

#### **Environmental Site Remediation Work Plan**

#### **General Information**

NMOCD District:	District 2	Incident #:	NRM2008663010
Landowner:	Federal		
Client:	Mack Energy Corporation	Site Location:	Partition Federal
Date:	August 21, 2020	Project #:	20E-01755-001
Client Contact:	Matt Buckles	Phone #:	(575) 748-1288
Vertex PM:	Natalie Gordon	Phone #:	(505) 506-0040

#### Objective

The objective of this environmental remediation work plan is to identify areas of exceedance for constituents of concern found during spill assessment and site characterization activities and propose appropriate remediation techniques to address the open release at Partition Federal (hereafter referred to as "Partition"). This incident occurred when a pipe fitting on the oil lact split open, releasing approximately 90 barrels (bbls) of crude oil onto the well pad. The release ran southwest off the well pad into the adjacent pasture. The location and boundaries of this release are identified on Figure 1 (Attachment 1). Areas of concern identified and delineated include nearby equipment and aboveground pipelines.

Initial site research and characterization has been completed and a closure criteria determination worksheet, and applicable research as it pertains to closure criteria selection, are included in Attachment 2. The release at Partition is not subject to the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 *New Mexico Administrative Code* (NMAC). As there is no recent groundwater data from within 0.5 miles of the release location, the depth to groundwater cannot be accurately determined and the closure criteria for the site are determined to be associated with the following constituent concentration limits.

Table 1. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release								
Minimum depth below any point within the horizontal boundary of the release to groundwater less than 10,000 mg/L TDS <sup>1</sup>	Constituent	Limit						
	Chloride	600 mg/kg						
< 50 feet	TPH <sup>2</sup> (GRO + DRO + MRO)	100 mg/kg						
	BTEX <sup>3</sup>	50 mg/kg						
Total Direction (TDC)	Benzene	10 mg/kg						

<sup>2</sup>Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) = gasoline range organics (GRO) + diesel range organics (DRO) + motor oil range organics (MRO) <sup>3</sup>Benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and xylenes (BTEX)

In addition to the Closure Criteria established in Table 1, restoration and reclamation activities will be required for offpad portions of the release to meet restoration requirements associated with releases off-lease. The New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NM OCD) currently requires a minimum of four feet of non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material with chloride concentrations of less than 600 mg/kg, and levels of other contaminants that meet the most protective concentrations contained in 19.15.29.12 NMAC as shown in Table 1.

#### Site Assessment/Characterization

The Partition release characterization was completed on August 3, 2020. A total of 21 sample points were established across the release area as shown on Figure 1 (Attachment 1) and soil samples were collected from these locations at various depths. Each soil sample was field screened, using an electrical conductivity (EC) meter to estimate the level of chlorides in the soil,

#### **Environmental Site Remediation Work Plan**



a photoionization detector to detect the presence of volatile organics and the PetroFLAG unit to estimate levels of petroleum hydrocarbons. The results were used to determine the horizontal and vertical extents of the release as shown on Figure 1 (Attachment 1). A selection of these characterization samples were submitted to a laboratory for full analysis to support the in-field findings. Data from the field screening and laboratory analyses have been compared to the above-noted closure criteria results to establish the appropriate level of remediation required. Complete characterization field screening and laboratory data results are presented in Table 2 (Attachment 3) and exceedances are identified in the table as bold with a grey background.

#### **Proposed Remedial Activities**

Vertex proposes areas identified with contaminant concentrations approaching, or above, the closure criteria identified in Table 1 be remediated through excavation and removal of contaminated soil with the use of mechanical equipment. Remediation should include excavation of the entire release footprint of approximately 7,180 square feet, to depths ranging between one and four feet below ground surface (bgs) as determined by initial characterization sampling.

A Vertex environmental technician will be onsite during excavation activities utilizing field screening methods to confirm removal of contaminated soil to below the applicable closure criteria as shown in Table 1. Approximately 605 cubic yards of contaminated soil are projected to be removed during excavation. Contaminated soils will be removed from site immediately or stored on a 30-mil liner prior to removal and disposal at an approved facility. Once excavation is complete, five-point composite confirmatory samples will be collected from the base and sidewalls of the excavation in accordance with the sample plan detailed in Attachment 4. The sampling plan is based on a non-parametric statistical sampling design, using the methods developed by Hahn and Meeker (1991), and was designed through the Visual Sample Plan (VSP) program. Sampling using VSP meets the Environmental Protection Agency's data quality assessment standards (DQAs) for composite sampling. This type of sampling approach is a variance from the alternative 200 square foot rule as described in Subparagraph (c) of Paragraph (1) of Subsection D of 19.15.29.12 NMAC. Please let this workplan serve as a formal variance request to the above-mentioned sampling method per the variance process outlined in Subsection A of 19.15.29.14 NMAC.

The need for a variance to the 200 square foot sampling method is based on an effort to decrease potential impacts to the off-lease portions of the spill. Using the VSP program to design a statistical sampling plan allows for a sampling approach that provides high statistical confidence in proving that no contaminants of concern above the closure and remediation requirements shown in Table 1 remain in the release area, while minimizing additional ground disturbing activities and potential damage to existing vegetation via foot and/or vehicle traffic. Statistically, the high level of confidence obtained by following the VSP sampling method in Attachment 4 is not significantly increased by collecting additional samples. For each additional sample collected over the VSP-recommended number, the incremental increase in confidence gets smaller but the risk of additional unnecessary impact to the remediation area and surrounding landscape increases due to the presence of technicians and equipment.

All confirmatory samples will be placed into laboratory-provided containers, preserved on ice and submitted to a National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program-approved laboratory for chemical analysis. Laboratory analyses will include Method 300.0 for chlorides, Method 8021B for volatile organics, including benzene and BTEX, and EPA Method 8015 for TPH, including MRO, DRO and GRO.

A GeoExplorer 7000 Series Trimble global positioning system (GPS) unit, or equivalent, will be used to map the approximate center of each of the five-point composite samples.

Excavations will be backfilled with clean soil sourced locally and contoured to reconstruct existing grade and prevent ponding of water or erosion, and aid in the re-establishment of native vegetation in the off-pad portions of the remediation area.

#### **Environmental Site Remediation Work Plan**



#### **Timeline for Completion**

Remediation activities, as outlined in this workplan, are projected to be completed within 90 days of receiving NM OCD notice of approval of this workplan and alternate sampling plan.

If there are any questions regarding this report, please contact the undersigned at 505-506-0040.

Sincerely,

Intale Lordon

Natalie Gordon PROJECT MANAGER

#### **Attachments**

Attachment 1: Figure 1 – Release Area and Characterization Sampling Points Attachment 2: Closure Criteria Determination Worksheet and Documentation Attachment 3: Table 2 – Release Characterization Sampling – Field Screening and Laboratory Data Attachment 4: Sampling to Compute a Nonparametric One-Sided Upper Tolerance Limit to Test that a Large Portion of a Room Surface Does Not Contain Contamination

### **ATTACHMENT 1**



### **ATTACHMENT 2**

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Closure C	riteria Determination		
Site Nam	e: Partition Federal TB		
Spill Coor	dinates: 32.823697, -103.822709	X:	Y:
Site Speci	fic Conditions	Value	Unit
1	Depth to Groundwater	0	feet
2	Within 300 feet of any continuously flowing	154,627	feet
3	Within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	7,392	feet
4	Within 300 feet from an occupied residence, school, hospital, institution or church	20,907	feet
5	<ul> <li>i) Within 500 feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or</li> </ul>	20,907	feet
	ii) Within 1000 feet of any fresh water well or spring	20,907	feet
6	Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 3-27-3 NMSA 1978 as amended, unless the municipality specifically approves	No	(Y/N)
7	Within 300 feet of a wetland	7,392	feet
8	Within the area overlying a subsurface mine	No	(Y/N)
9	Within an unstable area (Karst Map)		Critical High Medium Low
10	Within a 100-year Floodplain	>100	year
	NMAC 19.15.29.12 E (Table 1) Closure Criteria	<50'₪	<50' 51-100' >100'

Nearest Town: Maljamar, NM Distance: 4.13 miles



mi

Maljamar<sup>82</sup>

(TI)

Partition Federal TB

Google Earth

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#### **National Water Information System: Web Interface**

**USGS Water Resources** 

Data Category: Site Information Geographic Area: United States

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- <u>Full News</u> 🔝

## USGS 324649103504201 17S.31E.34

Available data for this site SUMMARY OF ALL AVAILABLE DATA 🗸 GO

### Well Site

DESCRIPTION:

Latitude 32°46'49", Longitude 103°50'42" NAD27 Eddy County, New Mexico , Hydrologic Unit 13060011 Well depth: 271 feet

#### AVAILABLE DATA:

Data Type	<b>Begin Date</b>	End Date	Count
Field/Lab water-quality samples	1948-12-06	1948-12-06	1
Revisions	Unavailable (	site:0) (timese	eries:0)

#### **OPERATION:**

Record for this site is maintained by the USGS New Mexico Water Science Center Email questions about this site to <u>New Mexico Water Science Center Water-Data</u> <u>Inquiries</u>

Questions about sites/data? Feedback on this web site Automated retrievals Help Data Tips Explanation of terms Subscribe for system changes News

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U.S. Department of the Interior | U.S. Geological Survey Title: NWIS Site Information for USA: Site Inventory



#### URL: https://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/inventory? agency\_code=USGS&site\_no=324649103504201

Page Contact Information: <u>New Mexico Water Data Support Team</u> Page Last Modified: 2020-08-04 10:50:57 EDT 0.4 0.4 caww02





# New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Point of Diversion Summary

			(quart	ers are 1=N	W 2=]	NE $3=S'$	W 4=SE)		
			(qua	ters are sm	allest t	o larges	t)	(NAD83 UT	M in meters)
Well Tag	POD	Number	Q64	Q16 Q4	Sec	Tws	Rng	X	Y
	RA	12042 POD1	2	2 1	28	17S	32E	614891	3631181 🌍
x Driller Lice	ense:	1261	Driller	Compa	ny:	DA	RRELL	CRASS DR	ILLING CO., INC
Driller Nan	ne:	CRASS, DARRE	ELL (LD)						
Drill Start Date:         11/13/2013           Log File Date:         12/12/2013		Drill F	Drill Finish Date: PCW Rcv Date:			11/22/2013		Plug Date:	
		<b>PCW</b>						Source:	
Pump Type	mp Type: Pipe Discharge Siz			Size	ze: Estimated Yield:			imated Yield:	
Casing Size	e:	10.00	Depth Well:		400 feet		Dej	Depth Water:	
x	Wata	n Dooning Studie	instiance	T_		ottom	Dogo	wintion	
	wate	r bearing strain	ications:	10	рр	ottom	Desci	ription	
				1	0	30	Sands	stone/Gravel/	Conglomerate
x									

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

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POINT OF DIVERSION SUMMARY



# New Mexico Office of the State Engineer **Point of Diversion Summary**

			(quar	ters are 1=	NW 2=	=NE 3=S	W 4=SE)			
			(quarters are smallest to largest)					(NAD83 UT		
Well Tag	POD	Number	Q64	Q16 Q4	4 See	e Tws	Rng	Х	Y	
	RA	12521 POD1	3	3 4	21	17S	32E	615127	3631271	
<sup>x</sup> Driller Lic	ense:	1456	Drille	r Comp	any:	WF	HITE DR	RILLING CO	MPANY	
Driller Na	me:	WHITE, JOHN W								
Drill Start Date:         07/21/2017           Log File Date:         08/22/2017		<b>Drill Finish Date:</b> 07/26/2017			7 Plu	Plug Date:				
		PCW	Rcv Da	te:			Sou	Source:		
Ритр Туре:			Pipe Discharge Size:					Est		
Casing Siz	Sing Size:2.00Depth Well:		105 feet		Dej	Depth Water:				
ĸ	Wate	er Bearing Stratifica	tions:	]	Гор	Bottom	Descr	iption		
					85	101	Sands	tone/Gravel/	Conglomerate	e
					101	105	Sands	tone/Gravel/	Conglomerate	e
X		Casing Perform	ations:	]	Гор	Bottom	1			
					75	105				

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POINT OF DIVERSION SUMMARY

### U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

## Wetlands 1.4 miles away



#### August 4, 2020

#### Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- - Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- **Freshwater Pond**

Lake Other Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

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National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper

Nearest Watercourse: Pecos River Distance: 29.29 miles (154,627 ft)

![](_page_14_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_3.jpeg)

6

Partition Federal TB

Lovington Hwy

슈

![](_page_14_Picture_5.jpeg)

Google Earth © 2020 Google

Nearest Residence Distance: 3.96 miles (20,907 ft)

20

e 12

Legend<sup>16 of 37</sup>

Feature 1 Maljamar

a E

Maljamar Rèsidence

1 mi

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Partition Federal TB

Google Earth

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Nearest Town: Maljamar, NM Distance: 4.13 miles

![](_page_16_Figure_2.jpeg)

1 mi

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Maljamar

2

Partition Federal TB

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![](_page_17_Figure_2.jpeg)

		;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;		
Area of Ir	<b>nterest (AOI)</b> Area of Interest (AOI)	∭ <	Spoil Area Stony Spot	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.
Soils		8	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
	Soil Map Unit Polygons Soil Man Unit Lines	\$	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misundarstanding of the datail of mapping and accuracy of soil
•	Soil Map Unit Points	⊲	Other	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of
Special	Point Features	ţ	Special Line Features	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detaile scale.
(o)	Blowout	Water Fe	atures	
	Borrow Pit	2	Streams and Canals	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.
3	Class Proof	Transpo	rtation	
ж	Clay spot	ŧ	Rails	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
$\diamond$	Closed Depression	1	Interstate Highways	veed Soll Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
义	Gravel Pit	1	US Routes	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercat
•	Gravelly Spot	)	Major Roads	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts
0	Landfill	8	Local Roads	uistairce and area. A projection that preserves area, such as in Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more
$\leq$	Lava Flow	Backgro	nnd	accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
-1	Marsh or swamp	ê	Aerial Photography	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data of the version date(s) listed below.
«	Mine or Quarry			Soil Survay Araas Eddy Araa Naw Mavico
0	Miscellaneous Water			Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 8, 2020
0	Perennial Water			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales
≫	Rock Outcrop			1:50,000 or larger.
÷	Saline Spot			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 18, 2016—No 20 2017
•	Sandy Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were
Ŵ	Severely Eroded Spot			compiled and digitized probably differs from the background
0	Sinkhole			imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.
A	Slide or Slip			
Q	Sodic Spot			

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

### Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
КМ	Kermit-Berino fine sands, 0 to 3 percent slopes	6.0	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		6.0	100.0%

![](_page_19_Picture_5.jpeg)

### Eddy Area, New Mexico

#### KM—Kermit-Berino fine sands, 0 to 3 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: 1w4q Elevation: 3,100 to 4,200 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 60 to 64 degrees F Frost-free period: 190 to 230 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Kermit and similar soils: 50 percent Berino and similar soils: 35 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Kermit**

#### Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans, plains Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise, talf Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Mixed alluvium and/or eolian sands

#### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: fine sand H2 - 7 to 60 inches: fine sand

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Excessively drained
Runoff class: Negligible
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very high (20.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water capacity: Low (about 3.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: A Ecological site: R042XC005NM - Deep Sand Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Description of Berino**

#### Setting

Landform: Fan piedmonts, plains Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Mixed alluvium and/or eolian sands

#### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 17 inches: fine sand H2 - 17 to 50 inches: fine sandy loam H3 - 50 to 58 inches: loamy sand

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 40 percent
Maximum salinity: Very slightly saline to slightly saline (2.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: R042XC003NM - Loamy Sand Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Active dune land

Percent of map unit: 15 percent Hydric soil rating: No

### **Data Source Information**

Soil Survey Area: Eddy Area, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 8, 2020

![](_page_21_Picture_17.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_23_Figure_2.jpeg)

### **ATTACHMENT 3**

Client Name: Mack Energy Site Name: Partition Federal TB NM OCD Tracking Number: NRM2008663010 Project #: 20E-01755-001 Lab Report: 2008126; 2008129; 2008257

Table 2. Characte			racterization	cterization Sampling Field Screen and Laborato		nd Laborator	I Laboratory Results - Depth to Groundwater <50 feet bgs					1	
	Sample Descriptio	n	F	ield Screenir	ng I	Velatila Evtratable						Inorganic	
				ric Flag)	íty)	Vol	atile		s	Extractable			
Sample ID	Depth (ft)	Sample Date	Volatile Organic Compounds (PIE	Extractable Orgar Compounds (Petro	Inorganics (Electroconductiv)	Benzene	BTEX (Total)	Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	Diesel Range Organic (DRO)	Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	(GRO + DRO)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)	Chloride
			(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
	0	August 3, 2020	odor	-	<0	<0.0120	<1.080	<24.0	6,300	6,300	6,300	12,600	84
BH20-01	1	August 3, 2020	-	629	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	August 3, 2020	-	30	<0	<0.023	<0.210	<4.7	<9.5	<47	<14.2	<61.2	<60
	0	August 3, 2020	odor	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH20-02	1	August 3, 2020	odor	EE	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	August 3, 2020	-	24	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	August 3, 2020	odor	-	50	<0.120	1.350	46	5,700	4,000	5,746	9,746	140
BH20-03	2	August 3, 2020	-	EE	<0	<0.120	3.220	150	4,600	1,800	4,750	6,550	<60
	4	August 3, 2020	-	22	<0	<0.024	<0.217	<4.8	<9.6	<48	<14.4	<62.4	<60
	0	August 3, 2020	odor	-	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0.5	August 3, 2020	-	1,111	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B1120-04	2	August 3, 2020	-	EE	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	August 3, 2020	-	71	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	August 3, 2020	odor		<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH20-05	1	August 3, 2020	odor	EE	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B1120-03	2	August 3, 2020	-	-	148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	August 3, 2020	-	32	330	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	August 3, 2020	odor	-	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH20-06	0.5	August 3, 2020	-	233	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1	August 3, 2020	-	33	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	August 3, 2020	odor	-	<0	<0.120	<1.080	<24.0	3,200	2,200	3,200	5,400	<60
BH30.07	1	August 3, 2020	-	-	<0	<0.024	<0.216	<4.8	83	66	83	149	<60
БП20-07	2	August 3, 2020	-	42	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	August 3, 2020	-	16	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	August 3, 2020	odor	-	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH20-08	2	August 3, 2020	odor	EE	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	August 3, 2020	-	EE	<0	<0.047	<0.427	<9.5	210	540	210	750	<60
SS20-01	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	87	<0	<0.025	<0.221	<4.9	17	<47	17	17	<60
SS20-02	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	23	<0	<0.024	<0.216	<4.8	15	<48	15	15	<60
SS20-03	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	84	<0	<0.024	<0.220	<4.9	10	<49	10	10	<60
SS20-04	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	34	<0	<0.024	<0.217	<4.8	<9.4	<47	<14.2	<61.2	<59
SS20-05	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	26	<0	<0.024	<0.216	<4.8	<10.0	<50	<14.8	<64.8	<60
SS20-06	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	44	<0	<0.025	<0.222	<4.9	<10.0	<50	<14.9	<64.9	<60
SS20-07	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	12	<0	< 0.024	<0.213	<4.7	<10.0	<50	<14.7	<64.7	<60
SS20-08	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	34	<0	< 0.024	<0.213	<4.7	<9.4	<47	<14.1	<61.1	180
SS20-09	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	-	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SS20-10	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	59	<0	<0.025	<0.225	<5.0	<9.4	<47	<14.4	<61.4	<60
SS20-11	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	-	<0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SS20-12	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	74	<0	<0.025	<0.225	<5.0	<9.4	<47	<14.4	<61.4	<60
SS20-13	0-0.5	August 3, 2020	-	16	<0	<0.024	<0.217	<4.8	<10.0	<50	<14.8	<64.8	<60

"-" - not applicable/analyzed

Bold and shaded indicates exceedance outside of NM OCD Closure Criteria

![](_page_25_Picture_6.jpeg)

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### **ATTACHMENT 4**

## Sampling to Compute a Nonparametric (Distribution-Free) One-Sided Upper Tolerance Limit to Test that a Large Portion of Room Surfaces Does Not Contain Contamination

#### Summary

This report summarizes the sampling design developed by VSP based on inputs provided by the VSP user. The following table summarizes the sampling design developed by VSP. A figure that shows the sample placement on the map and a table that lists the sample locations are also provided below.

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING DESIGN							
Primary Objective of Design	Use a nonparametric (distribution-free) one-sided upper tolerance limit (UTL) to test if the true P <sup>th</sup> percentile of a population exceeds the action level						
Required fraction of the population to be less than the action level	0.9 (P=90)						
Required percent confidence on the decision made using the UTL	92%						
Method used to compute the number of samples, <i>n</i>	Hahn and Meeker (1991, page 169) (See equations below)						
Sample placement method	Random point sampling in grids						
Calculated total number of samples	24						
Number of samples on map <sup>a</sup>	24						
Number of selected sample areas that are not rooms	1						
Total sampling surface area <sup>b</sup>	7253.04 ft <sup>2</sup>						
Total cost of sampling <sup>c</sup>	\$3,880.00						

<sup>a</sup> This number may differ from the calculated number because of 1) grid edge effects, 2) adding judgment samples, or 3) selecting or unselecting sample areas (rooms).

<sup>b</sup> This is the total surface area of all selected rooms and other selected sample areas on the map of the site.

<sup>c</sup> Including measurement analyses and fixed overhead costs. See the Cost of Sampling section for an explanation of the costs presented here.

![](_page_27_Picture_9.jpeg)

Floor Plan Map

Area: Area 1							
X Coord	Y Coord	Label	Value	Туре	Historical	Sample Area	
-395.6345	-241.0326			Random in Grid			

-385.1186	-243.3793	Random in Grid
-401.2117	-238.4361	Random in Grid
-384.4843	-226.6732	Random in Grid
-395.0238	-212.6156	Random in Grid
-341.6694	-214.0741	Random in Grid
-395.7849	-192.1013	Random in Grid
-382.2142	-198.2564	Random in Grid
-355.9255	-192.6360	Random in Grid
-337.1245	-192.4205	Random in Grid
-405.8850	-174.7934	Random in Grid
-386.3554	-166.7473	Random in Grid
-357.2693	-172.6373	Random in Grid
-328.3676	-179.9094	Random in Grid
-402.1767	-156.0708	Random in Grid
-388.1061	-162.7511	Random in Grid
-398.1904	-138.6383	Random in Grid
-318.9554	-130.1752	Random in Grid
-404.1361	-117.1911	Random in Grid
-387.0845	-109.1551	Random in Grid
-307.5805	-122.3610	Random in Grid
-257.9580	-111.4679	Random in Grid
-388.7262	-106.4213	Random in Grid
-218.7856	-104.9802	Random in Grid

#### Primary Sampling Objective

The primary objective of this sampling effort is to make a decision whether an unacceptably large portion (fraction) of a specified surface area (target population) is contaminated above a specified action level (AL) or is otherwise defective. It is presumed that suitable actions have been identified to be implemented for either way the decision may go.

#### **Population Parameter of Interest**

The population parameter of interest is the true  $P^{th}$  percentile of the population of contaminant concentrations, where 0 < P < 100, in this case, the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile (P = 90). The true  $P^{th}$  percentile is the value above which (100 - P)% of the population lies and below which P% of the population lies. The objective is to reject the null hypothesis if the true  $P^{th}$  percentile exceeds the specified action level (AL). But, the true  $P^{th}$  percentile will never be known with 100% confidence because all possible measurements from the population cannot be obtained. Hence the decision whether to reject the null hypothesis is made using the computed upper tolerance limit (UTL) for the  $P^{th}$  percentile, that is, by computing the upper  $100(1-_{\alpha})$ % confidence limit on the  $P^{th}$  percentile (see Decision Rule below). For the current design  $_{\alpha}$  is 0.08, which means that the decision will be made using the computed UTL for the 92% confidence limit on the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile.

#### **Hypothesis Being Tested**

The null hypothesis (baseline assumption) is as follows:

 $H_{o}$ : The true  $P^{th}$  percentile  $\leq$  AL

or equivalently,

 $H_o$ : Less than *P*% of the population < AL

The  $H_0$  is rejected if UTL < AL, in which case the alternative hypothesis ( $H_a$ ) is accepted as being true, where:

 $H_a$ : More than *P*% of the population < AL

#### Sampling Design Options

VSP offers many options to determine the locations at which measurements are made or samples are collected and subsequently measured. For this design, random point sampling in grids was chosen. This option offers a good balance between providing information about the spatial structure of the potential contamination while ensuring all portions of the site are represented (though, not as thoroughly as systematic grid sampling). Knowledge of the spatial structure is useful for geostatistical analysis. This option also has the benefit of placing the exact number of samples required by the design.

#### Decision Rule and Number of Samples, n

The null hypothesis is rejected and the alternative hypothesis is accepted if the nonparametric (distribution-free) UTL for the  $P^{th}$  percentile is less than the specified action level (AL). The nonparametric UTL is simply the maximum of the *n* measurements obtained from the population of interest, where *n* is computed using the following equation

$$n = \frac{\ln(\alpha)}{\ln(P/100)}$$

(from Hahn and Meeker 1991, page 169). These authors discuss the statistical meaning, use, and computation of nonparametric tolerance limits and the number of samples required (pages 91, 92,169, and 326).

The following table displays the values of the input parameters used for this design:

Parameter	Value
Input	
Р	90
α	0.08 (8%)
Confidence $(1-\alpha)$	92%
Output	
n	24

#### Statistical Assumptions

- 1. Representative measurements have been obtained from a defined target population using simple random sampling or a systematic grid pattern that has a randomly selected starting location.
- 2. The *n* measurements are statistically independent, i.e., there is no spatial correlation (no spatial patterns) of contaminant levels throughout the target population.
- 3. The maximum of the *n* measurements is not an invalid value, i.e., it is not a mistake or an unacceptably uncertain value due to faulty sample handling, transport, treatment, storage, or measurement.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity of the calculation of number of samples was explored by varying the required percent of the population to be less than the action level. and confidence level  $(1-\alpha)$  (%). The following table shows the results of this analysis.

Number of Samples					
CL=96 CL=94 CL=92 CL=90 CL=8					
P=85	20	18	16	15	14
P=90	31	27	24	22	21
P=95	63	55	50	45	42

P = Required Percent of the Population to be Less Than the Action Level.

CL = Confidence Level  $(1-\alpha)$  (%)

#### Cost of Sampling

The total cost of the completed sampling program depends on several cost inputs, some of which are fixed, and others that are based on the number of samples collected and measured. Based on the numbers of samples determined above, the estimated total cost of sampling and analysis at this site is \$3,880.00, which averages out to a per sample cost of \$161.67. The following table summarizes the inputs and resulting cost estimates.

COST INFORMATION				
Cost Details	Per Analysis	Per Sample	24 Samples	
Field collection costs		\$20.00	\$480.00	
Analytical costs (Analyte 1)	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$2,400.00	
Sum of Field & Analytical costs		\$120.00	\$2,880.00	
Fixed planning and validation costs			\$1,000.00	
Total cost			\$3,880.00	

#### **Recommended Data Analysis Activities**

Post data collection activities generally follow those outlined in EPA's Guidance for Data Quality Assessment (EPA, 2000). The data analysts should become familiar with the context of the problem and goals for data collection and assessment. The *n* data should be verified and validated before being used to test the null hypothesis. The VSP user should enter the validated and verified *n* data values into the VSP dialog box and click on appropriate tabs to obtain the following statistical summaries of the data. If there is strong evidence that the *n* data are normally distributed, the VSP user may want to use VSP to determine the number of samples, *n*, required to compute the normal distribution UTL and then use that UTL (rather than the nonparametric UTL) to test the null hypothesis.

*Summary statistics: n*, minimum and maximum of the *n* measurements, range of the *n* data, mean, median, standard deviation, variance, skewness, percentiles, and the interquartile range

*Statistical Tests of Normality Assumption:* Shapiro-Wilk test (if  $n \le 50$ ) (Gilbert 1987), Lilliefors test (if n > 50) (EPA 2000).

Graphical Displays of the Data: Histogram, box-and-whisker plots and quantile-quantile (probability) plots (EPA 2000).

#### References

EPA. 2000. *Guidance for Data Quality Assessment, Practical Methods for Data Analysis*, EPA QA/G-9, EPA/600/R-96/084, July 2000, Office of Environmental Information, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Gilbert, R.O. 1987. Statistical Methods for Environmental Pollution Monitoring, Wiley & Sons, New York, NY.

Hahn, G.J. and W.Q. Meeker. 1991. Statistical Intervals. Wiley & Sons, Inc, New York, NY.

#### А

This design was last modified 12/8/2020 3:30:29 PM.

Software and documentation available at http://vsp.pnnl.gov

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\* - The report contents may have been modified or reformatted by end-user of software.

This report was automatically produced\* by Visual Sample Plan (VSP) software version 7.12a.

![](_page_31_Picture_2.jpeg)

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Oil Conservation Division

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Incident ID	NRM2008663010
District RP	2
Facility ID	
Application ID	

### Site Assessment/Characterization

This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.

What is the shallowest depth to groundwater beneath the area affected by the release?	$\frac{<50}{\text{hgs}}$ (ft
Did this release impact groundwater or surface water?	Ugs)
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse?	$\Box \operatorname{Yes} \boxtimes \operatorname{No}$
Are the lateral extents of the release within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)?	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church?	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes?	🗌 Yes 🛛 No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring?	
Are the lateral extents of the release within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field?	$\Box \operatorname{Yes} \boxtimes \operatorname{No}$
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of a wetland?	
Are the lateral extents of the release overlying a subsurface mine?	
Are the lateral extents of the release overlying an unstable area such as karst geology?	
Are the lateral extents of the release within a 100-year floodplain?	
Did the release impact areas <b>not</b> on an exploration, development, production, or storage site?	∐ Yes ⊠ No

Attach a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) demonstrating the lateral and vertical extents of soil contamination associated with the release have been determined. Refer to 19.15.29.11 NMAC for specifics.

#### Characterization Report Checklist: Each of the following items must be included in the report.

Scaled site map showing impacted area, surface features, subsurface features, delineation points, and monitoring wells.

- Field data
- Data table of soil contaminant concentration data
- $\boxtimes$  Depth to water determination
- Determination of water sources and significant watercourses within <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-mile of the lateral extents of the release
- Boring or excavation logs
- Photographs including date and GIS information
- Topographic/Aerial maps
- Laboratory data including chain of custody

If the site characterization report does not include completed efforts at remediation of the release, the report must include a proposed remediation plan. That plan must include the estimated volume of material to be remediated, the proposed remediation technique, proposed sampling plan and methods, anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation. The closure criteria for a release are contained in Table 1 of 19.15.29.12 NMAC, however, use of the table is modified by site- and release-specific parameters.

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FOIIII C-141			Incident ID	NRM2014054256	
Page 4	Oil Conservation Division	l	District RP	2	
			Facility ID		
			Application ID		
regulations all operators public health or the envir failed to adequately inve- addition, OCD acceptance and/or regulations. Printed Name:N Signature:M email:mattbuckles	are required to report and/or file certain release no comment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the stigate and remediate contamination that pose a th e of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of Matt Buckles	otifications and perform c OCD does not relieve the areat to groundwater, surf of responsibility for comp Title: Date: Telephon	orrective actions for rel- e operator of liability sh ace water, human health liance with any other fe Environmental 12/9/2020 ne:575-748-	eases which may endanger nould their operations have n or the environment. In ederal, state, or local laws	
OCD Only Received by:		Date:			

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Oil Conservation Division

Incident ID	NRM2008663010
District RP	2
Facility ID	
Application ID	

## **Remediation Plan**

Remediation Plan Checklist: Each of the following items must be included in the plan.

Detailed description of proposed remediation technique

Scaled sitemap with GPS coordinates showing delineation points

Estimated volume of material to be remediated

Page 5

Closure criteria is to Table 1 specifications subject to 19.15.29.12(C)(4) NMAC

Proposed schedule for remediation (note if remediation plan timeline is more than 90 days OCD approval is required)

Deferral Requests Only: Each of the following items must be confirmed as part of any request for deferral of remediation.			
Contamination must be in areas immediately under or around production equipment where remediation could cause a major facility deconstruction.			
Extents of contamination must be fully delineated.			
Contamination does not cause an imminent risk to human health, the environment, or groundwater.			
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.			
Printed Name:Matt Buckles Title:Environmental			
Signature:        Matt Buckles         Date:         12/9/2020			
email:mattbuckles@mec.com Telephone:575-748-1288			
OCD Only			
Received by:			
Approved Approved with Attached Conditions of Approval Denied Deferral Approved			
Signature: Date:			

•

Received by OCD: 4/29/2021 4:03:35 PM Form C-141 State of New Mexico

Oil Conservation Division

Incident ID	NRM2008663010
District RP	2
Facility ID	
Application ID	

## **Remediation Plan**

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Scaled sitemap with GPS coordinates showing delineation points

Estimated volume of material to be remediated

Page 5

Closure criteria is to Table 1 specifications subject to 19.15.29.12(C)(4) NMAC

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Defense De anade Orden Erste of the following items much be confirmed as much of new second for defense loften ediction
Deterral Requests Only: Each of the following tems must be confirmed as part of any request for deferral of remediation.
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Printed Name:  Matt BucklesTitle:  Environmental
Signature:        Matt Buckles         Date:        12/9/2020
email:mattbuckles@mec.com Telephone:575-748-1288
OCD Only
Received by: <u>Robert Hamlet</u> Date: <u>8/16/2021</u>
Approved I Approved with Attached Conditions of Approval Denied Deferral Approved
Signature: Robert Hamlet Date: 8/16/2021

•

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone:(575) 393-6161 Fax:(575) 393-0720 District II

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

District IV

1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

### **State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division** 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
MACK ENERGY CORP	13837
P.O. Box 960	Action Number:
Artesia, NM 882110960	26389
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Release Corrective Action (C-141)

#### CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
rhamlet	The Workplan/Remediation Plan is approved with the following conditions: Sidewall/floor samples need to comply with the strictest closure criteria limits 600 mg/kg for Chlorides and 100 mg/kg TPH.	8/16/2021

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Action 26389