Form 3160-3 FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 (June 2015) Expires: January 31, 2018 **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR 5. Lease Serial No. BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. DRILL REENTER 1a. Type of work: 1b. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well Other 8. Lease Name and Well No. 1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing Single Zone Multiple Zone 2. Name of Operator 9. API Well No. 30-015-32444 10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory 3a. Address 3b. Phone No. (include area code) 4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.*) 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area At surface At proposed prod. zone 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 12. County or Parish 13. State 15. Distance from proposed* 16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 18. Distance from proposed location* 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 22. Approximate date work will start* 21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 23. Estimated duration 24. Attachments The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable) 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see 2. A Drilling Plan. Item 20 above). 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the 5. Operator certification. SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the 25. Signature Name (Printed/Typed) Date Title Approved by (Signature) Name (Printed/Typed) Date Title Office Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction

APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS

APPROVAL Date: 11/22/2024

*(Instructions on page 2)

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720

<u>District III</u> 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170 District IV

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico

Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr.

Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011 Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

☐ AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

20007	¹ API Number		² Pool Code				
222227	30-015- 45150 (32444	97803	SWD; Devonian			
322227 DENALISWD 1			⁵ P ₁	roperty Name	⁶ Well Number		
	322227		DENALI SWD				
⁷ OGRID No. ⁸ Operator Name ⁹ Elevation	⁷ OGRID No.		⁸ Operator Name				
13837 MACK ENERGY CORPORATION 3601.4	13837		MACK ENERGY CORPORATION				

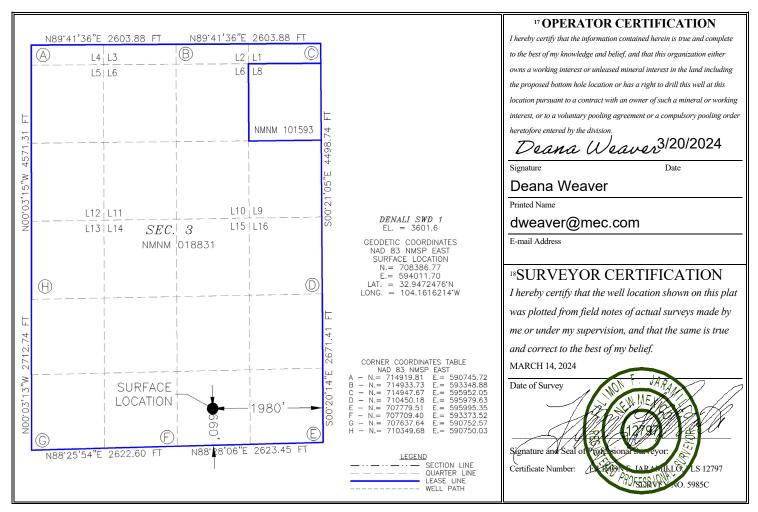
¹⁰ Surface Location

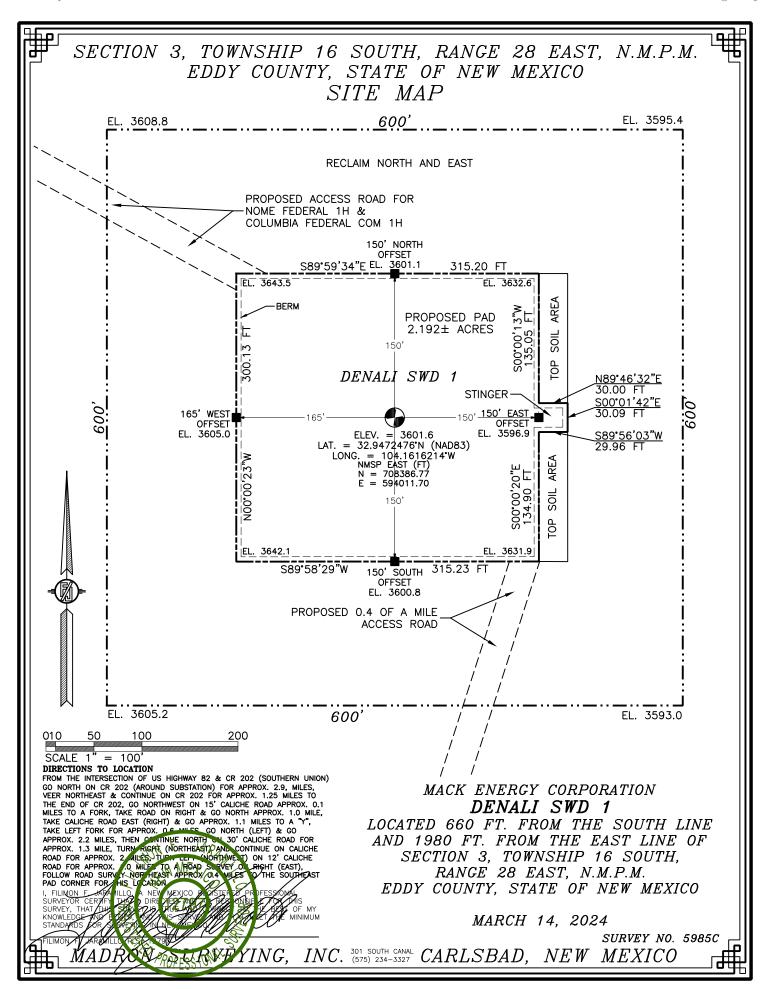
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County	
O	3	16 S	28 E		660	SOUTH	1980	EAST	EDDY	
" Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface										
III on lot no	Continu	Township	Dange	L of Idn	East from the	Nouth/Couth line	East from the	East/West line	County	

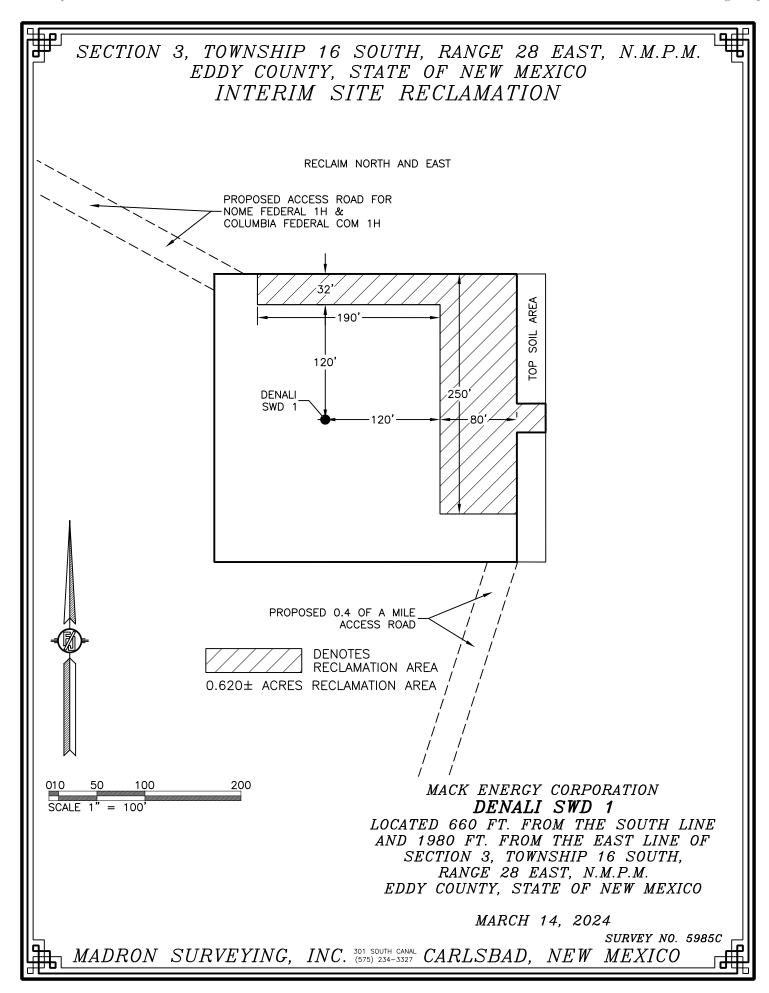
UL or lot no. Section Township Range Lot Idn Feet from the North/South line Feet from the East/West line County

12 Dedicated Acres 13 Joint or Infill 14 Consolidation Code 15 Order No.

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.







STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

ORDER

GRANTING UIC PERMIT SWD-2533

Mack Energy Corporation ("Applicant") filed an Application for Authorization to Inject (Form C-108) ("Application") with the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division ("OCD") to inject produced water at the Applicant's Denali SWD No. 1 ("Well"), as more fully described in Appendix A.

THE OCD FINDS THAT:

- 1. Applicant provided the information required by 19.15.26 NMAC and the Form C-108 for an application to inject produced water into a Class II Underground Injection Control ("UIC") well.
- 2. Applicant complied with the notice requirements of 19.15.26.8 NMAC.
- 3. No person filed a protest on the Application.
- 4. The Well will inject produced water into the Devonian formation(s).
- 5. The produced water injected into the Well will be confined by layers above and below the approved injection interval.
- 6. No other UIC wells which inject or that are authorized to inject produced water into the same approved injection interval have been permitted within a four-mile(s) radius of the Well.
- 7. Applicant affirmed in a sworn statement by a qualified person that it examined the available geologic and engineering data and found no evidence of open faults or other hydrologic connections between the approved injection interval and any underground sources of drinking water.
- 8. Applicant is in compliance with 19.15.5.9 NMAC.
- 9. Applicant agrees to the Terms and Conditions in the attached Permit.

THE DIVISION CONCLUDES THAT:

- 1. OCD has authority under the Oil and Gas Act, NMSA 1978, §§70-2-1 et seq., and its implementing regulations, 19.15.1 et seq. NMAC, and under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300f et seq., and its implementing regulations, 40 CFR 144 et seq., to issue this permit for a UIC Class II injection well. See 40 CFR 147.1600.
- 2. Based on the information and representations provided in the Application, the proposed injection, if conducted in accordance with the Application and the terms and conditions of the attached Permit, (a) will not result in waste of oil and gas; (b) will not adversely affect correlative rights; (c) will protect underground sources of drinking water; and (d) will protect the public health and environment.
- 3. Applicant is authorized to inject subject to the terms and conditions of the Permit.

Date: 1/30/2025

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

The Applicant be granted UIC Permit SWD-2533 for the Denali SWD No. 1.

GERASIMOS RAZATOS OCD DIRECTOR (Acting)

GR/th

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

UIC CLASS II PERMIT SWD-2533

APPENDIX A – AUTHORIZED INJECTION

Permittee: Mack Energy Corporation

OGRID No.: 13837

Well name: Denali SWD No. 1

(Re-completion of Concho Resources Crow Flats 3 Federal No. 2 [30-015-32444])

Surface location: 660 feet from South line and 1,980 feet from East line (Unit Letter O), Section

3, Township 16 South, Range 28 East, NMPM, Eddy County Latitude: 32.9472476°N; Longitude 104.1616214°W; NAD 1983.

Bottom hole location (if different): Same as surface location.

Type of completion: Open-hole

Type of injection: Produced Water from Permittee's production wells only

Injection fluid: Class II UIC (Produced Water)

Injection interval: Devonian formation, 10,150 feet – 10,650 feet.

Injection interval thickness (feet): 500

Confining layer(s): Woodford Shale (Upper); Montoya formation (Lower)

Prohibited injection interval(s): All formations above or below the permitted injection interval, including lost circulation zones.

Liner, tubing, and packer set: Internally-coated, 2.875-inch (or smaller diameter) tubing with the packer set within 100 feet of the top of open-hole interval; no liner used.

Maximum daily injection rate: 15,000 barrels of water per day.

Maximum surface injection pressure: 2,030 pounds per square inch.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

UIC CLASS II PERMIT SWD-2533

Pursuant to the Oil and Gas Act, NMSA 1978, §§70-2-1 et seq., ("Act") and its implementing regulations, 19.15.1 et seq. NMAC, ("Rules") and the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300f et seq., and its implementing regulations, 40 CFR 144 et seq., the Oil Conservation Division ("OCD") issues this Permit to ("Permittee") to authorize Mack Energy Corporation the construction and operation of a well to inject produced water at the location and under the terms and conditions specified in this Permit and Appendix A.

I. GENERAL CONDITIONS

A. AUTHORIZATION

- 1. Scope of Permit. This Permit authorizes the injection of produced water into the well described on Appendix A ("Well"). Any injection not specifically authorized by this Permit is prohibited. Permittee shall be the "operator" of the Well as defined in 19.15.2.7(O)(5) NMAC.
 - a. Injection is limited to the approved injection interval described in Appendix A. Permittee shall not allow the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into an underground source of drinking water ("USDW") if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of a Primary Drinking Water Regulation adopted pursuant to 40 CFR Part 142 or that may adversely affect the health of any person. [40 CFR 144.12(a)]
 - b. The wellhead injection pressure for the Well shall not exceed the value identified in Appendix A.
 - c. Permittee shall not commence to drill, convert, or recomplete the Well until receiving this approval and until OCD approves a Form C-101 Application for Permit to Drill ("APD") pursuant to 19.15.14 NMAC or receives an approved federal Form 3160-3 APD for the Well. [40 CFR 144.11; 19.15.14.8 and 19.15.26.8 NMAC]
 - d. Permittee shall not commence injection into the Well until the Permittee complies with the conditions in Section I. C. of this Permit.
 - e. This Permit authorizes injection of any UIC Class II fluid or oil field waste defined in 19.15.2.7(E)(6) NMAC.
 - f. This Permit does not authorize injection for an enhanced oil recovery project as defined in 19.15.2.7(E)(2) NMAC.

- **2. Notice of Commencement**. Permittee shall provide written notice on Form C-103 to OCD E-Permitting and notify OCD Engineering Bureau by email of the submittal no later than two (2) business days following the date on which injection commenced into the Well. [19.15.26.12(B) NMAC]
- 3. **Termination.** Unless terminated sooner, this Permit shall remain in effect for a term of twenty (20) years beginning on the date of issuance. Permittee may submit an application for a new permit prior to the expiration of this Permit. If Permittee submits an application for a new permit, then the terms and conditions of this Permit shall remain in effect until OCD denies the application or grants a new permit.
 - a. This Permit shall terminate one (1) year after the date of issuance if Permittee has not commenced injection into the Well, provided, however, that OCD may grant a single extension of no longer than one (1) year for good cause shown. Permittee shall submit a written request for an extension to OCD Engineering Bureau no later than thirty (30) days prior to the deadline for commencing injection.
 - b. One (1) year after the last date of reported injection into the Well, OCD shall consider the Well abandoned, the authority to inject pursuant to this Permit shall terminate automatically, and Permittee shall plug and abandon the Well as provided in Section I. E. of this Permit. Upon receipt of a written request by the Permittee no later than one year after the last date of reported injection into the Well, OCD may grant an extension for good cause. [19.15.26.12(C) NMAC]

B. DUTIES AND REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Duty to Comply with Permit. Permittee shall comply with the terms and conditions of this Permit. Any noncompliance with the terms and conditions of this Permit, or of any provision of the Act, Rules or an Order issued by OCD or the Oil Conservation Commission, shall constitute a violation of law and is grounds for an enforcement action, including revocation of this Permit and civil and criminal penalties. Compliance with this Permit does not relieve Permittee of the obligation to comply with any other applicable law, or to exercise due care for the protection of fresh water, public health and safety and the environment. The contents of the Application and Appendix A shall be enforceable terms and conditions of this Permit. [40 CFR 144.51(a); 19.15.5 NMAC]
- 2. Duty to Halt or Reduce Activity to Avoid Permit Violations. Permittee shall halt or reduce injection to avoid a violation of this Permit or other applicable law. It shall not be a defense in an enforcement action for Permittee to assert that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce injection in order to maintain compliance with this Permit. [40 CFR 144.51(c)]
- 3. Duty to Mitigate Adverse Effects. Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize, mitigate and correct any waste or effect on correlative rights, public health, or the environment resulting from noncompliance with the terms and conditions of this Permit. [40 CFR 144.51(d)]

- 4. Duty to Operate and Maintain Well and Facilities. Permittee shall operate and maintain the Well and associated facilities in compliance with the terms and conditions of this Permit. [40 CFR 144.51(e)]
- **5. Duty to Provide Information.** In addition to any other applicable requirement, Permittee shall provide to OCD by the date and on the terms specified by OCD any information which OCD requests for the purpose of determining whether Permittee is complying with the terms and conditions of this Permit. [40 CFR 144.51(h)]
- 6. **Private Property.** This Permit does not convey a property right or authorize an injury to any person or property, an invasion of private rights, or an infringement of state or local law or regulations. [40 CFR 144.51(g)]
- 7. Inspection and Entry. Permittee shall allow OCD's authorized representative(s) to enter upon the Permittee's premises where the Well is located and where records are kept for the purposes of this Permit at reasonable times and upon the presentation of credentials to:
 - a. Inspect the Well and associated facilities;
 - b. Have access to and copy any record required by this Permit;
 - c. Observe any action, test, practice, sampling, measurement or operation of the Well and associated facilities; and
 - Type text here d. Obtain a sample, measure, and monitor any fluid, material or parameter as necessary to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of this Permit. [40 CFR 144.51(i)]
- **8.** Certification Requirement. Permittee shall sign and certify the truth and accuracy of all reports, records, and documents required by this Permit or requested by OCD. [40 CFR 144.51(k)]
- **9. Financial Assurance.** Permittee shall provide and maintain financial assurance for the Well in the amount specified by OCD until the Well has been plugged and abandoned and the financial assurance has been released by OCD. [40 CFR 144.52; 19.15.8.12 NMAC]

C. PRIOR TO COMMENCING INJECTION

1. Construction Requirements.

a. Permittee shall construct the Well as described in the Application, Appendix A and as required by the Special Conditions.

- b. Permittee shall construct and operate the Well in a manner that ensures the injected fluid enters only the approved injection interval and is not permitted to escape to other formations or onto the surface.
- **2. Tests and Reports**. Permittee shall complete the following actions prior to commencing injection in the Well.
 - a. Permittee shall obtain and comply with the terms and conditions of an approved APD prior to commencing drilling of the Well, or other OCD approval, as applicable, prior to converting or recompleting the Well. If the APD is approved by the OCD, the Well shall be subject to the construction, testing, and reporting requirements of 19.15.16 NMAC.
 - b. Permittee shall circulate to surface the cement for all casing strings (surface, intermediate and production casings). If cement does not circulate on any casing string, Permittee shall run a cement bond log ("CBL") to determine the top of cement, then notify the OCD Engineering Bureau and the appropriate OCD Inspection Supervisor and submit the CBL prior to continuing with any further cementing on the Well. If the cement did not tie back into next higher casing shoe, Permittee shall perform remedial cement action to bring the cement to a minimum of two hundred (200) feet above the next higher casing shoe.
 - c. If a liner is approved for the construction of the Well, Permittee shall run and submit to OCD E-Permitting and notify the OCD Engineering Bureau by email, a CBL for the liner to demonstrate placement of cement and the cement bond with the tie-in for the casing string.
 - d. Permittee shall submit the mudlog, geophysical logs, and a summary of depths (picks) for the contacts of the formations demonstrating that only the permitted formation is open for injection. OCD may amend this Permit to specify the depth of the approved injection interval within the stratigraphic interval requested in the application. If Permittee detects a hydrocarbon show during the drilling of the Well, it shall notify OCD Engineering Bureau by email and obtain written approval prior to commencing injection into the Well.
 - e. Permittee shall obtain and submit on a Form C-103 a calculated or measured static bottom-hole pressure measurement representative of the completion in the approved injection interval.
 - f. Permittee shall conduct an initial mechanical integrity test ("MIT") on the Well in compliance with the terms and conditions of this Permit and 19.15.26 NMAC, and shall not commence injection into the Well until the results of the initial MIT have been approved by the appropriate OCD Inspection Supervisor. [19.15.26.11(A) NMAC]

g. OCD retains authority to require a wireline verification of the completion and packer setting depths in this Well. [19.15.26.11(A) NMAC]

D. OPERATION

1. Operation and Maintenance.

- a. Permittee shall equip, operate, monitor and maintain the Well to facilitate periodic testing, assure mechanical integrity, and prevent significant leaks in the tubular goods and packing materials used and significant fluid movements through vertical channels adjacent to the well bore. [19.15.26.10(A) NMAC]
- b. Permittee shall operate and maintain the Well and associated facilities in a manner that confines the injected fluid to the approved injection interval and prevents surface damage and pollution by leaks, breaks and spills. [19.15.26.10(B) NMAC]
- c. OCD may authorize an increase in the maximum surface injection pressure upon a showing by the Permittee that such higher pressure will not result in the migration of the disposed fluid from the approved injection interval or induced seismicity. Such proper showing shall be demonstrated by sufficient evidence, including an acceptable step-rate test.
- d. If OCD has reason to believe that operation of the Well may have caused or determined to be contributing to seismic activity, Permittee shall, upon OCD's written request:
 - i. Take immediate corrective action, which could include testing and evaluating of the injection interval and confining layers; suspending or reducing of the rate of injection or maximum surface injection pressure, or both; and providing increased monitoring of the Well's operation; and
 - ii. Submit a remedial work plan or an application to modify the Permit to implement the corrective action, plug back the injection interval, or incorporate another modification required by OCD.

OCD may approve the remedial work plan, modify the Permit or issue an emergency order or temporary cessation order as it deems necessary.

2. Pressure Limiting Device.

a. The Well shall be equipped with a pressure limiting device, which is in workable condition and can be tested for proper calibration at the well site, that shall limit surface tubing pressure to the maximum surface injection pressure specified in Appendix A.

- b. Permittee shall test the pressure limiting device and all gauges and other metering requirement to ensure their accuracy and proper function no less than every five (5) years.
- 3. Mechanical Integrity. Permittee shall conduct a MIT prior to commencing injection, at least every five (5) years after the date of the previous MIT, and whenever the tubing is removed or replaced, the packer is reset, mechanical integrity is lost, Permittee proposes to transfer the Well, or requested by OCD.
 - a. MITs shall be conducted in accordance with 19.15.26 NMAC.
 - b. Permittee shall submit a sundry notice on Form C-103 of intent to install or replace injection equipment or conduct a MIT no later than three (3) business days prior to the event.
 - c. Permittee shall report the result of a MIT no later than two (2) business days after the test.
 - d. Permittee shall cease injection and shut-in the Well no later than twenty-four (24) hours after discovery if:
 - i. The Well fails a MIT; or
 - ii. Permittee observes conditions at the Well that indicate the mechanical failure of tubing, casing, or packer.
 - e. Permittee shall take all necessary actions to address the effects resulting from the loss of mechanical integrity in accordance with 19.15.26.10 NMAC.
 - f. Permittee shall conduct a successful MIT pursuant to 19.15.26.11 NMAC, including written approval from OCD prior to recommencing injection and the requirements contained in Section I G.3.
- **4.** Additional Tests. Permittee shall conduct any additional test requested by OCD, including but not limited to step-rate tests, tracer surveys, injection surveys, noise logs, temperature logs, and casing integrity logs [19.15.26.11(A)(3) NMAC]

5. Records.

a. Permittee shall retain a copy of each record required by this Permit for a period of at least five (5) years and shall furnish a copy to OCD upon request. [40 CFR 144.51(h)]

- b. Permittee shall retain a record of each test, sample, measurement, and certification of accuracy and function collected for the Well, including:
 - i. Date, location, and time of sample, measurement or calibration;
 - ii. Person who conducted the sample event, measurement or calibration;
 - iii. Calibration of gauge or other equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications;
 - iv. Description of method and procedures;
 - v. Description of handling and custody procedures; and
 - vi. Result of the analysis.

E. PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT

- 1. Upon the termination of this Permit, Permittee shall plug and abandon the Well and restore and remediate the location in accordance with 19.15.25 NMAC.
- **2.** If Permittee has received an extension pursuant to Section I. A. 3. b., Permittee shall apply for approved temporary abandonment pursuant to 19.15.25 NMAC.
- 3. If this Permit expires pursuant to 19.15.26.12 NMAC and OCD has not issued a new permit, then Permittee shall plug and abandon the Well and restore and remediate the location in accordance with 19.15.25 NMAC.
- **4**. Permittee's temporary abandonment of the Well shall not toll the abandonment of injection in accordance with 19.15.26.12(C) NMAC.

F. REPORTING

- 1. Monthly Reports. Permittee shall submit a report using Form C-115 using the OCD's web-based online application on or before the 15th day of the second month following the month of injection, or if such day falls on a weekend or holiday, the first workday following the 15th, with the number of days of operation, injection volume, and injection pressure. [19.15.26.13 NMAC; 19.15.7.24 NMAC]
- **2.** Corrections. Permittee shall promptly disclose to OCD any incorrect information in the Application or any record required by this Permit and submit corrected information. [40 CFR 144.51(h)(8)]

G. CORRECTIVE ACTION

- **1. Releases.** Permittee shall report any unauthorized release of injection fluid at the Well or associated facilities in accordance with 19.15.29 and 19.15.30 NMAC.
- **2. Failures and Noncompliance.** Permittee shall report the following incidents to appropriate OCD Inspection Supervisor and OCD Engineering Bureau verbally and by e-mail no later than 24 hours after such incident:
 - a. Any mechanical integrity failures identified in Section I. D. 3. d;
 - b. The migration of injection fluid from the injection interval [19.15.26.10 NMAC]; or
 - c. A malfunction of the Well or associated facilities that may cause waste or affect the public health or environment, including: (a) monitoring or other information which indicates that a contaminant may affect a USDW; or (b) noncompliance or malfunction which may cause the migration of injection fluid into or between USDWs. [40 CFR 144.51(1)(6)]
- **3.** Corrective Action. Permittee shall submit a written report describing the incident in Sections I.G.1 or I.G.2, including a corrective active plan, no later than five (5) calendar days after discovery of the incident. [40 CFR 144.51(l)(6)] For an unauthorized release, Permittee also shall comply with the site assessment, characterization and remediation requirements of 19.15.29 and 19.15.30 NMAC.
- **4. Restriction or Shut-In.** OCD may restrict the injected volume and pressure or shut-in the Well if OCD determines that the Well has failed or may fail to confine the injected fluid to the approved injection interval or has caused induced seismicity until OCD determines that Permittee has identified and corrected the failure. [19.15.26.10(E) NMAC]

H. PERMIT CHANGES

- 1. Transfer. This Permit shall not be transferred without the prior written approval of OCD. Permittee shall file Form C-145 for a proposed transfer of the Well. OCD may require, as a condition of approving the transfer, that this Permit be amended to ensure compliance and consistency with applicable law. If the Well has not been spud prior to the transfer, the OCD may require that the new operator reapply and submit to the OCD a new Form C-108 prior to constructing and injecting into the well. [19.15.26.15 NMAC; 19.15.9.9 NMAC]
- 2. Insolvency. Permittee shall notify OCD Engineering Bureau of the commencement of a voluntary or involuntary proceeding in bankruptcy which names Permittee or an entity which operates the Well on behalf of Permittee as a debtor no later than ten (10) business days after the commencement of the proceeding.

3. OCD Authority to Modify Permit and Issue Orders

- a. The OCD may amend, suspend, or revoke this Permit after notice and an opportunity for hearing if it determines that:
 - i. The Permit contains a material mistake;
 - ii. Permittee made an incorrect statement on which OCD relied to establish a term or condition of the Permit or grant this Permit;
 - iii. this Permit must be amended to ensure compliance and consistency with applicable law, including a change to the financial assurance requirements;
 - iv. The Well's operation may affect the water quality of fresh water;
 - v. Injected fluid is escaping from the approved injection interval;
 - vi. Injection may be caused or contributed to seismic activity: or
 - vii. Injection may cause or contribute to the waste of oil, gas or potash resources or affect correlative rights, public health, or the environment.
- b. OCD retains jurisdiction to enter such orders as it deems necessary to prevent waste and to protect correlative rights, protect public health, and the environment.
- c. OCD retains jurisdiction to review this Permit as necessary and no less than once every five (5) years, and may determine whether this Permit should be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated. [40 CFR 144.36(a)]
- **4. Permittee Request to Modify Permit.** Permittee may apply to modify the terms of this Permit.
 - a. **Minor Modifications**. OCD may make a minor modification to this Permit without notice and an opportunity for hearing for:
 - i. Non-substantive changes such as correction of typographical errors;
 - ii. Requirements for more frequent monitoring or reporting;

- iii. Changes to the Well construction requirements provided that any alteration shall comply with the conditions of the Permit and does not change the Area of Review considered in the application for the Permit;
- iv. Amendments to the plugging and abandonment plan;
- v. Changes in the types of fluids injected which are consistent with sources listed in the application for the Permit and do not change the classification of the Well;
- vi. Corrections of the actual injection interval if within the approved formation; or
- vii. Transfer of a Permit for a Well that has been spud. [40 CFR 144.41]
- b. **Major Modifications.** OCD shall require notice and an opportunity for hearing for any modification that is not minor. For such modifications, Permittee shall submit Form C-108 and comply with the notice requirements of 19.15.26 NMAC.

II. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

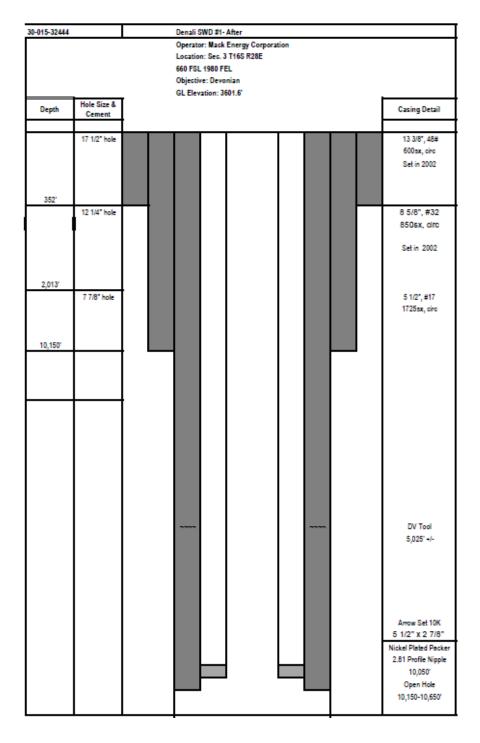
Permittee shall comply with the following special conditions:

- 1. Permittee shall complete a Cement Bond Log ("CBL") across the 5.5-inch production casing to validate cement integrity. The Permittee shall submit the log to the OCD using the UF-WL Electronic Well Log Submission Form within 10 days following the completion of the log.
- 2. The Permittee shall conduct a swab or production test of the approved injection interval for hydrocarbon potential and obtain a formation water sample for analysis of hydrocarbon content as well as general water chemistry (including major cations, major anions, and Total Dissolved Solids ("TDS")). The Inspection Supervisor shall be noticed 24 hours prior to this test and given the opportunity to witness the test. Prior to commencing injection, the Permittee shall submit the results of the water sample [including the entire laboratory analytical report] and a summary report of the production test to the OCD using a Form C-103 Subsequent Report (General) for approval. If the analysis of the sample is found to contain a TDS concentration of 10,000 milligrams per liter or less, the injection authority under this Permit shall be suspended *ipso facto*.
- 3. Permittee shall complete a Quad-Combo Log suite (Gamma Ray combined with Resistivity, Sonic, Density and Neutron logs) for the 7.875-inch open bore hole from total depth up to the intermediate casing shoe set at 2,013 feet. The Permittee shall submit the log to the OCD

using the UF-WL Electronic Well Log Submission Form within 10 days following the completion of the log.

III. ATTACHMENT

Well Completion Diagram as Provided in Additional Information Request dated October 18, 2024.



Sante Fe Main Office Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 427500

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
MACK ENERGY CORP	13837
P.O. Box 960	Action Number:
Artesia, NM 882110960	427500
	Action Type:
	[IM-SD] Admin Order Support Doc (ENG) (IM-AAO)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
anthony.harris	None	2/3/2025

I. Operator:

Mack Energy Corporation

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit Electronically Via E-permitting

Date: 5 / 12/2023

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

Section 1 – Plan Description Effective May 25, 2021

OGRID:

013837

II. Type: ☒ Original □	l Amendment	due to □ 19.15.27.9.	D(6)(a) NMA	C □ 19.15.27.9.D(6)(b) NM	[AC □ Other.	
If Other, please describes	:						
III. Well(s): Provide the be recompleted from a si					wells prop	oosed to be dri	lled or proposed to
Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipated Oil BBL/D	Anticip Gas Mo		Anticipated roduced Water BBL/D
Denali SWD #1		O Sec 3 T16S R28E	660 FSL 1980 FEL	100	100	1,0	000
V. Anticipated Schedule proposed to be recomple Well Name		gle well pad or conne				of wells propo Initial Flow Back Date	First Production Date
			Date	Commencement	Date	Back Date	Date
Denali SWD #1		10/1/2023	10 /20/2023	10/31/202	23	10/31/2023	11/1/2023
VI. Separation Equipment: Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture. VII. Operational Practices: Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC. VIII. Best Management Practices: Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.							

Section 2 – Enhanced Plan EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

🛮 Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

Well	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF

X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering	Available Maximum Daily Capacity
			Start Date	of System Segment Tie-in

XI. Map. \square Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the
production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of
the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.

XII. Line Capacity. The natural	gas gathering system 🗆 v	vill □ will not have	capacity to gather	100% of the anticipated	natural gas
production volume from the well p	prior to the date of first pro	oduction.			

XIII. Line Pressure. Operator \square does \square does not anticipate that its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, or portion, of	f the
natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new well	(s).

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I I	Affach (Inerator	's nian to	manage	nraduction	in rechange	to the incre	aced line nrec	cure

XIV.	Confidentiality: Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided	d in
Section	n 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific information	tion
for wl	nich confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.	

(i)

Section 3 - Certifications <u>Effective May 25, 2021</u>

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal: 🗖 Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system: or ☐ Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system. If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following: Well Shut-In. ☐ Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or Venting and Flaring Plan.

Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including: power generation on lease; (a) **(b)** power generation for grid; compression on lease; (c) (d) liquids removal on lease; reinjection for underground storage; (e) **(f)** reinjection for temporary storage; **(g)** reinjection for enhanced oil recovery; fuel cell production; and (h)

Section 4 - Notices

1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:

other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

- (a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or
- (b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.
- 2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

VI. Separation Equipment:

Mack Energy Corporation(MEC) production facilities include separation equipment designed to efficiently separate gas from liquid phases to optimize gas capture based on projected and estimated volumes from the targeted pool of our completion project. MEC will utilize flowback separation equipment and production separation equipment designed and built to industry specifications after the completion to optimize gas capture and send gas to sales or flare based on analytical composition. MEC operates facilities that are typically multi-well facilities. Production separation equipment is upgraded prior to new wells being completed, if determined to be undersized or inadequate. This equipment is already on-site and tied into our sales gas lines prior to the new drill operations.

VII. Operational Practices:

- Subsection (A) Venting and Flaring of Natural Gas. MEC understands the requirements of NMAC 19.15.27.8 which outlines that the venting and flaring of natural gas during drilling, completion or production operations that constitutes waste as defined in 19.15.2 are prohibited.
- 2. Subsection (B) Venting and Flaring during drilling operations. This gas capture plan isn't for a well being drilled.
- 3. Subsection (C) Venting and flaring during completion or recompletion. Flowlines will be routed for flowback fluids into a completion or storage tank and if feasible under well conditions, flare rather than vent and commence operation of a separator as soon as it is technically feasible for a separator to function.
 - At any point in the well life (completion, production, inactive) an audio, visual and olfactory inspection be performed at prescribed intervals (weekly or monthly) pursuant to Subsection D of 19.15.27.8 NMAC, to confirm that all production equipment is operating properly and there are no leaks or releases.
- 4. Subsection (D) Venting and flaring during production operations o At any point in the well life (completion, production, inactive) an audio, visual and olfactory inspection be performed at prescribed intervals (weekly or monthly) pursuant to Subsection D of 19.15.27.8 NMAC, to confirm that all production equipment is operating properly and there are no leaks or releases.
 - Monitor manual liquid unloading for wells on-site or in close proximity (<30 minutes' drive time), take reasonable actions to achieve a stabilized rate and pressure at the earliest practical time, and take reasonable actions to minimize venting to the maximum extent practicable.
 - MEC will not vent or flare except during the approved activities listed in NMAC 19.15.27.8 (D)
 14.
- 5. Subsection (E) Performance standards \circ All tanks and separation equipment are designed for maximum throughput and pressure to minimize waste.
 - o If a flare is utilized during production operations it will have a continuous pilot and is located more than 100 feet from any known well or storage tanks.
 - At any point in the well life (completion, production, inactive) an audio, visual and olfactory inspection be performed at prescribed intervals (weekly or monthly) pursuant to Subsection D of 19.15.27.8 NMAC, to confirm that all production equipment is operating properly and there are no leaks or releases.

- 6. Subsection (F) Measurement or estimation of vented and flared natural gas o Measurement equipment is installed to measure the volume of natural gas flared from process piping.
 - When measurement isn't practicable, estimation of vented and flared natural gas will be completed as noted in 19.15.27.8 (F) 5-6.

VIII. Best Management Practices:

- 1. MEC has adequate storage and takeaway capacity for wells it chooses to complete as the flowlines at the sites are already in place and tied into a gathering system.
- 2. MEC will flare rather than vent vessel blowdown gas when technically feasible during active and/or planned maintenance to equipment on-site.
- 3. MEC combusts natural gas that would otherwise be vented or flared, when technically feasible.
- 4. MEC will shut in wells in the event of a takeaway disruption, emergency situation, or other operations where venting or flaring may occur due to equipment failures.
- 5. MEC has a gas gathering system in place(CTB-887)a with multiple purchaser's to limit venting or flaring, due to purchaser shut downs.



U.S. Department of the Interior **BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT**

Drilling Plan Data Report

11/25/2024

APD ID: 10400092231

Well Name: DENALI SWD

Submission Date: 05/16/2023

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Operator Name: MACK ENERGY CORPORATION

Well Number: 1

Well Type: INJECTION - DISPOSAL

Well Work Type: Reenter

Show Final Text

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formatio
14548823	QUATERNARY	3601	0	0	ALLUVIUM	NONE	N
14548824	YATES	3231	370	370	ANHYDRITE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548825	SEVEN RIVERS	3091	510	510	ANHYDRITE, SHALE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548826	QUEEN	2511	1090	1090	ANHYDRITE, SHALE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548827	GRAYBURG	2111	1490	1490	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548828	SAN ANDRES	1751	1850	1850	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548829	GLORIETA	221	3380	3380	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548830	TUBB	-979	4580	4580	DOLOMITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548831	ABO	-1769	5370	5370	DOLOMITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548832	WOLFCAMP	-3029	6630	6630	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548833	CISCO	-4039	7640	7640	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548834	ATOKA	-5429	9030	9030	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548835	MISSISSIPPIAN	-5829	9430	9430	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Operator Name: MACK ENERGY CORPORATION

Well Name: DENALI SWD Well Number: 1

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M Rating Depth: 10650

Equipment: Rotating Head, Mud-Gas Separator

Requesting Variance? NO

Variance request:

Testing Procedure: The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250psi to a high pressure test to 5000psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. The estimated bottom hole at TD is 120 degrees and estimated maximum bottom hole pressure is 5094 psig (0.052*10650'TD*9.2). Well test to 2000psi for 30 mins.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

5m_Choke_Manifold_20230512082430.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

New_5M_BOP_20240228143926.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	PRODUCTI ON	7.87 5	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	10150	0	10150	3601	-6549	10150	L-80	17	LT&C	1.25 4	2.37 1	BUOY	2.29 2	BUOY	2.58

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1 String PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Production_Csg_20230512083120.pdf

Operator Name: MACK ENERGY CORPORATION

Well Name: DENALI SWD Well Number: 1

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
PRODUCTION	Lead		0	1015 0	1725	1.38	14	1759	35	5% PF44+ 2%	20bbls gelled water 20bbls chemicals wash 50sx of 11# scavenger cmt

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: BOPE Brine Water

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Pason PVT with Pit Volume Recorder

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	РН	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	1065 0	LSND/GEL	8.3	10	74.8		11		160000	10	The estimated bottom hole at TD is 120 degrees and estimated maximum bottom hole pressure is 5094 (0.052*10650*9.2ppg)

Operator Name: MACK ENERGY CORPORATION

Well Name: DENALI SWD Well Number: 1

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

None

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

CALIPER, CNL/FDC, DUAL LATERAL LOG/MICRO-SPHERICALLY FOCUSED, GAMMA RAY LOG,

Coring operation description for the well:

We will evaluate after logging to determine the necessity for sidewall coring.

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 5094 Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2750

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 110

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? NO

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Natural_Gas_Management_Plan_20230512091356.pdf

Escape_Route_20230512090525.pdf

H2S_Plan_20230516112703.pdf

Drilling_Plan_20230516121252.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

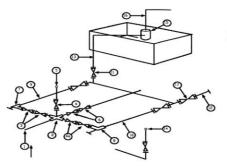
Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Other Variance attachment:



Mack Energy Corporation Exhibit #11

Exhibit #11
MIMIMUM CHOKE MANIFOLD
3,000, 5,000, and 10,000 PSI Working Pressure
5M will be used
3 MWP - 5 MWP - 10 MWP



Mud Pit

Reserve Pit

* Location of separator optional

Below Substructure

Mimimum requirements

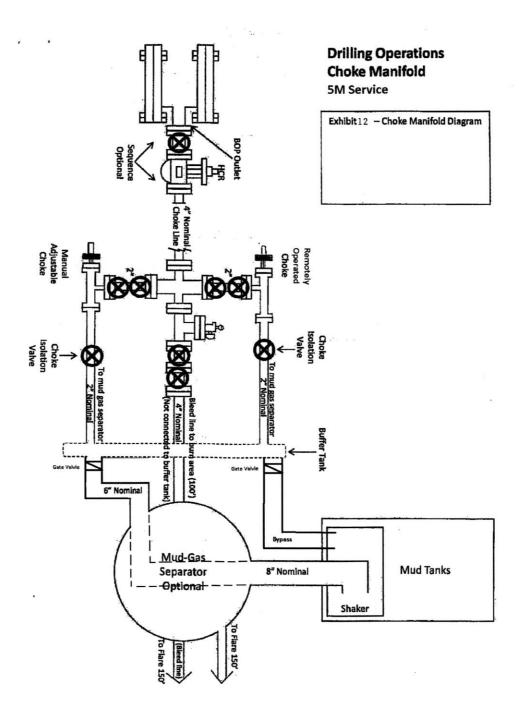
		3,0	000 MWP		5	,000 MWP		10	0,000 MWP	
No.		I.D.	Nominal	Datina	I.D.		n .:	I.D.		D
,	T: C - 1:11: - C 1		3"	Rating		Nominal 3"	Rating		Nominal 3"	Rating
1	Line from drilling Spool	-	3"	3,000		3"	5,000		3"	10,000
2	Cross 3" x 3" x 3" x 2"			3,000			5,000	-		
2	Cross 3" x 3" x 3" x 2"									10,000
3	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
4	Valve Gate Plug	1 13/16		3,000	1 13/16		5,000	1 13/16		10,000
4a	Valves (1)	2 1/16		3,000	2 1/16		5,000	2 1/16		10,000
5	Pressure Gauge			3,000			5,000			10,000
6	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
7	Adjustable Choke (3)	2"		3,000	2"		5,000	2"		10,000
8	Adjustable Choke	1"		3,000	1"		5,000	2"		10,000
9	Line		3"	3,000		3"	5,000		3"	10,000
10	Line		2"	3,000		2"	5,000		2"	10,000
11	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
12	Line		3"	1,000		3"	1,000		3"	2,000
13	Line		3"	1,000		3"	1,000		3"	2,000
14	Remote reading compound Standpipe pressure quage			3,000			5,000			10,000
15	Gas Separator		2' x5'			2' x5'			2' x5'	
16	Line		4"	1,000		4"	1,000		4"	2,000
17	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000

- (1) Only one required in Class 3M
- (2) Gate valves only shall be used for Class 10 M
- (3) Remote operated hydraulic choke required on 5,000 psi and 10,000 psi for drilling.

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION

- All connections in choke manifold shall be welded, studded, flanged or Cameron clamp of comparable rating.
 All flanges shall be API 6B or 6BX and ring gaskets shall be API RX or BX. Use only BX for 10 MWP.
- All flanges shall be API 6B or 6BX a
 All lines shall be securely anchored.
- 4. Chokes shall be equipped with tungsten carbide seats and needles, and replacements shall be available.
- alternate with automatic chokes, a choke manifold pressure gauge shall be located on the rig floor in conjunction with the standpipe pressure gauge.
- Line from drilling spool to choke manifold should bee as straight as possible. Lines downstream from chokes shall make turns by large bends or 90 degree bends using bull plugged tees

Mack Energy Corporation MANIFOLD SCHEMATIC Exhibit #12



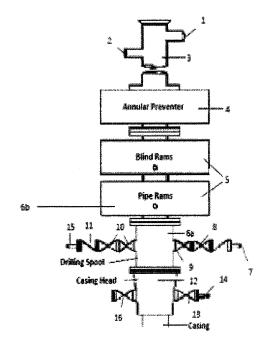
Mack Energy Corporation

Minimum Blowout Preventer Requirements

5000 psi Working Pressure 13 5/8 inch- 5 MWP 11 Inch - 5 MWP EXHIBIT #10

Stack Requirements

NO.	Items	Min.	Min.
		I.D.	Nominal
l	Flowline		2"
2	Fill up line		2"
3	Drilling nipple		
4	Annular preventer		
5	Two single or one dual hydraulically operated rams		
6a	Drilling spool with 2" min. kill line and 3" min choke line outlets		2" Choke
6Ъ	2" min. kill line and 3" min. choke line outlets in ram. (Alternate to 6a above)		
7	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8	
8	Gate valve-power operated	3 1/8	
9	Line to choke manifold		3"
10	Valve Gate Plug	2 1/16	
11	Check valve	2 1/16	
12	Casing head		
13	Valve Gate Plug	1 13/16	
14	Pressure gauge with needle valve		
15	Kill line to rig mud pump manifold	 	2"



OPTIONAL

ı	paga panggapang panggapan		and a property of the contract
	16	Flanged Valve	1 13/16

10.

CONTRACTOR'S OPTION TO CONTRACTOR'S OPTION TO FURNISH:

- All equipment and connections above bradenhead or casinghead. Working pressure of preventers to be 2000 psi minimum.
- Automatic accumulator (80 gallons, minimum) capable of closing BOP in 30 seconds or less and, holding them closed against full rated working pressure.
- BOP controls, to be located near drillers' position.
- 4. Kelly equipped with Kelly cock.
- Inside blowout preventer or its equivalent on derrick floor at all times with proper threads to fit pipe being used.
- Kelly saver-sub equipped with rubber casing protector at all times.
- Plug type blowout preventer tester.
- 8. Extra set pipe rams to fit drill pipe in use on location at all times.
- Type RX ring gaskets in place of Type R.

MEC TO FURNISH:

- Bradenhead or casing head and side valves.
- 2. Wear bushing. If required.

ME GENERAL NOTES:

- Deviations from this drawing may be made only with the express permission of MEC's Drilling Manager.
- All connections, valves, fittings, piping, etc., subject to well or pump pressure must be flanged (suitable clamp connections acceptable) and have minimum working pressure equal to rated working pressure of preventers up through choke valves must be full opening and suitable for high pressure mud service.
- Controls to be of standard design and each marked, showing opening and closing position
- Chokes will be positioned so as not to hamper or delay changing of choke beans.

- Replaceable parts for adjustable choke, or bean sizes, retainers, and choke wrenches to be conveniently located for immediate use.
- All valves to be equipped with hand-wheels or handles ready for immediate use.
- Choke lines must be suitably anchored.
- 7. Handwheels and extensions to be connected and ready for
- Valves adjacent to drilling spool to be kept open. Use outside valves except for emergency.
- All seamless steel control piping (2000 psi working pressure) to have flexible joints to avoid stress. Hoses will be permitted.
- Casinghead connections shall not be used except in case of emergency.
- 11. Does not use kill line for routine fill up operations.

Mack Energy Corporation Denali SWD #1 NMNM-18831

SHL: 660 FSL & 1980 FEL, SWSE, Sec. 3 T16S R28E

Eddy County, NM

DRILLING PROGRAM

1. Geologic Name of Surface Formation

Quaternary

2. Estimated Tops of Important Geologic Markers:

Yates	370'
Seven Yates	510'
Queen	1090'
Grayburg	1490'
San Andres	1850'
Glorieta	3380'
Tubb	4580'
Abo	5370'
Wolfcamp	6630'
Cisco	7640'
Atoka	9030'
Morrow	9150'
Mississippian	9430'
Devonian	10150'

3. Estimated Depths of Anticipated Fresh Water, Oil and Gas:

Water Sand	150'	Fresh Water
Yates	370'	Oil/Gas
Seven Rivers	510'	Oil/Gas
Queen	1090'	Oil/Gas
Grayburg	1490'	Oil/Gas
San Andres	1850'	Oil/Gas
Glorieta	3380'	Oil/Gas
Tubb	4580'	Oil/Gas
Abo	5370'	Oil/Gas
Wolfcamp	6630'	Oil/Gas
Cisco	7640'	Oil/Gas
Atoka	9030'	Oil/Gas
Morrow	9150'	Oil/Gas
Mississippian	9430'	Oil/Gas

No other formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Setting 13 3/8" casing to 352' and circulating cement back to surface will protect the surface fresh water sand. Salt section and shallower zones above TD, which contain commercial quantities of oil and/or gas, will have cement circulated across them by cementing 5 ½" production casing, sufficient cement will be pumped to circulate back to surface.

Mack Energy Corporation Denali SWD #1 NMNM-18831

SHL: 660 FSL & 1980 FEL, SWSE, Sec. 3 T16S R28E

Eddy County, NM

4. Casing Program:

Hole Size Interval OD Casing Wt, Grade, Jt, cond, collapse/burst/tension

Existing 10/4/2002- 17 1/2" 0-352' 13 3/8" 48#, H-40, ST&C, 4.235348/4.671976/4.74

Existing 10/7/2002- 12 1/4" 0-2013' 8 5/8" 32#, J-55,ST&C,1.317308/5.9/5.98

8 3/4" 0-10150' 5 ½" 17#, L-80, LT&C, New,1.254462/2.371396/2.58

5. Cement Program:

Existing 10/4/2002- 13 3/8" Surface Casing: 200sx Class H+additives, 400sx Class C Existing 10/7/2022- 8 5/8" Intermediate Casing: 650sx 50/50 POZ C+additives, 200sx Class C+additives

5 ½" Production Casing: Tail 1725 sx 50/50 POZ/H + 5%PF44 (BWOW)+2%PF20+.5% PF17+0.2%PF13+.1%PF153, yld 1.38, wt 14 ppg, 6.413gals/sx, excess 35%, Slurry Top-Surface

6. Minimum Specifications for Pressure Control:

The blowout preventer equipment (BOP) shown in Exhibit #10 will consist of a double ram-type (3000 psi WP) minimum preventer. This unit will be hydraulically operated and the ram type preventer will be equipped with blind rams on top of 4 1/2" drill pipe rams on bottom. The 11" BOP will be nippled up on the 13 3/8" surface casing and tested by a 3rd party to 2000 psi used continuously until TD is reached. All BOP's and accessory equipment will be tested to 2000 psi before drilling out of intermediate casing. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24-hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment (Exhibit #10) will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve and choke lines and choke manifold (Exhibit #11) with a minimum 3000 psi WP rating

7. Types and Characteristics of the Proposed Mud System:

The well will be drilled to TD with a combination of fresh and cut brine mud system. The applicable depths and properties of this system are as follows:

DEPTH	TYPE	WEIGHT	VISCOSITY	WATERLOSS
2013'-TD	Cut Brine	9.1	29	N.C.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the well site at all times.

8. Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment:

- A. Kelly cock will be kept in the drill string at all times.
- B. A full opening drill pipe-stabbing valve with proper drill pipe connections will be on the rig floor at all times.

9. Logging, Testing and Coring Program:

Mack Energy Corporation Denali SWD #1 NMNM-18831

SHL: 660 FSL & 1980 FEL, SWSE, Sec. 3 T16S R28E

Eddy County, NM

- A. The electric logging program will consist of GR-Dual Laterolog, Spectral Density, Dual Spaced Neutron, CSNG Log from T.D. to 8 5/8 casing shoe.
- B. Drill Stem test is not anticipated.
- C. No conventional coring is anticipated.
- D. Further testing procedures will be determined at TD.

10. Abnormal Conditions, Pressures, Temperatures and Potential Hazards:

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are anticipated. The estimated bottom hole at TD is 120 degrees and estimated maximum bottom hole pressure is 5094 psig (0.052*10,650TD*9.2ppg). Low levels of Hydrogen sulfide have been monitors in producing wells in the area, so H2S may be present while drilling of the well; a plan is attached to the Drilling program. No major loss of circulation zones has been reported in offsetting wells.

11. Anticipated Starting Date and Duration of Operations:

Road and location work will not begin until approval has been received from the BLM. The anticipated spud date is October 1, 2023. Once commenced, the drilling operation should be finished in approximately 20 days. If the well is productive, an additional 30 days will be required for completion and testing before a decision is made to install permanent facilities.

Attachment to Exhibit #10 NOTES REGARDING THE BLOWOUT PREVENTERS Denali SWD #1 Eddy County New Mexico

Eddy County, New Mexico

- 1. Drilling nipple to be so constructed that it can be removed without use of a welder through rotary table opening, with minimum I.D. equal to preventer bore.
- 2. Wear ring to be properly installed in head.
- 3. Blow out preventer and all fittings must be in good condition, 2000 psi WP minimum.
- 4. All fittings to be flanged.
- 5. Safety valve must be available on rig floor at all times with proper connections, valve to be full 2000 psi WP minimum.
- 6. All choke and fill lines to be securely anchored especially ends of choke lines.
- 7. Equipment through which bit must pass shall be at least as large as the diameter of the casing being drilled through.
- 8. Kelly cock on Kelly.

SHL: 660 FSL & 1980 FEL, SWSE, Sec. 3 T16S R28E

Eddy County, NM

- 9. Extension wrenches and hands wheels to be properly installed.
- 10. Blow out preventer control to be located as close to driller's position as feasible.
- 11. Blow out preventer closing equipment to include minimum 40-gallon accumulator, two independent sources of pump power on each closing unit installation all API specifications.

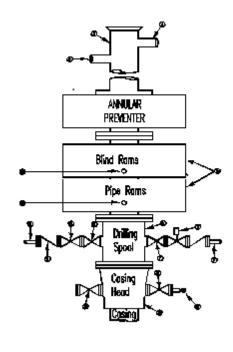
Mack Energy Corporation

Minimum Blowout Preventer Requirements

5000 psi Working Pressure 13 3/8 inch- 5 MWP 11 Inch - 5 MWP **EXHIBIT #10**

Stack Requirements

NO.	Items	Min.	Min.
		I.D.	Nominal
1	Flowline		2"
2	Fill up line		2"
3	Drilling nipple		
4	Annular preventer		
5	Two single or one dual hydraulically operated rams		
6a	Drilling spool with 2" min. kill line and 3" min choke line outlets		2" Choke
6b	2" min. kill line and 3" min. choke line outlets in ram. (Alternate to 6a above)		
7	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8	
8	Gate valve-power operated	3 1/8	
9	Line to choke manifold		3"
10	Valve Gate Plug	2 1/16	
11	Check valve	2 1/16	
12	Casing head		
13	Valve Gate Plug	1 13/16	
14	Pressure gauge with needle valve		
15	Kill line to rig mud pump manifold		2"



OPTIONAL

	OI IIOI WIE						
16	Flanged Valve	1 13/16	<u>-</u>				

CONTRACTOR'S OPTION TO CONTRACTOR'S OPTION TO FURNISH:

- All equipment and connections above bradenhead or casinghead. Working pressure of preventers to be 2000 psi minimum.
- Automatic accumulator (80 gallons, minimum) capable of closing BOP in 30 seconds or less and, holding them closed against full rated working
- BOP controls, to be located near drillers' position.
- Kelly equipped with Kelly cock.
- Inside blowout preventer or its equivalent on derrick floor at all times with proper threads to fit pipe being used.
- Kelly saver-sub equipped with rubber casing protector at all times.
- Plug type blowout preventer tester.
- Extra set pipe rams to fit drill pipe in 8. use on location at all times.
- Type RX ring gaskets in place of Type R.

MEC TO FURNISH:

- 1. Bradenhead or casing head and side valves.
- Wear bushing. If required.

GENERAL NOTES:

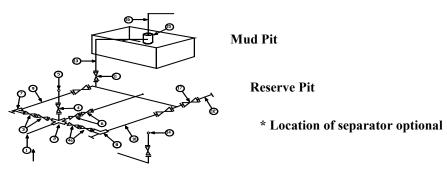
- Deviations from this drawing may be made only with the express permission of MEC's Drilling Manager.
- All connections, valves, fittings, piping, etc., subject to well or pump pressure must be flanged (suitable clamp connections acceptable) and have minimum working pressure equal to rated working pressure of preventers up through choke valves must be full opening and suitable for high pressure mud service.
- Controls to be of standard design and each marked, showing opening and closing position
- Chokes will be positioned so as not to hamper or delay changing of choke beans.

- Replaceable parts for adjustable choke, or bean sizes, retainers, and choke wrenches to be conveniently located for immediate use.
- All valves to be equipped with hand-wheels or handles ready for immediate use.
- Choke lines must be suitably anchored.
- Handwheels and extensions to be connected and ready for
- Valves adjacent to drilling spool to be kept open. Use outside valves except for emergency.
- All seamless steel control piping (2000 psi working pressure) to have flexible joints to avoid stress. Hoses will be permitted.
- 10. Casinghead connections shall not be used except in case of emergency.
- 11. Does not use kill line for routine fill up operations.

Mack Energy Corporation

Exhibit #11
MIMIMUM CHOKE MANIFOLD
3,000, 5,000, and 10,000 PSI Working Pressure
5M will be used

3 MWP - 5 MWP - 10 MWP



Below Substructure

Mimimum requirements

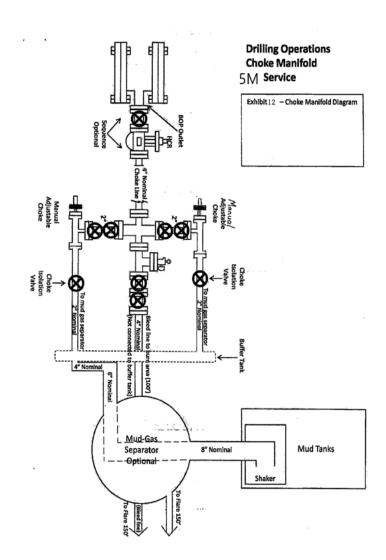
3,000 MWP 5,000 MWP 10,000 MWP										
No.		I.D.	Nominal	Rating	I.D.	Nominal	Rating	I.D.	Nominal	Rating
1	Line from drilling Spool		3"	3,000		3"	5.000		3"	10,000
2	Cross 3" x 3" x 3" x 2"			3,000		1	5,000		3	10,000
2	Cross 3" x 3" x 3" x 2"			3,000			2,000			10,000
3	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
4	Valve Gate Plug	1 13/16		3,000	1 13/16		5,000	1 13/16		10,000
4a	Valves (1)	2 1/16		3,000	2 1/16		5,000	2 1/16		10,000
5	Pressure Gauge			3,000			5,000			10,000
6	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
7	Adjustable Choke (3)	2"		3,000	2"		5,000	2"		10,000
8	Adjustable Choke	1"		3,000	1"		5,000	2"		10,000
9	Line		3"	3,000		3"	5,000		3"	10,000
10	Line		2"	3,000		2"	5,000		2"	10,000
11	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
12	Line		3"	1,000		3"	1,000		3"	2,000
13	Line		3"	1,000		3"	1,000		3"	2,000
14	Remote reading compound Standpipe pressure quage			3,000			5,000			10,000
15	Gas Separator		2' x5'			2' x5'			2' x5'	
16	Line		4"	1,000		4"	1,000		4"	2,000
17	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000

- (1) Only one required in Class 3M
- (2) Gate valves only shall be used for Class 10 M
- (3) Remote operated hydraulic choke required on 5,000 psi and 10,000 psi for drilling.

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION

- 1. All connections in choke manifold shall be welded, studded, flanged or Cameron clamp of comparable rating.
- 2. All flanges shall be API 6B or 6BX and ring gaskets shall be API RX or BX. Use only BX for 10 MWP.
- 3. All lines shall be securely anchored.
- 4. Chokes shall be equipped with tungsten carbide seats and needles, and replacements shall be available.
- alternate with automatic chokes, a choke manifold pressure gauge shall be located on the rig floor in conjunction with the standpipe pressure gauge.
- 6. Line from drilling spool to choke manifold should bee as straight as possible. Lines downstream from chokes shall make turns by large bends or 90 degree bends using bull plugged tees

Mack Energy Corporation MANIFOLD SCHEMATIC Exhibit #12



PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Mack Energy Corporation
LEASE NO.:	NMNM 018831
COUNTY:	Eddy County

Wells:

Legal Description:

Denali SWD 1

Surface Hole Location: 660' FSL & 1980' FEL, Section 3, T. 16 S., R. 28 E. Bottom Hole Location: 660' FSL & 1980' FEL, Section 3, T. 16 S, R 28 E.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

□General Provisions
□Permit Expiration
□ Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
□Noxious Weeds
⊠Special Requirements
Cave/Karst
Special Status Plant Species
□ Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
□Road Section Diagram
⊠Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
□Interim Reclamation
☐ Final Abandonment & Reclamation

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

OR

If the entire project is covered under the Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement (cultural resources only):

The proponent has contributed funds commensurate to the undertaking into an account for offsite mitigation. Participation in the PA serves as mitigation for the effects of this project on cultural resources. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and the BLM will be notified as soon as possible within 24 hours. Work shall not resume until a Notice to Proceed is issued by the BLM. See Stipulation 6 for more information.

If the proposed project is split between a Class III inventory and a Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement contribution, the portion of the project covered under Class III inventory should default to the first paragraph stipulations.

The holder is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) to protect such cultural items as human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered inadvertently during the course of project implementation. In the event that any of the cultural items listed above are discovered during the course of project work, the proponent shall immediately halt the disturbance and contact the BLM within 24 hours for instructions. The proponent or initiator of any project shall be held responsible for protecting, evaluating, reporting, excavating, treating, and disposing of these cultural items according to the procedures established by the BLM in consultation with Indian Tribes."

Any paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or

any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Watershed:

The entire well pad(s) will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche). Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The topsoil shall be stockpiled in an appropriate location to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind erosion and not used for berming or erosion control. If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.

TANK BATTERY:

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24 hour production, whichever is greater. Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst:

Construction Mitigation

In order to mitigate the impacts from construction activities on cave and karst resources, the following Conditions of Approval will apply to this APD or project:

General Construction:

- No blasting
- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, cave passages, or voids are penetrated during construction, and no additional construction shall occur until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- All linear surface disturbance activities will avoid sinkholes and other karst features to lessen the possibility of encountering near surface voids during construction, minimize

- changes to runoff, and prevent untimely leaks and spills from entering the karst drainage svstem.
- All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

Pad Construction:

- The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche no
- The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g., caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised (i.e. an access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height).
- Following a rain event, all fluids will vacuumed off of the pad and hauled off-site and disposed at a proper disposal facility.

Road Construction:

- Turnout ditches and drainage leadoffs will not be constructed in such a manner as to alter the natural flow of water into or out of cave or karst features.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required if subsurface features are discovered during construction.

Drilling Mitigation

Federal regulations and standard Conditions of Approval applied to all APDs require that adequate measures are taken to prevent contamination to the environment. Due to the extreme sensitivity of the cave and karst resources in this project area, the following additional Conditions of Approval will be added to this APD.

To prevent cave and karst resource contamination the following will be required:

- Closed loop system using steel tanks all fluids and cuttings will be hauled off-site and disposed of properly at an authorized site
- Rotary drilling with fresh water where cave or karst features are expected to prevent contamination of freshwater aquifers.
- Directional drilling is only allowed at depths greater than 100 feet below the cave occurrence zone to prevent additional impacts resulting from directional drilling.
- Lost circulation zones will be logged and reported in the drilling report so BLM can assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions.
- Additional drilling, casing, and cementing procedures to protect cave zones and fresh water aquifers. See drilling COAs.

Production Mitigation

In order to mitigate the impacts from production activities and due to the nature of karst terrane, the following Conditions of Approval will apply to this APD:

- Tank battery locations and facilities will be bermed and lined with a 20 mil thick permanent liner that has a 4 oz. felt backing, or equivalent, to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.
- Development and implementation of a leak detection system to provide an early alert to operators when a leak has occurred.
- Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Residual and Cumulative Mitigation

The operator will perform annual pressure monitoring on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be taken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

Plugging and Abandonment Mitigation

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

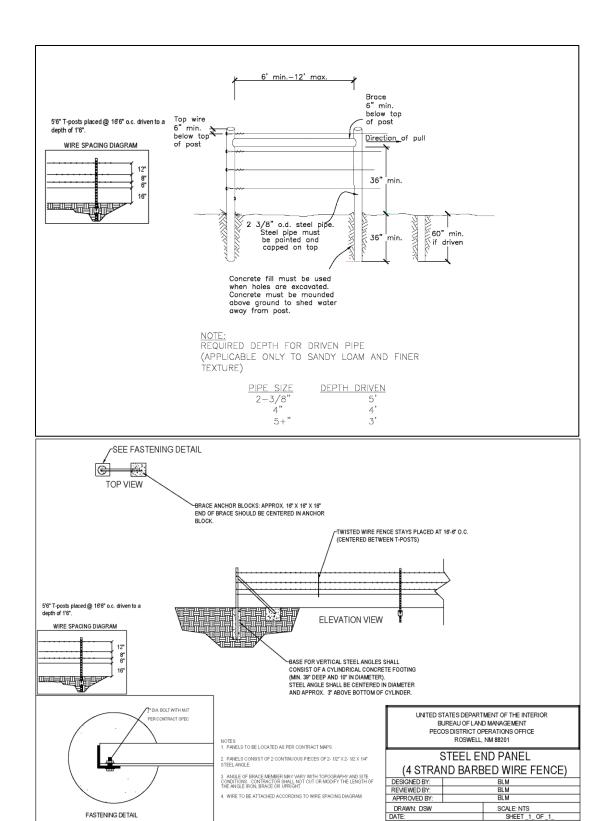
Range:

Cattleguards

Where a permanent cattleguard is approved, an appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

Where entry granted across a fence line, the fence must be H-braced or angle iron braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall consult the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to cutting any fence(s).



Livestock Watering Requirement

DRAWING NUMBER:

323116-(3)

Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

VRM IV:

Above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements are painted a flat non-reflective paint color, Shale Green from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Page 7 of 13

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (30) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

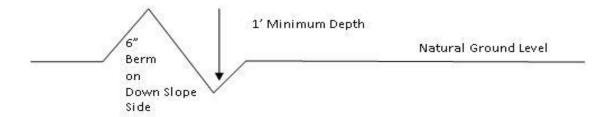
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%}$$
 + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

- 1. Salvage topsoil
- 3. Redistribute topsoil
- 2. Construct road
- 4. Revegetate slopes

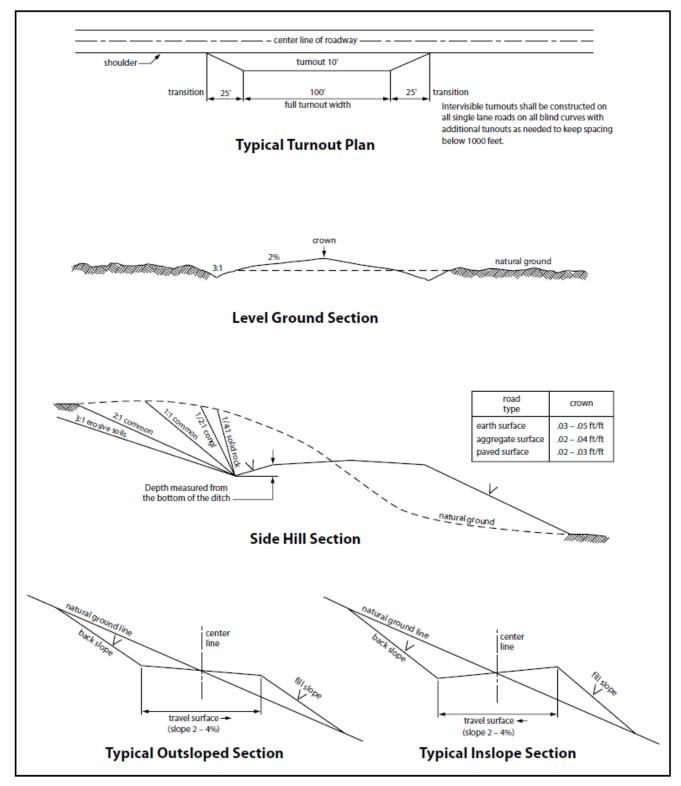


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Seed Mixture 1 for Loamy Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed shall be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed shall be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture shall be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed shall be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre shall be doubled. The seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species

	lb/acre	
Plains lovegrass (Eragrostis intermedia)		0.5
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0	
Sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula)	5.0	
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0	

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed **x** percent purity **x** percent germination = pounds pure live seed

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: MACK ENERGY CORPORATION
WELL NAME & NO.: DENALI SWD 1
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: 660'/S & 1980'/E
LOCATION: Section 3, T.16 S., R.28 E., NMP
COUNTY: Eddy County, New Mexico

COA

H2S	© Yes	O No	
Potash	None	C Secretary	© R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	C Low	• Medium	O High
Cave/Karst Potential	Critical Critical		
Variance	None	C Flex Hose	Other
Wellhead	Conventional	© Multibowl	O Both
Wellhead Variance	O Diverter		
Other	□4 String	☐ Capitan Reef	□WIPP
Other	☐ Fluid Filled	☐ Pilot Hole	☐ Open Annulus
Cementing	☐ Contingency	☐ EchoMeter	☐ Primary Cement
	Cement Squeeze		Squeeze
Special Requirements	▼ Water Disposal	□ СОМ	□ Unit
Special Requirements	☐ Batch Sundry		
Special Requirements	☐ Break Testing	□ Offline	□ Casing
Variance	_	Cementing	Clearance

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated AT SPUD. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet 43 CFR part 3170 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

Primary Casing Design:

1. The preexisting 13-3/8 inch surface casing has been set to a depth of 352 feet and is cemented to surface.

- 2. The preexisting **8-5/8** inch intermediate casing has been set to a depth of **2013 feet** and is cemented to surface.
 - Prior to drilling out intermediate shoe plug a Mechanical Integrity Test must be performed
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5-1/2** inch production casing is cemented to surface. Casing is required.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
 - ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas cement to surface.

Additional cement is needed on intermediate casing, Excess calculates to -1%

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000** (**5M**) psi.

D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)

WELL COMPLETION

The operator shall supply the BLM with a copy of a mudlog over the permitted disposal interval and estimated insitu water salinity based on open-hole logs. If hydrocarbon shows occur while drilling, the operator shall notify the BLM.

The operator shall provide to the BLM a summary of formation depth picks based on mudlog and geophysical logs along with a copy of the mudlog and open hole logs from TD to top of Devonian

A NOI sundry with the completion procedure for this well shall be submitted and approved prior to commencing completion work. The procedure will be reviewed to verify that the completion proposal will allow the operator to:

- 1. Properly evaluate the injection zone utilizing open hole logs, swab testing and/or any other method to confirm that hydrocarbons cannot be produced in paying quantities. This evaluation shall be reviewed by the BLM prior to injection commencing.
- 2. Restrict the injection fluid to the approved formation.
- 3. If a step rate test will be run an NOI sundry shall be submitted to the BLM for approval

If off-lease water will be disposed in this well, the operator shall provide proof of rightof-way approval.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)
 - Eddy County

EMAIL or call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,

BLM_NM_CFO_DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV (575) 361-2822

- ✓ Lea CountyCall the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 689-5981
- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.

- Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
- BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172** as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.

- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 and API STD 53 Sec. 5.3.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.

- b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
- e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)
 - c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to **43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172** with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
 - d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall

have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.

- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

JS 4/23/2024

SHL: 660 FSL & 1980 FEL, SWSE, Sec. 3 T16S R28E

Eddy County, NM

Mack Energy Corporation Onshore Order #6 Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan

I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- 1. The hazards an characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H2S)
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of H2S detectors alarms warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile tubular are to be used, personnel well be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan and Public Protection Plan.

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H2S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H2S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H2S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan. The concentrations of H2S of wells in this area from surface to TD are low enough that a contingency plan is not required.

II. H2S SAFETY EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

Note: All H2S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonable expected to contain H2S.

1. Well Control Equipment:

- A. Flare line.
- B. Choke manifold.
- C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit.
- D. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: annular preventer & rotating head.

SHL: 660 FSL & 1980 FEL, SWSE, Sec. 3 T16S R28E

Eddy County, NM

2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

A. Mark II Survive air 30-minute units located in the doghouse and at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram.

3. H2S detection and monitoring equipment:

A. 1 portable H2S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights and audible sirens when H2S levels of 20 PPM are reached.

4. Visual warning systems:

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram (Exhibit #8).
- B. Caution/Danger signs (Exhibit #7) shall be posted on roads providing direct access to location. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be readable at a reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used, when appropriate. See example attached.

5. Mud program:

A. The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H2S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H2S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H2S bearing zones.

6. Metallurgy:

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H2S service.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H2S trim.

7. Communication:

- A. Radio communications in company vehicles including cellular telephone and 2-way radio.
- B. Land line (telephone) communication at Office.

8. Well testing:

A. Drill stem testing will be performed with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity, which are necessary to safely and adequately conduct the test. The drill stem testing will be conducted during daylight hours and formation fluids will not be flowed to the surface. All drill-stem-testing operations conducted in an H2S environment will use the closed chamber method of testing.

SHL: 660 FSL & 1980 FEL, SWSE, Sec. 3 T16S R28E

Eddy County, NM

B. There will be no drill stem testing.

EXHIBIT #7

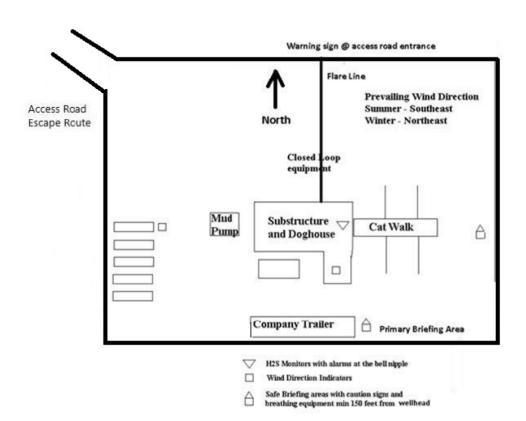
WARNING

YOU ARE ENTERING AN H2S

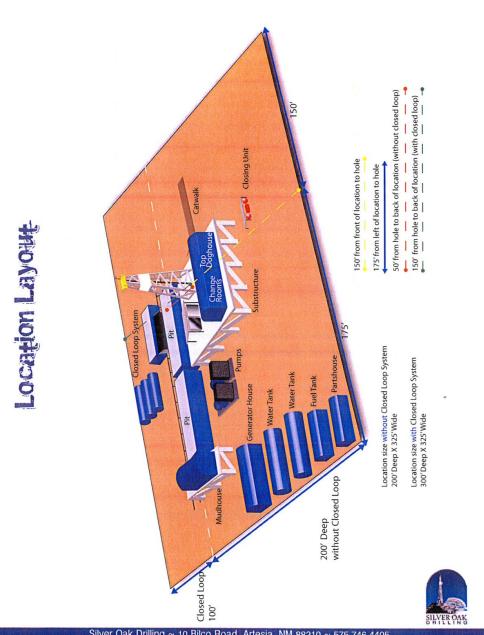
AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY

- 1. BEARDS OR CONTACT LENSES NOT ALLOWED
- 2. HARD HATS REQUIRED
- 3. SMOKING IN DESIGNATED AREAS ONLY
- 4. BE WIND CONSCIOUS AT ALL TIMES
- 5. CHECK WITH MACK ENERGY FOREMAN AT OFFICE

MACK ENERGY CORPORATION
1-575-748-1288



DRILLING LOCATION H2S SAFTY EQUIPMENT Exhibit # 8



Silver Oak Drilling ~ 10 Bilco Road, Artesia, NM 88210 ~ 575.746.4405 info@silveroakdrilling.com ~ www.silveroakdrilling.com

Mack Energy Corporation Call List, Eddy County

Artesia (575)	Cellular	Office	
Jim Krogman	432-934-1596	748-1288	
Emilio Martinez	432-934-7586	748-1288	

Agency Call List (575)

Artesi		
	State Police	
	City Police	746-2703
	Sheriff's Office	
	Ambulance	911
	Fire Department	746-2701
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee.	746-2122
	NMOCD	
	Bureau of Land Management	627-0272
Carlsbad		
	State Police	885-3137
	City Police	885-2111

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9690
9126
-8802

Emergency Services

Boots & Coots IWC	1-800-256-9688 or (281)931-8884
Cudd pressure Control	(915)699-0139 or (915)563-3356
Halliburton	746-2757
Par Five	748-9539
Flight For Life-Lubbock, TX	(806)743-9911
Aerocare-Lubbock, TX	(806)747-8923
Med Flight Air Amb-Albuqu	erque, NM(505)842-4433
Lifeguard Air Med Svc. Albu	aguerque, NM(505)272-3115

Drilling Program Page 12



APD ID: 10400092231

Well Name: DENALI SWD

U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report

Submission Date: 05/16/2023

Operator Name: MACK ENERGY CORPORATION

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

•

Well Number: 1

Well Type: INJECTION - DISPOSAL

Well Work Type: Reenter

Show Final Text

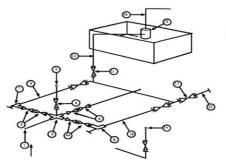
Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formatio
14548823	QUATERNARY	3601	0	0	ALLUVIUM	NONE	N
14548824	YATES	3231	370	370	ANHYDRITE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548825	SEVEN RIVERS	3091	510	510	ANHYDRITE, SHALE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548826	QUEEN	2511	1090	1090	ANHYDRITE, SHALE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548827	GRAYBURG	2111	1490	1490	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE, SILTSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548828	SAN ANDRES	1751	1850	1850	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548829	GLORIETA	221	3380	3380	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548830	TUBB	-979	4580	4580	DOLOMITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548831	ABO	-1769	5370	5370	DOLOMITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548832	WOLFCAMP	-3029	6630	6630	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548833	CISCO	-4039	7640	7640	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548834	ATOKA	-5429	9030	9030	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
14548835	MISSISSIPPIAN	-5829	9430	9430	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Mack Energy Corporation Exhibit #11

Exhibit #11
MIMIMUM CHOKE MANIFOLD
3,000, 5,000, and 10,000 PSI Working Pressure
5M will be used
3 MWP - 5 MWP - 10 MWP



Mud Pit

Reserve Pit

* Location of separator optional

Below Substructure

Mimimum requirements

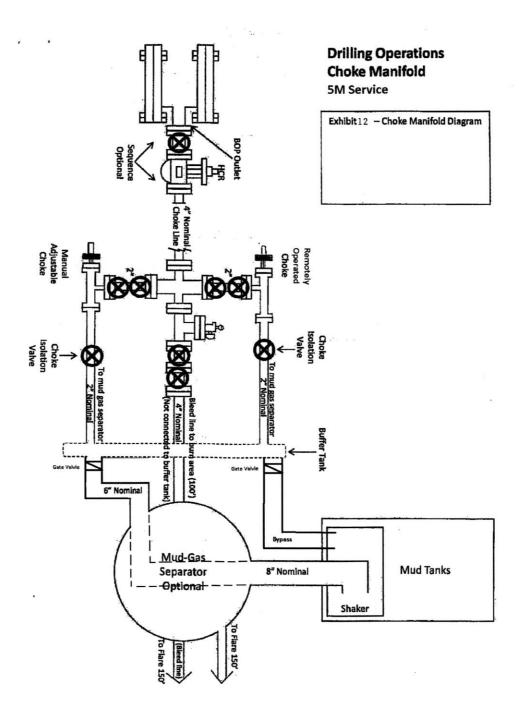
3,000 MWP 5,000 MWP 10,000 MWP										
No.		I.D.	Nominal	Rating	I.D.	Nominal	Rating	I.D.	Nominal	Rating
1	Line from drilling Spool		3"	3,000		3"	5,000	 	3"	10,000
2	Cross 3" x 3" x 3" x 2"			3,000		1	5,000			10,000
2	Cross 3" x 3" x 3" x 2"						2,000			10,000
3	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
4	Valve Gate Plug	1 13/16		3,000	1 13/16		5,000	1 13/16		10,000
4a	Valves (1)	2 1/16		3,000	2 1/16		5,000	2 1/16		10,000
5	Pressure Gauge			3,000			5,000			10,000
6	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
7	Adjustable Choke (3)	2"		3,000	2"		5,000	2"		10,000
8	Adjustable Choke	1"		3,000	1"		5,000	2"		10,000
9	Line		3"	3,000		3"	5,000		3"	10,000
10	Line		2"	3,000		2"	5,000		2"	10,000
11	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000
12	Line		3"	1,000		3"	1,000		3"	2,000
13	Line		3"	1,000		3"	1,000		3"	2,000
14	Remote reading compound Standpipe pressure quage			3,000			5,000			10,000
15	Gas Separator		2' x5'			2' x5'			2' x5'	
16	Line		4"	1,000		4"	1,000		4"	2,000
17	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8		3,000	3 1/8		5,000	3 1/8		10,000

- (1) Only one required in Class 3M
- (2) Gate valves only shall be used for Class 10 M
- (3) Remote operated hydraulic choke required on 5,000 psi and 10,000 psi for drilling.

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION

- 1. All connections in choke manifold shall be welded, studded, flanged or Cameron clamp of comparable rating.
- 2. All flanges shall be API 6B or 6BX and ring gaskets shall be API RX or BX. Use only BX for 10 MWP.
- All lines shall be securely anchored.
- 4. Chokes shall be equipped with tungsten carbide seats and needles, and replacements shall be available.
- alternate with automatic chokes, a choke manifold pressure gauge shall be located on the rig floor in conjunction with the standpipe pressure gauge.
- Line from drilling spool to choke manifold should bee as straight as possible. Lines downstream from chokes shall make turns by large bends or 90 degree bends using bull plugged tees

Mack Energy Corporation MANIFOLD SCHEMATIC Exhibit #12



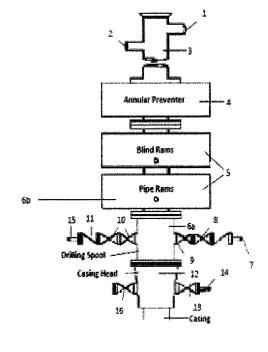
Mack Energy Corporation

Minimum Blowout Preventer Requirements

5000 psi Working Pressure 13 5/8 inch- 5 MWP 11 Inch - 5 MWP EXHIBIT #10

Stack Requirements

NO.	Items	Min.	Min.
		I.D.	Nominal
1	Flowline		2"
2	Fill up line		2"
3	Drilling nipple		
4	Annular preventer		
5	Two single or one dual hydraulically operated rams		
6а	Drilling spool with 2" min. kill line and 3" min choke line outlets		2" Choke
6b	2" min. kill line and 3" min. choke line outlets in ram. (Alternate to 6a above)		
7	Valve Gate Plug	3 1/8	
8	Gate valve-power operated	3 1/8	
9	Line to choke manifold		3"
10	Valve Gate Plug	2 1/16	
11	Check valve	2 1/16	
12	Casing head		
13	Valve Gate Plug	1 13/16	
14	Pressure gauge with needle valve		
15	Kill line to rig mud pump manifold		2"



OPTIONAL.

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	16	Flanged Valve	1 13/16

10.

CONTRACTOR'S OPTION TO CONTRACTOR'S OPTION TO FURNISH:

- All equipment and connections above bradenhead or casinghead. Working pressure of preventers to be 2000 psi minimum.
- Automatic accumulator (80 gallons, minimum) capable of closing BOP in 30 seconds or less and, holding them closed against full rated working pressure.
- BOP controls, to be located near drillers' position.
- 4. Kelly equipped with Kelly cock.
- Inside blowout preventer or its equivalent on derrick floor at all times with proper threads to fit pipe being used.
- Kelly saver-sub equipped with rubber casing protector at all times.
- Plug type blowout preventer tester.
- 8. Extra set pipe rams to fit drill pipe in use on location at all times.
- Type RX ring gaskets in place of Type R.

MEC TO FURNISH:

- 1. Bradenhead or casing head and side valves.
- 2. Wear bushing. If required.

ME GENERAL NOTES:

- Deviations from this drawing may be made only with the express permission of MEC's Drilling Manager.
- All connections, valves, fittings, piping, etc., subject to well or pump pressure must be flanged (suitable clamp connections acceptable) and have minimum working pressure equal to rated working pressure of preventers up through choke valves must be full opening and suitable for high pressure mud service.
- Controls to be of standard design and each marked, showing opening and closing position
- Chokes will be positioned so as not to hamper or delay changing of choke beans.

- Replaceable parts for adjustable choke, or bean sizes, retainers, and choke wrenches to be conveniently located for immediate use.
- All valves to be equipped with hand-wheels or handles ready for immediate use.
- Choke lines must be suitably anchored.
- 7. Handwheels and extensions to be connected and ready for
- Valves adjacent to drilling spool to be kept open. Use outside valves except for emergency.
- All seamless steel control piping (2000 psi working pressure) to have flexible joints to avoid stress. Hoses will be permitted.
- Casinghead connections shall not be used except in case of emergency.
- 11. Does not use kill line for routine fill up operations.

Sante Fe Main Office Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 473013

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:		
MACK ENERGY CORP	13837		
P.O. Box 960	Action Number:		
Artesia, NM 882110960	473013		
	Action Type:		
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)		

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
ward.rikala	Notify the OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement.	6/12/2025
ward.rikala	File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.	6/12/2025
ward.rikala	1. Permittee shall complete a Cement Bond Log ("CBL") across the 5.5-inch production casing to validate cement integrity. The Permittee shall submit the log to the OCD using the UF[1]WL Electronic Well Log Submission Form within 10 days following the completion of the log.	6/12/2025
ward.rikala	2. The Permittee shall conduct a swab or production test of the approved injection interval for hydrocarbon potential and obtain a formation water sample for analysis of hydrocarbon content as well as general water chemistry (including major cations, major anions, and Total Dissolved Solids ("TDS")). The Inspection Supervisor shall be noticed 24 hours prior to this test and given the opportunity to witness the test. Prior to commencing injection, the Permittee shall submit the results of the water sample [including the entire laboratory analytical report] and a summary report of the production test to the OCD using a Form C-103 Subsequent Report (General) for approval. If the analysis of the sample is found to contain a TDS concentration of 10,000 milligrams per liter or less, the injection authority under this Permit shall be suspended ipso facto.	
ward.rikala	3. Permittee shall complete a Quad-Combo Log suite (Gamma Ray combined with Resistivity, Sonic, Density and Neutron logs) for the 7.875-inch open bore hole from total depth up to the intermediate casing shoe set at 2,013 feet. The Permittee shall submit the log to the OCD using the UF-WL Electronic Well Log Submission Form within 10 days following the completion of the log	6/12/2025
ward.rikala	4. Permittee shall utilize DV/Stage tool(s), if/ as necessary, to ensure cement is circulated to surface for the 5.5-inch production casing.	6/12/2025
ward.rikala	5. Permittee to update the Bottomhole temperature estimate (currently listed as 120 degF @ well TD of 10,650 feet) prior to commencing cementing operations, and adjust cement design if applicable. If bottomhole static temperature exceeds 230F, the proponent shall modify the cement blend to include silica sand/flour to mitigate strength retrogression	6/12/2025
ward.rikala	Successful MIT must be performed prior to commencement of injection.	6/12/2025