

Incident Number: nAPP2325637059

Release Assessment and Closure

Boyd X State Com CTB Section 15, Township 19 South, Range 25 East Facility ID: fAPP2305375093 County: Eddy Vertex File Number: 23E-04895

Prepared for: Silverback Exploration

Prepared by: Vertex Resource Services Inc.

Date: July 2024 Silverback Exploration Boyd X State Com CTB

Release Assessment and Closure Boyd X State Com CTB Section 15, Township 19 South, Range 25 East Facility ID: fAPP2305375093 County: Eddy

Prepared for: Silverback Exploration 108 South 4th Street Artesia, New Mexico 88210

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division – District 2 – Artesia 811 S. 1st Street Artesia, New Mexico 88210

Prepared by: Vertex Resource Services Inc. 3101 Boyd Drive Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220

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July 19, 2024

Date

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July 19, 2024

Date

Silverback Exploration	Release Assessment and Closure
Boyd X State Com CTB	July 2024

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Silverback Exploration Boyd X State Com CTB

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Release Assessment and Closure July 2024

1.0 Introduction

Silverback Exploration (Silverback) retained Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) to conduct a Release Assessment and Closure for a produced water spill that occurred on September 9, 2023, at Boyd X State Com CTB (hereafter referred to as the "site"). Silverback submitted an initial C-141 Release Notification (Appendix A) to New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) District 2 on September 13, 2023. Incident ID number nAPP2325637059 was assigned to this incident.

This report provides a description of the release assessment and remediation activities associated with the site. The information presented demonstrates that closure criteria established in Table I of 19.15.29.12 of the *New Mexico Administrative Code* (NMAC; New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, 2018) related to NMOCD has been met and all applicable regulations are being followed. This document is intended to serve as a final report to obtain approval from NMOCD for closure of this release, with the understanding that restoration of the release site will be deferred until such time as all oil and gas activities are terminated and the site is reclaimed as per NMAC 19.15.29.13.

2.0 Incident Description

The release occurred on September 5, 2023, due to the water transfer pump failing to start, which caused the water tanks to overfill and release fluids. The incident was reported on September 13, 2023, and involved the release of approximately 24 barrels (bbl.) of produced water into the lined containment. Approximately 24 bbl. of free fluid was removed during initial clean-up. Additional details relevant to the release are presented in the C-141 Report. Daily Field Report (DFR) and site photographs are included in Appendix C.

3.0 Site Characteristics

The site is located approximately 13.7 miles southwest of Artesia, New Mexico (Google Inc., 2023). The legal location for the site is Section 15, Township 19 South and Range 25 East in Eddy County, New Mexico. The spill area is located on private property.

The location is typical of oil and gas exploration and production sites in the Permian Basin and is currently used for oil and gas production and storage. The following sections specifically describe the release area surrounding the tank battery on the constructed pad.

The Geological Map of New Mexico (New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2023) indicates the site's surface geology primarily comprises Qp – Piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower Pleistocene) which include uplands landforms, mainly on hill slopes, ridges, plains, terraces and some fan remnants. The predominant soil texture on the site is loam. Soil can be classified as well-drained with a low runoff class. There is medium potential for karst geology at the site (United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, 2018).

The surrounding landscape is associated with fan remnants and alluvial fans with elevations ranging between 2,842 and 5,000 feet. The climate is semiarid with average annual precipitation ranging between 6 and 14 inches. Using information from the United States Department of Agriculture, the dominant vegetation was determined to be black grama, tobosa, blue grama, and other mixed shrubs. Grasses with shrubs and half-shrubs dominate the historic plant

community (United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2023). Limited to no vegetation is allowed to grow on the compacted production pad and access road.

4.0 Closure Criteria Determination

The nearest active well to the site is a New Mexico Office of the State Engineer (NMOSE) monitoring well located approximately 0.65 miles southwest of the location (NMOSE, 2023). Data from 2021 shows the NMOSE borehole recorded any groundwater depth of 102ft. Information pertaining to the depth to ground water determination is included in Appendix B.

There is no surface water present at the site. The nearest significant watercourse, as defined in Subsection P of 19.15.17.7 NMAC, is the Pecos River located approximately 9.9 miles east of the site (United States Fish and Wildlife Service, 2023).

At the site, there are no continuously flowing watercourses or significant watercourses, lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes or other critical water or community features as outlined in Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

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Table 1. Closure Criteria Determination				
Site Specif	ic Conditions	Value	Unit	
	Depth to Groundwater (nearest reference)	102	feet	
1	Distance between release and pearest DTGW reference	3,460	feet	
1	Distance between release and nearest DTGW reference	0.66	miles	
	Date of nearest DTGW reference measurement	Decembe	r 21, 2021	
2	Within 300 feet of any continuously flowing watercourse	2 552	foot	
2	or any other significant watercourse 3,553		feet	
2	Within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake	4 262	foot	
3	(measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	4,202	ieet	
4	Within 300 feet from an occupied residence, school,	0.225	foot	
4	hospital, institution or church	9,225	leet	
	i) Within 500 feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh			
	water well used by less than five households for	3,455	feet	
5	domestic or stock watering purposes, or			
	ii) Within 1000 feet of any fresh water well or spring	3 155	feet	
	in within 1000 leet of any nesh water wen of spring	5,455	leet	
	Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a			
	defined municipal fresh water field covered under a			
6	municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 3-27-3	No	(Y/N)	
	NMSA 1978 as amended, unless the municipality			
	specifically approves			
7	Within 300 feet of a wetland	13,105	feet	
	Within the area overlying a subsurface mine	No	(Y/N)	
8	Distance between release and pearest registered mine	22.025	foot	
		23,023	leet	
			Critical	
	Within an unstable area (Karst Man)	Madium	High	
0		Weaturn	Medium	
9			Low	
	Distance between release and pearest unstable area	0.259	foot	
		5,558	leet	
	Within a 100-year Floodplain	500	year	
10	Distance between release and nearest FEMA Zone A (100-	3 239	feet	
	year Floodplain)	3,239	leet	
11	Soil Type	RE: Reagan Upton		
10	Ecological Classification		NM Loamy	
12		R042C1153	NIVI - LOAMY	
13	Geology	Qp- Piedmont a	alluvial deposits	
			<50'	
	NIVIAC 19.15.29.12 E (Table 1) Closure Criteria	<50'	51-100'	
l			>100'	

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Silverback Exploration	Release Assessment and Closure
Boyd X State Com CTB	July 2024

The closure criteria determined for the site are associated with the following constituent concentration limits as presented in Table 2.

Table 2. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release			
Minimum depth below any point within the horizontal boundary of the release to groundwater less than	Constituent	Limit	
10,000 mg/1125	Chloride	600 mg/kg	
< E0 fact	TPH (GRO+DRO+MRO)	100 mg/kg	
< 50 leet	BTEX	50 mg/kg	
	Benzene	10 mg/kg	

TDS – total dissolved solids

TPH – total petroleum hydrocarbons, GRO – gas range organics, DRO – diesel range organics, MRO – motor oil range organics

BTEX – benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes

5.0 Remedial Actions Taken

An initial site inspection of the spill was completed on September 8, 2023, which identified the area of the spill specified in the initial C-141 report. During this time all standing fluids had been removed by vacuum trucks and a work crew was dispatched to power wash all dried mud, hydrocarbons, salt remnants, and other impacted materials from the surfaces of the liner. On July 16, 2024, Silverback provided 48-hour notification of the liner inspection to NMOCD District 2, as required by Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of Subsection A 19.15.29.11 NMAC (Appendix D). On July 19, 2024, Vertex was on-site to conduct inspection of the liner remained intact and had the ability to contain the release. The inspection confirmed the liner remained intact and had the ability to contain the release. The inspection confirmed the liner remained intact and had the ability to contain the release. The containment, and respective tanks and equipment inside were measured and the calculated volume checked against the reported fluid volume released for the incident. The area of the steel-walled lined containment was measured out to be approximately 50 feet by 90 feet with a height of 2.5 feet. The total liner inspection surface area is approximately 5,200sqft. The liner integrity was confirmed and documented in the Daily Field Report (DFR) (Appendix C).

6.0 Closure Request

Vertex recommends no additional remediation action to address the release at the site. The containment liner was intact and contained the release. There are no anticipated risks to human, ecological, or hydrological receptors associated with the release site.

Vertex requests that this incident (nAPP2325637059) be closed as all closure requirements set forth in Subsection E of 19.15.29.12 NMAC have been met. Silverback certifies that all information in this report and the attachments are correct and that they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in Division rules and directives to meet NMOCD requirements to obtain closure on the September 5, 2023, release at Boyd X State Com CTB.

Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at (575) 361-4509 or frodriguez@vertex.ca

Silverback Exploration
Boyd X State Com CTB

7.0 References

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Release Assessment and Closure July 2024

8.0 Limitations

This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of Silverback Exploration (Silverback). This document may not be used by any other person or entity, with the exception of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division without the express written consent of Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) and Silverback. Any use of this report by a third party, or any reliance on decisions made based on it, or damages suffered as a result of the use of this report are the sole responsibility of the user.

The information and conclusions contained in this report are based upon work undertaken by trained professional and technical staff in accordance with generally accepted scientific practices current at the time the work was performed. The conclusions and recommendations presented represent the best judgement of Vertex based on the data collected during the assessment. Due to the nature of the assessment and the data available, Vertex cannot warrant against undiscovered environmental liabilities. Conclusions and recommendations presented in this report should not be considered legal advice.

APPENDIX A - NMOCD C-141 Report

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Form C-141 Revised August 24, 2018 Submit to appropriate OCD District office

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Incident ID	
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

Release Notification

Responsible Party

Responsible Party	OGRID
Contact Name	Contact Telephone
Contact email	Incident # (assigned by OCD)
Contact mailing address	

Location of Release Source

Longitude

Latitude		

Site Name	Site Type
Date Release Discovered	API# (if applicable)

(NAD 83 in decimal degrees to 5 decimal places)

Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	County

Surface Owner: State Federal Tribal Private (Name: _

Nature and Volume of Release

Material(s) Released (Select all that apply and attach calculations or specific justification for the volumes provided below)

Crude Oil	Volume Released (bbls)	Volume Recovered (bbls)
Produced Water	Volume Released (bbls)	Volume Recovered (bbls)
	Is the concentration of dissolved chloride in the produced water >10,000 mg/l?	Yes No
Condensate	Volume Released (bbls)	Volume Recovered (bbls)
Natural Gas	Volume Released (Mcf)	Volume Recovered (Mcf)
Other (describe)	Volume/Weight Released (provide units)	Volume/Weight Recovered (provide units)
Cause of Release		

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Incident ID		
District RP		
Facility ID		
Application ID		

Was this a major release as defined by 19.15.29.7(A) NMAC?	If YES, for what reason(s) does the responsible party consider this a major release?
🗌 Yes 🗌 No	
If YES, was immediate no	otice given to the OCD? By whom? To whom? When and by what means (phone, email, etc)?

Initial Response

The responsible party must undertake the following actions immediately unless they could create a safety hazard that would result in injury

The source of the release has been stopped.

The impacted area has been secured to protect human health and the environment.

Released materials have been contained via the use of berms or dikes, absorbent pads, or other containment devices.

All free liquids and recoverable materials have been removed and managed appropriately.

If all the actions described above have not been undertaken, explain why:

Per 19.15.29.8 B. (4) NMAC the responsible party may commence remediation immediately after discovery of a release. If remediation has begun, please attach a narrative of actions to date. If remedial efforts have been successfully completed or if the release occurred within a lined containment area (see 19.15.29.11(A)(5)(a) NMAC), please attach all information needed for closure evaluation.

I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.

Printed Name:	Title:
Signature: MArk Ritchis	Date:
email:	Telephone:
OCD Only	
Received by:	Date:

APPENDIX B – Closure Criteria Research Documentation

New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water

(A CLW##### in the POD suffix indicates the POD has been replaced & no longer serves a water right file.)	(R=POD has been replaced O=orphaned, C=the file is closed)	3	(qua (qua	rters	are are	1=NW smalle:	2=NE st to la	3=SW 4=SE rgest) (N	E) AD83 UTM in me	eters)	(In feet)	
	POD		•	•	~						D		
POD Number	Sub- Code basin C	oun	u ty 64	16 ·	ມ 4 Se	c Tws	Rng	х	Y	Distance	Well	Water	Water Column
RA 13122 POD2	RA	ED	3	3	2 2 [,]	1 19S	25E	547996	3612385 🌍	1053	108	102	6
RA 13122 POD1	RA	ED	1	3	2 2'	1 19S	25E	547935	3612424 🌍	1073			
RA 02909	RA	ED		1	3 22	2 19S	25E	548864	3611989* 🌍	1137	188	130	58
RA 05900	RA	ED		2	2 16	6 19S	25E	548442	3614424* 🌍	1339	185	95	90
RA 05450	RA	СН		4	2 1	5 19S	25E	550057	3614015* 🌍	1582	204	80	124
RA 08986	RA	ED	1	3	3 22	2 19S	25E	548825	3611507 🌍	1615	320	220	100
RA 13269 POD1	RA	ED	4	1	1 16	5 19S	25E	547276	3614401 🌍	1953	55		
RA 03304	RA	ED			1 27	7 19S	25E	549081	3610973* 🌍	2173	130	60	70
RA 06418	RA	ED	1	2	3 17	7 19S	25E	545925	3613710* 🌍	2886	120	72	48
RA 05333	RA	ED		2	2 09	9 19S	25E	548430	3616046* 🌍	2942	315	260	55
RA 13210 POD1	RA	ED	3	2	4 23	3 19S	25E	551644	3611983 🌍	3109	101	82	19
RA 11654 POD1	RA	ED		3	2 19	9 19S	25E	544959	3612514 🌍	3840	500		
RA 04208	RA	ED		2	4 03	3 19S	25E	550036	3616845* 🌍	3939	110		
RA 04726	RA	ED		3	2 19	9 19S	25E	544825	3612390* 🌍	3993	390	310	80
RA 12222 POD1	RA	ED	2	4	2 30) 19S	25E	545284	3610884 🌍	4125			
RA 09295	RA	ED	4	3	4 13	3 19S	25E	552979	3613115* 🌍	4228	250	85	165
RA 04236	RA	СН	3	3	1 02	2 19S	25E	550335	3617145* 🌍	4324	360	204	156
RA 04426	RA	СН		4	3 18	3 19S	25E	544412	3613201* 🌍	4339	715		
RA 09293	RA	ED	3	4	4 13	3 19S	25E	553180	3613114* 🌍	4429	250	60	190
RA 09294	RA	ED	3	4	4 1:	3 19S	25E	553180	3613114* 🌍	4429	194	76	118
RA 04722	RA	ED		3	1 02	2 19S	25E	550436	3617246* 🌍	4455	200	42	158
RA 02958	RA	ED		1	4 34	4 19S	25E	549681	3608740* 🌍	4478	450		
RA 05331	RA	ED	1	1	4 0	5 19S	25E	546308	3616955* 😜	4546	460	305	155
RA 03942	RA	ED	3	2	4 30) 19S	25E	545141	3610277* 🌍	4595	270	222	48
RA 03018	RA	ED	3	2	4 34	4 19S	25E	549987	3608639* 😑	4649	530		
RA 08611	RA	ED	1	1	1 19	9 19S	26E	553583	3612909* 🌍	4836	235	90	145
*UTM location was derived fi	rom PLSS - see H	lelp											

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Received by OCD: 7/26/202 (A CLW##### in the POD suffix indicates the POD has been replaced & no longer serves a water right file.)	24 12:01:01 AM (R=POD has been replaced, O=orphaned, C=the file is closed)	(quari	ers ar	re 1=∣ re sm	NW 2	2=NE st to la	3=SW 4= rgest)	SE) (NAD83 UTM	in met	ers)	(1	Pag	e 16 of 74
POD Number	POD Sub- Code basin Co	Q unty 64 1	Q Q 16 4 \$	Sec 1	Гws	Rng		X Y		Distance	Depth Well	Depth Water	Water Column
RA 03983	RA C	СН	43	01	19S	25E	55245	57 3616444 [°]	•	4977	375	100	275
								,	Verage	e Depth to Minimum Maximum	Water: Depth:	136 42 310	feet feet
Record Count: 27													
UTMNAD83 Radius S	earch (in meters	s):											

Easting (X): 548751

Northing (Y): 3613121

Radius: 5000

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

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U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory

Boyd X State Com CTB Watercourse



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National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper

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Received by OCD: 7/26/2024 12:01:01 AM

Boyd X State Com CTB

Nearest Significant Watercourse: 9.9mi East

Boyd X State Com CTB

Legend

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Boyd X State Com CTB

Lakewood

Seven Rivers

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7 km

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U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

Boyd X State Com CTB Lake



Lake

Other

Riverine

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Pond

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Released to Imaging: 8/15/2024 8:24:12 AM

base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.





New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Active & Inactive Points of Diversion

(with Ownership Information)

					and no longer serves this	s file, (quar	ters are	1=NW	2=NE 3=SW	4=SE)		
	(acre ft p	er annum)			C=the file is closed)	(quar	ters are	smalle	est to largest)	(NAD83	UTM in meters)	
	Sub			Well			qqq					
WR File Nbr	basin Use Diver	rsion Owner	County POD Number	Tag	Code Grant	Source	6416 4	Sec	Tws Rng	Х	Y	Distance
RA 13122	RA MON	0 WHITE DRILLING COMPANY INC	ED RA 13122 POD2	NA		Shallow	332	21	19S 25E	547996	3612385 🌍	1053
			ED RA 13122 POD1				132	21	19S 25E	547935	3612424 🌍	1073
RA 02909	RA DOM	3 TAYLOR ROSS	ED <u>RA 02909</u>			Shallow	13	22	19S 25E	548864	3611989* 🌍	1137
RA 05900	RA STK	3 JAMES H AND BETTY R HOWELL REVOCABLE TRUST	ED <u>RA 05900</u>			Shallow	22	16	19S 25E	548442	3614424* 🌍	1339
RA 05450	RA STK	0 LEATHERWOOD DRILLING CO.	CH <u>RA 05450</u>			Shallow	4 2	15	19S 25E	550057	3614015* 🌍	1582

Record Count: 5

UTMNAD83 Radius Search (in meters):

Easting (X): 548751

Northing (Y): 3613121

Radius: 1610

Sorted by: Distance

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

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U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

Boyd X State Com CTB Wetland



September 12, 2023

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

- Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Pond

Lake Other Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

Released to Imaging: 8/15/2024 8:24:12 AM

Boyd X State Com CTB Mine



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NM Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (http://nm-emnrd.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1b5e577974664d689b47790897ca2795)



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Legend

regulatory purposes.

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Releasea to Imaging: 8/15/2024 8.924:12 AM 1,500 2,000

Basemap Imagery Source: USGS National Map 2023



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Released to Imaging: 8/15/2024 8:24:12 AM 9/12/2023 Page 1 of 3

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Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
RE	Reagan-Upton association, 0 to 9 percent slopes	25.8	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		25.8	100.0%





United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Eddy Area, New Mexico



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

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identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.


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Custom Soil Resource Report

MAP L	EGEND	MAP INFORMATION
Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)	Spoil Area Stony Spot	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.
Soils Soil Map Unit Polygons Soil Map Unit Lines Soil Map Unit Points Special Point Features Blowout	 Very Stony Spot Wet Spot Other Special Line Features Water Features	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.
Image: Source of the second of the secon	Streams and CanalsTransportation+++Rails	 Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Eddy Area, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 18, Sep 8, 2022 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 12, 2022—Dec 2, 2022
Sodic Spot		The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend (Boyd X State Com CTB)

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
RE	Reagan-Upton association, 0 to 9 percent slopes	25.8	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		25.8	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions (Boyd X State Com CTB)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Eddy Area, New Mexico

RE-Reagan-Upton association, 0 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1w5d Elevation: 1,100 to 5,400 feet Mean annual precipitation: 6 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 60 to 64 degrees F Frost-free period: 180 to 240 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Reagan and similar soils: 70 percent Upton and similar soils: 25 percent Minor components: 5 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Reagan

Setting

Landform: Fan remnants, alluvial fans Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium and/or eolian deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: loam *H2 - 8 to 60 inches:* loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 40 percent
Maximum salinity: Very slightly saline to moderately saline (2.0 to 8.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 8.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 2e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: R042CY153NM - Loamy Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Upton

Setting

Landform: Ridges, fans Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, rise Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Residuum weathered from limestone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 9 inches: gravelly loam

H2 - 9 to 13 inches: gravelly loam

H3 - 13 to 21 inches: cemented

H4 - 21 to 60 inches: very gravelly loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 9 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 20 inches to petrocalcic
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately high (0.01 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 75 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: R042CY159NM - Shallow Loamy Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Atoka

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Ecological site: R070BC007NM - Loamy Hydric soil rating: No

Pima

Percent of map unit: 2 percent *Ecological site:* R070BC017NM - Bottomland *Hydric soil rating:* No

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USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Released to Imaging: 8/15/2024 8:24:12 AM

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.
Soils Soil Rating Polygons R042CY153NM Not rated or not available Soil Rating Lines R042CY153NM Not rated or not available Not rated or not available	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map
Soil Rating Points R042CY153NM Not rated or not available	measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
Water Features Streams and Canals Transportation HIM Rails	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
 Interstate Highways US Routes 	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Eddy Area, New Mexico
Local Roads	Survey Area Data: Version 18, Sep 8, 2022 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.
Aerial Photography	Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 12, 2022—De 2, 2022 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



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All Ecological Sites —

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Component name (percent)	Ecological site	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
RE	Reagan-Upton association, 0 to	Reagan (70%)	R042CY153NM — Loamy	25.8	100.0%
	9 percent slopes	Upton (25%)	R042CY159NM — Shallow Loamy		
		Atoka (3%)	R070BC007NM — Loamy		
		Pima (2%)	R070BC017NM — Bottomland		
Totals for Area of In	nterest	·	•	25.8	100.0%



Boyd X CTB Geology



9/12/2023, 4:37:38 PM

Lithologic Units

Playa—Alluvium and evaporite deposits (Holocene)

Water-Perenial standing water

Qa—Alluvium (Holocene to upper Pleistocene)

1:144,448 2 1 4 mi 0 1.5 0 3 6 km

Esri, NASA, NGA, USGS, NMBGMR, USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, 3DEP Elevation Program, Geographic Names

ArcGIS Web AppBuilder

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APPENDIX C – Daily Field Report with Photographs



Client:	Silverback Exploration	Inspection Date:	9/08/2023 8:00 AM	
Site Location Name:	Boyd X State Com CTB	Report Run Date:	9/08/2023 1:35 PM	
Client Contact Name:		API #:		
Client Contact Phone #:				
Unique Project ID		Project Owner:		
Project Reference #		Project Manager:		
		Summary of T	ïmes	
Arrived at Site				
Departed Site				
		Field Note	25	

Next Steps & Recommendations

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Site Photos Viewing Direction: Northwest Viewing Direction: West Overview of the containment Overview of the containment Viewing Direction: North Viewing Direction: North Overview of the containment Overview of the containment



Page 52 of 74







Overview of the containment

Page 4 of 5



Daily Site Visit Signature

Inspector: Fernando Rodriguez

Signature:

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Client:	Silverback Exploration	Inspection Date:	7/19/2024 9:00 AM
Site Location Name:	Boyd X State Com CTB	Report Run Date:	7/19/2024 3:47 PM
Client Contact Name:		API #:	
Client Contact Phone #:		-	
Unique Project ID		Project Owner:	
Project Reference #		Project Manager:	
		Summary of	Гimes
Arrived at Site			
Departed Site			
		Field Note	es
9:42 Onsite to take p	hotographs of the lined cont	ainment and to confirm	n the liner remains intact.

Next Steps & Recommendations

1





Site Photos









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Page 61 of 74















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Daily Site Visit Signature

Inspector: Fernando Rodriguez

Signature:

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APPENDIX D – Notification

SIGN-IN HELP

Searches Operator Data Hearing Fee Application

OCD Permitting

Home Operator Data Action Status Action Search Results Action Status Item Details

[NOTIFY] Notification Of Liner Inspection (C-141L) Application

Submission Information			
Submission ID:	364497	Districts:	Artesia
Operator:	[330968] Silverback Operating II, LLC	Counties:	Eddy
Description:	Silverback Operating II, LLC [330968] , BOYD X STATE COM CTB , nAPP2325637059		
Status:	APPROVED		
Status Date:	07/16/2024		
References (1):	nAPP2325637059		

Forms

This application type does not have attachments.

Questions Prerequisites

Incident ID (n#)	nAPP2325637059
Incident Name	NAPP2325637059 BOYD X STATE COM CTB @ 0
Incident Type	Produced Water Release
Incident Status	Initial C-141 Approved

Location of Release Source

Site Name	BOYD X STATE COM CTB
Date Release Discovered	09/05/2023
Surface Owner	Private

Liner Inspection Event Information

 Please answer all the questions in this group.

 Vhat is the liner inspection surface area in square feet
 5,200

 Have all the impacted materials been removed from the liner
 Yes

 Liner inspection date pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of Subsection A
 07/19/2024

 of 19.15.29.11 NMAC
 08:00 AM

 Please provide any information necessary for observers to liner inspection
 Inspector Information: Fernando Rodriguez @ (575) 361-4509

 Please provide any information necessary for navigation to liner inspection site
 Driving Directions: US Hwy 285 and Rocking R Red Rd, drive West for 5.00mi. Turn right onto lease road and location will be to the right.

SIGN-IN HELP

		Searches	Operator Data	Hearing Fee Application
Comments				
No comments found for this	s submission.			
Conditions				
Summary:	htreffert (7/16/2024), Failure to notify the OCD of liner inspections including any changes in inspection not being accepted.	date/time per the rea	quirements of 19.15.29.11./	A(5)(a)(ii) NMAC, may result in the
Reasons				
No reasons found for this s	ubmission.			
Go Back				

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EMNRD Home OCD Main Page OCD Rules Help

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811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

District IV 1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

QUESTIONS

Action 367381

QUESTIONS		
Operator:	OGRID:	
Silverback Operating II, LLC	330968	
1001 W. Wilshire Blvd	Action Number:	
Oklahoma City, OK 73112	367381	
	Action Type:	
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)	

QUESTIONS

Prerequisites	
Incident ID (n#)	nAPP2325637059
Incident Name	NAPP2325637059 BOYD X STATE COM CTB @ 0
Incident Type	Produced Water Release
Incident Status	Remediation Closure Report Received

Location of Release Source

Please answer all the questions in this group.	
Site Name	BOYD X STATE COM CTB
Date Release Discovered	09/05/2023
Surface Owner	Private

Incident Details

Please answer all the questions in this group.	
Incident Type	Produced Water Release
Did this release result in a fire or is the result of a fire	No
Did this release result in any injuries	No
Has this release reached or does it have a reasonable probability of reaching a watercourse	No
Has this release endangered or does it have a reasonable probability of endangering public health	No
Has this release substantially damaged or will it substantially damage property or the environment	No
Is this release of a volume that is or may with reasonable probability be detrimental to fresh water	No

Nature and Volume of Release

Material(s) released, please answer all that apply below. Any calculations or specific justifications for the volumes provided should be attached to the follow-up C-141 submission.		
Crude Oil Released (bbls) Details	Not answered.	
Produced Water Released (bbls) Details	Cause: Overflow - Tank, Pit, Etc. Water Tank Produced Water Released: 24 BBL Recovered: 24 BBL Lost: 0 BBL.	
Is the concentration of chloride in the produced water >10,000 mg/l	Yes	
Condensate Released (bbls) Details	Not answered.	
Natural Gas Vented (Mcf) Details	Not answered.	
Natural Gas Flared (Mcf) Details	Not answered.	
Other Released Details	Not answered.	
Are there additional details for the questions above (i.e. any answer containing Other, Specify, Unknown, and/or Fire, or any negative lost amounts)	Not answered.	

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QUESTIONS, Page 2

Action 367381

QUESTIONS (continued)

Operator:	OGRID:
Silverback Operating II, LLC	330968
1001 W. Wilshire Blvd	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73112	367381
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

QUESTIONS

Nature and Volume of Release (continued)	
Is this a gas only submission (i.e. only significant Mcf values reported)	No, according to supplied volumes this does not appear to be a "gas only" report.
Was this a major release as defined by Subsection A of 19.15.29.7 NMAC	No
Reasons why this would be considered a submission for a notification of a major release	Unavailable.
With the implementation of the 19.15.27 NMAC (05/25/2021), venting and/or flaring of natural gas (i.e	gas only) are to be submitted on the C-129 form.

Initial	Response

The responsible party must undertake the following actions immediately unless they could create a s	afety hazard that would result in injury.
The source of the release has been stopped	True
The impacted area has been secured to protect human health and the environment	True
Released materials have been contained via the use of berms or dikes, absorbent pads, or other containment devices	True
All free liquids and recoverable materials have been removed and managed appropriately	True
If all the actions described above have not been undertaken, explain why	Not answered.
Per Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.29.8 NMAC the responsible party may commence remedi actions to date in the follow-up C-141 submission. If remedial efforts have been successfully complei Subsection A of 19.15.29.11 NMAC), please prepare and attach all information needed for closure e	ation immediately after discovery of a release. If remediation has begun, please prepare and attach a narrative of ted or if the release occurred within a lined containment area (see Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of valuation in the follow-up C-141 submission.
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my later report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for release the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to a water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report local laws and/or regulations.	knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required ases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface t does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or
I hereby agree and sign off to the above statement	Name: Heather Treffert Title: Field Operations Analyst Email: htreffert@silverbackexp.com Date: 07/25/2024

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QUESTIONS, Page 3

Action 367381

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QUESTIONS (continued)

Operator:	OGRID:
Silverback Operating II, LLC	330968
1001 W. Wilshire Blvd	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73112	367381
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

QUESTIONS

Site Characterization

Please answer all the questions in this group (only required when seeking remediation plan approval and beyond). This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.

What is the shallowest depth to groundwater beneath the area affected by the release in feet below ground surface (ft bgs)	Between 100 and 500 (ft.)
What method was used to determine the depth to ground water	NM OSE iWaters Database Search
Did this release impact groundwater or surface water	No
What is the minimum distance, between the closest lateral extents of the release and the following surface areas:	
A continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse	Between ½ and 1 (mi.)
Any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	Between ½ and 1 (mi.)
An occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
A spring or a private domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes	Between ½ and 1 (mi.)
Any other fresh water well or spring	Between 1000 (ft.) and ½ (mi.)
Incorporated municipal boundaries or a defined municipal fresh water well field	Greater than 5 (mi.)
A wetland	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
A subsurface mine	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
An (non-karst) unstable area	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
Categorize the risk of this well / site being in a karst geology	Medium
A 100-year floodplain	Between ½ and 1 (mi.)
Did the release impact areas not on an exploration, development, production, or storage site	No

Remediation Plan

Please answer all the questions that apply or are indicated. This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.		
Requesting a remediation plan approval with this submission	Yes	
Attach a comprehensive report demonstrating the lateral and vertical extents of soil contamination associated with the release have been determined, pursuant to 19.15.29.11 NMAC and 19.15.29.13 NMAC.		
Have the lateral and vertical extents of contamination been fully delineated	Yes	
Was this release entirely contained within a lined containment area	Yes	
Per Subsection B of 19.15.29.11 NMAC unless the site characterization report includes completed efforts at remediation, the report must include a proposed remediation plan in accordance with 19.15.29.12 NMAC, which includes the anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation.		
On what estimated date will the remediation commence	07/19/2024	
On what date will (or did) the final sampling or liner inspection occur	07/19/2024	
On what date will (or was) the remediation complete(d)	07/19/2024	
What is the estimated surface area (in square feet) that will be remediated	0	
What is the estimated volume (in cubic yards) that will be remediated	0	
These estimated dates and measurements are recognized to be the best guess or calculation at the time of submission and may (be) change(d) over time as more remediation efforts are completed.		

liation measures may have to be minimally adjusted in accordance with the physical realities encountered during remediation. If the responsible party has any need to OCD recognizes that proposed reme significantly deviate from the remediation plan proposed, then it should consult with the division to determine if another remediation plan submission is required.

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Action 367381

QUESTIONS (continued)	
Operator:	OGRID:
Silverback Operating II, LLC 1001 W. Wilshire Blvd Oklahoma City, OK 73112	330968
	Action Number:
	367381
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

QUESTIONS

Remediation Plan (continued)	
Please answer all the questions that apply or are indicated. This information must be provided to the	e appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.
This remediation will (or is expected to) utilize the following processes to remediate	e / reduce contaminants:
(Select all answers below that apply.)	
Is (or was) there affected material present needing to be removed	No
Is (or was) there a power wash of the lined containment area (to be) performed	No
OTHER (Non-listed remedial process)	Yes
Other Non-listed Remedial Process. Please specify	no remediation needed after liner inspection
Per Subsection B of 19.15.29.11 NMAC unless the site characterization report includes completed e which includes the anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation.	fforts at remediation, the report must include a proposed remediation plan in accordance with 19.15.29.12 NMAC,
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.	
I hereby agree and sign off to the above statement	Name: Heather Treffert Title: Field Operations Analyst Email: htteffert@silverbackexp.com

Date: 07/25/2024 The OCD recognizes that proposed remediation measures may have to be minimally adjusted in accordance with the physical realities encountered during remediation. If the responsible party has any need to significantly deviate from the remediation plan proposed, then it should consult with the division to determine if another remediation plan submission is required.
District I

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QUESTIONS, Page 6

Action 367381

 QUESTIONS (continued)

 Operator:
 OGRID:

 Silverback Operating II, LLC
 330968

 1001 W. Wilshire Blvd
 Action Number:

 Oklahoma City, OK 73112
 367381

 Action Type:
 [C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

QUESTIONS

Liner Inspection Information		
Last liner inspection notification (C-141L) recorded	364497	
Liner inspection date pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of Subsection A of 19.15.29.11 NMAC	07/19/2024	
Was all the impacted materials removed from the liner	Yes	
What was the liner inspection surface area in square feet	5200	

Remediation Closure Request

 Only answer the questions in this group if seeking remediation closure for this release because all remediation steps have been completed.

 Requesting a remediation closure approval with this submission
 Yes

 Have the lateral and vertical extents of contamination been fully delineated
 Yes

 Was this release entirely contained within a lined containment area
 Yes

 What was the total surface area (in square feet) remediated
 0

 What was the total volume (cubic yards) remediated
 0

 Summarize any additional remediation activities not included by answers (above)
 no remediation was needed. Only a liner inspection was done.

 The responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a responsible party must attach information applied bit and applicable closure requirements and any exactling prior to becifying upding a base of output of a ustody documents of any exactling prior to becifying upding a base of a ustody docum

comprehensive report (in .pdf format) including a scaled site map, sampling diagrams, relevant field notes, photographs of any excavation prior to backfilling, laboratory data including chain of custody documents of final sampling, and a narrative of the remedial activities. Refer to 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations. The responsible party acknowledges they must substantially restore, reclaim, and re-vegetate the impacted surface area to the conditions that existed prior to the release or their final land use in accordance with 19.15.29.13 NMAC including notification to the OCD when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete.

I hereby agree and sign off to the above statement	Name: Heather Treffert Title: Field Operations Analyst Email: htreffert@silverbackexp.com Date: 07/25/2024
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CONDITIONS

Action 367381

CONDITIONS Operator: OGRID: Silverback Operating II, LLC 330968 1001 W. Wilshire Blvd Action Number: Oklahoma City, OK 73112 367381 Action Type: [C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
rhamlet	We have received your Remediation Closure Report for Incident #NAPP2325637059 BOYD X STATE COM CTB, thank you. This Remediation Closure Report is approved.	8/15/2024