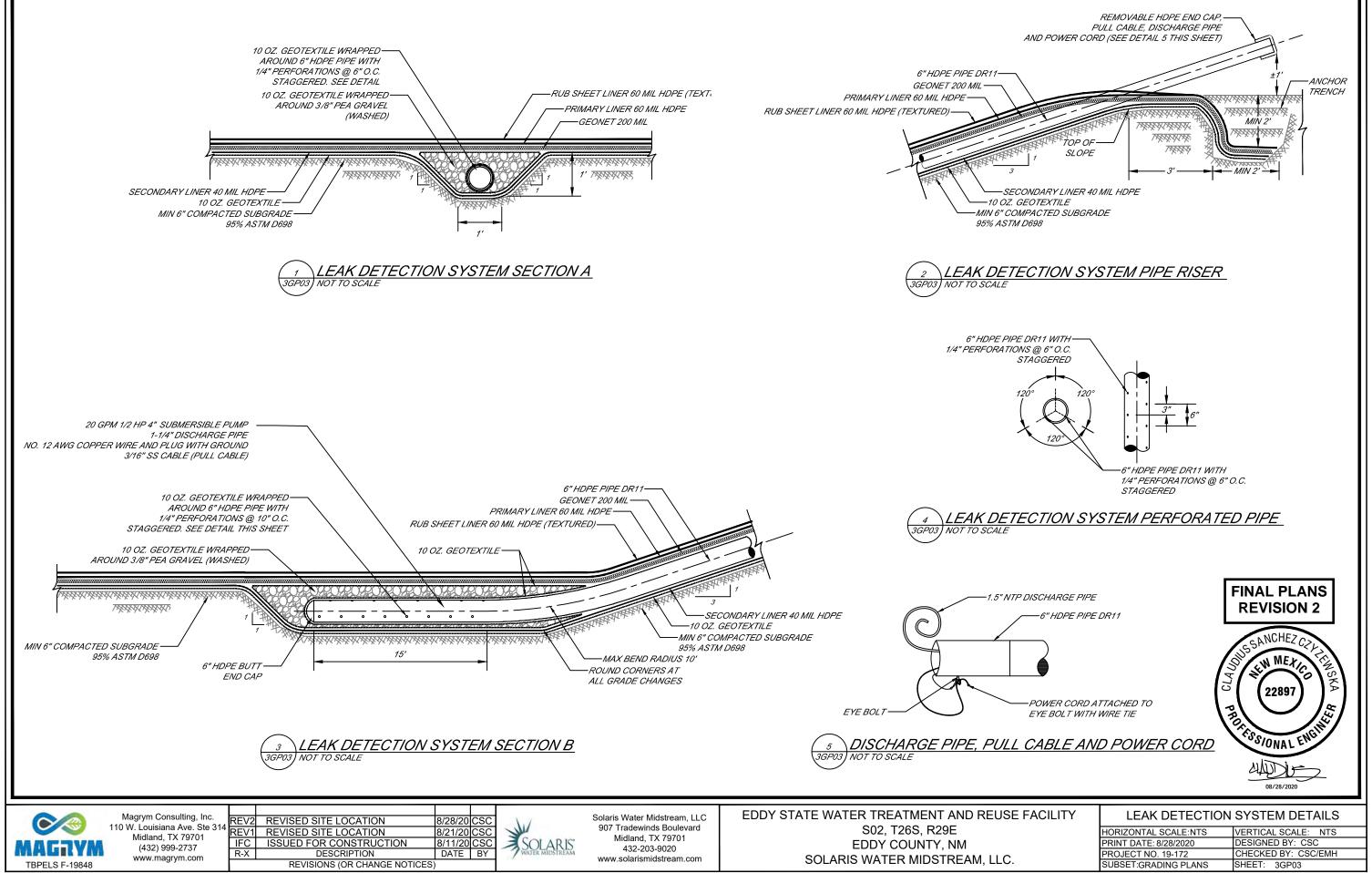
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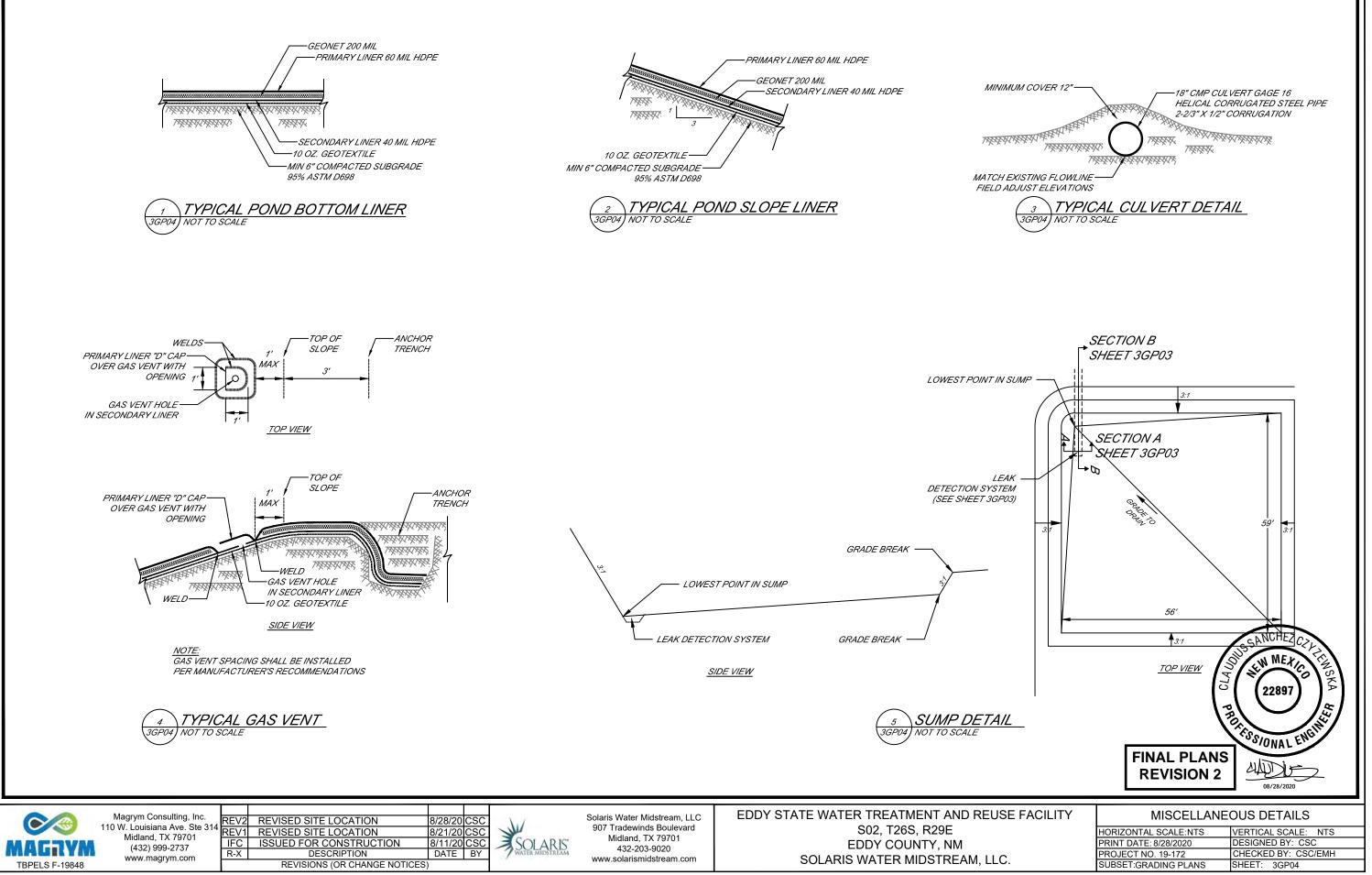
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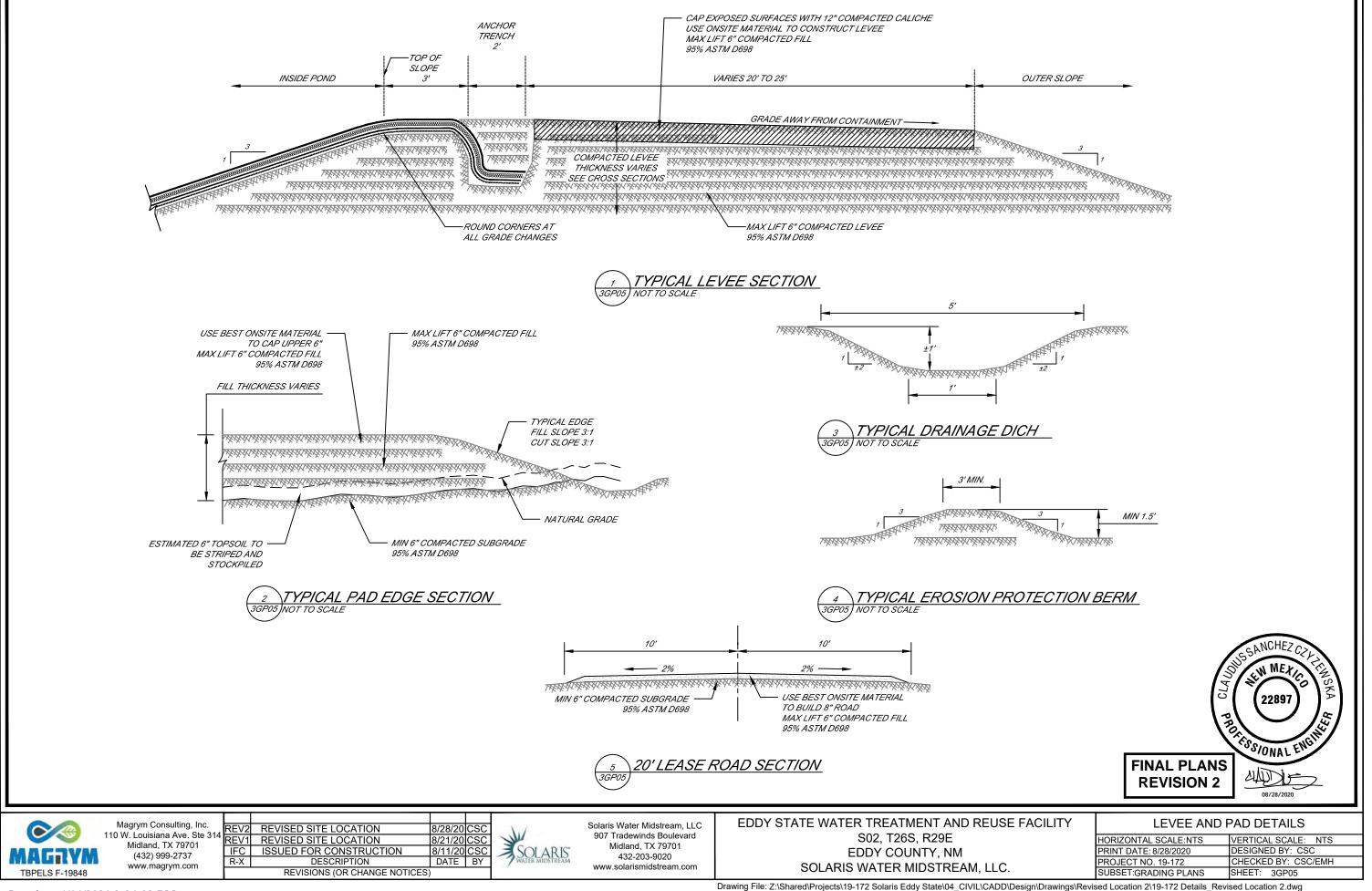
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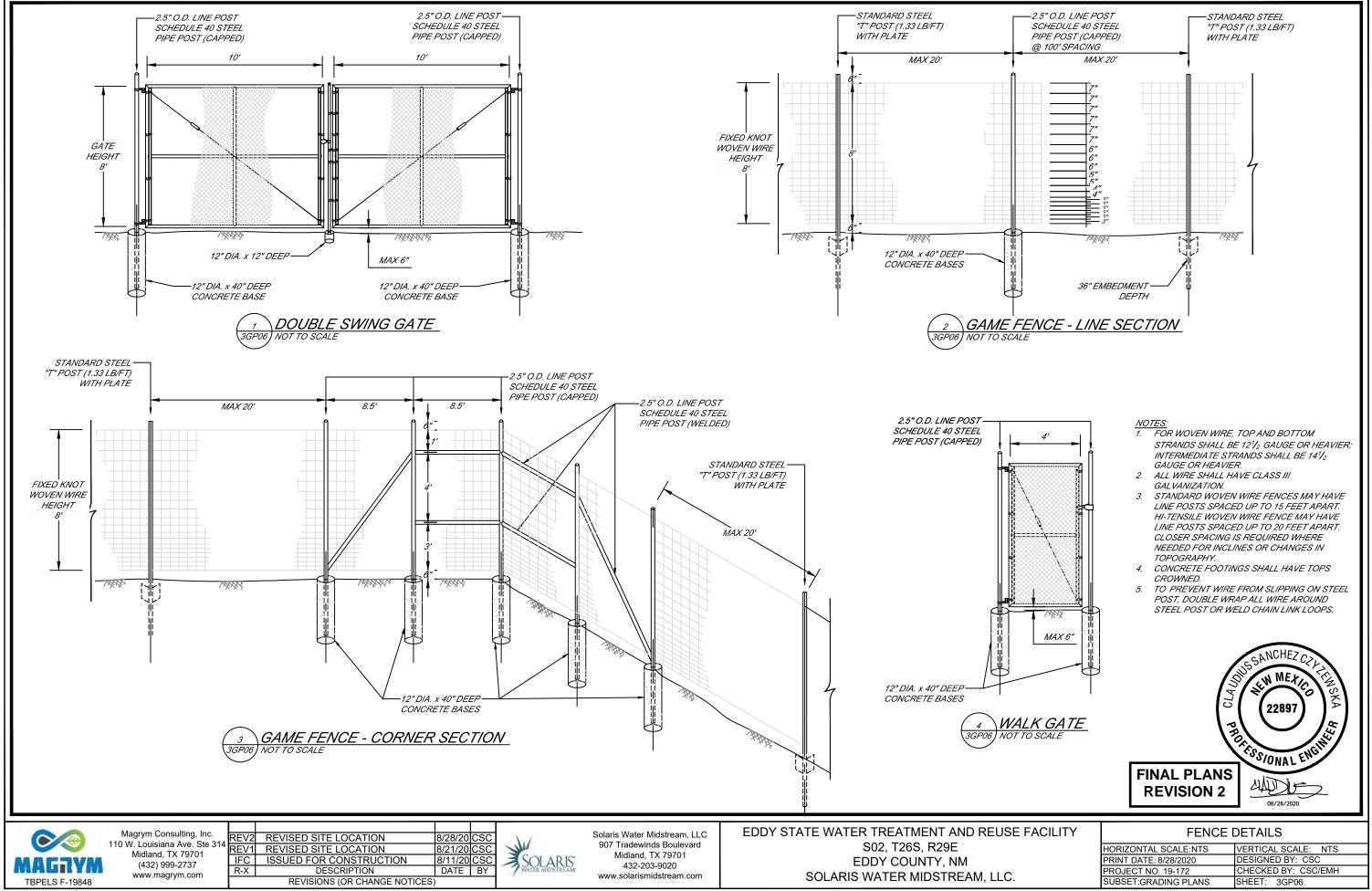
SUBSET: GRADING



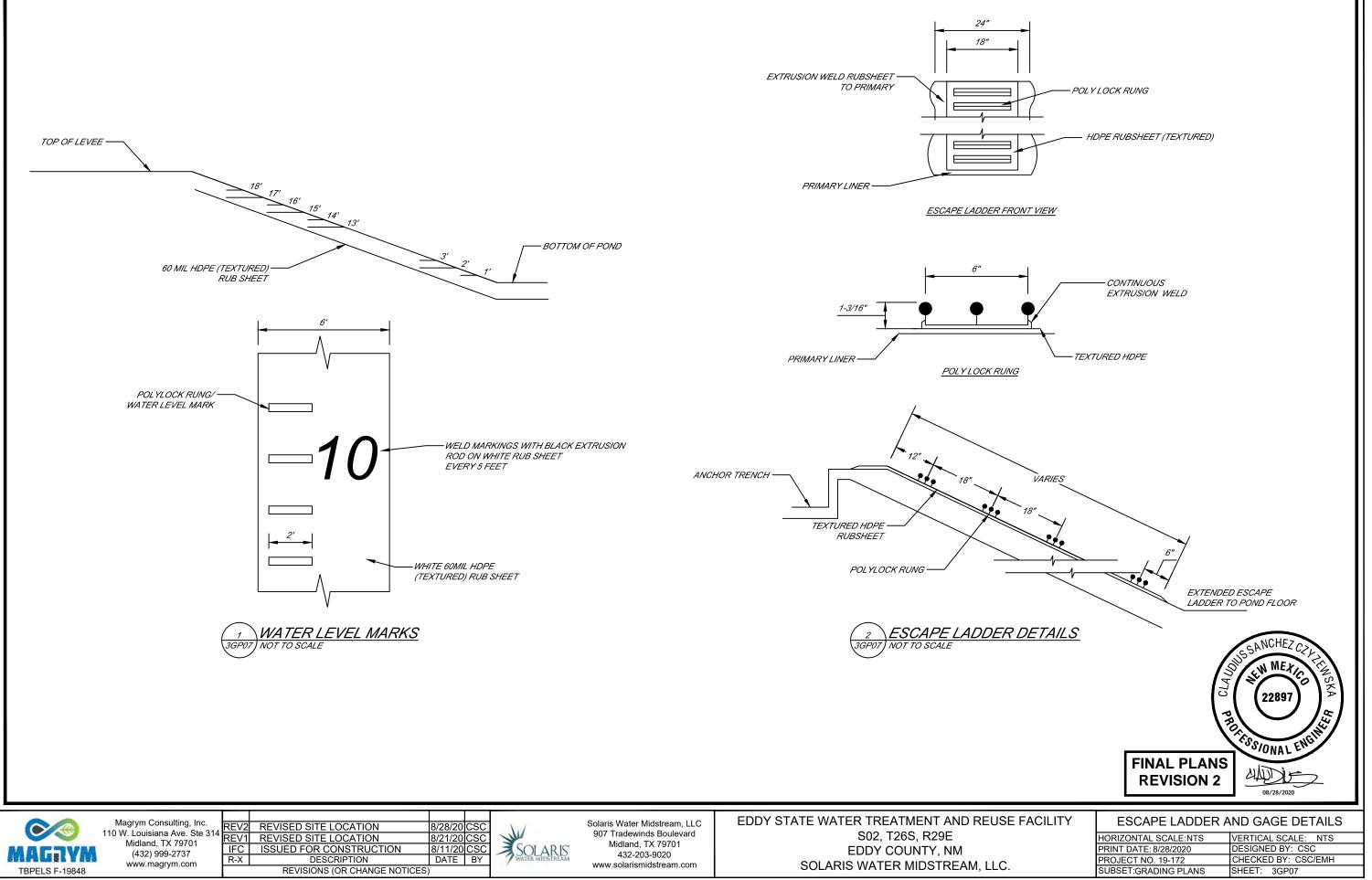
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TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

PREMIUM HD Series, 40 mils

Black, Smooth

2801 Boul. Marie-Victorin Varennes, Quebec Canada J3X 1P7 Tel: (450) 929-1234 Sales: (450) 929-2544 Toll free in North America:1-800-571-3904 www.Solmax.com www.solmax.com

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	D FREQUENCY(1)	UNIT Imperial	
SPECIFICATIONS				<u>,</u>
Thickness (min. avg.)	ASTM D5199	Every roll	mils	40.0
Thickness (min.)	ASTM D5199	Every roll	mils	36.0
Melt Index - 190/2.16 (max.)	ASTM D1238	1/Batch	g/10 min	1.0
Sheet Density (8)	ASTM D792	Every 10 rolls	g/cc	≥ 0.94
Carbon Black Content	ASTM D4218	Every 2 rolls	%	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D5596	Every 10 rolls	Category	Cat. 1 & Cat. 2
OIT - standard (avg.)	ASTM D3895	Per formulation	min	160
HPOIT - High Pressure (avg)	ASTM D5885	Per formulation	min	800
Tensile Properties (min. avg) (2)	ASTM D6693	Every 2 rolls		
Strength at Yield			ррі	84
Elongation at Yield			%	13
Strength at Break			ррі	152
Elongation at Break			%	750
Tear Resistance (min. avg.)	ASTM D1004	Every 5 rolls	lbf	28
Puncture Resistance (min. avg.)	ASTM D4833	Every 5 rolls	lbf	85
Dimensional Stability	ASTM D1204	Certified	%	± 2
Stress Crack Resistance (SP-NCTL) (avg.)	ASTM D5397	1/Batch	hr	1000
Multi-Axial Tensile (min. avg.)	ASTM D5617	Per formulation	%	15
Oven Aging - % retained after 90 days	ASTM D5721	Per formulation		
HP OIT (min. avg.)	ASTM D5885		%	80
UV Res % retained after 1600 hr	ASTM D7238	Per formulation		1
HP-OIT (min. avg.)	ASTM D5885		%	80
	dimensions may vary ±19	%)		

NOTES

1. Testing frequency based on standard roll dimension and one batch is approximately 180,000 lbs (or one railcar).

2. Machine Direction (MD) and Cross Machine Direction (XMD or TD) average values should be on the basis of 5 specimens each direction. 8. Correlation table is available for ASTM D792 vs ASTM D1505. Both methods give the same results.

* All values are nominal test results, except when specified as minimum or maximum.

* The information contained herein is provided for reference purposes only and is not intended as a warranty of guarantee. Final determination of suitability for use contemplated is the sole responsability of the user. SOLMAX assumes no liability in connection with the use of this information.

Solmax is not a design professional and has not performed any design services to determine if Solmax's goods comply with any project plans or specifications, or with the application or use of Solmax's goods to any particular system, project, purpose, installation or specification.

Received by OCD: 3/1/2021 2:41:19 PM



Mustang Extreme

December 9, 2019

Attn: Re: Mr. Steven Roeder 40 mil HDPE Geomembrane – Hydraulic Conductivity

Dear Mr. Roeder:

Hydraulic Conductivity of HDPE geomembranes can be indirectly obtained through ASTM E96 method (Designing with Geosynthetics, page 437, fifth edition – Robert Koerner).

Based on our test results and the method pointed out in the above reference, it can be concluded that Solmax HDPE geomembranes have a typical Hydraulic Conductivity no higher than 10⁻¹² cm/s

Should you need further information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

2

Mauricio Ossa Senior Technical Manager Houston- Texas



GSE ENVIRONMENTAL, LLC | A SOLMAX COMPANY 19103 GUNDLE ROAD, HOUSTON, TX 77073, USA Page 21 of 86

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R.K. FROBEL & ASSOCIATES Consulting Engineers

Technical Memorandum: 40-mil HDPE as Alternative Secondary Liner System for In Ground Recycling Containment Facilities NMAC 19.15.34.12 A

I have investigated the suitability of application for 40 mil HDPE geomembrane as an equivalent secondary liner to 30 mil scrim reinforced LLDPE (LLDPEr) in the application for In Ground Recycling Containment facilities. *In summary, it is my professional opinion that the specified 40 mil HDPE geomembrane will provide a secondary liner system that is equal to or better than 30 mil scrim reinforced LLDPEr and will provide the requisite protection of fresh water, public health and the environment for many years when engineering design provides requisite site/soil/slope preparation and when used in concert with requisite primary liners and drainage layers.*

It is understood that the lining system under discussion is composed of a 60 mil HDPE Primary liner, geonet drainage layer and a 40 mil HDPE Secondary liner. *In consideration of the secondary lining system application, size of impoundment and depth, design details as well as the chemical nature of typical processed water, it is my professional opinion that the 40 mil HDPE geomembrane will provide the requisite barrier against processed water loss and will function effectively as a secondary liner.*

The following are discussion points that hopefully will exhibit the equivalency of a 40 mil HDPE secondary liner to that of a 30 mil LLDPEr.

The nature and formulation of the 40 mil HDPE resin is the same as the Primary 60 mil HDPE. The major difference is that the 40 mil HDPE is lower in thickness (more flexible and less puncture resistant). However, in covered conditions, HDPE will resist aging and degradation and remain intact for many decades. In fact, a secondary liner of 40 mil HDPE will outlast an exposed 60 mil HDPE liner. According to the Geosynthetic Research Institute (GRI) study on lifetime prediction (GRI Paper No. 6), the half life of HDPE (GRI GM 13) exposed is > 36 years and the half-life of HDPE covered or buried is greater than 100 years. It is understood that in order to ensure compliance of materials, the primary 60 mil HDPE to be used must meet or exceed GRI GM 13 Standards. Likewise, the secondary liner that is not exposed to the same environmental and chemical conditions must meet or exceed GRI GM 13 for non-reinforced HDPE. Adhering to the minimum requirements of the GRI Specifications, 40 mil HDPE when used as a secondary liner will be equally as protective as the primary 60 mil HDPE liner (reference: www.geosynthetic-institute.org/grispecs) and equally as protective as a 30 mil scrim reinforced LLDPEr liner.

<u>Durability of Geomembranes is directly affected by exposure conditions.</u> Buried or covered geomembranes are not affected by the same degradation mechanisms (UV, Ozone, Chemical, Stress, Temperature, etc) as are fully exposed geomembranes. In this regard, the secondary liner material and thickness can be much less robust than the fully exposed primary liner which in this case is 60 mil HDPE. This is also the case for

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landfill lining systems where the secondary geomembrane in a bottom landfill cell may be 40 mil HDPE.

<u>Thermal Fusion Seaming Requirements</u>. Thermal seaming and QC seam test requirements for geomembranes are product specific and usually prescribed by the sheet manufacturer. Dual wedge thermal fusion welding is commonly used on HDPE and QC testing by air channel (ASTM D 5820) is fully acceptable and recognized as an industry standard. In this regard, there should be no exception requirement for seaming and QC testing as both the Primary and Secondary geomembranes are HDPE. This is fully covered in comprehensive specifications for both the Primary and Secondary geomembranes (Reference: <u>www.ASTM.org/Standards</u>).

<u>Potential for Leakage through the Primary and Secondary Liners.</u> Leakage through geomembrane liners is directly a function of the height of liquid head above any hole or imperfection. The geonet drainage media provides immediate drainage to a low point or sump and thus no hydrostatic head or driving gradient is available to push leakage water through a hole in the secondary liner. In this regard, secondary geomembrane materials can be (and usually are) much less in thickness and also polymer type. Hydraulic Conductivity through the 40 mil HDPE liner material is extremely low due to the polymer type, structure and crystallinity and exceeds requirements of EPA SW-846 Method 9090A.

<u>Chemical Attack</u>. Chemical attack to polymeric geomembranes is directly a function of type of chemical, temperature and exposure time. Again, the HDPE Primary provides the chemically resistant liner and is QC tested to reduce potential defects or holes. If there is a small hole, the geonet drain takes any leakage water immediately to the sump for extraction. Thus, exposure time is very limited on a secondary liner in addition to low temperature, little volume and virtually no head pressure. In this regard, a chemically resistant geomembrane material such as 40 mil HDPE can be specified for the secondary and is a fully acceptable alternate to 30 mil scrim reinforced LLDPEr.

<u>Mechanical Properties Characteristics</u>. Geomembranes of different polymer and/or structure (i.e., reinforced vs non-reinforced) cannot be readily compared using such characteristics as tensile stress/strain, tear, puncture and polymer requirements. For a 40 mil HDPE liner material to function as a Secondary liner it should meet or exceed the manufacturers minimum requirements for Density, Tensile Properties, Tear, Puncture as well as other properties such as UV resistance. The sheet material must also meet or exceed GRI GM 13 minimum requirements. *In this regard, a 40 mil HDPE will be equivalent to a 30 mil LLDPEr as a secondary liner for the conditions listed below:*

- The subgrade or compacted earth foundation will be smooth, free of debris or loose rocks, dry, unyielding and will support the lining system.
- *The side slopes for the containment shall be equal to or less than 3H:1V.*
- The physical properties and condition of the subgrade or liner foundation

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(i.e., density, slope, motsture) will be inspected and certified by a Professional Engineer that it meets or exceeds specification requirements.

- Immediately prior to installation, the installation contractor shall inspect and sign_off on the subgrade conditions that they meet ar exceed the HDPE manufacturer_and installers requirements.
- A protective geotextile will be placed on the finished and accepted subgrade herween subgrade and the 40 mil HDPE Secondary liner.
- A 200 mil geonet will be placed over the 40 mil HDPE Secondary Liner.
- A 60 mil HDPE Primary liner will be placed over the 200 mil geonet drainage layer.

If you have any questions on the above technical memorandum or require further information, give me a call at 720-289-0300 or email geosynthetics@msn.com

Sincerely Yours,

RTFrahed

Ronald K. Frobel, MSCE, PE

References:

NMAC 19 15 34 12 & DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR A RECYCLING CONTAINMENT

Geosynthetic Research Institute (GRI) Published Standards and Papers 2017 www.geosynthetic-institute.org

ASTM Geosynthetics'Standards 2017 www.ASTM.org/Standards

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Mega Blaster PRO sonic bird repeller covers 30 acres!



NEMA Rated Case Crystal-Clear Digital Sound

- Laughing Gull
- Ring-Billed Gull
- Herring Gull
- California Gull
- Black-Headed Gull
- Glaucous-Winged Gull
- **Double Crested Cormorant**
- Marsh Hawk

CONFIGURATIONS AVAILABLE:

- Agricultural # MEGA-AG
- Crow / Raven # MEGA-CROW
 Woodpecker
- Woodpecker # MEGA-WP
 Marine / Gull
- # MEGA-MAR

Mega Blaster PRO uses intermittent distress calls to create a "danger zone" that frightens infesting birds away for good.

PREDATOR cries help scare all the birds.

Perfect for Landfills, Airfields, Fish Farms, Farm Fields or any multi-acre facility.

Our most powerful system features two high-output amplifiers that drive our specially-designed 20 speaker tower. The intense sound output covers up to 30 acres (12 hectares).

It features solid-state electronics mounted inside a NEMAtype control box, suitable for most any application.

The generating unit mounts easily to a post or pole using the included hardware. The unit comes pre-recorded in four different configurations for the most common bird infestations.

Choose any or all of the 8 sounds, including predators to give the birds even more of a sense of danger. Customize by choosing volume and silent time between sounds.

Mega Blaster PRO

Complete system includes the generating unit with two built-in highoutput amplifiers, 20-speaker tower with audio cables, 40 watt solar panel, battery clips and all mounting hardware.



NOTE: This unit is capable of sound output up to 125 decibels. HEARING PROTECTION IS RECOMMENDED.

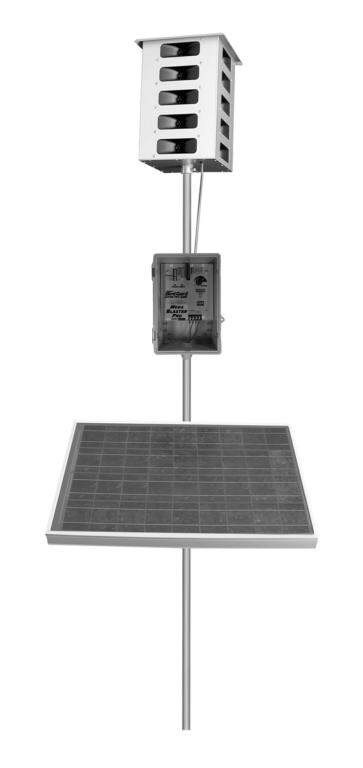






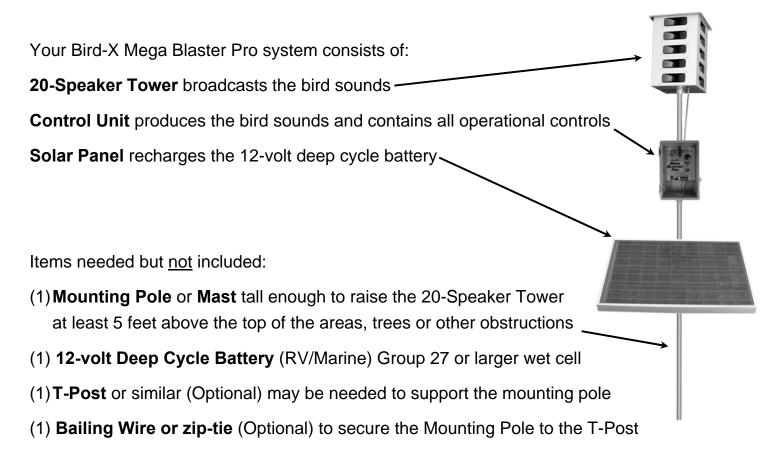
User's Manual

Overview	2
Bird Control Management Guidelines	3
Materials List	4
Assembly	5
Control Unit	5
Solar Panel	5
Placement	6
Building a Mounting Pole or Mast	7
Installation	8
20-Speaker Tower	8
Solar Panel	8
Control Box	9
Solar Panel Connections	9
Settings	10
Recordings	10
Mode Settings	10
Warranty	12



Overview

The Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro utilizes the innate power of the natural survival instincts of birds to effectively repel them. Digital recordings of distressed and alarmed birds, along with the sounds made by their natural predators are broadcast through high fidelity weather-resistant speakers over the top of areas. This action triggers a primal fear and flee response. Pest birds soon relocate to where they can feed without feeling threatened.



CAUTION: THE MEGA BLASTER PRO IS CAPABLE OF PRODUCING SOUNDS UP TO 125 DECIBELS. PROPER HEARING PROTECTION MUST BE WORN ANYTIME THE UNIT IS TURNED ON.



Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro Users Manual

Bird Control Management Guidelines

An active bird control management program is a key to successfully repelling pest birds. Bird feeding patterns may take several days or weeks to break. Follow all suggestions for maximum effectiveness. Read all instructions prior to installation.

For best results:

- It is extremely important to fully protect your entire area from birds. Any areas not fully protected will allow birds to begin feeding at the fringes of the sound coverage. They will soon become bolder and learn the sounds are nothing to fear. This will cause the effectiveness to diminish. Complete Bird-X product coverage forces birds to leave the area entirely.
- Install the Mega Blaster Pro unit at least two weeks before birds are attracted to your area. It is much easier to keep birds away before they have found a food source than it is to repel them once they have developed a feeding pattern.
- Most birds begin feeding from the perimeter of an area. Place Mega Blaster Pro units so the sound protection covers past the edges of the area.
- Birds will often use tall trees for roosting and observation. If birds are in bordering trees it is necessary to position the units so the sound protection covers the trees as well.
- Mount the 20-Speaker Tower at least five feet above trees, areas and structures for maximum coverage. The higher the better. Sound will disperse or reflect off structures or foliage. Mount control unit out of direct sun, if possible.
- When first installed, run Mega Blaster Pro units at FULL volume and on SHORT time off periods. This ensures maximum "bird stress" and creates a hostile environment.
- Watch for changes in bird activity and adjust the location of your Mega Blaster Pro unit if needed.
- Check the battery and unit settings often to insure continuous bird control. Be certain that the system is not turned down or has a dead battery. Field hands or harvesters may turn down the volume.
- Changing settings and switches often helps to prevent bird habituation. Periodically change the switch settings of the eight sounds (turning them ON or OFF). NEVER turn OFF the distress calls of the target birds you are trying to repel and always keep at least one predator bird sound turned ON.
- If different bird species enter the protected area and begin causing damage contact us immediately for an updated Sound Recording Card designed to repel the new invading birds.
- Remember that the Mega Blaster Pro system is a management tool, and should be used as part of your overall bird control strategy, sometimes in conjunction with other bird control techniques and devices.

Be aware that under extreme drought or other adverse conditions, birds will disregard all deterrents and risks in order to survive

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION PLAN OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN CLOSURE PLAN

Recycling Facility and/or Containment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.

- ☑ Design Plan based upon the appropriate requirements.
 ☑ Operating and Maintenance Plan based upon the appropriate requirements.
 ☑ Closure Plan based upon the appropriate requirements.
 ☑ Site Specific Groundwater Data ☑ Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations ☑ Certify that notice of the C-147 (only) has been sent to the surface owner(s)

This plan addresses construction of the earthen containments.

Magrym Engineers is providing the design of the containment and their plans are presented in this submission.

Dike Protection and Structural Integrity

The design and operation provide for the confinement of produced water, prevention of releases and prevention of overtopping due to wave action or rainfall. Additionally, the design prevents run-on of surface water as the containment is surrounded by an above-grade levee (a berm) and/or diversion ditch (between the levee and the soil stockpile) to prevent run-on of surface water.

Stockpile Topsoil

Where topsoil is present, prior to constructing containment, the operator will strip and stockpile the topsoil for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signage

The operator will place an upright sign no less than 12 inches by 24 inches with lettering not less than two inches in height in a conspicuous place on the fence surrounding the containment. The sign is posted in a manner and location such that a person can easily read the legend. The sign will provide the following information:

- the operator's name,
- the location of the site by quarter-quarter or unit letter, section, township and range, and
- emergency telephone numbers

Fencing

The operator will provide for a fence to enclose the recycling containment in a manner that deters unauthorized wildlife and human access. As specified in the design drawings, the operator will employ a chain-link or game fence in addition to a four foot, four-strand wire fence Because feral pigs, javelina and deer are present in the area, a chain link or game fence is required in order to comply with Section 19.15.34.12 D.1 of the Rule because pigs will move beneath the lower strand of a 4-strand, 4-foot high barbed wire fence and deer will jump over. However, 19.15.34.12 D.2 requires "a four-foot fence that has at least four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level". Therefore, the barbed wire specification is added to the game fence to avoid a variance. As stated in the 0&M plan, the operator will ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.

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19.15.34.12 A Design and Construction Specifications

(1). The operator shall design and construct a recycling containment to ensure the confinement of produced water, to prevent releases and to prevent overtopping due to wave action or rainfall.
(8). The operator of a recycling containment shall design the containment to prevent run-on of surface water. The containment shall be surrounded by a berm, ditch or other diversion to prevent run-on of surface water

19.15.34.12 B. Prior to constructing containment, the operator shall strip and stockpile the topsoil for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure

19.15.34.12 C. Signs.

The operator shall post an upright sign no less than 12 inches by 24 inches with lettering not less than two inches in height in a conspicuous place on the fence surrounding the containment. The operator shall post the sign in a manner and location such that a person can easily read the legend. The sign shall provide the following information: the operator's name, the location of the site by quarter-quarter or unit letter, section, township and range, and emergency telephone numbers

19.15.34.12 D. Fencing

(1) The operator shall fence or enclose a recycling containment in a manner that deters unauthorized wildlife and human access and shall maintain the fences in good repair. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.

(2) Recycling containments shall be fenced with a four-foot fence that has at least four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level.

Netting and Protection of Wildlife

The perimeter game/chain-link fence will be effective in excluding stock and most terrestrial wildlife. If requested by the surface owner, the game fence can include a fine mesh from the base to 1 foot above the ground to exclude the small reptiles (e.g. dune sagebrush lizard).

The recycling containment will be protective of wildlife, including migratory birds_through the implementation of an Avian Protection Plan, routine inspections and the perimeter fence.

The avian protection plan includes the use of a Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro as a primary hazing program for avian species. The device will be equipped with sounds suitable for the Permian Basin environment. In addition to this sonic device, staff will routinely inspect the containment for the presence of avian species and, if detected, may use a blank cartridge or shell in a handgun, starter pistol or shotgun as additional hazing if necessary. Decoys of birds of prey may be placed on the game fence and other roosts around the open water to provide additional hazing.

The O&M plan calls for the operator to inspect for and, within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.

This Avian Protection Plan meets the specific language of Rule 34 as it is "otherwise protective of wildlife, including migratory birds".

Earthwork

The containment will have a properly constructed foundation and interior slopes consisting of a firm, unyielding base, smooth and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent the liner's rupture or tear. Geotextile is required under the liner when needed to reduce localized stress-strain or protuberances that otherwise may compromise the liner's integrity.

This volume provides the stamped drawings for the containment with the following design/construction specifications:

- a) levee has inside grade no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot (2H: 1V).
- b) levee outside grade is no steeper than three horizontal feet to one vertical foot (3H: 1V)

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19.15.34.12 E Netting.

The operator shall ensure that a recycling containment is screened, netted or otherwise protective of wildlife, including migratory birds. The operator shall on a monthly basis inspect for and, within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.

19.15.34.12 A

(2) A recycling containment shall have a properly constructed foundation and interior slopes consisting of a firm, unyielding base, smooth and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent the liner's rupture or tear. Geotextile is required under the liner when needed to reduce localized stress-strain or protuberances that otherwise may compromise the liner's integrity...

19.15.34.12 A

(2) ...The operator shall construct the containment in a levee with an inside grade no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot (2H:1V). The levee shall have an outside grade no steeper than three horizontal feet to one vertical foot (3H:1V). The top of the levee shall be wide enough

- c) top of the levee is wide enough to install an anchor trench and provide adequate room for inspection and maintenance.
- d) The containment floor design calls for a slope toward the sump in the corner(s).

Liner and Drainage Geotextile Installation

The containment has a primary (upper) liner and a secondary (lower) liner with a leak detection system appropriate to the site's conditions.

The primary (upper) liner is a geomembrane liner composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to ultraviolet light, petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions. It is 60-mil HDPE.

The secondary liner is specified in the design drawings and is 40-mil HDPE or thicker. Attached to the engineering drawings are specifications for this material, a professional opinion regarding the equivalency of 40-mil HDPE to 30-mil LLDPEr, and information on hydraulic conductivity. As stated in that opinion, liner compatibility meets or exceeds a subsequent relevant publication to EPA SW-846 method 9090A.

The recycling containment design has a leak detection system between the upper and lower geomembrane liners of 200-mil geonet to facilitate drainage. The leak detection system consists of a properly designed drainage and collection and removal system placed above the lower geomembrane liner in depressions and sloped to facilitate the earliest possible leak detection. The containment floor design calls for a slope toward the sump in the corner(s) of the containment, as shown in the design drawings. This slope combined with the highly transmissive geonet drainage layer provide for rapid leak detection.

The liners and drainage material will be installed consistent with the Manufacturer's specifications. In addition to any specifications of the Manufacturer, protocols for liner installation include measures to:

- i. minimizing liner seams and orient them up and down, not across, a slope of the levee.
- ii. use factory-welded seams where possible.
- iii. use field seams in geosynthetic material that are thermally seamed and prior to field seaming, overlap liners four to six inches.
- iv. minimize the number of field seams and comers and irregularly shaped areas.
- v. provide for no horizontal seams within five feet of the

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to install an anchor trench and provide adequate room for inspection and maintenance.

19.15.34.12 A

(3) Each recycling containment shall incorporate, at a minimum, a primary (upper) liner and a secondary (lower) liner with a leak detection system appropriate to the site's conditions.

19.15.34.12 A

(4) All primary (upper) liners in a recycling containment shall be geomembrane liners composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to ultraviolet light, petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions. All primary liners shall be 30-mil flexible PVC, 45-mil LLDPE string reinforced or 60-mil HDPE liners. Secondary liners shall be 30-mil LLDPE string reinforced or equivalent with a hydraulic conductivity no greater than 1 x 10-9 cm/sec. Liner compatibility shall meet or exceed the EPA SW-846 method 9090A or subsequent relevant publications.

19.15.34.12 A

(7) The operator of a recycling containment shall place a leak detection system between the upper and lower geomembrane liners that shall consist of 200-mil geonet or two feet of compacted soil with a saturated hydraulic conductivity of 1 x 10-5 cm/sec or greater to facilitate drainage. The leak detection system shall consist of a properly designed drainage and collection and removal system placed above the lower geomembrane liner in depressions and sloped to facilitate the earliest possible leak detection.

19.15.34.12 A

(5) The operator of a recycling containment shall minimize liner seams and orient them up and down, not across, a slope of the levee. Factory welded seams shall be used where possible. The operator shall ensure field seams in geosynthetic material are thermally seamed. Prior to field seaming, the operator shall overlap liners four to six inches...

19.15.34.12 A

(5) ...The operator shall minimize the number of field seams and corners and irregularly shaped areas. There shall be no horizontal seams within five feet of the slope's toe. Qualified personnel shall perform field welding and testing.

19.15.34.12 A

slope's toe.

- vi. use qualified personnel to perform field welding and testing.
- vii. avoid excessive stress-strain on the liner
- viii. The edges of all liners are anchored in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench that is at least 18 inches deep

At points of discharge into the lined earthen containment the pipe configuration effectively protects the liner from excessive hydrostatic force or mechanical damage during filling.

The design shows that at any point of discharge into or suction from the recycling containment, the liner is protected from excessive hydrostatic force or mechanical damage. External discharge or suction lines do not penetrate the liner.

Pumping from the containment to hydraulic fracturing operations is the responsibility of stimulation contractors. Typically, lines are permanently placed in the containment with floats attached to prevent damage to the liner system. The containment may be equipped with permanent HDPE stinger (supported by a sacrificial liner or geotextile) for withdrawal of fluid if the owner deems necessary during operations.

Leak Detection and Fluid Removal System Installation The leak detection system, contains the following design elements

- a. The 200-mil HyperNet Geonet drainage material between the primary and secondary liner that is sufficiently permeable to allow the transport of fluids to the observation ports (Appendix A).
- b. The containment floor is sloped towards the monitoring riser pipe to facilitate the earliest possible leak detection of the containment bottom. A pump may be placed in the observation port to provide for fluid removal.
- c. Piping will withstand chemical attack from any seepage, structural loading from stresses and disturbances from overlying water, cover materials, equipment operation or expansion or contraction (see Appendix A).

(3) The edges of all liners shall be anchored in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench. The anchor trench shall be at least 18 inches deep.

19.15.34.12 A

(6) At a point of discharge into or suction from the recycling containment, the operator shall insure that the liner is protected from excessive hydrostatic force or mechanical damage. External discharge or suction lines shall not penetrate the liner.

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Operation and Maintenance Plan In Ground Containments

Overview

The operator will operate and maintain the lined earthen containment to contain liquids and solids (blow sand and minimal precipitates from the produced water) and maintain the integrity of the liner system in a manner that prevents contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment as described below. The purpose of the lined earthen containment is to facilitate recycling, reuse and reclamation of produced water derived from oil and gas wells. During periods when water for E&P operations is not needed, produced water will discharge to injection wells or to a pipeline for transfer to another recycling facility. The containment will not be used for the disposal of produced water or other oilfield waste.

The operation of the containment is summarized below.

- A. Produced water generated from nearby oil and gas wells is delivered to a treatment system located as indicated in the C-147.
- B. Unless specified in the transmittal letter, after treatment, the produced water discharges into the containment.
- C. When required, produced water is removed from the containment for E&P operations. At this time, produced water will be used for drilling beneath the freshwater zones (beneath surface casing), for well stimulation (e.g. hydraulic fracturing) and other E&P uses as approved by OCD.
- D. Whenever the maximum fluid capacity of the containment is reached, treatment and discharge to the containment ceases (see Freeboard and Overtopping Plan, below).
- E. The operator will keep accurate records and shall report monthly to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148 (see attached example).
- F. The operator will maintain accurate records that identify the sources and disposition of all recycled water that shall be made available for review by the division upon request.

19.15.34.10 D Recycling containments may not be used for the disposal of produced water or other oilfield wastes.

19.15.34.9 E

The operator of a recycling facility shall keep accurate records and shall report monthly to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.

19.15.34.9 F

The operator of a recycling facility shall maintain accurate records that identify the sources and disposition of all recycled water that shall be made available for review by the division upon request.

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Operation and Maintenance Plan In Ground Containments

G. The containment shall be deemed to have ceased operations if less than 20% of the total fluid capacity is used every six months following the first withdrawal of produced water for use. The operator will report cessation of operations to the appropriate division district office. The appropriate division district office may grant an extension to this determination of cessation of operations not to exceed six months.

The operation of the lined earthen containment will follow the mandates listed below:

- 1. The operator will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste (as defined by 40 CFR 261 and NMAC 19.15.2.7.H.3) in the containments.
- 2. If the containment's primary liner is compromised above the fluid's surface, the operator will repair the damage or initiate replacement of the primary liner within 48 hours of discovery or seek an extension of time from the division district office.
- 3. If the primary liner is compromised below the fluid's surface, the operator will remove all fluid above the damage or leak within 48 hours of discovery, notify the division district office and repair the damage or replace the primary liner.
- 4. If any penetration of the containment liner is confirmed by sampling of fluid in the leak detection system (see Monitoring, Inspection, and Reporting Plan; below), the operator will:
 - a. Begin and maintain fluid removal from the leak detection/pump-back system,
 - b. Notify the district office within 48 hours (phone or email) of the discovery,
 - c. Identify the location of the leak, and
 - d. Repair the damage or, if necessary, replace the containment liner.
- 5. The operator will install, or maintain on site, an oil absorbent boom or other device to contain an unanticipated release and the operator will remove any visible layer of oil from the surface of the recycling containment.
- 6. The operator will report releases of fluid in a manner consistent with NMAC 19.15.29
- 7. The containment will be operated to prevent the collection of surface water run-on.

19.15.34.13 C

A recycling containment shall be deemed to have ceased operations if less than 20% of the total fluid capacity is used every six months following the first withdrawal of produced water for use. The operator must report cessation of operations to the appropriate division district office. The appropriate division district office may grant an extension to this determination of cessation of operations not to exceed six months.

19.15.34.13 B

(4) If the containment's primary liner is compromised above the fluid's surface, the operator shall repair the damage or initiate replacement of the primary liner within 48 hours of discovery or seek an extension of time from the division district office. (5) If the primary liner is compromised below the fluid's surface, the operator shall remove all fluid above the damage or leak within 48 hours of discovery, notify the division district office and repair the damage or replace the primary liner.

19.15.34.13 B

(7) The operator shall install, or maintain on site, an oil absorbent boom or other device to contain an unanticipated release.
(1) The operator shall remove any visible layer of oil from the surface of the recycling containment.

19.15.34.8 A

(6) All releases from the recycling and re-use of produced water shall be handled in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

19.15.34.13

(6) The containment shall be operated to prevent the collection of surface water run-on.

Operation and Maintenance Plan In Ground Containments

- 8. The operator will maintain the containment free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris.
- 9. The operator will maintain at least three feet of freeboard for the containment and will use a free-standing staff gauge to allow easy determination of the required 3-foot of freeboard.
- 10. As described in the design/construction plan, the injection or withdrawal of fluids from the containment is accomplished through hardware that prevents damage to the liner by erosion, fluid jets or impact from installation and removal of hoses or pipes.
- 11. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.
- 12. The operator will maintain the fences in good repair.

Monitoring, Inspection, and Reporting Plan

The operator will inspect the recycling containment and associated leak detection systems weekly while it contains fluids. The operator shall maintain a current log of such inspections and make the log available for review by the division upon request.

Weekly inspections consist of:

- reading and recording the fluid height of staff gauges,
- recording any evidence that the pond surface shows visible oil,
- visually inspecting the containment's exposed liners
- checking the leak detection system for any evidence of a loss of integrity of the primary liner.
- inspect diversion ditches and berms around the containment to check for erosion and collection of surface water run-on.
- inspect the leak detection system for evidence of damage or malfunction and monitor for leakage.

As stated above, if a liner's integrity is compromised, or if any penetration of the liner occurs, then the operator will take appropriate action within 48 hours, based on if above or below water surface, as noted above.

19.15.34.13 B

(2) The operator shall maintain at least three feet of freeboard at each containment.

19.15.34.13 B

(3) The injection or withdrawal of fluids from the containment shall be accomplished through a header, diverter or other hardware that prevents damage to the liner by erosion, fluid jets or impact from installation and removal of hoses or pipes.

19.15.34.12 D

(1) The operator shall fence or enclose a recycling containment in a manner that deters unauthorized wildlife and human access and shall maintain the fences in good repair. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.

19.15.34.13 A

The operator shall inspect the recycling containment and associated leak detection systems weekly while it contains fluids. The operator shall maintain a current log of such inspections and make the log available for review by the division upon request.

Operation and Maintenance Plan In Ground Containments

Monthly, the operator will:

- A. Inspect the containment for dead migratory birds and other wildlife. Within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.
- B. Report to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.
- C. Record sources and disposition of all recycled water.

The operator will maintain a log of all inspections and make the log available for the appropriate Division district office's review upon request. An example of the log is attached to this section of the permit application.

Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan

The method of operation of the containment allows for maintaining freeboard with very few potential problems. When the capacity of the containment is reached (3-feet of freeboard), the discharge of produced water ceases and the produced water generated by nearby oil and gas wells is managed by an injection well(s).

If rising water levels suggest that 3-feet of freeboard will not be maintained, the operator will implement one or more of the following options:

- I. Cease discharging produced water to the containment.
- II. Accelerate re-use of the produced water for purposes approved by the Division.
- III. Transfer produced water from the containment to injection wells.

The reading of the staff gauge typically occurs daily when treatment operations are ongoing and weekly when discharge to the containment is not occurring.

19.15.34.12 E

The operator shall on a monthly basis inspect for and, within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.

19.15.34.9 E

The operator of a recycling facility shall keep accurate records and shall report monthly to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.

19.15.34.9 F

The operator of a recycling facility shall maintain accurate records that identify the sources and disposition of all recycled water that shall be made available for review by the division upon request.

Operation and Maintenance Plan In Ground Containments

Protocol for Leak Detection Monitoring, Fluid Removal and Reporting

As shown in Appendix A, the leak detection system includes a monitoring system. Any fluid released from the primary liner will flow to the collection sump, where fluid level monitoring is possible at the monitoring riser pipe associated with the leak detection system.

Staff may employ a portable electronic water level meter to determine if fluid exists in the monitoring riser pipe. Obtaining accurate readings of water levels in a sloped pipe beneath a containment can be a challenge. An electrician's wire snake may be required to push the probe to the bottom of the port and the probe may be fixed in a 2-inch pipe "dry housing" to avoid false readings due to water condensation on the pipe. There are many techniques to determine the existence of water in the sumps – including low flow pumps and a simple small bailer affixed to an electrician's snake. The operator will use the method that works best for this containment.

If seepage from the containment into the leak detection system is suspected by a positive fluid level measurement, the operator will:

- 1. Re-measure fluid levels in the monitoring riser pipe on a daily basis for one week to determine the rate of seepage.
- 2. Collect a water sample from the monitoring riser pipe to confirm the seepage is produced water from the containment via electrical conductivity and chloride measurements.
- 3. Notify NMOCD of a confirmed positive detection in the system within 48 hours of sampling (initial notification).
- 4. Install a pump into the monitoring riser pipe sump to continually (manually on a daily basis or via automatic timers) remove fluids from the leak detection system into the containment until the liner is repaired or replaced.
- 5. Dispatch a liner professional to inspect the portion of the containment suspected of leakage during a "low water" monitoring event.
- 6. Provide NMOCD a second report describing the inspection and/or repair within 20 days of the initial notification.

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Operation and Maintenance Plan In Ground Containments

If the point of release is obvious from a low water inspection, the liner professional will repair the loss of integrity. If the point of release cannot be determined by the inspection, the liner professional will develop a more robust plan to identify the point(s) of release. The inspection plan and schedule will be submitted to OCD with the second report. The operator will implement the plan upon OCD approval.

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Quarterly Inspection Log Sheet - In Ground Containment

		Inspect weekly wh	ile fluids present (>1 foot); Month	ly when fluids	<1 foot
Inspection Date	Inspector (Initials)	Describe any 1. Tear of Liner 2. Break in Berms and Ri 3. Dead Wildlife 4. Oil on Fluid	un-on of Stormwater	Report Fluid Freeboard	Leak Detection System Functioning (yes/no)	Comments
		None	Yes			
		Observed	Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			
		None Observed	Yes Describe			

Weekly inspections consist of:

- reading and recording the fluid height of staff gauges,
- recording any evidence that the pond surface shows visible oil,
- visually inspecting the containment's exposed liners
- checking the leak detection system for any evidence of a loss of integrity of the primary liner.
- inspect diversion ditches and berms around the containment to check for erosion and collection of surface water run-on.
- inspect the leak detection system for evidence of damage or malfunction and monitor for leakage.

Monthly, the operator will:

- A. Inspect the containment for dead migratory birds and other wildlife. Within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.
- B. Report to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.
- C. Record sources and disposition of all recycled water.

Closure Plan In Ground Containments

19.15.34.14 A

Once the operator has ceased operations, the operator shall remove all fluids within 60 days and close the containment within six months from the date the operator ceases operations from the containment for use.

19.15.34.14 E

The operator shall substantially restore the impacted surface area to the condition that existed prior to the construction of the recycling containment.

19.15.34.14 G

The re-vegetation and reclamation obligations imposed by federal, state trust land or tribal agencies on lands managed by those agencies shall supersede these provisions and govern the obligations of any operator subject to those provisions, provided that the other requirements provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health and the environment.

19.15.34.14 B

The operator shall close a recycling containment by first removing all fluids, contents and synthetic liners and transferring these materials to a division approved facility.

19.15.34.14 C

The operator shall test the soils beneath the containment for contamination with a five-point composite sample which includes stained or wet soils, if any, and that sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I below.

19.15.34.14 C

 If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I, the division may require additional delineation upon review of the results and the operator must receive approval before proceeding with closure.

Overview

After operations cease, the operator will remove all fluids within 60 days and close the containment within six months from the date the operator ceases operations from the containment for use.

The operator shall substantially restore the impacted surface area to

- a. the condition that existed prior to the construction of the recycling containment or
- b. to a condition imposed by federal, state trust land or tribal agencies on lands managed by those agencies as these provisions govern the obligations of any operator subject to those provisions,

The surface owner will impose a closure design that conforms to their needs for the site. The operator understands that a variance will be submitted to OCD to allow for any alternative closure protocol.

Excavation and Removal Closure Plan – Protocols and Procedures

The containment is expected to hold a small volume of solids, the majority of which will be windblown sand and dust with some mineral precipitates from the water

- 1. The operator will remove all liquids from the containment and either:
 - a. Dispose of the liquids in a division-approved facility, or
 - b. Recycle, reuse or reclaim the water for reuse in drilling and stimulation.
- 2. The operator will close the recycling containment by first removing all fluids, contents and synthetic liners and transferring these materials to a division approved facility.
- 3. After the removal of the containment contents and liners, soils beneath the containment will be tested by collection of a five-point (minimum) composite sample which includes stained or wet soils, if any, and that sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I of 19.15.34.14.
- 4. After review of the laboratory results:
 - a. If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I, additional delineation may be required, and the operator must receive approval before proceeding with closure.

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Closure Plan In Ground Containments

- b. If all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I, then the operator will proceed to
 - i. backfill with non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material Or
 - ii. undertake an alternative closure process pursuant to a variance request after approval by OCD.

Reclamation and Re-vegetation

- a. The operator will reclaim the containment's location to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area.
- <u>b.</u> Topsoils and subsoils shall be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns.
- c. The disturbed area shall then be reseeded in the first favorable growing season following closure of a recycling containment.

Closure Documentation

Within 60 days of closure completion, the operator shall submit a closure report on form C-147, including required attachments, to document all closure activities including sampling results and the details on any backfilling, capping or covering, where applicable. The closure report shall certify that all information in the report and attachments is correct and that the operator has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in division rules or directives.

The operator shall notify the division when reclamation and revegetation are complete. Specifically the notice will document that all ground surface disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and a uniform vegetative cover has been established that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of predisturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.

19.15.34.14 C

(2) If all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I, then the operator can proceed to backfill with non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material.

19.15.34.14 E

Once the operator has closed the recycling containment, the operator shall reclaim the containment's location to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area. Topsoils and subsoils shall be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns. The disturbed area shall then be reseeded in the first favorable growing season following closure of a recycling containment.

19.15.34.14 D

Within 60 days of closure completion, the operator shall submit a closure report on form C-147, including required attachments, to document all closure activities including sampling results and the details on any backfilling, capping or covering, where applicable. The closure report shall certify that all information in the report and attachments is correct and that the operator has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in division rules or directives.

19.15.34.14 H

The operator shall notify the division when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete.

19.15.34.14 F

Reclamation of all disturbed areas no longer in use shall be considered complete when all ground surface disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and a uniform vegetative cover has been established that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of predisturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.

GENERAL SITING CRITERIA DEMONSTRATION AND SITE SPECIFIC GROUNDWATER DATA

Siting Criteria for Recycling Containment

Instructions: The applicant must provide attachments that demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below as part of the appli examples of the siting attachment source material are provided below under each criteria.	cation. Potential
General siting	
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the Recycling Containment. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells FIGURES 1-2	□ Yes⊠ No □ NA
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; written approval obtained from the municipality FIGURE 3	□ Yes ⊠ No □ NA
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Minerals Division FIGURE 4	🗋 Yes 🛛 No
 Within an unstable area. Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; topographic map FIGURE 5 	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Within a 100-year floodplain. FEMA map FIGURE 6	🗆 Yes 🛛 No
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark) Topographic map; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site FIGURE 7	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; aerial photo; satellite image FIGURE 8	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. FIGURES 1 and 7 - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Within 500 feet of a wetland. FIGURE 9 - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; topographic map; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	🗌 Yes 🛛 No

Distance to Groundwater

Figure 1, Figure 1a, Figure 2, Figure 2a, and the discussion presented below demonstrate that groundwater (fresh water, as defined by NMOCD Rules) at the location is greater than the required 50 feet below the proposed Eddy State Recycling Facility and Containment.

Hydrogeology of Eddy State Recycling Facility and Containment

The site for the Eddy State Recycling Facility and Containment is located off Pipeline Road near the southern New Mexican border with Texas. It is roughly 2.7 miles east of the Pecos River. According to the geologic map of New Mexico (Seen in Figure 2), surface unit is Quaternary age older alluvium deposits (Qoa), which are described as follows:

Older alluvial deposits of upland plains and piedmont areas, and calcic soils and eolian cover sediments of High Plains region (middle to lower Pleistocene)—Includes scattered lacustrine, playa, and alluvial deposits of the Tahoka, Double Tanks, Tule, Blackwater Draw, and Gatuña Formations, the latter of which may be Pliocene at base; outcrops, however are basically of Quaternary deposits.

The Qoa in this area may include the Gatuña Formation beneath an upper veneer (5-20 feet) of sand and caliche. According to Ground-Water Report 3 by G.E. Hendrickson and R.S. Jones¹, the Gatuña Formation exists in large sink depressions east of the Pecos River. Powers and Holt² map outcrop and subcrop of the Gatuña Formation from the east side of the Pecos River to near the Eddy State Containment location. The Permian Quartermaster Formation is probably absent beneath the containment site due to Tertiary or later erosion. In this area, based on oil well data, we can assume that the underlying unit in the area is the Rustler formation. A majority of the USGS wells displayed in Figures 1 and 2 are wells whose principal water-bearing unit is Rustler and the depth to water in these wells is between 60 and 120 feet. The Rustler Formation consists of siltstone, anhydrite, gypsum, sandstone and dolomite. The Salado formation underlies the Rustler formation consistently on the east side of the Pecos River, and we can presume this is the case in the area local to the Eddy State Facility. The Salado is a halite and anhydrite unit that acts as a barrier to groundwater flow from higher aquifers to lower aquifers and vise versa. Based on well completion logs from a nearby well (Lusitano 27-34FEDCOM734H from Devon Energy), we can see that the contact between the Rustler and Salado is at 1490 feet from the surface at the location of the well.

Topography is relatively flat with some gentle upslopes in the area. Surface soil appears to be thin with underlying caliche which outcrops in some erosional channels throughout the area. Surface vegetation is sparse, consisting mainly of mesquite, catclaw, creosote, rabbitbrush, and some cacti. Majority of mesquite, catclaw, and creosote appears to be dead. Carlsbad Soil & Water Conservation District affirms that the area has been treated for invasive mesquite and creosote (See Image 1). Small patches of green moss are visible in areas that appear to experience ephemeral drainage.

¹ <u>https://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/water/gw/3/GW3.pdf</u>

 $^{^{2}\} https://nmgs.nmt.edu/publications/guidebooks/downloads/44/44_p0271_p0282.pdf$

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Image 1 – Vegetation along an ephemeral drainage channel in the area of the facility. Caliche pieces can be seen in the foreground of the image.

Figure 1 and 1a is a topographic map of the state of New Mexico and associated legend that displays the following:

- The Eddy State Recycling Facility identified by a blue polygon labeled by a yellow callout box.
- Water wells from the USGS database as dark and light green, red, brown, and dark purple triangles, and green squares with an "X" through (indicating a nearby pumping well). The colors indicate the principle water bearing-unit for each well: Alluvium/Bolsom, Santa Rosa, Fourty-Niner Member of the Rustler Formation, Castle Formation, and Rustler Formation. The well number as defined in the USGS database, recorded depth to water value, and date the value was recorded is displayed next to the corresponding well point.
- Miscellaneous water wells from non-public databases that were identified by field inspection or other published documents are represented by yellow, blue, and green squares with black dots at the center. The colors correspond to the depth to water recorded in the RT Hicks database. The depth to water and date the depth to water value was recorded are also displayed.
- Water wells from the Office of the State Engineer WATERS database as light blue, light green, and dark blue circles with colored triangles that represent the depth to water. Well ID as documented in the OSE WATERS database, depth to water value, and the date the value was recorded.

Figure 2 and Figure 2a is a topographic map overlain by a transparent geologic map of the state of New Mexico and a potentiometric surface map and the associated legend that displays the following:

- The Eddy State Recycling Facility identified by a blue polygon labeled by a yellow callout box.
- Water wells from the USGS database as dark and light green, red, brown, dark purple, and light blue triangles. The colors indicate the principle water bearing-unit for each well: Alluvium/Bolsom, Santa Rosa, Fourty-Niner Member of the Rustler Formation, Castle Formation, Rustler Formation, and Not Defined. The well number as defined in the USGS database, recorded groundwater elevation value, and date the value was recorded is displayed next to the corresponding well point.
- Miscellaneous water wells from non-public databases that were identified by field inspection or other published documents are represented by yellow, blue, and green squares with black dots at the center. The colors correspond to the depth to water recorded in the RT Hicks database. The groundwater elevation and date the ground water elevation value was recorded are also displayed near the representative point on the map.
- Isocontours of a potentiometric surface from the RT Hicks database. USGS and Miscellaneous wells and their groundwater elevation values were used to create the potentiometric surface.

We queried the OSE database for nearby driller's logs of water wells to gain information regarding the depth to the uppermost water-bearing unit and the characteristics of the aquifer. We found the following information (see also Appendix A):

- Well C-3483 is about 3.75 miles east of the proposed containment and the well log indicates:
 - Dry sand, brown clay and sandstone appears to overlie the water-bearing unit from surface to 200 feet.
 - First encountered water is 200 feet below land surface in "hard sandstone fractures" that is underlain by gray shale
 - Below the gray shale that did not produce water is gray clay layers, gravel layers and hard sandstone with fractures, most of which produce water
- Well C-3782 was drilled in 2015, lies about 4 miles to the northeast and has a detailed well log. This well shows
 - The same dry, clayey brown sand as described above to a depth of 260 feet
 - Water is observed in brown, fine sand and silty sand from 260 feet to 380 feet
 - Saturated gray fine sandy clay or clayey sand exist from 380 feet
 - At 760 feet the lithology is dominantly clay and red.
- Well C-3507 is 3 miles east of the containment and west of the Pecos River. We did not employ this well in our evaluation

The data are too sparse to allow a confident conclusion, but these data and other data from nearby wells suggest that the Rustler is the aquifer beneath the containment and probably does not produce sufficient water for stock in this area. East of the containment it is possible

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that the uppermost water bearing unit is the Gatuña Formation. Perhaps the Quartermaster is the gray silty sand/sandy clay unit observed from 320 feet 760 feet. The groundwater in this area does not appear to be under significant confining pressure based upon these available data.

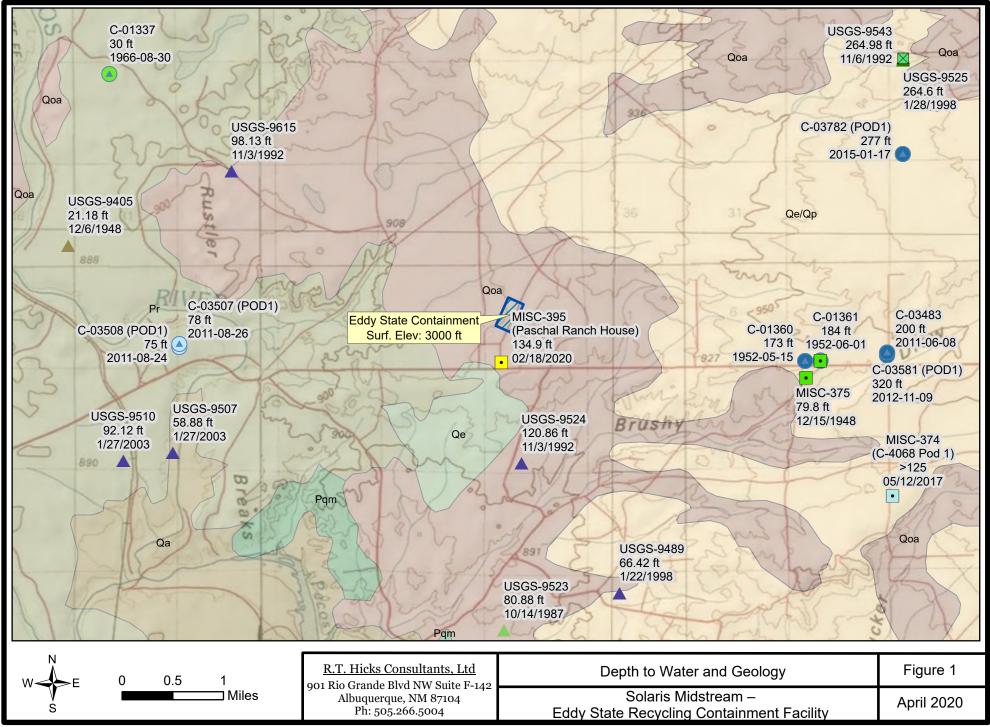
Depth to Groundwater

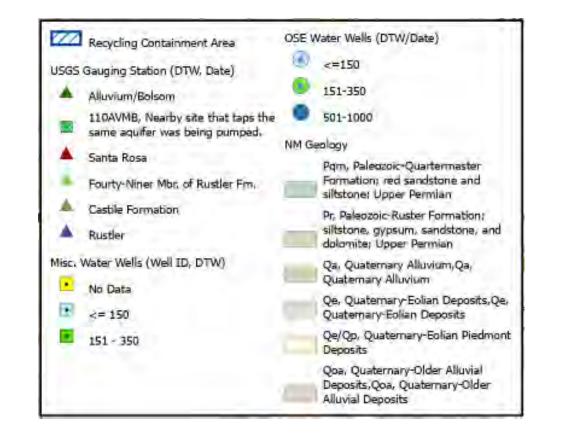
We employed Google Earth and USGS topographic maps to identify locations of any nearby wells.

- We found no evidence of USGS-9524 in historic air photos or topographic maps
- We measured a depth to water of 134.9 feet in well just east of the ranch house to the south of the proposed containment. The grazing lessee indicated was recently drilled but did not produce sufficient water for stock and was not pumped as a result.
- We believe this well is USGS-9524 is mis-located in the USGS database and the correct location is an abandoned windmill at the ranch house.
- Figure 2 shows that the potentiometric surface beneath the containment is about 2880

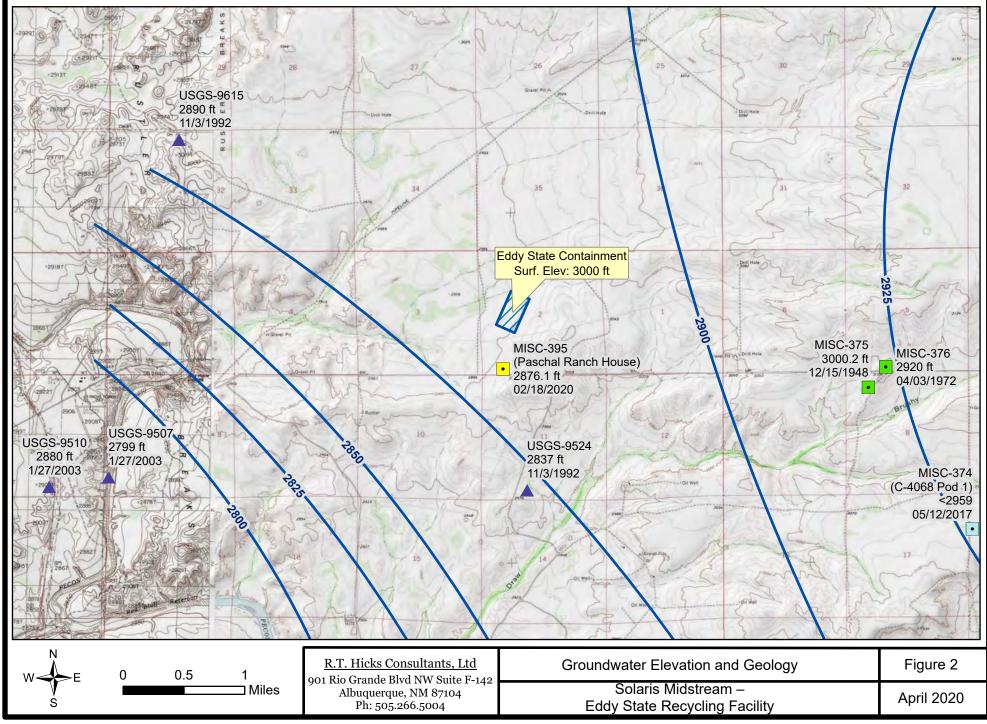
The surveyed elevation of the Eddy State Containment is 3000 feet ASL. Thus, the estimated depth to water is (3000-2880) = 120 feet

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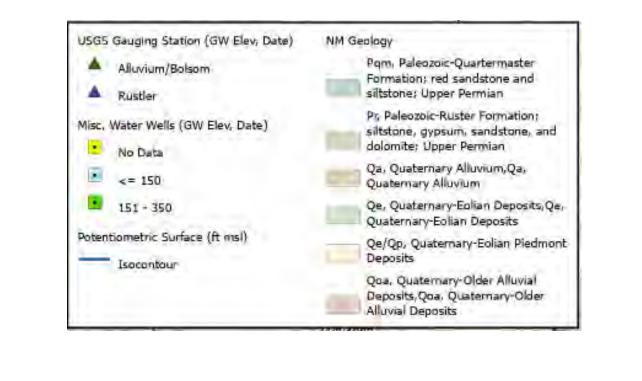




<u>R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd</u>	Depth to Water and Geology	Figure 1a
901 Rio Grande Blvd NW Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104 Ph: 505.266.5004	Solaris Midstream – Eddy State Recycling Containment Facility	April 2020



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R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd	Groundwater Elevation and Geology	Figure 2a
901 Rio Grande Blvd NW Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104 Ph: 505.266.5004	Solaris Midstream – Eddy State Recycling Containment Facility	April 2020

Distance to Municipal Boundaries and Freshwater Fields

Figure 3 demonstrates that the area of interest is not within incorporated municipal boundaries or within defined municipal freshwater well fields covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended

- The closest municipality is Malaga, NM, which is about 12 miles to the north west.
- The closest mapped well field is near Carlsbad, NM, which is approximately 21.5 miles to the northwest.

Distance to Subsurface Mines

Figure 4 and our general reconnaissance of the area demonstrate the proximity of subsurface mines.

- The nearest mapped surface mine is a gravel pit and lies approximately 1.8 miles directly to the west.
- An unmapped, restored caliche pit is about 1.25 miles west-northwest of the proposed containment and is visible in Figure 8
- There are no subsurface mines in the area.

Distance to High or Critical Karst Areas

Figure 5 illustrates the Eddy State Recycling Facility's proximity to areas of high or critical karst potential.

- The proposed location for the recycling facility is wholly contained within an area considered medium karst potential by the Bureau of Land Management.
- Our field investigation identified caliche at the surface near the containment and this caliche layer is about 10 feet thick, based upon observations at the restored caliche pit mentioned above
- The well log for the adjacent Eddy State SWD shows the top of anhydrite at 1732 feet and the surface casing to protect fresh water set at 575 feet

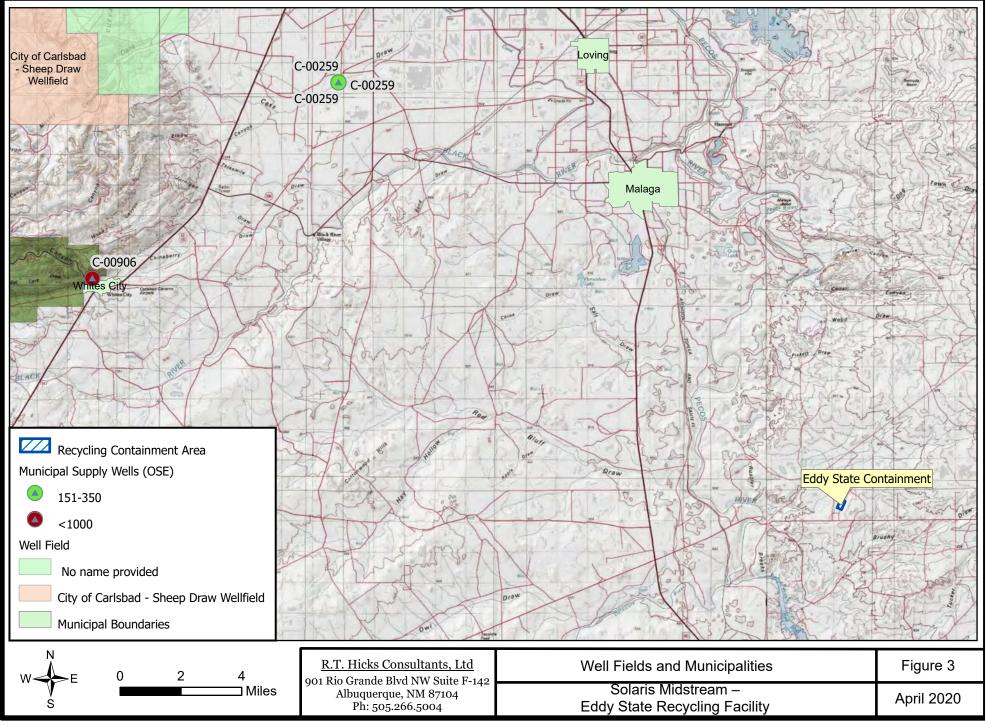
We conclude that the soluble rock units of the Rustler that cause ground instability (e.g. anhydrite) or caverns are sufficiently deep that a classification of low karst potential may be warranted.

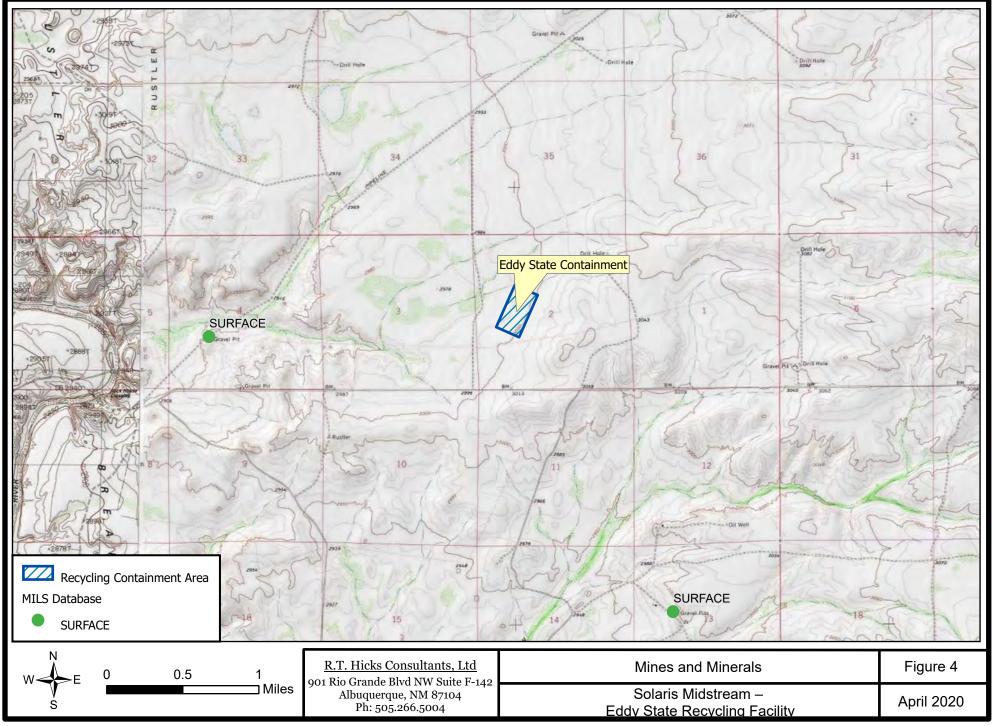
Distance to 100-Year Floodplain

Figure 6 and 6a demonstrate the proximity of 100-year flood plains with respect to the proposed location for the Eddy State Recycling Facility.

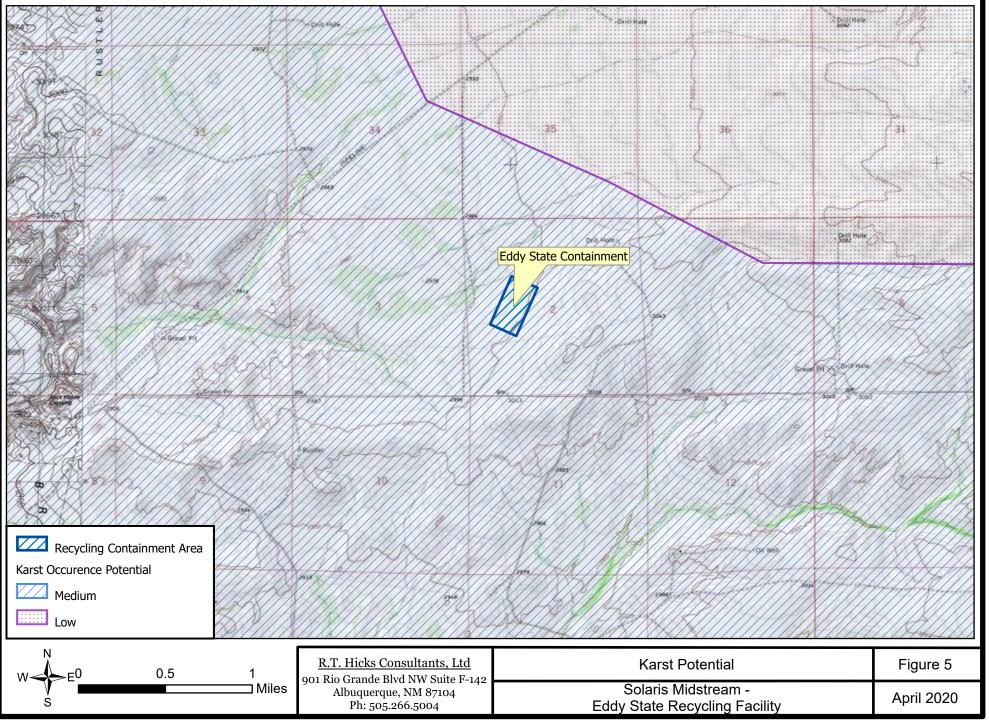
• The proposed location lies east of a 100-year flood plain the proposed location is not within a 100-year floodplain

$\underline{M:}Solaris \\ Eddy \\ State \\ arc \\ GI \\ Spro \\ Eddy \\ State \\ aprx \\ aprx \\ Barro \\$

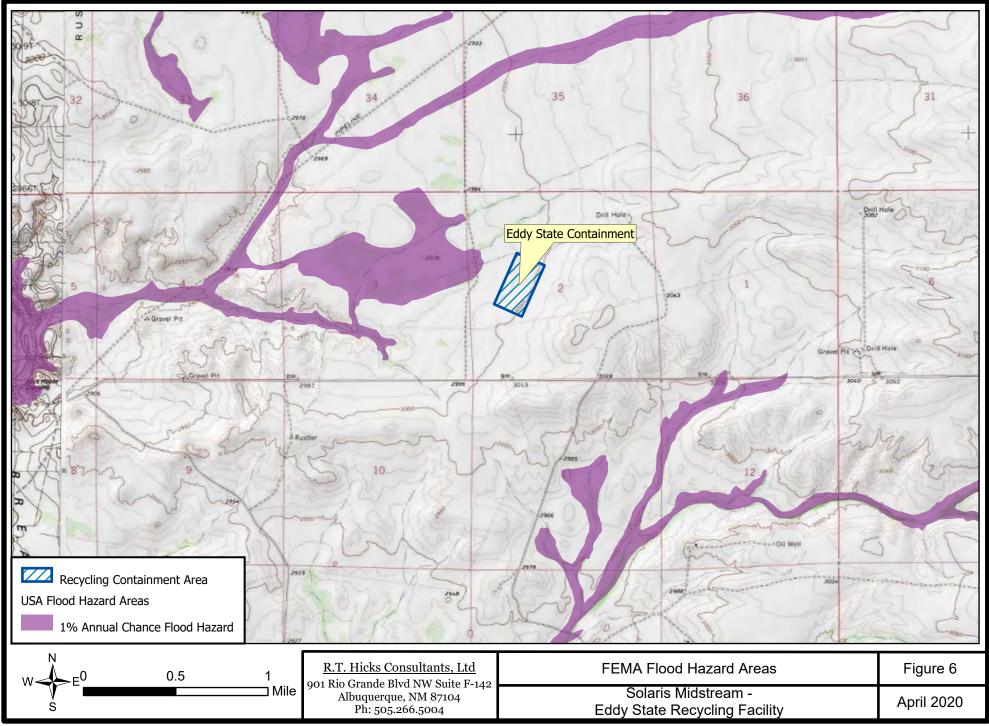




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Siting Criteria (19.15.34.11 NMAC)

Solaris Water Midstream- Eddy State Recycling Facility and Containment

Distance to Surface Water

Figure 7and 7a and the site visit demonstrate the proximity of the area of interest to a continuously flowing watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark) or spring.

- The proposed location for the Eddy State Recycling Facility is about 260 feet from the nearest mapped intermittent streams
- As shown in the site photographs (Appendix X), numerous small drainages *without* a defined bed or bank flow into the mapped watercourse from within the footprint of the proposed containment.
- Many of the natural drainages shown in Google Earth images prior to August 8,2008 have been disturbed by
 - A pipeline installed prior to 5/8/2009
 - Additional pipeline(s) installed prior to 11/5/2015
 - The lease road installed prior to the 4/22/2017 spud of the Eddy State SWD

All of these small channels that originate on a small alluvial fan at the foot of the small calichetopped hill to the east of the proposed containment become effectively "lost" as the slope decreases to the west and some small depressions with vegetation effectively capture the overland flow. Thus, there are no drainages with a defined bed and bank that connect to the mapped watercourse.

Regardless of the fact that these small drainages that exist within the footprint of the containments are not "significant watercourses " as defined by the Rule, the stamped plans of the NM Registered Engineer will provide for a diversion of overland flow via engineered swales and erosion of the levee around the containments is effectively mitigated.

Distance to Permanent Residences or Structures

Figure 8 demonstrates the proximity of the proposed site for the Eddy State Recycling Facility to an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, church or other structure at the time of the initial application.

• The only structures near the proposed site are well pads and tank batteries.

Distance to Non-Public Water Supply

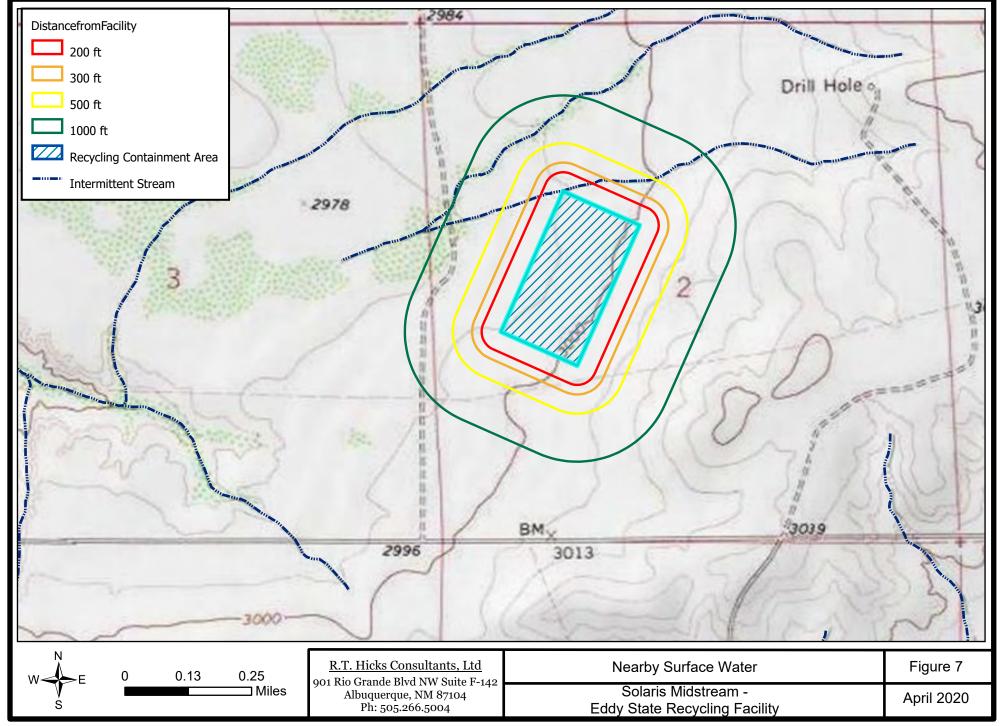
Figures 1, 7, and 7a demonstrate the area of interest's proximity to a spring or freshwater well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.

- Figure 1 shows the location of all area water wells. The nearest well is located just over 1700 feet to the south of the proposed site (MISC-395).
 - During the site visit, we encountered the lease owners and spoke with them about the well.
- No springs were identified in the area.

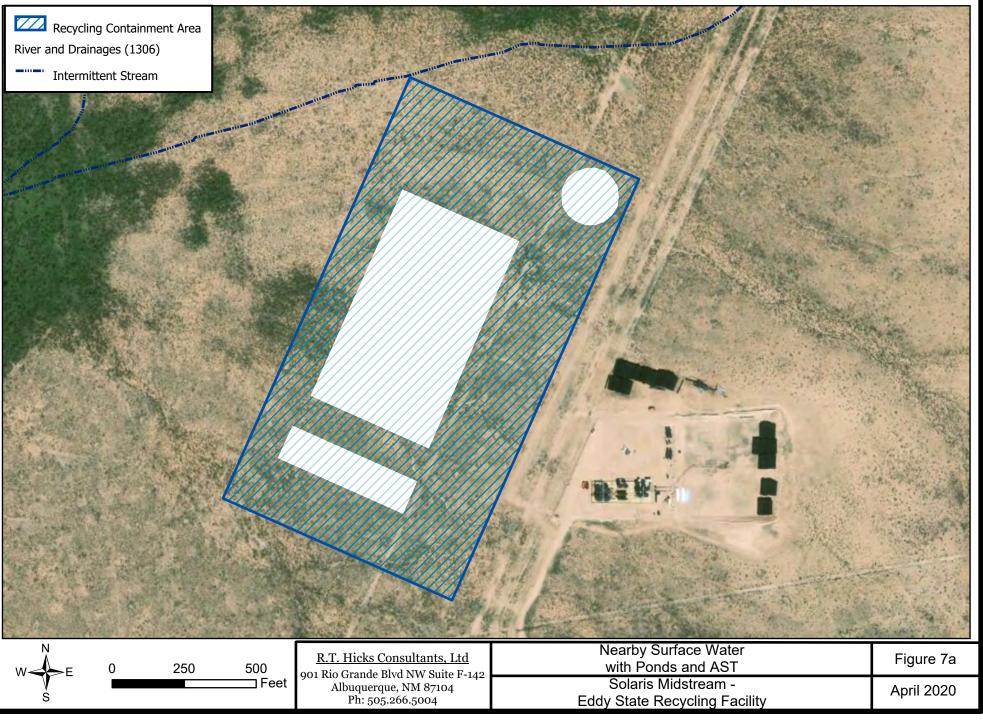
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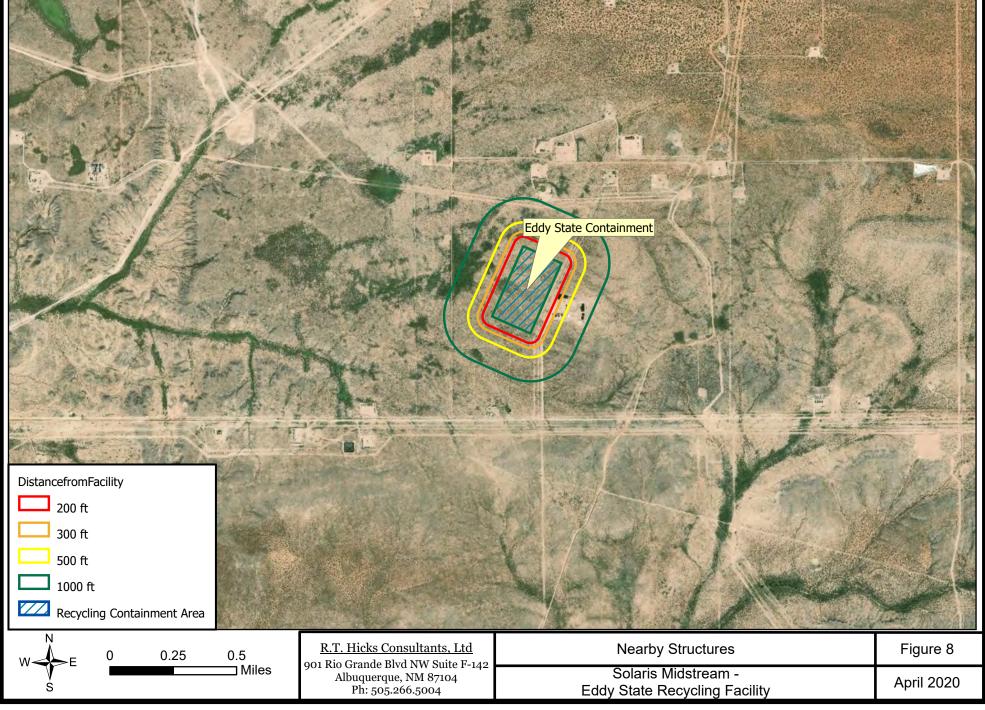
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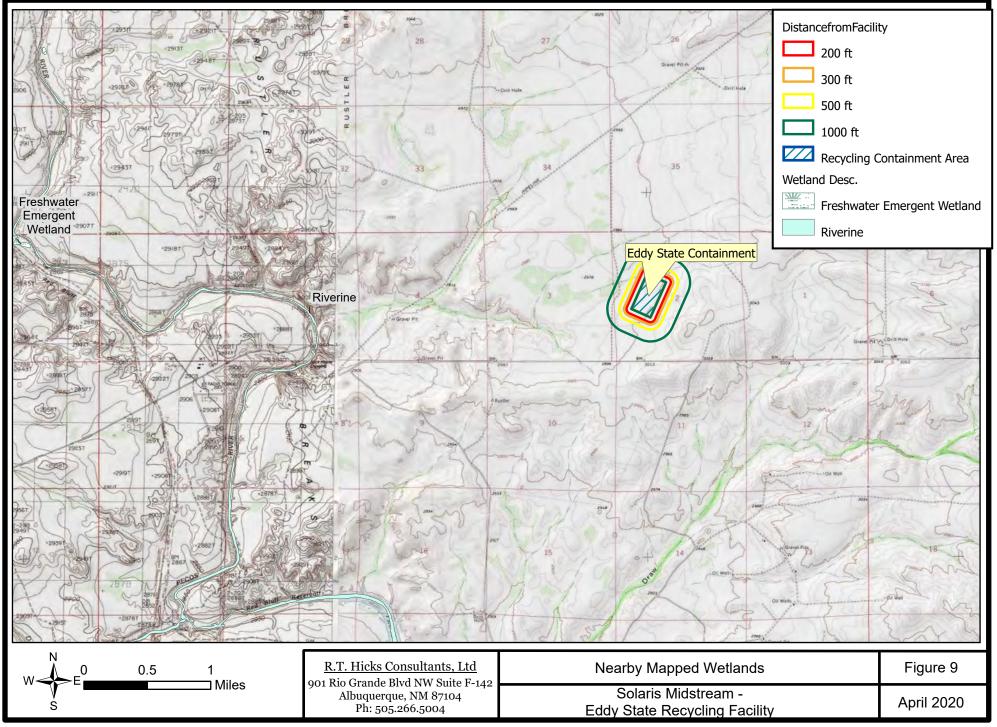


Distance to Wetlands

Figure 9 demonstrates the proximity of wetlands to the proposed site of the Eddy State Recycling Facility.

• The nearest mapped wetland is a riverine wetland that is approximately 2 miles due west from the proposed location of the recycling facility.

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APPENDIX OSE WELL LOGS

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WELL RECORD & LOG

OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

www.ose.state.nm.us

		ER (WELL N						OSE FILE NU			
NOL			- POD <u>1</u>					<u> </u>			
OCA:	Left	NER NAME(S) 2/11/14	Rockha	15. PARK	Erel	:. 8R	LM.	PHONE (OPTI	UNAL)		
GENERAL AND WELL LOCATION	WELL OWN	VER MAILING	ADDRESS	isa iZAnan ecc Can	CALS	bal	STATE MM	8825C)			
N QN	WELL			DEGREES	MINUTES	SECO					
VL A	LOCATIO		TTUDE	32	Ø3	565	Q N		REQUIRED: ONE TEN	TH OF A SECOND	
VER	(FROM G	iPS) LOi	NGITUDE	103	5 3	42.2	Ø	• DATUM REG	QUIRED: WGS 84		
U E				IN TO STREET ADDRES				5 miles	cast of 1	Epng hei	1 (-1361 -
-	Wei	1 Loc	ated on	North Side	OF Pil	Peline	KOAD	, Just	east of	01/945	Pad
	(2.5 ACR	UE)	(10 ACRE)	(40 ACRE)	(160 A	CRE)	SECTION		TOWNSHIP	RA	NGE
AL	NE		SE VA	SE 1/1	SE	14	0		265	Унолти Э	
OPTIONAL	SUBDIVISIO	ON NAME					LOT NUM	IBER	BLOCK NUMBER	NU	IIT/TRACT
2. OP	HYDROGR	APHIC SURV	EY	<u> </u>					MAP NUMBER	TR.	ACT NUMBER
	LICENSE N	UMBER	NAME OF LICE	SED DRILLER	1	}	 L	>	NAME OF WELL D	RILLING COMPAN	Y
	WD-L	509	DRILLING ENDI	COVBA	4KI	<u>CHA</u> L	200	AUREGA	ed BM		G
ļ	06-0		06-08-1			l (FT)	70			RST ENCOUNTERE	5D (FT)
LION		<u></u>	06-08-1	//0	0		10	0	STATIC WATER LE		ED WELL (FI)
INFORMATION	COMPLETE	ED WELL IS:	ARTESIAN	DRY HOLE	SHAL	LOW (UNCO	ONFINED)		20		_
VFOI	DRILLING	FLUID:	AIR	MUD		TIVES - SPE	CIFY:				
לט וו	DRILLING	METHOD:	ROTARY		САВІ	E TOOL	OTHE	R - SPECIFY:	TOPH	EPD D	RIVE
DRILLING	DEPT	H (FT)	BORE HOLI	1	CASING			NECTION	INSIDE DIA.	CASING WA	,
DRI	FROM	TO			ATERIAL			(CASING)	CASING (IN)		
, m	$ \mathcal{Q} $	700	1d			<u>40)</u>	GL	UED	8	12	3000
								· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
							<u> </u>				
	DEPT	H (FT)	THICKNESS	5 F0					ATER-BEARING		YIELD
ATA	FROM	TO	(FT)		<u> </u>				R FRACTURE ZON	······	(GPM)
STR	200	330	55	-SA	- 0	<u>STO</u> NO	NE	WITI	- PRAC	TURE	535
EING	320	360	40	+ 5			ATIO	NF	RACTU	RES	30
EAR	FROM TO (FT) (INCLUDE WATER-BEARING CAVITIES OR FRACTURE ZONES) (GPM) 200 255 55 SAND STONE WITH FRACTURES 35 285 320 45 45 45 45 35 720 360 40 SAME FORMATION FRACTURES 30 510 650 140 MIX GRAVEL GREEN CLAY - NOT MUCH WATER IN THIS FORMATION TOTAL ESTIMATE VIELD OF WATER-BEARING STATE 111 TOTAL ESTIMATED WELL VIELD (GPM)							CH			
ER B				WAT		300 10	115	FORM	ATION		
VAT	METHOD	JSED TO EST	MATE YIELD OF V	VATER-BEAR OF STRA	ल्हा मा	uu u			TOTAL ESTIMATE	O WELL YIELD (GF	507-
4		SALL	ER_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>SWELL</u>	<u>08</u>		<u> </u>	C	
	FOB 080	Z		FFICE	THEES C	DNE ENG	4 <u>1</u> 2		WELL RECO	RD & LOG (Ver	rsion 6/9/08)
	r				PO	D NUMBE	R-Q34	1 <u>83-</u> POD			
	FILE NUMBER C-3483 POD NUMBER POD 1 TRN NUMBER H 76565 LOCATION 26.30.5.4442423 PAGE 1 OF 2										

	TYPE O	7 PUMP-		SIBLE	🗌 JET	🔲 NO PUMP – WELL NOT EQ	UIPPED			
UMP				E	CYLINDER	OTHER – SPECIFY:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
SEAL AND PUMP			DEPTH	I (FT) TO	BORE HOLE DIA. (IN)	MATERIAL TYPE AND SIZ	E AMOU (CUBIC		METHO	
ALA	ANNI SEAL			700	12"	3/8 ROUND GRA			SHOW	EL
5. SE.	GRAVE	LPACK		100					5101	~ _
4)										
	DEPT	H (FT)	THICK	NESS		COLOR AND TYPE OF MATERIAL E	INCOUNTERED		WAT	ER
	FROM	то	(Fi		(INCLU	IDE WATER-BEARING CAVITIES O	R FRACTURE ZONES)		BEAR	
	0	180	180		SANO	+ BROWN CI	EAV		VES	D NO
	180	200	20		SAUL	STONE LAYE	ER'		□ YES	⊡ ⊀0
	200	255	55	/	HARD	SAND STONE	FRACTURE	5	VES YES	
	255	265	10	/	GRAY	CLAY SHALE			□ YES	
	265	275	10	-	SANA	GRAYEL		_	YES	
WEL	275	285	10	,	GRA	CLAY WITH	TRAYEL		□ YES	OND
OF	pas	380	35	5	HARD	SAND STONE	FRACTUR	LES	🗹 YES	
LOG	320	360	40		SA	NEFORMATION			VES YES	0א 🛛
L L	760	445		1	BRO	WN CLAY SHA	VF		YES	G NO
GEOLOGIC	445	510	65			ME FORMATIO	<u>کل</u>		🗆 yes	12 NO
EOI	510	650	- 4		GRAN	E MIXED WITH		PEEN	T YES	
5	650	700	i di la construcción de la const	<u>o</u>				1	D YES	
	200	100			PERF	5 180 10260			U YES	
					1651	280 TO 36			VES	
						5 00 TO 680			C YES	
							/		U YES	
								!	YES	
			ATTACH		AL PAGES AS NE	EDED TO FULLY DESCRIBE THE G	EOLOGIC LOG OF THE	WELL		
			<u> </u>							
INFO	WELL	, TEST	METHOD:	BAILE						
T IN		. 1201	AND A TAI	BLE SHOWN	NG DISCHARGE /	ATA COLLECTED DURING WELL 1	ING PERIOD.	STAKT III	ME, END TI	WIL,
ANO.	ADDITIO	AL STATEN	IENTS OR EXPL	ANATIONS:	<u> </u>				· · · ·	
7. TEST & ADDITIONAL					- 1	C Davis	0 1 -1-			
4DD						- Pipeline Road.	Q.S Miles	eas	t of	
જુ	Ē	Doc	. Mary	Luca I	C	11 (-1361.				
LES'	1 -	1 145	o jval	ural	Gas We	[] (-1561.				
1.1								_		
		DERSIGN	FD HEREBY	CERTIFIES	THAT, TO THE BE	ST OF HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE A	ND BELIEF, THE FORD	GOING IS	S A TRUE A	ND
RE	CORRE	T RECOR	D OF THE AI	BOVE DESC	RIBED HOLE ANI	O THAT HE OR SHE WILL FILE THIS ON OF WELL DRILLING:	S WELL RECORD WITH	THE STA	TE ENGINE	ER AND
ATL	THE PE		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	I 20 DAYSA	FTER COMPLETE	UN OF WELL DRILLING.				
SIGNATURE		h VI	3	Į –		7-141	/			
8° S	A	ng c	SIGNATU	E OF DRIL	ERING 1102 1	DATE				
<u> </u>	<u> </u>		80-	<u></u>		1				
			0.01	vala it it	STATE-ENGIN	, ,				
	FOR OS	E INTERN	וריח אר SELUSE	Î Î Î Î Î Î Î Î Î Î	NDN3-3TAT2		WELL RECORD) & LOG (Version 6/9/0	8)
	FILE NU	IMBER	C-34	83		POD NUMBER (-23483 - P.	101 TRN NUMBER	476	565	
	LOCAT	ION 26	30.54		23				PAGE 2 OF	2

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WELL RECORD & LOG OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

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STATE ENGINEER OFFICE ROSWELL, MELTERXICO

NO	POD NUME			imber) 7- <i>P00_</i> 1						OSE FILE NUM C 03507	ABER(ST ZUII SE	P 12 1 F	2 : 3:	5
GENERAL AND WELL LOCATION	WELL OWI	NER NAM	1E(S)							PHONE (OPTIONAL)				
ЧГ Г	WELL OW	WELL OWNER MAILING ADDRESS										STATE		ZIP
WEI	P.O. BC	DX 515	510							MIDLAND)	тх	79	9710
	WELL				DEGRE	ES	MINUTES	SECO	NDS					
ALA	LOCATI		LAT	ITUDE		32	4	2	2. 04 N		REQUIRED: ONE TEN	TH OF A SEC	COND	
NER	(FROM G	iPS)	LON	GITUDE	1	04	0	50).52 W	* DATUM REC	UIRED: WGS 84			
1. GEI	DESCRIPTION RELATING WELL LOCATION TO STREET ADDRESS AND COMMON LANDMARKS													
	(2.5 ACF	Æ)	i	(10 ACRE)	(40 A	CRE)	(160 ACRE))	SECTION		TOWNSHIP		RANGE	EAST
٦۲	NW	4	N	W 1/4	SW	1/4	SW 1/4		5		26		29	
OPTIONAL	SUBDIVISI	ON NAM	E						LOT NUM	BER	BLOCK NUMBER		UNIT/TRA	СТ
2.0	HYDROGR	APHIC SU	URVE	Y					l		MAP NUMBER		TRACT NU	JMBER
	LICENSE N	UMBER		NAME OF LICE	ENSED DRI	LER.					NAME OF WELL D	RILLING CON	IPANY	
ļ	WD 1058 CLINTON KEY									KEYS DRILLING AND PUMP SVC.			SVC.	
	DRILLING STARTED DRILLING ENDED 8/26/11 8/26/11			DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (F7) BO			.e depth (FT) 140	DEPTH WATER FI	rst encoun 78	TERED (FT)				
NOI NOI	0/20/11 0/20/11				140			STATIC WATER LEVEL IN COMPLETED WELL (FT)			1.050			
DRILLING INFORMATION	COMPLETI	ED WELL	. IS :	ARTESIAN		DRY HOLE SHALLOW (UNCONFINED)			78					
NFO	DRILLING	FLUID:		🖌 AIR		MUD		S – SPE	CIFY:		·			
0	DRILLING	METHOD	D:	ROTARY		HAMMER		01,	OTHE	R - SPECIFY:				
	DEPT	H (FT)		BORE HOL			CASING			IECTION	INSIDE DIA.		WALL	SLOT
NG.	FROM -2	TO 20		DIA. (IN)	<u>+</u>	M	PVC		ITE	(CASING)	CASING (IN)		iess (IN) /4	SIZE (IN)
~ _	-2	72		8 3/4		_	PVC		Sf		6"		/4 H40	BLANK
	75	112		8 3/4			PVC			LINE	6"		H40	.030
ľ	112	140)	8 3/4			PVC		SF	LINE	6"	SC	H40	BLANK
×	DEPT	H (FT) TO		THICKNES (FT)	s	F					ATER-BEARING S R FRACTURE ZON			YIELD (GPM)
RAT	78	79		1			(Y SHALE				15
ST	105	106		1						OMERATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			20
BEARING STRATA														
BEA				·····							·			
ATER I				<u> </u>		<u> </u>								
WAT		ISED TO	ESTO	MATE YIELD OF	WATER-BE	ARING STR	ATA				TOTAL ESTIMATE		D (GPM)	
4. W	AIR											35		
				· · ·						-		·-···		J

FOR OSE INTERNAL USE	WELL RECORD & LO	G (Version 6/9/08)
FILE NUMBER C-3507	POD NUMBER (-03507- POD 4 TRN NUMBER 48	2722
LOCATION 26.29.5. 331144		PAGE I OF 2

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JMP	TYPE O	F PUMP:	SUBMER		JET CYLINDER	☑ NO PUMP – WELL NOT EQUIPPED ☐ OTHER – SPECIFY:			
SEAL AND PUMP	ANNULAR		DEPTH (FT) FROM TO		EROM TO DIA. (IN) MATERIAL TYPE AND SIZE (C		AMOUNT (CUBIC FT)	METH	
EAL	SEAL	AND .	0 ·	,20	12-1/4"	CEMENT		НА	ND
5. S		LINCK							
	DEPTI		ТНІСК	NESS		COLOR AND TYPE OF MATERIAL ENCOUNT		WA	
	FROM	то	(F		1	DE WATER-BEARING CAVITIES OR FRACT		BEAR	
	0	5	Ę	5		TOP SOIL		🗆 YES	☑ NO
	5	10	5	5		RED SAND		S YES	Ø NO
	10	25	1:			CALICHE		🗆 YES	Ø NO
	25	50	2			RED CLAY		VES	NO 🖸
ILL	50	106	5			GRAY SHALE	•	🖸 YES	
6. GEOLOGIC LOG OF WELL	106	110	4			GRAY CLAY		☐ YES	Ø NO
10 0	110	140	2:	5		RED CLAY	. .	☐ YES	
ΓŌ						······		VES	
000								T YES	
010					·				
GE									
Ŷ									
]			□ YES	
								YES	
								YES	
								VES	
			· · · ·			EDED TO FULLY DESCRIBE THE GEOLOGIC	LOG OF THE WELL		
INFO	WELL	TEST	METHOD: TEST RESU	BAILE		AIR LIFT OTHER - SPECIFY:	INCLUDING START TI	ME, END TI	ME,
TEST & ADDITIONAL IN			AND A TAE	BLE SHOWI	NG DISCHARGE A	ND DRAWDOWN OVER THE TESTING PERI	OD.		
lio	ADDITION	IAL STATEN	IENTS OR EXPL	ANATIONS:					
LIQO									
& A									
EST									
7. T									
	7115 1 0.0			0120/01/20120 /					
JRE	CORREC	T RECOR	D OF THE AB	OVE DESCI	RIBED HOLE AND	ST OF HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE AND BELIN THAT HE OR SHE WILL FILE THIS WELL R			
LLV:	THE PER	MIT HOL	DER WITHIN	20 DAYS A	FTER COMPLETIC	ON OF WELL DRILLING:			
SIGNATURE		C	r			9-12-11			
si.			SIGNATUR	RE OF DRILI	LER	DATE			

FOR OSE INTERNAL USE	WELL RECORD & LOG	(Version 6/9/08)
FILE NUMBER C-3507	POD NUMBER (-03507. POD TRN NUMBER 4	82722
LOCATION 26.29.5. 331144	-	PAGE 2 OF 2

Locator Tool Report

General Information:

Application ID:29 Date: 10-19-2011 Time: 13:47:26

WR File Number: C-03507-POD1 Purpose: POINT OF DIVERSION

Applicant First Name: BRAD BENNETT Applicant Last Name: STOCK WELL #2 (WELL LOG COORDINATES)

> GW Basin: CARLSBAD County: EDDY

Critical Management Area Name(s): NONE Special Condition Area Name(s): NONE Land Grant Name: NON GRANT

PLSS Description (New Mexico Principal Meridian):

NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Section 05, Township 26S, Range 29E.

Coordinate System Details:

Geographic Coordinates:

Latitude: 32 Degrees 4 Minutes 2.0 Seconds N Longitude: 104 Degrees 0 Minutes 50.5 Seconds W

Universal Transverse Mercator Zone: 13N

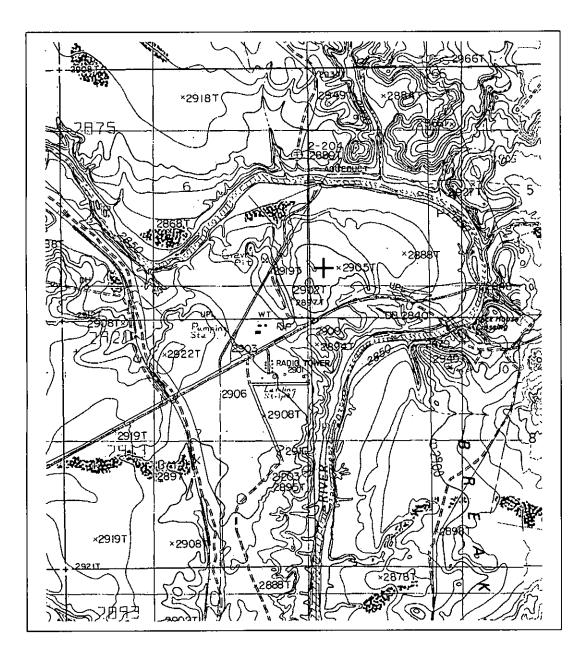
NAD 1983(92) (Meters)	N: 3,548,313	E: 593,064
NAD 1983(92) (Survey Feet)	N: 11,641,424	E: 1,945,744
NAD 1927 (Meters)	N: 3,548,112	E: 593,112
NAD 1927 (Survey Feet)	N: 11,640,764	E: 1,945,901

State Plane Coordinate System Zone: New Mexico East

NAD 1983(92) (Meters)	N: 118,367	E: 195,147
NAD 1983(92) (Survey Feet)	N: 388,343	E: 640,245
NAD 1927 (Meters)	N: 118,350	E: 182,594
NAD 1927 (Survey Feet)	N: 388,286	E: 599,059

NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF STATE ENGINEER

Locator Tool Report





 WR File Number: C-03507-POD1 Scale: 1:24,574

 Northing/Easting: UTM83(92) (Meter): N: 3,548,313
 E: 593,064

 Northing/Easting: SPCS83(92) (Feet): N: 388,343
 E: 640,245

 GW Basin: Carlsbad
 E: 640,245

Page 2 of 2

Print Date: 10/19/2011



WELL RECORD & LOG OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

www.ose.state.nm.us

	1912				STATE ENGINEER OFFICE								
			L NUMBER)		OSE FILE NUMBER(S)								
ĸ	1: C-03508-POD1							C 03508 2011 SEP 12 P 2: 35					
Ē	WELL OWN					PHONE (OPTIONAL)							
ğ	M. BRA	D BEN	NETT										
			ING ADDRESS				CITY STATE			ZIP			
WE	P.O. BC)X 515 [.]	10		MIDLAND TX 79710			1/10					
	WELL			DEGREES	MINUTES	SECONDS							
AL A	LOCATI	ом	LATITUDE	32	4	3.60 N					1		
GENERAL AND WELL LOCATION	(FROM G	GPS)	LONGITUDE	104	0	50.52 ^w							
GE	DESCRIPTION RELATING WELL LOCATION TO STREET ADDRESS AND COMMON LANDMARKS												
I	(2.5 ACE	RE)	(10 ACRE)	(40 ACRE)	(160 ACRE)	SECTION	1	TOWNSHIP		RANGE	E		
<u> </u>	NW,	4	NW 1/4	SW 1/2	SW 1/4	5	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	нокта Строни П	29			
ANO	SUBDIVISI			0		LOT NU	MBER	BLOCK NUMBER		UNIT/TRA			
OPTIONAL													
5.0	HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY							MAP NUMBER		TRACT NU	JMBER		
	LICENSE NUMBER NAME OF LICENSED DRILLER							NAME OF WELL DRILLING COMPANY					
	WD 1058 CLINTON KEY							KEYS DRILLING AND PUMP SVC.					
	DRILLING STARTED			ED DEPTH OF COM	DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (FT) BORE 140		DLE DEPTH (FT)	LE DEPTH (FT) DEPTH WATER FIRST ENCOUNTERED (FT) 140 75					
NO	8/24/11		8/24/11		140		140	STATIC WATER LEVEL IN COMPLETED WELL (FT)					
DRILLING INFORMATION	COMPLETED WELL IS:			DRY HOLE	DRY HOLE SHALLOW (UNCONFINED)			75					
FOR	DRILLING FLUID: AIR MUD ADDITIVES - SPECIFY:												
N D	DRILLING METHOD: ROTARY HAMMER CABLE TOOL OTHER - SPECIFY:												
Ē	DEPTH (FT)		BORE HOL	E	CASING	CON	INECTION	INSIDE DIA.	CASIN	G WALL	SLOT		
RIL	FROM	то	DIA. (IN)		ATERIAL	1 .	(CASING)	CASING (IN)		IESS (IN)	SIZE (IN)		
П. Э	-2	20	12 1/4		PVC			10"		1/4			
	-2	65	8 3/4		PVC	9	PLINE	6"		:H40	BLANK		
	65	105	8 3/4		PVC			6"		H40	.030		
	105	140	8 3/4		PVC	S	PLINE	6*	SC	H40	BLANK		
	DEPTH (FT) THICKNESS FORMATION DESCRIPTION OF I										YIELD (GPM)		
ATA	FROM TO		(FT)				IG CAVITIES OR FRACTURE ZONES)						
STR	75	76	1			GR	RAY SHALE			40			
D N													
ARI						·	<u> </u>						
WATER BEARING STRATA													
TEF	METHOD			WATER-BEARING STR	ата			TOTAL ESTIMATED	WELL YIEL	.D (GPM)			
WA	AIR		A DARK I, HELD UP	WATER DEARING STR					40	(0.10)	i		
4										·····			

FOR OSE INTERNAL USE		WELL RECORD & LOG	(Version 6/9/08)
FILE NUMBER C-3508	POD NUMBER (-03508-POD1	TRN NUMBER 482	723
LOCATION 26.29.5.33/123		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PAGE 1 OF 2

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UMP	TYPE OF PUMP:		SUBMERSIBLE		I JET I NO PUMP - WELL NOT EQUIPPED I CYLINDER OTHER - SPECIFY:				
SEAL AND PUMP	ANNULAR SEAL AND GRAVEL PACK -		DEPTH (FT) FROM TO		· BORE HOLE DIA. (IN)	MATERIAL TYPE AND SIZE	AMOUNT (CUBIC FT)	METHO PLACE	
5. SEAL			0	20	12-1/4"	12-1/4" CEMENT		HAND	
	DEPTH (FT) FROM TO		THICKNESS (FT)		COLOR AND TYPE OF MATERIAL ENCOUNTERED (INCLUDE WATER-BEARING CAVITIES OR FRACTURE ZONES)		WATER BEARING?		
	FROM	5				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	0 <u>5</u> 5 10		5		ł	TOP SOIL RED SAND			
			5		<u> </u>	CALICHE			
	10 20		10			RED CLAY			
	20 45		25					V YES	
113	45 95	45 95 50 95 115 20			GRAY SHALECONGLOMERATE				
GEOLOGIC LOG OF WELL	115	140	2	·		RED CLAY			
0.00		140				RED CLAT			
CLC									
OGI									
EOL									
6. GI									
			<u> </u>						
	_			,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Ì									
		L	ATTACH		1 IAL PAGES AS NEE	EDED TO FULLY DESCRIBE THE GEOLOGIC	LOG OF THE WELL		
	ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES AS NEEDED TO FULLY DESCRIBE THE GEOLOGIC LOG OF THE WELL								
(FO	WELL	TEST	METHOD:	BAILE		AIR LIFT OTHER - SPECIFY:			
UL IN	WELL TEST TEST RESULTS - ATTACH A COPY OF DATA COLLECTED DURING WELL TESTING, INCLUDING START TIME AND A TABLE SHOWING DISCHARGE AND DRAWDOWN OVER THE TESTING PERIOD.								ме,
7. TEST & ADDITIONAL IN	ADDITION	IAL STATEN	MENTS OR EXPL	ANATIONS:					
8. SIGNATURE									
			SIGNATUR			DATE			

FOR OSE INTERNAL USE		WELL RECORD & LOG	(Version 6/9/08)
FILE NUMBER (-3508	POD NUMBER (- 03508- POD1	TRN NUMBER 482	.723
LOCATION 26.29.5.33/123			PAGE 2 OF 2

Received by OCD: 3/1/2021 2:41:19 PM

Locator Tool Report

General Information:

Application ID:29 Date: 10-19-2011 Time: 13:51:29

WR File Number: C-03508-POD1 Purpose: POINT OF DIVERSION

Applicant First Name: BRAD BENNETT Applicant Last Name: STOCK WELL #1 (WELL LOG COORDINATES)

> GW Basin: CARLSBAD County: EDDY

Critical Management Area Name(s): NONE Special Condition Area Name(s): NONE Land Grant Name: NON GRANT

PLSS Description (New Mexico Principal Meridian):

NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Section 05, Township 26S, Range 29E.

Coordinate System Details:

Geographic Coordinates:

Latitude: 32 Degrees 4 Minutes 3.6 Seconds N Longitude: 104 Degrees 0 Minutes 50.5 Seconds W

Universal Transverse Mercator Zone: 13N

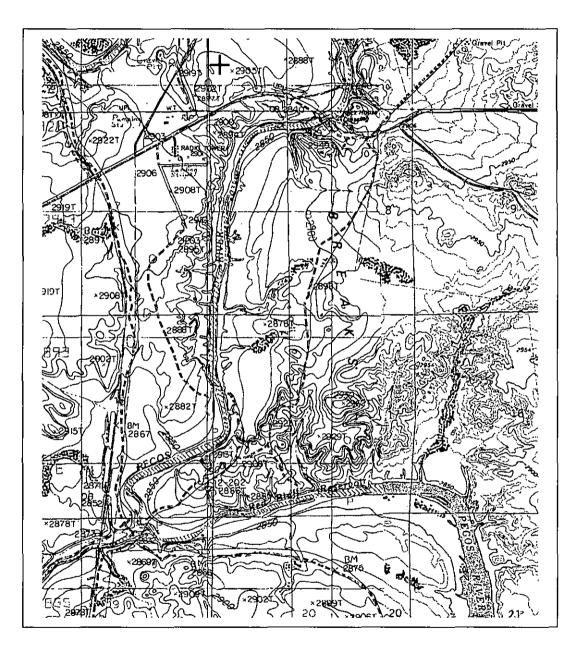
NAD 1983(92) (Meters)	N: 3,548,361	E: 593,063
NAD 1983(92) (Survey Feet)	N: 11,641,582	E: 1,945,742
NAD 1927 (Meters)	N: 3,548,160	E: 593,111
NAD 1927 (Survey Feet)	N: 11,640,922	E: 1,945,899

State Plane Coordinate System Zone: New Mexico East

NAD 1983(92) (Meters)	N: 118,415	E: 195,147
NAD 1983(92) (Survey Feet)	N: 388,501	E: 640,244
NAD 1927 (Meters)	N: 118,398	E: 182,594
NAD 1927 (Survey Feet)	N: 388,443	E: 599,059

NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF STATE ENGINEER

Locator Tool Report





 WR File Number: C-03508-POD1
 Scale: 1:30,245

 Northing/Easting: UTM83(92) (Meter):
 N: 3,548,361
 E: 593,063

 Northing/Easting: SPCS83(92) (Feet):
 N: 388,501
 E: 640,244

 GW Basin: Carlsbad
 E: 640,244
 E: 640,244

Page 2 of 2

Print Date: 10/19/2011

WELL RECORD & LOG OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

www.ose.state.nm.us

	OSE POD NU	MBER (WELL	NUMBER)		-		OSE FILE NU	MBER(S)	Renul	nBere	d		
NO	POD-1 Renumbered C-3832-POD2							OSE FILE NUMBER(S) Renumbered C 3782 (Rx Ploratory) (-3832						
АТІ	WELL OWNER NAME(S)								PHONE (OPTIONAL)					
О	BOPCO, L.P.								(817) 390-8662					
GENERAL AND WELL LOCATION	well own 201 N M				۰.			CITY STATE ZIP Fort Worth TX 76102						
ĺ.	WELL			DEGREES	MINUTES	SECONI	DS				to to a			
TΥ	LOCATIC	NN	LATTI	UDE 32	05	40.1	N	* ACCURACY	REQUIRED: ONE TENT	TH OF A SEC	OND			
ERA	(FROM GI	?\$)	LONG	ITUDE 103	53	32.2	Ŵ	* DATUM RE	QUIRED: WGS 84					
GEN	DESCRIPTIO	N RELATI	NG WEL	L LOCATION TO STREET	ADDRESS AND COMM	ON LANDMARKS - PLS	S (SECTION, T	OWNSHJIP, RANG	E) WHERE AVAILABLE	1 . X				
I	SW1/4SE	E1/45V	V1/49	SW1/4 of Sectio	n 28, Township	25 South, Rang	ge 30 East	, in the NE o	corner of a well p	ad.				
	LICENSE NU	JMBER		NAME OF LICENSED	DRILLER	<u> </u>			NAME OF WELL DRI		PANY			
	331			Joel H. Stewart					SBQ Drilling, LL					
	DRILLING S 01-16-15		- 1	DRILLING ENDED DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (FT) BORE HOLE DEPTH (FT) DI 01-17-15 805 ±805 ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ±					DEPTH WATER FIRS	T ENCOUNI	TERED (FT)			
7	COMPLETE	D WELL	IS: (ARTESIAN	C DRY HOLE C	SHALLOW (UNC	ONFINED)		STATIC WATER LEV	EL IN COMP	LETED WE	LL (FT)		
ATIO	DRILLING FLUID: C AIR O MUD ADDITIVES - SPECIFY:													
RM	DRILLING METHOD: • ROTARY C HAMMER C CABLE TOOL C OTHER - SPECIFY:													
2. DRILLING & CASING INFORMATION	DEPTH (feet bgl) BORE HOLE			BORE HOLE	CASING MATE		CA	SING	CASING	CASING	CASING WALL SLO			
	FROM	тс)	DIAM (inches)	GRA (include each ca note section	sing string, and	CONNECTION TYPE		INSIDE DIAM. (inches)	THICK (incl		SIZE (inches)		
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	DEPTH		-	BORE HOLE		NULAR SEAL M			AMOUNT		METHO			
ANNULAR MATERIAL	FROM	TC)	DIAM. (inches)		ACK SIZE-RANG	E BY INTE	KVAL	(cubic feet)		PLACEM			
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MA	120	170		14.75	Hydrated Ben				35.90		v. tremi			
AR	170	805		14.75	6/9 Silica Sand	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		455.95		mie Pip	e 		
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FOR	OSE INTER	NAL U	SE	Kenumbered	d from (-3		<u>Lu</u>		0 WELL RECORD & NUMBER $\zeta \zeta \zeta$		rsion 06/0	8/2012)		
			<i>u</i>				POD		NUMBER 555	125	DACT	1.082		
TOC	ATION	45 .	30.	28.334	<u>ک</u>						PAGE			

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	DEPTH (i	feet bgl)						ESTIMATED	
	FROM	то	THICKNESS (feet)	INCLUDE WATH	ID TYPE OF MATERIAL ENCOUN ER-BEARING CAVITIES OR FRAC oplemental sheets to fully describe a	TURE ZONES	WATER BEARING? (YES / NO)	YIELD FOR WATER- BEARING ZONES (gpm)	
	0 30 30 Cemented Sand, light tan, sub-angular					OY ON			
	30	40	10	Sandy Silt, light b	prown, sub-angular		OY ON		
	40	60	20	Sandy clay, reddi	sh brown		OY ON		
	60	80	20	Silty Sand, light b	prown, sub-angular		OY ON		
	80	250	170	Fine to Medium !	and, light tan, sub-angular to	o rounded	O Y O N		
	250	260	10	Clayey Sand, bro	wn, sub-angular		O Y O N		
4. HYDROGEOLOGIC LOG OF WELL	260	320	60	Fine Sand, light t	an, sub-angular		OY CN		
OF \	320	380	60	Silty Sand, browr	nish gray, sub-angular		● Y C N		
Ö	380	410	30	Fine Sand, dark o	iray, sub-angular		OY ON	· ····· · = ==	
ICL	410	530	120	Clayey Fine Sand	, dark gray, sub-angular		● ^Y C ^N		
DO.	530	590	60	Sandy Clay, dark	gray, sub-angular		O Y O N		
ЮI	590	600	10	Clayey Fine Sand	, dark gray, sub-angular		O Y O N		
Soc	600	630	30	Sandy Clay, dark	gray, sub-angular		O ^Y C ^N		
Ĩ	630	650	20		k gray, sub-angular		O Y C N	<u> </u>	
4 H	650	700	50		gray, sub-angular		O Y O N		
	700	710	10		wn and gray, sub-angular		O ^Y C ^N		
	710	760	50		gray, sub-angular		O Y O N		
	760	770	10	Clay, 75% gray, 2			O Y C N		
	770	780	10	Clay, 50% gray, 5			O Y O N		
	780	790	10	Clay, 25% gray, 7					
	790	805	15		ish red, 10% white sand.		• ° C ^N		
				OF WATER-BEARIN		T	OTAL ESTIMATED		
	C AIR LIF	r Cı	BAILER 💽	OTHER - SPECIFY:	TBD by pump test	Y	WELL YIELD (gpm):	TBD	
NO	WELL TES	T TEST STAR	RESULTS - ATT I TIME, END TI	ACH A COPY OF DAT ME, AND A TABLE SI	A COLLECTED DURING WELL T IOWING DISCHARGE AND DRAY	ESTING, INCLI WDOWN OVER	JDING DISCHARGE M THE TESTING PERIO		
[SIV]			ORMATION:			······	3, 3.3 ·································	n Sm	
IPER			performed at a		were placed by gravity and t	acced with t	remie nine	- B	
C SI	nyulated	Dentonit	e chips and 5	and Mix neady Mix	were placed by gravity and t	aggea with t			
B									
TEST; RIG SUPERVISION	PRINT NAM	IE(S) OF DI	RILL RIG SUPER	VISOR(S) THAT PRO	VIDED ONSITE SUPERVISION OF	F WELL CONST	RUCTION OTHER TH	AN LICENSEE:	
5.1	Silverio G	ialindo, G	abriel Armijo,	Pedro Pizano			t. N	X Sa	
			·		·····			r • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
SIGNATURE	CORRECT I	RECORD OF	F THE ABOVE D	ESCRIBED HOLE AN	EST OF HIS OR HER KNOWLEDG ID THAT HE OR SHE WILL FILE T PLETION OF WELL DRILLING:	E AND BELIEF HIS WELL REC	, THE FOREGOING IS ORD WITH THE STAT	A TRUE AND TE ENGINEER	
GN									
6. SI	ka	18	Han	Jue/	H. Stewart	2.	-13-15		
		SIGNAT	URE OF DRILLE	R / PRINT SIGNEE	NAME		DATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
FOR	OSE INTER	NAL USE	·······			WR-20 WELL	RECORD & LOG (Ven	sion 06/08/2012)	
	ENUMBER	(-383	'2		POD NUMBER POD 2	TRN NUMBER		,	
LOC	CATION 2		28.334	3				PAGE 2 OF 2	

Received by OCD: 3/1/2021 2:41:19 PM

Locator Tool Report

General Information:

Application ID:27

Date: 05-28-2015

Time: 12:01:24

WR File Number: C-03782-POD1 Purpose: POINT OF DIVERSION

Applicant First Name: BOPCO EXPLORATORY WELL DRILLERS RECORD Applicant Last Name: RENUMBERED C-3832-POD2

> GW Basin: CARLSBAD County: EDDY

Critical Management Area Name(s): NONE Special Condition Area Name(s): NONE Land Grant Name: NON GRANT

PLSS Description (New Mexico Principal Meridian):

SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Section 28, Township 25S, Range 30E.

Coordinate System Details:

Geographic Coordinates:

Latitude:	32 Degrees	5 Minutes	40.1 Seconds	Ν
Longitude:	103 Degrees	53 Minutes	32.2 Seconds	W

Universal Transverse Mercator Zone: 13N

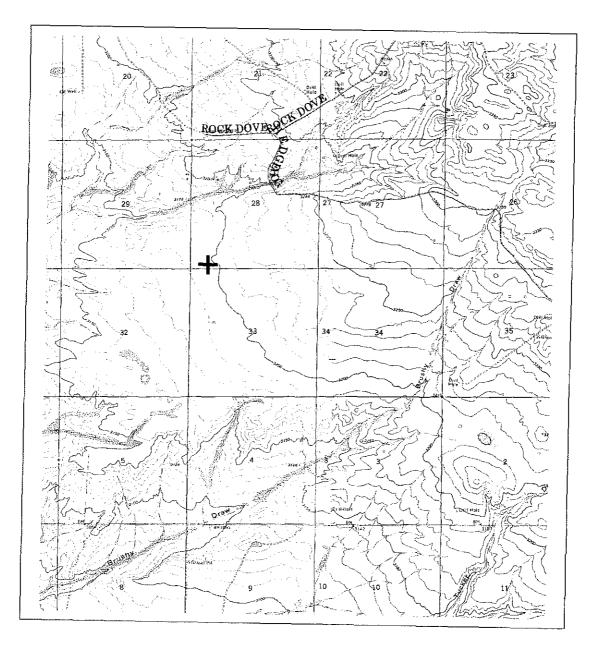
NAD 1983(92) (Meters)	N: 3,551,444	E: 604,526
NAD 1983(92) (Survey Feet)	N: 11,651,697	E: 1,983,348
NAD 1927 (Meters)	N: 3,551,243	E: 604,573
NAD 1927 (Survey Feet)	N: 11,651,036	E: 1,983,505

State Plane Coordinate System Zone: New Mexico East

NAD 1983(92) (Meters)	N: 121,428	E: 206,630
NAD 1983(92) (Survey Feet)	N: 398,385	E: 677,920
NAD 1927 (Meters)	N: 121,410	E: 194,077
NAD 1927 (Survey Feet)	N: 398,327	E: 636,734

NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF STATE ENGINEER

Locator Tool Report





 WR File Number: C-03782-POD1
 Scale: 1:47,832

 Northing/Easting: UTM83(92) (Meter):
 N: 3,551,444
 E: 604,526

 Northing/Easting: SPCS83(92) (Feet):
 N: 398,385
 E: 677,920

 GW Basin: Carlsbad
 E: 604,526
 E: 677,920

Page 2 of 2

Print Date: 05/28/2015

Received by	OCD:	3/1/2021	2:41:19 PM
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NM OIL CONSERVATION ARTESIA DISTRICT

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										DISTRICT						
Submit To Appropr Two Copies	iate District O	ffice			State of Ne			- 1110	3	0 2018					orm C-1	
District I 1625 N. French Dr.,	Hobbs, NM 8	38240	En	ergy,	Minerals and	d Nat	tural I	Resources	•••	1. WELL /	ADI		Re	vised A	ugust 1, 20	<u>)11</u>
District II 811 S. First St., Arte	esia, NM 8821	0		0:		+i 1	D::.	RE			AP1)15-44	001		
<u>District III</u> 1000 Rio Brazos Ro	L Aztec NM	87410	ĺ		l Conservat 20 South St					2. Type of Le						
District IV 1220 S. St. Francis I					Santa Fe, N				ŀ	STATE FEE FED/INDIAN						
					ETION RE				_	3. State Oil & Gas Lease No.						
4. Reason for filin			K REUL			PUR		DLUG	_	5. Lease Nam	e or l	Init Agree	ment N	me		
🖾 COMPLETI	ON REPOR	RT (Fill in bo	xes #1 throu	1gh #31	for State and Fee	e wells	only)							y State		
C-144 CLOS #33; attach this an	d the plat to	CHMENT the C-144 c	(Fill in box osure report	es #1 thr	rough #9, #15 Da rdance with 19.1	ate Rig 5.17.1	Release 3.K NM	ed and #32 and IAC)	/or	6. Well Numb	er:	No	. 2			
7. Type of Comp NEW V	VELL 🗆 V	VORKOVE		ENING		к 🗆 г	DIFFER	ENT RESERV	/OIR							_
8. Name of Opera		ric Wator	Midstrop	~ !!C						9. OGRID						
10. Address of Op		ris Water	vilustreal	<u>n, LLC</u>						11. Pool name		371643_ ildcat				
		Katy Free	vay, Ste.9	00, Ho	ouston, TX 77	024						<u>SWD;</u> D	evonia	n (961	01)	
12.200041011	Unit Ltr	Section	Town	ship	Range	Lot		Feet from t	he	N/S Line	Fee	t from the	E/W	Line	County	
Surface:	К	2	2	5-S	29-E	L	_	2267'		FSL		2469'	F	WL	Eddy	/
BH:							— — —								l	
 13. Date Spudded 4/22/2017 18. Total Measure 	12	T.D. Reache /26/2017			Released 4/29/2018			· · ·	4/2	(Ready to Prod 29/2018		R	T, GR, 6	rtc.) 3	and RKB, 022' G.R.	
18. Total Measure	16,876		19.1	Plug Bac	k Measured Dep	oth	2	20. Was Direct	ional N	l Survey Made? O					ther Logs R BL, CNL	un
22. Producing Inte	erval(s), of th	nis completio	n - Top, Bo		ame 663' to 16,87	6' - D	eveni									
23.					ING REC	_			rinc	s set in w	<u>_11)</u>					
CASING SIZ	ZE	WEIGHT	.B./FT.		DEPTH SET			HOLE SIZE				CORD	A	MOUNT	PULLED	
20.0"		94.0	#		575′			26.0"		900) sx					
13.375"		68.0			3177' 17.5"				130	0 sx						
9.875"		62.8			11,492' 12.25"			230								
7.625″		39.0	#		13,940'		8.5″		525 sx							
24.				LIN	ER RECORD				25.	<u> </u>	UBI	NG REC	ORD			
SIZE	TOP		BOTTOM		SACKS CEM	ENT	SCRE	EN	SIZ			EPTH SET		РАСК	ER SET	
5.5"		622 ′	15,58		380 sx					5.5"	_	0-865				
4.25" (Xpand)	15,	539'	15,65	7	50 sx					5.0"	-	3650'-13			15 5200	
26. Perforation	record (inter	val, size, and	number)				27 A	CID SHOT		3.5" ACTURE, CE	_	3550'-1			15,530	
				c ·				H INTERVAL		AMOUNT A						
		15,663' ta hole 15,6	•							ļ						\checkmark
	Open	11010 15,0	57 10 10,	,070				. <u>.</u>							$-\mathcal{N}$	
28.						PRC	DU	CTION								\mathcal{T}
Date First Product N	tion /A	Pro	duction Met	hod (Fla	owing, gas lift, p	umping	g - Size	and type pump)	Well Status	(Pro		- <i>in)</i> ive SW	D		
Date of Test	Hours Te	sted	Choke Size	;	Prod'n For Test Period		Oil - E	361	Gas	s - MCF	w	ater - Bbl.		Gas - 0	Oil Ratio	
Flow Tubing Press.	Casing P	ressure	Calculated Hour Rate	24-	l Oil - Bbl.		G	as - MCF	––, 	Water - Bbl.	<u> </u>	Oil Gra	vity - A	L PI - <i>(Cor</i>	T.)	
29. Disposition of	Gas <i>(Sold, 1</i>	used for fuel,	vented, etc.)	1			·			30 . *	l Fest Witne	essed By	,		
31. List Attachme		rrent well	bore sche	matic	Mudlog		ፖ.	Mudl	,	Kec'd	1	n/21	<u> +</u>	0.0	>	
32. If a temporary					-	tempo	rary pit	···· • 04 / 1	7	mig			10	rar.		
33. If an on-site b	•		-			-			-							
I hereby certif	y that the	informatio	on shown			form	is tru	e and comp	lete	Longitude to the best of	f my	knowled	dge an		<u>ND 1927 19</u> f	83
Signature	Í.	F			Printed Name			Tit	le					Date		
E-mail Addres	s <u>ben@</u>	sosconsi	<u>lting.us</u>		Ben S	tone				for Solaris W	/ate	r Midstr	eam, L		6/29/201	18

Released to Imaging: 4/14/2021 3:34:02 PM

INSTRUCTIONS

This form is to be filed with the appropriate District Office of the Division not later than 20 days after the completion of any newly-drilled or deepened well and not later than 60 days after completion of closure. When submitted as a completion report, this shall be accompanied by one copy of all electrical and radio-activity logs run on the well and a summary of all special tests conducted, including drill stem tests. All depths reported shall be measured depths. In the case of directionally drilled wells, true vertical depths shall also be reported. For multiple completions, items 11, 12 and 26-31 shall be reported for each zone.

INDICATE FORMATION TOPS IN CONFORMANCE WITH GEOGRAPHICAL SECTION OF STATE

Southeaste	ern New Mexico	Northwestern New Mexico			
T. Anhy 1732'	T. Canyon 12800'	T. Ojo Alamo	T. Penn "A"		
T. Salt	T. Strawn 13042'	T. Kirtland	T. Penn. "B"		
B. Salt 2425'	T. Atoka 13326'	T. Fruitland	T. Penn. "C"		
T. Yates	T. Miss 15330'	T. Pictured Cliffs	T. Penn. "D"		
T. 7 Rivers	T. Devonian 15625'	T. Cliff House	T. Leadville		
T. Queen	T. Silurian	T. Menefee	T. Madison		
T. Grayburg	T. Montoya 17500' est	T. Point Lookout	T. Elbert		
T. San Andres	T. Simpson	T. Mancos	T. McCracken		
T. Glorieta	T. McKee	T. Gallup	T. Ignacio Otzte		
T. Paddock	T. Ellenburger	Base Greenhorn	T.Granite		
T. Blinebry	T. Gr. Wash	T. Dakota			
T.Tubb	T. Delaware Lime3177'	T. Morrison			
T. Drinkard	T. Bone Springs 6932'	T. Todilto			
T. Abo	T. Morrow Lime_13618'	T. Entrada			
T. Wolfcamp 10160'	T. Chester Sh. 14520'	T. Wingate			
T. Penn	T. Barnett Sh. 14130'	T. Chinle			
T. Cisco (Bough C)	T. Woodford Sh. 15490'	T. Permian			

OIL OR GAS SANDS OR ZONES

No. 1, from	No. 3, fromtoto
No. 2, from	No. 4, from

IMPORTANT WATER SANDS

Include data on rate of water inflow and elevation to which water rose in hole.

No 1 from		feet
	4-	foot
No. 2, from		feet
No 3 from	to	feet

LITHOLOGY RECORD (Attach additional sheet if necessary)

From	То	Thickness In Feet	Lithology	From	То	Thickness In Feet	Lithology
13000	13330	330	LIMESTONE: OFF WH-BUF-GY				
13330	13380	50	LS/SS: WHT-CLR-MLKY-FRSTD-VFN/SLTY			1	
13380	13520	140	LS/SHALE: WHT-OFF WT-GY-LT GY/ BLK-DRK GY				
13520	13730	210	LIMESTONE: MOTT-LT GY-OFF WHT				
13730	14050	320	LS/SH: MOTT-WHT-OFF WT/ BLK-DRK GY-BRN				
14050	14110	60	LS/SS/SH: LT GY-OF WT-/CLR-TRNS/DRK GY-BLK				
14110	14320	210	SHALE/LS: CHRCL-BLK-DRK GY/MOTT-LT GY/BT				
14320	14360	40	SHALE/SS: DRK GR-DRK BRN/TRNSL-OFF WH				
14360	14520	160	SHALE/LS: BLK-DRK GY/OFF WHT-GY-BT		1		
14520	14760	240	SHALE: BLK-DRK GR-DRK GY-LT GY/VFN MICA				
14760	15100	340	SHALE/LS: LT GY-DRK GY/WHT-OFF WHT-CRM	1	1		
15100	15400	300	LS/SHALE: DRK GY-GY-OF WHT/BLK-DRK GY				
15400	15490	90	LIMESTONE: DRK GY-LT GY-OFF WHT/FN-VFN	1			
15490	15620	130	SHALE: BLK-DRK GR-DRK GY-LT GY/CRB-SLTY				
15620	LTD	30+	DOL: WHT-OFF WHT-TAN-BGE-CRMY/FN-VFN				

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APPENDIX SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Index of photograph locations.



Figure 1 – The mapped watercourse is more distinguished at slightly higher elevations. This view is to the west from the lease road/pipeline road north of the proposed containments. Maximum depth of the channel is 12 inches. Location is 32 4 29.73, -103 57 18.97



Figure 2 – About 1500 feet downhill from Figure 1, the mapped watercourse becomes braided. This image shows one of the more defined channels, which is a few inches deep. This channel may not meet the criteria of a "significant watercourse", but it does channel stormwater. Location: 32 4 26.57, -103 57 36.62



Figure 3 – View downhill, east-northeast showing "tributaries" of mapped watercourse. This dendritic pattern is typical throughout the area. Inspection was performed on a rainy day, but no water flowed through the mapped watercourse or these channels that we do not consider meeting the definition of a significant watercourse. Location:32 4 22.33, -103 57 37.94



Figure 4 – The drainage channel shown in Figure 5 becomes "lost" as the gradient changes and vegetation increases slightly. Green moss occupies small patches of the flat areas – suggesting puddling and stagnant water. Location: 32 4 9.64, -103 57 36.41



Figure 5 – A small drainage channel that appears to originate at a low spot of the 2-track/fence line (see 5/18/2011 Google Earth image). This view north shows the most-defined channel segment. As shown in Figure 4, this channel terminates approximately 150 feet northwest where topography flattens. Location: 32 4 7.54, -103 57 30.59



Figure 6 – View east-southeast from the center of a drainage channel that is disturbed due to pipeline construction. The tanks of the Eddy State SWD are at the right edge of the image. All along the pipeline, the small drainage channels have been disturbed with uphill channels appearing to carry more water than the extension of these channels downhill from the pipeline. Location: 32 4 20.60, -103 57 19.08





9811 Katy Freeway • Suite 700 • Houston, Texas 77024

November 2, 2020

Mr. Mike Bratcher NMOCD District II 811 S. First St. Artesia, NM 88210 Via E-Mail Ms. Victoria Venegas NMOCD District II 811 S. First St. Artesia, NM 88210 Via E-Mail

RE: Solaris Water Midstream, Eddy State Recycling Facility and Containments Section 02 T26S R29E, Registration per Rule 34

Dear Mr. Bratcher and Ms. Venegas:

Solaris Water Midstream is pleased to provide the NMOCD with the attached C-147 Registration. Rule 34 requires no variances for this facility as now planned. Specifically,

- No AST Containments are proposed in this registration.
- The 40-mil HDPE secondary liner is "equivalent with a hydraulic conductivity no greater than 1x 10-9 cm/sec" and meets or exceeds the "EPA SW-846 method 9090A or subsequent relevant publications" and is therefore consistent with the criteria of Rule 34.
- Solaris has installed a game fence which meets or exceeds the requirements of the Rule 34.
- The Mega Blaster Pro Sonic Bird Repeller "is otherwise protective of wildlife, including migratory birds" and is therefore consistent with the criteria of Rule 34.
- The registration package prepared by Mr. Randall Hicks on October 30th, 2020, which is included with this Letter, affirms that the location meets all siting criteria in Rule 34 and the Eddy State location meets the specified setback criteria.
- The Design/Construction Plan, Operation and Maintenance Plan and Closure Plan are consistent with Rule 34.
- The requisite reclamation bond for the Eddy State Containments, a copy of which is included, has been delivered to Mr. Sanchez and the NMOCD on the OCD Form.

Sincerely,

Drew Dixon Vice President Land, Permitting & Regulatory

District II

District IV

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240

Phone:(575) 393-6161 Fax:(575) 393-0720

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

District III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 CONDITIONS

Action 19346

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Operator:				OGRID:	Action Number:	Action Type:			
	SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC	907 Tradewinds Blvd, Suite B	Midland, TX79706	371643	19346	C-147L			
OCD	Condition								
Reviewer									
vvenegas	as NMOCD has reviewed the final version of the recycling containment registration and related documents, submitted by SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC [371643] on November 2, 2020 and								
	resubmitted via OCD Online on March 1, 2021, for	or 2RF-149 - Eddy State Water Treatment ar	nd Reuse Facility in Unit Letter K, Section	n 2, T-26S, R-29E, in Ed	ddy County, New Mexi	co. The form C-147			
1	and related documents for 2RE-149 - Eddy State	Water Treatment and Reuse Facility is app	roved with conditions of approval (by em-	ail					