C-147 Registration Package for Zeus Deuce Containment Section 35, T21S, R32E, Eddy County

Volume 2 In-Ground Containment

C-147 Form

Stamped Design Drawings, Liner Equivalency Demonstration & Avian Deterrent System

Plans for: Design/Construction, O&M, Closure



Looking north into the Zeus Deuce Containment Site.

Prepared for: Solaris Midstream LLC 9811 Katy Freeway Suite 900 Houston, TX 77024

Prepared by: R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd. 901 Rio Grande NW F-142 Albuquerque, New Mexico C-147

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico
Energy Minerals and Natural Resources
Department
Oil Conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-147 Revised April 3, 2017

Recycling Facility and/or Recycling Containment		
Type of Facility: Recycling Facility Recycling Containment*		
Type of action: Permit Registration		
☐ Modification ☐ Extension		
Closure Other (explain)		
At the time C-147 is submitted to the division for a Recycling Containment, a copy shall be provided to the surface owner.		
e advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. or does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.		
Operator: Solaris Water Midstream LLC OGRID #: 371643		
Address: 9811 Katy Freeway, Suite 900, Houston, TX, 77024		
Facility or well name (include API# if associated with a well): Zeus Deuce Containment		
OCD Permit Number: 1RF-509 (For new facilities the permit number will be assigned by the district office)		
U/L or Qtr/Qtr: I Section: 35 Township: 21S Range: 32E County: Lea		
Surface Owner: Federal State Private Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment		
2		
Location of (if applicable): Latitude: 32.43321 N Longitude: 103.63973 W approximately (NAD83)		
Proposed Use: ☐ Drilling* ☐ Completion* ☐ Production* ☐ Plugging *		
*The re-use of produced water may NOT be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented		
Other, requires permit for other uses. Describe use, process, testing, volume of produced water and ensure there will be no adverse impact on		
groundwater or surface water.		
☐ Above ground tanks ☐ Recycling containment ☐ Activity permitted under 19.15.17 NMAC explain type		
Activity permitted under 19.15.36 NMAC explain type: Other explain		
For multiple or additional recycling containments, attach design and location information of each containment		
Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): Recycling Facility Closure Completion Date:		
Recycling Containment :		
Annual Extension after initial 5 years (attach summary of monthly leak detection inspections for previous year)		
Center of Recycling Containment (if applicable) Latitude: 32.432591 N Longitude: 103.638077 W approx. (NAD83)		
For multiple or additional recycling containments, attach design and location information of each containment		
☐ Liner type: Thickness 60 mil pri. and 40 mil sec. See Attached Engineer Drawings ☐ LLDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other		
— •		
☐ String-Reinforced Liner Seams: ☐ Welded ☐ Factory ☐ Other Volume: 1,040k bbl See Attachment Drawings and Plans ☐ Dimensions 887'x 554' x up to 22'.		

Recycling Containment Closure Completion Date:___

Bonding:		
Covered under bonding pursuant to 19.15.8 NMAC per 19.15.34.15(A)(2) NMAC (These containments are limited to only the wells	s owned or	
operated by the owners of the containment.)	. 4°1 b 1°	
Bonding in accordance with 19.15.34.15(A)(1). Amount of bond \$ (work on these facilities cannot commence un	ntii bonaing	
amounts are approved) Attach closure cost estimate and documentation on how the closure cost was calculated. (See Transmittal Letter)		
Fencing: ☐ Four-foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet ☐ Alternate. Please specify: Fixed knot woven wire, 8-foot height. See Sheets C-105 and C-110 of Containment Plans.	<u>.</u>	
6.		
Signs: ⊠ 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers □ Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC		
7.		
Variances: Justifications and/or demonstrations that the proposed variance will afford reasonable protection against contamination of fresh water, he the environment.	uman health, and	
Check the below box only if a variance is requested: Uariance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval. If a Variance is request	ted, include the	
variance information on a separate page and attach it to the C-147 as part of the application. If a Variance is requested, it must be approved prior to implementation.		
8. Siting Criteria for Recycling Containment		
Instructions: The applicant must provide attachments that demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below as part of the application. Potential examples of the siting attachment source material are provided below under each criteria.		
General siting		
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the Recycling Containment.	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells Plates 1-2	□ NA	
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended.	□ NA	
- Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; written approval obtained from the municipality Plate 3		
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Minerals Division Plate 4	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
Within an unstable area. - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; topographic map Plate 5	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
Within a 100-year floodplain. FEMA map Plate 6	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site Plate 7	163 🖾 110	
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; aerial photo; satellite image Plate 8	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application. Plates 1 and 7	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site		
Within 500 feet of a wetland. Plate 9 US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; topographic map; visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ⊠ No	

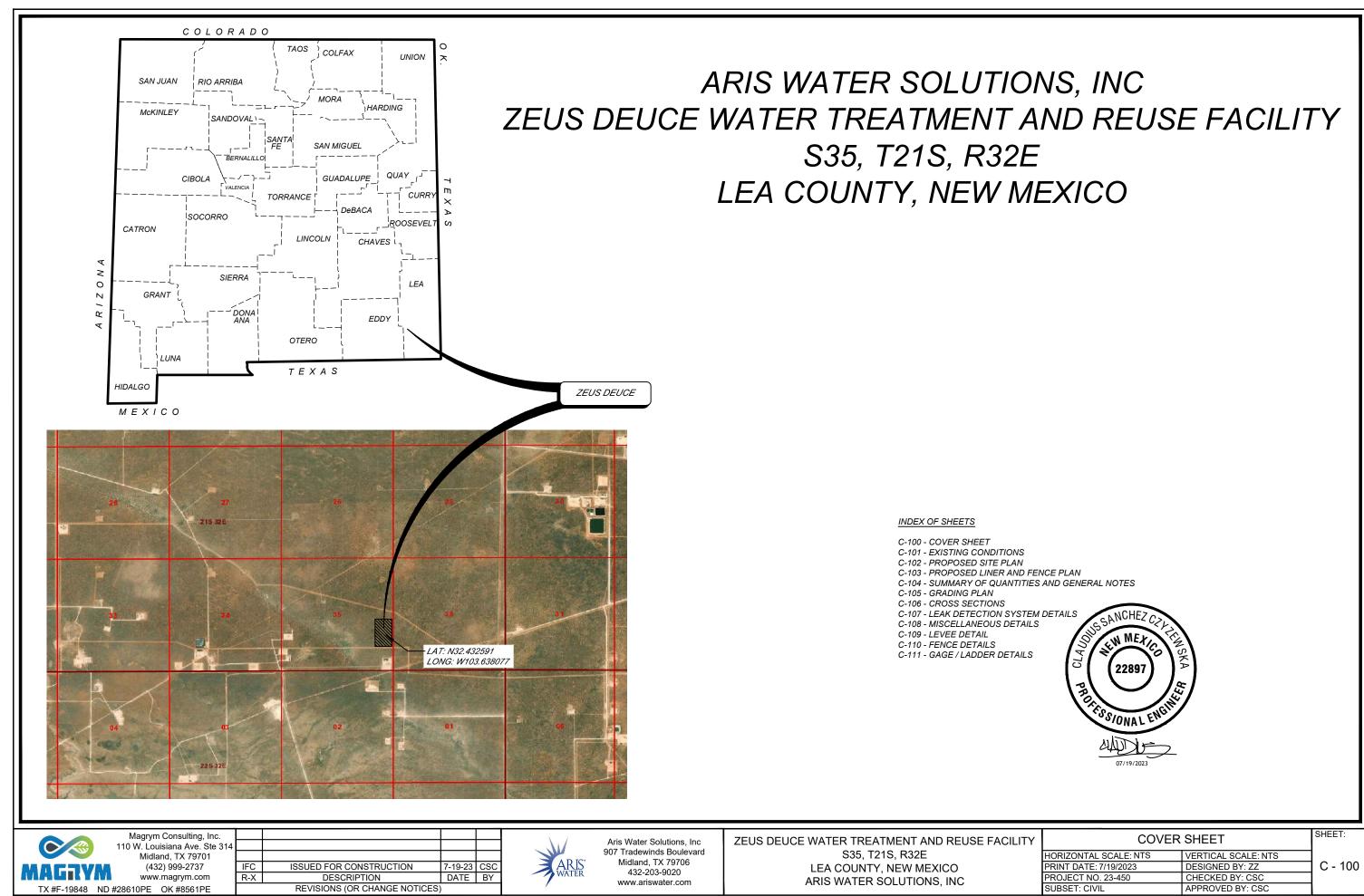
9. Recycling Facility and/or Containment Checklist:
Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.
 Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements. ○ Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements. ○ Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements. ○ Site Specific Groundwater Data - ○ Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - ○ Certify that notice of the C-147 (only) has been sent to the surface owner(s)

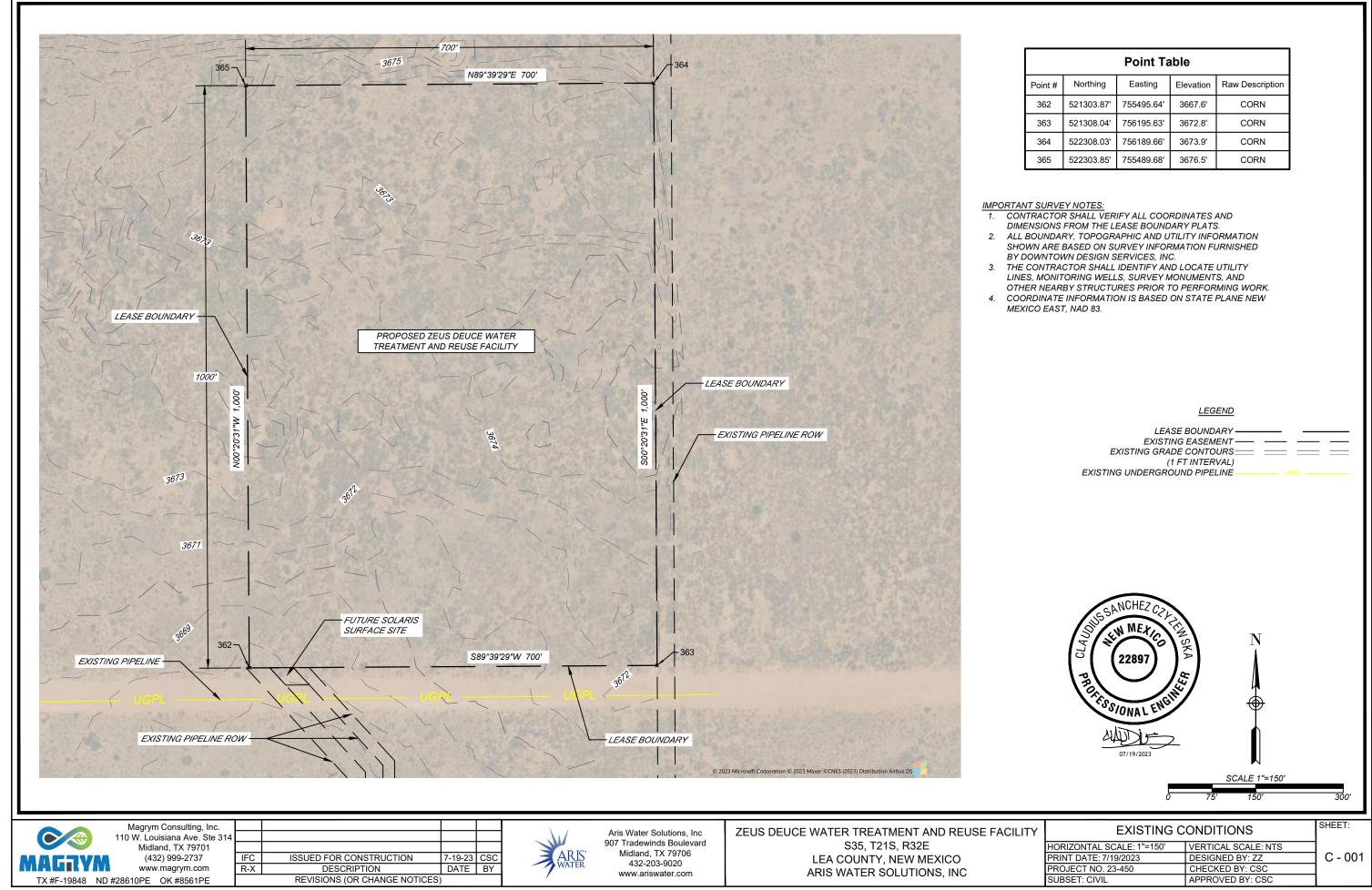
10.	
Operator Application Certification:	
I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this ap	oplication are true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Name (Print): Drew Dixon	Title: SVP- Land and Regulatory
Signature: Drew Difon	Date: 8/4/2023 .
e-mail address drew.dixon@ariswater.com	Telephone:832-304-9028
OCD Representative Signature: Victoria Venegas	Approval Date:09/29/2023
Title: Environmental Specialist	OCD Permit Number:1RF-509
X OCD Conditions	
Additional OCD Conditions on Attachment	

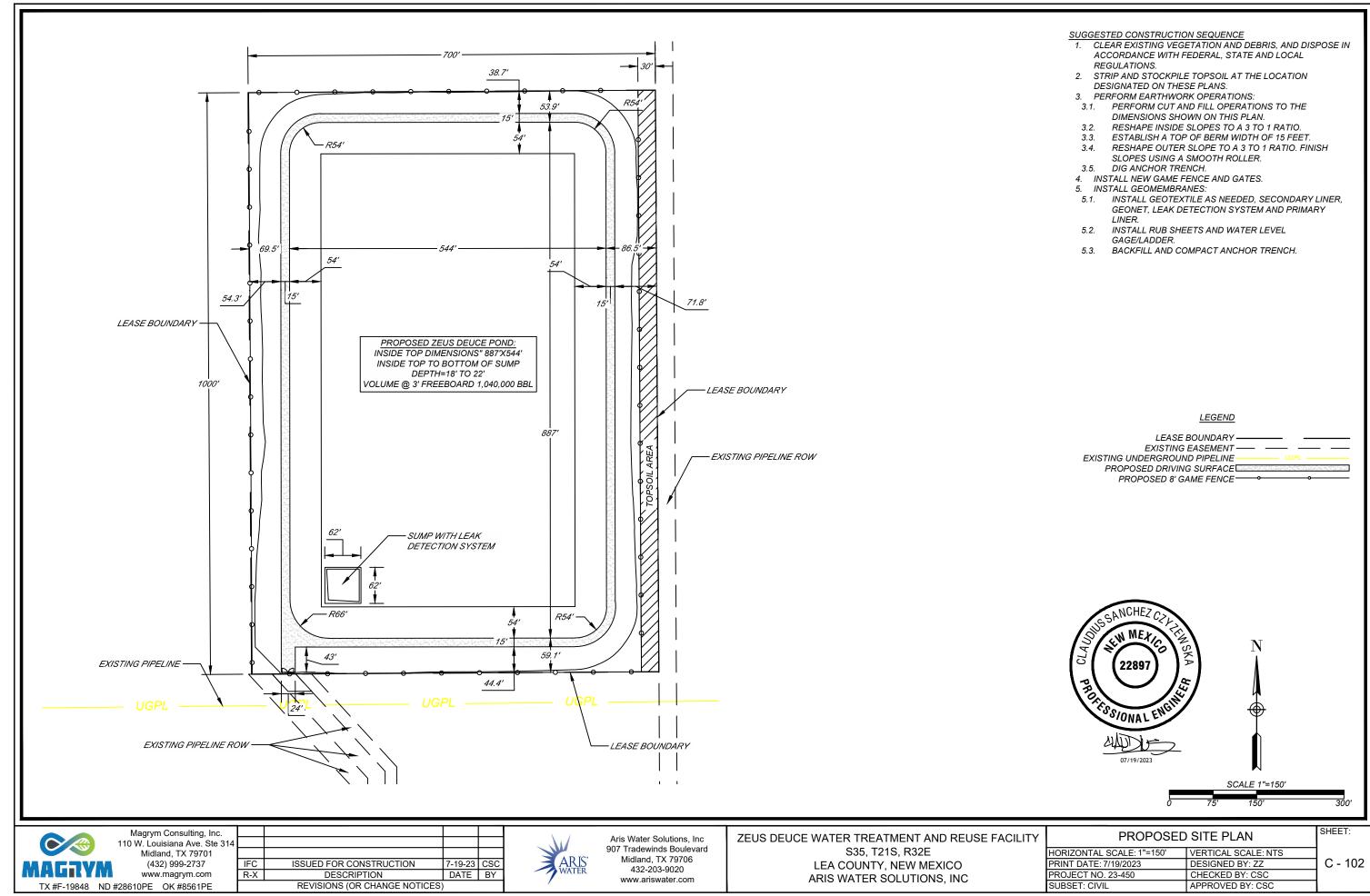
RECYCLING CONTAINMENT DESIGN DRAWINGS

ALTERNATIVE LINER EQUIVALENCY DEMONSTRATION

AVIAN DETERRENT SYSTEM

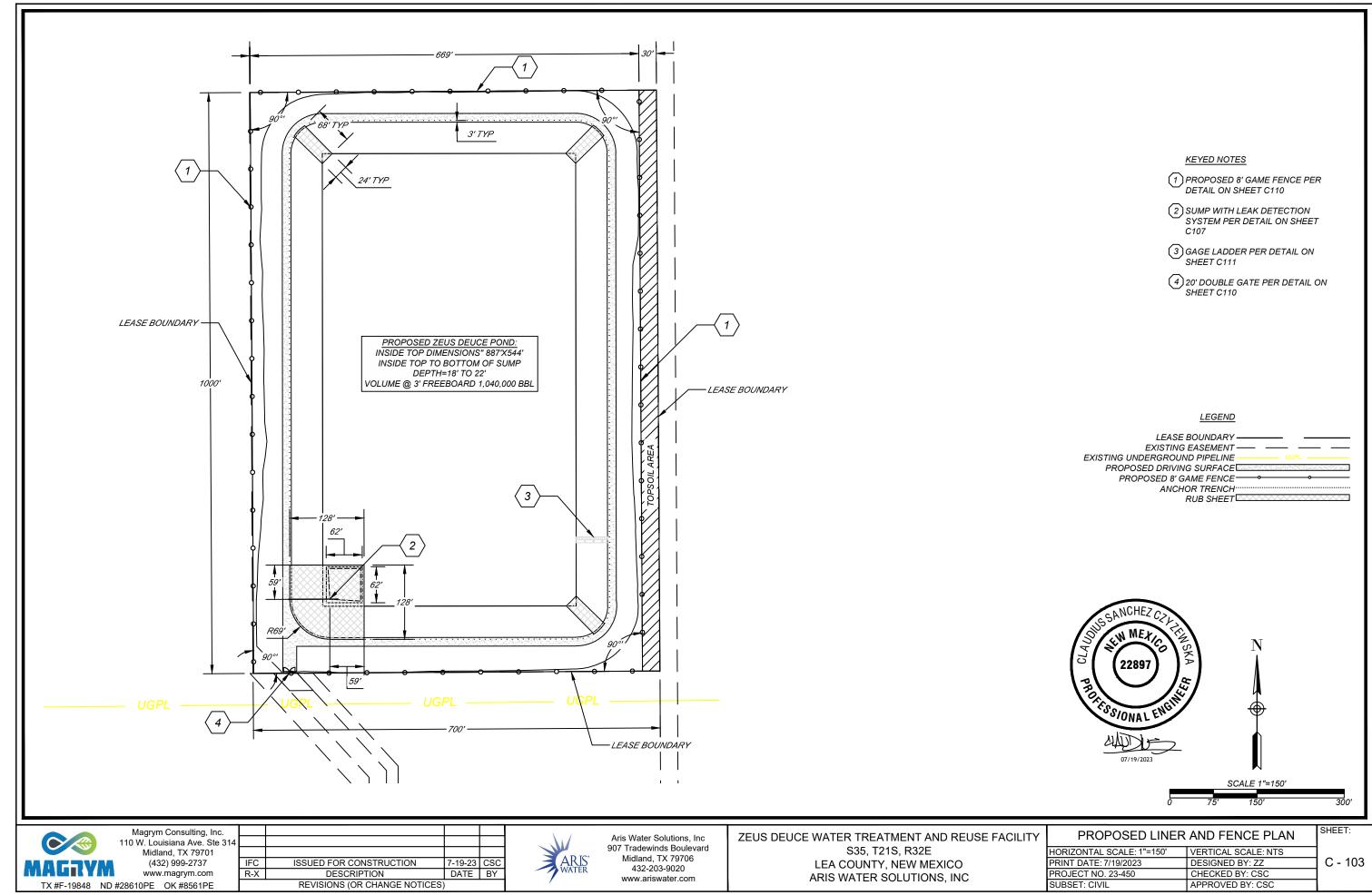






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GENERAL NOTES

- NEW MEXICO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE TITLE 19, CHAPTER 15, PART 34, DESIGN CRITERIA FOR RECYCLING CONTAINMENTS SHALL APPLY TO THIS
- 2. ALL BOUNDARY, TOPOGRAPHIC AND UTILITY INFORMATION SHOWN ARE BASED ON SURVEY INFORMATION FURNISHED BY DOWNTOWN DESIGN SERVICES, INC.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IDENTIFY AND LOCATE UTILITY LINES, MONITORING WELLS, SURVEY MONUMENTS, AND OTHER NEARBY STRUCTURES PRIOR TO PERFORMING WORK.
- COORDINATE INFORMATION IS BASED ON STATE PLANE COORDINATES, NEW MEXICO EAST, NAD 83.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IDENTIFY ANY DISCREPANCIES PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION AND CONTACT THE ENGINEER IN WRITING.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND CONTROL SEDIMENT TO PROTECT SURFACE WATER QUALITY DURING STORM EVENTS.

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE WATER FOR COMPACTION AT ALL TIMES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THEIR BID INCLUDES CONSTRUCTION WATER. NO EARTHWORK OPERATIONS SHALL TAKE PLACE IF CONSTRUCTION WATER IS NOT AVAILABLE ONSITE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BUILD THE LEVEES USING COMPACTED LAYERS. UNCONTROLLED AND INCONSISTENT PUSHING AND PILING OF MATERIAL FOR LEVEE CONSTRUCTION IS NOT ACCEPTABLE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEVELOP A SUCCESSFUL COMPACTION PATTERN EARLY IN THE PROCESS, VERIFIED THROUGH NUCLEAR DENSITY OR SAND CONE TESTING, AND SHALL MAINTAIN CONSISTENCY IN THE COMPACTIVE EFFORT AS LONG AS THE MATERIALS ENCOUNTERED REMAINS CONSISTENT. IF ONSITE SOILS ENCOUNTERED CHANGE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEVELOP A NEW COMPACTION PATTERN
- FILL FOR LEVEES SHALL BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN HORIZONTAL LIFTS WITH MAXIMUM LOOSE LIFT THICKNESS OF 10 INCHES, OR AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER. CONSTRUCT EACH LAYER CONTINUOUSLY AND APPROXIMATELY HORIZONTAL FOR THE WIDTH AND LENGTH OF THE LEVEE. FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95 PERCENT OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY DETERMINED BY THE ASTM D698 AND AT MOISTURE CONTENT WITHIN +2% TO -2% OF OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT AS DETERMINED BY A STANDARD PROCTOR SOILS TEST ON SAMPLES FROM THE SOURCE AREA
- FILL SHALL NOT BE PLACED AND COMPACTED WHEN THE MATERIALS ARE TOO WET TO PROPERLY COMPACT. MATERIAL WHICH IS TOO WET SHALL BE SPREAD ON THE FILL AREA AND PERMITTED TO DRY, ASSISTED BY HARROWING IF NECESSARY, UNTIL THE MOISTURE CONTENT IS REDUCED TO ALLOWABLE LIMITS. IF THE ENGINEER DETERMINED THAT ADDED MOISTURE IS REQUIRED, WATER SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY OVER THE AREA TO BE TREATED, AND GIVE COMPLETE AND ACCURATE CONTROL OF THE AMOUNT OF WATER TO BE USED. IF TOO MUCH WATER IS ADDED, THAT AREA SHALL BE PERMITTED TO DRY BEFORE COMPACTION IS CONTINUED.
- PERFORM ONE NUCLEAR DENSITY GAGE TEST PER 2500 CY MINIMUM OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- EARTHWORK CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM A VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE FINISHED COMPACTED POND BOTTOM AND SIDE SLOPES BEFORE HDPE LINER INSTALLATION, REMOVING ALL DEBRIS, SHARP OBJECTS AND GRAVEL LARGER THAN 3/4 INCH.
- EARTHWORK CONTRACTOR SHALL ROLL SURFACE WITH A SMOOTH ROLLER TO ELIMINATE RUTS.

- 1. LINER CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT GRADED SURFACE FOR DEBRIS, ROCKS OR OTHER MATERIAL THAT MAY DAMAGE THE LINER AND COORDINATE WITH OWNER IF ADDITIONAL SUBGRADE RESURFACING IS NEEDED PRIOR TO PERFORMING WORK.
- LINER CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE SUBMITTAL OF LINER PANEL LAYOUT.
- LINER CONTRACTOR TO SIGN SUBGRADE ACCEPTANCE FORM (PROVIDED BY OWNER REPRESENTATIVE) DAILY PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- LINER TO BE INSTALLED PER GRI SPECIFICATIONS, GUIDES AND PRACTICES.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE SANDBAGS ON LINER DURING INSTALLATION AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT WIND UPLIFT.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL USE BLACK 60 MIL HDPE SMOOTH GEOMEMBRANE AS THE PRIMARY LINER AND BLACK 40 MIL HDPE SMOOTH GEOMEMBRANE AS THE SECONDARY LINER
- A 3' DIAMETER MINIMUM PIECE OF 40MIL LINER SHALL BE EXTRUDED WELDED WHERE THE PIE SHAPED CORNER SECTIONS MEET FOR SEAM REINFORCEMENT
- INSTALL A FULL DOUBLE WIDTH SECTION OF BLACK OR WHITE 60 MIL TEXTURED HDPE GEOMEMBRANE RUB SHEET. EXTRUDE WELD TO LINER. WELDS SHALL BE 2" LONG AND SPACED EVERY 12" ALONG BOTH SIDES OF THE SHEET. DO NOT WELD END EDGES. SECTION SHALL EXTEND FROM SUMP AND INSTALLED INTO LINER ANCHOR TRENCH AS SHOWN.
- LINER SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A 8 OZ. NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE IF ROCK OR OTHER ANGULAR MATERIALS WITH A DIMENSION GREATER THAN 3/4 INCH ARE PRESENT
- 10. SUMPS SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH NON-ANGULAR MAXIMUM 3/8 INCH SIZED PEA GRAVEL.
- ALL SEAMS MUST BE WELDED WITH A 6" MINIMUM OVERLAP.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL NON-DESTRUCTIVELY TEST ALL SEAMS THEIR FULL LENGTH USING AN AIR PRESSURE OR VACUUM TEST, THE PURPOSE OF THIS TEST IS TO CHECK THE CONTINUITY OF THE SEAM.
- 13. FOR AIR PRESSURE TESTING (ASTM 5820), THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES ARE APPLICABLE TO THE SEAMS WELD WITH DOUBLE SEAM FUSION WELDFR
 - THE EQUIPMENT USED SHALL CONSIST OF AN AIR TANK OR PUMP CAPABLE OF PRODUCING A MINIMUM 35 PSI AND A SHARP NEEDLE WITH A PRESSURE GAUGE ATTACHED TO INSERT INTO THE AIR CHAMBER.
 - SEAL BOTH ENDS OF THE SEAM BY HEATING AND SQUEEZING THEM TOGETHER. INSERT THE NEEDLE WITH THE GAUGE INTO THE AIR CHANNEL. PRESSURIZE THE AIR CHANNEL TO A MINIMUM OF 35 PSI. NOTE TIME STARTS AND WAIT A MINIMUM OF 5 MINUTES TO CHECK. IF PRESSURE AFTER 5 MINUTES HAD DROPPED LESS THAN 2 PSI THE TEST IS SUCCESSFUL (THICKNESS OF MATERIAL MAY CAUSE VARIANCE).
 - CUT OPPOSITE SEAM END AND LISTEN FOR PRESSURE RELEASE TO VERIFY FULL SEAM HAS BEEN TESTED.
 - IF THE TEST FAILS, FOLLOW THESE PROCEDURES.
 - I. WHILE CHANNEL IS UNDER PRESSURE WALK THE LENGTH OF THE SEAM LISTENING FOR A LEAK.
 - II. WHILE CHANNEL IS UNDER PRESSURE APPLY A SOAPY SOLUTION TO THE SEAM EDGE AND LOOK FOR BUBBLES FORMED BY AIR ESCAPING. iii RF-TEST THE SEAM IN SMALLER INCREMENTS UNTIL THE LEAK IS FOUND.
 - ONCE LEAK IS FOUND USING ONE OF THE PROCEDURES ABOVE, CUT OUT THE AREA AND RETEST THE PORTIONS OF THE PORTIONS OF THE SEAMS BETWEEN THE LEAK AREAS PER 6A AND 6B ABOVE. CONTINUE THIS PROCEDURE UNTIL ALL SECTIONS OF THE SEAM PASS THE PRESSURE TEST.
 - REPAIR THE LEAK WITH A PATCH AND VACUUM TEST.
- 14. ALL NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTS WILL BE NOTED IN THE NON-DESTRUCTIVE LOGS.
- 15. LINER GAS VENTS SHALL BE SPACED ALONG THE INSIDE SLOPE AT APPROXIMATELY 100 FEET ON CENTER OR MINIMUM 2 VENTS PER SIDE.
- 16. WHEN ANY PIPING EQUIPMENT, INLET, OR OUTLET IS IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE LINER, AN APRON CONSISTING OF 60 MIL HDPE MATERIAL SHALL BE INSTALLED BENEATH THE EQUIPMENT OR STRUCTURE TO PROTECT THE PRIMARY LINER.

ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION

DESCRIPTION

REVISIONS (OR CHANGE NOTICES)

17. LAY BOTH LINERS IN ANCHOR TRENCH, BACKFILL ANCHOR TRENCH IN 2 LIFTS AND COMPACT.

	AGE STORAGE
POND ELEVATION (FT)	REVELATION POND VOLUME (BBL)
3662.60	0
3663.60	186
3664.60	807
3665.60	8,483
3666.60	46,065
3667.60	107,209
3668.60	169,661
3669.60	233,431
3670.60	298,527
3671.60	364,959
3672.60	432,736
3673.60	501,867
3674.60	572,363
3675.60	644,232
3676.60	717,483
3677.60	792,127
3678.60	868,172
3679.60	945,628
3680.60	1,024,504
3681.60	1,104,810
3682.60	
3683.60	
3684.60	



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	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES		
ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	UNIT	QTY
1	CLEARING AND GRUBBING	ACRES	15
2	STRIP AND STOCKPILE TOPSOIL (6" AVERAGE)	CUBIC YARD	11,800
3	ESTIMATED CUT (BELOW EXISTING GRADE)*	CUBIC YARD	96,500
4	ESTIMATED FILL (ABOVE EXISTING GRADE)**	CUBIC YARD	81,300
5	8' GAME FENCE	LINEAR FEET	3,400
6	20' DOUBLE GATE	LINEAR FEET	1
7	RUB SHEET 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBRANE (TEXTURED)***	SQUARE FEET	21,500
8	PRIMARY 60 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBRANE (SMOOTH)***	SQUARE FEET	501,400
9	200 MIL GEONET***	SQUARE FEET	501,400
10	SECONDARY 40 MIL HDPE GEOMEMBRANE (SMOOTH)***	SQUARE FEET	501,400
11	8 OZ. GEOTEXTILE***	SQUARE FEET	501,400
12	6" HDPE DR11 PIPE WITH PERFORATIONS IN SUMP	LINEAR FEET	90
13	GAGE LADDER	EACH	1
14	DRAIN ROCK	CUBIC YARD	1
15	ANCHOR TRENCH	LINEAR FEET	2,900
17	CONSTRUCTION WATER	ALLOWANCE	
18	MATERIALS TESTING	ALLOWANCE	
19	EROSION CONTROL BMP'S	ALLOWANCE	

IMPORTANT QUANTITY NOTES:

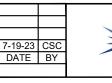
- CUT QUANTITY (ITEM NUMBER 3) INCLUDES TOPSOIL QUANTITY (ITEM NUMBER 2).
- GEOTECHNICAL INFORMATION WAS <u>NOT AVAILABLE</u> AT THE TIME THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED. 20% FILL FACTOR WAS ASSUMED AND APPLIED TO THE FILL QUANTITY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY SHRINKAGE AND SWELLING OF EXISTING SOILS. CUT AND FILL QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THIS TABLE PERTAIN TO THE ENTIRE PROJECT AREA. LEVEE. PAD AND ADJACENT DRIVING SURFACE ARE INCLUDED IN THE FILL QUANTITY.

SUBSET: CIVIL

THESE ARE COMPLETE-IN-PLACE QUANTITIES. OVERLAP, ANCHOR, WRINKLE, SCRAP AND/OR SPOIL QUANTITIES ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THIS BID ITEM. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ACCOUNT FOR THESE ADDITIONAL QUANTITIES IN THEIR BID.



Magrym Consulting, Inc. 110 W. Louisiana Ave. Ste 31 Midland, TX 79701 (432) 999-2737 R-X www.magrvm.com



Aris Water Solutions. Inc. 907 Tradewinds Boulevard Midland TX 79706 432-203-9020 www.ariswater.com

ZEUS DEUCE WATER TREATMENT AND REUSE FACILITY S35, T21S, R32E LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO ARIS WATER SOLUTIONS, INC

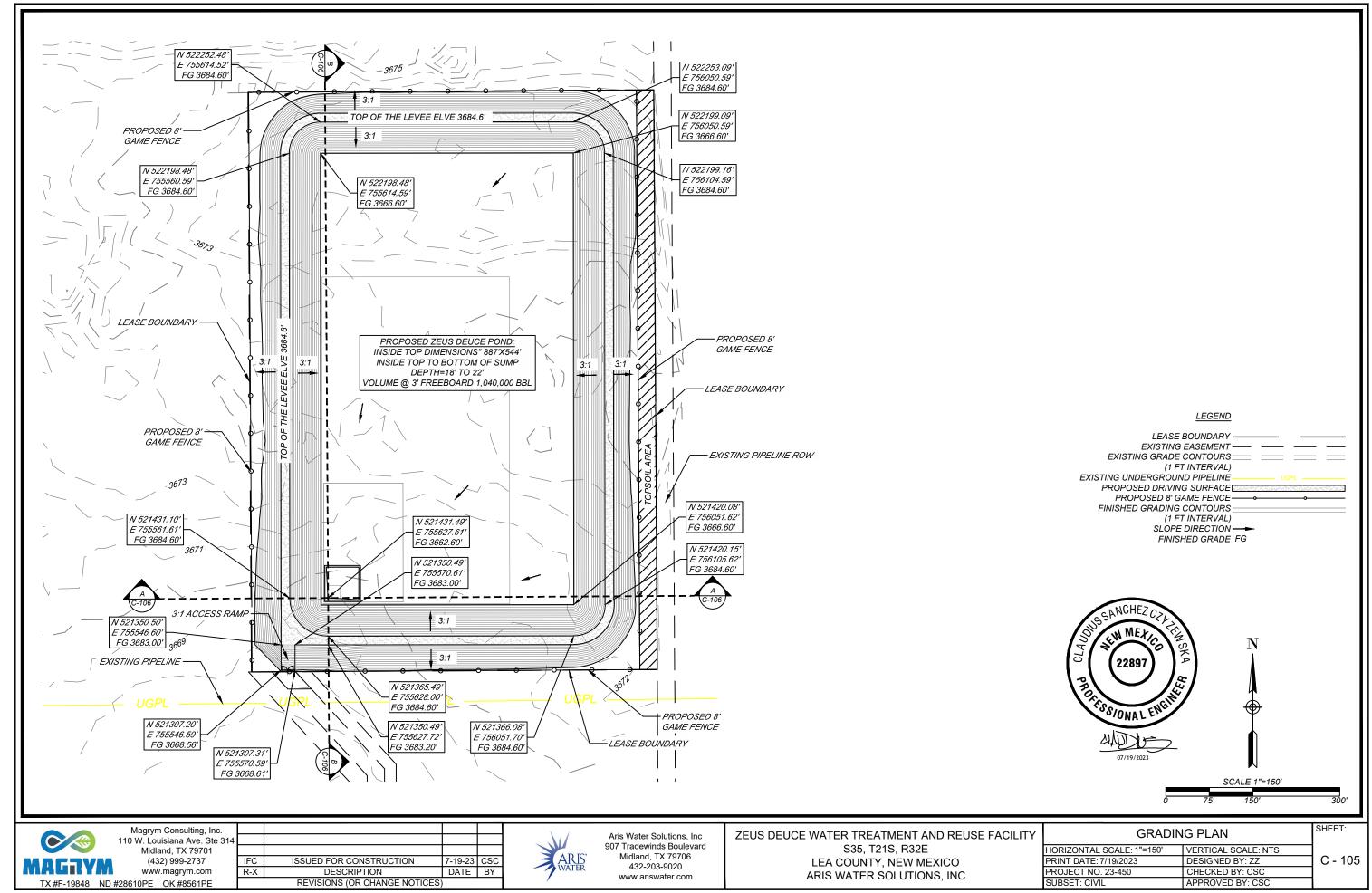
SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES AND GENERAL NOTES HORIZONTAL SCALE: NTS VERTICAL SCALE: NTS DESIGNED BY: ZZ PRINT DATE: 7/19/2023 PROJECT NO. 23-450 CHECKED BY: CSC

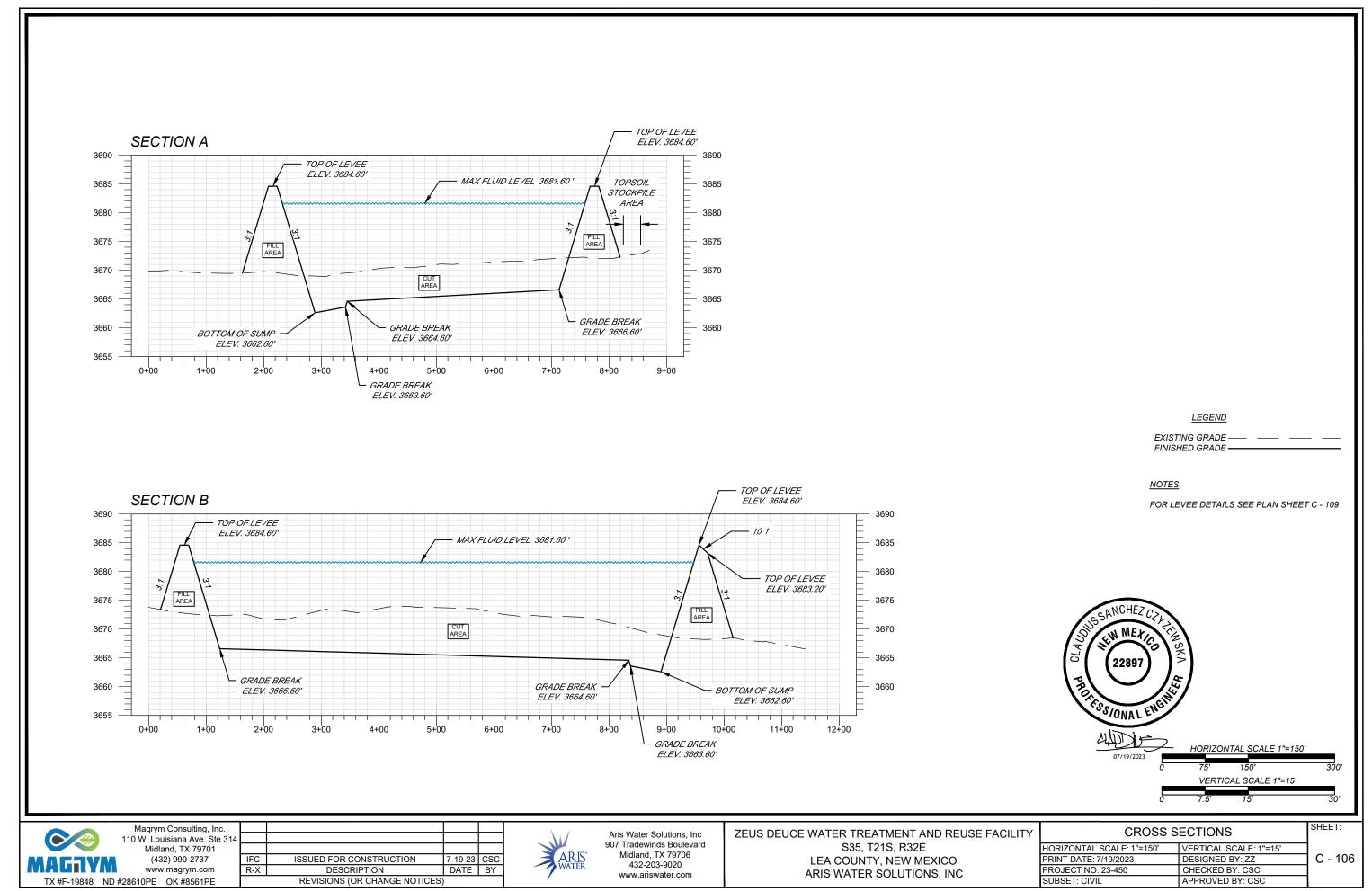
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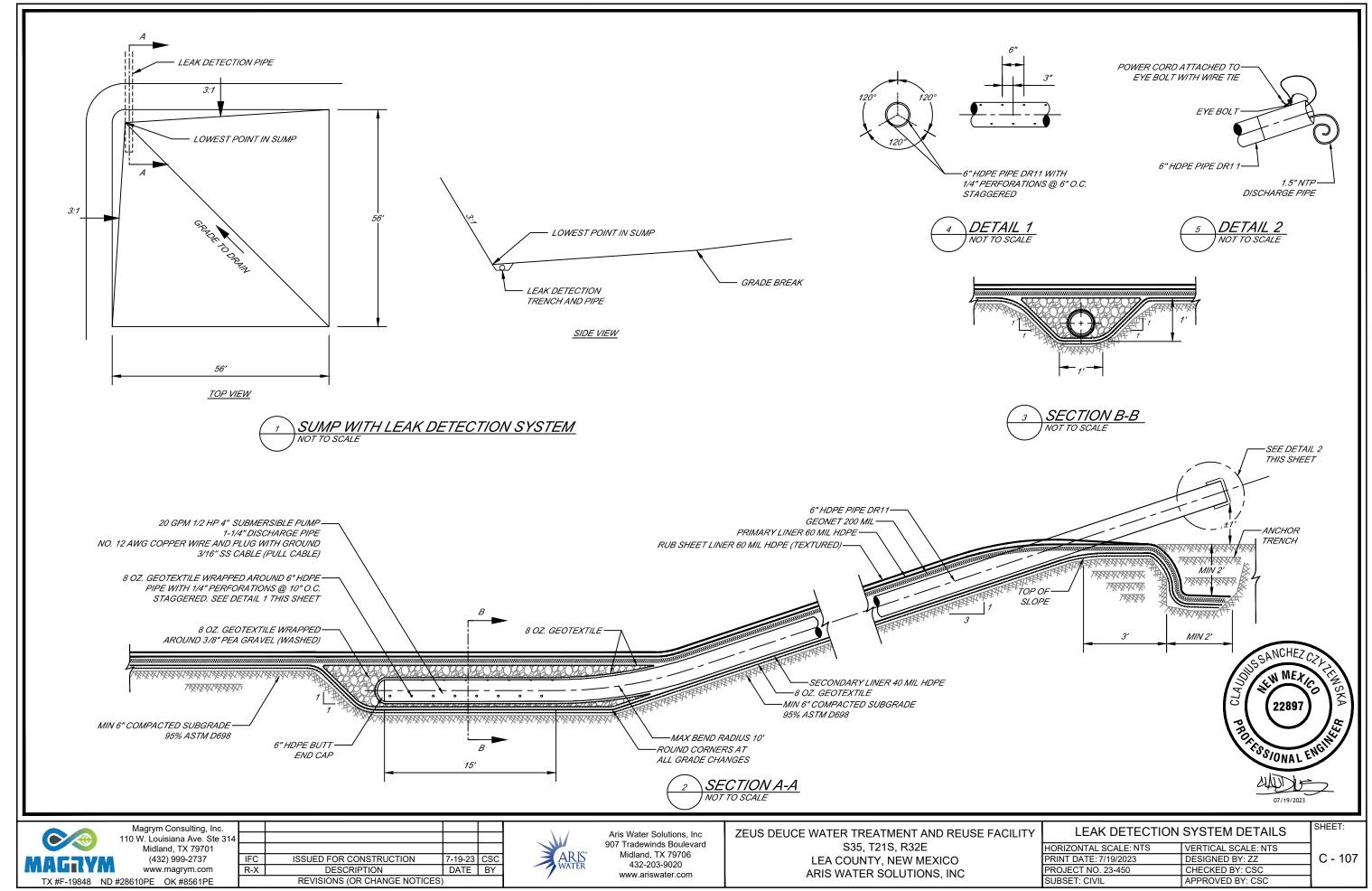
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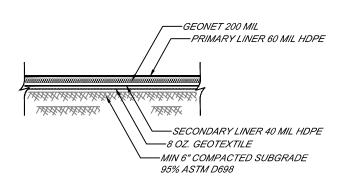
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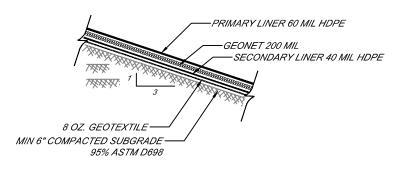




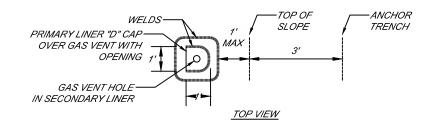
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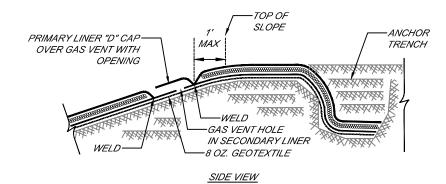












NOTE: GAS VENT SPACING SHALL BE INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS







Magrym Consulting, Inc. 110 W. Louisiana Ave. Ste 314 Midland, TX 79701 (432) 999-2737 www.magrym.com





Aris Water Solutions, Inc 907 Tradewinds Boulevard Midland, TX 79706 432-203-9020 www.ariswater.com

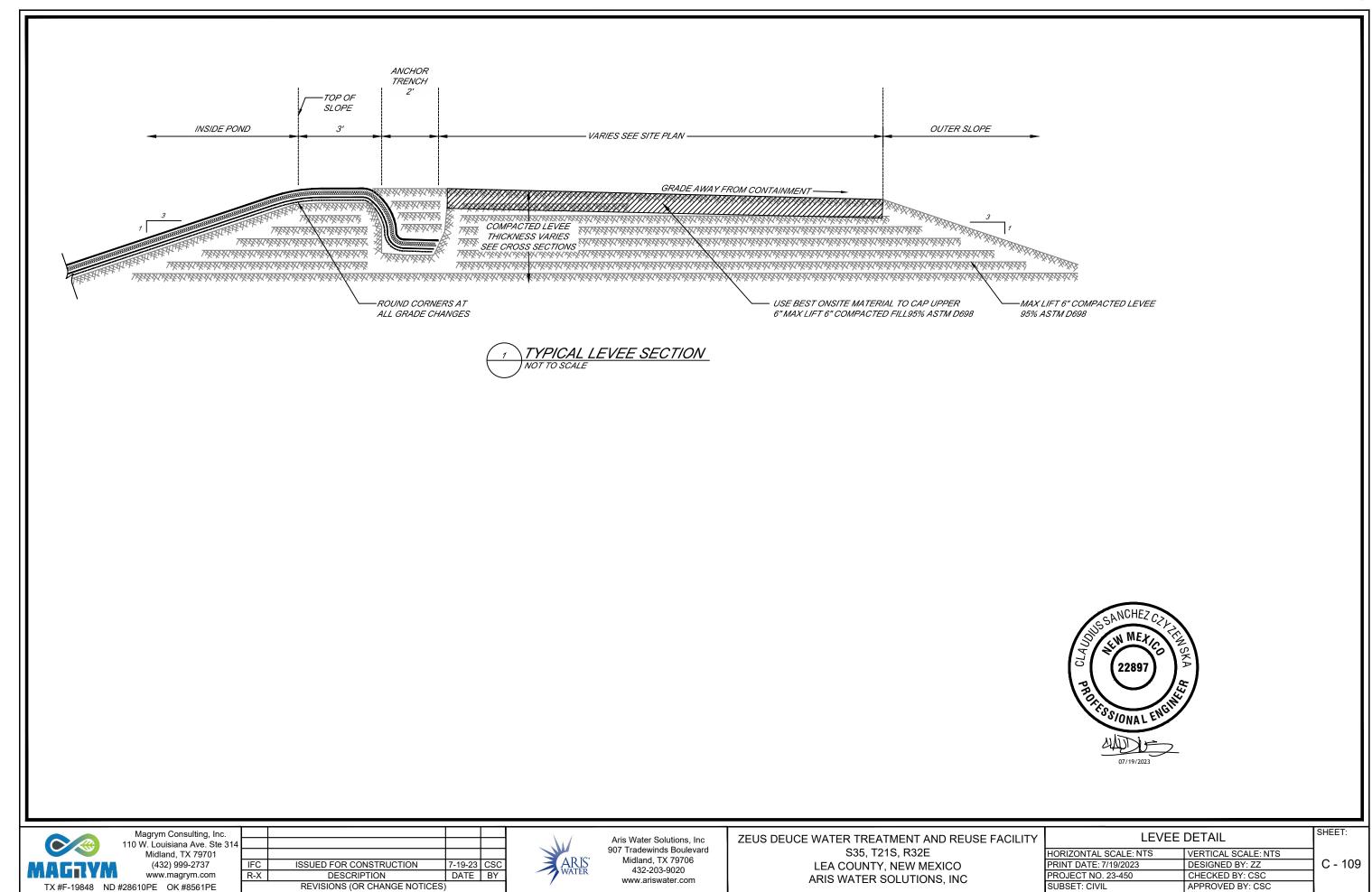
ZEUS DEUCE WATER TREATMENT AND REUSE FACILITY S35, T21S, R32E LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO ARIS WATER SOLUTIONS, INC

′	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS		SHEET:
	HORIZONTAL SCALE: NTS	VERTICAL SCALE: NTS	
	PRINT DATE: 7/19/2023	DESIGNED BY: ZZ	C - 108
	PROJECT NO. 23-450	CHECKED BY: CSC	
	SUBSET: CIVIL	APPROVED BY: CSC	

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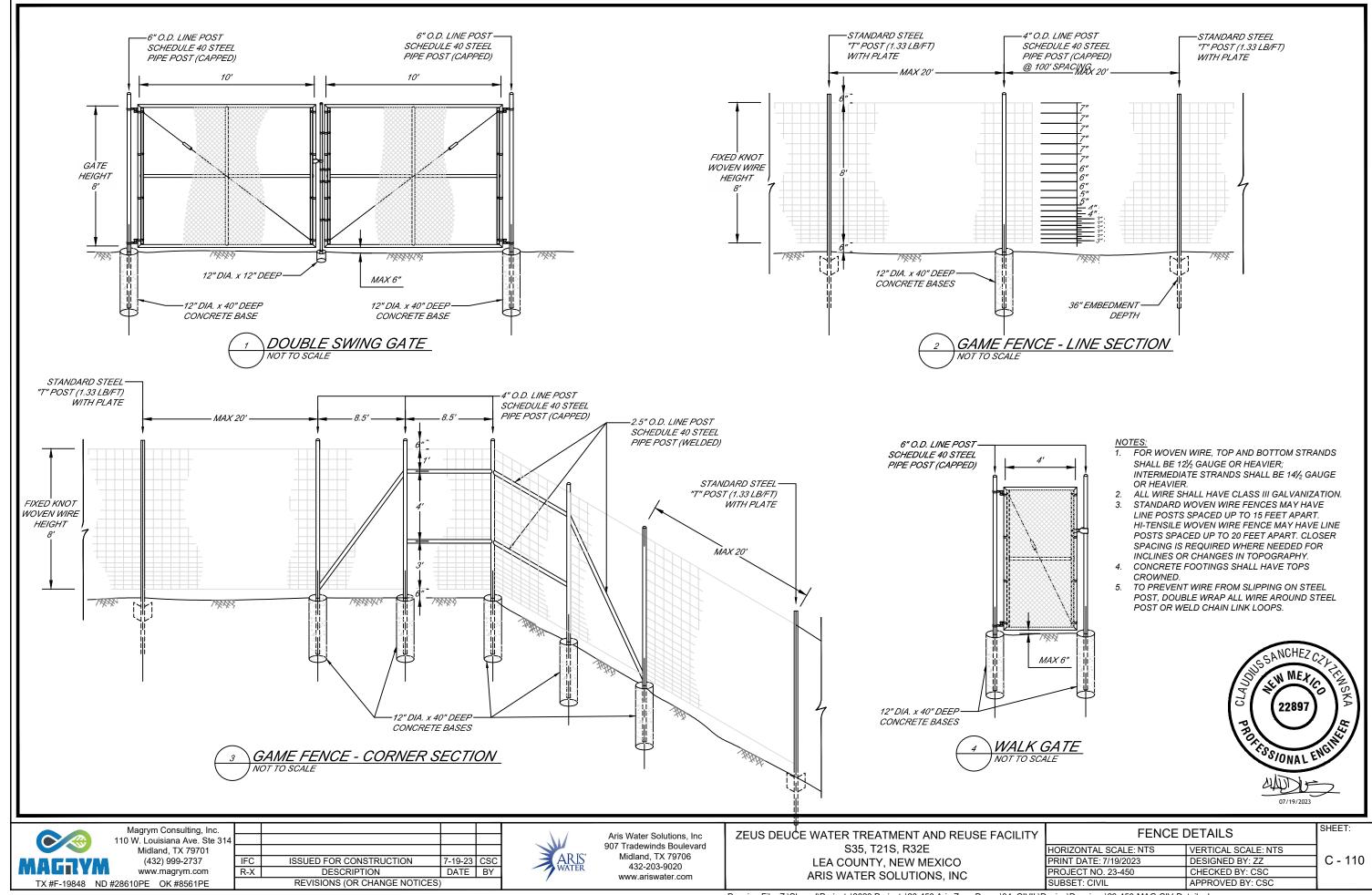
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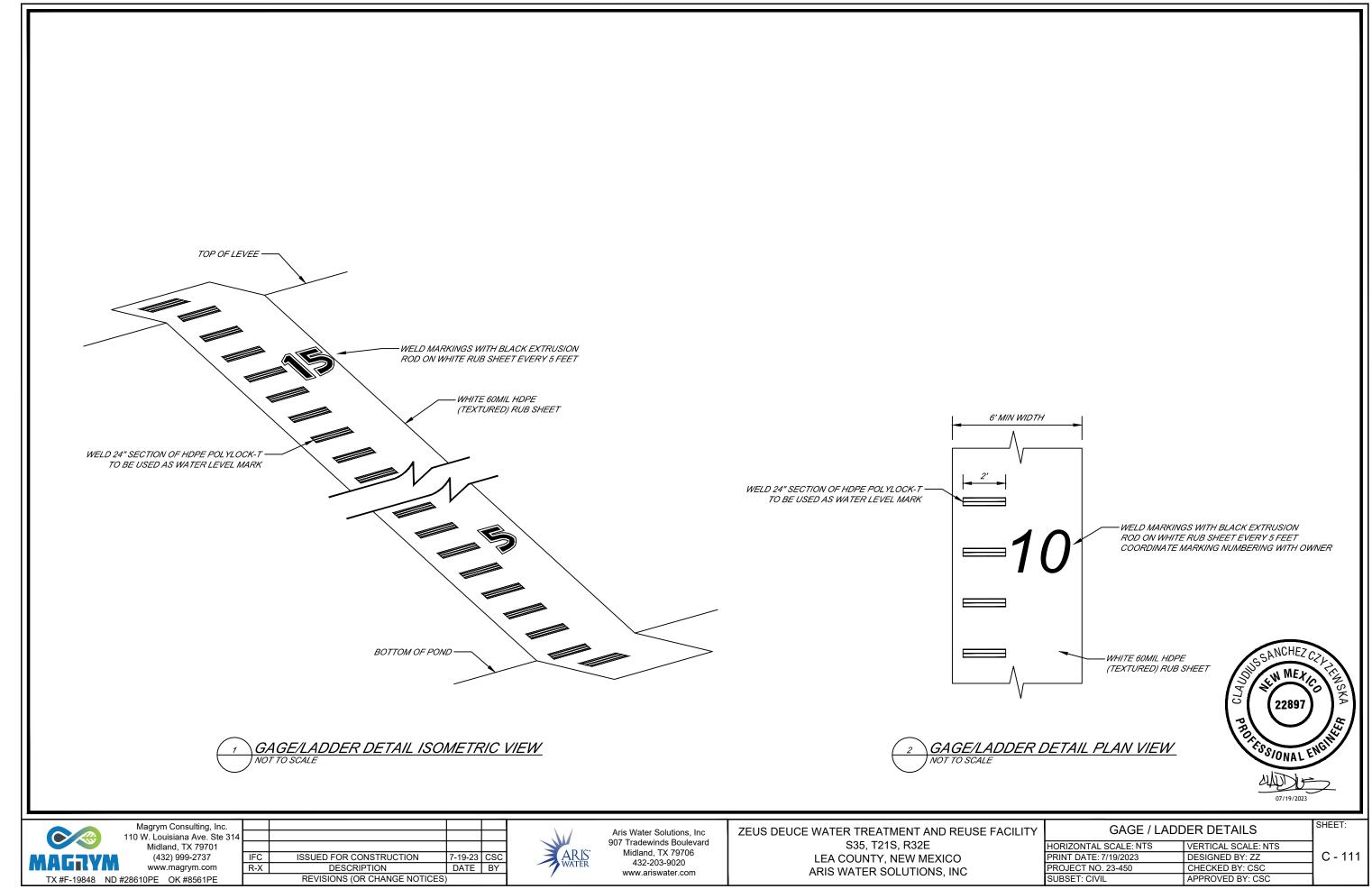
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R.K. FROBEL & ASSOCIATES

Consulting Engineers

Technical Memorandum: 40-mil HDPE as Alternative Secondary Liner System for In Ground Recycling Containment Facilities NMAC 19.15.34.12 A

I have investigated the suitability of application for 40 mil HDPE geomembrane as an equivalent secondary liner to 30 mil scrim reinforced LLDPE (LLDPEr) in the application for In Ground Recycling Containment facilities. *In summary, it is my professional opinion that the specified 40 mil HDPE geomembrane will provide a secondary liner system that is equal to or better than 30 mil scrim reinforced LLDPEr and will provide the requisite protection of fresh water, public health and the environment for many years when engineering design provides requisite site/soil/slope preparation and when used in concert with requisite primary liners and drainage layers.*

It is understood that the lining system under discussion is composed of a 60 mil HDPE Primary liner, geonet drainage layer and a 40 mil HDPE Secondary liner. *In consideration of the secondary lining system application, size of impoundment and depth, design details as well as the chemical nature of typical processed water, it is my professional opinion that the 40 mil HDPE geomembrane will provide the requisite barrier against processed water loss and will function effectively as a secondary liner.*

The following are discussion points that hopefully will exhibit the equivalency of a 40 mil HDPE secondary liner to that of a 30 mil LLDPEr.

The nature and formulation of the 40 mil HDPE resin is the same as the Primary 60 mil HDPE. The major difference is that the 40 mil HDPE is lower in thickness (more flexible and less puncture resistant). However, in covered conditions, HDPE will resist aging and degradation and remain intact for many decades. In fact, a secondary liner of 40 mil HDPE will outlast an exposed 60 mil HDPE liner. According to the Geosynthetic Research Institute (GRI) study on lifetime prediction (GRI Paper No. 6), the half life of HDPE (GRI GM 13) exposed is > 36 years and the half-life of HDPE covered or buried is greater than 100 years. It is understood that in order to ensure compliance of materials, the primary 60 mil HDPE to be used must meet or exceed GRI GM 13 Standards. Likewise, the secondary liner that is not exposed to the same environmental and chemical conditions must meet or exceed GRI GM 13 for non-reinforced HDPE. Adhering to the minimum requirements of the GRI Specifications, 40 mil HDPE when used as a secondary liner will be equally as protective as the primary 60 mil HDPE liner (reference: www.geosynthetic-institute.org/grispecs) and equally as protective as a 30 mil scrim reinforced LLDPEr liner.

<u>Durability of Geomembranes is directly affected by exposure conditions.</u> Buried or covered geomembranes are not affected by the same degradation mechanisms (UV, Ozone, Chemical, Stress, Temperature, etc) as are fully exposed geomembranes. In this regard, the secondary liner material and thickness can be much less robust than the fully exposed primary liner which in this case is 60 mil HDPE. This is also the case for

R.K. FROBEL & ASSOCIATES

Consulting Engineers

landfill lining systems where the secondary geomembrane in a bottom landfill cell may be 40 mil HDPE.

<u>Thermal Fusion Seaming Requirements</u>. Thermal seaming and QC seam test requirements for geomembranes are product specific and usually prescribed by the sheet manufacturer. Dual wedge thermal fusion welding is commonly used on HDPE and QC testing by air channel (ASTM D 5820) is fully acceptable and recognized as an industry standard. In this regard, there should be no exception requirement for seaming and QC testing as both the Primary and Secondary geomembranes are HDPE. This is fully covered in comprehensive specifications for both the Primary and Secondary geomembranes (Reference: www.ASTM.org/Standards).

Potential for Leakage through the Primary and Secondary Liners. Leakage through geomembrane liners is directly a function of the height of liquid head above any hole or imperfection. The geonet drainage media provides immediate drainage to a low point or sump and thus no hydrostatic head or driving gradient is available to push leakage water through a hole in the secondary liner. In this regard, secondary geomembrane materials can be (and usually are) much less in thickness and also polymer type. Hydraulic Conductivity through the 40 mil HDPE liner material is extremely low due to the polymer type, structure and crystallinity and exceeds requirements of EPA SW-846 Method 9090A.

<u>Chemical Attack</u>. Chemical attack to polymeric geomembranes is directly a function of type of chemical, temperature and exposure time. Again, the HDPE Primary provides the chemically resistant liner and is QC tested to reduce potential defects or holes. If there is a small hole, the geonet drain takes any leakage water immediately to the sump for extraction. Thus, exposure time is very limited on a secondary liner in addition to low temperature, little volume and virtually no head pressure. In this regard, a chemically resistant geomembrane material such as 40 mil HDPE can be specified for the secondary and is a fully acceptable alternate to 30 mil scrim reinforced LLDPEr.

Mechanical Properties Characteristics. Geomembranes of different polymer and/or structure (i.e., reinforced vs non-reinforced) cannot be readily compared using such characteristics as tensile stress/strain, tear, puncture and polymer requirements. For a 40 mil HDPE liner material to function as a Secondary liner it should meet or exceed the manufacturers minimum requirements for Density, Tensile Properties, Tear, Puncture as well as other properties such as UV resistance. The sheet material must also meet or exceed GRI GM 13 minimum requirements. In this regard, a 40 mil HDPE will be equivalent to a 30 mil LLDPEr as a secondary liner for the conditions listed below:

- The subgrade or compacted earth foundation will be smooth, free of debris or loose rocks, dry, unyielding and will support the lining system.
- The side slopes for the containment shall be equal to or less than 3H:1V.
- The physical properties and condition of the subgrade or liner foundation

R.K. FROBEL & ASSOCIATES

Consulting Engineers

(i.e., density, slope, moisture) will be inspected and certified by a Professional Engineer that it meets or exceeds specification requirements.

- Immediately prior to installation, the installation contractor shall inspect and sign off on the subgrade conditions that they meet or exceed the HDPE manufacturer and installers requirements.
- A protective geotextile will be placed on the finished and accepted subgrade between subgrade and the 40 mil HDPE Secondary liner.
- A 200 mil geonet will be placed over the 40 mil HDPE Secondary Liner.
- A 60 mil HDPE Primary liner will be placed over the 200 mil geonet drainage layer.

If you have any questions on the above technical memorandum or require further information, give me a call at 720-289-0300 or email geosynthetics@msn.com

Sincerely Yours,

RK Frobel

Ronald K. Frobel, MSCE, PE

References:

NMAC 19.15.34.12 A DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR A RECYCLING CONTAINMENT

Geosynthetic Research Institute (GRI) Published Standards and Papers 2017 www.geosynthetic-institute.org

ASTM Geosynthetics Standards 2017 www.ASTM.org/Standards





Perfect for Landfills, Airfields, Fish Farms, Farm Fields or any multi-acre facility.

Our most powerful system features two high-output amplifiers that drive our specially-designed 20 speaker tower. The intense sound output covers up to 30 acres (12 hectares).

It features solid-state electronics mounted inside a NEMAtype control box, suitable for most any application.

The generating unit mounts easily to a post or pole using the included hardware. The unit comes pre-recorded in four different configurations for the most common bird infestations.

Choose any or all of the 8 sounds, including predators to give the birds even more of a sense of danger. Customize by choosing volume and silent time between sounds.

Mega Blaster PRO

Complete system includes the generating unit with two built-in highoutput amplifiers, 20-speaker tower with audio cables, 40 watt solar

CONFIGURATIONS AVAILABLE:

- Agricultural # MEGA-AG
- Crow / Raven # MEGA-CROW
- Woodpecker # MEGA-WP
- Marine / Gull # MEGA-MAR







NOTE: This unit is capable of sound output up to 125 decibels. HEARING PROTECTION IS RECOMMENDED.

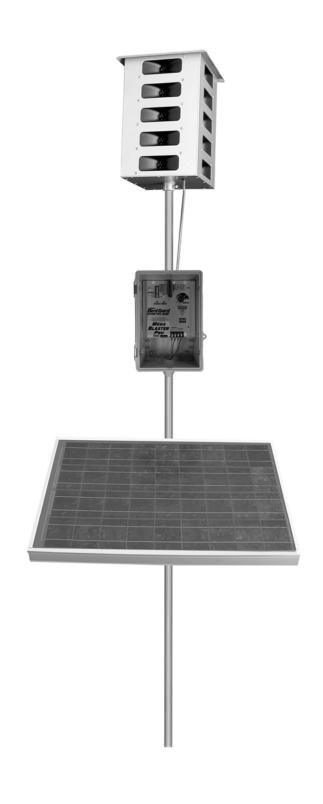


MEGA BLASTER PRO



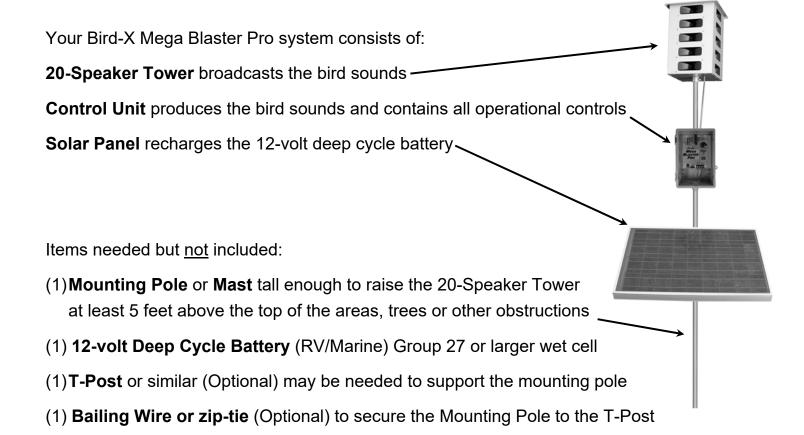
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Overview

The Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro utilizes the innate power of the natural survival instincts of birds to effectively repel them. Digital recordings of distressed and alarmed birds, along with the sounds made by their natural predators are broadcast through high fidelity weather-resistant speakers over the top of areas. This action triggers a primal fear and flee response. Pest birds soon relocate to where they can feed without feeling threatened.



CAUTION: THE MEGA BLASTER PRO IS CAPABLE OF PRODUCING SOUNDS UP TO 125 DECIBELS. PROPER HEARING PROTECTION MUST BE WORN ANYTIME THE UNIT IS TURNED ON.



Bird Control Management Guidelines

An active bird control management program is a key to successfully repelling pest birds. Bird feeding patterns may take several days or weeks to break. Follow all suggestions for maximum effectiveness. Read all instructions prior to installation.

For best results:

- It is extremely important to fully protect your entire area from birds. Any areas not fully protected will allow birds to begin feeding at the fringes of the sound coverage. They will soon become bolder and learn the sounds are nothing to fear. This will cause the effectiveness to diminish. Complete Bird-X product coverage forces birds to leave the area entirely.
- Install the Mega Blaster Pro unit at least two weeks before birds are attracted to your area. It is much easier to keep birds away before they have found a food source than it is to repel them once they have developed a feeding pattern.
- Most birds begin feeding from the perimeter of an area. Place Mega Blaster Pro units so the sound protection covers
 past the edges of the area.
- Birds will often use tall trees for roosting and observation. If birds are in bordering trees it is necessary to position the
 units so the sound protection covers the trees as well.
- Mount the 20-Speaker Tower at least five feet above trees, areas and structures for maximum coverage. The higher the better. Sound will disperse or reflect off structures or foliage. Mount control unit out of direct sun, if possible.
- When first installed, run Mega Blaster Pro units at FULL volume and on SHORT time off periods. This ensures maximum "bird stress" and creates a hostile environment.
- Watch for changes in bird activity and adjust the location of your Mega Blaster Pro unit if needed.
- Check the battery and unit settings often to insure continuous bird control. Be certain that the system is not turned down or has a dead battery. Field hands or harvesters may turn down the volume.
- Changing settings and switches often helps to prevent bird habituation. Periodically change the switch settings of the
 eight sounds (turning them ON or OFF). NEVER turn OFF the distress calls of the target birds you are trying to repel
 and always keep at least one predator bird sound turned ON.
- If different bird species enter the protected area and begin causing damage contact us immediately for an updated Sound Recording Card designed to repel the new invading birds.
- Remember that the Mega Blaster Pro system is a management tool, and should be used as part of your overall bird control strategy, sometimes in conjunction with other bird control techniques and devices.

Be aware that under extreme drought or other adverse conditions, birds will disregard all deterrents and risks in order to survive

DESIGN/CONSTRUCTION PLAN

This plan addresses construction of the earthen containments.

Magrym Engineers is providing the design of the containment and their plans are presented in this submission.

Dike Protection and Structural Integrity

The design and operation provide for the confinement of produced water, prevention of releases and prevention of overtopping due to wave action or rainfall. Additionally, the design prevents run-on of surface water as the containment is surrounded by an above-grade levee (a berm) and/or diversion ditch (between the levee and the soil stockpile) to prevent run-on of surface water.

Stockpile Topsoil

Where topsoil is present, prior to constructing containment, the operator will strip and stockpile the topsoil for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signage

The operator will place an upright sign no less than 12 inches by 24 inches with lettering not less than two inches in height in a conspicuous place on the fence surrounding the containment. The sign is posted in a manner and location such that a person can easily read the legend. The sign will provide the following information:

- the operator's name,
- the location of the site by quarter-quarter or unit letter, section, township and range, and
- emergency telephone numbers

Fencing

The operator will provide for a fence to enclose the recycling containment in a manner that deters unauthorized wildlife and human access. As specified in the design drawings, the operator will employ a chain-link or game fence. If required by the District Office, the operator will add four-strands of barbed wire to comply with the text of the Rule. Because feral pigs, javelina and deer are present in the area, a chain link or game fence is required in order to comply with Section 19.15.34.12 D.1 of the Rule because pigs will move beneath the lower strand of a 4-strand, 4-foot high barbed wire fence and deer will jump over. However, 19.15.34.12 D.2 requires "a four-foot fence that has at least four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level". Therefore, a barbed wire specification will be added to the game fence to avoid a variance if required by the OCD District Office.

19.15.34.12 A Design and Construction Specifications

(1). The operator shall design and construct a recycling containment to ensure the confinement of produced water, to prevent releases and to prevent overtopping due to wave action or rainfall. (8). The operator of a recycling containment shall design the containment to prevent run-on of surface water. The containment shall be surrounded by a berm, ditch or other diversion to prevent run-on of surface water

19.15.34.12 B. Prior to constructing containment, the operator shall strip and stockpile the topsoil for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure

19.15.34.12 C. Signs.

The operator shall post an upright sign no less than 12 inches by 24 inches with lettering not less than two inches in height in a conspicuous place on the fence surrounding the containment. The operator shall post the sign in a manner and location such that a person can easily read the legend. The sign shall provide the following information: the operator's name, the location of the site by quarter-quarter or unit letter, section, township and range, and emergency telephone numbers

19.15.34.12 D. Fencing

(1) The operator shall fence or enclose a recycling containment in a manner that deters unauthorized wildlife and human access and shall maintain the fences in good repair. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.

(2) Recycling containments shall be fenced with a four-foot fence that has at least four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level.

As stated in the O&M plan, the operator will ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.

Netting and Protection of Wildlife

The perimeter game/chain-link fence will be effective in excluding stock and most terrestrial wildlife. If requested by the surface owner, the game fence can include a fine mesh from the base to 1 foot above the ground to exclude the small reptiles (e.g. dune sagebrush lizard).

The recycling containment will be protective of wildlife, including migratory birds_through the implementation of an Avian Protection Plan, routine inspections and the perimeter fence.

The avian protection plan includes the use of a Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro¹ as a primary hazing program for avian species. The device will be equipped with sounds suitable for the Permian Basin environment. In addition to this sonic device, staff will routinely inspect the containment for the presence of avian species and, if detected, will use a blank cartridge or shell in a handgun, starter pistol or shotgun as additional hazing. Decoys of birds of prey may be placed on the game fence and other roosts around the open water to provide additional hazing.

The O&M plan calls for the operator to inspect for and, within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.

Earthwork

The containment will have a properly constructed foundation and interior slopes consisting of a firm, unyielding base, smooth and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent the liner's rupture or tear. Geotextile is required under the liner when needed to reduce localized stress-strain or protuberances that otherwise may compromise the liner's integrity.

This volume provides the stamped drawings for the containment with the following design/construction specifications:

a) levee has inside grade no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot (2H: 1V).

19.15.34.12 E Netting.

The operator shall ensure that a recycling containment is screened, netted or otherwise protective of wildlife, including migratory birds. The operator shall on a monthly basis inspect for and, within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.

19.15.34.12

(2) A recycling containment shall have a properly constructed foundation and interior slopes consisting of a firm, unyielding base, smooth and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent the liner's rupture or tear. Geotextile is required under the liner when needed to reduce localized stress-strain or protuberances that otherwise may compromise the liner's integrity...

- b) levee outside grade is no steeper than three horizontal feet to one vertical foot (3H: 1V)
- c) top of the levee is wide enough to install an anchor trench and provide adequate room for inspection and maintenance.
- d) The containment floor design calls for a slope toward the sump in the corner(s).

Liner and Drainage Geotextile Installation

The containment has a primary (upper) liner and a secondary (lower) liner with a leak detection system appropriate to the site's conditions.

The primary (upper) liner is a geomembrane liner composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to ultraviolet light, petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions. It is 60-mil HDPE. The secondary liner is specified in the design drawings and is 40-mil HDPE or thicker and is equivalent to 30-mil LLDPEr (in accordance with a previously approved variance) Liner compatibility meets or exceeds a subsequent relevant publication to EPA SW-846 method 9090A.

The recycling containment design has a leak detection system between the upper and lower geomembrane liners of 200-mil geonet to facilitate drainage. The leak detection system consists of a properly designed drainage and collection and removal system placed above the lower geomembrane liner in depressions and sloped to facilitate the earliest possible leak detection. The containment floor design calls for a slope toward the sump in the corner(s) of the containment, as shown in the design drawings. This slope combined with the highly transmissive geonet drainage layer provide for rapid leak detection.

The liners and drainage material will be installed consistent with the Manufacturer's specifications. In addition to any specifications of the Manufacturer, protocols for liner installation include measures to:

- i. minimizing liner seams and orient them up and down, not across, a slope of the levee.
- ii. use factory-welded seams where possible.
- iii. use field seams in geosynthetic material that are thermally seamed and prior to field seaming, overlap liners four to six inches.
- iv. minimize the number of field seams and comers and irregularly shaped areas.
- v. provide for no horizontal seams within five feet of the

19.15.34.12 A

(2) ...The operator shall construct the containment in a levee with an inside grade no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot (2H:1V). The levee shall have an outside grade no steeper than three horizontal feet to one vertical foot (3H:1V). The top of the levee shall be wide enough to install an anchor trench and provide adequate room for inspection and maintenance.

19.15.34.12 A

(3) Each recycling containment shall incorporate, at a minimum, a primary (upper) liner and a secondary (lower) liner with a leak detection system appropriate to the site's conditions.

19.15.34.12 A

(4) All primary (upper) liners in a recycling containment shall be geomembrane liners composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to ultraviolet light, petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions. All primary liners shall be 30-mil flexible PVC, 45-mil LLDPE string reinforced or 60-mil HDPE liners. Secondary liners shall be 30-mil LLDPE string reinforced or equivalent with a hydraulic conductivity no greater than 1 x 10-9 cm/sec. Liner compatibility shall meet or exceed the EPA SW-846 method 9090A or subsequent relevant publications.

19.15.34.12 A

(7) The operator of a recycling containment shall place a leak detection system between the upper and lower geomembrane liners that shall consist of 200-mil geonet or two feet of compacted soil with a saturated hydraulic conductivity of 1 x 10-5 cm/sec or greater to facilitate drainage. The leak detection system shall consist of a properly designed drainage and collection and removal system placed above the lower geomembrane liner in depressions and sloped to facilitate the earliest possible leak detection.

19.15.34.12 A

(5) The operator of a recycling containment shall minimize liner seams and orient them up and down, not across, a slope of the levee. Factory welded seams shall be used where possible. The operator shall ensure field seams in geosynthetic material are thermally seamed. Prior to field seaming, the operator shall overlap liners four to six inches...

- slope's toe.
- vi. use qualified personnel to perform field welding and testing.
- vii. avoid excessive stress-strain on the liner
- viii. The edges of all liners are anchored in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench that is at least 18 inches deep

At points of discharge into the lined earthen containment the pipe configuration effectively protects the liner from excessive hydrostatic force or mechanical damage during filling.

The design shows that at any point of discharge into or suction from the recycling containment, the liner is protected from excessive hydrostatic force or mechanical damage. External discharge or suction lines do not penetrate the liner.

Pumping from the containment to hydraulic fracturing operations is the responsibility of stimulation contractors. Typically, lines are permanently placed in the containment with floats attached to prevent damage to the liner system. The containment may be equipped with permanent HDPE stinger (supported by a sacrificial liner or geotextile) for withdrawal of fluid if the owner deems necessary during operations.

Leak Detection and Fluid Removal System Installation
The leak detection system, contains the following design elements

- a. The 200-mil HyperNet Geonet drainage material between the primary and secondary liner that is sufficiently permeable to allow the transport of fluids to the observation ports (Appendix A).
- b. The containment floor is sloped towards the monitoring riser pipe to facilitate the earliest possible leak detection of the containment bottom. A pump may be placed in the observation port to provide for fluid removal.
- c. Piping will withstand chemical attack from any seepage, structural loading from stresses and disturbances from overlying water, cover materials, equipment operation or expansion or contraction (see Appendix A).

19.15.34.12 A

(5) ...The operator shall minimize the number of field seams and corners and irregularly shaped areas. There shall be no horizontal seams within five feet of the slope's toe. Qualified personnel shall perform field welding and testing.

19.15.34.12 A

(3) The edges of all liners shall be anchored in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench. The anchor trench shall be at least 18 inches deep.

19.15.34.12 A

(6) At a point of discharge into or suction from the recycling containment, the operator shall insure that the liner is protected from excessive hydrostatic force or mechanical damage. External discharge or suction lines shall not penetrate the

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

CLOSURE PLAN

Overview

The operator will operate and maintain the lined earthen containment to contain liquids and solids (blow sand and minimal precipitates from the produced water) and maintain the integrity of the liner system in a manner that prevents contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment as described below. The purpose of the lined earthen containment is to facilitate recycling, reuse and reclamation of produced water derived from oil and gas wells. During periods when water for E&P operations is not needed, produced water will discharge to injection wells or to a pipeline for transfer to another recycling facility. The containment will not be used for the disposal of produced water or other oilfield waste.

The operation of the containment is summarized below.

- A. Produced water generated from nearby oil and gas wells is delivered to a treatment system located as indicated in the C-147.
- B. Unless specified in the transmittal letter, after treatment, the produced water discharges into the containment.
- C. When required, produced water is removed from the containment for E&P operations. At this time, produced water will be used for drilling beneath the freshwater zones (beneath surface casing), for well stimulation (e.g. hydraulic fracturing) and other E&P uses as approved by OCD.
- D. Whenever the maximum fluid capacity of the containment is reached, treatment and discharge to the containment ceases (see Freeboard and Overtopping Plan, below).
- E. The operator will keep accurate records and shall report monthly to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148 (see attached example).
- F. The operator will maintain accurate records that identify the sources and disposition of all recycled water that shall be made available for review by the division upon request.

19.15.34.10 D Recycling containments may not be used for the disposal of produced water or other oilfield wastes.

19.15.34.9 E

The operator of a recycling facility shall keep accurate records and shall report monthly to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.

19.15.34.9 F

The operator of a recycling facility shall maintain accurate records that identify the sources and disposition of all recycled water that shall be made available for review by the division upon request.

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G. The containment shall be deemed to have ceased operations if less than 20% of the total fluid capacity is used every six months following the first withdrawal of produced water for use. The operator will report cessation of operations to the appropriate division district office. The appropriate division district office may grant an extension to this determination of cessation of operations not to exceed six months.

The operation of the lined earthen containment will follow the mandates listed below:

- 1. The operator will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste (as defined by 40 CFR 261 and NMAC 19.15.2.7.H.3) in the containments.
- 2. If the containment's primary liner is compromised above the fluid's surface, the operator will repair the damage or initiate replacement of the primary liner within 48 hours of discovery or seek an extension of time from the division district office.
- 3. If the primary liner is compromised below the fluid's surface, the operator will remove all fluid above the damage or leak within 48 hours of discovery, notify the division district office and repair the damage or replace the primary liner.
- 4. If any penetration of the containment liner is confirmed by sampling of fluid in the leak detection system (see Monitoring, Inspection, and Reporting Plan; below), the operator will:
 - a. Begin and maintain fluid removal from the leak detection/pump-back system,
 - b. Notify the district office within 48 hours (phone or email) of the discovery,
 - c. Identify the location of the leak, and
 - d. Repair the damage or, if necessary, replace the containment liner.
- 5. The operator will install, or maintain on site, an oil absorbent boom or other device to contain an unanticipated release and the operator will remove any visible layer of oil from the surface of the recycling containment.
- 6. The operator will report releases of fluid in a manner consistent with NMAC 19.15.29
- 7. The containment will be operated to prevent the collection of surface water run-on.

19.15.34.13 C

A recycling containment shall be deemed to have ceased operations if less than 20% of the total fluid capacity is used every six months following the first withdrawal of produced water for use. The operator must report cessation of operations to the appropriate division district office. The appropriate division district office may grant an extension to this determination of cessation of operations not to exceed six months.

19.15.34.13 B

- (4) If the containment's primary liner is compromised above the fluid's surface, the operator shall repair the damage or initiate replacement of the primary liner within 48 hours of discovery or seek an extension of time from the division district office.
- (5) If the primary liner is compromised below the fluid's surface, the operator shall remove all fluid above the damage or leak within 48 hours of discovery, notify the division district office and repair the damage or replace the primary liner.

19.15.34.13 B

- (7) The operator shall install, or maintain on site, an oil absorbent boom or other device to contain an unanticipated release.
- (1) The operator shall remove any visible layer of oil from the surface of the recycling containment. 19.15.34.8 A
- (6) All releases from the recycling and re-use of produced water shall be handled in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

- 8. The operator will maintain the containment free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris.
- 9. The operator will maintain at least three feet of freeboard for the containment and will use a freestanding staff gauge to allow easy determination of the required 3-foot of freeboard.
- 10. As described in the design/construction plan, the injection or withdrawal of fluids from the containment is accomplished through hardware that prevents damage to the liner by erosion, fluid jets or impact from installation and removal of hoses or pipes.
- 11. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.
- 12. The operator will maintain the fences in good repair.

Monitoring, Inspection, and Reporting Plan

The operator will inspect the recycling containment and associated leak detection systems weekly while it contains fluids. The operator shall maintain a current log of such inspections and make the log available for review by the division upon request.

Weekly inspections consist of:

- reading and recording the fluid height of staff gauges,
- recording any evidence that the pond surface shows visible oil,
- visually inspecting the containment's exposed liners
- checking the leak detection system for any evidence of a loss of integrity of the primary liner
- inspect diversion ditches and berms around the containment to check for erosion and collection of surface water run-on.
- inspect the leak detection system for evidence of damage or malfunction and monitor for leakage.

As stated above, if a liner's integrity is compromised, or if any penetration of the liner occurs, then the operator will take appropriate action within 48 hours, based on if above or below water surface, as noted above.

19.15.34.13

(6) The containment shall be operated to prevent the collection of surface water run-on.

19.15.34.13 B

(2) The operator shall maintain at least three feet of freeboard at each containment.

19.15.34.13 B

(3) The injection or withdrawal of fluids from the containment shall be accomplished through a header, diverter or other hardware that prevents damage to the liner by erosion, fluid jets or impact from installation and removal of hoses or pipes.

19.15.34.12 D

(1) The operator shall fence or enclose a recycling containment in a manner that deters unauthorized wildlife and human access and shall maintain the fences in good repair. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.

19.15.34.13 A

The operator shall inspect the recycling containment and associated leak detection systems weekly while it contains fluids. The operator shall maintain a current log of such inspections and make the log available for review by the division upon request.

Monthly, the operator will:

- A. Inspect the containment for dead migratory birds and other wildlife. Within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.
- B. Report to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.
- C. Record sources and disposition of all recycled water.

The operator will maintain a log of all inspections and make the log available for the appropriate Division district office's review upon request. An example of the log is attached to this section of the permit application.

Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan

The method of operation of the containment allows for maintaining freeboard with very few potential problems. When the capacity of the containment is reached (3-feet of freeboard), the discharge of produced water ceases and the produced water generated by nearby oil and gas wells is managed by an injection well(s).

If rising water levels suggest that 3-feet of freeboard will not be maintained, the operator will implement one or more of the following options:

- I. Cease discharging produced water to the containment.
- II.Accelerate re-use of the produced water for purposes approved by the Division.
- III. Transfer produced water from the containment to injection wells.

The reading of the staff gauge typically occurs daily when treatment operations are ongoing and weekly when discharge to the containment is not occurring.

19.15.34.12 E

The operator shall on a monthly basis inspect for and, within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.

19.15.34.9 E

The operator of a recycling facility shall keep accurate records and shall report monthly to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.

19.15.34.9 F

The operator of a recycling facility shall maintain accurate records that identify the sources and disposition of all recycled water that shall be made available for review by the division upon request.

Protocol for Leak Detection Monitoring, Fluid Removal and Reporting

As shown in Appendix A, the leak detection system includes a monitoring system. Any fluid released from the primary liner will flow to the collection sump, where fluid level monitoring is possible at the monitoring riser pipe associated with the leak detection system.

Staff may employ a portable electronic water level meter to determine if fluid exists in the monitoring riser pipe. Obtaining accurate readings of water levels in a sloped pipe beneath a containment can be a challenge. An electrician's wire snake may be required to push the probe to the bottom of the port and the probe may be fixed in a 2-inch pipe "dry housing" to avoid false readings due to water condensation on the pipe. There are many techniques to determine the existence of water in the sumps – including low flow pumps and a simple small bailer affixed to an electrician's snake. The operator will use the method that works best for this containment.

If seepage from the containment into the leak detection system is suspected by a positive fluid level measurement, the operator will:

- 1. Re-measure fluid levels in the monitoring riser pipe on a daily basis for one week to determine the rate of seepage.
- 2. Collect a water sample from the monitoring riser pipe to confirm the seepage is produced water from the containment via electrical conductivity and chloride measurements.
- 3. Notify NMOCD of a confirmed positive detection in the system within 48 hours of sampling (initial notification).
- 4. Install a pump into the monitoring riser pipe sump to continually (manually on a daily basis or via automatic timers) remove fluids from the leak detection system into the containment until the liner is repaired or replaced.
- 5. Dispatch a liner professional to inspect the portion of the containment suspected of leakage during a "low water" monitoring event.
- 6. Provide NMOCD a second report describing the inspection and/or repair within 20 days of the initial notification.

Operation and Maintenance Plan In Ground Containments

If the point of release is obvious from a low water inspection, the liner professional will repair the loss of integrity. If the point of release cannot be determined by the inspection, the liner professional will develop a more robust plan to identify the point(s) of release. The inspection plan and schedule will be submitted to OCD with the second report. The operator will implement the plan upon OCD approval.

Closure Plan In Ground Containments

Overview

After operations cease, the operator will remove all fluids within 60 days and close the containment within six months from the date the operator ceases operations from the containment for use.

The operator shall substantially restore the impacted surface area to

- a. the condition that existed prior to the construction of the recycling containment or
- to a condition imposed by federal, state trust land or tribal agencies on lands managed by those agencies as these provisions govern the obligations of any operator subject to those provisions,

The surface owner will impose a closure design that conforms to their needs for the site. The operator understands that a variance will be submitted to OCD to allow for any alternative closure protocol.

Excavation and Removal Closure Plan – Protocols and Procedures

The containment is expected to hold a small volume of solids, the majority of which will be windblown sand and dust with some mineral precipitates from the water

- 1. The operator will remove all liquids from the containment and either:
 - a. Dispose of the liquids in a division-approved facility, or
 - b. Recycle, reuse or reclaim the water for reuse in drilling and stimulation.
- 2. The operator will close the recycling containment by first removing all fluids, contents and synthetic liners and transferring these materials to a division approved facility.
- 3. After the removal of the containment contents and liners, soils beneath the containment will be tested by collection of a five-point (minimum) composite sample which includes stained or wet soils, if any, and that sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I of 19.15.34.14.
- 4. After review of the laboratory results:
 - a. If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I, additional delineation may be required, and the operator must receive approval before proceeding with closure.

19.15.34.14 A

Once the operator has ceased operations, the operator shall remove all fluids within 60 days and close the containment within six months from the date the operator ceases operations from the containment for use.

19.15.34.14 E

The operator shall substantially restore the impacted surface area to the condition that existed prior to the construction of the recycling containment.

19.15.34.14 G

The re-vegetation and reclamation obligations imposed by federal, state trust land or tribal agencies on lands managed by those agencies shall supersede these provisions and govern the obligations of any operator subject to those provisions, provided that the other requirements provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health and the environment.

19.15.34.14 B

The operator shall close a recycling containment by first removing all fluids, contents and synthetic liners and transferring these materials to a division approved facility.

19.15.34.14 C

The operator shall test the soils beneath the containment for contamination with a five-point composite sample which includes stained or wet soils, if any, and that sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I below.

19.15.34.14 C

(1) If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table I, the division may require additional delineation upon review of the results and the operator must receive approval before proceeding with closure.

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Closure Plan In Ground Containments

- b. If all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I, then the operator will proceed to
 - i. backfill with non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material - Or
 - ii. undertake an alternative closure process pursuant to a variance request after approval by OCD.

Reclamation and Re-vegetation

- a. The operator will reclaim the containment's location to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area.
- <u>b.</u> Topsoils and subsoils shall be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns.
- c. The disturbed area shall then be reseeded in the first favorable growing season following closure of a recycling containment.

Closure Documentation

Within 60 days of closure completion, the operator shall submit a closure report on form C-147, including required attachments, to document all closure activities including sampling results and the details on any backfilling, capping or covering, where applicable. The closure report shall certify that all information in the report and attachments is correct and that the operator has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in division rules or directives.

The operator shall notify the division when reclamation and revegetation are complete. Specifically the notice will document that all ground surface disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and a uniform vegetative cover has been established that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of predisturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.

19.15.34.14 C

(2) If all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I, then the operator can proceed to backfill with non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material.

19.15.34.14 E

Once the operator has closed the recycling containment, the operator shall reclaim the containment's location to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area. Topsoils and subsoils shall be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns. The disturbed area shall then be reseeded in the first favorable growing season following closure of a recycling containment.

19.15.34.14 D

Within 60 days of closure completion, the operator shall submit a closure report on form C-147, including required attachments, to document all closure activities including sampling results and the details on any backfilling, capping or covering, where applicable. The closure report shall certify that all information in the report and attachments is correct and that the operator has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in division rules or directives.

19.15.34.14 H

The operator shall notify the division when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete.

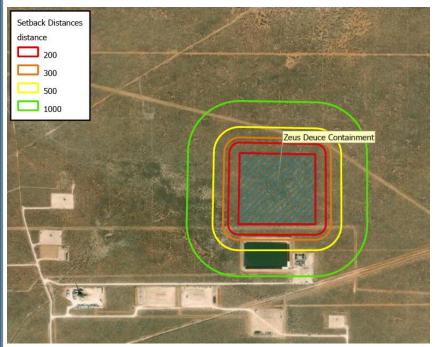
19.15.34.14 F

Reclamation of all disturbed areas no longer in use shall be considered complete when all ground surface disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and a uniform vegetative cover has been established that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of predisturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.

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Rule 34 Registration: Volume 1 Zeus Deuce Containments Section 35, T21S, R32E, Lea County

- Transmittal Letter
- Siting Criteria Demonstration with Plates & Appendices



Aerial View of Zeus Deuce Containment showing nature of landscape.

Prepared for: Solaris Midstream Waters, LLC San Antonio, Texas

Prepared by:

R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd. 901 Rio Grande NW F-142 Albuquerque, New Mexico

R. T. HICKS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

901 Rio Grande Blvd NW ▲ Suite F-142 ▲ Albuquerque, NM 87104 ▲ 505.266.5004 ▲ Since 1996

July 31, 2023

Ms. Leigh Barr EMNRD - Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505 Via E-Mail Ms. Victoria Venegas NMOCD - District 2 811 S. First St. Artesia, NM 88210 Via E-Mail

RE: Solaris Water Midstream, LLC, Zeus Deuce Containment In-ground Containment Registration Section 35, T21S, R32E, Lea County

Dear Ms. Barr and Ms. Venegas:

On behalf Solaris Water Midstream, LLC, R.T. Hicks Consultants prepared a C-147 registration for the above-referenced project. Solaris anticipates that construction will commence no sooner than August 28, 2023. Produced water will <u>flow into the</u> containment on October 15, 2023.

Volume 1 of the package contains:

- this letter
- siting criteria demonstration for the containment with appendices
- a closure cost estimate for the containment will follow (see below)

Volume 2 includes:

- C-147 Form to register the in-ground containment
- Stamped Design Drawings with a liner equivalency demonstration and an Avian Deterrent System
- Recently Approved Plans for Design/Construction, O&M, Closure

Solaris will submit an itemized closure cost estimate for the in-ground containment on or before November 1, 2023. This date allows several weeks of construction to allow for an accurate estimate.

This submission refers to the following elements that some OCD reviewers have considered variances for in-ground containments:

- 1. An equivalency demonstration written by experts for the proposed 40-mil HDPE secondary liner has been previously approved by OCD. We maintain that the language of the Rule is clear, and a variance is not required.
- 2. OCD has approved the proposed Avian Protection Plan (Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro) for other containments. Thus, the plan meets the requirement of the rule that the "otherwise protective of wildlife, including migratory birds" and a variance is not required.

July 31, 2023 Page 2

3. Using the proposed deer fence in lieu of a 4-strand barbed wire fence is not a variance. Because feral pigs, javelina and deer are present in the area, a tall game fence is required to comply with Section 19.15.34.12 D.1 of the Rule. The specification for fencing provided in 19.15.34.12 D.2 contradicts D.1 because pigs will move beneath the lower strand of a 4-foot high barbed wire fence and deer will jump over. Thus, compliance with D.2 results in a violation of D.1. We maintain that compliance with D.1 is the critical component of the Rule and operators need not be required to submit a variance request to follow Best Management Practices and comply with the Rule. Nevertheless, Solaris will attach 4 strands of barbed wire to the game fence if required by OCD.

Solaris will transmit the registration package to OCD via the OCD.Online portal. In compliance with 19.15.34.10 of the Rule, Solaris provided this package to Ms. Stacey Mills, who is the representative of the surface owner. If you have any questions or concerns regarding this permit or the attached C-147, please contact me. As always, we appreciate your work ethic and diligence.

Sincerely,

R.T. Hicks Consultants

Randall T. Hicks PG

Principal

Copy: Solaris Water Midstream, LLC

Ms. Stacey Mills, slash46@live.com

SITING CRITERIA DEMONSTRATION

Distance to Groundwater

Plates 1, 2a, and 2b with their associated legend, and the discussion presented below demonstrate that groundwater (fresh water, as defined by NMOCD Rules) at the location is greater than the required 50 feet below the proposed Zeus Deuce Containment site. Specifically, the estimated depth to water is greater than 100 feet.

Hydrogeology of Zeus Deuce Containment Site

Plate 1 shows the topography of the area of the Zeus Deuce Containment and the locations of water wells in the databases of the NM Office of the State Engineer, the USGS and Hicks Consultants.

As can be seen on Plate 1, the site is in the northwestern portion of the northwest to southeast trending San Simon Swale. At the site, stormwater flows southeast toward the center of the Swale, 16 miles distant and beyond the southeastern limit of Plate 1. The low point of the Swale is more than 390 feet lower than the site at an elevation of 3273 feet. About 1.3 miles to the northwest of the Zeus Deuce site is a slight saddle with an elevation of 3680 feet. On the far side of the saddle, surface water flows northwest into the Bilbrey Basin.

The State Geologic Map of Plate 2a shows that the Tertiary Ogallala Formation (To) is exposed north and northeast of the Zeus Deuce site. Quaternary eolian sand and piedmont alluvial deposits characterize the surface at the site. Underlying the piedmont deposits are the Tertiary Ogallala Formation in the north and northeast portion of Plate 2a.

Plate 2b shows contours of the top surface of the Triassic Chinle (aka Dockum Group) in addition to the State Geologic Map of Plate 2a. This redbed surface underlies a thin veneer of alluvium. At the Zeus Deuce site, the elevation of the Triassic surface (Chinle/Dockum) is not complete in the area of the containment site. Interpolation suggests that the top surface of the Chinle may be at about 3650 ASL. With the surface elevation of 3665 feet at the Zeus Deuce site, the resultant thickness of alluvial material (Op or To) is about 15 feet.

The driller's log for CP-1701 (see Well Logs Appendix), about 0.8 miles west of the site, penetrated a red clay from 80 feet to 190 feet deep. Underlying the clay is 210 feet of Tan/Red sandstone. This lithology is typical of the Chinle. We know the work of the driller of this well (Bryce Wallace) and believe the record of cuttings is valid. The surface elevation of CP-1701 is about 3675. Based upon the well log, the top of the "red bed" (Chinle) is at an elevation of (3675-80=) 3595 feet. As CP-1701 is located west of the Zeus Deuce site, the data is consistent with an upper red bed surface dipping to the west. The well log also indicates the uppermost water bearing zone is a red siltstone with gypsum at 560 feet, which may be the Permian Quartermaster or Rustler. However, the USGS identifies the Chinle/Santa Rosa as the primary aquifer in this area, and we agree with their interpretation.

Other well logs in the Well Logs Appendix provide useful data as indicated below.

- C-2821 (2.6 miles south of Zeus Deuce) describes a red/smooth/sticky clay at 72 feet below the surface. The elevation of the Chinle redbeds on Plate 2b at this location is about (3715-72=) 3643, which agrees with the projected 3650 elevation of Plate 2b. The uppermost water bearing strata is noted at a depth of 410 feet with a groundwater elevation of (3715-410=) 3305...
- C-3717, in Section 9 of T22S, R32E, is about 2.7 miles southwest of the Zeus Deuce site and was not completed as a well due to lack of water. Groundwater is noted at a depth of 55 feet, which may be a perched zone caused by recharge from the nearby Divide Tank. Red clay at the 30 foot depth is probably the top of the Chinle, which calculates to an elevation of (3775-30=) 3745. Note that Plate 2b suggests the Chinle is at or near the surface about 2 miles west of this well. A second water bearing zone composed of conglomerate was identified between the depths of 620 and 630 feet. The corresponding groundwater elevation is (3775-620=) 3155 feet.

Depth to Water Data and Nearby Wells

Plate 2a and the associated legend presents a topographic map overlain by a transparent geologic map of the state of New Mexico that display the following:

- A blue hatched rectangle, which represents the footprint of the Zeus Site.
- Water wells from the USGS database as green, cyan, purple, red, and blue triangles.
 These colors indicate the principal water-bearing unit for each well:
 Alluvium/Bolsom, Ogallala, Chinle, Santa Rosa, and Not Defined, respectively. The well number as defined in the database, recorded depth to water value, and date the water level was measured is displayed next to the corresponding well point.
- Miscellaneous water wells from public and non-public databases were identified by field inspection or other published documents are represented by yellow, cyan, green, dark green, and dark blue squares with black dots in the center. The colors correspond to the depth to water. The water level measurement and the date the measurement was recorded are displayed next to the corresponding well points.

While alluvial sediments near Hat Mesa to the north of the containment and the Ogallala Formation to the northeast create a reasonable water-table aquifer, these sediments are relatively thin and not saturated at the Zeus Deuce site, as described above. Groundwater at the Zeus Deuce site is derived from the Triassic Chinle/Santa Rosa units. The driller's log from the closest well, CP-1701, indicates "first water" at a depth of 560 feet and a static water level of 457. Within Plate 2a the 560 depth of "first water" is used to calculate the elevation of groundwater (3680-560=) 3120. Using the static water level from the well log (457), the elevation of the potentiometric surface at CP-1701 of the confined groundwater is (3680-457=) 3223.

Projecting the elevation that groundwater was encountered at CP-1701 beneath the Zeus Deuce site yields a depth to water at the Zeus Deuce site of (3665-3120=) 545 feet. Data from driller's logs can be inaccurate, but the description of the lithology and groundwater characteristics displayed in the log for CP-1701 is consistent with data from nearby wells, the geology of the area and USGS water level data (see Appendix Well Logs and Data). We

can state with a high degree of scientific certainty that the depth to the groundwater surface beneath the Zeus Deuce site is greater than 100 feet.

Distance to Municipal Boundaries and Freshwater Fields

Plate 3 demonstrates that the area of interest is not within incorporated municipal boundaries or within defined municipal freshwater well fields covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended.

- The nearest freshwater well field is 28 miles to the west and is associated with Loving and/or Otis New Mexico
- The nearest municipality is the City of Loving, which is 27 miles west-southwest of the site.

Distance to Subsurface Mines

Plate 4 and our general reconnaissance of the area demonstrate the absence of subsurface mines in the area.

- The Zeus Deuce site is not in an area where subsurface mines exist.
- The nearest surface mine mapped in the MILS database is a caliche pit about 1.2 miles to the north-northwest.
- An unmapped caliche pit is about 5000 feet to the west-southwest

Distance to High or Critical Karst Areas

Plate 5 illustrates the Zeus Site is within a "low" karst potential.

- The closest high karst area is more than 8 miles to the west
- Our field investigation saw no evidence of unstable ground or karst features such as sinkholes.

Distance to 100-Year Floodplain

Plate 6 demonstrates the absence of 100-year flood plains with respect to the proposed location for the Zeus site.

• The nearest 100-year flood plain is 16 miles southwest of the site.

Distance to Surface Water

Plate 7 and the site visit demonstrate the that the Zeus Site is outside of the setback distances for a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse or the next lower order tributary, lakebed, sinkhole, playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark) or spring.

- The nearest surface water feature is an intermittent stream that is located more than 600 feet to the southwest.
- We observed no watercourses that meet the Rule 34 definition near the site.

Distance to Permanent Residences or Structures

Plate 8 demonstrates that the proposed site for the Zeus Deuce Site is not within the setback distances of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, church, or other structure at the time of the initial application.

• The only structures near the proposed site are the well pads, lease roads and pipelines.

Distance to Non-Public Water Supply

Plates 1 and 7 demonstrate the Zeus Deuce location is not within the setback distances of a spring or freshwater well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.

- Plate 1 shows the location of all area water wells. The nearest well, CP-1701 is located more than 3000 feet west of the Zeus Deuce Containment location.
- No domestic water wells are located within 1,000 feet of the recycling area.
- No springs were identified in the area.
- The site is not within 500 feet of a spring or freshwater well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.

Distance to Wetlands

Plate 9 demonstrates that the proposed site of the Zeus Deuce site is not within the 300-foot setback distance of a wetland.

- The nearest wetland mapped by the USA database is a riverine wetland associated with an arroyo about 5 miles west of the Zeus Deuce site. Typically these are not wetlands when inspected on the ground but are brush covered arroyos.
- The nearest wetland mapped by the New Mexico database is about 0.55 miles north of the site. 1.05 miles to the southwest are wetlands associated with the School Section Tanks.

SITING CRITERIA DEMONSTRATION PLATES

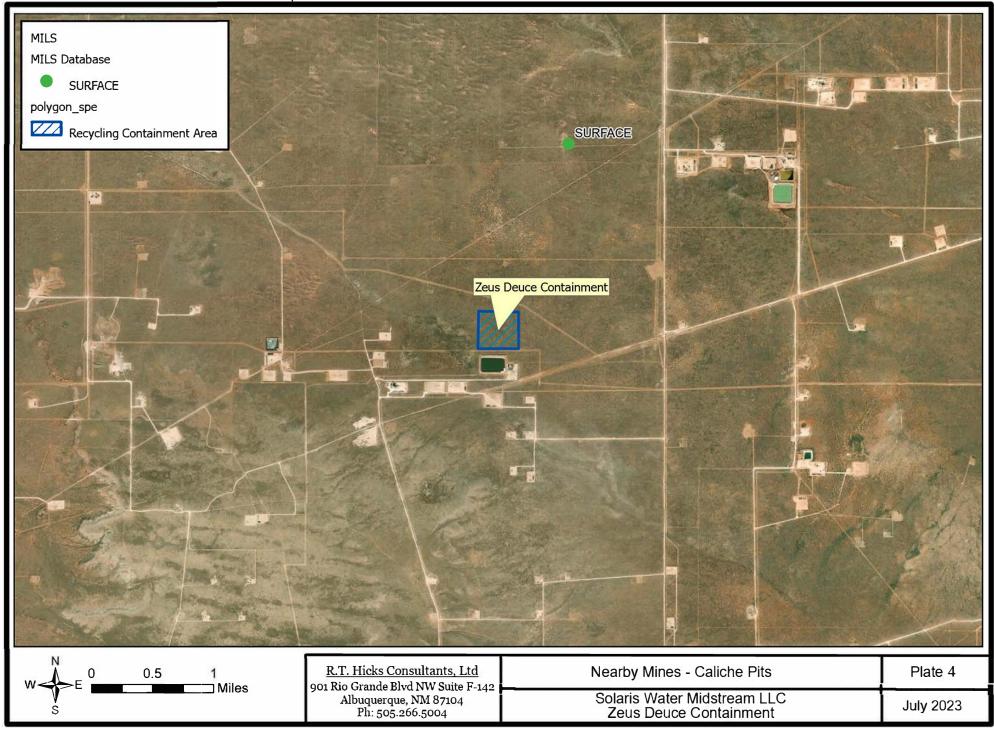
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polygon_spe			
Recycling Containment Area			
OSE Water Wells (DTW/Date)			
Well Depth (ft)			
501-1000			
NM_Geology			
Map Unit,Description			
Qe/Qp, Quaternary-Eolian Piedr	mont Deposits		
Qp, Quaternary-Piedmont Alluvi	ial Deposits,Qp, Quaternary-Piedmont	Alluvial Deposits	
			
	R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd	Plates 1 & 2 Legend	
	901 Rio Grande Blvd NW Suite F-142 Albuquerque, NM 87104 Ph: 505.266.5004	Solaris Water Midstream LLC Zeus Deuce Containment	July 2023

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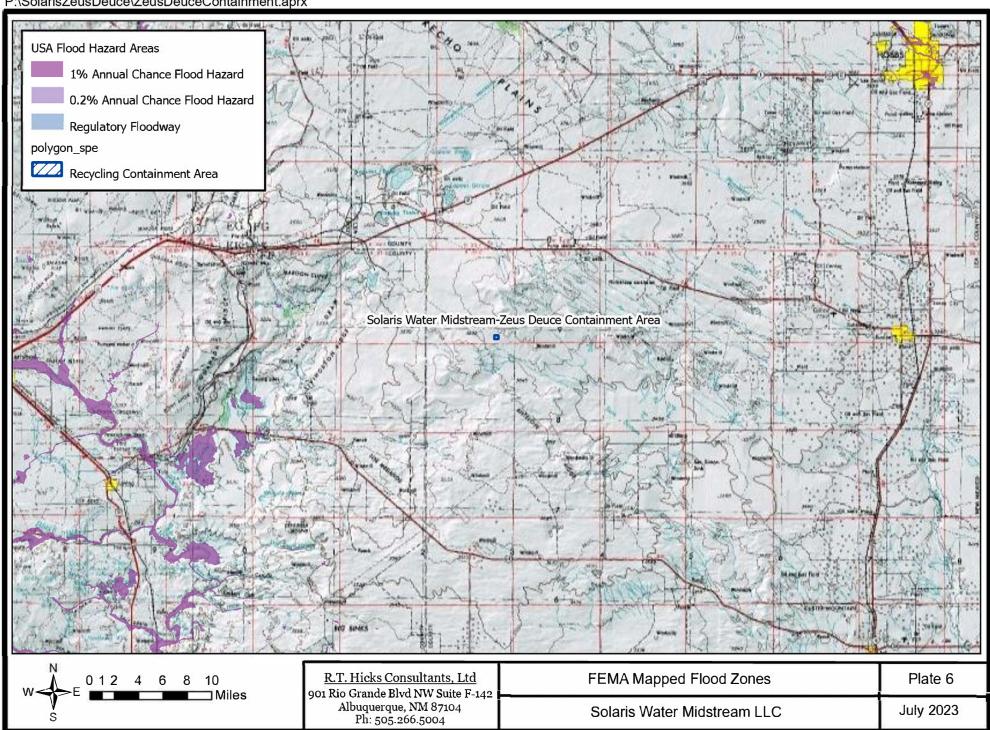
P:\SolarisZeusDeuce\ZeusDeuceContainment.aprx MISC-73 (USGS-14590) Qe USGS-14566 Qe 37.15 ft 4583 3752 ft 12/17/2015 USGS-14587 3664 ft CP-00578 MISC-72 (Eaves NW) 3742 ft 6/:3745 ft 4/19/1991 11/16/1965 150 ft 1/6/1979 USGS-14595 USGS-14584 3752 ft To 3739 ft Qo To The A 11/16/1965 4/18/1991 USGS-14933 CP-01349 (POD1) 3509 ft 572 ft 2/21/1996 7/18/2014 Qpl USGS-14980 CP-01355 (POD1) 3501 ft 582 ft 3/21/1968 CP-01701 (POD1) 7/29/2014 Zeus Deuce Containment 560 ft CP-00854 (POD1) CP-01356 (POD1) 11/29/2018 600 ft 555 ft 6/22/1996 8/9/2014 Qe/Qp USGS-14282 Qp C-04144 (POD1) 3206 ft C-04144 (POD2) 49 ft 3/13/1996 Qp 55 ft 1/30/2018 1/30/2018 USGS-14729 C-02821 3128 ft USGS-14718 1104 340 ft 2/20/1996 3334 ft 6/23/2001 2/20/1996 USGS-14717 USGS-14732 3370 ft 3119 ft C-02096 9/13/1972 360 ft 9/21/1972 12/31/1963 Groundwater Elevation & Geology R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd Plate 2a 0.5 **USGS** and MISC Data 901 Rio Grande Blvd NW Suite F-142 Miles Solaris Water Midstream LLC Albuquerque, NM 87104 July 2023 Ph: 505.266.5004 **Zeus Deuce Containment**

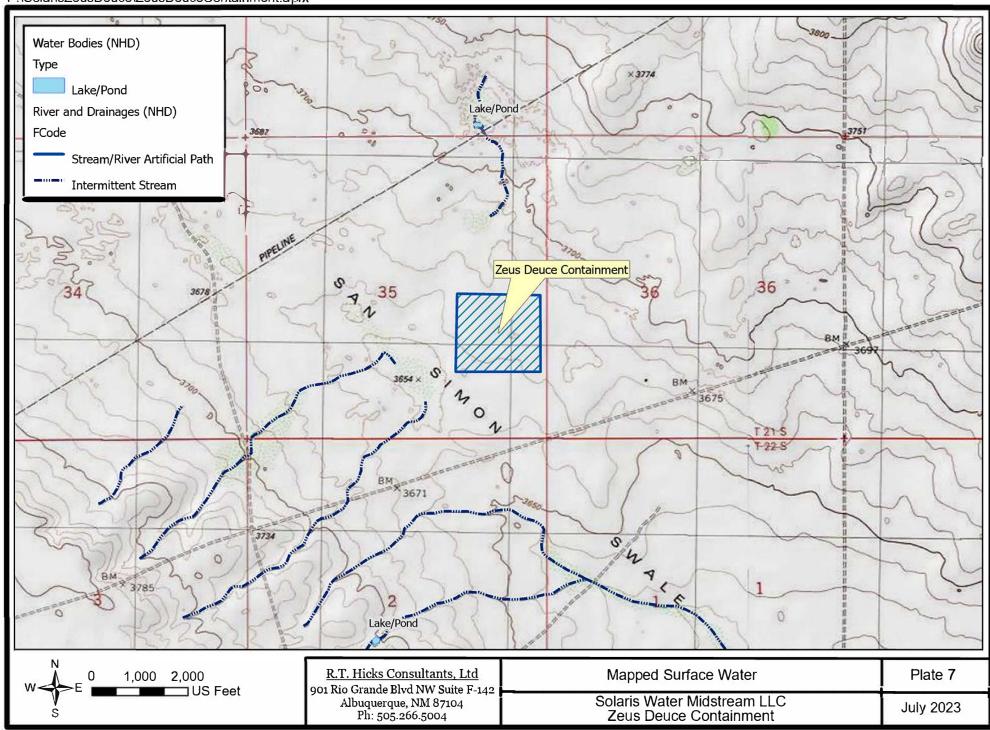
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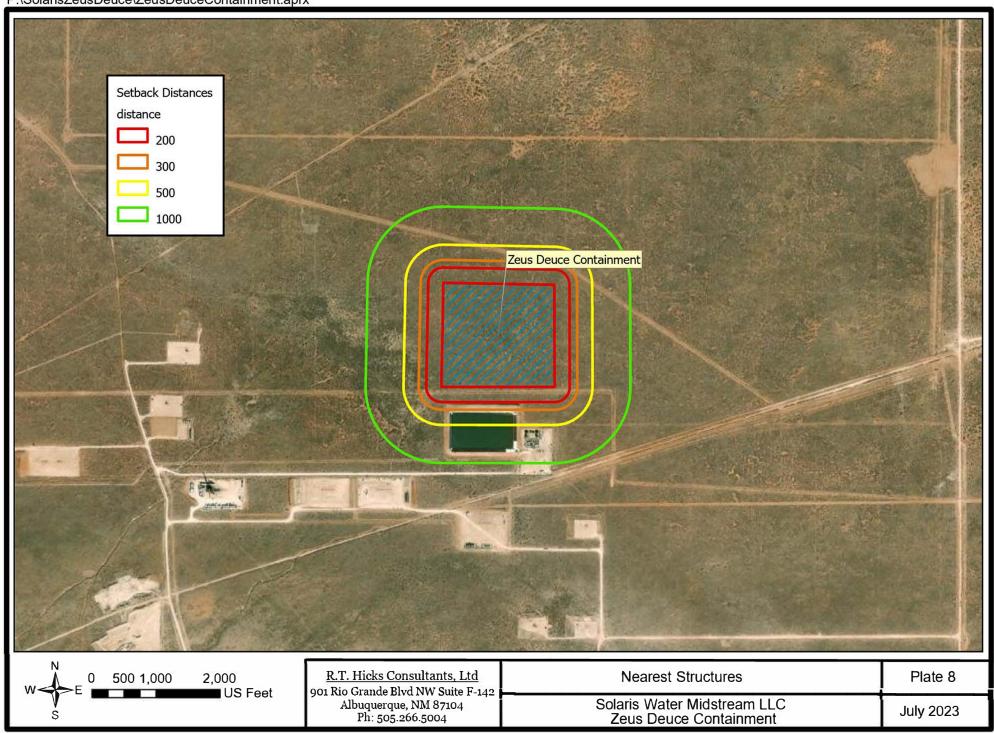
P:\SolarisZeusDeuce\ZeusDeuceContainment.aprx L-04920 L-04920 Municipal Supply Wells (OSE) L-04921 Well Depth (ft) L-05611 L-03248 (A) L-03248 <=150 L-03248 L-05611 151-350 180 M-112 Highway 65-180. L-00438 L-05314 L-00438 polygon_spe L-00438 Recycling Containment Area municipal boundaries Hobbs-Hwy 3923 ft 3774 ft Solaris Water Midstream-Zeus Deuce Containment Area Eunice Salt Lake MONUMENT JAL OIL FIELD R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd Nearest Municipalities & Public Water Supplies Plate 3 10 901 Rio Grande Blvd NW Suite F-142 Miles Albuquerque, NM 87104 Ph: 505.266.5004 Solaris Water Midstream LLC July 2023 Zeus Deuce Containment

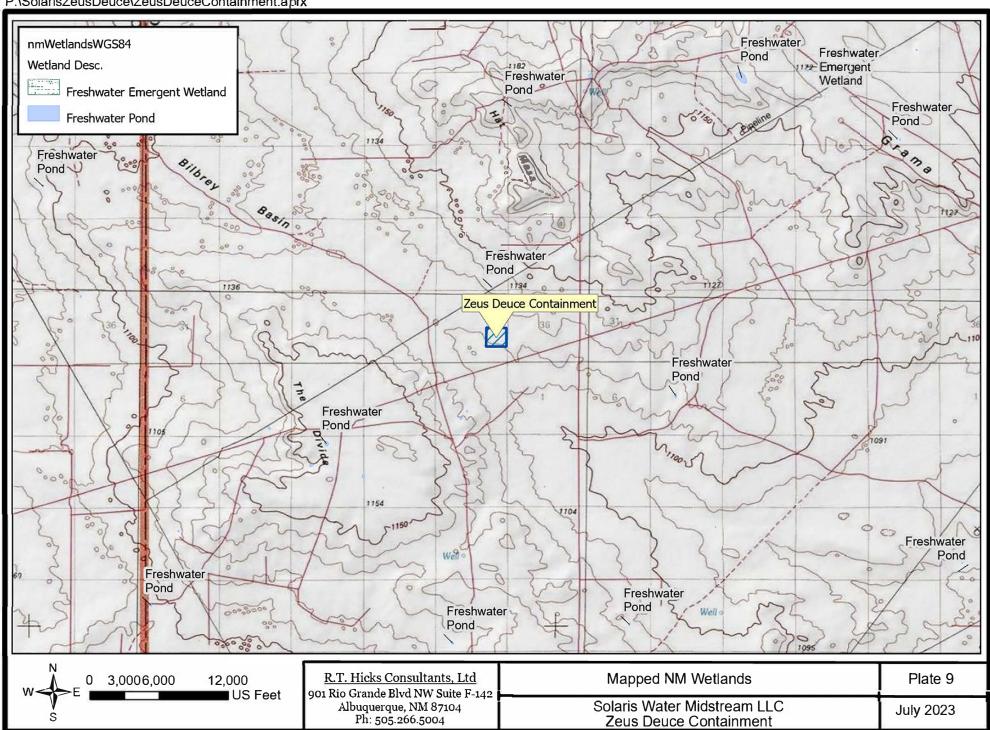


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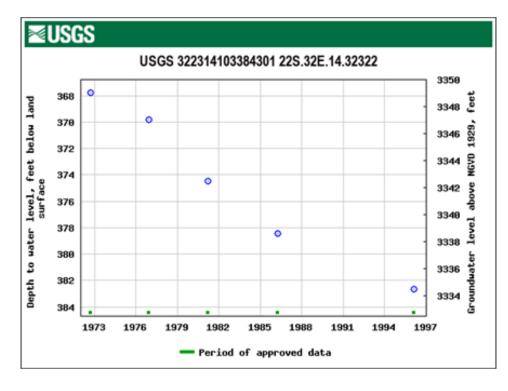
APPENDIX WELL LOGS & USGS DATA

USGS Well Data from wells near the Zeus Deuce Containment Site

Groundwater Data

Water level data from the OSE database rely upon observed water levels by drillers during the completion of the water well. The OSE dataset provides some useful data in certain areas but were not used to generate groundwater elevations for the potentiometric surface. OSE well logs are attached to provide information regarding the lithology of the area.

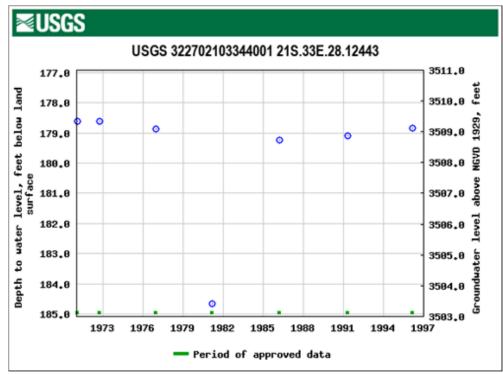
Information from the USGS database is provided below. The five-number USGS identifier used on the plates is provided to the right of the graph. The full USGS identifier is shown in bold, black type above the graph. Text is reproduced verbatim from the USGS data, as is the graph of the data.



This is **USGS 15223**, about 2.8 miles south of Zeus. The USGS description of this well is:

Latitude 32°23'23", Longitude 103°38'53" NAD27 Land-surface elevation 3,717.00 feet above NGVD29 The depth of the well is 435 feet below land surface. This well is completed in the Santa Rosa Sandstone (231SNRS) local aquifer.

The observed decline of the groundwater elevation over time is consistent with other Santa Rosa wells in the area.



The graph to the left is from USGS-15373, about 3.7 miles to the east-northeast. The USGS describes this well as:

Latitude
32°27'13",
Longitude
103°34'42" NAD27
Land-surface
elevation 3,688.00
feet above
NGVD29
The depth of the
well is 224 feet
below land surface.
This well is
completed in the

Chinle Formation (231CHNL) local aquifer. This well lies southwest of the exposed Ogallala formation.

The relatively stable water level over time probably represents a hydraulic connection between the Ogallala and the Chinle formations.



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GENERAL AND	WELL LOCATIO (FROM GF	S)	DE PITUDE NGITUDE	SECONDS					TH OF A SECOND	
1.GEN	DESCRIPTIO	ON RELATIN	IG WELL LOCATION TO	STREET ADDRESS A	ND COMMON LAND!	MARKS – PLS	S (SECTION, TO	WNSHJIP, RANGE) WH		
	LICENSE NO WD1		NAME OF LICENSED		e Wallace	te net and the term of the		NAME OF WELL DR Elite I	ILLING COMPAN Drillers Corporal	
	DRILLING 8' 10/15		DRILLING ENDED 11/29/18	DEPTH OF COMPLE	TED WELL (FT)	1	LE DEPTH (FT) 880	DEPTH WATER FIR:	7.60	D (FT)
Z	COMPLETE	WELL IS:	✓ ARTESIAN	DRY HOLE SHALLOW (UNCONFINED)			STATIC WATER LEVEL IN COMPLETED M 457		Section Sectio	
¥II.	DRILLING FLUID: Z AIR			MUD ADDITIVES - SPECIFY:						
RM	DRILLING M	ETHOD:	▼ ROTARY	HAMMER CABLE TOOL OTHER			R – SPECIFY:	is		
CASING INFORMATION	DEPTH FROM	EPTH (feet bgl) DM TO BORE HOLE DIAM (inches)		CASING MATERIAL AND/OR GRADE (include each casing string, and note sections of screen)			ASING NECTION YPE ling diameter)	CASING INSIDE DIAM. (inches)	CASING WA THICKNES (inches)	
	0	20	12.75		Frade B Steel		N/A	12.57	.188	
Š	+2	460	12.25	ASTM53 (Grade B steel	W	elded .	6.065	.28	
2. DRILLING &	460	840	12.25	SDR	7 PVC	S	pline	6	SDR17	.032
	DEPTH	(feet bgl)	BORE HOLE	LIST A	NULAR SEAL M	ATERIAL A	AND	AMOUNT	МЕ	THOD OF
3	FROM	ТО	DIAM. (inches)	GRAVEL:	PACK SIZE-RANG	E BY INTE	RVAL	(cubic feet)		ACEMENT
TER	0	20	12.75		Portland I/II Cer			17		Pour
MA	0	453	12.25		Baroid Benseal (-	247		Trimmie –
3. ANNULAR MATERIAL	453	860	12.25		8/16 Silica Sa	nd		285		Pour

	1 1 2 3 3 5 5 7	77.7	1 100 1000		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	DEPTH (feet bgf) TO	THICKNESS (feet)	COLOR AND TYPE OF MATERIAL ENCOUNTERED - INCLUDE WATER-BEARING CAVITIES OR FRACTURE ZONES (attach supplemental sheets to fully describe all units)	WATI BEARII (YES/)	NG?	ESTIMATED YIELD FOR WATER- BEARING ZONES (gpm)
	0	5	5	Topsoil	Y	N	ZONES (gpm)
	5	8	3	Caliche	Y	N	
		80	72	Tan/Red sandy caliche	Y	N	
	80	190	110	Red clay	Y	N	
	190	400	210	Tan/Red sandstone	Y	N	
ا ي ا	400	560	160	Red siltstone	Y	N	 -
VEL	560	575	15	Red siltstone/Gyp	✓ Y	N	5.00
4. HYDROGEOLOGIC LOG OF WELL	575	750	175	Red siltstone	Y	N	
50	750	770	20	Red siltstone/Gyp	✓ Y	N	25.00
	770	840	70	Red silistone	Y	N	4.811471
507	840	880	40	Red Shale	Y	N	
E0]					Y	N	
ROC					Y	N	
HXD.		-			Y	N	
4			ļ <u> </u>		Y	N	
					Y	N	
					Y	N	r3
					Y	N	3 5
					Y	N	7
					Y	N	
					Y	N	TO
	METHOD U	SED TO ES	TIMATE YIELD	OF WATER-BEARING STRATA:	TOTAL ESTEMA	TED	
	✓ PUMI	P [Al	IR LIFT	BAILER OTHER - SPECIFY:	WELL YIELD (gpm):	30.00
NO	WELL TES	TEST I	RESULTS - ATTA TTIME, END TIME	ACH A COPY OF DATA COLLECTED DURING WELL TESTING, INC Æ, AND A TABLE SHOWING DISCHARGE AND DRAWDOWN OVE	LUDING DISCHL R THE TESTING	ARGE M PERIO	лет но D, D.
VISION	MISCELLA	NEOUS INF	ORMATION:			-	
TEST; RIG SUPER							
EST	PRINT NAM	IE(S) OF DE	ULL RIG SUPER	VISOR(S) THAT PROVIDED ONSITE SUPERVISION OF WELL CONS	TRUCTION OTI	IFR TH	AN LICENSEE:
5. T	-1411111111	(0) 01 01		, world) Ithit sho , we go of our boot blev blot of the bab oo no	110011011 011	LLK III	AN BIOLINOSES
	THE LINDER	RSIGNED H	EREBY CERTIE	ES THAT, TO THE BEST OF HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE AND BELIE	F THE FOREGO	ING IS	A TRUE AND
TURE	CORRECT R	ECORD OF	THE ABOVE D	ESCRIBED HOLE AND THAT HE OR SHE WILL FILE THIS WELL RED DAYS AFTER COMPLETION OF WELL DRILLING:	CORD WITH TH	E STAT	TE ENGINEER
SIGNATURE		n///	_	Bryce Wallace	12/10/2	018	
9		SIGNATU	JRE OF DRILLE	R / PRINT SIGNEE NAME	Đ	ATE	
FOR	OSE INTERN	NAL USE		WR-20 WEL	L RECORD & LC	G (Ver	sion 06/30/2017)
	ENO.	P-170	21	POD NO. TRN NO.	41930	5	,
LOC	EATION E	ועצ.		115.32 E.35.31 WELL TAG ID NO.			PAGE 2 OF 2



									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NC	OSE POD NO CP-1724-P	•	NO.) OGS North	,	WELL TAG ID NO			OSE FILE NO(S).		
осаті	WELL OWNI		e(s) ock Company/Glenn'	s Water Well Se	ervice, Inc.			PHONE (OPTIO 575-398-242			
GENERAL AND WELL LOCATION	WELL OWNI		ING ADDRESS					CITY STATE Tatum NM		STATE NM 8	ZIP 38267
Q				DEGREES	MINUTES	SECOND	s				
AL A	WELL LOCATIO	<u></u>	LATITUDE	32	23	44.39	N	ACCURACY REQUIRED: ONE TENTH OF A SECOND			
ER	(FROM GF	PS)	LONGITUDE	-103	103 31 1.34 W * DATUM REQUIRED: WGS 84						
1. GEN	DESCRIPTION RELATING WELL LOCATION TO STREET ADDRESS AND COMMON LANDMARKS - PL SW1/4 NW1/4 NW1/4 Section 18, Township 22 South, Range 34 East on Merchant									ERE AVAILABLE	
	5				.,						
	LICENSE NO		NAME OF LICENSE		Cl Claum			**	NAME OF WELL DR		Ī
	WD-				Corky Glenn					Vater Well Service,	
	DRILLING STARTED DRILLING ENDED DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (FT) BORE 04/16/19 04/20/19 1,172'								DEPTH WATER FIR	ST ENCOUNTERED (F 800'	FT)
Z	COMPLETE	D WELL I	S ARTESIAN	DRY HOLE	SHALLOW	(UNCON	FINED)		STATIC WATER LEV	VEL IN COMPLETED V	WELL (FT)
TIO	DRILLING F	LUID:	☐ AIR	✓ MUD	MUD ADDITIVES – SPECIFY:						
CASING INFORMATION	DRILLING METHOD:			HAMMER CABLE TOOL OTHER			R - SPECIFY				
NEO.	DEPTH (feet bgl) BORE HOL		BORE HOLE	CASING M	CASING MATERIAL AND/OR			· enic	CASING	CASING WALL	SLOT
191	FROM	TC			GRADE	.		ASING NECTION	INSIDE DIAM.	THICKNESS	SIZE
NSI.			(inches)		ich casing string, an ections of screen)		TYPE (add coupling diameter)		(inches)	(inches)	(inches)
& C/	0	40	20"	ASTM A53	Sch 40 Steel 16" (<u>-</u>	None	15.5	.25	
	0	799	9 14.75"	API Steel Gra	de J-55/K-55 10.75	" OD	Threa	d & Collar	10.05	.35	
DRILLING	752	1,17	9.875"	Steel Casin	ng 8 5/8" / 8.625" C	D	Pla	in End	8.125	.25	1/8"
J.		,		(420' Total)	Bottom 378 Perfora	ated					
2.1											
										7019	3S
											₫:
										*****	_
										<u> </u>	
						_					
	DEPTH	(feet bgl	BORE HOLE	LIST	Γ ANNULAR SEA	L MATI	ERIAL A	AND	AMOUNT	метн	IOD OF
ΑL	FROM	ТО	DIAM (inches) GRAV	EL PACK SIZE-R	ANGE E	BY INTE	RVAL	(cubic feet)	Ç.PLACI	
ERI	0	40'			Ceme	nted			2 yards	7 Тор	Pour
ANNULAR MATERIAL	0	799	7 14.75"	Float	and Shoe Cemente	d to Surf	ace 29 B	arrels	325 Sacks Pump	ed Circ	ulated
Z Z											
J.A											
N N											
3. A.						-					
FOP	OSE INTER	NAI III						WR-21	WELL RECORD	& LOG (Version 06	5/30/17)
	ENO.	P-	1724		POD NO.		1	TRN N		8388	22011)
-	ATION	<u> </u>		2/1	E 18 11	ろ	1	WELL TAGIL	200	PAC	E 1 OF 2

	DEPTH (feet bgl)			N OP AND TYPE OF MA	TERIAL ENCOUNTERE	n	Ī		ESTIMATED
	FROM	то	THICKNESS (feet)	INCLUE	DE WATER-BEARING C	ATERIAL ENCOUNTERE AVITIES OR FRACTURE ts to fully describe all unit	ZONES	BEAF	TER UNG? /NO)	YIELD FOR WATER- BEARING ZONES (gpm)
	0	5	5		Sa	and		Y	√ N	
	5	30	25		Ca	liche		Y	✓ N	
	30	80	50		Sand &	Red Clay		Y	√ N	
	80	450	370		Red	Clay		Y	✓ N	
	450	510	60		Red	Shale		Y	✓ N	
1	510	580	70		Brow	n Shale		Y	√ N	
WEI	580	799	219		Brown &	Red Shale	_	Y	✓ N	
OF	799	919	120		Sand	Rock		✓ Y	N	
4. HYDROGEOLOGIC LOG OF WELL	919	950	31		Red & Blue Shale	s Stringers of Sand		√ Y	N	75.00
.ic	950	1,140	190		Sand	Stone	•	✓ Y	N	
707	1,140	1,172	32		Red	Shale		Y	√ N	
GEO								Y	N	
RO								Y	N	
нур								Y	N	
4							···-	Y	N	
						 		Y	N	
								Y	N	
							-	Y	N	
						_		Y	N	
								Y	N	
								Y	N	
	METHOD U	SED TO ES	TIMATE YIELD	OF WATER-	BEARING STRATA:		тот	AL ESTI	MATED	•
	PUMI	P 🗾 A	IR LIFT	BAILER	OTHER - SPECIF	Y :	WE	LL YIELI) (gpm):	75.00
TEST; RIG SUPERVISION	WELL TES	STAR	T TIME, END TIL	ME, AND A T	ABLE SHOWING DISCI	D DURING WELL TESTIN HARGE AND DRAWDOV				
S. TEST; RIC	PRINT NAM	ME(S) OF DI	RILL RIG SUPER	RVISOR(S) TH	HAT PROVIDED ONSITI	E SUPERVISION OF WEL	L CONSTRU	CTION O	THER TH	IAN LICENSEE:
SIGNATURE	CORRECT I	RECORD OF	F THE ABOVE D	ESCRIBED F	OLE AND THAT HE OF THE COMPLETION OF W	R HER KNOWLEDGE AN R SHE WILL FILE THIS V FELL DRILLING:				
6. SIG	Co	STATE	URE OF DRILLE	R / PRINT:	Corky Glenn SIGNEE NAME		رمح	[6]	J9 DATE	
		<i></i>								
FOR	R OSE INTERI	NAL USE				WR-	20 WELL RE	CORD &	LOG (Ve	rsion 06/30/2017)

POD NO.

TRN NO.

WELL TAG ID NO.

PAGE 2 OF 2

FILE NO.

LOCATION



WELL RECORD & LOG

OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

www.ose.state.nm.us

	T						OSE FILE NU	MDED(S)		
							C 3717	MBEK(S)		
	WELL OWN	ER NAME(S)			<u></u>	PHONE (OPT	IONAL)		
	SLASH 46	INCSTAC	CEY MILLS							
	WELL OWN	ER MAILIN	G ADDRESS				CITY		STATE	ZIP
	PO BOX 15	48		·			LOVINGTON	NM	88256	
	WELL		DE	GREES	MINUTES SECO	ONDS				
	LOCATIO		TITUDE 32.	40	74.5	N	* DATUM DECLUDED, WCC 94			
	(FROM GF	PS) LO	NGITUDE 103	68	04	W	* DATUM RE	QUIRED: WGS 84		
			NG WELL LOCATION TO WIPP SITE SE SE				SS (SECTION, TO)WNSHJIP, RANGE) WH	ERE AVAILABLE	
	LICENSE NU	IMBER	NAME OF LICENSED	DRII I FR				NAME OF WELL DR	ILLING COMPANY	
	WD-1058	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	CASEY KEY						PUMP SERVICE INC	: .
	DRILLING S	TARTED	DRILLING ENDED	DEPTH OF COMPL	ETED WELL (FT)	BORE HO	LE DEPTH (FT)	DEPTH WATER FIR	ST ENCOUNTERED (FT)	Ï
	8-4-14		8-12-14	650		650		55	-	
Z	COMPLETE	O WELL IS:	ARTESIAN	DRY HOLE	SHALLOW (UNC	ONFINED)		STATIC WATER LEV	VEL IN COMPLETED WE	ELL (FT)
CASING INFORMATION	DRILLING F	LUID:	✓ AIR	MUD	ADDITIVES – SPI	ECIFY:	-			
RMA	DRILLING METHOD: ROTARY			HAMMER	CABLE TOOL	ОТНЕ	OTHER – SPECIFY:			
(FO	DEPTH	(feet bgl)	BORE HOLE	CASING MATERIAL AND/OR		T .		CASING	CASING WALL	ar of
i e	FROM	TO	DIAM		RADE		ASING NECTION	INSIDE DIAM.	CASING WALL THICKNESS	SLOT SIZE
\SIV			(inches)		casing string, and ions of screen)	1	ГҮРЕ	(inches)	(inches)	(inches)
Se C	-1.5	20	14-1/2"	:	STEEL		4.	10"	.250	
					•••				·	
DRILLING			_			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
										1/3
4	<u> </u>	-							2 may	7 50
						<u> </u>			100 mark 100 mg	1 2
	ļ								1.3	5
										E C
									TANAGAN	4D 2D
	DEPTH	(feet bgl)	BORE HOLE	LIST	ANNULAR SEAL M	ATERIAL A	AND	AMOUNT	EMETH CEN	□ D:OF
AL	FROM	ТО	DIAM. (inches)		L PACK SIZE-RANG			(cubic feet)	∪ P LACE	νĘΝΤ
ANNULAR MATERIAL	0	20	14-1/2"		CEMENT				HAN	ID
AAT										
4R A										
ACL.										
Ā				,						
٤,										
	<u> </u>							L		
	OSE INTER	NAL USE		<u> </u>	POD MAR (DE-				& LOG (Version 06/0)8/2012)
	ENUMBER				POD NUMBER		IKN	NUMBER	BACE	I OF 2
LOC	CATION								1 PAGE	TUEZI

LOCATION

	DEPTH (1	feet bgl) TO	THICKNESS (feet)	COLOR AND TYPE OF MATERIAL ENCOUNTERED - INCLUDE WATER-BEARING CAVITIES OR FRACTURE ZONES (attach supplemental sheets to fully describe all units)	WATER BEARING? (YES / NO)	ESTIMATED YIELD FOR WATER- BEARING
						ZONES (gpm)
	0	5	5	TOP SOIL	□Y ■N	
	5	20	15	RED SAND	□Y ■N	
	20	25	5	HARD PINK SANDSTONE	□Y ■N	
	25	30	5	MULTI COLORED SANDSTONE	□ Y ■ N	
	30	55	25	RED CLAY	□Y ■N	
Ţ	55	72	17	MULTI COLORED SANDSTONE	■Y □N	
WE	72	110	28	RED SANDSTONE	□ Y ■ N	
OF	110	125	15	TAN SANDSTONE	☐ Y ■ N	
90°	125	150	25	RED CLAY	□Y ■N	
4. HYDROGEOLOGIC LOG OF WELL	150	480	330	RED SANDSTONE	□Y ■N	
907	480	510	30	RED CLAY	□ Y ■ N	
EOI	510	620	110	RED SANDSTONE	□Y ■N	
ROG	620	630	10	CONGLOMERATE	■ Y □ N	
IXD	630	650	20	RED BED	□Y □N	
4. F		,			□Y □N	
					□Y □N	
					□Y □N	
					□Y □N	
					□Y □N	
i	1			. Lucial Action and a	□Y □N	
					□Y □N	
	METHOD I	ISED TO ES	L TIMATE VIELD	OF WATER-BEARING STRATA: ☐ PUMP	TOTAL ESTIMATED	J
·					WELL YIELD (gpm):	2
	■ AIR LIF	· ·	BAILER [OTHER - SPECIFY:		
NO	WELL TES	1		ACH A COPY OF DATA COLLECTED DURING WELL TESTING, INCI ME, AND A TABLE SHOWING DISCHARGE AND DRAWDOWN OVE		3 Ps
VISI	MISCELLA	NEOUS INI	FORMATION:	WELL WAS NOT COMPLETED NOT ENOUGH WATER		
ER				WELL WAS NOT COMPLETED, NOT ENOUGH WATER.		
TEST; RIG SUPERVISION						
RIG						
ST;	DDD IT MAN	ŒŒ OF D	DILL DIC CUDE	RVISOR(S) THAT PROVIDED ONSITE SUPERVISION OF WELL CONS	TRUCTION OTHER TI	LANI I ICENISEE
5. TI		ME(S) OF D	RILL RIG SUPER	(VISOR(S) THAT PROVIDED ONSITE SUPERVISION OF WELL CONS	TRUCTION OTHER IT	HAN LICENSEE.
"	CASEY KEY					
	THE UNDE	RSIGNED I	TEREBY CERTIF	TIES THAT, TO THE BEST OF HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE AND BELIE	F, THE FOREGOING IS	S A TRUE AND
E E	CORRECT	RECORD O	F THE ABOVE I	DESCRIBED HOLE AND THAT HE OR SHE WILL FILE THIS WELL RE TO DAYS AFTER COMPLETION OF WELL DRILLING:	CORD WITH THE STA	ATE ENGINEER
ATT.	AND THE		EDEK WITTING	JUNION OF WELL DIVIDENCE.		
SIGNATURE	`	TU		Charle Key	8-26-	14
6.8		1	LIBE OF BRUIT	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<i>L</i>
		SIGNAT	UKE OF DRILLE	ER / PRINT SIGNEE NAME	DATE	
EOI	OCE INTED	MAI HEE		We.or Wei	L RECORD & LOG (Ve	ergion 06/08/2012)

FOR OSE INTERNAL USE			sion 06/08/2012)
FILE NUMBER	POD NUMBER	TRN NUMBER	
LOCATION			PAGE 2 OF 2

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466507

Revised lune 1977

STATE ENGINEER OFFICE WELL RECORD

Section 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

City and S	Post Office Ad	Mills Ra Idress <u>Bo</u> ing, NM	x 1358	<u> </u>		Owner's		
					and is located i			_
		15==*******					202	
					•	22S Range		
b. Tract l	٧o	of Map No.		of the				
				of the				
						ystem		
(B) Drilling C	ontractor <u>T</u>	'aylor Wa	ter Wel	1 Service	2	_ License No <u>WI</u>	0-1348	
Address <u>73</u>	17 Etche	verry Rd	., Carl	sbad, NM	88220			
Drilling Began ₋	6/12/01	Comp	leted6/	23/01	. Type tools <u>A</u>	ir Rotary	_ Size of hole.	7 7/
• •		_					No.	
•						upon completion o		
Completed well	is Las si						ı weţı <u>340</u>	
. Depth i	in Feet	Sect Thickness			R-BEARING ST		Estimated	Yield
From	То	in Feet	1	Description of V	Vater-Bearing Fo	ormation	(gallons per	minute)
410	540	130	Very laye		1t stone+	sand stone	1.5	
						i i		
						<u></u>		
			Section	on 3. RECORD	OF CASING			
Diameter (inches)	Pounds per foot	Threads per in.	Depth	in Feet	Length	Type of Shoe		
Diameter (inches)	Pounds per foot SCH 40	per in.			-	Type of Shoe	Perf From 410	Т
(inches)	per foot	per in.	Depth Top	in Feet Bottom	Length (feet)		From 410	43
(inches)	per foot	per in.	Depth Top	in Feet Bottom	Length (feet)		From	43 8]514
(inches)	per foot	per in.	Depth Top +2	in Feet Bottom 540	Length (feet) 542	Cap	410 440	43 8554 1000 1000
(inches) 5	per foot SCH 40	PVC	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO	in Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEM	Cap	410 440	43 8954 1084 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
(inches) 5	per foot	per in.	Depth Top +2	in Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Co	Length (feet) 542	Cap	From 410 440	43 8574 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10
(inches) 5 Depth	per foot SCH 40	PVC Section Hole	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO	in Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Co	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEMubic Feet	Cap	410 440	43 8954 1084 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
(inches) 5 Depth	per foot SCH 40	PVC Section Hole	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO	in Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Co	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEMubic Feet	Cap	From 410 440	43 8574 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10
(inches) 5 Depth	per foot SCH 40	PVC Section Hole	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO	in Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Co	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEMubic Feet	Cap ENTING Method	From 410 440	43 8574 1004 1014 1014 1014 1014 1014 1014 10
(inches) 5 Depth	per foot SCH 40	PVC Section Hole	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO Sac of M	in Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Critical of	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEMubic Feet f Cement	Cap ENTING Method	From 410 440	43 8574 1004 1014 1014 1014 1014 1014 1014 10
Depth From	per foot SCH 40	Section Hole Diameter	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO Sac of M	in Feet Bottom 540 Control Bottom Bo	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEMubic Feet f Cement	Cap ENTING Method	From 410 440	43 8574 1000 EHGNEH OH
Depth From Plugging Contr	in Feet To	Secti Hole Diameter	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO Sac of M	in Feet Bottom 540 Control Bottom Bo	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEM ubic Feet f Cement NG RECORD	Cap ENTING Method	From 410 440	99 FELL NOVIEW OFF
Depth From Plugging Contr Address Plugging Meth	per foot SCH 40 in Feet To	Section Hole Diameter	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO Sac of M	In Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Co lud of	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEM ubic Feet f Cement NG RECORD No.	Cap ENTING Method	From 410 440	43 43 108171
Depth From Plugging Contr Address Plugging Meth	per foot SCH 40 in Feet To ractor od tged	Section Hole Diameter	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO Sac of M	In Feet Bottom 540 PRD OF MUDD ks College and of the second seco	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEM ubic Feet f Cement NG RECORD No.	Cap ENTING Method	From 410 440 Contact of Placement Contact of Placement	43 ASSIGNATION OFFICE Cubic F
Depth From Plugging Contr Address Plugging Meth Date Well Plug	per foot SCH 40 in Feet To ractor od tged	Section Hole Diameter	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO Sac of M	In Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Colud of	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEM ubic Feet f Cement NG RECORD No. 1	Cap ENTING Method	From 410 440 Contact of Placement Contact of Placement	43 ASSIGNATION OFFICE Cubic F
Depth From Plugging Contr Address Plugging Meth Date Well Plug	per foot SCH 40 in Feet To ractor od tged	Section Hole Diameter	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO Sac of M Secti	In Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Chud of	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEM ubic Feet f Cement NG RECORD No. 1 2 3 4	Cap ENTING Method Top	From 410 440 Contact of Placement Contact of Placement	43 ASSTALL NOW STORE OF Cubic F
Depth From Plugging Contr Address Plugging Meth Date Well Plug	per foot SCH 40 in Feet To ractor od tged oved by:	Section Hole Diameter State En	Depth Top +2 on 4. RECO Sac of M Secti	In Feet Bottom 540 RD OF MUDD ks Colud of the column of t	Length (feet) 542 ING AND CEM ubic Feet f Cement NG RECORD No. 1 2 3 4 NGINEER ONI	Cap ENTING Method Top	From 410 440 Grant	43 43 43 43 43 43 43 44 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45

Depth	in Fect	Thickness	Section 6, LOG OF HOLE Color and Type of Material Encountered
From	То	in Feet	Color and Type of Material Encountered
0	4	4	Sandy Soil
4	14	10	Caliche+Pnk Shdy Congl
14	26	12	Clay:pnk,rd,sndy
26 :	30	4	Limestone:yel brn,dns
30	36	6	Conglomerate:wht,pnk,sndy,lmy
36	68	32	Clay:rd,sndy
68	7.2	4	Conglomerate:rd,sndy,vfn-fn grn,wl consl
72	166	94	Clay:rd,smth,stky
166	170	4	Siltstone:gry,fria,calc
170	184	14	Clay:rd,smth,stky
184	188	4	Siltstone:gry,fria,calc
188	194	6	Clay:rd,sft
194	238	44	Shale:rd,blky,sme rd sandstone
238	266	28	Sandstone:rd,gry,frstd,fn-med grn,shly in prt
266	290	24	Conglomerate:rd,gry,vfn grn ss+sh gravel,calc
290	302	12	Sh:rd,blky,slty,sndy
302	310	8	Conglomerate:yel brn,vry sndy,lmy
310	386	76	Shale:rd,sme lt gn+bent,blky-tblr,slty
386	390	4	Clay:rd,vry stky
390	476	86	Shale:rd,blky,slty,thin layers of sandstone
476	482	6	Sandstone:gry,vfn grn,slty,fria
482	518	36	Shale:rd,blky,slty,sme gry ss
518	522	4	Sandstone:gry,vfn grn,slty,fria,calc
522	532	10	Sh:rd,blky,slty
532	538	6	Sandstone:gry,vfn grn,slty,fria,calc
538	540	2	SH:rd,blky,slty

Section 7. REMARKS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The undersigned hereby certifies that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, the foregoing is a true and correct record of the above described hole.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be executed in triplicate, preferably typewritten, and submitted to the appropriate district office of the State Engineer. All sections, except Section 5, shall be answered as completely and accurately as possible when any well is drilled, repaired or deepened. When the section is used as a plugging record, only Section and Section 5 need be completed.



WELL RECORD & LOG

OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

www.ose.state.nm.us

		•	LL NUMBER)	•		OSE FILE NU	MBER(S)			
loi		(JD-33 Ea	•							
AT		ER NAME(S)				PHONE (OPTI	*			
Q			's Water Well Serv	/ice, Inc.		575-398-2	424			
TT		ER MAILING	ADDRESS			CITY		STATE	ZIP	
VEI	P.O.Box	692				Tatum NM 88267				
) (I	11.000 \$		DEGREES	S MINUTES SECONI	os					
AN.	WELL LOCATIO	N T T	32	26 20.9	N	* ACCURACY	* ACCURACY REQUIRED: ONE TENTH OF A SECOND			
W	(FROM G	DC)	NOTUDE 103	34 7		* DATUM RE	QUIRED: WG\$ 84			
GENERAL AND WELL LOCATION		LON				<u> </u>		······································		
GE	DESCRIPTIO	N RELATING V	VELL LOCATION TO STREE	T ADDRESS AND COMMON LANDMARKS - PL	SS (SECTION, T	OWNSHJIP, RANG	ie) where available			
1.	SE1/4NE	1/4NE1/4	Section 33, Towr	nship 21 South, Range 33 East	on Merch	ants Livesto	ock Land			
	LICENSE N	IMRED	I NAME OF LICENSED	DRILLER			NAME OF WELL DR	ILLING COMPANY		
	WD 421	SWIDER	Corky Glenn	DRIBLER				Well Service, Inc.		
	DRILLING S	manana (DRILLING ENDED	DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (FT)	T pone iso	LE DEPTH (FT)		ST ENCOUNTERED (FT		
	08/01/14		I	1,098'	1,098'	LE DEPIH (FI)	765'	SI ENCOUNTERED (FI	,	
	00/01/11		00/05/11	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
	COMPLETE	DAMELL IS.	• ARTESIAN	C DRY HOLE C SHALLOW (UNC	CNIEINIEIN		555.2'	EL IN COMPLETED WI	ELL (F1)	
Ž	COMPLETE	D WELL 15:	C. ARTESIAN	DRY HOLE C SHALLOW (ONC	ONTINED)		333.2			
TI	DRILLING F	LUID:	(AIR	MUD ADDITIVES – SP	ECIFY:					
2. DRILLING & CASING INFORMATION	DRILLING N	METHOD:	♠ ROTARY	C HAMMER C CABLE TOOL	OTHE	R - SPECIFY:				
FO	DEMERICA ALLE			CASING MATERIAL AND/OR		T	T	7		
ZI :	FROM	TO	BORE HOLE	GRADE			CASING INSIDE DIAM.	CASING WALL THICKNESS	SLOT	
ING	FROM	10	DIAM (inches)	(include each casing string, and		YPE	(inches)	(inches)	SIZE (inches)	
SV			<u> </u>	note sections of screen)				<u> </u>	,,	
) %	0'	40'	20"	16"	None		15 1/2"	.250		
NG	0'	760'	14 3/4"	9 5/8"		& Collar	8.921"	36 lbs.	none	
177	735'	1,098'	8 3/4"	7"	Thread	& Collar	6.366"	23 lbs.	1/8"	
DRI										
2.					l			140	15	
								- :=	25	
									. [[T]	
								. 3		
								N (2)		
	DEBTH	(feet bgl)		LICE AND ILLANDO CEAL MA	ATERIAL	A DETEC	AMOUNIT			
ت		· •	BORE HOLE DIAM. (inches)	LIST ANNULAR SEAL M GRAVEL PACK SIZE-RANC			AMOUNT (cubic feet)	METHO PLACEI	DO OE MENT	
HA]	FROM	ТО	` `					: n	**************************************	
ANNULAR MATERIAL	0'	40'	20"	Cemented			2 yds.	Top Pour	194	
MA	0'	760'	14 3/4"	Float and shoe cemented to	surface		655 cu ft	Circulated		
A.R.										
OL.									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Z										
3. A										
EOP	OSE INTER	NAI IICE		1		な/ロ. つ	0 WELL RECORD	& I OG (Vareion 06#	38/20121	
	NUMBER	NO	1356	POD NUMBER			NUMBER 54		.0.2012)	
		<u> </u>	1000					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 OF 2	
	THOM E	101	-	215.33	· C. =	5 フ. ノ.	メ サ	FAGE	TOP 2	

<u></u>						
	DEPTH ((feet bgl)	THICKNESS (feet)	COLOR AND TYPE OF MATERIAL ENCOUNTERED - INCLUDE WATER-BEARING CAVITIES OR FRACTURE ZONES (attach supplemental sheets to fully describe all units)	WATER BEARING? (YES/NO)	ESTIMATED YIELD FOR WATER- BEARING ZONES (gpm)
	0	3	3	Soil	CY 6 N	(CI -)
	3	34	31	Caleche	C Y © N	
	34	275	241	Red Clay	CY 6 N	
	275	760	485	Red & Brown Shale	CY 6 N	,
	760	765	5	Red Shale & Sandrock	C Y 6 N	
	765	795	30	Water Sand	() Y () N	
4. HYDROGEOLOGIC LOG OF WELL	795	825	30	Red Shale & Sandrock		
FW		<u> </u>			© Y C N	
0 9	825	920	95	Water Sand	© Y C N	
1.0	920	935	15	Red Shale & Sandrock	© Y C N	,,
050	935	968	33	Water Sand & Sandrock	● Y C N	
010	968	976	8	Red Shale & Sandrock	● Y C N	
GE	976	1005	29	Water sand & strips of red shale	● Y C N	
DRC	1005	1092	87	Water sand fine	© Y C N	
Η	1092	1098	6	Red Shale	$C^{Y} \bullet^{N}$	
4					$C_A C_N$	
					$O^{Y} C^{N}$	
					$C^{Y}C^{N}$	
					C Y C N	
					$C^{Y}C^{N}$	
					$C^{Y}C^{N}$	
					C^{Y}	· · · · ·
•	METHOD U	JSED TO ES	STIMATE YIELD	OF WATER-BEARING STRATA: PUMP TO	OTAL ESTIMATED	
	C AIR LIF	т С	BAILER C	OTHER - SPECIFY:	VELL YIELD (gpm):	
-	WELL TES	T TEST	RESULTS - ATT	ACH A COPY OF DATA COLLECTED DURING WELL TESTING, INCLUME, AND A TABLE SHOWING DISCHARGE AND DRAWDOWN OVER	JDING DISCHARGE I	METHOD,
SION	·			ME, AND A TABLE SHOWING DISCHARGE AND BRAWDOWN OVER	THE RESTING PERIC	
RVI	MISCELLA	NEOUS IN	FORMATION:			
TEST; RIG SUPERVI	0' to 760'	drilled wi	th mud.			
iG S	760' to 1,	098' drille	d with air and	foam.		5 II
<u> </u>				·		장 물
[ES]	PRINT NAM	ME(S) OF D	RILL RIG SUPER	RVISOR(S) THAT PROVIDED ONSITE SUPERVISION OF WELL CONST	RUCTION OTHER TH	
, r.						ं ग्र
			,			
SIGNATURE	CORRECT	RECORD O	F THE ABOVE I	FIES THAT, TO THE BEST OF HIS OR HER KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, DESCRIBED HOLE AND THAT HE OR SHE WILL FILE THIS WELL REC 20 DAYS AFTER COMPLETION OF WELL DRILLING:	THE FOREGOING IS ORD WITH THE STA	A TRUE AND LE ENGINEER
NAT		1	10			
		the .	Stem	Corky Glevn 8	121/14	
9		SIGNAT	URE OF DRILLE	ER / PRINT SIGNEE NAME	DATE	
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
EOF	OSE INTED	MAI HEE		WD 20 WELL	DECORD & LOCAVA	-: AC/00/0010N

POD NUMBER

549453

PAGE 2 OF 2

TRN NUMBER

FILE NUMBER

LOCATION

APPENDIX SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

R.T. HICKS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

Figures

The figures below are from Hicks Consultants site visits of August 12, 2022 and June 22, 2023.

Figure 1: *View to the southeast from the northwest corner of the site. The shallow eolian sand forms the hummocky terrain* (2023).



Figure 2: Looking to the southwest from the northeastern corner of the Zeus Deuce site. The Zeus Containment can be seen on the left horizon (2022).



R.T. HICKS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

Figure 3: Looking north into the Zeus Deuce site from the northern embankment of the Zeus Containment immediately south of the Zeus Deuce site (2022).

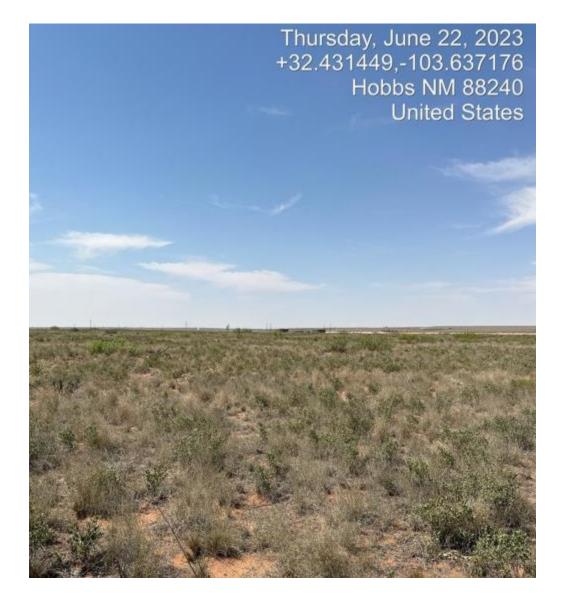


Figure 4: Looking north towards the center of the Zeus Deuce site near the southwestern corner.



R.T. HICKS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

Figure 5: *View is to the west northwest from near the southeast corner of the site.*



R. T. HICKS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

901 Rio Grande Blvd NW ▲ Suite F-142 ▲ Albuquerque, NM 87104 ▲ 505.266.5004 ▲ Since 1996

ZEUS DEUCE IN-GROUND CONTAINMENT

Financial Assurance Cost Estimate

Attached is the cost estimate for reclamation of the Zeus Deuce recycling in-ground containment from Charger Services. Their cost estimate is \$2700 for the environmental soil testing. This will entail testing "the soils beneath the containment for contamination with a five-point composite sample which includes stained or wet soils, if any, and that sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I" of Rule 34.

RT Hicks Consultants will assist with the sampling as necessary and prepare the Closure Report for the site. Closure costs associated with the sampling are estimated at \$7500. The cost estimates from Charger Services (attached) and from RT Hicks Consultants are presented below.

Charger Services

Reclam. Earthwork	264,650
Confirm.Sampling	2700
Liner Removal	464,117
Seeding	2000
Fence Removal	17,340
Subtotal	750,807
Est. Tax	61941.58

RT Hicks Consultants

Total

Preparation of sampling results and closure report	4800
Est. Tax	396
Total	5196

Total for all Closure Activities 817,944.58

The reclamation must meet terms set forth in the surface lease agreement with the landowner, who received a copy of the registration.

Please contact Randall Hicks if you have any questions concerning this closure cost estimate.

812,748.58

CHARGER SERVICES

23 W. INDUSTRIAL LOOP MIDLAND, TEXAS 79701 (432) 218 - 7674

MATT.HOLM@CHARGERSERVICES.COM (432)-425-0270

ESTIMATE



ARIS Zeus Deuce Reclaim 9/13/2023

DATE	ACTIVITY	QUANTITY	RATE	TOTAL
Reclaim Earthwork	Mobilize equipment to site. Existing Pond estimated dimensions 436' x 779' floor 700' x 1000' outside to outside 15' top of wall Average 19' deep 3:1 slopes Dirt reclaim of pond consist of- Backfill pond area with uncontaminated soil from pond walls. Pond area will be reclaimed to natural elevations and water flow patterns. All stockpiled strippings will be put down last to ensure ground has been completely returned to native design. *No Density testing	1.00	\$264,650.00	\$264,650.00
Soil and contamination testing	Environmental soil testing Before earthwork can begin the soil must be tested for contamination in case of liner leakage. Cost include trip, labor, materials, and laboratory testing of 10 tests.	1.00	\$2,700.000	\$2,700.00
Liner Removal	Remove and dispose liner estimated 2,374,000 SQFT Removal and Disposal of all 4 layers including Erosion control	2,374,000	\$0.196	\$464,117.00
Seeding	Broadcast seeding of pond area Seed will be a native mix for Lea County NM Includes purchase of seed mix and placement	1.00	\$2,000.00	\$2,000.00
Fence Removal	Fence removal and disposal Fence estimated at 3,400 ft This includes removal of all posts, braces, wire, fabric, gates, and hardware.	3,400.00	\$5.10	\$17,340.00

Venegas, Victoria, EMNRD

From: Venegas, Victoria, EMNRD

Sent: Friday, September 29, 2023 10:08 AM

To: 'Chad Gallagher'; r@rthicksconsult.com; Drew Dixon

Subject: 1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976]

Attachments: C-147 1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976].pdf

1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976]

Good morning Mr. Gallagher,,

NMOCD has reviewed the recycling containment permit application and related documents, submitted by [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC on September 25, 2023, for 1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] in I-35-21S-32E, Lea County, New Mexico. The form C-147 and related documents for 1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] is approved with the following conditions of approval:

- [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC shall construct, operate, maintain, close, and reclaim 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] in compliance with 19.15.34 NMAC.
- 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] is approved for five years of operation from the date of permit application. 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] permit expires on September 25, 2028. If [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC, wishes to extend operations past five years an annual permit extension request must be submitted using an NMOCD form C-147 through OCD Online by August 25, 2028.
- [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC cannot receive produced water in 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] until after the original copy of the financial assurance has been accepted by NMOCD.
- 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] consists of one (1) earthen containment of 1,040,000 BBL of capacity @3' freeboard.
- Per Rule 19.15.34.15.A.(1) operators without existing financial assurance pursuant to 19.15.8 NMAC shall furnish
 financial assurance acceptable to the division in the amount of the recycling containment's estimated closure cost.
 The total closure cost estimate provided in the application in the amount of \$812,748.58 for 1RF-509 ZEUS
 DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] meets the requirements of NMAC 19.15.34.15.A.(1).
- The financial assurance should be mailed to the Oil Conservation Division; Bonding and Compliance; 1220 South St Frances Drive; Santa Fe, NM 87505. NMOCD will notify you when the bond has been received and approved.
- [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC shall notify OCD when construction of 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] commences.
- [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC shall notify OCD when recycling operations commence and cease at 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976].
- A minimum of 3-feet freeboard must be maintained at 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976], at all times during operations.
- If less than 20% of the total fluid capacity is utilized every six months, beginning from the first withdrawal, operation of the facility is considered ceased and notification of cessation of operations should be sent electronically to OCD Online. An extension to extend the cessation of operation, not to exceed six months, may be submitted using a C-147 form through OCD Online.
- [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC shall submit monthly reports of recycling and reuse of produced water drilling fluids, and liquid oil field waste on OCD form C-148 through OCD Online even if there is zero activity.
- [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC shall comply with 19.15.29 NMAC Releases in the event of any release of produced water or other oil field wastes at 1RF-509 ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976].

Please reference number 1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [fVV2327139976] in all future communications.

Regards,

Victoria Venegas • Environmental Specialist

Environmental Bureau
EMNRD - Oil Conservation Division
506 W. Texas Ave. Artesia, NM 88210
(575) 909-0269 | Victoria.Venegas@emnrd.nm.gov

https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/



District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720

District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. **Santa Fe, NM 87505**

CONDITIONS

Action 268525

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC	371643
907 Tradewinds Blvd, Suite B	Action Number:
Midland, TX 79706	268525
	Action Type:
	[C-147] Water Recycle Long (C-147L)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
vvenegas	• [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC shall construct, operate, maintain, close, and reclaim 1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [ftVV2327139976] in compliance with 19.15.34 NMAC.• 1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [ftVV2327139976] is approved for five years of operation from the date of permit application. 1RF-509 - ZEUS DEUCE CONTAINMENT FACILITY ID [ftVV2327139976] permit expires on September 25, 2028. If [371643] SOLARIS WATER MIDSTREAM, LLC, wishes to extend operations past five years, an annual permit extension request must be submitted using an NMOCD form C-147 through OCD Online by August 25, 2028.	9/29/2023