

Incident ID	nAPP2222750606
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

Closure


The responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) including a scaled site map, sampling diagrams, relevant field notes, photographs of any excavation prior to backfilling, laboratory data including chain of custody documents of final sampling, and a narrative of the remedial activities. Refer to 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Closure Report Attachment Checklist: *Each of the following items must be included in the closure report.*

- ☐ A scaled site and sampling diagram as described in 19.15.29.11 NMAC
- ☒ Photographs of the remediated site prior to backfill or photos of the liner integrity if applicable (Note: appropriate OCD District office must be notified 2 days prior to liner inspection)
- ☐ Laboratory analyses of final sampling (Note: appropriate ODC District office must be notified 2 days prior to final sampling)
- ☐ Description of remediation activities

I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations. The responsible party acknowledges they must substantially restore, reclaim, and re-vegetate the impacted surface area to the conditions that existed prior to the release or their final land use in accordance with 19.15.29.13 NMAC including notification to the OCD when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete.

Printed Name: Jim Raley Title: Environmental Professional

Signature:  Date: 10/27/2022

email: jim.raley@dvn.com Telephone: 575-689-7597

OCD Only

Received by: Jocelyn Harimon Date: 10/28/2022

Closure approval by the OCD does not relieve the responsible party of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that poses a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health, or the environment nor does not relieve the responsible party of compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.

Closure Approved by: Robert Hamlet Date: 1/4/2023

Printed Name: Robert Hamlet Title: Environmental Specialist - Advanced



September 28, 2022

Vertex Project #: 22E-02948

Spill Closure Report: RDX Federal 17 #040H (Section 17, Township 26 South, Range 30 East)
API: 30-015-43634
County: Eddy
Incident Report: nAPP2222750606

Prepared For: **WPX Energy Permian, LLC**
5315 Buena Vista Drive
Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division - District 2 - Artesia
811 South 1st Street
Artesia, New Mexico 88210

WPX Energy Permian, LLC (WPX) retained Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) to conduct a Spill Assessment for a release of produced water caused by a pinhole that developed in the produced water dump line at RDX Federal 17 #040H, API 30-015-43634, Incident nAPP2222750606 (hereafter referred to as "RDX"). WPX provided spill notification to the New Mexico Oil Conservation District (NMOCD) District 2 and Bureau of Land Management (BLM), via submission of an initial C-141 Release Notification (Attachment 1). This letter provides a description of the Spill Assessment and includes a request for Spill Closure. The spill area is located at N 32.0352088, W -103.9120606.

Background

The site is located approximately 14.51 miles southeast of Orla, Texas. The legal location for the site is Section 17, Township 26 South and Range 30 East in Eddy County, New Mexico. The spill area is located on Bureau of Land Management (BLM) property.

The Geological Map of New Mexico (New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2022a) indicates the site's surface geology is comprised primarily of Qoa -Older alluvial deposits of upland plains and piedmont areas and is characterized as calcic soils and eolian cover sediments of High Plains region (middle to lower Pleistocene). The Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey characterizes the predominant soil texture on the site is Potter-Simona complex. It tends to be well drained with high runoff and very low available moisture levels in the soil profile (United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2020).

The surrounding landscape is associated with ridges, hills, plains, and alluvial fans at elevations of 2,750 to 5,000 feet above sea level. The climate is semi-arid, with an annual precipitation ranging between 8 to 16 inches. Historically, the plant community has grassland aspect, dominated by grasses with shrubs. Black grama is dominant with a mixture of creosotebush, mesquite, and catclaw mimosa shrubs. Overgrazing and extended drought can reduce grass cover.

There is no surface water located on-site. The nearest significant watercourse, as defined in Subsection P of 19.15.17.7 of the New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC), is the Pecos River located approximately 4.9 miles southwest of the [vertex.ca](https://www.vertex.ca)

WPX Energy Permian, LLC
RDX Federal 17 #040H, nAPP2222750606

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure
September 2022

site (Google Earth Pro, 2022). There are no continuous flowing watercourses or significant watercourses, lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes, or other critical water or community features as outlined in Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Incident Description

The spill occurred on August 15, 2022, due to a pinhole leak developing on the load line in front of the water tanks. The spill was reported on August 15, 2022 and involved the release of approximately 10 barrels (bbl.) of produced water into the lined containment of the tank battery. Approximately 10 bbl. of free fluid was removed during initial spill clean-up. The NMOCD C-141 Report: nAPP2222750606 is included in Attachment 1. The daily field report (DFR) and site photographs are included in Attachment 2.

Closure Criteria Determination

The depth to groundwater was determined using information from the United States Geological Survey National Water Information Mapping System and Office of the State Engineers Water Rights Database. A 0.5-mile search radius was used to determine groundwater depth. The closest recorded depth to groundwater was determined to be greater than 125 feet below ground surface (bgs) and 1.26 miles from the site. Documentation used in Closure Criteria Determination research is included in Attachment 3.

WPX Energy Permian, LLC
RDX Federal 17 #040H, nAPP2222750606

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure
September 2022

Closure Criteria Worksheet			
Site Name: RDX Federal Com 17 #040H			
Spill Coordinates:		X: 32.0352088	Y: -103.9120606
Site Specific Conditions		Value	Unit
1	Depth to Groundwater	125	feet
2	Within 300 feet of any continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse	22,970	feet
3	Within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	20,329	feet
4	Within 300 feet from an occupied residence, school, hospital, institution or church	29,778	feet
5	i) Within 500 feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or	5,801	feet
	ii) Within 1000 feet of any fresh water well or spring	5,801	feet
6	Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 3-27-3 NMSA 1978 as amended, unless the municipality specifically approves	No	(Y/N)
7	Within 300 feet of a wetland	343	feet
8	Within the area overlying a subsurface mine	No	(Y/N)
9	Within an unstable area (Karst Map)	Medium	Critical High Medium Low
10	Within a 100-year Floodplain	Undetermined	year
11	Soil Type	Potter -Simona complex	
12	Ecological Classification	Shallow	
13	Geology	Qoa	
	NMAC 19.15.29.12 E (Table 1) Closure Criteria	<50'	<50' 51-100' >100'

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3101 Boyd Drive, Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, USA | P 575.725.5001

WPX Energy Permian, LLC
RDX Federal 17 #040H, nAPP2222750606

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure
September 2022

Based on data included in the closure criteria determination worksheet, the release at RDX would not be subject to the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC and the closure criteria for the site would be determined to be associated with the following constituent concentration limits based on depth to groundwater. The closure criteria determined for the site are associated with the following constituent concentration limits as presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release		
Minimum depth below any point within the horizontal boundary of the release to groundwater less than 10,000 mg/l TDS	Constituent	Limit
< 50 feet	Chloride	600 mg/kg
	TPH (GRO+DRO+MRO)	100 mg/kg
	BTEX	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	10 mg/kg

²Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) = gasoline range organics (GRO) + diesel range organics (DRO) + motor oil range organics (MRO)

³Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX)

Remedial Actions Taken

A site inspection of the spill area was completed on September 16, 2022, which identified the area of the spill specified in the initial C-141 Report. The DFR associated with the site inspection is included in Attachment 2.

Notification that a liner inspection was scheduled to be completed was provided to the NMOCD on September 12, 2022. Visual observation of the liner was completed on all sides and the base of the containment, around equipment, and of all seams in the liner. As evidenced in the DFR (Attachment 2) liner integrity was confirmed, and the Liner Inspection Notification email is included in Attachment 4.

Closure Request

Vertex recommends no remediation action to address the release at RDX Federal 17 #040H. The secondary containment liner appeared to be intact and had the ability to contain the release, as shown in the inspection photographs included with the DFR (Attachment 2). There are no anticipated risks to human, ecological or hydrological receptors associated with the release site.

Vertex requests that incident nAPP2222750606 be closed as all closure requirements set forth in Subsection E of 19.15.29.12 NMAC have been met. WPX certifies that all information in this report and the attachments is correct, and that they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in Division rules and directives to meet NMOCD requirements to obtain closure on the open release at RDX Federal 17 #040H.

WPX Energy Permian, LLC
RDX Federal 17 #040H, nAPP2222750606

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure
September 2022

Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at 575.361.9880 or mpeppin@vertex.ca.



Monica Peppin
PROJECT MANAGER, REPORTING

September 30, 2022

Date

Attachments

- Attachment 1. NMOCD C-141 Report
- Attachment 2. Daily Field Report with Pictures
- Attachment 3. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release Research Determination Documentation
- Attachment 4. Required 48-hr Notification of Liner Inspection to Regulatory Agencies

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References

Water Column/Average Depth to Water Report. New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System, (2019). Retrieved from <http://nmwrrs.ose.state.nm.us/nmwrrs/waterColumn.html>

Assessed and Impaired Waters of New Mexico. New Mexico Department of Surface Water Quality Bureau, (2019). Retrieved from <https://gis.web.env.nm.gov/oem/?map=swqb>

Interactive Geologic Map. New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, (2019). Retrieved from <http://geoinfo.nmt.edu>

Measured Distance from the Subject Site to Residence. Google Earth Pro, (2019). Retrieved from <https://earth.google.com>

Point of Diversion Location Report. New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System, (2019). Retrieved from <http://nmwrrs.ose.state.nm.us/nmwrrs/wellSurfaceDiversion.html>

Measured Distance from the Subject Site to Municipal Boundaries. Google Earth Pro, (2019). Retrieved from <https://earth.google.com>

National Wetland Inventory Surface Waters and Wetland. United State Fish and Wildlife Service, (2019). Retrieved from <https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/mapper.html>

Coal Mine Resources in New Mexico. NM Mining and Minerals Division, (2019). Retrieved from <http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/MMD/gismapminedata.html>

New Mexico Cave/Karsts. United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, (2019) Retrieved from <https://www.blm.gov/programs/recreation/recreation-programs/caves/new-mexico>

Flood Map Number 35015C1875D. United States Department of Homeland Security, FEMA Flood Map Service Center, (2010). Retrieved from <https://msc.fema.gov/portal/search?AddressQuery=malaga%20new%20mexico#searchresultsanchor>

Well Log/Meter Information Report. NM Office of the State Engineer, New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System. (2019). Retrieved from <http://nmwrrs.ose.state.nm.us/nmwrrs/meterReport.html>

Natural Resources and Wildlife Oil and Gas Releases. New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, (2019). Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Soil Survey, New Mexico. United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service in Cooperation with New Mexico Agricultural Experiment Station. (1971). Retrieved from http://www.wipp.energy.gov/library/Information_Repository_A/Supplemental_Information/Chugg%20et%20al%201971%20w-map.pdf

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WPX Energy Permian, LLC
RDX Federal 17 #040H, nAPP2222750606

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure
September 2022

Limitations

This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of WPX Energy Permian, LLC. This document may not be used by any other person or entity, with the exception of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, without the express written consent of Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) and WPX Energy Permian, LLC (WPX). Any use of this report by a third party, or any reliance on decisions made based on it, or damages suffered as a result of the use of this report are the sole responsibility of the user.

The information and conclusions contained in this report are based upon work undertaken by trained professional and technical staff in accordance with generally accepted scientific practices current at the time the work was performed. The conclusions and recommendations presented represent the best judgement of Vertex based on the data collected during the assessment. Due to the nature of the assessment and the data available, Vertex cannot warrant against undiscovered environmental liabilities. Conclusions and recommendations presented in this report should not be considered legal advice.

ATTACHMENT 1

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico
Energy Minerals and Natural
Resources Department
Oil Conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-141
Revised August 24, 2018
Submit to appropriate OCD District office

Incident ID	nAPP2222750606
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Release Notification

Responsible Party

Responsible Party WPX Energy Permian, LLC	OGRID 246289
Contact Name Jim Raley	Contact Telephone 575-689-7597
Contact email Jim.Raley@dvn.com	Incident # (assigned by OCD) nAPP2222750606
Contact mailing address 5315 Buena Vista Drive, Carlsbad, NM 88220	

Location of Release Source

Latitude 32.0352088 Longitude -103.9120606
(NAD 83 in decimal degrees to 5 decimal places)

Site Name RDX FEDERAL COM 17 #040H	Site Type Oil Well
Date Release Discovered 8/15/2022	API# (if applicable) 30-015-43634

Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	County
A	17	26S	30E	Eddy

Surface Owner: ☐ State ☒ Federal ☐ Tribal ☐ Private (Name: _____)

Nature and Volume of Release

Material(s) Released (Select all that apply and attach calculations or specific justification for the volumes provided below)

<input type="checkbox"/> Crude Oil	Volume Released (bbls)	Volume Recovered (bbls)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Produced Water	Volume Released (bbls) 10	Volume Recovered (bbls) 10
	Is the concentration of dissolved chloride in the produced water >10,000 mg/l?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Condensate	Volume Released (bbls)	Volume Recovered (bbls)
<input type="checkbox"/> Natural Gas	Volume Released (Mcf)	Volume Recovered (Mcf)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe)	Volume/Weight Released (provide units)	Volume/Weight Recovered (provide units)

Cause of Release: Pinhole leak developed on load line in front of water tanks. This allowed the release of approx. 10 bbls produced water to lined secondary containment. Fluids recovered.

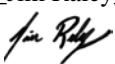
Released Volume estimate = Recovered Volume as lined containment.

Incident ID	nAPP2222750606
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

Was this a major release as defined by 19.15.29.7(A) NMAC? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	If YES, for what reason(s) does the responsible party consider this a major release?
If YES, was immediate notice given to the OCD? By whom? To whom? When and by what means (phone, email, etc)? 	

Initial Response

The responsible party must undertake the following actions immediately unless they could create a safety hazard that would result in injury

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The source of the release has been stopped. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The impacted area has been secured to protect human health and the environment. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Released materials have been contained via the use of berms or dikes, absorbent pads, or other containment devices. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> All free liquids and recoverable materials have been removed and managed appropriately.
If all the actions described above have <u>not</u> been undertaken, explain why:
Per 19.15.29.8 B. (4) NMAC the responsible party may commence remediation immediately after discovery of a release. If remediation has begun, please attach a narrative of actions to date. If remedial efforts have been successfully completed or if the release occurred within a lined containment area (see 19.15.29.11(A)(5)(a) NMAC), please attach all information needed for closure evaluation.
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations. Printed Name: <u>Jim Raley</u> Title: <u>Environmental Professional</u> Signature: <u></u> Date: <u>8/15/2022</u> email: <u>jim.raley@dvn.com</u> Telephone: <u>575-689-7597</u>
<u>OCD Only</u> Received by: _____ Date: _____

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District RP	
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Site Assessment/Characterization

This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.

What is the shallowest depth to groundwater beneath the area affected by the release?	_____ (ft bgs)
Did this release impact groundwater or surface water?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of a wetland?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release overlying a subsurface mine?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release overlying an unstable area such as karst geology?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Are the lateral extents of the release within a 100-year floodplain?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Did the release impact areas not on an exploration, development, production, or storage site?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

Attach a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) demonstrating the lateral and vertical extents of soil contamination associated with the release have been determined. Refer to 19.15.29.11 NMAC for specifics.

Characterization Report Checklist: *Each of the following items must be included in the report.*

- ☐ N/A Scaled site map showing impacted area, surface features, subsurface features, delineation points, and monitoring wells.
- ☒ Field data
- ☐ N/A Data table of soil contaminant concentration data
- ☒ Depth to water determination
- ☒ Determination of water sources and significant watercourses within ½-mile of the lateral extents of the release
- ☐ N/A Boring or excavation logs
- ☒ Photographs including date and GIS information
- ☐ N/A Topographic/Aerial maps
- ☐ N/A Laboratory data including chain of custody

If the site characterization report does not include completed efforts at remediation of the release, the report must include a proposed remediation plan. That plan must include the estimated volume of material to be remediated, the proposed remediation technique, proposed sampling plan and methods, anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation. The closure criteria for a release are contained in Table 1 of 19.15.29.12 NMAC, however, use of the table is modified by site- and release-specific parameters.

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District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

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Printed Name: Jim Raley Title: Environmental Professional

Signature:  Date: 10/27/2022

email: jim.raley@div.com Telephone: 575-689-7597

OCD Only

Received by: Jocelyn Harimon Date: 10/28/2022

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Closure Report Attachment Checklist: *Each of the following items must be included in the closure report.*

- ☐ A scaled site and sampling diagram as described in 19.15.29.11 NMAC
- ☒ Photographs of the remediated site prior to backfill or photos of the liner integrity if applicable (Note: appropriate OCD District office must be notified 2 days prior to liner inspection)
- ☐ Laboratory analyses of final sampling (Note: appropriate ODC District office must be notified 2 days prior to final sampling)
- ☐ Description of remediation activities

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Printed Name: Jim Raley Title: Environmental Professional

Signature:  Date: 10/27/2022

email: jim.raley@dvn.com Telephone: 575-689-7597

OCD Only

Received by: Jocelyn Harimon Date: 10/28/2022

Closure approval by the OCD does not relieve the responsible party of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that poses a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health, or the environment nor does not relieve the responsible party of compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.

Closure Approved by: _____ Date: _____

Printed Name: _____ Title: _____

ATTACHMENT 2



Daily Site Visit Report

Client:	Devon Energy Corporation	Inspection Date:	9/16/2022
Site Location Name:	RDX Federal 17 #040	Report Run Date:	9/16/2022 6:12 PM
Client Contact Name:	Wes Matthews	API #:	
Client Contact Phone #:	(575) 748-0176		
Unique Project ID		Project Owner:	
Project Reference #		Project Manager:	

Summary of Times

Arrived at Site	9/16/2022 10:13 AM
Departed Site	9/16/2022 10:28 AM

Field Notes

10:13 Arrived on site surveyed liner

10:16 Surveyed tank battery for potential breach

10:27 No signs of potential breach

10:27 Liner was cleaned

Next Steps & Recommendations

1 Closer report

Daily Site Visit Report



Site Photos

Viewing Direction: East



Southern wall facing east

Viewing Direction: North



In between tanks

Viewing Direction: South



East side of tanks

Viewing Direction: North



Inside liner facing north on western wall



Daily Site Visit Report

Viewing Direction: East



South eastern wall facing east

Viewing Direction: South



Eastern wall facing south

Viewing Direction: West



Northeastern corner facing Northwest

Viewing Direction: West



Northwestern wall facing west



Daily Site Visit Report

Viewing Direction: South



West side of tanks

Viewing Direction: East



In between tanks facing east

Viewing Direction: North



In between tanks

Daily Site Visit Report



Daily Site Visit Signature

Inspector: Jacob Reta

Signature:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'JR', written over a horizontal line. The word 'Signature' is faintly visible below the line.

ATTACHMENT 3



WELL RECORD & LOG

OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

www.ose.state.nm.us

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
ROBERTO L. RAY, MEXICO

2022 MAY 17 PM 1:58

1. GENERAL AND WELL LOCATION	OSE POD NUMBER (WELL NUMBER) C-4068 POD1				OSE FILE NUMBER(S) C-4068			
	WELL OWNER NAME(S) RKI Exploration and Production, LLC				PHONE (OPTIONAL)			
	WELL OWNER MAILING ADDRESS 3500 One Williams Center MD 35,				CITY Tulsa		STATE OK	ZIP 74172
	WELL LOCATION (FROM GPS)	DEGREES LATITUDE	MINUTES 32	SECONDS 2	43.95	N	* ACCURACY REQUIRED: ONE TENTH OF A SECOND * DATUM REQUIRED: WGS 84	
		LONGITUDE	103	53	39.23	W		
DESCRIPTION RELATING WELL LOCATION TO STREET ADDRESS AND COMMON LANDMARKS - PLSS (SECTION, TOWNSHIP, RANGE) WHERE AVAILABLE NW/4SW/4NW/4 Section 16, Township 26S, Range 30 E, N.M.P.M.								
2. DRILLING & CASING INFORMATION	LICENSE NUMBER 1249		NAME OF LICENSED DRILLER Jackie D. Atkins			NAME OF WELL DRILLING COMPANY Atkins Engineering Associates, Inc.		
	DRILLING STARTED 5/11/2017		DRILLING ENDED 5/12/2017		DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL (FT) n/a	BORE HOLE DEPTH (FT) 125		DEPTH WATER FIRST ENCOUNTERED (FT) none encountered
	COMPLETED WELL IS: <input type="checkbox"/> ARTESIAN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRY HOLE <input type="checkbox"/> SHALLOW (UNCONFINED)						STATIC WATER LEVEL IN COMPLETED WELL (FT) n/a	
	DRILLING FLUID: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AIR <input type="checkbox"/> MUD ADDITIVES - SPECIFY:							
	DRILLING METHOD: <input type="checkbox"/> ROTARY <input type="checkbox"/> HAMMER <input type="checkbox"/> CABLE TOOL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OTHER - SPECIFY: hollow stem auger with air rotary							
	DEPTH (feet bgl) FROM TO		BORE HOLE DIAM. (inches)	CASING MATERIAL AND/OR GRADE (include each casing string, and note sections of screen)	CASING CONNECTION TYPE	CASING INSIDE DIAM. (inches)	CASING WALL THICKNESS (inches)	SLOT SIZE (inches)
	0	125						
3. ANNULAR MATERIAL	DEPTH (feet bgl) FROM TO		BORE HOLE DIAM. (inches)	LIST ANNULAR SEAL MATERIAL AND GRAVEL PACK SIZE-RANGE BY INTERVAL	AMOUNT (cubic feet)	METHOD OF PLACEMENT		
	n/a	n/a					n/a	n/a

FOR OSE INTERNAL USE

WR-20 WELL RECORD & LOG (Version: 10/29/15)

FILE NUMBER	C-4068	POD NUMBER	1	TRN NUMBER	606777
LOCATION	26S-30E-16-1-3-1			EXPL	PAGE 1 OF 2

4. HYDROGEOLOGIC LOG OF WELL

5. TEST; RIG SUPERVISION

6. SIGNATURE

FOR USE INTERNAL USE		WR-20 WELL RECORD & LOG (Version 10/29/2015)	
FILE NUMBER	C-4068	POD NUMBER	1
LOCATION	26S 30E 11n 10.3.1	TRN NUMBER	606777
			EXP1
			PAGE 2 OF 2

Tom Blaine, P.E.
State Engineer



Roswell Office
1900 WEST SECOND STREET
ROSWELL, NM 88201

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER**

Trn Nbr: 606777
File Nbr: C 04068
Well File Nbr: C 04068 POD1

Jun. 12, 2017

JUSTIN BARMORE
RKI EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION LLC
3500 ONE WILLIAMS CENTER MD 35
TULSA, OK 74172

Greetings:

The above numbered permit was issued in your name on 05/08/2017.

The Well Record was received in this office on 05/17/2017, stating that it had been completed on 05/12/2017, and was a dry well. The well is to be plugged or capped or otherwise maintained in a manner satisfactory to the State Engineer.

Please note that another well can be drilled under this permit if the well is completed and the well log filed on or before 05/15/2018.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

Deborah Dunaway
(575) 622-6521

drywell

RDX Federal Com 17 #040H

0.5 Mile Radius

Nearest DTGW Well: C04068POD1

Distance: 1.26 miles

DTGW: 125 feet

Feature 1

RDX Federal Com 17 #040H

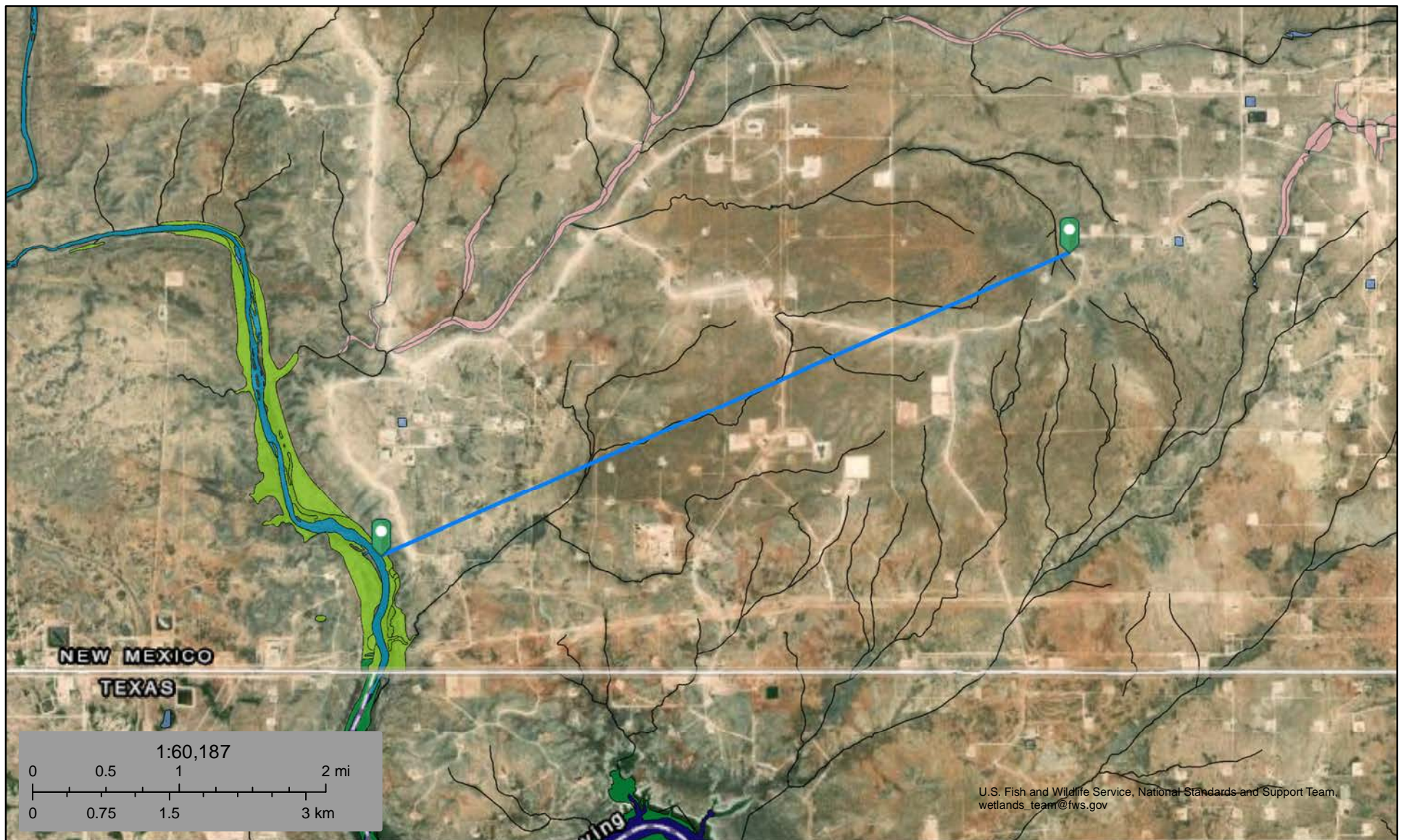
OSE C04068POD1



1 km



RDX Federal Com 17 #040H



August 18, 2022

Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland

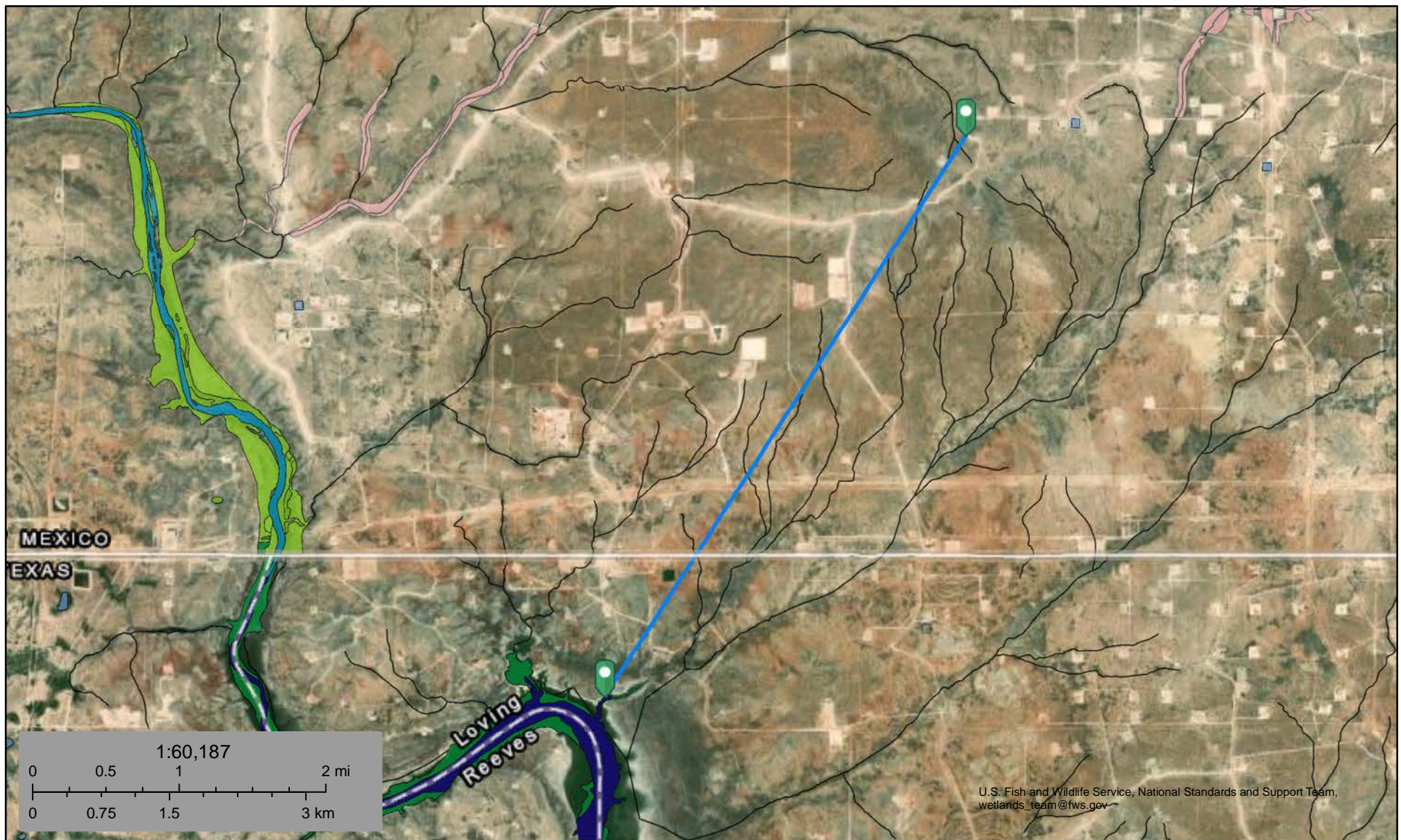
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- Freshwater Pond

- Lake
- Other
- Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.



RDX Federal Com 17 #040H



August 18, 2022

Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland



- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- Freshwater Pond

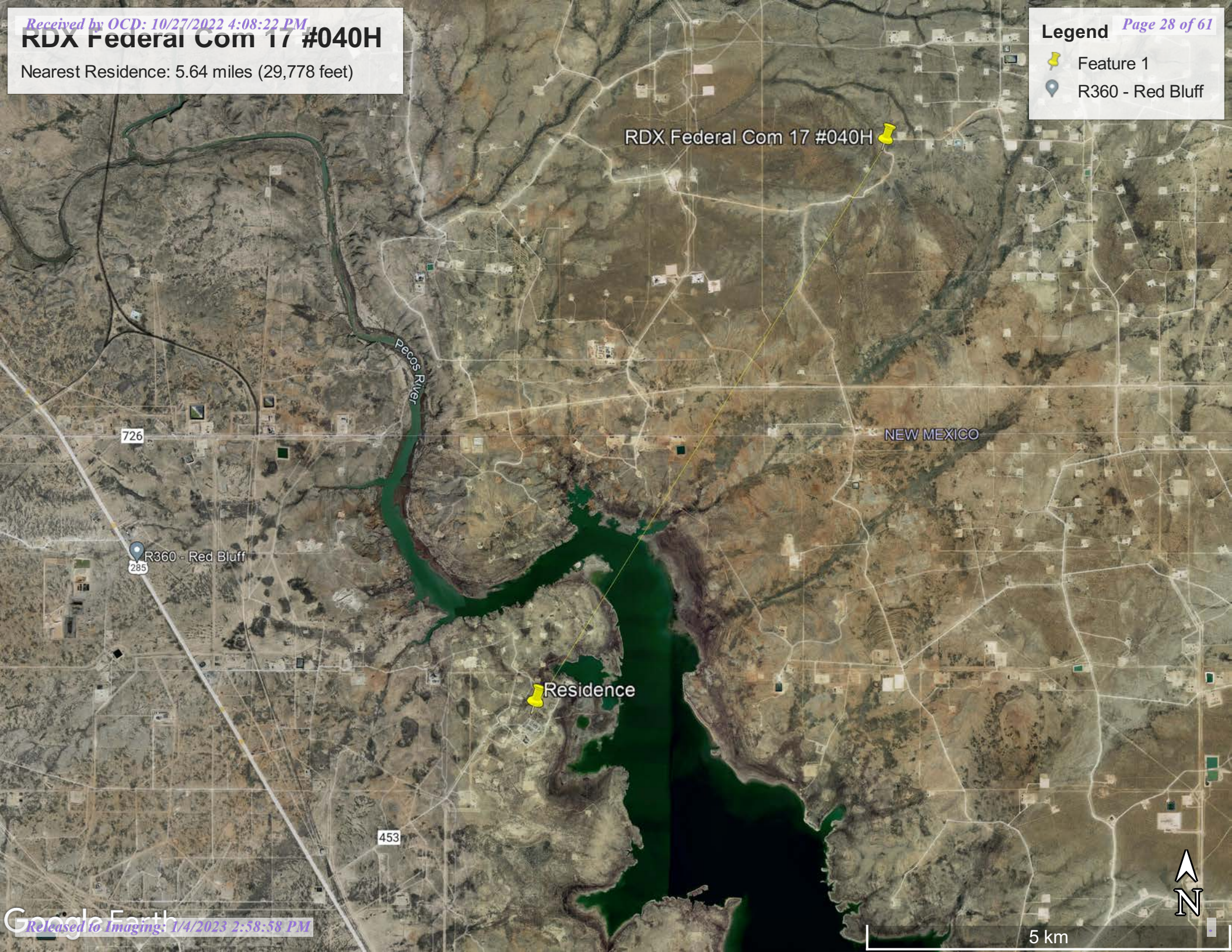
- Lake
- Other
- Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

RDX Federal Com 17 #040H

Nearest Residence: 5.64 miles (29,778 feet)


-  Feature 1
-  R360 - Red Bluff




RDX Federal Com 17 #040H

Distance to Livestock Well: 1.10 miles (5,801 feet)

Legend

 Feature 1

RDX Federal Com 17 #040H 

Livestock Well 






New Mexico Office of the State Engineer
Water Right Summary

WR File Number:	C 03792	Subbasin:	C	Cross Reference:	-
Primary Purpose:	STK 72-12-1 LIVESTOCK WATERING				
Primary Status:	PMT PERMIT				
Total Acres:		Subfile:	-	Header:	-
Total Diversion:	3	Cause/Case:	-		
Agent:	BECKHAM RANCH INC				
Contact:	M STAPLETON LLC				

Current Points of Diversion

(NAD83 UTM in meters)

POD Number	Well Tag	Source	Q						(NAD83 UTM in meters)		Other Location Desc
			64Q	16Q	4Q	Sec	Tws	Rng	X	Y	
C 03792 POD1			1	1	1	29	26S	30E	602880	3543094	

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

8/18/22 2:22 PM

WATER RIGHT SUMMARY

RDX Federal Com 17 #040H

Nearest Town: Orla, Texas
Distance: 14.51 miles (76,603 feet)

Feature 1

RDX Federal Com 17 #040H



TEXAS

TEXAS

285

285

285

Orla

Pecos River

Google Earth



10 km



RDX Federal Com 17 #040H



August 18, 2022

Wetlands

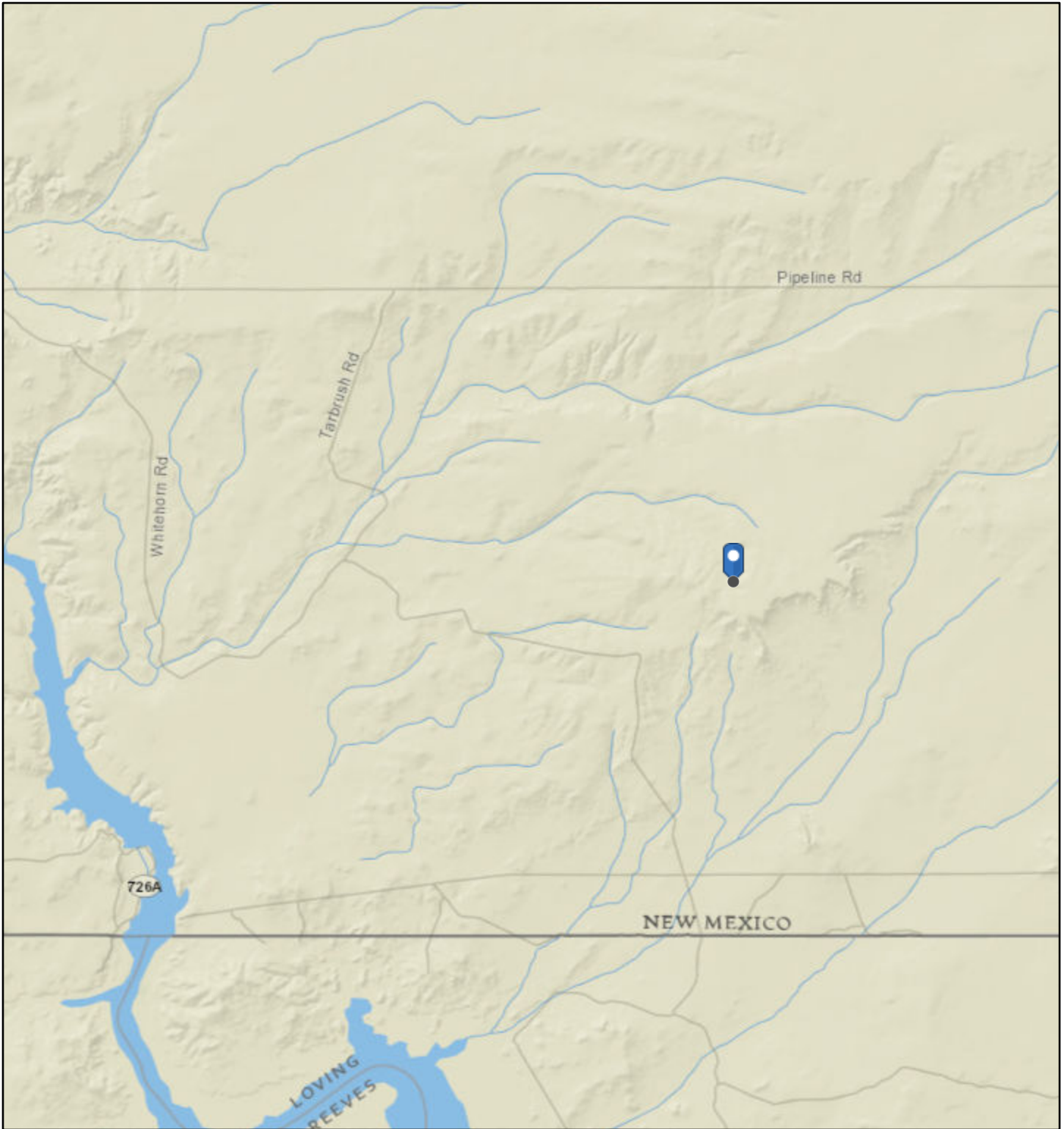
- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland

- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- Freshwater Pond

- Lake
- Other
- Riverine

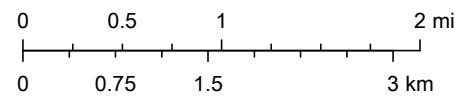
This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

RDX Federal Com 17 #040H



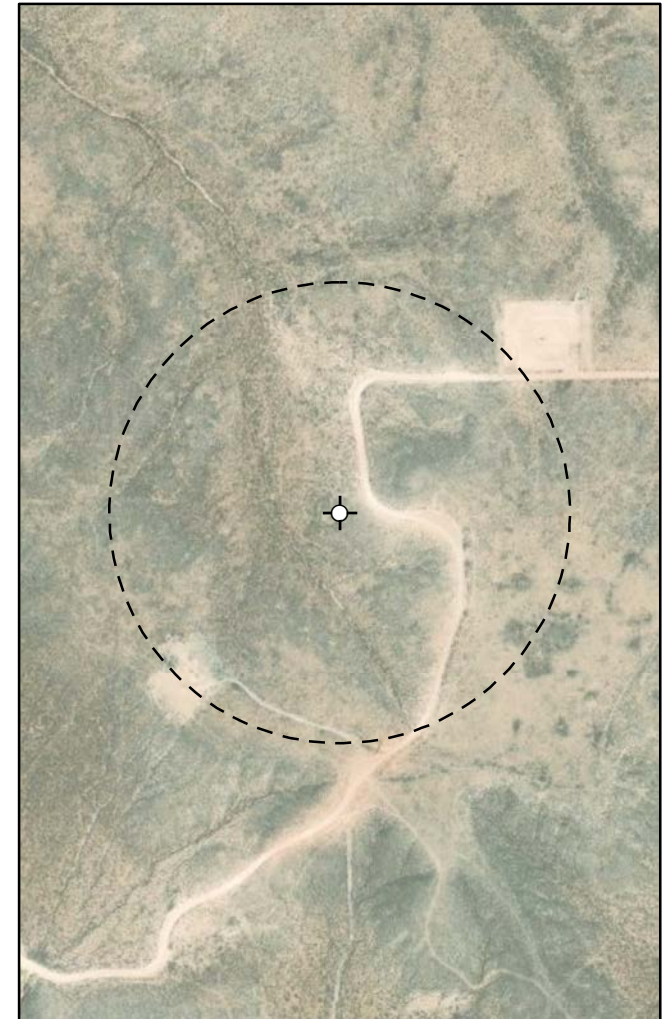
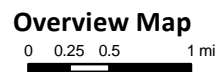
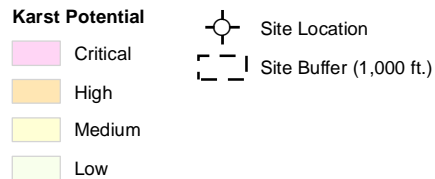
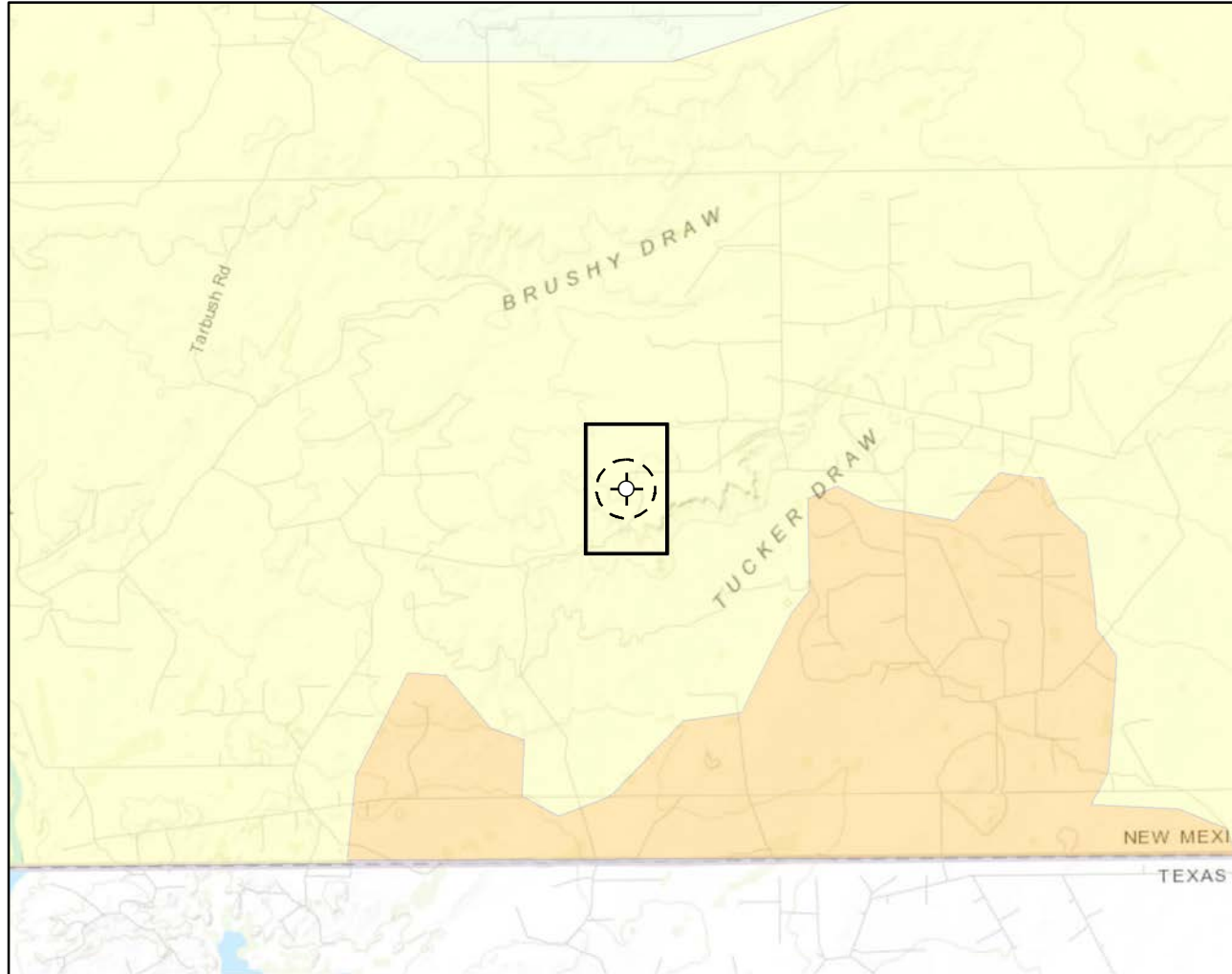
8/18/2022, 12:13:31 PM

1:72,224



National Geographic, Esri, Garmin, HERE, UNEP-WCMC, USGS, NASA, ESA, METI, NRCAN, GEBCO, NOAA, increment P Corp.

Document Path: G:\Projects\US PROJECTS\Devon Energy Corporation\2022\22E-02948 - RDX Federal Com 17 #040H\Figure X Karst Potential (RDX Federal Com 17 #040H).mxd



Map Center:
Lat/Long: 32.035000, -103.912061

NAD 1983 UTM Zone 13N
Date: Aug 25/22



Karst Potential
RDX Federal Com 17 #040H

FIGURE:

X



Geospatial data presented in this figure may be derived from external sources and Vertex does not assume any liability for inaccuracies. This figure is intended for reference use only and is not certified for legal, survey, or engineering purposes.

Note: Inset Map, ESRI 2021; Overview Map: ESRI World Topographic. Karst potential data sourced from Roswell Field Office, Bureau of Land Management, 2020 or United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, (2018). Karst Potential.

VERSATILITY. EXPERTISE.

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



103°55'2"W 32°2'22"N



Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS		Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99
		With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR
		Regulatory Floodway
OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD		0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X
		Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X
		Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X
		Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D
OTHER AREAS		NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X
		Effective LOMRs
GENERAL STRUCTURES		Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D
		Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
OTHER FEATURES		Levee, Dike, or Floodwall
		Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		Coastal Transect
		Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
		Limit of Study
		Jurisdiction Boundary
		Coastal Transect Baseline
MAP PANELS		Profile Baseline
		Hydrographic Feature
		Digital Data Available
	No Digital Data Available	
	Unmapped	

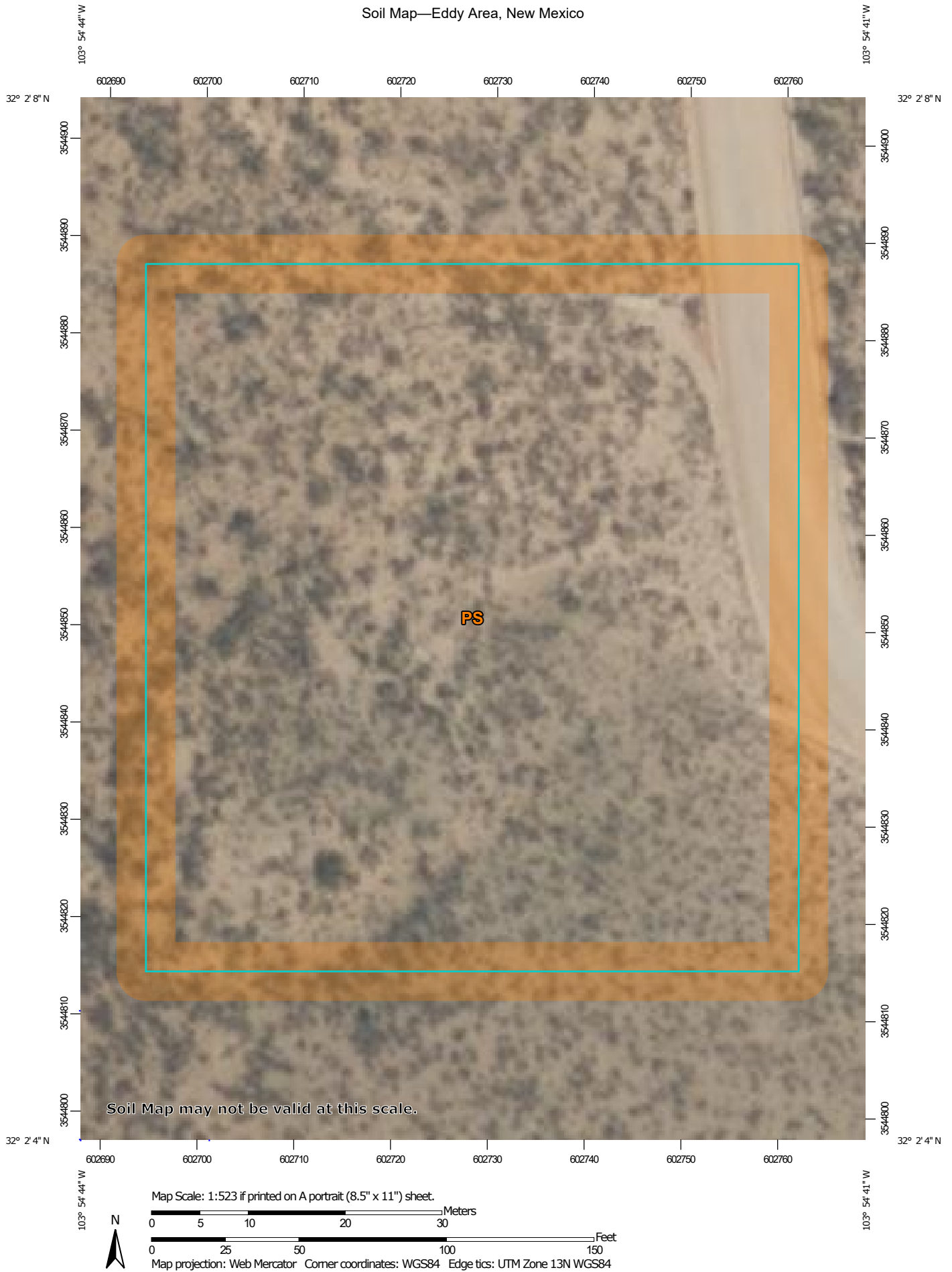
The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 8/18/2022 at 2:10 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

Soil Map—Eddy Area, New Mexico



Natural Resources
Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

8/18/2022
Page 1 of 3

Soil Map—Eddy Area, New Mexico

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features



Blowout



Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot



Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot



Other



Special Line Features

Water Features



Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Eddy Area, New Mexico

Survey Area Data: Version 17, Sep 12, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Feb 7, 2020—May 12, 2020

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Soil Map—Eddy Area, New Mexico

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
PS	Potter-Simona complex, 5 to 25 percent slopes	1.2	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		1.2	100.0%

Map Unit Description: Potter-Simona complex, 5 to 25 percent slopes---Eddy Area, New Mexico

Eddy Area, New Mexico

PS—Potter-Simona complex, 5 to 25 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1w57

Elevation: 2,750 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 8 to 16 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 57 to 70 degrees F

Frost-free period: 180 to 230 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Potter and similar soils: 80 percent

Simona and similar soils: 15 percent

Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Potter

Setting

Landform: Ridges, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope, footslope, toeslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, nose slope, head slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: gravelly loam

H2 - 10 to 60 inches: cemented material

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 25 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 60 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.2 inches)

Map Unit Description: Potter-Simona complex, 5 to 25 percent slopes---Eddy Area, New Mexico

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R042XC025NM - Shallow

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Simona**Setting**

Landform: Plains, alluvial fans

Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and/or eolian sands

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 11 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

H2 - 11 to 19 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

H3 - 19 to 60 inches: cemented material

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 10 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 20 inches to petrocalcic

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R042XC002NM - Shallow Sandy

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components**Simona**

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Ecological site: R042XC002NM - Shallow Sandy

Hydric soil rating: No

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Map Unit Description: Potter-Simona complex, 5 to 25 percent slopes---Eddy Area, New Mexico

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Eddy Area, New Mexico
Survey Area Data: Version 17, Sep 12, 2021

**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE**

ECOLOGICAL SITE DESCRIPTION

ECOLOGICAL SITE CHARACTERISTICS

Site Type: Range

Site ID: R042XC025NM

Site Name: Shallow

Precipitation or Climate Zone: 10 to 13 inches

Phase: _____

PHYSIOGRAPHIC FEATURES**Narrative:**

This site occurs on upland plains, fans and mesas, or between toe slopes of desert hills and drainage ways. Slopes range from 0 to 15 percent. Direction of slope varies and is usually not significant. Elevations range from 2,842 to 4,500 feet.

Land Form:

1. plain
2. fan
3. mesa

Aspect:

1. Not significant
- 2.
- 3.

	Minimum	Maximum
Elevation (feet)	2,842	4,500
Slope (percent)	0	15
Water Table Depth (inches)	N/A	N/A
Flooding:	Minimum	Maximum
Frequency	N/A	N/A
Duration		
Ponding:	Minimum	Maximum
Depth (inches)	N/A	N/A
Frequency		
Duration		

Runoff Class:

Negligible to High

CLIMATIC FEATURES**Narrative:**

The average annual precipitation ranges from 8 to 13 inches. Variations of 5 inches, more or less, are common. Over 80 percent of the precipitation falls from April through October. Most of the summer precipitation comes in the form of high intensity – short duration thunderstorms.

Temperatures are characterized by distinct seasonal changes and large annual and diurnal temperature changes. The average annual temperature is 61 degrees with extremes of 25 degrees below zero in the winter to 112 degrees in the summer.

The average frost-free season is 207 to 220 days. The last killing frost is late March or early April, and the first killing frost is in late October or early November.

Temperature and rainfall both favor warm season perennial plant growth. In years of abundant spring moisture, annual forbs and cool season grasses can make up an important component of this site. Because of the shallow soil depth, the vegetation on this site can take advantage of moisture almost anytime it falls. Strong winds that blow from the west and southwest blow from January through June, which accelerates soil drying at a critical time for cool season plant growth.

	Minimum	Maximum
Frost-free period (days):	180	221
Freeze-free period (days):	199	240
Mean annual precipitation (inches):	10.0	13.0

Monthly moisture (inches) and temperature (⁰F) distribution:

	Precip. Min.	Precip. Max.	Temp. Min.	Temp. Max.
January	0.40	0.42	20.6	59.7
February	0.40	0.41	25.2	65.6
March	0.41	0.43	31.4	72.7
April	0.58	0.63	40.4	81.5
May	1.28	1.35	49.6	88.7
June	1.40	1.46	59.1	95.4
July	1.62	1.64	63.3	96.4
August	1.79	1.84	61.6	94.8
September	1.81	2.20	54.1	88.5
October	1.16	1.41	40.7	80.4
November	0.43	0.47	28.4	68.7
December	0.48	0.51	20.9	61.1

- Climate Stations:
- (1) NM0600, Artesia, NM - Period of record 1961 - 1990
 - (2) NM0992, Bitter Lakes WL Refuge, NM - Period of record 1961 - 1990
 - (3) NM1469, Carlsbad, NM - Period of record 1961 - 1990
 - (4) NM293792, Hagerman, NM - Period of record 1961 - 1990
 - (5) NM299563, Waste Isolation Plant, NM - Period of record 1961 - 1990
 - (2) NM4346, Jal, NM - Period of record 1961 - 1990

INFLUENCING WATER FEATURES

Narrative:

This site is not influenced from water from wetlands or streams.

Wetland description:

System	Subsystem	Class
N/A		

If Riverine Wetland System enter Rosgen Stream Type:

N/A

REPRESENTATIVE SOIL FEATURES**Narrative:**

The soils of this site are shallow to very shallow. Surface layers are stony silty clay, gravelly loam and gravelly fine sandy loam. There is an indurated caliche layer of limestone bedrock that occurs within 20 inches and averages less than 10 inches. Permeability is moderate and moderately rapid and water holding capacity is low. All water is stored above the caliche layer in the shallow soil profile.

Characteristic soils are:

Delnorte very gravelly loam

Lozier gravelly loam 0 to 5 percent slopes

Potter gravelly loam

Tencee gravelly fine sandy loam

Upton gravelly loam

Vieja stony silty clay

Kimbrough gravelly loam

Parent Material Kind: Alluvium

Parent Material Origin: Mixed

Surface Texture:

1. gravelly loam

2. gravelly fine sandy loam

3. stony silt clay

Surface Texture Modifier:

1. gravel

2.

3.

Subsurface Texture Group: N/A

Surface Fragments $\leq 3''$ (% Cover): 15 - 40

Surface Fragments $> 3''$ (% Cover): N/A

Subsurface Fragments $\leq 3''$ (% Volume): 13 - 42

Subsurface Fragments $> 3''$ (% Volume): 0 - 1

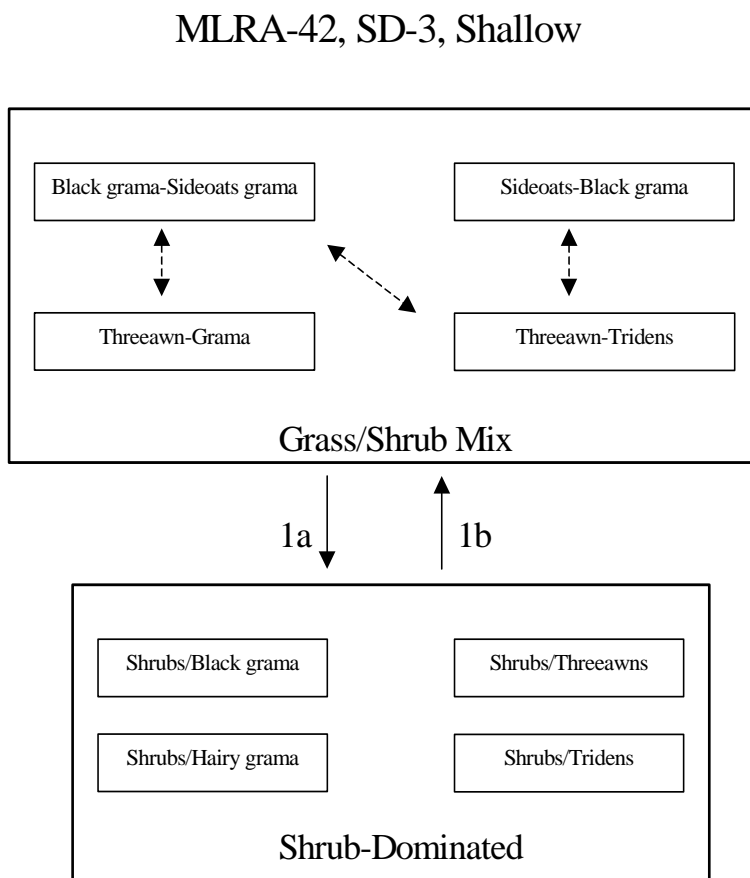
	Minimum	Maximum
Drainage Class:	Well	Well
Permeability Class:	very slow	moderately slow
Depth (inches):	4	24
Electrical Conductivity (mmhos/cm):	0	2
Sodium Absorption Ratio:	N/A	N/A
Soil Reaction (1:1 Water):	7.4	8.4
Soil Reaction (0.1M CaCl ₂):	N/A	N/A
Available Water Capacity (inches):	1	1
Calcium Carbonate Equivalent (percent):		

Ecological Dynamics of the Site:

Overview

The Shallow site is associated with Limestone Hills, Loamy, and Shallow Sandy sites. When associated with Limestone Hills, the Shallow site occurs on the summits, foot slopes and toeslopes of hills. Loamy sites often occur as areas between low elongated hills with rounded crests (Shallow site). When the Shallow Sandy site and Shallow site occur in association, the Shallow Sandy soils occupy the tops of low ridges and the Shallow site soils occur on the steeper sideslopes of the ridge. The historic plant community of the Shallow site has the aspect of a grassland/shrub mix, dominated by grasses, but with shrubs common throughout the site. Black grama is the dominant grass species; creosotebush, mesquite, and catclaw mimosa are common shrubs. Overgrazing and or extended drought can reduce grass cover, effect a change in grass species dominance, and may result in a shrub-dominated state. Suppression of natural fire regimes may also facilitate the transition to shrub dominance.¹

Plant Communities and Transitional Pathways (diagram)



1a. Extended drought, overgrazing, no fire

1b. Brush control, Prescribed grazing

Plant Communities Photo Display & Descriptive Diagnosis

MLRA 42; SD-3; Shallow

Grass/Shrub mix



- Threeawns-black grama community
- Grass recovery following treatment with tebuthiuron
- Transition back to Grass/Shrub mix

Shrub-Dominated



- Creosotebush-catclaw mimosa, with some broom snakeweed and a few scattered mesquite
- Grass cover (hairy tridens-black grama) patchy, large connected bare areas present
- Upton gravelly loam, Eddy Co., NM

Plant Community Name: Historic Climax Plant Community

Plant Community Sequence Number: 1 Narrative Label: HCPC

Plant Community Narrative:

State Containing Historic Climax Plant Community

Grassland/Shrub Mix: The historic plant community is dominated by black grama with sideoats grama as the sub-dominant. Blue grama, hairy grama, bush muhly, and sand dropseed also occur in significant amounts. Sideoats grama can occur as the dominant grass with black grama as sub-dominant on the western side of the Land Resource Unit SD-3. This may be due to higher average elevation on the west side. Retrogression within this state due to extended drought or overgrazing will cause a decrease in species such as black grama, sideoats grama, blue grama, and bush muhly. Threeawns may become the dominant grass species due to a decline in more palatable grasses or because of its ability to quickly recover following drought. Continued loss of grass cover and associated increase in amount of bare ground may result in a shrub-dominated state. Decreased fire frequencies may also be an important component in the cause of this transition.

Diagnosis: Grass cover is fairly uniform, however, surface gravel, cobble, and bare ground make up a large percent of total ground cover, and grass production during unfavorable years may only average 150-175 pounds per acre. Shrubs are common with canopy cover averaging five to ten percent. Evidence of erosion such as rills and gullies are rare, but may occur on slopes greater than eight percent.

Ground Cover (Average Percent of Surface Area).

Grasses & Forbs	10 – 15
Bare ground	40 - 60
Surface cobble and stone	15 - 25
Litter (percent)	5 - 8
Litter (average depth in cm.)	2 - 3

Percent canopy cover (trees, shrubs, and half-shrubs)	
Trees	0
Shrubs and half -shrubs	5 - 10

Plant Community Annual Production (by plant type):

Plant Type	Annual Production (lbs/ac)		
	Low	RV	High
Grass/Grasslike	168	352	536
Forb	20	42	64
Tree/Shrub/Vine	63	131	200
Lichen			
Moss			
Microbiotic Crusts			
Totals	250	525	800

Plant Community Composition and Group Annual Production: Plant species are grouped by annual production **not** by functional groups.

Plant Type - Grass/Grasslike

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production
1	BOER4	black grama	105 – 158	105 - 158
2	BOCU	sideoats grama	79 - 105	79 - 105
3	BOGR2	blue grama	79 - 105	79 - 105
3	BOHI2	hairy grama		
4	MUPO2	bush muhly	26 - 53	26 - 53
5	BOBA3	cane bluestem	16 – 26	16 - 26
6	SPCR	sand dropseed	26 – 53	26 - 53
7	ERPI5	hairy tridens	16 – 26	16 – 26
8	MUAR	ear muhly	5 – 16	5 - 16
9	HENE5	New Mexico feathergrass	5 - 16	5 - 16
10	DAPU7	fluffgrass	5 – 16	5 – 16
11	2GP	other grasses	16 – 26	16 – 26

Plant Type – Tree/Shrub/Vine

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production
18	RHMI3	littleleaf sumac	5 – 16	5 – 16
19	LATR2	cresostebush	5 – 16	5 – 16
20	KRER	range ratany	5 – 16	5 – 16
21	MIERX	common javalinabush	5 – 16	5 – 16
22	FLCE	American tarbush	5 – 16	5 – 16
23	KOSP	spiny allthorn	5 – 16	5 – 16
24	PRGL2	mesquite	11 – 26	11 – 26
25	MIACB	catclaw mimosa	5 – 16	5 - 16
26	OPUNT	cactus	5 - 16	5 - 16
27	PAIN2	mariola	11 – 26	11 - 26
28	GUSA2	broom snakeweed	5 – 16	5 – 16
29	2SHRUB	other shrubs	16 – 26	16 - 26

Plant Type - Forb

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production
12	TEACE	stemless actinea	11 – 26	11 – 26
13	PACAL5	wooly groundsel	5 - 16	5 - 16
14	SPHAE	globemallow	5 - 16	5 - 16
15	LESQU	bladderpod	5 - 16	5 - 16
16	CASSI	Senna	5 - 16	5 - 16
17	2FORB	other forbs	11 – 26	11 - 26

Plant Type - Lichen

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production

Plant Type - Moss

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production

Plant Type - Microbiotic Crusts

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production

Other grasses that could appear on this site would include: vine-mesquite, silver bluestem, burrograss, spike dropseed, threeawns, tobosa, muhlys, Arizona cottontop and plains bristlegrass

Other woody plants include: condalia, tesajo cactus, Apacheplume, wolfberry, cactus, ephedra spp., yucca, witerfat and fourwing saltbush.

Other forbs include: desert zinnia, wooly paperflower, prickleaf dogweed, verbena, deerstongue, croton and wright's buckwheat.

Plant Growth Curves

Growth Curve ID NM2825

Growth Curve Name: HCPC

Growth Curve Description: SD-3 Shallow HCPC Warm Season Plant Community

Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
0	0	3	5	10	10	25	30	12	5	0	0

Additional States:

Shrub-Dominated: This state is characterized by an increase in shrubs and a decrease in grass cover relative to grassland/shrub mix. As grass cover decreases shrubs increase, especially creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia, and mesquite. Each of these shrub species may become dominant in localized areas or across the site, depending on the spatial variability in soil characteristics and landscape position. Black grama, threeawns, hairy grama, or hairy tridens may be the dominant grass species. Fluffgrass, burrograss and broom snakeweed increase in representation. The Shallow site is resistant to further state change, due to the natural rock armor of the soil and a shallow impermeable layer. The amount of rock fragments on the soil surface assist in retarding erosion. On Shallow sites with low slope, the shallow depth to either a petrocalcic layer or limestone bedrock helps to keep water perched and available to shallow rooted grasses for extended periods. ²

Diagnosis: Shrubs are the dominant species, especially creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia, or mesquite. Grass cover is variable ranging from patchy with large connected bare areas present to sparse with only a limited amount in shrub inter-spaces.

Transition to Shrub-Dominated (1a) Overgrazing and or extended periods of drought, and suppression of natural fire regimes are thought to cause this transition. As grass cover is lost, soil fertility and available soil moisture decline, due to the reduction of organic matter and decreased infiltration.³ Shrubs have the ability to extract nutrients and water from a greater area of soil than grasses and are better able to utilize limited water. Competition by shrubs for water and nutrients limits grass recruitment and establishment. Fire historically may have played a part in suppressing shrub expansion; fire suppression may therefore facilitate shrub expansion.

Key indicators of approach to transition:

- Decrease or change in composition or distribution of grass cover.
- Increase in size and frequency of bare patches.
- Increase in amount of shrub seedlings.

Transition back to Grassland/Shrub Mix (1b) Brush control is necessary to re-establish grasses. Prescribed grazing will help to ensure proper forage utilization and sustain grass cover. Once the transition is reversed and grass cover is re-established, prescribed fire might help in maintaining the Grassland/Shrub state.

ECOLOGICAL SITE INTERPRETATIONS

Animal Community:

This site provides habitats which support a resident animal community that is characterized by desert cottontail, spotted ground squirrel, Merriam's kangaroo rat, cactus mouse, white-throated woodrat, gray fox, spotted skunk, roadrunner, Swainson's hawk, white-necked raven, cactus wren, pyrrhuloxia, lark sparrow, mourning dove, scaled quail, leopard lizard, round-tailed horned lizard, prairie rattlesnake, Couch's spadefoot toad, marbled whiptail, and greater earless lizard.

Where associated with limestone hills, mule deer utilize this site. Where large woody shrubs occur, most resident birds and scissor-tailed flycatcher, morning dove, lark sparrow and Swainson's hawk nest.

Hydrology Functions:

The runoff curve numbers are determined by field investigations using hydraulic cover conditions and hydrologic soil groups.

Hydrologic Interpretations

Soil Series	Hydrologic Group
Delnorte	C
Lozier	D
Potter	C
Tencee	D
Upton	C
Kimbrough	D
Vieja	D

Recreational Uses:

This site offers recreation potential for hiking, horseback riding, rock hunting, nature photography and bird hunting and birding. During years of abundant spring moisture, a colorful array of wild flowers is displayed during May and June. A few summer and fall flowers also occur.

Wood Products:

This site has no potential for wood production.

Other Products:

This site is suited for grazing by all kinds and classes of livestock during all seasons of the year. Missmanagement will cause a decrease in black grama, sideoats grama, and blue grama, bush muhly and New Mexico feathergrass. A corresponding increase in bare ground will occur. There will also be an increase in muhlys, fluffgrass, creosotebush, javalinabush and mesquite. This site will respond best to a system of management that rotates the season of use.

Other Information:

Guide to Suggested Initial Stocking Rate Acres per Animal Unit Month

Similarity Index	Ac/AUM
100 - 76	3.7 – 4.5
75 – 51	4.3 – 5.5
50 – 26	5.3 – 10.0
25 – 0	10.1 +

Plant Preference by Animal Kind:

	Code	Species Preference	Code
Stems	S	None Selected	N/S
Leaves	L	Preferred	P
Flowers	F	Desirable	D
Fruit/Seeds	E/S	Undesirable	U
Entire Plant	EP	Not Consumed	NC
Underground Parts	UP	Emergency	E
		Toxic	T

Animal Kind: Livestock

Animal Type: Cattle

Common Name	Scientific Name	Plant Part	Forage Preferences											
			J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
black grama	Bouteloua eriopoda	EP	P	P	P	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	P	P
sideoats grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	EP	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
blue grama	Bouteloua gracilis	EP	D	D	D	D	P	P	P	P	P	D	D	D
hairy grama	Bouteloua hirsuta	EP	D	D	D	D	P	P	P	P	P	D	D	D
bush muhly	Muhlenbergia porteri	EP	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
cane bluestem	Bothriochloa barbinodis	EP	U	U	U	U	U	U	P	P	D	U	U	U
sand dropseed	Sporobolus cryptandrus	EP	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	U	U	U
globemallow	Sphaeralcea	EP	N/S	N/S	N/S	D	D	D	D	D	P	P	P	N/S
bladderpod	Lesquerella	EP	N/S	N/S	D	D	D	D	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S
Senna	Cassia L.	EP	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S
cresostebush	Larrea tridentata	L	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
common javalinabush	Microrhamnus eridoides	EP	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
American tarbush	Flourensia cernua	EP	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
mesquite	Prosopis glandulosa	EP	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
catclaw mimosa	Mimosa aculeaticarpa		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
cactus	opuntia sp.	EP	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
mariola	Parthenium incanum	EP	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S
broom snakeweed	Gutierrezia sarothrae	L/F	U	U	U	U	U	T	T	U	U	U	U	U

Supporting InformationAssociated Sites:

<u>Site Name</u>	<u>Site ID</u>	<u>Site Narrative</u>
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Similiar Sites:

<u>Site Name</u>	<u>Site ID</u>	<u>Site Narrative</u>
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State Correlation:

This site has been correlated with the following states: Texas

<u>Data Source</u>	<u>Number of Records</u>	<u>Sample Period</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>County</u>
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Type Locality:Relationship to Other Established Classifications:Other References:

Data collection for this site was done in conjunction with the progressive soil surveys within the Southern Desertic Basins, Plains and Mountains, Major Land Resource Areas of New Mexico (SD-3). This site has been mapped and correlated with soils in the following soil surveys. Eddy County, Lea County, and Chaves County.

Characteristic soils are:

Delnorte very gravelly loam	Lozier gravelly loam 0-5% slope	Potter gravelly loam
Tencee gravelly fine sandy loam	Upton gravelly loam	Vieja stony silty clay
Kingrough gravelly loam		

1. Humphrey, R.R. 1974. Fire in the deserts and desert grassland of North America. In: Kozlowski, T. T.; Ahlgren, C. E., eds. Fire and ecosystems. New York: Academic Press: 365-400.
2. Hennessy, J.T., R.P. Gibbens, J.M. Tromble, and M. Cardenas. 1983. Water properties of caliche. J. Range Manage. 36: 723-726.
3. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2001. Soil Quality Information Sheets. Rangeland Soil Quality—Infiltration, Organic Matter, Rangeland Sheets 5,6. [Online]. Available: <http://www.statlab.iastate.edu/survey/SQI/range.html>

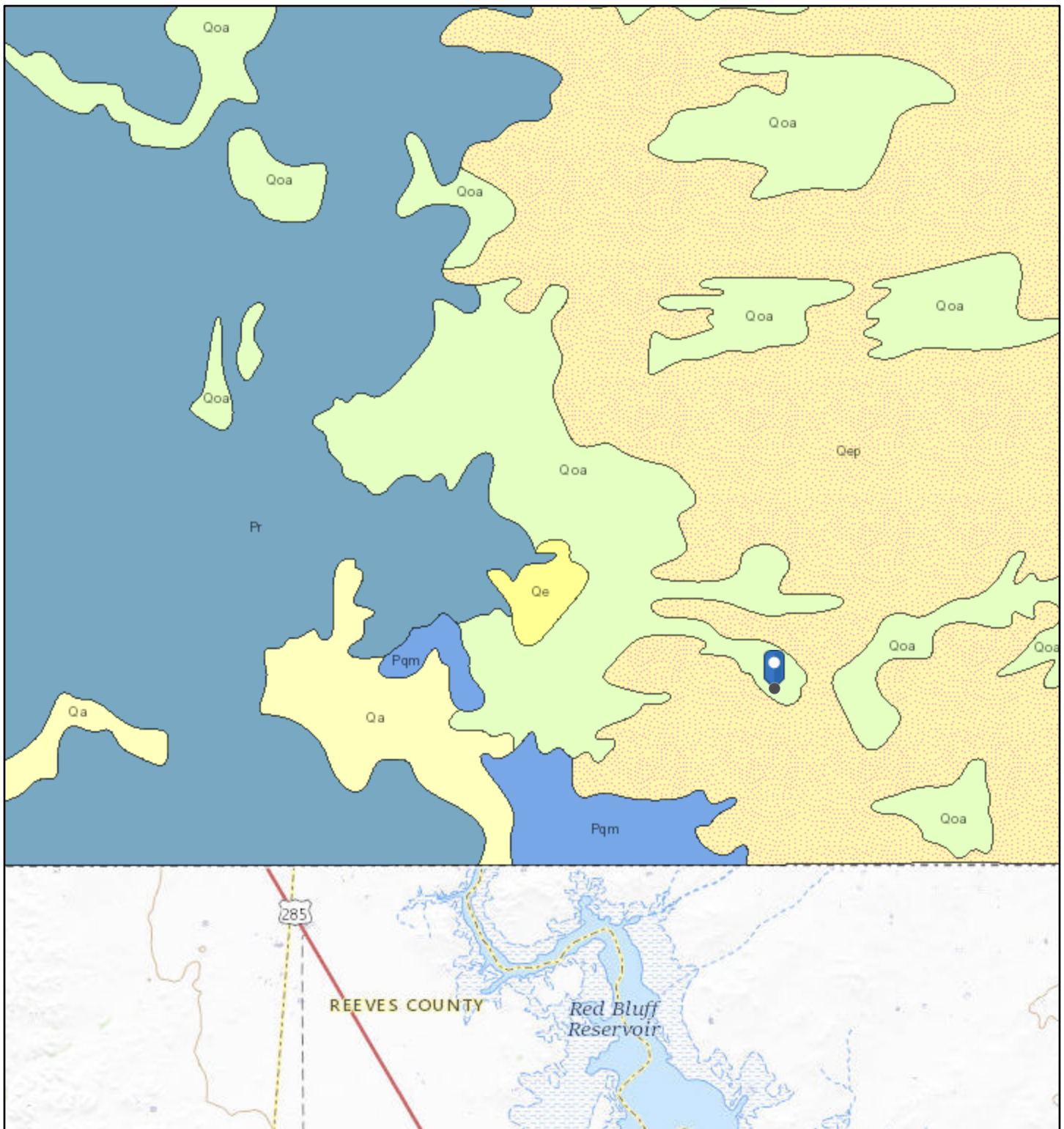
Site Description Approval:

<u>Author</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Approval</u>	<u>Date</u>
Don Sylvester	07/12/1979	Don Sylvester	07/12/1979

Site Description Revision:

<u>Author</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Approval</u>	<u>Date</u>
David Trujillo	03/26/03	George Chavez	03/26/03

RDX Federal Com 17 #040H

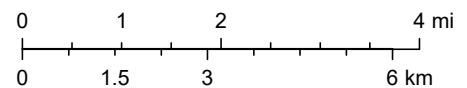


8/18/2022, 3:42:55 PM

1:144,448

Lithologic Units

- Playa—Alluvium and evaporite deposits (Holocene)
- Water—Perennial standing water
- Qa—Alluvium (Holocene to upper Pleistocene)



Esri, NASA, NGA, USGS, USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, 3DEP Elevation Program, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset, and National Transportation Dataset; USGS Global Ecosystems; U.S. Census Bureau TIGER/Line data; USFS Road Data;

ArcGIS Web AppBuilder

ATTACHMENT 4

Monica Peppin

From: Dhugal Hanton <vertexresourcegroupusa@gmail.com>
Sent: September 12, 2022 3:16 PM
To: Enviro, OCD, EMNRD; CFO_Spill, BLM_NM
Cc: Raley, Jim; Monica Peppin
Subject: Multiple Liner Inspections 48-HR Notification

All,

Please accept this email as 48-hr notification that Vertex Resource Services has scheduled multiple liner inspections to be conducted for the following releases:

nAPP2222130109 DOR: 8/8/2022 Site Name: RDX 17 Federal #035H

nAPP2222750606 DOR: 8/15/2022 Site Name: RDX 17 Federal #040H

nAPP2218938856 DOR: 7/7/2022 Site Name: RDX 17 Federal #010H

This work will be completed on behalf of WPX Energy Permian, LLC

On Friday, September 16, 2022 at approximately 8:00 a.m., Jacob Reta will be on site to conduct liner inspections. He can be reached at 505-506-0040. If you need directions to the site, please do not hesitate to contact him. If you have any questions or concerns regarding this notification, please give me a call at 575-361-9880.

Thank you,

Monica Peppin
Project Manager

Vertex Resource Services Inc.
3101 Boyd Drive,
Carlsbad, NM 88220

P 575.725.5001 Ext. 711
C 575.361.9880
F

www.vertex.ca

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1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
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Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170
District IV
1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505
Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources
Oil Conservation Division
1220 S. St Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 154497

CONDITIONS

Operator: WPX Energy Permian, LLC Devon Energy - Regulatory Oklahoma City, OK 73102	OGRID: 246289
	Action Number: 154497
	Action Type: [C-141] Release Corrective Action (C-141)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
rhamlet	We have received your closure report and final C-141 for Incident #NAPP2222750606 RDX FEDERAL COM 17 #040H, thank you. This closure is approved.	1/4/2023