

October 23, 2020

Spill Closure Report:	Arena Roja Federal Unit #15H/16H (CTB 2) Unit I, Section 15, Township 26 South, Range 35 East County: Lea Tracking Number: NOY1823236138
Prepared For:	Devon Energy Production Company 6488 Seven Rivers Highway Artesia, New Mexico 88210

#### New Mexico Oil Conservation Division – District 1 – Hobbs

1625 North French Drive Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

Devon Energy Production Company (Devon) retained Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) to conduct a spill assessment and remediation for a produced water release that occurred at Arena Roja Federal Unit 15H/16H (CTB 2)(hereafter referred to as "Arena Roja"). Devon provided notification of the release to New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NM OCD) District 1 and the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), who owns the property, on August 20th, 2018, via an initial C-141 (Attachment 1). The NM OCD tracking number assigned to this release is NOY1823236138.

This letter provides a description of the spill assessment and liner inspection, and demonstrates that closure criteria established in 19.15.29.12 *New Mexico Administrative Code* (NMAC; New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, 2018) have been met and all applicable regulations are being followed. This document is intended to serve as a final report to obtain approval from NM OCD for closure of this release.

### **Incident Description**

On August 20, 2018, a release occurred at Devon's Arena Roja site when a seal on a transfer pump began to leak. This incident resulted in the release of approximately 10 barrels (bbls) of produced water into the lined secondary containment. Upon discovery of the release, the pump was isolated to stop the flow of produced water and a hydrovac truck was dispatched to the site to recover free liquids. Approximately 9 bbls of produced water were recovered from the secondary containment and removed for disposal off-site. The liner was checked for holes/rips and none were found. The remaining fluid was recovered during the containment cleaning. All fluids were contained within the lined Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures containment and no produced water was released into undisturbed areas or waterways.

### **Site Characterization**

The release at Arena Roja occurred on federally-owned land, N 32.04041, W 103.34902, approximately 10 miles southwest of Jal, New Mexico. The legal description for the site is Unit I, Section 15, Township 26 South, Range 35 East, Lea County, New Mexico. This location is within the Permian Basin in southeast New Mexico and has historically been used for oil and gas exploration and production, and rangeland. An aerial photograph and site schematic are included in Attachment 2.

vertex.ca 3101 Boyd Drive, Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, USA | P 575.725.5001 Devon Energy Production Company Arena Roja Fed Unit 15H/16H

Arena Roja is typical of oil and gas exploration and production sites in the western portion of the Permian Basin, and is currently used for oil and gas production, and storage. The following sections specifically describe the area surrounding the constructed wellpad where the storage tanks are located.

The surrounding landscape is associated with sandy plains and is not prime farmland. The climate is semi-arid, with average annual precipitation ranging between 10 and 12 inches. The historical plant community is a uniformly distributed grassland dominated by black grama, dropseeds and bluestems, with scattered shinnery oak and sand sage. Perennial and annual forbs are common, but their abundance and distribution fluctuate with precipitation. Litter and, to a lesser extent, bare ground, make up a significant proportion of the ground cover (United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2020). Limited to no vegetation is allowed to grow on the compacted wellpad.

The *Geological Map of New Mexico* indicates the surface geology at Arena Roja is comprised primarily of Qep-Eolian and piedmont deposits (Holocene to middle Pleistecene) characterized by interlaid eolian sand and piedmont deposits (New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2020). The National Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey characterizes the soil at the site as Pyote and Maljamar fine sands, which are associated with sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock, and tend to be fine sand and sandy clay loam over a cemented material. This type of soil, typically found at elevations of 3,000 to 3,900 feet above sea level, tends to be well-drained with very low runoff and low available moisture in the soil profile (United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2020). There is low potential for karst geology to be present near Arena Roja (United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, 2020).

There is no surface water located on-site. The nearest significant watercourse, as defined in Subsection P of 19.15.17.7 NMAC, is a draw located approximately 0.91 miles northeast of the site (New Mexico Office of the State Engineer, Interstate Stream Commission, 2020). There are no continuously flowing watercourses or significant watercourses, lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes, or other critical water or community features as outlined in Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

The nearest recent groundwater well to Arena Roja is a New Mexico Office of the State Engineer well from 2015 located 1.9 miles southeast of the site. Data for that well shows a depth to groundwater at 250 feet below ground surface (bgs; New Mexico Office of the State Engineer, New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System, 2020). Documentation pertaining to site characterization and depth to groundwater determination is included in Attachment 3.

### **Closure Criteria Determination**

Using site characterization information, a closure criteria determination worksheet (Attachment 3) was completed to determine if the release would be subject to any of the special case scenarios outlined in Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC, if the release had escaped secondary containment.

Based on data included in the closure criteria determination worksheet, the release at Arena Roja would not be subject to the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC and the closure criteria for the site would be determined to be associated with depth to groundwater. The nearest groundwater well is farther than ½ mile from the release site, which would nullify the depth to groundwater determination and change the closure criteria for the site to the below constituent concentration limits.

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#### **Devon Energy Production Company**

Arena Roja Fed Unit 15H/16H

Table 1. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release					
Depth to Groundwater	Constituent	Limit			
	Chloride	600 mg/kg			
	TPH <sup>1</sup>	100 mg/kg			
< 50 feet	(GRO + DRO + MRO)	100 mg/kg			
	BTEX <sup>2</sup>	50 mg/kg			
Γ	Benzene	10 mg/kg			

<sup>1</sup>Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) = gasoline range organics (GRO) + diesel range organics (DRO) + motor oil range organics (MRO) <sup>2</sup>Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX)

### **Remedial Actions**

On May 20, 2020, Vertex provided 48-hour notification of the liner inspection to the BLM and NM OCD, as required by Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of Subsection A 19.15.29.11 NMAC (Attachment 4). On May 22, 2020, Vertex conducted a visual inspection of the production equipment secondary containment liner for cracks, tears, cuts and other signs of damage to verify that the liner remained intact and had the ability to contain the release. The Daily Field Report (DFR) associated with the inspection is included in Attachment 5.

### **Closure Request**

Vertex recommends no remediation action to address the release at Arena Roja. The secondary containment liner appeared to be intact and had the ability to contain the release in question, as shown in the inspection photographs included with the DFR (Attachment 5). There are no anticipated risks to human, ecological or hydrological receptors associated with the release site.

Vertex requests that incident NRM2010659709 be closed as all closure requirements set forth in Subsection E of 19.15.29.12 NMAC have been met. Devon certifies that all information in this report and the attachments is correct, and that they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in Division rules and directives to meet NM OCD requirements to obtain closure on the April 6, 2020, release at Arena Roja.

Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at 505.506.0040 or ngordon@vertex.ca.

Sincerely,

atalie fordon

Natalie Gordon PROJECT MANAGER

vertex.ca

<b>Devon Energy Production Company</b>
Arena Roja Fed Unit 15H/16H

### Attachments

- Attachment 1. NM OCD C-141 Report
- Attachment 2. Site Schematic
- Attachment 3. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release Research Documentation
- Attachment 4. Required 48-hr Notification of Liner Inspection to Regulatory Agencies
- Attachment 5. Daily Field Report(s) with Photographs

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### References

- New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources. (2020). *Interactive Geologic Map.* Retrieved from http://geoinfo.nmt.edu.
- New Mexico Office of the State Engineer, Interstate Stream Commission. (2020). OSE POD Locations. Retrieved from https://gis.ose.state.nm.us/gisapps/ose\_pod\_locations/.
- New Mexico Office of the State Engineer, New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System. (2020). *Water Column/Average* Depth to Water Report. Retrieved from http://nmwrrs.ose.state.nm.us/nmwrrs/waterColumn.html.
- New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. (2018). *New Mexico Administrative Code Natural Resources and Wildlife Oil and Gas Releases*. Santa Fe, New Mexico.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. (2020). *Web Soil Survey*. Retrieved from https://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx.
- United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management. (2020). *New Mexico Cave/Karsts*. Retrieved from https://www.blm.gov/programs/recreation/recreation-programs/caves/new-mexico.

2020 Spill Assessment and Closure June 2020

### Limitations

This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of Devon Energy Production Company (Devon). This document may not be used by any other person or entity, with the exception of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, without the express written consent of Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) and Devon. Any use of this report by a third party, or any reliance on decisions made based on it, or damages suffered as a result of the use of this report are the sole responsibility of the user.

The information and conclusions contained in this report are based upon work undertaken by trained professional and technical staff in accordance with generally accepted scientific practices current at the time the work was performed. The conclusions and recommendations presented represent the best judgement of Vertex based on the data collected during the assessment. Due to the nature of the assessment and the data available, Vertex cannot warrant against undiscovered environmental liabilities. Conclusions and recommendations presented in this report should not be considered legal advice.

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## **ATTACHMENT 1**

Surface Owner Federal

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

> Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

API No. 30-025-42671

### **Release Notification and Corrective Action**

	<b>OPERATOR</b>	Initial Report	Final Report
Name of Company Devon Energy Production Company	Contact Aaron Pina, Production	Foreman	
Address 6488 Seven Rivers Hwy Artesia, NM 88210	Telephone No. 575-748-3371		
Facility Name Arena Roja Fed Unit 15	Facility Type Oil		
· · ·	· · · · ·		

LOCATION OF RELEASE

Mineral Owner Federal

Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the	North/South Line	Feet from the	East/West Line	County
D	27	26S	35E	200	FNL	10	FWL	Lea

Latitude\_32.0209382\_Longitude\_103.3638311\_NAD83

### NATURE OF RELEASE

Type of Release Produced Water (PW)	Volume of Release 9.7BBLS PW	Volume Re 9 BBLS PV	
Source of Release	Date and Hour of Occurrence	Date and H	lour of Discovery
Leak on transfer pump	July 26, 2018 @ 12:05 PM MST	July 26, 20	18 @ 12:05 PM MST
Was Immediate Notice Given?	If YES, To Whom?		
☐ Yes ☐ No ⊠ Not Required	Via C141		
By Whom?	Date and Hour N/A		
Was a Watercourse Reached?	If YES, Volume Impacting the Wa	tercourse.	
🗌 Yes 🖾 No	N/A		
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.* N/A			
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* Lease operator discovered a leak on transfer pump. Nipple broke of Repairs made.	off due to corrosion. The tank wa	s isolated to	prevent any further release.
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.* Approximately 9.7 bbls of pw was released into SPCC lined containm Approximately 9 bbls of pw was recovered during initial response washing. All fluid was recovered.	via vacuum truck, the remainder	was recover	ed during the containment
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release no public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report do federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.	otifications and perform corrective ac e NMOCD marked as "Final Report" e contamination that pose a threat to g	tions for relea does not relie ground water,	ases which may endanger ve the operator of liability surface water, human health
	OIL CONSERV	VATION I	DIVISION
Signature: Dana DeLaRosa			
Printed Name: Dana DeLaRosa	Approved by Environmental Speciali	st:	
Title: Field Admin Support	Approval Date:	Expiration D	ate:
	Conditions of Approval:		Attached
Date: Phone: 575.748.3371			

\* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

#### NOY1823236138 -- Incident ONLY

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	ome > Searches >	-	ent Details													
	NOY182323	6138 2018	MING	ORAS	sws @:	3 <mark>0-0</mark> 2	25-42	671								
	General Incident	t Information														
	Site Name: Well:	[30-025-42671	] ARENA	ROJA FED	DERAL UNIT #01	15H										
	Facility: Operator:	[6137] DEVON	ENERG	Y PRODUC	CTION COMPAN	IY LP										
	Status:	Closure Not Ap	proved								Severity:	Minor				
	Type: District:	Produced Wate Hobbs	er Releas	e							Surface Owner: County:	Lea (25)				
			1000000													
	Incident Location: Lat/Long:	D-27-26S-35E 32.0209382,-1														
	Directions:															
	Notes															
	Source of Referral:	Industry Rep									Action / Escalation:					
	Resulted In Fire:										Will or Has Reached	Watercourse:				
	Endangered Public	: Health:									Property Or Environ					
	Contact Details															
	Contact Name:										Contact Title:					
	Event Dates															
	Date of Discovery:			08/20/201							OCD Notified of Maj	or Release:	08/11/2018			
	Extension Date:			11/15/2018	8						Cancelled Date:					
	Initial C-141 Receiv	ed:														
	Characterization Re Remediation Plan F										Characterization Rep Remediation Plan Ap					
											Remediation Due:					
	Closure Report Rec	ceived:									Closure Report Appr	roved:				
	Incidents Materia	als														
				Ň	Volume											
	Cause Source	Material	Unk.	Spilled	Recovered	Lost	Units									
			- Clink													
		Produced Water		10	9	1	BBL									
	Incident Events															
	Date									Detail						
												as isolated to prevent	t any further release. Repairs mad	le. Approx. 9. 7		
	bbls	of PW was released	l into line	d secondar	y containment. 1	The liner v	was check	ked for holes	s and none w	vere found. All f	luid was recovered.					
	Orders															
	No Orders Found															
÷																

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Page 6

Oil Conservation Division

Incident ID	NOY1823236138
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

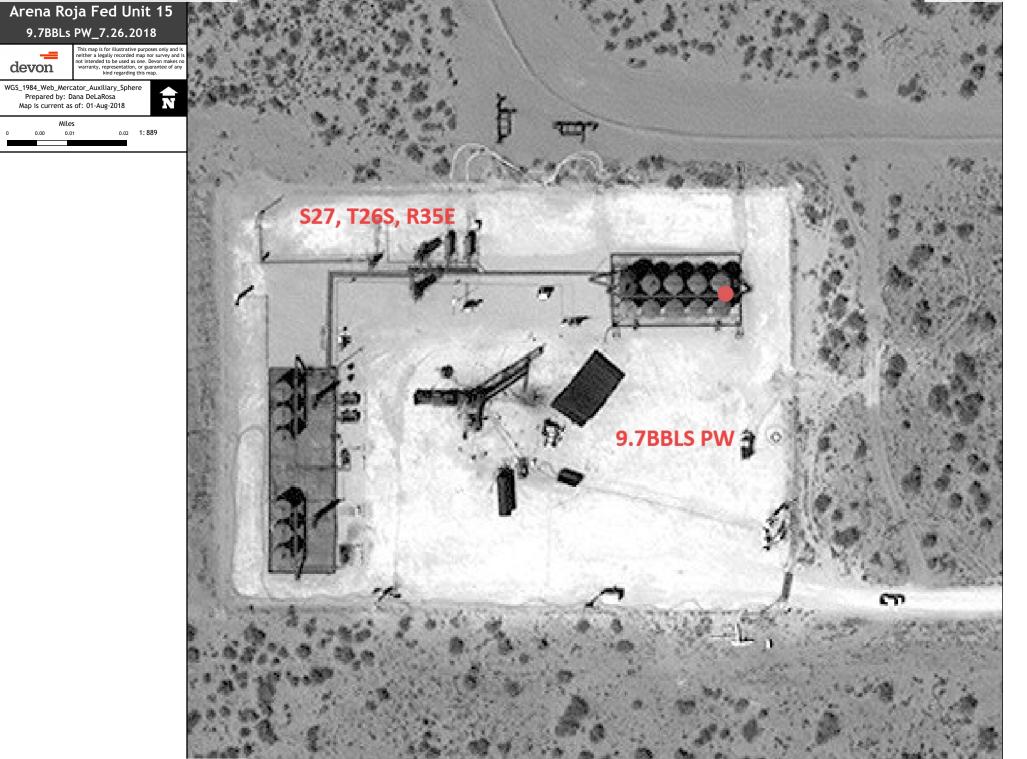
## Closure

The responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) including a scaled site map, sampling diagrams, relevant field notes, photographs of any excavation prior to backfilling, laboratory data including chain of custody documents of final sampling, and a narrative of the remedial activities. Refer to 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Each of the following items must be included in the closure report.
A scaled site and sampling diagram as described in 19.15.29.11 NMAC
Photographs of the remediated site prior to backfill or photos of the liner integrity if applicable (Note: appropriate OCD District office must be notified 2 days prior to liner inspection)
Laboratory analyses of final sampling (Note: appropriate ODC District office must be notified 2 days prior to final sampling)
Description of remediation activities
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations. The responsible party acknowledges they must substantially restore, reclaim, and re-vegetate the impacted surface area to the conditions that existed prior to the release or their final land use in accordance with 19.15.29.13 NMAC including notification to the OCD when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete.         Printed Name:       Tom Bynum       Title:       EHS Consultant         Signature:       Tom Bynum       Title:       EHS Consultant         email:       tom.bynum@dvn.com       Telephone: <u>575-748-2663</u>
OCD Only
Received by: Date:
Closure approval by the OCD does not relieve the responsible party of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate an remediate contamination that poses a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health, or the environment nor does not relieve the responsible party of compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.
Closure Approved by: Date:
Printed Name: Title:

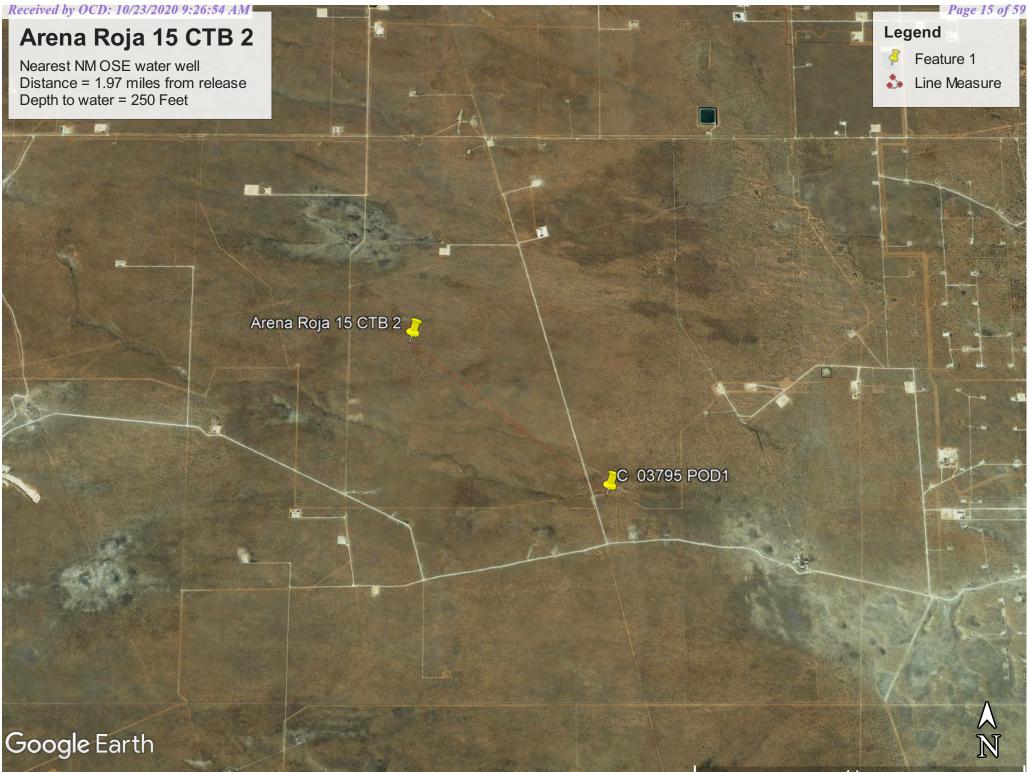
## **ATTACHMENT 2**

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## **ATTACHMENT 3**

Table 1.			
	e: Arena Roja 15 CTB 2		
-	rdinates:	X: 32.0404	Y: -103.34902
Site Spec	ific Conditions	Value	Unit
1	Depth to Groundwater	250	feet
2	Within 300 feet of any continuously flowing	158928	feet
Z	watercourse or any other significant watercourse	156926	ieet
3	Within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake	16115	feet
5	(measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	10115	Teet
4	Within 300 feet from an occupied residence, school,	15808	feet
4	hospital, institution or church	13808	leet
	i) Within 500 feet of a spring or a private, domestic		
5	fresh water well used by less than five households for	10402	feet
Э	domestic or stock watering purposes, <b>or</b>		
	ii) Within 1000 feet of any fresh water well or spring	10402	feet
	Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a		
	defined municipal fresh water field covered under a		
6	municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 3-27-	No	(Y/N)
	3 NMSA 1978 as amended, unless the municipality		
	specifically approves		
7	Within 300 feet of a wetland	3856	feet
8	Within the area overlying a subsurface mine	No	(Y/N)
			Critical
9		1.000	High
9	Within an unstable area (Karst Map)	Low	Medium
			Low
10	Within a 100 year Floodalain	Undetermined	Voor
10	Within a 100-year Floodplain	Undetermined	year
			<50'
	NMAC 19.15.29.12 E (Table 1) Closure Criteria	>100'	51-100'
			>100'



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4 km

		< <b>1</b>	are 1=NW s are smal		=SW 4=SE)	(NAD83 U	TM in meters)	
Vell Tag POD	Number	Q64 Q1			· /	X	Y	
C 0	3795 POD1	4 4	4 3	24 26	S 35E	658419	3544221 🌍	
Driller License:	1607	Driller C	ompan	y: D	URAN D	RILLING		
Driller Name:	DURAN, LUIS (	TONY)						
Drill Start Date:	02/02/2015	Drill Fin	ish Dat	e:	02/06/20	15 <b>P</b> I	ug Date:	
Log File Date:	02/19/2015	PCW Rc	v Date:			So	urce:	Shallow
Pump Type:		Pipe Disc	charge S	Size:		Es	timated Yield:	180 GPM
Casing Size:	7.00	Depth W	ell:		496 feet	De	epth Water:	250 feet
Wate	er Bearing Stratif	ications:	Тор	Botto	m Desc	ription		
			320	3	24 Sands	stone/Grave	/Conglomerate	
			460	) 4	92 Sands	stone/Gravel	/Conglomerate	

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

5/28/20 8:45 AM

POINT OF DIVERSION SUMMARY

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# New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water

(A CLW##### in the POD suffix indicates the POD has been replaced & no longer serves a water right file.)	(R=POD been rep O=orpha C=the fi closed)	laced, aned,							/ 2=NE est to la:	3=SW 4=SE rgest) (N	E) IAD83 UTM in n	neters)	(In feet)		
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POD Number	Code		County	-	Q 16	_	Sec	Tws	Rng	X	Y	DistanceDept	hWellDepthV		nter umn
<u>C 03795 POD1</u>		С	LE				24	26S	35E	658419	3544221 🌍	3106	496	250	246
J 00005 POD1		J	LE	2	2	2	13	26S	35E	659200	3547174* 🌍	3480	601	230	371
<u>J 00041 POD1</u>		J	LE	1	1	1	19	26N	36E	659404	3545621 🌍	3523		270	
<u>J_00001</u>	R	J	LE	1	1	3	18	26S	36E	659416	3546374* 🌍	3524	550	253	297
J 00001 POD3		J	LE	1	1	3	18	26S	36E	659416	3546374* 🌍	3524	550	253	297
<u>J 00002 X3</u>		J	LE		3	1	19	26S	36E	659536	3545067* 🔵	3759	710	216	494
<u>J 00002 X2</u>		J	LE		4	3	18	26S	36E	659929	3545879* 🔵	4025	650	214	436
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<u>CP 01170 POD1</u>	С	СР	LE	3	3	3	06	26S	36E	659282	3548984 🌍	4473	500	280	220
<u>CP 01267 POD1</u>		СР	LE	3	4	3	06	26S	36E	659759	3548807 🌍	4738	585	200	385
											Avera	ge Depth to Water:		245 feet	
												Minimum Dept	n:	200 feet	
												Maximum Depth	1:	280 feet	
Record Count: 13															
<u>UTMNAD83 Radius Search (in meters):</u>															
Easting (X):         655906.63         Northing (Y):         3546048.55         Radius:         5000								6048.55	<b>Radius:</b> 5000						

Released to find ging: \$724/29/EportProver yData=%7B"report"%3A"waterColumn"%2C%0A"BasinDiv"%3A"true"%2C%0A"Basin"%3A""%2C%0A"County"%3A""%2C%0A"Sub\_basin"%3A""%2... 1/2

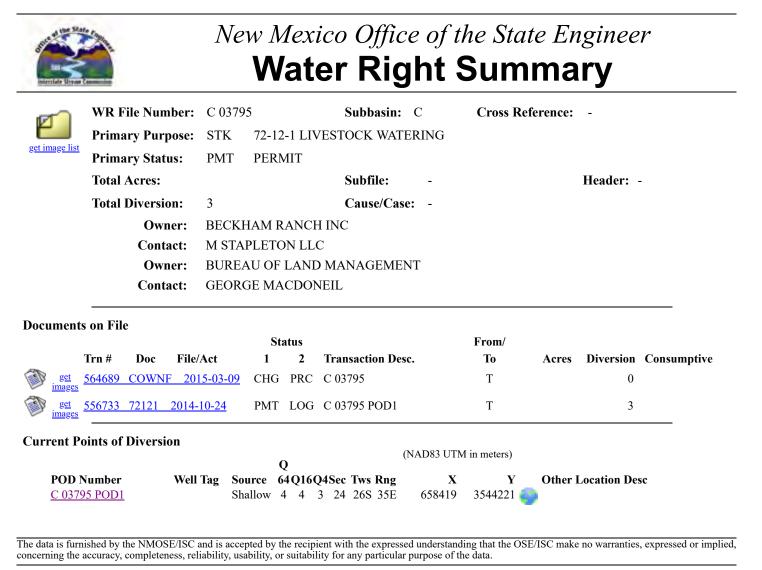
Received by OCD: 10/23/2020 9:26:54 AM rs/ReportProxy?queryData=%7B"report"%3A"waterColumn"%2C%0A"BasinDiv"%3A"true"%2C%0A"Basin"%3A""%2C%0A"County"%3A""%2C%0A"County"%3A"

#### \*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

5/28/20 8:41 AM

WATER COLUMN/ AVERAGE DEPTH TO WATER



5/28/20 9:39 AM

WATER RIGHT SUMMARY

USGS No sites found



### Click to hideNews Bulletins

- Introducing The Next Generation of USGS Water Data for the Nation
- Full News 🔊

Click to hide state-specific text

### Search Results -- No sites found

No sites were found for groundwater level data using your search criteria.

The sites you requested may be available offline. For more information, contact <u>USGS Water</u> <u>Data Inquiries</u>.

lat_long_bounding_box _	Position	Latitude	Longitude						
=	Corner 1	32.039822	-103.349135						
	Corner 2	32.039822	-103.349135						
	Coordinates are entered as Decimal Degrees. DMS values ar converted to Decimal degrees using NAD83 as the datum. Ma your bounding box bigger if you are using NAD27 Datum for y DMS values								
Minimum number of levels =	1								

Use the "Back" button on your browser to change your search criteria.

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## Arena Roja 15 CTB 2

Nearest Flowing Watercourse Distance = 30.1 Miles to Pecos River Legend Feature 1 Line Measure

Jal

Arena Roja 15 CTB 2

30 km

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N

Google Earth

© 2020 Google

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## Arena Roja 15 CTB 2

Nearest Watering Stock POD = 10,408' from site

E TO LOOK

Arena Roja 15 CTB 2 2

C 03795 POD1

T

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N

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Legend

Feature 1

Line Measure

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## New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Active & Inactive Points of Diversion

(with Ownership Information)

		(acre	ft per annum)				(R=POD has been replaced and no longer serves this file, C=the file is closed)		rs are 1= rs are si			=SW 4=SE) est)	(NAE	083 UTM in meters	)
	Sub					Well			qq	q					
WR File Nbr J 00002	basin		Diversion Owner	•	POD Number J 00002 X	Tag	Code Grant	Source					X	Y	Distance
<u>3 00002</u>	J	MUN	986 CITY OF JAL	LE LE	<u>J 00002 X</u>						26S 26S		658717 658705	3545861* 🧉 3546666* 🌍	2841 2876
<u>C 03795</u>	С	STK	3 BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	LE	<u>C 03795 POD1</u>		NON	Shallow	4 4	3 24	26S	35E	658419	3544221	3153
<u>C 03845</u>	С	PRO	0 DEVON ENERGY CO	LE	<u>C 03795 POD1</u>		NON	Shallow	4 4	3 24	26S	35E	658419	3544221 🌍	3153
<u>C 03846</u>	С	PRO	0 DEVON ENERGY CO	LE	<u>C 03795 POD1</u>		NON	Shallow	4 4	3 24	26S	35E	658419	3544221 🌍	3153
<u>C 03847</u>	С	PRO	0 DEVON ENERGY CO	LE	<u>C 03795 POD1</u>		NON	Shallow	4 4	3 24	26S	35E	658419	3544221 🌍	3153
<u>J 00003</u>	J	COM	30 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>J 00003</u>	NA		Shallow	4	2 13	26S	35E	659042	3546648 🌍	3205
<u>C 02272</u>	С	STK	3 BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	LE	<u>C 02272</u>				4 4	3 24	26S	35E	658439	3544144* 🌍	3215
<u>J 00005</u>	J	MUN	383.97 EL PASO NATURAL GAS COMPANY	LE	<u>J 00005 POD1</u>			Shallow	2 2	2 13	26S	35E	659200	3547174* 🌍	3485
<u>J 00005 A</u>	J	COM	0 EL PASO NATURAL GAS COMPANY	LE	<u>J 00005 POD1</u>			Shallow	2 2	2 13	26S	35E	659200	3547174* 🌍	3485
<u>J 00042</u>	J	EXP	0 GLORIETA GEOSCIENCE INC	LE	<u>J 00042 POD1</u>	NA			3 1	3 18	26S	36E	659423	3546152 🌍	3538
<u>J 00001</u>	J	MUN	600 CITY OF JAL	LE	<u>J 00001</u>		R	Shallow	1 1	3 18	26S	36E	659416	3546374* 🌍	3541
				LE	<u>J 00001 POD3</u>			Shallow	1 1	3 18	26S	36E	659416	3546374* 🌍	3541
<u>J 00041</u>	J	EXP	0 CITY OF JAL	LE	<u>J 00041 POD1</u>	NA			1 1	1 19	26N	36E	659404	3545621 🌍	3551
<u>C 04021</u>	С	DOM	1 MARCOS YANEZ	LE	<u>C 04021 POD1</u>		NON		2 4	4 26	26S	35E	657601	3542791 🌍	3724
<u>J 00002</u>	J	MUN	986 CITY OF JAL	LE	<u>J 00002 X3</u>			Shallow	3	1 19	26S	36E	659536	3545067* 🌍	3793
<u>J 00045</u>	J	EXP	0 CITY OF JAL	LE	<u>J 00045 POD1</u>	NA			3 4	3 18	26S	36E	659827	3545781 🌍	3954
<u>J 00002</u>	J	MUN	986 CITY OF JAL	LE	<u>J 00002 X2</u>			Shallow	4	3 18	26S	36E	659929	3545879* 🌍	4049
				LE	<u>J 00002 X4</u>		R		3	1 20	26S	36E	660021	3546381* 🌍	4145
<u>J 00043</u>	J	EXP	0 GLORIETA GEOSCIENCE INC	LE	<u>J 00043 POD1</u>	NA		Shallow	1 1	2 19	26S	36E	660221	3545607 🌍	4363
<u>J 00001</u>	J	MUN	600 CITY OF JAL	LE	<u>J 00001 POD4</u>			Shallow	1 3	2 19	26S	36E	660244	3545180* 🌍	4454
				LE	<u>J 00001 X</u>			Shallow	1 3	2 19	26S	36E	660244	3545180* 🌍	4454
<u>CP 01170</u>	СР	COM	300 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>CP 01170 POD1</u>			Shallow	3 3	3 06	26S	36E	659281	3548984 🌍	4457
<u>CP 01194</u>	СР	CLS	0 BECKHAM RANCH INC	LE	<u>CP 01170 POD1</u>		С	Shallow	3 3	3 06	26S	36E	659281	3548984 🌍	4457
<u>CP 01170</u>	СР	COM	300 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>CP 01267 POD1</u>			Shallow	3 4	3 06	26S	36E	659759	3548807 🌍	4727
<u>CP 01263</u>	СР	COM	200 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>CP 01267 POD1</u>			Shallow	3 4	3 06	26S	36E	659759	3548807 🌍	4727
<u>CP 01267</u>	СР	EXP	0 BECKHAM RANCH INC	LE	<u>CP 01267 POD1</u>			Shallow	3 4	3 06	26S	36E	659759	3548807 🌍	4727

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<u>CP 01292</u>	СР	PRO	0 CONCHO OIL AND GAS	LE	<u>CP 01267 POD1</u>		Shallow	3 4 3	06 2	26S 36E	659759	3548807 🌍	4727
<u>CP 01293</u>	СР	PRO	0 GRR, INC	LE	<u>CP 01267 POD1</u>		Shallow	3 4 3	06 2	26S 36E	659759	3548807 🌍	4727
<u>CP 01294</u>	СР	PRO	0 CONCHO OIL AND GAS	LE	<u>CP 01267 POD1</u>		Shallow	3 4 3	06 2	26S 36E	659759	3548807 🌍	4727
<u>CP 01263</u>	СР	COM	200 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>CP 01263 POD2</u>			2 4 1	07 2	26S 36E	660060	3548343 🌍	4741
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<u>CP 01342</u>	СР	CLS	0 BECKHAM RANCH INC	LE	<u>CP 01170 POD2</u>	С		2 3 3	06 2	26S 36E	659541	3549183 🌍	4784
<u>J 00002</u>	J	MUN	986 CITY OF JAL	LE	<u>J 00003 POD2</u>		Shallow	1 1 2	30 2	26S 36E	660265	3543972 🌍	4868
<u>J 00003</u>	J	COM	30 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>J 00003 POD2</u>		Shallow	1 1 2	30 2	26S 36E	660265	3543972 🌍	4868
<u>J 00004</u>	J	COM	5 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>J 00003 POD2</u>		Shallow	1 1 2	30 2	26S 36E	660265	3543972 🌍	4868
<u>J 00022</u>	J	DOL	0 BECKHAM RANCH, INC.	LE	<u>J 00003 POD2</u>		Shallow	1 1 2	30 2	26S 36E	660265	3543972 🌍	4868
<u>J 00025</u>	J	COM	500 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>J 00003 POD2</u>		Shallow	1 1 2	30 2	26S 36E	660265	3543972 🌍	4868
<u>J 00026</u>	J	COM	500 NGL SOUTH RANCH INC	LE	<u>J 00003 POD2</u>		Shallow	1 1 2	30 2	26S 36E	660265	3543972 🌍	4868
<u>CP 01305</u>	СР	COM	100 FULFER OIL & CATTLE COMPANY	LE	<u>CP 01305 POD1</u>		Artesian	1 4	31 2	25S 37E	655627	3551065 🌍	4974

Record Count: 40

#### UTMNAD83 Radius Search (in meters):

Northing (Y): 3546097.51

Easting (X): 655884.98

Radius: 5000

Sorted by: Distance

#### \*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

5/28/20 9:38 AM

ACTIVE & INACTIVE POINTS OF DIVERSION

# Received by OCD: 10/23/2020 9:26:54 AM U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

## National Wetlands Inventory

## Arena Roja 15 CTB 2 - Pond = 16115'

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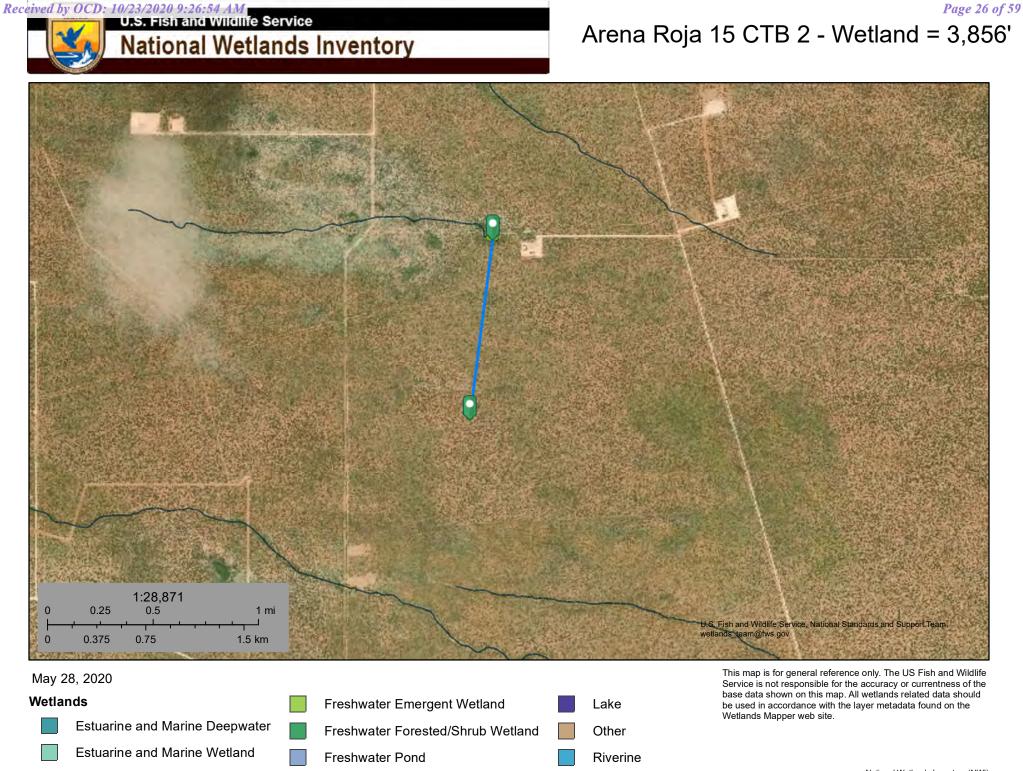
### May 28, 2020

#### Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- **Freshwater Pond**

Lake Other Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.



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National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper

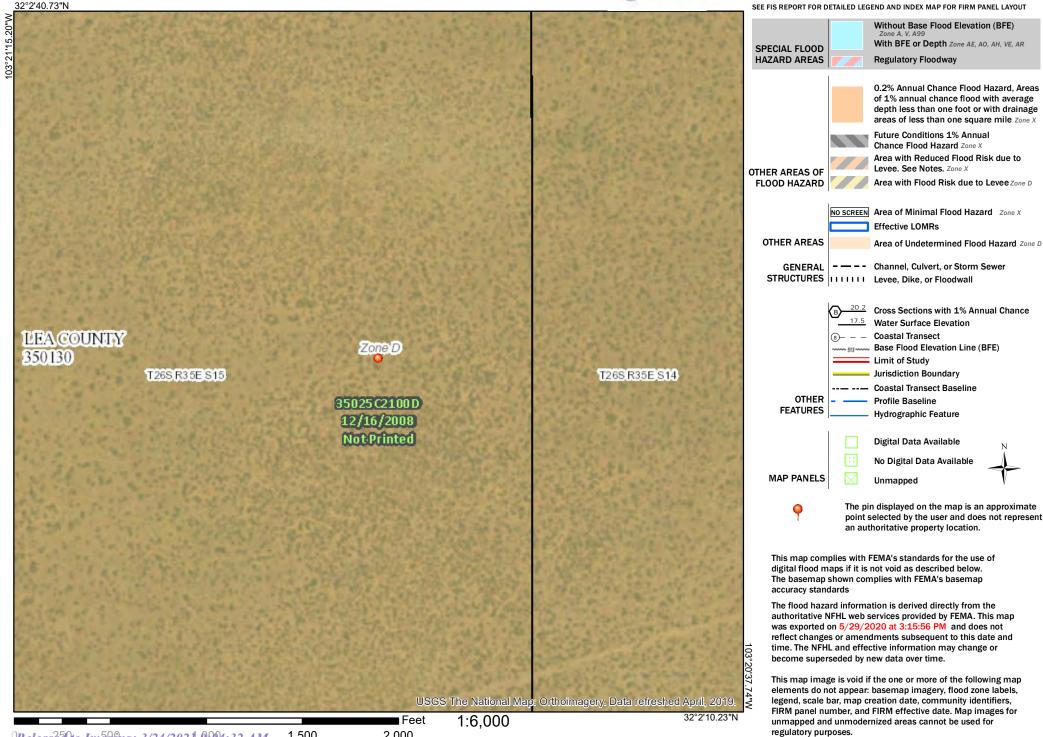
# Received by OCD: 10/23/2020 9:26:54 AM INational Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



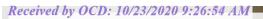
### Legend

### SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

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2,000



## Arena Roja 15 CTB 2

Nearest Residency Distance = 15,808' 
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 Legend

 Feature 1

 Line Measure

A N

2 km

Arena Roja 15 CTB 2 🢦

24

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Google Earth

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USDA United States Department of Agriculture

> Natural Resources Conservation Service

A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

# **Custom Soil Resource Report for** Lea County, New **Mexico**



# Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2\_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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# **How Soil Surveys Are Made**

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic classes has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

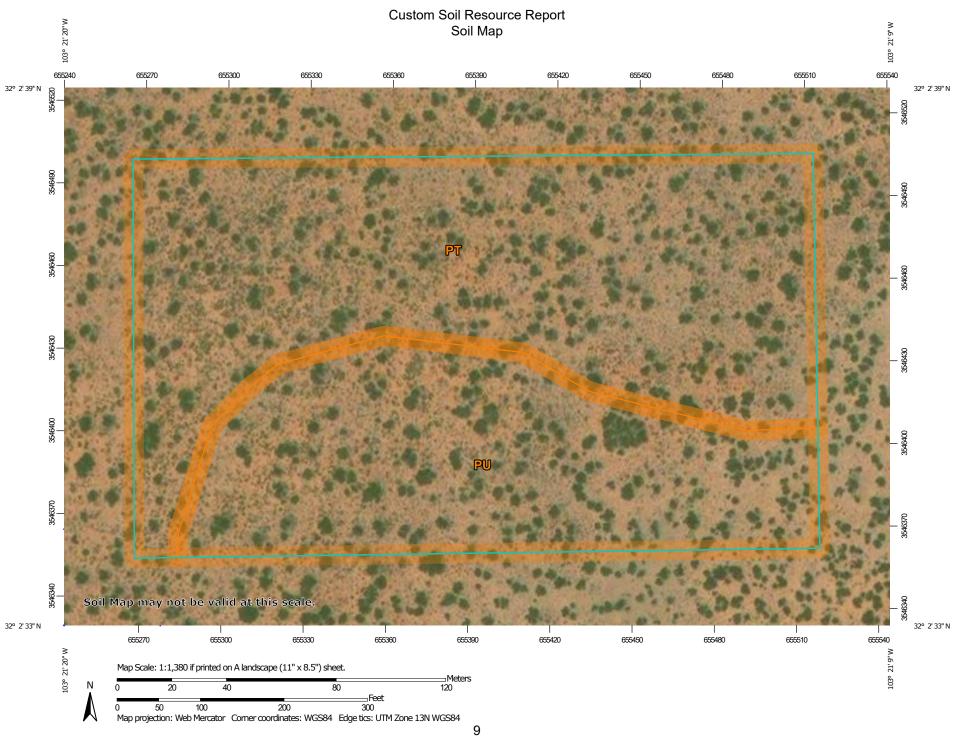
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identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

# Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.





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#### Custom Soil Resource Report

MAP LEGEND				MAP INFORMATION		
Area of Ir	<b>iterest (AOI)</b> Area of Interest (AOI)	8	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.		
Soils		٥	Stony Spot			
	Soil Map Unit Polygons	0	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.		
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	\$	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause		
	Soil Map Unit Points	$\triangle$	Other	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil		
— Special	Point Features	·**	Special Line Features	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed		
ဖ	Blowout	Water Fea		scale.		
$\boxtimes$	Borrow Pit	$\sim$	Streams and Canals			
*	Clay Spot	Transport	ation Rails	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.		
$\diamond$	Closed Depression		Interstate Highways			
X	Gravel Pit	2	US Routes	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:		
	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)		
0	Landfill	~	Local Roads	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercato		
Ă.	Lava Flow	Backgrou		projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts		
ala	Marsh or swamp	Backgrou	Aerial Photography	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more		
~	Mine or Quarry			accurate calculations of distance or area are required.		
0	Miscellaneous Water			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data a		
ŏ	Perennial Water			of the version date(s) listed below.		
Ň	Rock Outcrop			Sail Survey Areas Les County New Merrice		
÷	Saline Spot			Soil Survey Area: Lea County, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 15, 2019		
÷:	Sandy Spot					
· · ·	Severely Eroded Spot			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.		
~ ~	Sinkhole					
~	Slide or Slip			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Se 19, 2017		
	Sodic Spot					
Ø				The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.		

## **Map Unit Legend**

Map Unit Symbol Map Unit Name		Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
PT	Pyote loamy fine sand	5.4	60.6%
PU Pyote and maljamar fine sands		3.5	39.4%
Totals for Area of Interest		8.9	100.0%

## **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

### Lea County, New Mexico

#### PT—Pyote loamy fine sand

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: dmqp Elevation: 3,000 to 3,900 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 12 inches Mean annual air temperature: 60 to 62 degrees F Frost-free period: 190 to 200 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Pyote and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Pyote**

#### Setting

Landform: Plains Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

#### **Typical profile**

A - 0 to 25 inches: loamy fine sand Bt - 25 to 60 inches: fine sandy loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Negligible
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent
Gypsum, maximum in profile: 1 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0
Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: A Ecological site: Loamy Sand (R042XC003NM) Hydric soil rating: No

#### Minor Components

#### Maljamar

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Ecological site: Loamy Sand (R042XC003NM) Hydric soil rating: No

#### Palomas

Percent of map unit: 7 percent Ecological site: Loamy Sand (R042XC003NM) Hydric soil rating: No

#### PU—Pyote and maljamar fine sands

#### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: dmqq Elevation: 3,000 to 3,900 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 12 inches Mean annual air temperature: 60 to 62 degrees F Frost-free period: 190 to 205 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### Map Unit Composition

Maljamar and similar soils: 45 percent Pyote and similar soils: 45 percent Minor components: 10 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Maljamar**

#### Setting

Landform: Plains Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

#### **Typical profile**

A - 0 to 24 inches: fine sand Bt - 24 to 50 inches: sandy clay loam Bkm - 50 to 60 inches: cemented material

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to petrocalcic
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Very low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Custom Soil Resource Report

Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent
Gypsum, maximum in profile: 1 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0
Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: Loamy Sand (R042XC003NM) Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Description of Pyote**

#### Setting

Landform: Plains Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

#### **Typical profile**

A - 0 to 30 inches: fine sand Bt - 30 to 60 inches: fine sandy loam

#### Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Negligible
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent
Gypsum, maximum in profile: 1 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0
Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: A Ecological site: Loamy Sand (R042XC003NM) Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Kermit

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

•

#### Custom Soil Resource Report

*Ecological site:* Sandhills (R042XC022NM) *Hydric soil rating:* No

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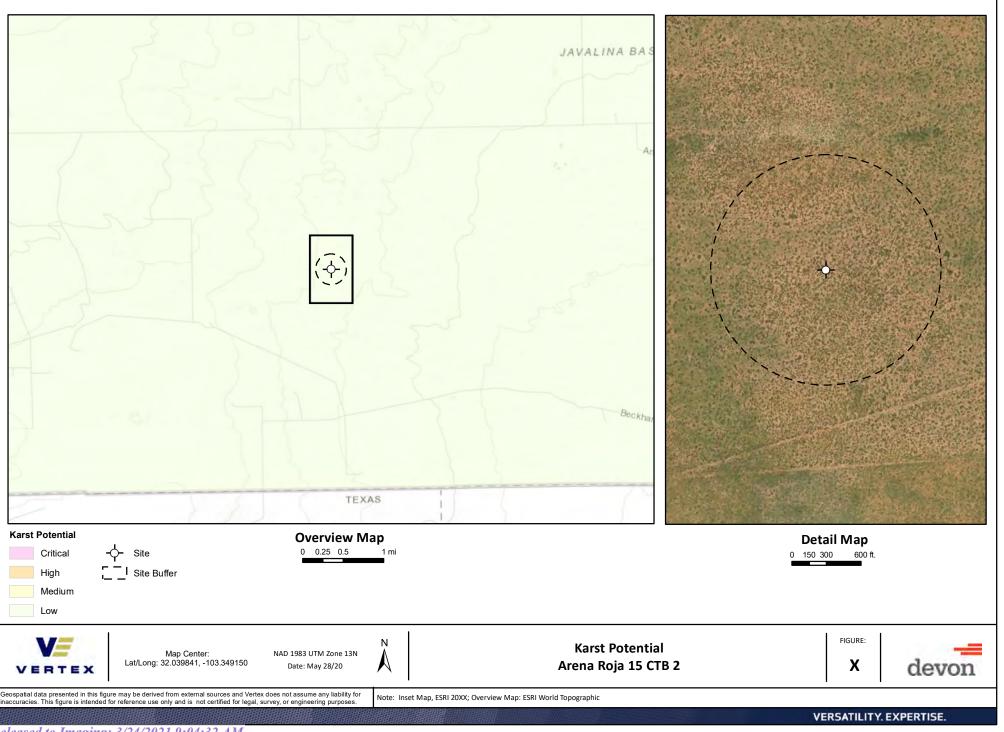
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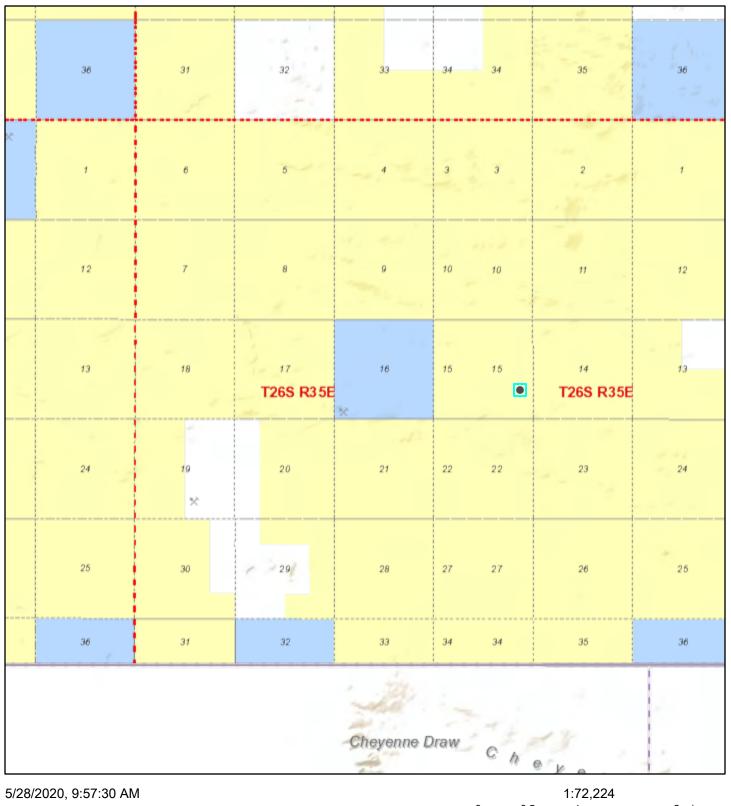
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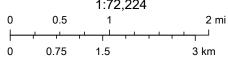
CTB 2/Fig X

## Active Mines in New Mexico



#### **Registered Mines**

\* Aggregate, Stone etc.



U.S. Bureau of Land Management - New Mexico State Office, Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA, Sources: Esri, Garmin, USGS, NPS

### **ATTACHMENT 4**

#### Natalie Gordon

From:	Dhugal Hanton <vertexresourcegroupusa@gmail.com></vertexresourcegroupusa@gmail.com>
Sent:	Wednesday, May 20, 2020 1:55 PM
То:	Natalie Gordon
Subject:	Fwd: NRM2010659709: Arena Roja 15 CTB 2 48-hr Notification of Liner Inspection

------ Forwarded message ------

From: Dhugal Hanton <<u>vertexresourcegroupusa@gmail.com</u>> Date: Wed, May 20, 2020 at 1:54 PM Subject: NRM2010659709: Arena Roja 15 CTB 2 48-hr Notification of Liner Inspection To: EMNRD-OCD-District1spills <<u>emnrd-ocd-district1spills@state.nm.us</u>>, Bratcher, Mike, EMNRD <<u>Mike.Bratcher@state.nm.us</u>>, CFO\_Spill, BLM\_NM <<u>blm\_nm\_cfo\_spill@blm.gov</u>>, Amos, James A <<u>Jamos@blm.gov</u>>, Kelsey <<u>KWade@blm.gov</u>> Cc: <<u>Lupe.Carrasco@dvn.com</u>>, <<u>amanda.davis@dvn.com</u>>, <<u>wesley.mathews@dvn.com</u>>, <<u>tom.bynum@dvn.com</u>>

All,

Please accept this email as 48-hr notification that Vertex Resource Services Inc. has scheduled a liner inspection to be conducted at Arena Roja 15 CTB 2 for the following open release:

NRM2010659709 - DOR: April 6, 2020

This work will be conducted on behalf of Devon Energy Production Company.

On Friday, May 22, 2020 at approximately 2:00p.m., Vertex will be onsite to conduct a final liner inspection for closure of the above reference incident. If you need directions to the site or have any questions or concerns regarding this notification, please give me a call at 505-506-0040.

Thank you, Natalie

**Natalie Gordon** Project Manager

Vertex Resource Group Ltd. 213 S. Mesa Street Carlsbad, NM 88220

P 575.725.5001 ext 709 C 505.506.0040 F

www.vertex.ca

Confidentiality Notice: This message and any attachments are solely for the intended recipient and may contain confidential or privileged information. If you are not the intended recipient, any disclosure, copying, use, or distribution of the information included in this message and any attachment is prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please notify us by reply email and immediately and permanently delete this message and any attachments. Thank you.

### **ATTACHMENT 5**



Client:	Devon Energy Corporation	Inspection Date:	5/22/2020
		-	
Site Location Name:	Arena Roja 15 CTB 2	Report Run Date:	5/28/2020 2:32 PM
Project Owner:		File (Project) #:	
Project Manager:		API #:	N/A
Client Contact Name:	Amanda Davis	Reference	
Client Contact Phone #:	(575) 748-0176	-	
		Summary of	Times
Left Office	5/22/2020 1:01 PM		
Arrived at Site	5/22/2020 1:01 PM		
Departed Site	5/22/2020 1:45 PM		
Returned to Office	5/22/2020 3:46 PM		

#### **Summary of Daily Operations**

13:18 Conduct liner inspection

#### Next Steps & Recommendations

**1** No tears, cracks or leaking areas identified in liner. No remediation necessary.

**2** Upload photos and notes for closure report.

**3** Complete closure report.





**Site Photos** Viewing Direction: East Viewing Direction: North IN Liner inspection Liner inspection Viewing Direction: North Viewing Direction: East Liner inspection Liner inspection



Viewing Direction: East	Viewing Direction: South
Dissortfollive Photo Dissortfollive Photo Dissortfollive Shoto Dissortfollive Shoto Dissortfo	
Liner inspection	Liner inspection
Viewing Direction: North	Viewing Direction: North
Descriptive Photo: Viewing Direction: North Descriptive Photo: Created Strackborg Stirtle AM Lat:S2.3867274, Long-104.587965	Bakk of the of t
Liner inspection	Liner inspection



Viewing Direction: North	Viewing Direction: West		
Children Photo: Children Photo: Childr			
Liner inspection	Liner inspection		
Viewing Direction: West	Viewing Direction: East		
Beschiptive Ander Transformer Banden del del del service Banden del	Description Photo Rescale and the second and the Description Photo Description Photo Phot		
Area adjacent to containment	Area outside of containment		



Viewing Direction: North	Viewing Direction: West
Area outside of containment	Area outside of containment



#### **Daily Site Visit Signature**

Inspector: Kevin Smith

Signature: Man Jan

Received by OCD: 10/23/2020 9:26:54 AM Form C-141 State of New Mexico

Page 6

Oil Conservation Division

	Page 58 of .	59
Incident ID	NOY1823236138	
District RP		
Facility ID		
Application ID		

### Closure

The responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) including a scaled site map, sampling diagrams, relevant field notes, photographs of any excavation prior to backfilling, laboratory data including chain of custody documents of final sampling, and a narrative of the remedial activities. Refer to 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Each of the following items must be included in the closure report.				
A scaled site and sampling diagram as described in 19.15.29.11 NMAC				
Photographs of the remediated site prior to backfill or photos of the liner integrity if applicable (Note: appropriate OCD District office must be notified 2 days prior to liner inspection)				
Laboratory analyses of final sampling (Note: appropriate ODC District office must be notified 2 days prior to final sampling)				
Description of remediation activities				
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations. The responsible party acknowledges they must substantially restore, reclaim, and re-vegetate the impacted surface area to the conditions that existed prior to the release or their final land use in accordance with 19.15.29.13 NMAC including notification to the OCD when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete.				
Printed Name: Tom Bynum Title: EHS Consultant				
Signature:         Tom Bynum         Date:         10/23/2020           email:         tom.bynum@dvn.com         Telephone:         575-748-2663				
email: tom.bynum@dvn.com Telephone: <u>575-748-2663</u>				
OCD Only				
Received by: <u>Robert Hamlet</u> Date: <u>3/24/2021</u>				
Closure approval by the OCD does not relieve the responsible party of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that poses a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health, or the environment nor does not relieve the responsible party of compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.				
Closure Approved by: <u>Rebert Hamlet</u> Date: <u>3/24/2021</u>				
Printed Name: <u>Robert Hamlet</u> Title: <u>Environmental Specialist - Advanced</u>				

CONDITIONS

Action 10821

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District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone:(575) 393-6161 Fax:(575) 393-0720 District II 044.0.511 Ct. Autoria NM 80040

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720 District III

District III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

District IV 1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

### State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

#### CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Operator: PIMA E Suite 500	NVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, L 1601 N. Turner Hobbs, NM88240	OGRID: 329999	Action Number: 10821	Action Type: C-141
OCD Reviewer Condition				
rhamlet We have received your closure report and final C-141 for Incident #NOY1823236138 E ARENA ROJA FED UNIT 15, thank you. This closure is approved.				

Released to Imaging: 3/24/2021 9:04:32 AM