

May 24, 2022 Vertex Project #: 22E-00709

Spill Closure Report: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H Wellpad (Section 13, Township 26 South, Range 34 East)

API: 30-025-40912

County: Lea

Incident Report: nAPP2205532048

Prepared For: Devon Energy Production Company

6488 Seven Rivers Highway Artesia, New Mexico 88210

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division - District 1

1625 N. French Drive Hobbs, New Mexico 88240

Devon Energy Production Company (Devon) retained Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) to conduct a Spill Assessment for a release of crude oil caused by an oil tank overflowing at Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H Wellpad, API 30-025-40912, Incident nAPP2205532048 (hereafter referred to as "Rattlesnake"). Devon provided spill notification to the New Mexico Oil Conservation District (NMOCD) District 1, via submission of an initial C-141 Release Notification (Attachment 1). This letter provides a description of the Spill Assessment and includes a request for Spill Closure. The spill area is located at N 32.03699915, W -103.4162065.

Background

The site is located approximately 12.24 miles southwest of Bennett, New Mexico. The legal location for the site is Section 13, Township 26 South and Range 34 East in Lea County, New Mexico. The spill area is located on Bureau of Land Management (BLM) property. This location is within the Permian Basin in southeast New Mexico and has been historically used for oil and gas exploration and production.

The Geological Map of New Mexico (New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2014 – 2017) indicates the site's surface geology is comprised primarily of Qep - Eolian and piedmont deposits (Holocene to middle Pleistocene) and is characterized as eolian sands and piedmont-slope deposits. The National Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey characterizes the predominant soil texture on the site is Pyote and Maljamar fine sands. It tends to be well drained with negligible runoff and low available moisture levels in the soil profile (United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2020).

The surrounding landscape is associated with plains at elevations of 3,000 to 3,900 feet above seal level. The climate is semi-arid, with an annual precipitation ranging between 10 to 12 inches. Historically, the plant community is dominated by black grama, dropseeds, and bluestems, with scattered shinnery oak and sand sage. Predominant vegetation consists of grasses/honey mesquite, broom snakeweed, and sand sage.

There is no surface water located on-site. The nearest significant watercourse, as defined in Subsection P of 19.15.17.7 vertex.ca

NMAC, is the Red Bluff Lake located approximately 6.41 miles southwest of the site (Google Earth Pro, 2020). There are no continuous flowing watercourses or significant watercourses, lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes, or other critical water or community features as outlined in Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Incident Description

The spill occurred on February 19, 2022, due to the oil tank overflowing. The spill was reported on February 24, 2022 and involved the release of approximately 10.5 barrels (bbl.) of produced oil into lined containment. Approximately 10.5 bbl. of free fluid was removed during initial spill clean-up. The New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) C-141 Report: nAPP2205532048 is included in Attachment 1. The Daily Field Report (DFRs) and site photographs are included in Attachment 2.

Closure Criteria Determination

The depth to groundwater was determined using information from Oil and Gas Drilling records and the New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water report. A 0.5-mile search radius was used to determine groundwater depth. The closest recorded depth to groundwater was determined to be 230 feet below ground surface (bgs) and 5.05 miles northeast from the site. Documentation used in Closure Criteria Determination research is included in Attachment 3.

Clo	sure Criteria Worksheet					
Site	Name: Rattlesnake 13 12 Federal Com #1H Wellpad					
Spil	Spill Coordinates: X: 32.037490 Y: -103.416390					
Site	Specific Conditions	Value	Unit			
1	Depth to Groundwater	230	feet			
2	Within 300 feet of any continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse	7,042	feet			
3	Within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	11,620	feet			
4	Within 300 feet from an occupied residence, school, hospital, institution or church	37,446	feet			
5	i) Within 500 feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or	15,118	feet			
	ii) Within 1000 feet of any fresh water well or spring	15,118	feet			
6	Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 3-27-3 NMSA 1978 as amended, unless the municipality specifically approves	No	(Y/N)			
7	Within 300 feet of a wetland	13,631	feet			
8	Within the area overlying a subsurface mine	No	(Y/N)			

vertex.ca

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure May 2022

9	Within an unstable area (Karst Map)	Low	Critical High Medium Low
10	Within a 100-year Floodplain	Undetermined	year
11	Soil Type	Fine sand, fine sandy loam, sandy clay loam	
12	Ecological Classification	Loamy sand	
13	Geology	Eolian and piedmont deposits	
	NMAC 19.15.29.12 E (Table 1) Closure Criteria	<50'	<50' 51-100' >100'

The closure criteria determined for the site are associated with the following constituent concentration limits as presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release			
Minimum depth below any point within the horizontal boundary of the release to groundwater			
less than 10,000 mg/I TDS	Constituent	Limit	
	Chloride	600 mg/kg	
450 foot	TPH (GRO+DRO+MRO)	100 mg/kg	
< 50 feet	ВТЕХ	50 mg/kg	
	Benzene	10 mg/kg	

Remedial Actions Taken

Notification that a liner inspection was scheduled to be completed was provided to the NMOCD on March 8, 2022. Visual observation of the liner was completed on all sides and the base of the containment, around equipment, and of all seams in the liner. As evidenced in the DFR, Attachment 3, liner integrity showed slight signs of wear in the northwest corner of the containment, and the Liner Inspection Notification email is presented in Attachment 4. Devon was informed of the hole in the corner of the containment and made necessary repairs. Vertex completed delineation around the area of concern, field screens and laboratory results from the delineation are presented in Table 2, Attachment 5.

An initial site inspection of the spill area was completed on April 5, 2022, which identified the area of the spill near the containment where a potential breach may have occurred, estimated the approximate volume of the spill and white lined and flagged the area required for the 811 One Call request. Notification of the sampling event was submitted to NMOCD in the event that no impact was discovered and can be found in Attachment 4. The impacted area was determined to be approximately 29 feet long and 5 feet wide; the total affected area was determined to be 177 square

vertex.ca

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure May 2022

feet. The site schematic can be found in Figure 1, Attachment 5. The DFR associated with the site inspection is included in Attachment 3.

Remediation efforts began on April 26, 2022 and was completed on April 26, 2022. Vertex personnel supervised the excavation of impacted soils. Field screening was completed on a total of 6 sample points and consisted of analysis using a Photo Ionization Detector (volatile hydrocarbons), Dexsil Petroflag using EPA SW-846 Method 9074 (extractable hydrocarbons) and EC Meter (chlorides). Field screening results were used to identify areas requiring further remediation from those areas showing concentrations below determined closure criteria levels. Soils were removed to a depth of 1.5 feet bgs. Impacted soil was transported by a licensed waste hauler and disposed of at an approved waste management facility. A confirmation sampling schematic can be found in Figure 2, Attachment 5. Field screening results are presented in Table 3, Attachment 6, as well as in the DFRs in Attachment 3.

Notification that confirmatory samples were being collected was provided to the NMOCD on April 22, 2022 and are included in Attachment 4. Confirmatory composite samples were collected from the base and walls of the excavation in 200 square foot increments. A total of five (5) samples, were collected for laboratory analysis following NMOCD soil sampling procedures. Samples were submitted to Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory under chain-of-custody protocols and analyzed for BTEX (EPA Method 8021B), Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (GRO, DRO, MRO – EPA Method 8015D) and Total Chlorides (EPA Method 300.0). Laboratory results are presented in Table 3, Attachment 6 and the laboratory data report can be found in Attachment 7. All confirmatory samples collected and analyzed were below closure criteria for the site.

Closure Request

The spill area was fully delineated and remediated by April 26, 2022. Confirmatory Sample Notification email is presented in Attachment 4. Confirmatory samples were analyzed by the laboratory and found to be below allowable concentrations as per the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC) Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release locations "under 50 feet to groundwater". Based on these findings, Devon Energy Production Company requests that this spill be closed.

Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at 575.361.9880 or mpeppin@vertex.ca.

Monica Peppin

PROJECT MANAGER, REPORTING

May 24, 2022

Date

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure May 2022

Attachments

Attachment 1. NMOCD C-141 Report

Attachment 2. Daily Field Reports with Pictures (DFRs)

Attachment 3. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release Research Determination Documentation

Attachment 4. Required 48-HR Notification Emails

Attachment 5. Figures Attachment 6. Tables

Attachment 7. Laboratory Analysis Reports

References

- Water Column/Average Depth to Water Report. New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System, (2020). Retrieved from http://nmwrrs.ose.state.nm.us/nmwrrs/waterColumn.html
- Assessed and Impaired Waters of New Mexico. New Mexico Department of Surface Water Quality Bureau, (2020). Retrieved from https://gis.web.env.nm.gov/oem/?map=swqb
- Interactive Geologic Map. New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, (2020). Retrieved from http://geoinfo.nmt.edu
- Measured Distance from the Subject Site to Residence. Google Earth Pro, (2020). Retrieved from https://earth.google.com
- *Point of Diversion Location Report.* New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System, (2020). Retrieved from http://nmwrrs.ose.state.nm.us/nmwrrs/wellSurfaceDiversion.html
- Measured Distance from the Subject Site to Municipal Boundaries. Google Earth Pro, (2020). Retrieved from https://earth.google.com
- National Wetland Inventory Surface Waters and Wetland. United State Fish and Wildlife Service, (2019). Retrieved from https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/mapper.html
- Coal Mine Resources in New Mexico. NM Mining and Minerals Division, (2020). Retrieved from http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/MMD/gismapminedata.html
- *New Mexico Cave/Karsts*. United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, (2020) Retrieved from https://www.blm.gov/programs/recreation/recreation-programs/caves/new-mexico
- Flood Map Number 35015C1875D. United States Department of Homeland Security, FEMA Flood Map Service Center, (2010). Retrieved from https://msc.fema.gov/portal/search?AddressQuery=malaga%20new%20mexico#searchresultsanchor
- Well Log/Meter Information Report. NM Office of the State Engineer, New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System. (2019). Retrieved from http://nmwrrs.ose.state.nm.us/nmwrrs/meterReport.html
- Natural Resources and Wildlife Oil and Gas Releases. New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, (2020). Santa Fe, New Mexico.
- Soil Survey, New Mexico. United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service in Cooperation with New Mexico Agricultural Experiment Station. (1971). Retrieved from http://www.wipp.energy.gov/library/Information_Repository_A/Supplemental_Information/Chugg%20et%20al% 201971%20w-map.pdf

vertex.ca

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure May 2022

Limitations

This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of Devon Energy Production Company. This document may not be used by any other person or entity, with the exception of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, without the express written consent of Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) and Devon Energy Production Company. Any use of this report by a third party, or any reliance on decisions made based on it, or damages suffered as a result of the use of this report are the sole responsibility of the user.

The information and conclusions contained in this report are based upon work undertaken by trained professional and technical staff in accordance with generally accepted scientific practices current at the time the work was performed. The conclusions and recommendations presented represent the best judgement of Vertex based on the data collected during the assessment. Due to the nature of the assessment and the data available, Vertex cannot warrant against undiscovered environmental liabilities. Conclusions and recommendations presented in this report should not be considered legal advice.

ATTACHMENT 1

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Form C-141
Revised August 24, 2018
Submit to appropriate OCD District office

Incident ID	
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

Release Notification

Responsible Party

Responsible Party			OGRID	OGRID		
Contact Name			Contact To	Contact Telephone		
Contact email				Incident #	Incident # (assigned by OCD)	
Contact mail	ing address					
			Location	of Release So	ource	
Latitude				Longitude		
			(NAD 83 in dec	cimal degrees to 5 decir	nal places)	
Site Name				Site Type		
Date Release	Discovered			API# (if app	olicable)	
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Cour	nts.	1
Omit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Cour	ity	
Surface Owner	r: State	☐ Federal ☐ Tr	ibal Private (A	Name:)
			Natura and	d Volume of 1	Ralaasa	
Crude Oil		(s) Released (Select al Volume Release		calculations or specific	Volume Reco	volumes provided below) vered (bbls)
Produced		Volume Release	` '		Volume Reco	
Troduced			ion of total dissol	ved solids (TDS)	Yes N	, ,
		in the produced	water >10,000 mg			
Condensa	te	Volume Release	d (bbls)		Volume Reco	vered (bbls)
Natural G	as	Volume Release	d (Mcf)		Volume Reco	vered (Mcf)
Other (describe) Volume/Weight Released (provide units			e units)	Volume/Weig	ht Recovered (provide units)	
Cause of Rele	ease					

Received by OCD: 10/5/2022 1:49:30 PM Form C-141 State of New Mexico Page 2 Oil Conservation Division

	Page 10 of 11.
Incident ID	
District RP	

			Facility ID	
			Application ID	
Was this a major release as defined by 19.15.29.7(A) NMAC?	If YES, for what reason(s) does the responsible party consider this a major release?			
Yes No				
If YES, was immediate no	otice given to the OCD? By whom? To wh	om? When and by v	what means (phone, e	mail, etc)?
	Initial Re	esponse		
The responsible	party must undertake the following actions immediately	unless they could create	a safety hazard that would	l result in injury
☐ The impacted area ha☐ Released materials ha	ease has been stopped. s been secured to protect human health and ave been contained via the use of berms or decoverable materials have been removed and	ikes, absorbent pads		t devices.
	d above have <u>not</u> been undertaken, explain v			
has begun, please attach	AC the responsible party may commence real narrative of actions to date. If remedial of area (see 19.15.29.11(A)(5)(a) NMAC), p	efforts have been suc	ccessfully completed	or if the release occurred
regulations all operators are public health or the environr failed to adequately investig	rmation given above is true and complete to the brequired to report and/or file certain release notifient. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the O ate and remediate contamination that pose a threat fa C-141 report does not relieve the operator of the contamination of the contamin	ications and perform c CD does not relieve that to groundwater, surfa	orrective actions for rele e operator of liability shace water, human health	eases which may endanger nould their operations have n or the environment. In
Printed Name:		Title:		
Signature: Kendra	DeHoyos	Date:		
email:		Telephone:		
OCD Only				
Received by:		Date:		

Incident ID nAPP2205532048 District RP Facility ID Application ID

Site Assessment/Characterization

This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no taler than 90 days after the release discovery date.			
What is the shallowest depth to groundwater beneath the area affected by the release?	(ft bgs)		
Did this release impact groundwater or surface water?	Yes X No		
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse?	☐ Yes ☒ No		
Are the lateral extents of the release within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)?	☐ Yes X No		
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church?	☐ Yes X No		
Are the lateral extents of the release within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes?	☐ Yes X No		
Are the lateral extents of the release within 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring?	☐ Yes ☒ No		
Are the lateral extents of the release within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field?	Yes X No		
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of a wetland?	Yes X No		
Are the lateral extents of the release overlying a subsurface mine?	Yes X No		
Are the lateral extents of the release overlying an unstable area such as karst geology?	Yes X No		
Are the lateral extents of the release within a 100-year floodplain?	Yes X No		
Did the release impact areas not on an exploration, development, production, or storage site?	Yes X No		
Attach a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) demonstrating the lateral and vertical extents of soil contamination associated with the release have been determined. Refer to 19.15.29.11 NMAC for specifics.			
Characterization Report Checklist: Each of the following items must be included in the report.			

- X Scaled site map showing impacted area, surface features, subsurface features, delineation points, and monitoring wells.
- X Field data
- X Data table of soil contaminant concentration data
- X Depth to water determination
- X Determination of water sources and significant watercourses within ½-mile of the lateral extents of the release
- X Boring or excavation logs
- X Photographs including date and GIS information
- X Topographic/Aerial maps
- X Laboratory data including chain of custody

If the site characterization report does not include completed efforts at remediation of the release, the report must include a proposed remediation plan. That plan must include the estimated volume of material to be remediated, the proposed remediation technique, proposed sampling plan and methods, anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation. The closure criteria for a release are contained in Table 1 of 19.15.29.12 NMAC, however, use of the table is modified by site- and release-specific parameters.

Received by OCD: 10/5/2022 1:49:30 PM Form C-141 State of New Mexico Page 4 Oil Conservation Division

Page 12 of 113

	1 1180 12 0/ 11
Incident ID	nAPP2205532048
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.				
Printed Name:	Wesley Mathews	Title:	EHS Profes	ssional
Signature:	Wesley Mathews		Date: _	10/5/2022
email: Wesle	ey.Mathews@dvn.com	Telephone:		
OCD Only Received by: _	Jocelyn Harimon			Date:10/05/2022

Page 13 of 113

Incident ID	nAPP2205532048
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

Closure

The responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) including a scaled site map, sampling diagrams, relevant field notes, photographs of any excavation prior to backfilling, laboratory data including chain of custody documents of final sampling, and a narrative of the remedial activities. Refer to 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Each of the following items must be included in the closure report.				
X Scaled site and sampling diagram as described in 19.15.29.11 NMAC				
X Photographs of the remediated site prior to backfill or photos of must be notified 2 days prior to liner inspection)	the liner integrity if applicable (Note: appropriate OCD District office			
X Laboratory analyses of final sampling (Note: appropriate ODC D	District office must be notified 2 days prior to final sampling)			
X Description of remediation activities				
Wooley Matherya advin com	C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability diate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for ons. The responsible party acknowledges they must substantially itions that existed prior to the release or their final land use in D when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete.			
OCD Only				
Received by:	Date:10/05/2022			
Closure approval by the OCD does not relieve the responsible party of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that poses a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health, or the environment nor does not relieve the responsible party of compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.				
Closure Approved by:	Date: 10/13/2022			
Printed Name: Jennifer Nobui	Title: Environmental Specialist A			

ATTACHMENT 2



3/12/2022 Client: **Devon Energy** Inspection Date:

Corporation

Site Location Name: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed

Com 1H

Wes Matthews Client Contact Name:

Client Contact Phone #: (575) 748-0176

Unique Project ID

Project Reference #

3/12/2022 9:29 PM Report Run Date:

30-025-40912

Project Owner:

API#:

Project Manager:

Summary of Times

Arrived at Site 3/12/2022 9:27 AM

Departed Site 3/12/2022 10:15 AM

Field Notes

9:29 On site to conduct liner inspection after release that occurred February 19, 2022.

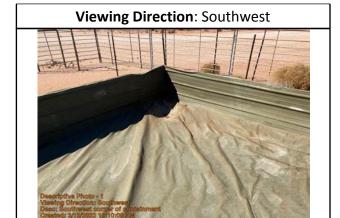
Incident: nAPP2205532048

Next Steps & Recommendations

1 Send report to client



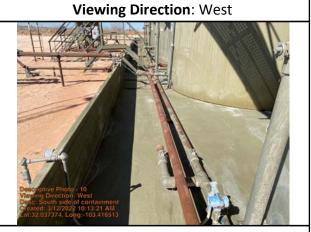
Site Photos



Southwest corner of containment



Oil tank sn: F53977 Rusted holes in bottom

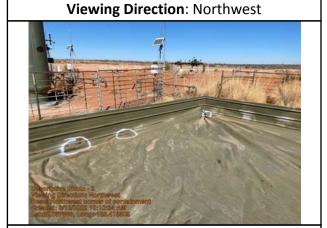


South side of containment



Oil tank sn: F53977 Rusted holes in bottom





Northwest corner of containment



Liner degradation West side



Liner degradation West side



Northwest corner liner degradation





West side of containment



North side of containment



Northeast corner of containment



Southeast corner of containment



Daily Site Visit Signature

Inspector: Austin Harris

Signature:



Client: **Devon Energy** Inspection Date: 3/31/2022

Corporation

Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Report Run Date: 3/31/2022 7:26 PM Site Location Name:

Com 1H

Client Contact Name: Wes Matthews API#: 30-025-40912

Client Contact Phone #: (575) 748-0176

Unique Project ID

Project Reference # Project Manager:

		Summary of Times
Arrived at Site	3/31/2022 8:45 AM	

Project Owner:

3/31/2022 11:00 AM **Departed Site**

Field Notes

11:06 0845 - Arrived on site and filled out necessary safety paperwork.

0900 - I proceeded to review the documents provided and began to walk the area and mark it with white flags and white paint.

1000 - I took photos of the area I marked from each direction from outside of the area and also from inside of the area.

1105 - Completed one-call into NM811 and provided all the necessary information. I was given Ticket #22MA310355.

Next Steps & Recommendations

1



Site Photos

Viewing Direction: South



Photo facing South of the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used a combination of white flags and white paint to mark the area.

Viewing Direction: East



Photo facing East of the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used white flags and white paint to mark the area.





Photo facing North of the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used white flags and white paint to mark the area.





Another photo facing West of the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used white paint and white flags to mark the area.

Viewing Direction: West



Photo facing West of the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used white paint and white flags to mark the area.

Viewing Direction: North



Photo facing North from inside the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used white paint and white flags to mark the area.





Photo facing East from inside the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used white paint and white flags to mark the area.



Photo facing West from inside of the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used white paint and white flags to mark the area.



Photo facing South from inside the area I marked needing to be sampled. I used white flags and white paint to mark the area.



Daily Site Visit Signature

Inspector: Jaime Balencia

Signature: Signature Bal



Client:	Devon Energy Corporation	Inspection Date:	4/5/2022					
Site Location Name:	Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H	Report Run Date:	4/5/2022 7:58 PM					
Client Contact Name:	Wes Matthews	API #:	30-025-40912					
Client Contact Phone #:	(575) 748-0176	•						
Unique Project ID		Project Owner:						
Project Reference #		Project Manager:						
		Summary of	Times					
Arrived at Site	4/5/2022 9:25 AM							
Departed Site	4/5/2022 10:30 AM							
		Field Not	es					

- **9:26** Arrived on site to collect confirmation samples outside of NW corner of the containment.
- **10:23** Collected BH22-01 through BH22-02 at 0' and 1' around the NW corner of the containment where the punctures in the liner were. All are clean on chlorides but we do have hits on TPH.

Next Steps & Recommendations

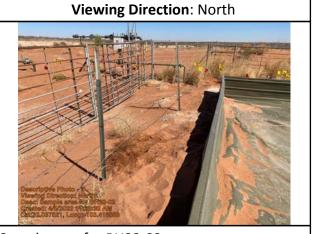
1 Send samples to lab for analysis.



Site Photos



Sample area for BH22-01



Sample area for BH22-02



Daily Site Visit Signature

Inspector: Chance Dixon

Signature: Signature

Daily Soil Sampling



Client: Client: Devon Energy Corporation

Location: Site: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H

Date: (SD: 4/5/22)

Sampling											
	Field Screening								Data Co		
		Hydro	carbon		С	hloride					
Sample ID	Depth (ft)	VOC (PID)	TPH (ppm)	EC Reading (mS/cm)	Temp (°C)	i I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		Lab Analysis	Photo Taken	Marked on Sketch	Refusal Depth (ft)
BH22-01	0.0	0	100	0.11	22.9	0		BTEX (EPA SW-846 Method 8021B/8260B), Chloride (EPA 300.0), TPH (EPA SW-846 Method 8015M)		V	
BH22-01	1.0	0	227	0.26	21.4	259		BTEX (EPA SW-846 Method 8021B/8260B), Chloride (EPA 300.0), TPH (EPA SW-846 Method 8015M)		V	
BH22-02	0.0	0	789	0.18	21.5	139		BTEX (EPA SW-846 Method 8021B/8260B), Chloride (EPA 300.0), TPH (EPA SW-846 Method 8015M)		✓	
BH22-02	1.0	0	163	0.19	21.1	171		BTEX (EPA SW-846 Method 8021B/8260B), Chloride (EPA 300.0), TPH (EPA SW-846 Method 8015M)		V	



Client:	Devon Energy Corporation	Inspection Date:	4/26/2022				
Site Location Name:	Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H	Report Run Date:	4/27/2022 2:11 AM				
Client Contact Name:	Wes Matthews	API #:	30-025-40912				
Client Contact Phone #:	(575) 748-0176	_					
Unique Project ID		Project Owner:					
Project Reference #		Project Manager:					
		Summary of	Times				
Arrived at Site	4/26/2022 8:24 AM						
Departed Site	4/26/2022 1:30 PM						

Field Notes

- 9:36 Removing soil on west side of containment where contamination was found
- **11:40** Collection of samples in all cardinal directions to distinguish as wall samples. One base sample collected from the middle to cover the area excavated
- **13:16** No visual staining on soil. Hand crew taken down to base of containment portion where contamination had been found and collection of samples taken and field screened

Next Steps & Recommendations

1 Wait on lab analysis



Site Photos



Excavation area



Viewing Direction: East

Disacriptive Photo: -2

Viewing Direction: East

Disacriptive Photo: -2

Viewing Direction: East

Disacriptive Photo: -2

Lating A Viewing Direction: East

Disacriptive Photo: -2

Lating Lating -103.416664

Excavation area



Hand crew removing sluff







Excavated area



Daily Site Visit Signature

Inspector: Monica Peppin

Signature:

Daily Soil Sampling



Client: Client: Devon Energy Corporation

Location: Site: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H

Date: (SD: 4/26/22)

Sampling											
Field Screening									Data Co		
		Hydro	carbon		C	Chloride					
Sample ID	Depth (ft)	VOC (PID)	TPH (ppm)	EC Reading (mS/cm)	٠, ١		Chloride Titration (ppm)	Lab Analysis	Photo Taken	Marked on Sketch	Refusal Depth (ft)
BES22-01	1.5	0	36	0.10	21.4	28				V	
WES22-01	1.5	0	6	0.06	22.3	0				V	
WES22-02	1.5	0	5	0.05	21.3	0				✓	
WES22-03	1.5	0	51	0.13	21.4	72				V	
WES22-04	1.5	0	7	0.06	21.5	0				~	

ATTACHMENT 3



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer

Point of Diversion Summary

(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE)

(quarters are smallest to largest)

(NAD83 UTM in meters)

Well Tag **POD Number** Q64 Q16 Q4 Sec Tws Rng

X Y

CP 01305 POD1

31 25S 37E

655628 3551065

1706 **Driller License:**

ELITE DRILLERS CORPORATION **Driller Company:**

Driller Name: WALLACE, BRYCE J.

Drill Start Date: 05/04/2017 **Drill Finish Date:**

05/06/2017

Plug Date:

Log File Date:

07/07/2017

PCW Rcv Date:

Source: Artesian

Pump Type:

Pipe Discharge Size:

Estimated Yield: 60 GPM

Casing Size:

6.00

Depth Well:

420 feet

Depth Water:

230 feet

Water Bearing Stratifications:

Top Bottom Description

320 Sandstone/Gravel/Conglomerate

280 330 Sandstone/Gravel/Conglomerate

400 420 Shale/Mudstone/Siltstone

Casing Perforations:

Top Bottom

320 420

Meter Number: 19203

Meter Make:

TURBINES

Meter Serial Number: 7678015 **Meter Multiplier:**

Meter Type:

1.0000 Diversion

Number of Dials: Unit of Measure:

Barrels 42 gal.

Return Flow Percent:

Usage Multiplier:

Reading Frequency:

Meter Readings (in Acre-Feet)

Read Date Year Mtr Reading Flag 03/31/2021 2021 141799

Rdr Comment RPT Initital reading submitted Mtr Amount Online

0

05/31/2021 10/31/2021 2021

2021 1470544 1610094 A

ad ad 171.266 17.987

**YTD Meter Amounts:

Year

Amount

2021 189,253

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

2/28/22 7:55 AM

POINT OF DIVERSION SUMMARY



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer

Water Column/Average Depth to Water

(A CLW#### in the POD suffix indicates the POD has been replaced & no longer serves a water right file.)

(R=POD has been replaced, O=orphaned, C=the file is

closed)

(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE) (NAD83 UTM in meters)

(quarters are smallest to largest)

(In feet)

POD

		Sub-		Q	Q ()							V	Water
POD Number	Code	basin	County	64 1	16 4	1 Sec	Tws	Rng	X	Y	DistanceDep	othWellDep	thWater C	olumn
<u>C 04583 POD1</u>		CUB	LE	3	3 3	3 15	26S	34E	644920	3545643	4608	55		
<u>CP 01305 POD1</u>		CP	LE		1 4	1 31	25S	37E	655628	3551065	8131	420	230	190
<u>C 02299</u>		CUB	LE	4	2 4	1 24	25S	34E	649517	3554125	8437	350	300	50

Average Depth to Water:

265 feet

Minimum Depth:

230 feet

Maximum Depth:

Radius: 9000

300 feet

Record Count: 3

UTMNAD83 Radius Search (in meters):

Easting (X): 649528 **Northing (Y):** 3545688

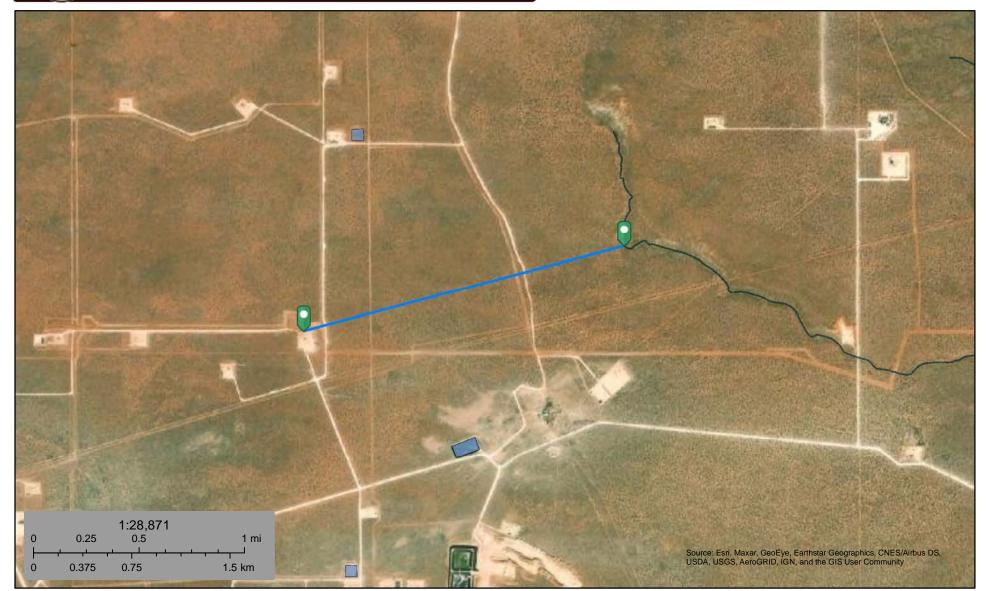
The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

2/28/22 7:50 AM

WATER COLUMN/ AVERAGE DEPTH TO WATER



Intermittent, 7042 feet



February 28, 2022

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Pond

Lake

Riverine

Other



This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.



Pond, 11620 feet



February 28, 2022

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

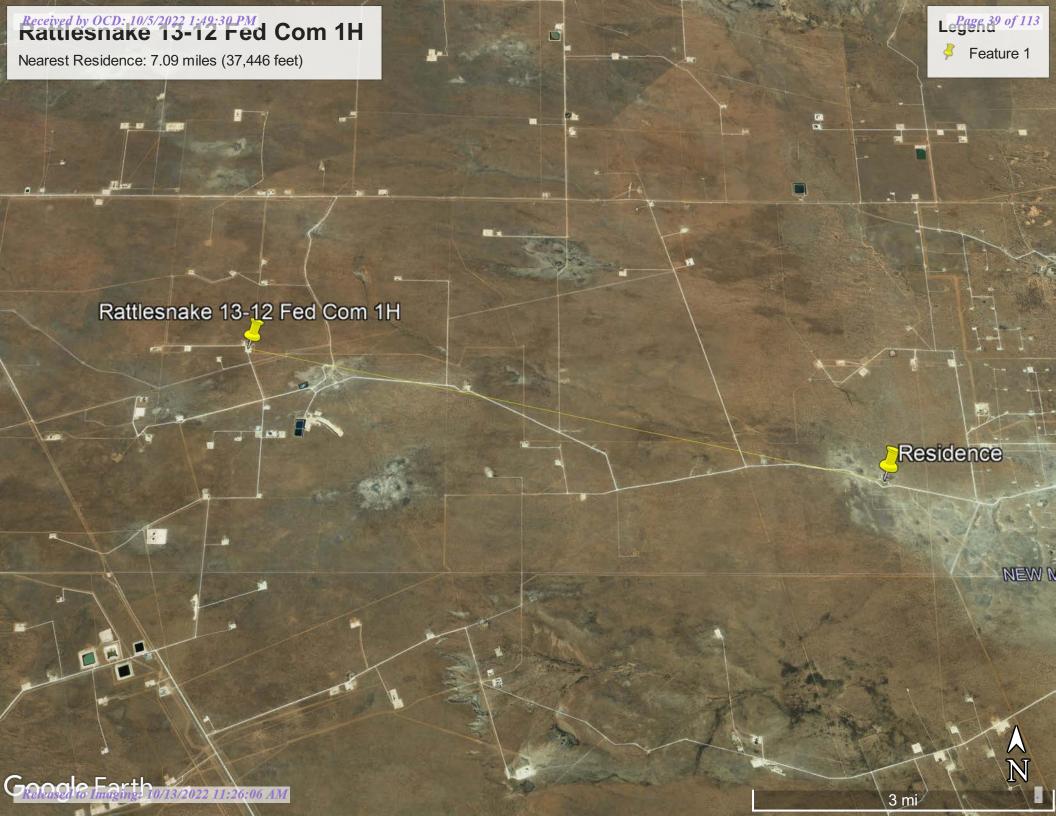
Freshwater Pond

Lake

Other

Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.





Point of Diversion Summary

(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE)

(quarters are smallest to largest)

(NAD83 UTM in meters)

Well Tag **POD Number** Q64 Q16 Q4 Sec Tws Rng

X

Y

NA

C 04583 POD1

3 15 26S 34E

644920

3545643

Driller License:

1249

Driller Company:

ATKINS ENGINEERING ASSOC. INC.

Driller Name:

JACKIE D ATKINS

Drill Start Date:

01/04/2022

Drill Finish Date:

01/04/2022

Plug Date:

Log File Date:

02/04/2022

PCW Rcv Date:

Source:

Pump Type:

Pipe Discharge Size:

Estimated Yield:

Casing Size:

Depth Well:

55 feet

Depth Water:

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

2/28/22 7:29 AM

POINT OF DIVERSION SUMMARY



Water Right Summary

WR File Number: C 04583 Subbasin: CUB Cross Reference: -

Primary Purpose: MON MONITORING WELL

Primary Status: PMT PERMIT

Total Acres: Subfile: - Header: -

Total Diversion: 0 Cause/Case: -

Owner: LUCID ENERGY GROUP

Contact: MICHAEL GANT

Documents on File

Status From/

Trn# Doc File/Act 1 2 Transaction Desc. To Acres Diversion Consumptive

<u>713387 EXPL 2021-12-20</u> PMT APR C 04583 POD1 T 0 0

Current Points of Diversion

(NAD83 UTM in meters)

POD Number Well Tag Source 64Q16Q4Sec Tws Rng X Y Other Location Desc

<u>C 04583 POD1</u> NA 3 3 3 15 26S 34E 644920 3545643

Q

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

2/28/22 7:30 AM WATER RIGHT SUMMARY



Water Right Summary



WR File Number: CP 01305 Subbasin: CP

Cross Reference:

Primary Purpose:

COMMERCIAL COM

Primary Status:

PMT PERMIT

Total Acres:

0

Subfile: Cause/Case: Header: -

Total Diversion:

100

Owner:

FULFER OIL & CATTLE COMPANY

Contact:

GREGG FULFER

Owner:

ATKINS ENGR ASSOC INC

Contact:

RICHARD CIBAK

Documents on File

Status

From/

Acres **Diversion Consumptive**

Doc 2016-01-21

PMT MTR CP 01305

To T

0 100

100

Current Points of Diversion

Trn#

Transaction Desc.

(NAD83 UTM in meters)

Other Location Desc

POD Number

CP 01305 POD1

Well Tag

File/Act

Source 64Q16Q4Sec Tws Rng

1 4 31 25S 37E

3551065

Priority Summary

Priority 03/27/2014 Status **PMT**

Acres Diversion Pod Number 100 CP 01305 POD1

Artesian

Place of Use

256 64 Q16 Q4Sec Tws Rng

Acres 0 Diversion 100 CU Use Priority 100 COM 03/27/2014

Status Other Location Desc

PMT NO PLACE OF USE GIVEN

Source

Acres Diversion 100

Use Priority COM 03/27/2014 Source Description

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

2/28/22 7:57 AM

WATER RIGHT **SUMMARY**



Active & Inactive Points of Diversion

(with Ownership Information)

(R=POD has been replaced and no longer serves this file, (quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE) (acre ft per annum) (NAD83 UTM in meters) C=the file is closed) (quarters are smallest to largest) Sub Well qqq WR File Nbr basin Use Diversion Owner County POD Number Tag Code Grant 6416 4 Sec Tws Rng 0 LUCID ENERGY GROUP 3545643 644919 C 04583 CUB MON LE C 04583 POD1 NA 3 3 3 15 26S 34E CP 01305 POD1 CP 01305 COM 100 ATKINS ENGR ASSOC INC 1 4 31 25S 37E 655627 3551065 8131 CUB PLS 3 INTREPID POTASH NEW MEXICO LLC 4 2 4 24 25S 34E 8437 C 04021 LE <u>C 04021 POD1</u> 2 4 4 26 26S 35E

Record Count: 4

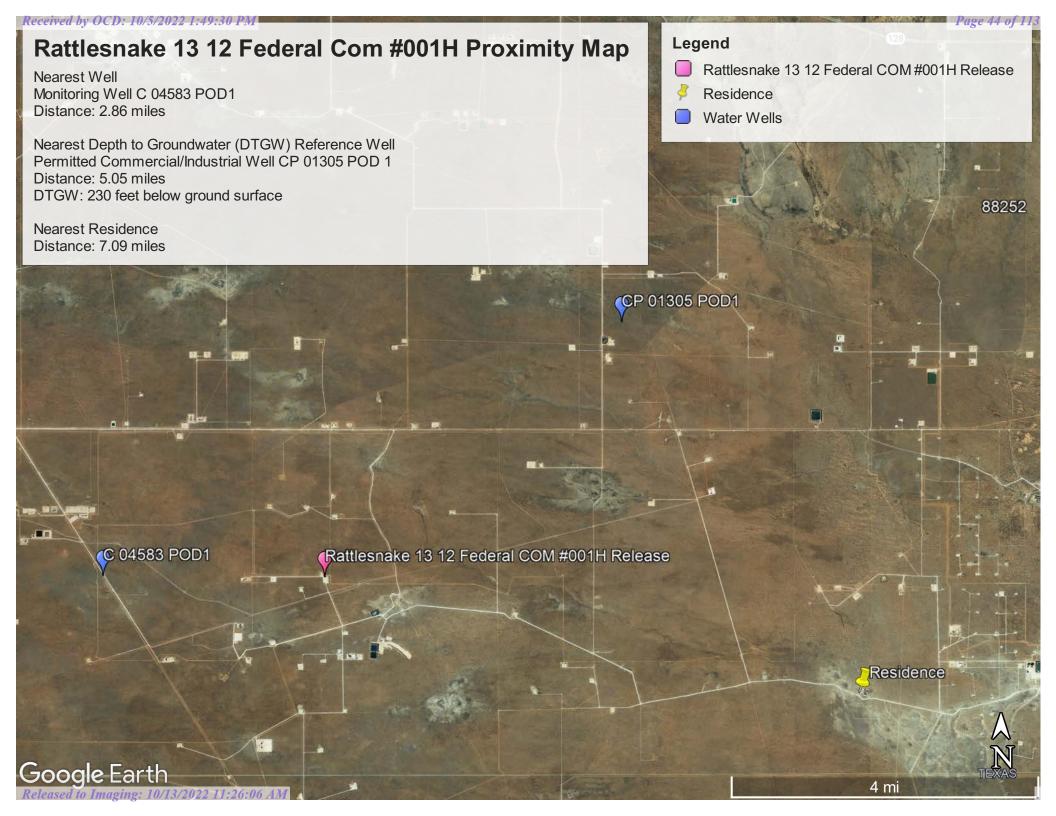
UTMNAD83 Radius Search (in meters):

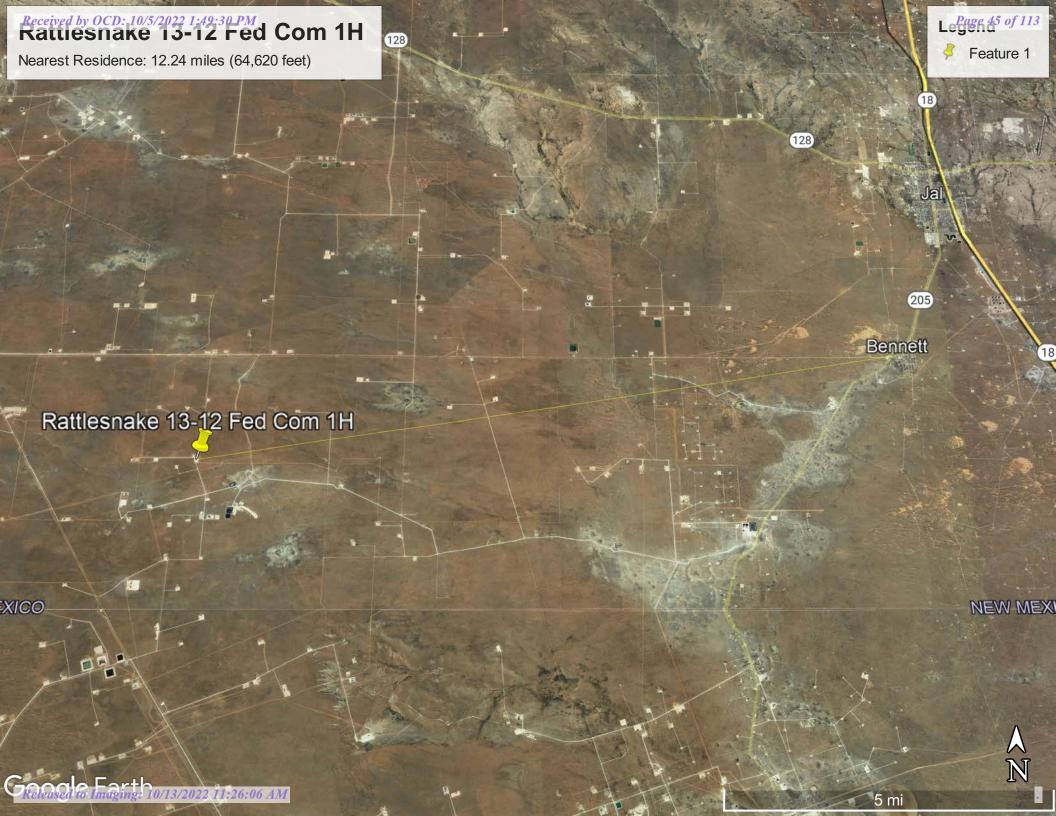
Easting (X): 649528 **Northing (Y):** 3545688 **Radius:** 9000

Sorted by: Distance

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

2/28/22 7:51 AM ACTIVE & INACTIVE POINTS OF DIVERSION





U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

Wetland, 13631 feet

February 28, 2022

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Lake

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Other

Freshwater Pond

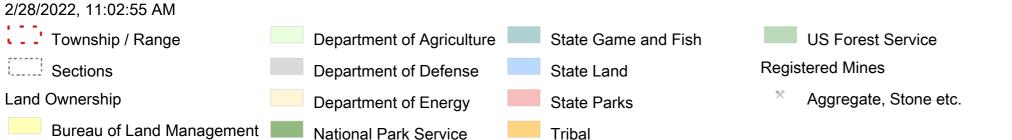


This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

Page 47 of 113

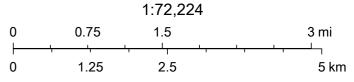
Active Mines in New Mexico





Private Land

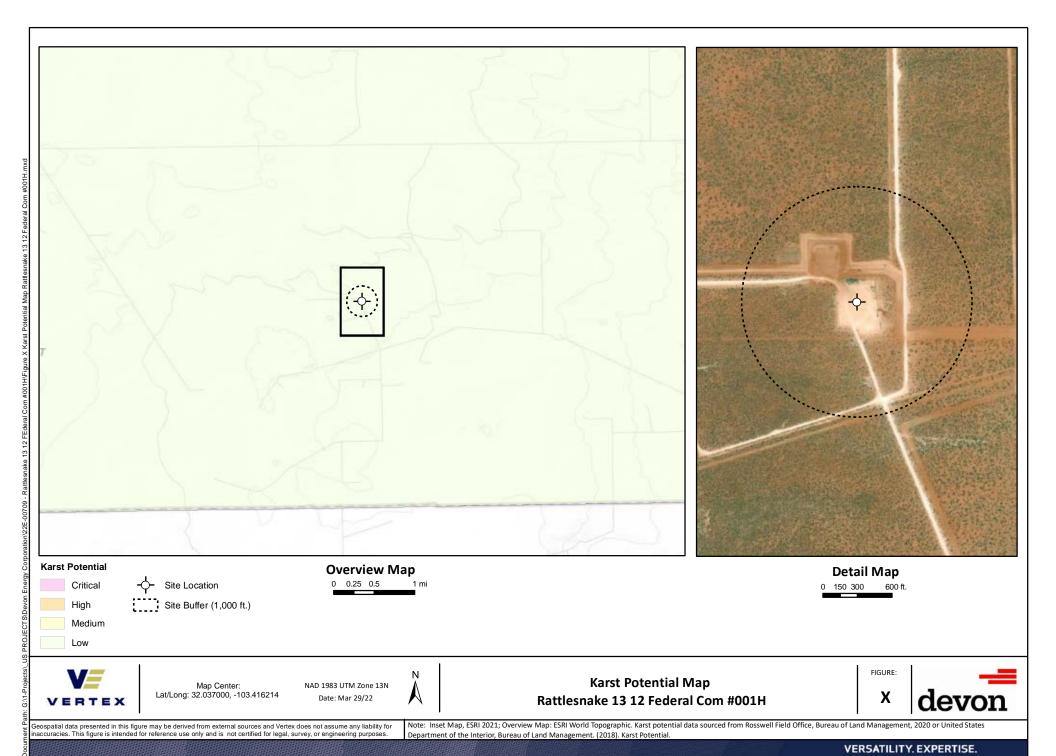
US Fish and Wildlife Service



U.S. Bureau of Land Management - New Mexico State Office, Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA, Sources: Esri, Garmin, USGS, NPS

Bureau of Reclamation

Received by OCD: 10/5/2022 1:49:30 PM



Received by OCD: 10/5/2022 1:49:30 PM National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS Regulatory Floodway 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X **Future Conditions 1% Annual** Chance Flood Hazard Zone X Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X OTHER AREAS OF Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D FLOOD HAZARD NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X Effective LOMRs OTHER AREAS Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D - - - Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer **GENERAL** STRUCTURES | LILLILL Levee, Dike, or Floodwall 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 17.5 Water Surface Elevation **Coastal Transect** Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study **Jurisdiction Boundary** -- -- Coastal Transect Baseline OTHER **Profile Baseline FEATURES** Hydrographic Feature Digital Data Available No Digital Data Available MAP PANELS Unmapped

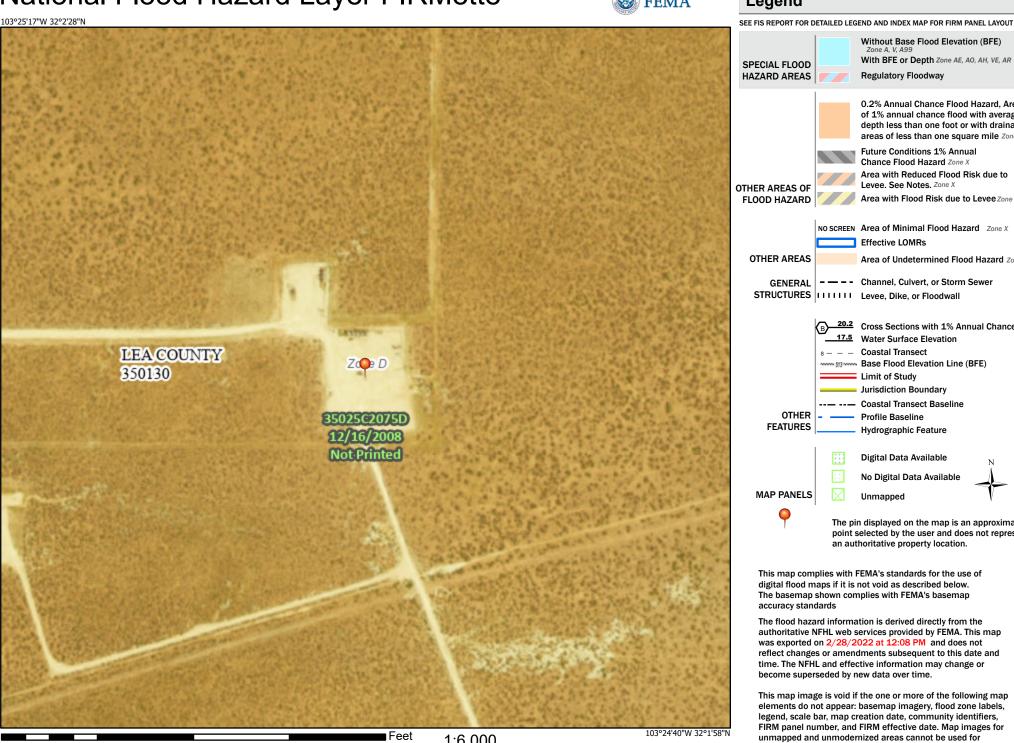
This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent

an authoritative property location.

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 2/28/2022 at 12:08 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



2.000



VRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Lea County, New Mexico



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require

alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Contents

Preface	2
How Soil Surveys Are Made	
Soil Map	
Soil Map	
Legend	
Map Unit Legend	
Map Unit Descriptions	
Lea County, New Mexico	13
PU—Pyote and Maljamar fine sands	
References	

How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

ဖ

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

å

Spoil Area Stony Spot

Very Stony Spot

Ŷ

Wet Spot Other

Δ

Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads Local Roads

00

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Lea County, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 18, Sep 10, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Feb 7, 2020—May 12. 2020

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol Map Unit Name		Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
PU Pyote and Maljamar fine sands		6.8	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		6.8	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Lea County, New Mexico

PU—Pyote and Maljamar fine sands

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: dmqq Elevation: 3,000 to 3,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 12 inches Mean annual air temperature: 60 to 62 degrees F

Frost-free period: 190 to 205 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Pyote and similar soils: 46 percent
Maljamar and similar soils: 44 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Pyote

Setting

Landform: Plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 30 inches: fine sand

Bt - 30 to 60 inches: fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00

in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Gypsum, maximum content: 1 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 2.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: R042XC003NM - Loamy Sand

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Maljamar

Setting

Landform: Plains

Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 24 inches: fine sand
Bt - 24 to 50 inches: sandy clay loam
Bkm - 50 to 60 inches: cemented material

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to petrocalcic

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Gypsum, maximum content: 1 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 2.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: R042XC003NM - Loamy Sand

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Kermit

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Ecological site: R042XC022NM - Sandhills

Hydric soil rating: No

References

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). 2004. Standard specifications for transportation materials and methods of sampling and testing. 24th edition.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). 2005. Standard classification of soils for engineering purposes. ASTM Standard D2487-00.

Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of wetlands and deep-water habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service FWS/OBS-79/31.

Federal Register. July 13, 1994. Changes in hydric soils of the United States.

Federal Register. September 18, 2002. Hydric soils of the United States.

Hurt, G.W., and L.M. Vasilas, editors. Version 6.0, 2006. Field indicators of hydric soils in the United States.

National Research Council. 1995. Wetlands: Characteristics and boundaries.

Soil Survey Division Staff. 1993. Soil survey manual. Soil Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 18. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2 054262

Soil Survey Staff. 1999. Soil taxonomy: A basic system of soil classification for making and interpreting soil surveys. 2nd edition. Natural Resources Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 436. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2 053577

Soil Survey Staff. 2010. Keys to soil taxonomy. 11th edition. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2 053580

Tiner, R.W., Jr. 1985. Wetlands of Delaware. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Wetlands Section.

United States Army Corps of Engineers, Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers wetlands delineation manual. Waterways Experiment Station Technical Report Y-87-1.

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National forestry manual. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/home/?cid=nrcs142p2 053374

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National range and pasture handbook. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/landuse/rangepasture/?cid=stelprdb1043084

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National soil survey handbook, title 430-VI. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/scientists/?cid=nrcs142p2_054242

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2006. Land resource regions and major land resource areas of the United States, the Caribbean, and the Pacific Basin. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 296. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/soils/?cid=nrcs142p2_053624

United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. 1961. Land capability classification. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 210. http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/nrcs142p2_052290.pdf



Ecological site R042XC003NM Loamy Sand

Accessed: 02/28/2022

General information



Figure 1. Mapped extent

Areas shown in blue indicate the maximum mapped extent of this ecological site. Other ecological sites likely occur within the highlighted areas. It is also possible for this ecological site to occur outside of highlighted areas if detailed soil survey has not been completed or recently updated.

Associated sites

R042XC004NM	Sandy Sandy
R042XC005NM	Deep Sand Deep Sand

Table 1. Dominant plant species

Tree	Not specified
Shrub	Not specified
Herbaceous	Not specified

Physiographic features

This site is on uplands, plains, dunes, fan piedmonts and in inter dunal areas. The parent material consists of mixed alluvium and or eolian sands derived from sedimentary rock. Slope range on this site range from 0 to 9 percent with the average of 5 percent.

Low stabilized dunes may occur occasionally on this site. Elevations range from 2,800 to 5,000 feet.

Table 2. Representative physiographic features

Landforms	(1) Fan piedmont(2) Alluvial fan(3) Dune
Elevation	2,800–5,000 ft
Slope	0–9%
Aspect	Aspect is not a significant factor

Climatic features

The average annual precipitation ranges from 8 to 13 inches. Variations of 5 inches, more or less, are common. Over 80 percent of the precipitation falls from April through October. Most of the summer precipitation comes in the form of high intensity-short duration thunderstorms.

Temperatures are characterized by distinct seasonal changes and large annual and diurnal temperature changes. The average annual temperature is 61 degrees with extremes of 25 degrees below zero in the winter to 112 degrees in the summer.

The average frost-free season is 207 to 220 days. The last killing frost being late March or early April and the first killing frost being in later October or early November.

Temperature and rainfall both favor warm season perennial plant growth. In years of abundant spring moisture, annual forbs and cool season grasses can make up an important component of this site. Strong winds blow from the southwest from January through June, which accelerates soil drying during a critical period for cool season plant growth.

Climate data was obtained from http://www.wrcc.sage.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html web site using 50% probability for freeze-free and frost-free seasons using 28.5 degrees F and 32.5 degrees F respectively.

Table 3. Representative climatic features

Frost-free period (average)	221 days
Freeze-free period (average)	240 days
Precipitation total (average)	13 in

Influencing water features

This site is not influenced from water from wetlands or streams.

Soil features

Soils are moderately deep or very deep. Surface textures are loamy fine sand, fine sandy loam, loamy very fine sand or gravelly sandy loam.

Subsurface is a loamy fine sand, coarse sandy loam, fine sandy loam or loam that averages less than 18 percent clay and less than 15 percent carbonates.

Substratum is a fine sandy loam or gravelly fine sandy loam with less than 15 percent gravel and with less than 40 percent calcium carbonate. Some layers high in lime or with caliche fragments may occur at depths of 20 to 30 inches.

These soils, if unprotected by plant cover and organic residue, become wind blown and low hummocks are formed.

Minimum and maximum values listed below represent the characteristic soils for this site.

Characteristic soils are:

Maljamar

Berino

Parjarito Palomas Wink

Pyote

Table 4. Representative soil features

Surface texture	(1) Fine sand (2) Fine sandy loam (3) Loamy fine sand
Family particle size	(1) Sandy
Drainage class	Well drained to somewhat excessively drained
Permeability class	Moderate to moderately rapid
Soil depth	40–72 in
Surface fragment cover <=3"	0–10%
Surface fragment cover >3"	0%
Available water capacity (0-40in)	5–7 in
Calcium carbonate equivalent (0-40in)	3–40%
Electrical conductivity (0-40in)	2–4 mmhos/cm
Sodium adsorption ratio (0-40in)	0–2
Soil reaction (1:1 water) (0-40in)	6.6–8.4
Subsurface fragment volume <=3" (Depth not specified)	4–12%
Subsurface fragment volume >3" (Depth not specified)	0%

Ecological dynamics

Overview

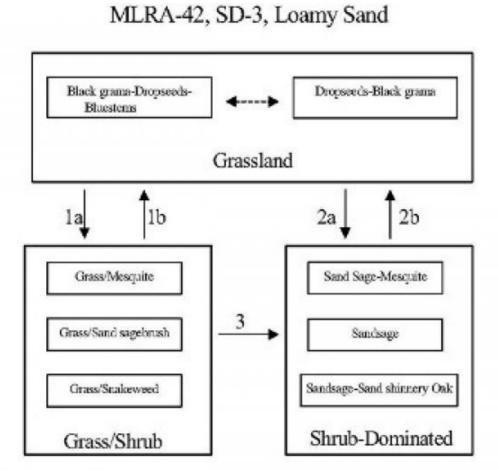
The Loamy Sand site intergrades with the Deep Sand and Sandy sites (SD-3). These sites can be differentiated by surface soil texture and depth to a textural change. Loamy Sand and Deep Sand sites have coarse textured (sands and loamy sand) surface soils while Sandy sites have moderately coarse textured (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) surfaces. Although Loamy Sand and Deep Sand sites have similar surface textures, the depth to a textural change is different—Loamy Sand sub-surface textures typically increase in clay at approximately 20 to 30 inches, and Deep Sand sites not until around 40 inches.

The historic plant community of Loamy Sand sites is dominated by black grama (*Bouteloua eriopoda*), dropseeds (*Sporobolus flexuosus*, *S. contractus*, *S. cryptandrus*), and bluestems (*Schizachyrium scoparium* and *Andropogon hallii*), with scattered shinnery oak (*Quercus havardii*) and sand sage (*Artemisia filifolia*). Perennial and annual forb abundance and distribution are dependent on precipitation. Litter and to a lesser extent, bare ground, are a significant proportion of ground cover while grasses compose the remainder. Decreases in black grama indicate a transition to either a grass/shrub or shrub-dominated state. The grass/shrub state is composed of grasses/honey mesquite (*Prosopis glandulosa*), grasses/broom snakeweed (*Gutierrezia sarothrae*), or grasses/sand sage. The shrub-dominated state occurs after a severe loss of grass cover and a prevalence of sand sage with secondary shinnery oak and mesquite. Heavy grazing intensity and/or drought are influential drivers in decreasing black grama and bluestems and subsequently increasing shrub cover, erosion, and bare patches. Historical fire suppression also encourages shrub pervasiveness and a competitive advantage over grass species (McPherson 1995). Brush and grazing management, however, may reverse grass/shrub and shrub-dominated states toward the grassland-

dominated historic plant community.

State and transition model

Plant Communities and Transitional Pathways (diagram):



- 1a. Drought, over grazing, fire suppression.
- 1b. Brush control, prescribed grazing
- 2.a Severe loss of grass cover, fire suppression, erosion.
- Brush control, seeding, prescribed grazing.
- 3. Continued loss of grass cover, erosion.

Figure 4.

State 1 Historic Climax Plant Community

Community 1.1 Historic Climax Plant Community

Grassland: The historic plant community is a uniformly distributed grassland dominated by black grama, dropseeds, and bluestems. Sand sage and shinnery oak are evenly dispersed throughout the grassland due to the coarse soil surface texture. Perennial and annual forbs are common but their abundance and distribution are reflective of precipitation. Bluestems initially, followed by black grama, decrease with drought and heavy grazing intensity. Historical fire frequency is unknown but likely occurred enough to remove small shrubs to the competitive advantage of grass species. Fire suppression, drought conditions, and excessive grazing drive most grass species out of competition with shrub species.

Diagnosis: Grassland dominated by black grama, dropseeds, and bluestems. Shrubs, such as sand sage, shinnery oak, and mesquite are dispersed throughout the grassland. Forbs are present and populations fluctuate with precipitation variability.

Table 5. Annual production by plant type

Plant Type	Low (Lb/Acre)	Representative Value (Lb/Acre)	High (Lb/Acre)
Grass/Grasslike	442	833	1224
Forb	110	208	306
Shrub/Vine	98	184	270
Total	650	1225	1800

Table 6. Ground cover

Tree foliar cover	0%
Shrub/vine/liana foliar cover	0%
Grass/grasslike foliar cover	28%
Forb foliar cover	0%
Non-vascular plants	0%
Biological crusts	0%
Litter	50%
Surface fragments >0.25" and <=3"	0%
Surface fragments >3"	0%
Bedrock	0%
Water	0%
Bare ground	22%

Figure 6. Plant community growth curve (percent production by month). NM2803, R042XC003NM-Loamy Sand-HCPC. SD-3 Loamy Sand - Warm season plant community .

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
0	0	3	5	10	10	25	30	12	5	0	0

State 2
Grass/Shrub

Community 2.1 Grass/Shrub





*Blade grams/Mesquite community, with some dropseeds, threeowns, and scattered sand shimsery oak *Oness cover low to moderate

Grass/Shrub State: The grass/shrub state is dominated by communities of grasses/mesquite, grasses/snakeweed, or grasses/sand sage. Decreases in black grama and bluestem species lead to an increase in bare patches and mesquite which further competes with grass species. An increase of dropseeds and threeawns occurs. Grass distribution becomes more patchy with an absence or severe decrease in black grama and bluestems. Mesquite provides nitrogen and soil organic matter to co-dominant grasses (Ansley and Jacoby 1998, Ansley et al. 1998). Mesquite mortality when exposed to fire is low due to aggressive resprouting abilities. Herbicide application combined with subsequent prescribed fire may be more effective in mesquite reduction (Britton and Wright 1971).

Diagnosis: This state is dominated by an increased abundance of communities including grass/mesquite, grass/snakeweed, or grass/sand sage. Dropseeds and threeawns have a patchy distribution.

Transition to Grass/Shrub State (1a): The historic plant community begins to shift toward the grass/shrub state as drivers such as drought, fire suppression, interspecific competition, and excessive grazing contribute to alterations in soil properties and herbaceous cover. Cover loss and surface soil erosion are initial indicators of transition followed by a decrease in black grama with a subsequent increase of dropseeds, threeawns, mesquite, and snakeweed. Snakeweed has been documented to outcompete black grama especially under conditions of fire suppression and drought (McDaniel et al. 1984).

Loss of black grama cover

Key indicators of approach to transition:

- Surface soil erosion
- Bare patch expansion
- Increased dropseed/threeawn and mesquite, snakeweed, or sand sage abundances

Transition to Historic Plant Community (1b): Brush and grazing management may restore the grassland component and reverse shrub or grass/shrub dominated states back toward the historic plant community.

State 3 Shrub Dominated

Community 3.1 Shrub Dominated

Shrub-Dominated State: The shrub-dominated state results from a severe loss of grass cover. This state's primary species is sand sage. Shinnery oak and mesquite also occur; however, grass cover is limited to intershrub distribution. Sand sage stabilizes light sandy soils from wind erosion, which enhances protected grass/forb cover (Davis and Bonham 1979). However, shinnery oak also responds to the sandy soils with dense stands due to an aggressive rhizome system. Shinnery oak's extensive root system promotes competitive exclusion of grasses and forbs. Sand sage, shinnery oak, and mesquite can be controlled with herbicide (Herbel et al. 1979, Pettit 1986).

Transition to Shrub-Dominated (2a): Severe loss of grass species with increased erosion and fire suppression will result in a transition to a shrub-dominated state with sand sage, Shin oak, and honey mesquite directly from the grassland-dominated state.

Key indicators of approach to transition:

- · Severe loss of grass species cover
- Surface soil erosion
- Bare patch expansion
- Increased sand sage, shinnery oak, and mesquite abundance

Transition to Historic Plant Community (2b): Brush and grazing management may restore the grassland component and reverse shrub or grass/shrub dominated states back toward the historic plant community. In addition, seeding with native grass species will augment the transition to a grassland-dominated state.

Transition to Shrub-Dominated (3): If the grass/shrub site continues to lose grass cover with soil erosion, the site will transition to a shrub-dominated state with sand sage, shinnery oak, and honey mesquite.

Key indicators of approach to transition:

- · Continual loss of dropseeds/threeawns cover
- Surface soil erosion
- Bare patch expansion
- Increased sand sage, shinnery oak, and mesquite/dropseed/threeawn and mesquite/snakeweed abundance

Additional community tables

Table 7. Community 1.1 plant community composition

Group	Common Name	Symbol	Scientific Name	Annual Production (Lb/Acre)	Foliar Cover (%)				
Grass	Grass/Grasslike								
1	Warm Season			61–123					
	little bluestem	SCSC	Schizachyrium scoparium	61–123	_				
2	Warm Season	•	•	37–61					
	sand bluestem	ANHA	Andropogon hallii	37–61	_				
3	Warm Season	37–61							
	cane bluestem	BOBA3	Bothriochloa barbinodis	37–61	_				
	silver bluestem	BOSA	Bothriochloa saccharoides	37–61	_				
4	Warm Season			123–184					
	black grama	BOER4	Bouteloua eriopoda	123–184	_				
	bush muhly	MUPO2	Muhlenbergia porteri	123–184	_				
5	Warm Season	•		123–184					
	thin paspalum	PASE5	Paspalum setaceum	123–184	_				
	l: b_:_tl	05//10	Catanialaiaata	400 404					

	piains pristiegrass	SEVUZ	Setaria vuipiseta	123-184	_
	fringed signalgrass	URCI	Urochloa ciliatissima	123–184	_
6	Warm Season	-		123–184	
	spike dropseed	SPCO4	Sporobolus contractus	123–184	_
	sand dropseed	SPCR	Sporobolus cryptandrus	123–184	_
	mesa dropseed	SPFL2	Sporobolus flexuosus	123–184	
7	Warm Season	•		61–123	
	hooded windmill grass	CHCU2	Chloris cucullata	61–123	_
	Arizona cottontop	DICA8	Digitaria californica	61–123	
9	Other Perennial Grasses			37–61	
	Grass, perennial	2GP	Grass, perennial	37–61	
Shru	b/Vine				
8	Warm Season			37–61	
	New Mexico feathergrass	HENE5	Hesperostipa neomexicana	37–61	
	giant dropseed	SPGI	Sporobolus giganteus	37–61	
10	Shrub			61–123	
	sand sagebrush	ARFI2	Artemisia filifolia	61–123	
	Havard oak	QUHA3	Quercus havardii	61–123	
11	Shrub	1		34–61	
	fourwing saltbush	ATCA2	Atriplex canescens	37–61	
	featherplume	DAFO	Dalea formosa	37–61	-
12	Shrub			37–61	
	jointfir	EPHED	Ephedra	37–61	
	littleleaf ratany	KRER	Krameria erecta	37–61	
13	Other Shrubs			37–61	
	Shrub (>.5m)	2SHRUB	Shrub (>.5m)	37–61	
Forb		•		•	
14	Forb			61–123	
	leatherweed	CRPOP	Croton pottsii var. pottsii	61–123	
	Indian blanket	GAPU	Gaillardia pulchella	61–123	_
	globemallow	SPHAE	Sphaeralcea	61–123	
15	Forb			12–37	-
	woolly groundsel	PACA15	Packera cana	12–37	_
16	Forb	•	•	61–123	
	touristplant	DIWI2	Dimorphocarpa wislizeni	61–123	
	woolly plantain	PLPA2	Plantago patagonica	61–123	_
17	Other Forbs	•	•	37–61	
	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	2FORB	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	37–61	

Animal community

This Ecological Site provides habitat which supports a resident animal community that is characterized by pronghorn antelope, desert cottontail, spotted ground squirrel, black-tailed prairie dog, yellow faced pocket gopher, Ord's kangaroo rat, northern grasshopper mouse, southern plains woodrat, badger, roadrunner, meadowlark, burrowing owl, white necked raven, lesser prairie chicken, morning dove, scaled quail, Harris hawk, side blotched

lizard, marbled whiptail, Texas horned lizard, western diamondback rattlesnake, dusty hognose snake and ornate box turtle.

Where mesquite has invaded, most resident birds and scissor-tailed flycatcher, morning dove and Swainson's hawk, nest. Vesper and grasshopper sparrows utilize the site during migration.

Hydrological functions

The runoff curve numbers are determined by field investigations using hydraulic cover conditions and hydrologic soil groups.

Hydrologic Interpretations

Soil Series Hydrologic Group

Berino B

Kinco A

Maljamar B

Pajarito B

Palomas B

Wink B

Pyote A

Recreational uses

This site offers recreation potential for hiking, borseback riding, nature observation, photography and hunting. During years of abundant spring moisture, this site displays a colorful array of wildflowers during May and June.

Wood products

This site has no potential for wood products.

Other products

This site is suitable for grazing by all kinds and classes of livestock at any time of year. In cases where this site has been invaded by brush species it is especially suited for goats. Mismanagement of this site will cause a decrease in species such as the bluestems, blsck grama, bush muhly, plains bristlegrass, New Mexico feathergrass, Arizona cottontop and fourwing saltbush. A corresponding increase in the dropseeds, windmill grass, fall witchgrass, silver bluestem, sand sagebrush, shinery oak and ephedra will occur. This will also cause an increase in bare ground which will increase soil erodibility. This site will respond well to a system of management that rotates the season of use.

Other information

Guide to Suggested Initial Stocking Rate Acres per Animal Unit Month Similarity Index Ac/AUM

100 - 762.3 - 3.5

75 - 513.0 - 4.5

50 - 264.6 - 9.0

25 - 0.9.1 +

Inventory data references

Data collection for this site was done in conjunction with the progressive soil surveys within the Southern Desertic Basins, Plains and Mountains, Major Land Resource Areas of New Mexico. This site has been mapped and correlated with soils in the following soil surveys. Eddy County, Lea County, and Chaves County.

Other references

Literature Cited:

Ansley, R. J.; Jacoby, P. W. 1998. Manipulation of fire intensity to achieve mesquite management goals in north Texas. In: Pruden, Teresa L.; Brennan, Leonard A., eds. Fire in ecosystem management: shifting the paradigm from suppression to prescription: Proceedings, Tall Timbers fire ecology conference; 1996 May 7-10; Boise, ID. No. 20. Tallahassee, FL: Tall Timbers Research Station: 195-204.

Ansley, R. J.; Jones, D. L.; Tunnell, T. R.; [and others]. 1998. Honey mesquite canopy responses to single winter fires: relation to herbaceous fuel, weather and fire temperature. International Journal of Wildland Fire 8(4):241-252.

Britton, Carlton M.; Wright, Henry A. 1971. Correlation of weather and fuel variables to mesquite damage by fire. Journal of Range Management 24:136-141.

Davis, Joseph H., III and Bonham, Charles D. 1979. Interference of sand sagebrush canopy with needleandthread. Journal of Range Management 32(5):384-386.

Herbel, C. H, Steger, R, Gould, W. L. 1974. Managing semidesert ranges of the Southwest Circular 456. Las Cruces, NM: New Mexico State University, Cooperative Extension Service. 48 p.

McDaniel, Kirk C.; Pieper, Rex D.; Loomis, Lyn E.; Osman, Abdelgader A. 1984. Taxonomy and ecology of perennial snakeweeds in New Mexico. Bulletin 711. Las Cruces, NM: New Mexico State University, Agricultural Experiment Station. 34 p.

McPherson, Guy R. 1995. The role of fire in the desert grasslands. In: McClaran, Mitchel P.; Van Devender, Thomas R., eds. The desert grassland. Tucson, AZ: The University of Arizona Press: 130-151.

Pettit, Russell D. 1986. Sand shinnery oak: control and management. Management Note 8. Lubbock, TX: Texas Tech University, College of Agricultural Sciences, Department of Range and Wildlife Management. 5 p.

Contributors

Don Sylvester Quinn Hodgson

Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

Author(s)/participant(s)	
Contact for lead author	
Date	
Approved by	
Approval date	
Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production

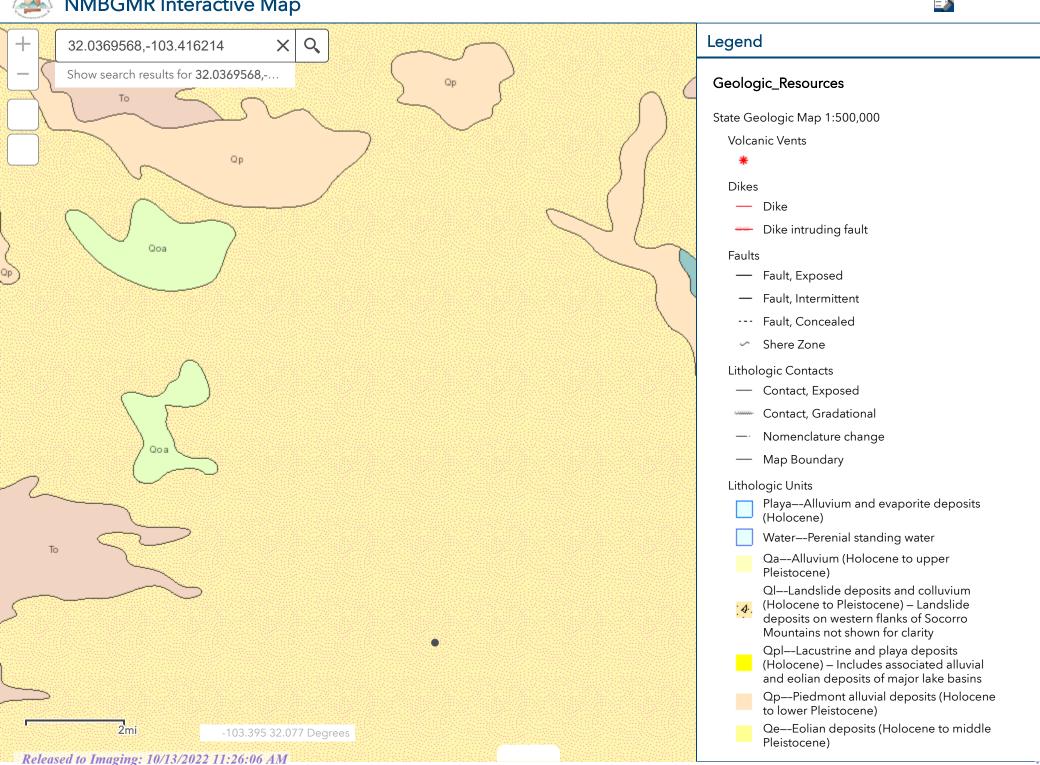
Indicators

1. Number and extent of rills:

2.	Presence of water flow patterns:
3.	Number and height of erosional pedestals or terracettes:
4.	Bare ground from Ecological Site Description or other studies (rock, litter, lichen, moss, plant canopy are not bare ground):
5.	Number of gullies and erosion associated with gullies:
6.	Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/or depositional areas:
7.	Amount of litter movement (describe size and distance expected to travel):
8.	Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to erosion (stability values are averages - most sites will show a range of values):
9.	Soil surface structure and SOM content (include type of structure and A-horizon color and thickness):
10.	Effect of community phase composition (relative proportion of different functional groups) and spatial distribution on infiltration and runoff:
11.	Presence and thickness of compaction layer (usually none; describe soil profile features which may be mistaken for compaction on this site):
12.	Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production or live foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to):
	Dominant:
	Sub-dominant:
	Other:
	Additional:
13.	Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or

decadence):

14.	Average percent litter cover (%) and depth (in):
15.	Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annual-production):
16.	Potential invasive (including noxious) species (native and non-native). List species which BOTH characterize degraded states and have the potential to become a dominant or co-dominant species on the ecological site if their future establishment and growth is not actively controlled by management interventions. Species that become dominant for only one to several years (e.g., short-term response to drought or wildfire) are not invasive plants. Note that unlike other indicators, we are describing what is NOT expected in the reference state for the ecological site:
17.	Perennial plant reproductive capability:



ATTACHMENT 4



Dhugal Hanton <vertexresourcegroupusa@gmail.com>

48-hr Liner Inspection Notice: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H (nAPP2205532048)

1 message

Dhugal Hanton <vertexresourcegroupusa@gmail.com>

Tue, Mar 8, 2022 at 4:47 PM

To: EMNRD-OCD-District1spills <emnrd-ocd-district1spills@state.nm.us>, "Enviro, OCD, EMNRD"

<OCD.Enviro@state.nm.us>, "CFO Spill, BLM NM" <blm nm cfo spill@blm.gov>

Cc: dale.woodall@dvn.com, bschafer@vertex.ca

Bcc: aharris@vertex.ca

All,

Please accept this email as 48-hr notification that Vertex Resource Services has scheduled a liner inspection to be conducted for the following releases:

nAPP2205532048 DOR: 2/19/22 Site Name: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H

This work will be completed on behalf of Devon Energy Production Company.

On Saturday, March 12, 2022 at approximately 8:30 a.m., Austin Harris will be on site to conduct a liner inspection. He can be reached at 575-250-5003. If you need directions to the site, please do not hesitate to contact him. If you have any questions or concerns regarding this notification, please give me a call at 701-301-1564.

Thank you,

Brandon Schafer

Project Manager

Vertex Resource Services Inc.

P 701.645.3111 Ext. 706 C 701.301.1564 F 780.464.3731

www.vertex.ca

Confidentiality Notice: This message and any attachments are solely for the intended recipient and may contain confidential or privileged information. If you are not the intended recipient, any disclosure, copying, use, or distribution of the information included in this message and any attachment is prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please notify us by reply email and immediately and permanently delete this message and any attachments. Thank you.

From: <u>Dhugal Hanton</u>

To: <u>EMNRD-OCD-District1spills</u>; <u>Enviro, OCD, EMNRD</u>; <u>CFO Spill, BLM NM</u>

Cc: <u>dale.woodall@dvn.com</u>; <u>Brandon Schafer</u>; <u>Chance Dixon</u>

Subject: 48-hr Confirmation Sampling Notice: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H (nAPP2205532048)

Date: Wednesday, March 30, 2022 8:02:28 AM

All.

Please accept this email as 48-hr notification that Vertex Resource Services has scheduled confirmatory sampling to be conducted for the following releases:

nAPP2205532048 DOR: 2/19/22 Site Name: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H

This work will be completed on behalf of Devon Energy Production Company.

On Tuesday, April 5, 2022 at approximately 9:00 a.m., Chance Dixon will be on site to conduct confirmatory sampling. Sampling may go into April 6, 2022. He can be reached at 575-988-1472. If you need directions to the site, please do not hesitate to contact him. If you have any questions or concerns regarding this notification, please give me a call at 701-301-1564.

Thank you,

Brandon Schafer

Project Manager

Vertex Resource Services Inc.

P 701.645.3111 Ext. 706 C 701.301.1564 F 780.464.3731

www.vertex.ca

Confidentiality Notice: This message and any attachments are solely for the intended recipient and may contain confidential or privileged information. If you are not the intended recipient, any disclosure, copying, use, or distribution of the information included in this message and any attachment is prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please notify us by reply email and immediately and permanently delete this message and any attachments. Thank you.

Monica Peppin

From: Dhugal Hanton <vertexresourcegroupusa@gmail.com>

Sent: Friday, April 22, 2022 9:39 AM

To: CFO_Spill, BLM_NM; EMNRD-OCD-District1spills; Monica Peppin

Subject: Confirmatory Sampling Schedule.

All,

Please accept this email as 48-hr notification that Vertex Resource Services has scheduled confirmatory sampling to be conducted for the following releases:

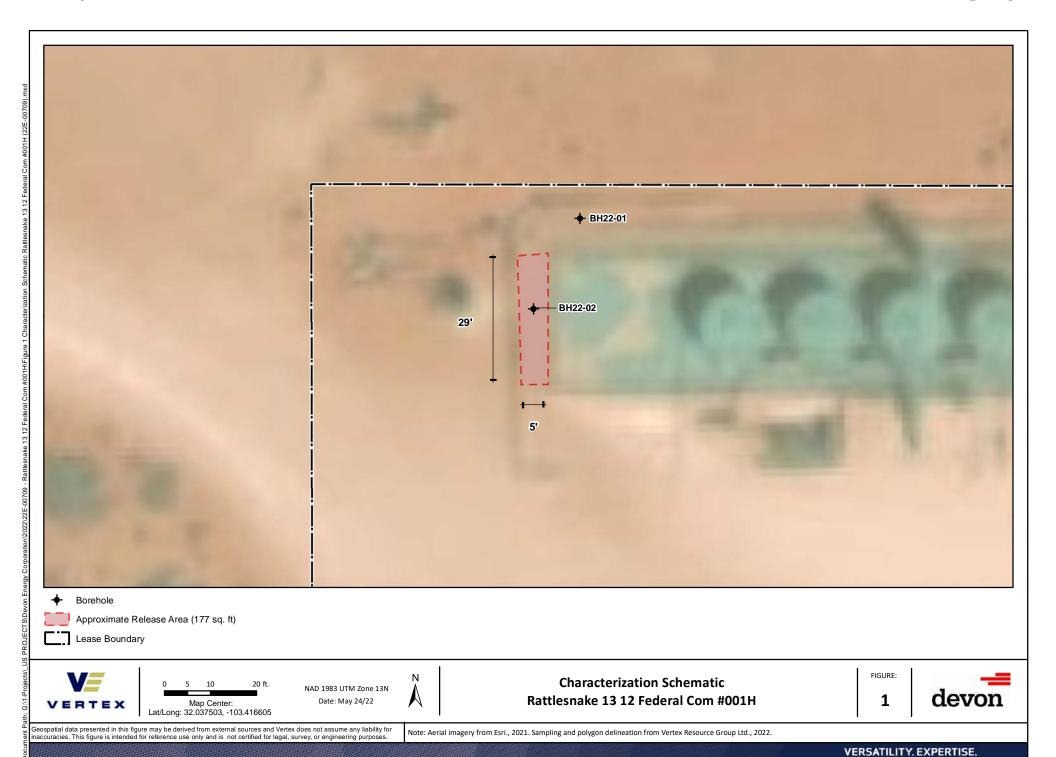
nAPP2205532048 DOR: 2/19/22 Site Name: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H Wellpad

This work will be completed on behalf of Devon Energy Production Company.

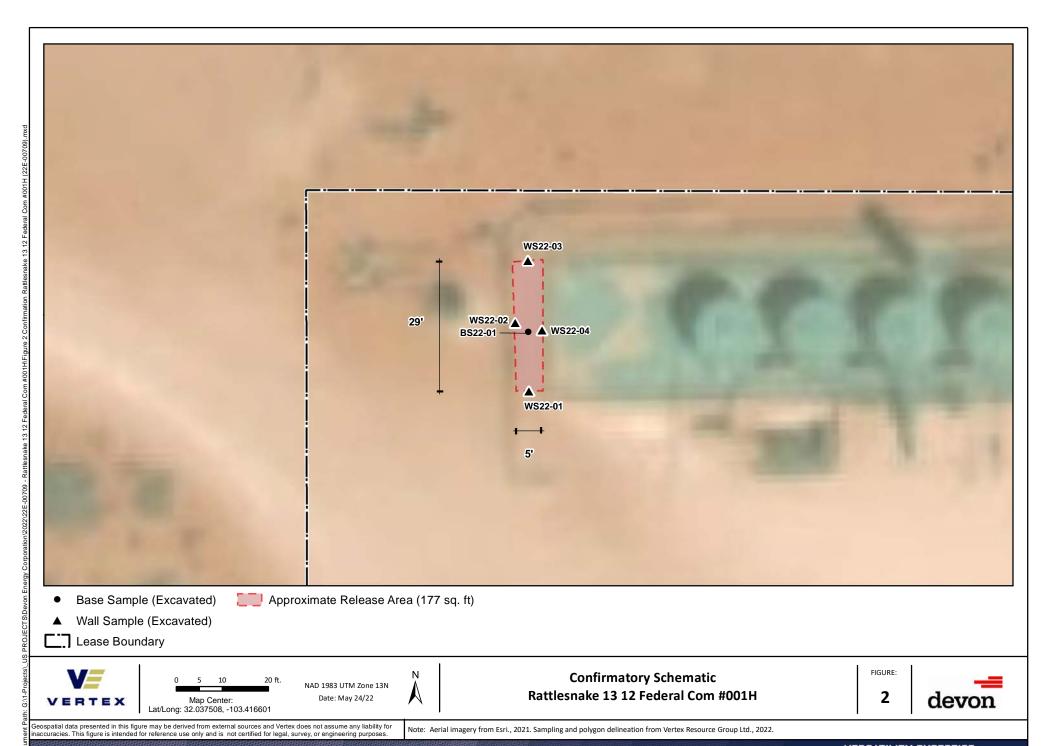
On Tuesday, April 26, 2022 at approximately 10:00 a.m., Monica Peppin will be on site to conduct confirmatory sampling. Sampling may go into April 27, 2022. She can be reached at 575-361-9880. If you need directions to the site, please do not hesitate to contact her.

Thank you,

ATTACHMENT 5



Released to Imaging: 10/13/2022 11:26:06 AM



Released to Imaging: 10/13/2022 11:26:06 AM

VERSATILITY. EXPERTISE.

ATTACHMENT 6

Client Name: Devon Energy Production Company Site Name: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H Wellpad

NMOCD Tracking #: nAPP2205532048

Project #: 22E-00709 Lab Report: 2204288

	Table	2. Initial Charact	erization S	ample Fie	ld Screen	and Labor	atory Resi	ults - Dept	h to Groui	ndwater <	50 feet bg	s	
!	Sample Description			eld Screeni	ng		Petroleum Hydrocarbons						
			s			Vol	atile			Extractable)		Inorganic
Sample ID	Depth (ft)	Sample Date	Volatile Organic Compound (PID)	Extractable Organic Compounds (PetroFlag)	Chloride Concentration	Benzene	BTEX (Total)	Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	(GRO + DRO)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)	Chloride Concentration
			(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
BH22-01	0	4/5/2022	0	100	0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
BH22-01	1	4/5/2022	0	227	259	ND	ND	ND	47	49	47	96	320
BH22-02	0	4/5/2022	0	789	139	ND	ND	ND	350	180	350	530	83
BH22-02	1	4/5/2022	0	163	171	ND	ND	ND	79	64	79	143	140

[&]quot;ND" Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Bold and grey shaded indicates exceedance outside of NMOCD Closure Criteria (on-pad)

Bold and green shaded indicates exceedance outside of NMOCD Reclamation Criteria (off-pad)



[&]quot;-" indicates not analyzed/assessed

Client Name: Devon Energy Production Company Site Name: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H Wellpad

NMOCD Tracking #: nAPP2205532048

Project #: 22E-00709 Lab Report: 2204C65

	Т	able 3. Confirmat	tory Samp	le Field Sc	reen and I	Laboratory	Results -	Depth to	Groundwa	ter <50 fe	et bgs		
9	Sample Descrip	otion	Fi	eld Screeni	ng	Petroleum Hydrocarbons							
			s		Volatile Extractable							Inorganic	
Sample ID	Depth (ft)	Sample Date	Volatile Organic Compound (PID)	Extractable Organic Compounds (PetroFlag)	Chloride Concentration	Benzene	BTEX (Total)	Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	(GRO + DRO)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH)	Chloride Concentration
			(ppm)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
BS22-01	1.5	4/26/2022	0	36	28	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
WS22-01	0-1.5	4/26/2022	0	6	0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
WS22-02	0-1.5	4/26/2022	0	5	0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
WS22-03	0-1.5	4/26/2022	0	51	72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	78
WS22-04	0-1.5	4/26/2022	0	7	0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

[&]quot;ND" Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

Bold and grey shaded indicates exceedance outside of NMOCD Closure Criteria (on-pad)

Bold and green shaded indicates exceedance outside of NMOCD Reclamation Criteria (off-pad)



[&]quot;-" indicates not analyzed/assessed

ATTACHMENT 7



Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory 4901 Hawkins NE Albuquerque, NM 87109 TEL: 505-345-3975 FAX: 505-345-4107 Website: www.hallenvironmental.com

April 18, 2022

Brandon Schafer's Devon Energy 6488 Seven Rivers Highway Artesia, NM 88210 TEL: (505) 350-1336

FAX

RE: Rattlesnake 13 12 OrderNo.: 2204288

Dear Brandon Schafer's:

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory received 4 sample(s) on 4/7/2022 for the analyses presented in the following report.

These were analyzed according to EPA procedures or equivalent. To access our accredited tests please go to www.hallenvironmental.com or the state specific web sites. In order to properly interpret your results, it is imperative that you review this report in its entirety. See the sample checklist and/or the Chain of Custody for information regarding the sample receipt temperature and preservation. Data qualifiers or a narrative will be provided if the sample analysis or analytical quality control parameters require a flag. When necessary, data qualifiers are provided on both the sample analysis report and the QC summary report, both sections should be reviewed. All samples are reported, as received, unless otherwise indicated. Lab measurement of analytes considered field parameters that require analysis within 15 minutes of sampling such as pH and residual chlorine are qualified as being analyzed outside of the recommended holding time.

Please don't hesitate to contact HEAL for any additional information or clarifications.

ADHS Cert #AZ0682 -- NMED-DWB Cert #NM9425 -- NMED-Micro Cert #NM0901

Sincerely,

Andy Freeman

Laboratory Manager

Indes

4901 Hawkins NE

Albuquerque, NM 87109

Date Reported: 4/18/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: BH22-01 0'

 Project:
 Rattlesnake 13 12
 Collection Date: 4/5/2022 9:30:00 AM

 Lab ID:
 2204288-001
 Matrix: SOIL
 Received Date: 4/7/2022 8:10:00 AM

Analyses	Result	RL Qu	al Units	DF	Date Analyzed
EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE ORGA	NICS				Analyst: JME
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	9.5	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 5:47:28 PM
Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	ND	47	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 5:47:28 PM
Surr: DNOP	94.1	51.1-141	%Rec	1	4/8/2022 5:47:28 PM
EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE					Analyst: NSB
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	4.8	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:32:36 PM
Surr: BFB	96.8	37.7-212	%Rec	1	4/8/2022 11:32:36 PM
EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES					Analyst: NSB
Benzene	ND	0.024	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:32:36 PM
Toluene	ND	0.048	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:32:36 PM
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.048	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:32:36 PM
Xylenes, Total	ND	0.096	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:32:36 PM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	99.1	70-130	%Rec	1	4/8/2022 11:32:36 PM
EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS					Analyst: JMT
Chloride	ND	60	mg/Kg	20	4/13/2022 3:19:21 AM

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 1 of 8

Date Reported: 4/18/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: BH22-01 1'

 Project:
 Rattlesnake 13 12
 Collection Date: 4/5/2022 9:35:00 AM

 Lab ID:
 2204288-002
 Matrix: SOIL
 Received Date: 4/7/2022 8:10:00 AM

Analyses	Result	RL Qu	al Units	DF	Date Analyzed
EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE ORGA	ANICS				Analyst: JME
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	47	9.8	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 5:58:19 PM
Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	49	49	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 5:58:19 PM
Surr: DNOP	104	51.1-141	%Rec	1	4/8/2022 5:58:19 PM
EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE					Analyst: NSB
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	4.7	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:56:07 PM
Surr: BFB	93.2	37.7-212	%Rec	1	4/8/2022 11:56:07 PM
EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES					Analyst: NSB
Benzene	ND	0.023	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:56:07 PM
Toluene	ND	0.047	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:56:07 PM
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.047	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:56:07 PM
Xylenes, Total	ND	0.094	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 11:56:07 PM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	96.3	70-130	%Rec	1	4/8/2022 11:56:07 PM
EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS					Analyst: JMT
Chloride	320	60	mg/Kg	20	4/13/2022 3:56:36 AM

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 2 of 8

Date Reported: 4/18/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: BH22-02 0'

 Project:
 Rattlesnake 13 12
 Collection Date: 4/5/2022 9:40:00 AM

 Lab ID:
 2204288-003
 Matrix: SOIL
 Received Date: 4/7/2022 8:10:00 AM

Analyses	Result	RL Qu	al Units	DF	Date Analyzed
EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE ORGA	ANICS				Analyst: JME
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	350	9.9	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 6:09:11 PM
Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	180	50	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 6:09:11 PM
Surr: DNOP	95.2	51.1-141	%Rec	1	4/8/2022 6:09:11 PM
EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE					Analyst: NSB
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	4.6	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:19:40 AM
Surr: BFB	94.6	37.7-212	%Rec	1	4/9/2022 12:19:40 AM
EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES					Analyst: NSB
Benzene	ND	0.023	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:19:40 AM
Toluene	ND	0.046	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:19:40 AM
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.046	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:19:40 AM
Xylenes, Total	ND	0.092	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:19:40 AM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	98.0	70-130	%Rec	1	4/9/2022 12:19:40 AM
EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS					Analyst: JMT
Chloride	83	60	mg/Kg	20	4/13/2022 4:09:01 AM

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 3 of 8

Date Reported: 4/18/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: BH22-02 1'

 Project:
 Rattlesnake 13 12
 Collection Date: 4/5/2022 9:45:00 AM

 Lab ID:
 2204288-004
 Matrix: SOIL
 Received Date: 4/7/2022 8:10:00 AM

Analyses	Result	RL Qu	al Units	DF	Date Analyzed
EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE OF	GANICS				Analyst: JME
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	79	9.8	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 6:20:03 PM
Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	64	49	mg/Kg	1	4/8/2022 6:20:03 PM
Surr: DNOP	125	51.1-141	%Rec	1	4/8/2022 6:20:03 PM
EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE					Analyst: NSB
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	4.7	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:43:08 AM
Surr: BFB	103	37.7-212	%Rec	1	4/9/2022 12:43:08 AM
EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES					Analyst: NSB
Benzene	ND	0.023	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:43:08 AM
Toluene	ND	0.047	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:43:08 AM
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.047	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:43:08 AM
Xylenes, Total	ND	0.093	mg/Kg	1	4/9/2022 12:43:08 AM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	98.8	70-130	%Rec	1	4/9/2022 12:43:08 AM
EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS					Analyst: JMT
Chloride	140	61	mg/Kg	20	4/13/2022 4:21:26 AM

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.

D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

PQL Practical Quanitative Limit

S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

E Estimated value

J Analyte detected below quantitation limits

P Sample pH Not In Range

RL Reporting Limit

Page 4 of 8

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

WO#: **2204288**

18-Apr-22

Client: Devon Energy
Project: Rattlesnake 13 12

Sample ID: MB-66804 SampType: mblk TestCode: EPA Method 300.0: Anions

Client ID: PBS Batch ID: 66804 RunNo: 87196

Prep Date: 4/12/2022 Analysis Date: 4/12/2022 SeqNo: 3083163 Units: mg/Kg

Analyte Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD RPDLimit Qual

Chloride ND 1.5

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 5 of 8

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

4.7

WO#: **2204288**

18-Apr-22

Client: Devon Energy
Project: Rattlesnake 13 12

Sample ID: MB-66715 SampType: MBLK TestCode: EPA Method 8015M/D: Diesel Range Organics Client ID: PBS Batch ID: 66715 RunNo: 87125 Prep Date: 4/7/2022 Analysis Date: 4/8/2022 SeqNo: 3080356 Units: mg/Kg Analyte PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Qual Result Diesel Range Organics (DRO) ND 10 Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO) ND 50 Surr: DNOP 10.00 110 51.1 11 141

Sample ID: LCS-66715 SampType: LCS TestCode: EPA Method 8015M/D: Diesel Range Organics Client ID: LCSS Batch ID: 66715 RunNo: 87125 Prep Date: 4/7/2022 Analysis Date: 4/8/2022 SeqNo: 3080358 Units: mg/Kg SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC Analyte PQL LowLimit HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Qual Diesel Range Organics (DRO) 47 10 50.00 94.9 68.9 135

93.1

51.1

141

5.000

Qualifiers:

Surr: DNOP

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 6 of 8

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

WO#: **2204288** *18-Apr-22*

Client: Devon Energy
Project: Rattlesnake 13 12

Sample ID: mb-66697 SampType: MBLK TestCode: EPA Method 8015D: Gasoline Range

Client ID: PBS Batch ID: 66697 RunNo: 87123

Prep Date: 4/7/2022 Analysis Date: 4/8/2022 SeqNo: 3080198 Units: mg/Kg

Analyte Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD RPDLimit Qual

Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) ND 5.0

Surr: BFB 960 1000 95.5 37.7 212

Sample ID: Ics-66697 SampType: LCS TestCode: EPA Method 8015D: Gasoline Range

Client ID: LCSS Batch ID: 66697 RunNo: 87123

2100

Prep Date: 4/7/2022 Analysis Date: 4/8/2022 SeqNo: 3080199 Units: mg/Kg

1000

Qual Analyte Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** 72.3 Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) 25 5.0 25.00 0 101 137

210

37.7

212

Qualifiers:

Surr: BFB

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quantitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 7 of 8

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

WO#: **2204288**

18-Apr-22

Client: Devon Energy
Project: Rattlesnake 13 12

Sample ID: mb-66697 SampType: MBLK TestCode: EPA Method 8021B: Volatiles Client ID: PBS Batch ID: 66697 RunNo: 87123 Prep Date: 4/7/2022 Analysis Date: 4/8/2022 SeqNo: 3080241 Units: mg/Kg PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Qual Analyte Result Benzene ND 0.025 Toluene ND 0.050 Ethylbenzene ND 0.050 Xylenes, Total ND 0.10 1.000 101 70 130 Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene 1.0

Sample ID: LCS-66697	SampType: LCS			TestCode: EPA Method 8021B: Volatiles						
Client ID: LCSS	Batcl	h ID: 66 0	697	F	RunNo: 8					
Prep Date: 4/7/2022	Analysis Date: 4/8/2022			\$	SeqNo: 3	080242	Units: mg/Kg			
Analyte	Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Benzene	0.89	0.025	1.000	0	89.4	80	120			
Toluene	0.93	0.050	1.000	0	92.9	80	120			
Ethylbenzene	0.95	0.050	1.000	0	94.8	80	120			
Xylenes, Total	2.9	0.10	3.000	0	95.8	80	120			
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	1.0		1.000		104	70	130			

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 8 of 8



Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory 4901 Hawkins NE Albuquerque, NM 87109

TEL: 505-345-3975 FAX: 505-345-4107 Website: www.hallenvironmental.com

Sample Log-In Check List

Client Name: D	Devon Energy	Work Order Nun	nber: 2204288		RcptNo: 1	
Received By:	Juan Rojas	4/7/2022 8:10:00 /	AM	Hansay		
Completed By:	Sean Livingston	4/7/2022 8:37:58 /	AM	Guarango Sala	,	
Reviewed By:	TThe	4/7/22		Sally		
Chain of Custo	ody					
1. Is Chain of Cust	tody complete?		Yes 🗸	No 🗌	Not Present	
2. How was the sa	mple delivered?		Courier			
Log In			_	_		
o. Was an attempt	made to cool the sar	nples?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌	NA 🗌	
4. Were all sample	s received at a tempe	erature of >0° C to 6.0°C	Yes 🗸	No 🗌	NA 🗆	
5. Sample(s) in pro	pper container(s)?		Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
6. Sufficient sample	e volume for indicated	I test(s)?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
7. Are samples (exc	cept VOA and ONG)	properly preserved?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
8. Was preservative	e added to bottles?		Yes	No 🗸	NA 🗆	
9. Received at leasi	t 1 vial with headspac	e <1/4" for AQ VOA?	Yes	No 🗌	NA 🗹	
0. Were any sampl	e containers received	I broken?	Yes	No 🗹 🗇	# of preserved	
	match bottle labels?	dv)	Yes 🗸		oottles checked for pH:	inless noted)
	ectly identified on Ch	- -	Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Adjusted?	micss noted)
	nalyses were requeste		Yes 🗸	No 🗆	/	
	times able to be met? omer for authorization		Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Checked by: KPC	4-7-2
	g (if applicable)					
15. Was client notifie	ed of all discrepancies	s with this order?	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	NA 🗹	
Person No	tified:	Date				
By Whom:		Via:	eMail P	hone Fax	In Person	
Regarding: Client Instr	Śr.					
16. Additional remai	,	AND A COURT OF SAME AND A		- 1	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
7. Cooler Informa Cooler No	<u>tion</u> Temp ºC Condition	Seal Intact Seal No	Cool Data	Cinned D		
	.7 Good	n Seal Intact Seal No	Seal Date	Signed By		
	1					

ANALYSIS LABORATORY Project Name: Branchor Scharel Sampler CD On Ince: Aryes No Conlainer Preservative The Body The	If necessary, samples submitted to Hall Environmental may be subcontracted to other accredited laboratories.	6/22	ate: Time: Relinquished by: Received by:	D. Relinquished by: Received by:	Tipo.		9:36				1 20-22H8 SH25-02 1'	9540 BHZZ-OZ O'	9:35 BHZZ-01 1	415 9:30 SOil BHEE-01 0' 402	Date Time Matrix Sample Name Type and #	Cooler Te	□ EDD (Type) # of Coolers:	Other	Accreditation: ☐ Az Compliance Sampler: C. N	☐ Level 4 (Full Validation)	0.	email or Fax#: Project Ma	Phone #:	Project #:	Mailing Address: On Fill Rez	Project Name:	Standard Standard
Www.hallenvironme 4901 Hawkins NE - Albuquerq Tel. 505-345-3975 Fax 50; Analysis Re EDB (Method 504.1) PAHs by 8310 or 8270SIMS RCRA 8 Metals CI, F, Br, NO ₃ , NO ₂ , PO ₄ , SO ₄ 8260 (VOA) 8270 (Semi-VOA) 8270 (Semi-VOA)	er accredited laboratories. This serv	7		Via:								/	-	TCC	itive 22		ers: i	∃-Yes □		Brandon schafur		anager:	25-50709		t 18 STAKE	ame:	lard Kush
ANALYSIS LAB www.hallenvironmental.co 4901 Hawkins NE - Albuquerque, NN TPH:8015D(GRO / DRO / MRO) 8081 Pesticides/8082 PCB's EDB (Method 504.1) PAHs by 8310 or 8270SIMS RCRA 8 Metals CI, F, Br, NO ₃ , NO ₂ , PO ₄ , SO ₄ 8260 (VOA) 8270 (Semi-VOA) Total Coliform (Present/Absent)	es as notice of this possib	81/0	⊣l	Time							004	DJ	200		≪ <u>•</u>	(°C)	BE	/ T	MB	's (80	021))			,		
W.hallenvironmental.co NE - Albuquerque, NI Fax 505-345 Fax 505-345 RCRA 8 Metals CI, F, Br, NO ₃ , NO ₂ , PO ₄ , SO ₄ 8260 (VOA) 8270 (Semi-VOA) Total Coliform (Present/Absent)	ility. Any sub-contracted	1,000		500									-	7	8081 Pe EDB (Me	stic etho	ide od 5	s/80 604.)82 1)	PCB	's))		Tel. 505-345-3	4901 Hawkins	WW	
	data will be clearly notated on the	D916 2000		ca pe						-			,	<(RCRA 8 CI, F, Bi 8260 (VC 8270 (Se	Me r, N OA) emi-	tals	, N	O ₂ ,	PO ₄ ,	SC		Anal		1	w.hallenvironmental.cor	

Chain-of-Custody Record

Turn-Around Time: 5-09 y



Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory 4901 Hawkins NE Albuquerque, NM 87109 TEL: 505-345-3975 FAX: 505-345-4107 Website: www.hallenvironmental.com

May 09, 2022

Monica Peppin Devon Energy 6488 Seven Rivers Highway Artesia, NM 88210 TEL: (505) 350-1336

FAX

RE: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H OrderNo.: 2204C65

Dear Monica Peppin:

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory received 5 sample(s) on 4/28/2022 for the analyses presented in the following report.

These were analyzed according to EPA procedures or equivalent. To access our accredited tests please go to www.hallenvironmental.com or the state specific web sites. In order to properly interpret your results, it is imperative that you review this report in its entirety. See the sample checklist and/or the Chain of Custody for information regarding the sample receipt temperature and preservation. Data qualifiers or a narrative will be provided if the sample analysis or analytical quality control parameters require a flag. When necessary, data qualifiers are provided on both the sample analysis report and the QC summary report, both sections should be reviewed. All samples are reported, as received, unless otherwise indicated. Lab measurement of analytes considered field parameters that require analysis within 15 minutes of sampling such as pH and residual chlorine are qualified as being analyzed outside of the recommended holding time.

Please don't hesitate to contact HEAL for any additional information or clarifications.

ADHS Cert #AZ0682 -- NMED-DWB Cert #NM9425 -- NMED-Micro Cert #NM0901

Sincerely,

Andy Freeman

Laboratory Manager

Indes

4901 Hawkins NE

Albuquerque, NM 87109

Date Reported: 5/9/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: BS22-01 1.5

 Project:
 Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H
 Collection Date: 4/26/2022 11:00:00 AM

 Lab ID:
 2204C65-001
 Matrix: SOIL
 Received Date: 4/28/2022 2:45:00 PM

Result **RL Qual Units** DF **Date Analyzed** Analyses **EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE ORGANICS** Analyst: ED Diesel Range Organics (DRO) ND 9.5 mg/Kg 1 5/3/2022 2:39:57 PM Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO) ND 47 mg/Kg 1 5/3/2022 2:39:57 PM Surr: DNOP 76.5 51.1-141 %Rec 1 5/3/2022 2:39:57 PM **EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE** Analyst: NSB Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) ND 5/2/2022 11:03:35 AM 4.9 mg/Kg 1 Surr: BFB 97.6 37.7-212 %Rec 1 5/2/2022 11:03:35 AM **EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES** Analyst: NSB Benzene ND 0.024 mg/Kg 5/2/2022 11:03:35 AM 1 Toluene ND 0.049 mg/Kg 1 5/2/2022 11:03:35 AM Ethylbenzene ND 0.049 mg/Kg 1 5/2/2022 11:03:35 AM Xylenes, Total ND 0.097 mg/Kg 1 5/2/2022 11:03:35 AM 5/2/2022 11:03:35 AM Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene 95.5 70-130 %Rec 1 Analyst: JMT **EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS** Chloride ND 60 5/4/2022 7:54:27 PM ma/Ka 20

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 1 of 9

Date Reported: 5/9/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: WS22-01 0-1.5

Project: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H **Collection Date:** 4/26/2022 11:30:00 AM

Lab ID: 2204C65-002 **Matrix:** SOIL **Received Date:** 4/28/2022 2:45:00 PM

Analyses	Result	RL Qu	al Units	DF	Date Analyzed
EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE O	RGANICS				Analyst: ED
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	9.3	mg/Kg	1	5/3/2022 3:53:15 PM
Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	ND	47	mg/Kg	1	5/3/2022 3:53:15 PM
Surr: DNOP	79.7	51.1-141	%Rec	1	5/3/2022 3:53:15 PM
EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE					Analyst: NSB
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	4.8	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 12:14:20 PM
Surr: BFB	97.3	37.7-212	%Rec	1	5/2/2022 12:14:20 PM
EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES					Analyst: NSB
Benzene	ND	0.024	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 12:14:20 PM
Toluene	ND	0.048	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 12:14:20 PM
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.048	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 12:14:20 PM
Xylenes, Total	ND	0.096	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 12:14:20 PM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	97.6	70-130	%Rec	1	5/2/2022 12:14:20 PM
EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS					Analyst: JMT
Chloride	ND	60	mg/Kg	20	5/4/2022 8:31:40 PM

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 2 of 9

Date Reported: 5/9/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: WS22-02 0-1.5

Project: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H **Collection Date:** 4/26/2022 11:40:00 AM

Lab ID: 2204C65-003 **Matrix:** SOIL **Received Date:** 4/28/2022 2:45:00 PM

Analyses	Result	RL Qu	al Units	DF	Date Analyzed
EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE	ORGANICS				Analyst: ED
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	9.7	mg/Kg	1	5/3/2022 4:17:31 PM
Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	ND	49	mg/Kg	1	5/3/2022 4:17:31 PM
Surr: DNOP	75.1	51.1-141	%Rec	1	5/3/2022 4:17:31 PM
EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE					Analyst: NSB
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	4.9	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:24:48 PM
Surr: BFB	95.3	37.7-212	%Rec	1	5/2/2022 1:24:48 PM
EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES					Analyst: NSB
Benzene	ND	0.025	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:24:48 PM
Toluene	ND	0.049	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:24:48 PM
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.049	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:24:48 PM
Xylenes, Total	ND	0.098	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:24:48 PM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	95.4	70-130	%Rec	1	5/2/2022 1:24:48 PM
EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS					Analyst: JMT
Chloride	ND	60	mg/Kg	20	5/4/2022 8:44:05 PM

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 3 of 9

Date Reported: 5/9/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: WS22-03 0-1.5

Project: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H Collection Date: 4/26/2022 11:50:00 AM

Lab ID: 2204C65-004 **Matrix:** SOIL **Received Date:** 4/28/2022 2:45:00 PM

Analyses	Result	RL Qu	al Units	DF	Date Analyzed
EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE OR	GANICS				Analyst: ED
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	ND	9.6	mg/Kg	1	5/3/2022 4:42:02 PM
Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	ND	48	mg/Kg	1	5/3/2022 4:42:02 PM
Surr: DNOP	81.3	51.1-141	%Rec	1	5/3/2022 4:42:02 PM
EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE					Analyst: NSB
Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	ND	4.8	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:48:18 PM
Surr: BFB	96.7	37.7-212	%Rec	1	5/2/2022 1:48:18 PM
EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES					Analyst: NSB
Benzene	ND	0.024	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:48:18 PM
Toluene	ND	0.048	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:48:18 PM
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.048	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:48:18 PM
Xylenes, Total	ND	0.096	mg/Kg	1	5/2/2022 1:48:18 PM
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	96.8	70-130	%Rec	1	5/2/2022 1:48:18 PM
EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS					Analyst: JMT
Chloride	78	61	mg/Kg	20	5/4/2022 8:56:30 PM

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 4 of 9

Date Reported: 5/9/2022

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Devon Energy Client Sample ID: WS22-04 0-1.5

 Project:
 Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H
 Collection Date: 4/26/2022 12:00:00 PM

 Lab ID:
 2204C65-005
 Matrix: SOIL
 Received Date: 4/28/2022 2:45:00 PM

Result **RL Qual Units** DF **Date Analyzed** Analyses **EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANGE ORGANICS** Analyst: ED Diesel Range Organics (DRO) ND 9.7 mg/Kg 1 5/3/2022 5:06:16 PM Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO) ND 48 mg/Kg 1 5/3/2022 5:06:16 PM Surr: DNOP 74.5 51.1-141 %Rec 1 5/3/2022 5:06:16 PM **EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE** Analyst: NSB Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) ND 5/2/2022 2:11:43 PM 4.8 mg/Kg 1 Surr: BFB 98.7 37.7-212 %Rec 1 5/2/2022 2:11:43 PM **EPA METHOD 8021B: VOLATILES** Analyst: NSB Benzene ND 0.024 mg/Kg 5/2/2022 2:11:43 PM 1 Toluene ND 0.048 mg/Kg 1 5/2/2022 2:11:43 PM Ethylbenzene ND 0.048 mg/Kg 1 5/2/2022 2:11:43 PM Xylenes, Total ND 0.097 mg/Kg 1 5/2/2022 2:11:43 PM Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene 97.4 70-130 %Rec 1 5/2/2022 2:11:43 PM **EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS** Analyst: JMT Chloride ND 60 5/4/2022 9:33:43 PM ma/Ka 20

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Estimated value
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 5 of 9

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

WO#: **2204C65**

09-May-22

Client: Devon Energy

Project: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H

Sample ID: MB-67266 SampType: mblk TestCode: EPA Method 300.0: Anions

Client ID: PBS Batch ID: 67266 RunNo: 87761

Prep Date: 5/4/2022 Analysis Date: 5/4/2022 SeqNo: 3108607 Units: mg/Kg

Analyte Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD RPDLimit Qual

Chloride ND 1.5

Sample ID: LCS-67266 SampType: Ics TestCode: EPA Method 300.0: Anions

Client ID: LCSS Batch ID: 67266 RunNo: 87761

Prep Date: 5/4/2022 Analysis Date: 5/4/2022 SeqNo: 3108608 Units: mg/Kg

Analyte Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD RPDLimit Qual

Chloride 14 1.5 15.00 0 94.1 90 110

Qualifiers:

Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.

D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

PQL Practical Quanitative Limit

S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

E Estimated value

J Analyte detected below quantitation limits

P Sample pH Not In Range

RL Reporting Limit

Page 6 of 9

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

2204C65 09-May-22

WO#:

Client: Devon Energy

Project: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H

Sample ID: MB-67173 SampType: MBLK TestCode: EPA Method 8015M/D: Diesel Range Organics Client ID: PBS Batch ID: 67173 RunNo: 87671 Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/3/2022 SeqNo: 3104297 Units: mg/Kg SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Analyte Result PQL HighLimit Qual

Diesel Range Organics (DRO) ND 10 Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO) ND 50

Surr: DNOP 5.3 10.00 52.8 51.1 141

Sample ID: 2204C65-001AMS TestCode: EPA Method 8015M/D: Diesel Range Organics SampType: MS

Client ID: BS22-01 1.5 RunNo: 87671 Batch ID: 67173

Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/3/2022 SeqNo: 3106740 Units: mg/Kg

Analyte PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Qual Diesel Range Organics (DRO) 36.1 50 9.7 48.54 104 154 Surr: DNOP 3.4 4.854 70.9 51.1 141

Sample ID: 2204C65-001AMSD SampType: MSD TestCode: EPA Method 8015M/D: Diesel Range Organics

Client ID: BS22-01 1.5 Batch ID: 67173 RunNo: 87671

Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/3/2022 SeqNo: 3106741 Units: mg/Kg

Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Qual Diesel Range Organics (DRO) 48 0 36.1 33.9 9.6 48.08 99.3 154 5.36 Surr: DNOP 3.3 4.808 68.4 51.1 141 0 n

Sample ID: LCS-67173 SampType: LCS TestCode: EPA Method 8015M/D: Diesel Range Organics

Client ID: LCSS Batch ID: 67173 RunNo: 87671

Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/3/2022 SeqNo: 3106761 Units: mg/Kg

Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Qual Analyte Diesel Range Organics (DRO) 46 10 50.00 0 92.7 68.9 135 Surr: DNOP 2.6 5.000 52.5 51.1 141

Qualifiers:

- Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level
- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded Η
- Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference
- Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- Estimated value
- Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Limit

Page 7 of 9

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

#: 2204C65 09-May-22

WO#:

Client: Devon Energy

Project: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H

Sample ID: mb-67165 SampType: MBLK TestCode: EPA Method 8015D: Gasoline Range

Client ID: PBS Batch ID: 67165 RunNo: 87658

Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/2/2022 SeqNo: 3103516 Units: mg/Kg

Analyte Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD RPDLimit Qual

Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) ND 5.0

Surr: BFB 980 1000 97.9 37.7 212

Sample ID: Ics-67165 SampType: LCS TestCode: EPA Method 8015D: Gasoline Range

Client ID: LCSS Batch ID: 67165 RunNo: 87658

Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/2/2022 SeqNo: 3103517 Units: mg/Kg

Result Analyte PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Qual Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) 24 5.0 25.00 O 94.5 72.3 137

Surr: BFB 2000 1000 200 37.7 212

Sample ID: 2204c65-001ams SampType: MS TestCode: EPA Method 8015D: Gasoline Range

Client ID: **BS22-01 1.5** Batch ID: **67165** RunNo: **87658**

Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/2/2022 SeqNo: 3103519 Units: mg/Kg

Result SPK value SPK Ref Val %RPD **RPDLimit** Analyte PQL %REC LowLimit HighLimit Qual Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) 23 4.9 24.51 0 93.3 70 130 Surr: BFB 1900 980.4 195 37.7 212

Sample ID: 2204c65-001amsd SampType: MSD TestCode: EPA Method 8015D: Gasoline Range

Client ID: BS22-01 1.5 Batch ID: 67165 RunNo: 87658

Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/2/2022 SeqNo: 3103520 Units: mg/Kg

SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC HighLimit %RPD **RPDLimit** Result PQL LowLimit Qual Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) 22 24.30 90.6 70 3.84 4.9 130 20 Surr: BFB 1900 971.8 196 37.7 212 0 0

Qualifiers:

Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level

D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

PQL Practical Quanitative Limit

S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

E Estimated value

J Analyte detected below quantitation limits

P Sample pH Not In Range

RL Reporting Limit

Page 8 of 9

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

WO#: **2204C65**

09-May-22

Client: Devon Energy

Project: Rattlesnake 13-12 Fed Com 1H

Sample ID: mb-67165 SampType: MBLK TestCode: EPA Method 8021B: Volatiles

Client ID: **PBS** Batch ID: **67165** RunNo: **87658**

Prep Date: 4/29/2022 Analysis Date: 5/2/2022 SeqNo: 3103563 Units: mg/Kg

Analyte Result PQL SPK value SPK Ref Val %REC LowLimit HighLimit %RPD RPDLimit Qual

 Benzene
 ND
 0.025

 Toluene
 ND
 0.050

 Ethylbenzene
 ND
 0.050

 Xylenes, Total
 ND
 0.10

Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene 0.95 1.000 95.4 70 130

Sample ID: LCS-67165 SampType: LCS TestCode: EPA Method 8021B: Volatiles

Client ID: LCSS Batch ID: 67165 RunNo: 87658

Prep Date: 4/29/2022	Analysis D)ate: 5/ 2	2/2022	S	SeqNo: 3	103564	Units: mg/K	(g		
Analyte	Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Benzene	0.80	0.025	1.000	0	80.1	80	120	<u> </u>	<u>, </u>	
Toluene	0.84	0.050	1.000	0	84.3	80	120			
Ethylbenzene	0.85	0.050	1.000	0	85.4	80	120			
Xylenes, Total	2.6	0.10	3.000	0	86.2	80	120			
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	0.99		1.000		99.0	70	130			

Sample ID: 2204c65-002ams SampType: MS TestCode: EPA Method 8021B: Volatiles

Client ID: WS22-01 0-1.5 Batch ID: 67165 RunNo: 87658

Prep Date: 4/29/2022	Analysis [Date: 5/	2/2022	9	SeqNo: 3	103567	Units: mg/k	(g		
Analyte	Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Benzene	0.83	0.024	0.9643	0	86.4	68.8	120			
Toluene	0.88	0.048	0.9643	0	91.6	73.6	124			
Ethylbenzene	0.89	0.048	0.9643	0	92.7	72.7	129			
Xylenes, Total	2.7	0.096	2.893	0	93.2	75.7	126			
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	0.98		0.9643		101	70	130			

Sample ID: 2204C65-002AMSD SampType: MSD TestCode: EPA Method 8021B: Volatiles

Client ID: WS22-01 0-1.5 Batch ID: 67165 RunNo: 87658

Prep Date: 4/29/2022	Analysis D	oate: 5/	3/2022	S	SeqNo: 3	103568	Units: mg/K	(g		
Analyte	Result	PQL	SPK value	SPK Ref Val	%REC	LowLimit	HighLimit	%RPD	RPDLimit	Qual
Benzene	0.87	0.024	0.9634	0	90.8	68.8	120	4.85	20	
Toluene	0.93	0.048	0.9634	0	96.8	73.6	124	5.39	20	
Ethylbenzene	0.96	0.048	0.9634	0	99.6	72.7	129	7.06	20	
Xylenes, Total	2.9	0.096	2.890	0	99.7	75.7	126	6.71	20	
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	1.1		0.9634		115	70	130	0	0	

Qualifiers:

Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level

D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix

H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

PQL Practical Quanitative Limit

S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix interference

B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

E Estimated value

J Analyte detected below quantitation limits

P Sample pH Not In Range

RL Reporting Limit

Page 9 of 9



Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory 4901 Hawkins NE Albuquerque, NM 87109

TEL: 505-345-3975 FAX: 505-345-4107 Website: www.hallenvironmental.com

Sample Log-In Check List

Client Name:	Devon En	ergy	Work Order N	umber: 2204C65		RcptNo:	1
Received By:	Joseph A	Alderette	4/28/2022 2:45:0	00 PM	St		
Completed By	Tracy Ca	sarrubias	4/28/2022 3:14:0	09 PM	U		
Reviewed By:	ps 4-2	8-22					
0							
Chain of Cu	stody						
1. Is Chain of	Custody comp	olete?		Yes 🗸	No 🗌	Not Present	
2. How was the	e sample deli	vered?		Courier			
<u>Log In</u>							
Was an atte	mpt made to	cool the sam	ples?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌	NA 🗌	
4. Were all san	nples received	d at a temper	ature of >0° C to 6.0°C	Yes 🗸	No 🗌	NA 🗆	
5. Sample(s) in	proper conta	iner(s)?		Yes 🗹	No 🗌		
6. Sufficient sar	mple volume f	for indicated	test(s)?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
7. Are samples	(except VOA	and ONG) p	operly preserved?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
8. Was preserva	ative added to	bottles?		Yes	No 🔽	NA 🗆	
9. Received at I	east 1 vial wit	h headspace	<1/4" for AQ VOA?	Yes	No 🗌	NA 🗹	
10. Were any sa	mple containe	ers received I	oroken?	Yes	No 🗹	# of preserved	
11. Does paperw	ork match bot	ttle labels?		Yes 🗸	No 🗆	bottles checked for pH:	
(Note discrep	ancies on cha	ain of custody		100 🖭	NO		12 unless noted)
12. Are matrices				Yes 🗸	No 🗌	Adjusted?	•
13. Is it clear wha			l?	Yes 🗸	No 🗌		
14. Were all hold (If no, notify c	ing times able sustomer for a	to be met? uthorization.)		Yes 🗸	No 🗆	Checked by: 5	1 4/28/22
Special Handi							
15. Was client no	otified of all di	screpancies	with this order?	Yes	No 🗌	NA 🗸	
Person	Notified:		Dat	e: [
By Who	om:		Via		one Fax	☐ In Person	
Regard	ing:						
Client II	nstructions:				-		
16. Additional re	marks:						
17. Cooler Infor	mation						
Cooler No		Condition	Seal Intact Seal No	Seal Date 5	Signed By		
1	6.0	Good	Yes				

Chain-of-Custody Record	Turn-Around Time:) () () () () () () () () () (Day			, I (HALL	· <u>II</u>	N	IRC	ENVIRONMENTAL	E N	¥	•	Received by
Mailing Address:	ii \o	Ke 13	ake 13-12 Fedom	# #	ANA www.h	◀ ^ ⋮	A Now.	www.hallenvironmental.com	SIS ironm	ental.	ANALYSIS LABORATORY www.hallenvironmental.com	\$	Ö		v OCD: 10
	Project #:				Tel 5	Tel 505 345 3075	IS INE	٠.,	ondner	rque,	Albuquerque, INM 87109	60		1/5/2	0/5/2
Phone #:	JARE-00709	109			ם פו	46-00	1-097	¹nal	Analysis Request	eque	rax 505-345-4107 ysis Request			022	022
email or Fax#:	Project Manager:			_	(0		_	⊅C		(+	(2)			49	1-49
QA/QC Package: □ Standard □ Level 4 (Full Validation)	Monica Peppin	copin		1208) s	DCB's		SWIS	PO₄, S(110000 10			1:30 PM):30 PM
Accreditation: Az Compliance Dela Nela Compliance	Sampler: My P		O.				7 8270	NO ^ς							,
□ EDD (Type)	lers:		2												
	Cooler Temp(including CF):	O-09:(10	(S) 0.9 = (C)		20. 101					0.000					
Time Matrix	Container Prese Type and # Type	Preservative 7.7	HEAL No.	(X3T)	08:HY1 94 1808	м) ваз	а енач В АЯЭЯ	CI)F, E	V) 0928	8) 0728 Total Co					
406 11:00 Soil BS 22-01 1.5	1 1	8	100	, >				, ,	_						
11:30	_		200	7	_			/							Τ
21.0 CO-CCSW OF:11			003	1				>							
11:50 (C) -6827 (C) 15			Local	Ż	_			1							
5.1-0 Ho-CCSW / DO:C1 1		_	Sec.	7				>							Ι
								15.							
							+		+	+					
							-			+					Т
									+	+				+	1
														+	1
Date: Time: Balinanichad hv.			i												
j E	Necelved by: VIB:	7	4/07/07 1015	Remarks:	marks: いっか、掛・21001円	H	2	ره	0	_				Pag	Pag
Date: Time: Relinquished by:	~	9-28-22	Date Time 8-22 /4:45		ったって	<u>.</u> .	-	<u>۽</u> عر	ç					e 112 oj	e 112 of
If necessary, samples submitted to Hall Environmental may be subcontracted to other accredited laboratories. This serves as notice of this possibility. Any sub-contracted data will be clearly notated on the analytical report.	contracted to other accredited	laboratories. Thi	is serves as notice of this	bossibilit	y. Any su	D-contra	sted dat	a will be	be clearly n	otated	n the analy	rtical repo	ort.	113	F 113

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720

District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. **Santa Fe, NM 87505**

CONDITIONS

Action 149077

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, LP	6137
333 West Sheridan Ave.	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73102	149077
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Release Corrective Action (C-141)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
jnobui	Closure Report Approved.	10/13/2022