

# Application for Permit to Drill

# U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management

# **APD Package Report**

Date Printed:

APD ID: Well Status:

APD Received Date: Well Name:

Operator: Well Number:

## APD Package Report Contents

- Form 3160-3
- Operator Certification Report
- Application Report
- Application Attachments
  - -- Well Plat: 1 file(s)
- Drilling Plan Report
- Drilling Plan Attachments
  - -- Blowout Prevention Choke Diagram Attachment: 1 file(s)
  - -- Blowout Prevention BOP Diagram Attachment: 1 file(s)
  - -- Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s): 2 file(s)
  - -- Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan: 1 file(s)
  - -- Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission: 2 file(s)
  - -- Other Facets: 1 file(s)
  - -- Other Variances: 5 file(s)
- SUPO Report
- SUPO Attachments
  - -- Existing Road Map: 1 file(s)
  - -- New Road Map: 1 file(s)
  - -- Attach Well map: 1 file(s)
  - -- Production Facilities map: 1 file(s)
  - -- Water source and transportation map: 1 file(s)
  - -- Construction Materials source location attachment: 1 file(s)
  - -- Well Site Layout Diagram: 1 file(s)
  - -- Recontouring attachment: 1 file(s)
  - -- Other SUPO Attachment: 1 file(s)
- PWD Report
- PWD Attachments
  - -- None

Form 3160-3 FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 (June 2015) Expires: January 31, 2018 **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR 5. Lease Serial No. BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. DRILL REENTER 1a. Type of work: 1b. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well Other 8. Lease Name and Well No. 1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing Single Zone Multiple Zone 2. Name of Operator 9. API Well No. 10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory 3a. Address 3b. Phone No. (include area code) 4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.\*) 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area At surface At proposed prod. zone 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office\* 12. County or Parish 13. State 15. Distance from proposed\* 16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 18. Distance from proposed location\* 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 22. Approximate date work will start\* 23. Estimated duration 24. Attachments The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable) 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see 2. A Drilling Plan. Item 20 above). 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the 5. Operator certification. SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the 25. Signature Name (Printed/Typed) Date Title Approved by (Signature) Name (Printed/Typed) Date Title Office Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction



(Continued on page 2)

\*(Instructions on page 2)

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM I: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the wen, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionany drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

### NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48( d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service wen or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record win be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM conects this information to anow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Conection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

# **Additional Operator Remarks**

### **Location of Well**

0. SHL: NENE / 647 FNL / 251 FEL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 36 / LAT: 32.7093604 / LONG: -103.9177197 ( TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet ) PPP: SENE / 1750 FNL / 100 FEL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 36 / LAT: 32.7063275 / LONG: -103.9172305 ( TVD: 9584 feet, MD: 9954 feet ) PPP: SWSE / 1752 FNL / 1320 FEL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 36 / LAT: 32.7063268 / LONG: -103.9211969 ( TVD: 9584 feet, MD: 11174 feet ) PPP: SENW / 1754 FNL / 2637 FWL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 36 / LAT: 32.706326 / LONG: -103.9254904 ( TVD: 9584 feet, MD: 12494 feet ) PPP: SENW / 1752 FNL / 1319 FWL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 36 / LAT: 32.706325 / LONG: -103.9297765 ( TVD: 9584 feet, MD: 13812 feet ) PPP: SENW / 1754 FNL / 2638 FEL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 35 / LAT: 32.7063355 / LONG: -103.9426394 ( TVD: 9584 feet, MD: 17769 feet ) PPP: SENE / 1750 FNL / 0 FEL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 35 / LAT: 32.7063238 / LONG: -103.9340646 ( TVD: 9584 feet, MD: 15131 feet ) BHL: SWNW / 1750 FNL / 10 FWL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 35 / LAT: 32.7063461 / LONG: -103.9511901 ( TVD: 9584 feet, MD: 19922 feet )

### **BLM Point of Contact**

Name: JANET D ESTES Title: ADJUDICATOR Phone: (575) 234-6233

Email: JESTES@BLM.GOV

# **Review and Appeal Rights**

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.



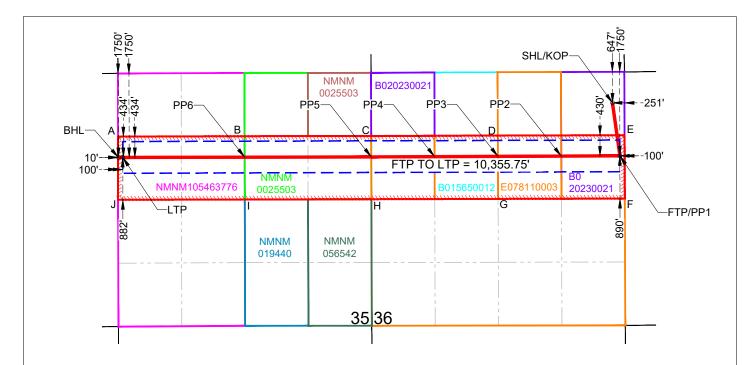
	<u>102</u>		En			ıral Re	exico esources Departm N DIVISION	ent			Revised July 9, 2024
	nit Electronicall OCD Permitting	У		OIL	CONSERVA	ATION	N DIVISION		a 1	☐ Initial S	Submittal
									Submitta Type:	Al X Amend	ed Report
										☐ As Dril	led
					WELL LOCA	ATION	INFORMATION				
	Number 30-015-5	7029	Pool Code	520	0	Pool 1	Name Benson	; Bone \$	Spring		
Prop	erty Code 33	6879	Property Na	ame	JAKKU	36 FED	COM			Well Num	iber 132H
OGI	RID No. 372		Operator Na				Ground Level Elevation CCES OPERATING, LLC  Ground Level Elevation 3559'				
Surf	ace Owner: 🔀	State □ Fee □	Tribal 🗆 Fed	eral			Mineral Owner: X S	state 🗆 Fee 🛭	☐ Tribal 🛭	I Federal	
					Ç.,	rface L	agation				
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S		Ft. from E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
A		18-S	30-E	Lot	647' N		251' E	32.70936		-103.91772	EDDY
		10.5	30 E				e Location				LDD 1
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S		Ft. from E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
Е	35	18-S	30-E		1750' N		10' W	32.70635		-103.95119	EDDY
		1	1		I						
Ded	icated Acres 320	Infill or Defin	_	Ī -	Well API <b>15-56070</b>		Overlapping Spacing N	Unit (Y/N)	Consolid	ation Code <b>C</b>	
Orde	er Numbers.	ending				7	Well setbacks are und	er Common (	Ownership	: XYes □No	
					Kick	Off Poi	int (KOP)				
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S		Ft. from E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
A	36	18-S	30-E		647' N		251' E	32.70936		-103.91772	EDDY
					First	Take Po	oint (FTP)				
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	F	Ft. from E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
Н	36	18-S	30-E		1750' N		100' E	32.70633		-103.91723	EDDY
		•			1	_	oint (LTP)		-		1
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	F	Ft. from E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
Е	35	18-S	30-E		1750' N		100' W	32.70635		-103.95090	EDDY
Unit	ized Area or Ar	ea of Uniform I	nterest	Spacing	Unit Type <b>X</b> Ho	orizontal	l □ Vertical	Groun	nd Floor E	levation:	
	ERATOR CERT						RVEYOR CERTIFIC	CATIONS			
my k orga inclu locat inter	nowledge and beli nization either ow ding the proposea ion pursuant to a	ief, and, if the well ins a working inter l bottom hole local contract with an o ary pooling agreer	l is a vertical or rest or unleased tion or has a rig wner of a work	directional v mineral inte ht to drill thi ing interest o	rest in the land	surv my l	ereby certify that the we veys made by me or unde beliefs.	ll location sho er my supervisio		101	rom field notes of actual nd correct to the best of
cons i <del>n ea</del>	ent of at least one ch tract (in the t <b>a</b> t	tal well, I further lessee or owner o get poot or forma for obtained a cor	fa working inte tion) in which a	rest or unlea ny part of the	sed mineral interes e well's completed the division.	st	Chan	las	(254 (254 (254)		/81/2024
Sign			Date			Sign	nature and Seal of Professi	onal Surveyor			
_	nnifer Elr	od					1				
	ed Name	- 1 1				Cert	tificate Number	Date of Surve	y		
1 <del></del>	rod@ntgle	opai.com				-					
Emai	1 Address										

Note: No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

#### ACREAGE DEDICATION PLATS

This grid represents a standard section. You may superimpose a non-standard section, or larger area, over this grid. Operators must outline the dedicated acreage in a red box, clearly show the well surface location and bottom hole location, if it is directionally drilled, with the dimensions from the section lines in the cardinal directions. If this is a horizontal wellbore show on this plat the location of the First Take Point and Last Take Point, and the point within the Completed interval (other than the First Take Point or Last Take Point) that is closest to any outer boundary of the tract.

Surveyors shall use the latest United States government survey or dependent resurvey. Well locations will be in reference to the New Mexico Principal Meridian. If the land is not surveyed, contact the OCD Engineering Bureau. Independent subdivision surveys will not be acceptable.



SURFACE HOLE LOCATION (SHL) KICK OFF POINT (KOP) NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 X=669171.45 LAT.= 32.70936° N Y=622047.24 LONG.= 103.91772° W NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27 X=627992.24 LAT.= 32.70924° N Y=621984.21 LONG.= 103.91721° W 647' FNL, 251' FEL - SECTION 36

HSU	COORDINAT	E TABLE
POINT	N: (83)	E: (83)
Α	621345.72	658870.01
В	621355.00	661509.47
С	621357.56	664147.18
D	621368.30	666783.91
E	621374.82	669424.68
F	620054.98	669429.55
G	620048.45	666789.07
Н	620041.93	664150.42
I	620035.76	661513.15
J	620029.58	658871.72

FIRST TAKE POINT (FTP)
PENETRATION POINT 1 (PP1)
NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83
X=669326.27 LAT.= 32.70633° N
Y=620944.43 LONG.= 103.91723° W
NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27
X=628147.02 LAT.= 32.70621° N
Y=620881.42 LONG.= 103.91673° W
1750' FNL, 100' FEL - SECTION 36
430' FNL, 100' FEL - LEASE

PENETRATION POINT 3 (PP3) NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 X=666785.60 LAT.= 32.70633° N Y=620934.01 LONG.= 103.92549° W NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27 X=625606.35 LAT.= 32.70621° N Y=620871.02 LONG.= 103.92499° W 1754' FNL, 2637' FWL - SECTION 36 434' FNL, 0' FEL - LEASE PENETRATION POINT 5 (PP5) NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 X=664148.25 LAT.= 32.70632° N Y=620923.20 LONG.= 103.93406° W NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27 X=622968.98 LAT.= 32.70621° N Y=620860.23 LONG.= 103.93356° W 1750' FNL, 0' FWL - SECTION 36 434' FNL, 0' FWL - LEASE LAST TAKE POINT (LTP)
NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83
X=658970.57 LAT.= 32.70635° N
Y=620912.23 LONG.= 103.95090° W
NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27
X=617791.28 LAT.= 32.70623° N
Y=620849.30 LONG.= 103.95039° W
1750' FNL, 100' FWL - SECTION 35
434' FNL, 100' FWL - LEASE

PENETRATION POINT 2 (PP2)
NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83
X=668106.24 LAT.= 32.70633° N
Y=620939.42 LONG = 103.92120° W
NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27
X=626926.99 LAT.= 32.70621° N
Y=620876.43 LONG.= 103.92069° W
1752' FNL, 1320' FEL - SECTION 36
432' FNL, 0' FWL - LEASE

PENETRATION POINT 4 (PP4) NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 X=665467.23 LAT.= 32.70633° N Y=620928.61 LONG = 103.92978° W NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27 X=624287.97 LAT.= 32.70621° N Y=620865.63 LONG.= 103.92927° W 1752' FNL, 1319' FWL - SECTION 36 434' FNL, 0' FWL - LEASE PENETRATION POINT 6 (PP6) NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 X=661510.69 LAT.= 32.70634° N Y=620917.61 LONG.= 103.94264° W NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27 X=620331.41 LAT.= 32.70622° N Y=620854.66 LONG.= 103.94213° W 1754' FNL, 2638' FEL - SECTION 35 437' FNL, 0' FEL - LEASE BOTTOM HOLE LOCATION (BHL) NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 83 X=658880.57 LAT.= 32.70635° N Y=620911.90 LONG.= 103.95119° W NEW MEXICO EAST - NAD 27 X=617701.28 LAT.= 32.70623° N Y=620848.97 LONG.= 103.95068° W 1750' FNL, 10' FWL - SECTION 35 434' FNL, 10' FWL - LEASE

# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit Electronically Via E-permitting

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

## NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

# Section 1 – Plan Description Effective May 25, 2021

I. Operator: \_\_Permian Resources Operating, LLC \_\_\_\_\_OGRID: \_\_\_372165 \_\_\_\_\_Date: 06/25/2024

-	=	<del></del>				· <u></u>
II. Type: ⊠ Original □ Amendme	ent due to	o 🗆 19.15.27.9.D(	(6)(a) NMAC □ 19.15.27.9	0.D(6)(b) NM	AC 🗆 Other.	
If Other, please describe:						
<b>III. Well(s):</b> Provide the following be recompleted from a single well p				of wells prop	osed to be dril	led or proposed to
Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipat	Anticipated	Anticipated
			_	ed Oil	Gas	Produced
				BBL/D	MCF/D	Water BBL/D

				ed Oil BBL/D	Gas MCF/D	Produced Water BBL/D
JAKKU 36 FED COM 111H	TBD	A-36-18S-30E	647' FNL, 341' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 112H	TBD	A-36-18S-30E	647' FNL, 311' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 113H	TBD	<u>I-36-18S-30E</u>	2408' FSL, 555' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 114H JAKKU 36 FED COM 131H	TBD TBD	<u>I-36-18S-30E</u> A-36-18S-30E	2413' FSL, 525' FEL 647' FNL, 281' FEL	1100 1100	2200	2800 2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 132H	TBD	A-36-18S-30E		1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 133H	TBD	<u>I-36-18S-30E</u>	2418' FSL, 495' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 134H	TBD	<u>I-36-18S-30E</u>	2424' FSL, 466' FEL	1100	2200	2800

IV. Central Delivery Point Name: ARRAKIS/JAKKU 25 FED COM CTB [See 19.15.27.9(D)(1) NMAC]

**V. Anticipated Schedule:** Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached	Completion	Initial Flow	First Production
			Date	Commencement	Back Date	Date
				Date		
JAKKU 36 FED COM 111H	TBD		<b>TBD</b>	<b>TBD</b>	TBD	<b>TBD</b>
JAKKU 36 FED COM 112H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 113H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 114H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 131H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 132H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 133H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 134H	TBD		<u>TBD</u>	<u>TBD</u>	<u>TBD</u>	<u>TBD</u>

Page 1 of 6

- VI. Separation Equipment: 
  ☐ Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture.
- VII. Operational Practices: ⊠ Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC.
- VIII. Best Management Practices: 

  Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

# Section 2 – Enhanced Plan EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

☑ Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

# IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

Well	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF

### X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering Start Date	Available Maximum Daily Capacity of System Segment Tie-in
			Start Date	or by seem beginene the in

XI. Map. $\square$ Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the
production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of
the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.

XII. Line Capacity. The natural gas gathering system $\square$ will $\square$	will not have capacity to gather 100	% of the anticipated natural gas
1 0 0 0 3	1 , 0	1 0
production volume from the well prior to the date of first production	on.	

<b>XIII. Line Pressure.</b> Operator $\square$ d	oes  does not anticipate that its	s existing well(s) connected	to the same segment,	or portion,	of the
natural gas gathering system(s) desc	cribed above will continue to mee	et anticipated increases in lir	ne pressure caused by	the new we	:ll(s).

☐ Attach (	Operator'	s plan	to manage prod	duction in	response to	o the	ıncreased	line	pressure
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**XIV. Confidentiality:**  $\square$  Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided in Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific information for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.

# Section 3 - Certifications Effective May 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

- ☑ Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or
- □ Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system. *If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following:*

**Well Shut-In.** □ Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

**Venting and Flaring Plan.**  $\square$  Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:

- (a) power generation on lease;
- **(b)** power generation for grid;
- (c) compression on lease;
- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- **(f)** reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

# **Section 4 - Notices**

- 1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:
- (a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or
- (b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.
- 2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature: Cooi Evano-
Printed Name: Cassie Evans
Title: Regulatory Socialist
E-mail Address: cassie.evans@permianres.com
Date: 6/05/25
Phone: 432-313-1732
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION (Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)
Approved By:
Approved By:  Title:
Title:
Title: Approval Date:
Title: Approval Date:
Title: Approval Date:



### NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

### VI. Separation Equipment:

Permian utilizes a production forecast from our Reservoir Engineering team to appropriately size each permanent, 3-phase separator and heater treater utilized for production operations. Our goal is to maintain 5 minutes of retention time in the test vessel and 20 minutes in the heater treater at peak production rates. The gas produced is routed from the separator to the gas sales line.

### **VII. Operational Practices:**

### Drilling

During Permian's drilling operations it is uncommon for venting or flaring to occur. If flaring is needed due to safety concerns, gas will be routed to a flare and volumes will be estimated.

#### **Flowback**

During completion/recompletion flowback operations, after separation flowback begins and as soon as it is technically feasible, Permian routes gas though a permanent separator and the controlled facility where the gas is either sold or flared through a high-pressure flare if needed.

### Production

Per 19.15.27.8.D, Permian's facilities are designed to minimize waste. Our produced gas will only be vented or flared in an emergency or malfunction situation, except as allowed for normal operations noted in 19.15.27.8.D(2) & (4). All gas that is flared is metered. All gas that may be vented will be estimated.

### Performance Standards

Permian utilizes a production forecast from our Reservoir Engineering team to appropriately size each permanent, 3-phase separator and heater treater utilized for production operations.

All of Permian's permanent storage tanks associated with production operations which are routed to a flare or control device are equipped with an automatic gauging system.

All of Permian's flare stacks, both currently installed and for future installation, are:

- 1) Appropriately sized and designed to ensure proper combustion efficiency.
- 2) Equipped with an automatic ignitor or continuous pilot.
- 3) Anchored and located at least 100 feet from the well and storage tanks.

Permian's field operations and HSE teams have implemented an AVO inspection schedule that adheres to the requirements of 19.15.27.8.E(5).

All of our operations and facilities are designed to minimize waste. We routinely employ the following methods and practices:

- Closed loop systems
- Enclosed and properly sized tanks.

Page 5 of 6

- Vapor recovery units to maximize recovery of low-pressure gas streams and potential unauthorized emissions.
- Low-emitting or electric engines whenever practical
- Combustors and flare stacks in the event of a malfunction or emergency
- Routine facility inspections to identify leaking components, functioning control devices, such as flares and combustors, and repair / replacement of malfunctioning components where applicable.

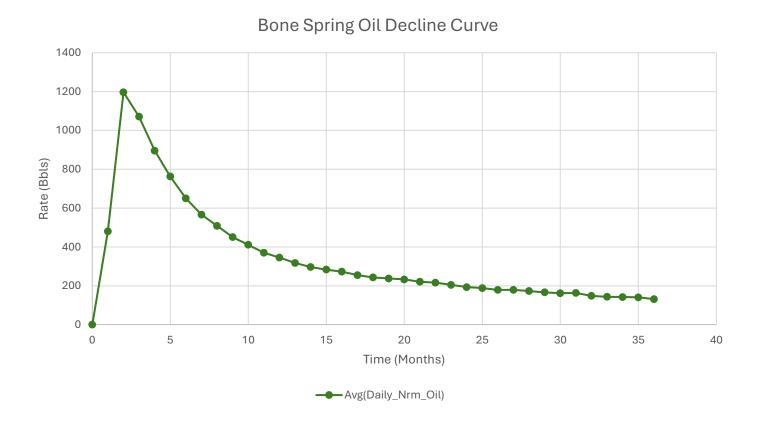
#### Measurement or Estimation

Permian measures or estimates the volumes of natural gas vented, flared and/or beneficially used for all of our drilling, completing, and producing wells. We utilize accepted industry standards and methodology which can be independently verified. Annual GOR testing is completed on our wells and will be submitted as required by the NMOCD. None of our equipment is designed to allow diversion around metering elements except during inspection, maintenance, and repair operations.

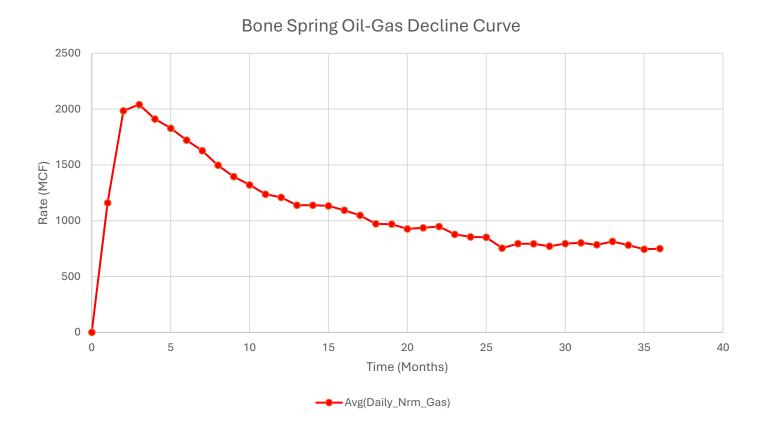
### **VIII. Best Management Practices:**

Permian utilizes the following BMPs to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance activities:

- Use a closed-loop process wherever possible during planned maintenance activities, such as blowdowns, liquid removal, and work over operations.
- Employ low-emitting or electric engines for equipment, such as compressors.
- Adhere to a strict preventative maintenance program which includes routine facility inspections, identification of
  component malfunctions, and repairing or replacing components such as hatches, seals, valves, etc. where
  applicable.
- Utilize vapor recovery units (VRU's) to maximize recovery of volumes of low-pressure gas streams and potential unauthorized emissions.
- Route low pressure gas and emissions streams to a combustion device to prevent venting where necessary.



- 1. Represented curve is generic based on 3-Years available information for the Bone Spring formation and may not be representative of forecasted production or actual volumes.
- 2. Decline curves are based on an average 10,000ft lateral length. Multiple factors may influence production and decline curves, including but not limited to: lateral length and completion type.



- 1. Represented curve is generic based on 3-Years available information for the Bone Spring formation and may not be representative of forecasted production or actual volumes.
- 2. Decline curves are based on an average 10,000ft lateral length. Multiple factors may influence production and decline curves, including but not limited to: lateral length and completion type.



### U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

# Drilling Plan Data Report

03/04/2025

APD ID: 10400092216 Submission Date: 05/10/2023

Operator Name: CENTENNIAL RESOURCE PRODUCTION LLC

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H

Well Type: OIL WELL Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

**Show Final Text** 

# **Section 1 - Geologic Formations**

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formatio
15134854	RUSTLER	3052	535	535	SANDSTONE	USEABLE WATER	N
15134855	TOP SALT	2185	867	867	SALT	NONE	N
15134856	TANSILL	1067	1985	1985	ANHYDRITE, SHALE	NONE	N
15134857	YATES	927	2125	2125	ANHYDRITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134858	SEVEN RIVERS	562	2490	2490	OTHER : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134859	QUEEN	-63	3115	3115	OTHER : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134860	DELAWARE SAND	-913	3965	3965	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134861	BONE SPRING LIME	-3043	6095	6095	OTHER, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134862	FIRST BONE SPRING SAND	-4583	7635	7635	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134863	2ND BONE SPRING LIME	-5503	8555	8555	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134864	BONE SPRING 3RD	-6303	9355	9355	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
15134865	WOLFCAMP	-6718	9770	9770	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N

## **Section 2 - Blowout Prevention**

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M Rating Depth: 9684

Equipment: BOPE will meet all requirements for above listed system per 43 CFR 3172. BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. The system may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all of the components installed will be functional, tested, and will meet all requirements per 43 CFR 3172. The wellhead will be a multibowl speed head allowing for hangoff of intermediate casing of the surface x intermedicate annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead. A variance is requested to utilize a flexible choke line (flexhose)



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

# Application Data

**APD ID:** 10400092216 Submission Date: 05/10/2023

Operator Name: CENTENNIAL RESOURCE PRODUCTION LLC

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H

Well Type: OIL WELL Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes **Show Final Text** 

## **Section 1 - General**

APD ID: 10400092216 Tie to previous NOS? N Submission Date: 05/10/2023

**BLM Office:** Carlsbad **User: ASHLEY BROWN** Title: Sr. Regulatory Analyst

Federal/Indian APD: FED Is the first lease penetrated for production Federal or Indian? FED

Lease number: NMNM93771 Lease Acres:

Allotted? Surface access agreement in place? Reservation:

Agreement in place? NO Federal or Indian agreement:

Agreement number:

Agreement name:

Keep application confidential? Y

**Permitting Agent? NO** APD Operator: CENTENNIAL RESOURCE PRODUCTION LLC

Operator letter of

## **Operator Info**

Operator Organization Name: CENTENNIAL RESOURCE PRODUCTION LLC

Operator Address: 300 N MARIENFIELD STREET SUITE 1000

**Operator PO Box:** 

**Operator City: MIDLAND** State: TX

**Operator Phone:** (432)695-4222

Operator Internet Address: KANICIA.SCHLICHTING@PERMIANRES.COM

### **Section 2 - Well Information**

Well in Master Development Plan? NO **Master Development Plan name:** 

Well in Master SUPO? NO Master SUPO name:

Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO Master Drilling Plan name:

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H Well API Number:

Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool Field Name: BENSON Pool Name: BONE SPRING

**Zip:** 79701

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? NATURAL GAS,OIL

Is the proposed well in a Helium production area? N Use Existing Well Pad? N New surface disturbance?

Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL

Multiple Well Pad Name: JAKKU Number: 1

36 NENE

Well Class: HORIZONTAL Number of Legs: 1

Well Work Type: Drill
Well Type: OIL WELL
Describe Well Type:
Well sub-Type: INFILL

Describe sub-type:

Distance to town: Distance to nearest well: 30 FT Distance to lease line: 251 FT

Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measurement: 320 Acres

**Well plat:** 10641\_JAKKU\_36\_FED\_COM\_132H\_C102\_REV\_1\_20230510124348.pdf

# **Section 3 - Well Location Table**

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

**Describe Survey Type:** 

Datum: NAD83 Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Survey number: 25490 Reference Datum: GROUND LEVEL

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	DVT	Will this well produce from this
SHL Leg #1	647	FNL	251	FEL	18S	30E	36	Aliquot NENE	32.70936 04	- 103.9177 197	EDD Y	MEXI	•	S	STATE	355 9	0	0	N
KOP Leg #1	647	FNL	251	FEL	18S	30E	36	Aliquot NENE	32.70936 04	- 103.9177 197	EDD Y	MEXI		S	STATE	- 554 8	920 4	910 7	N
PPP Leg #1-1	175 0	FNL	100	FEL	18S	30E	36	Aliquot SENE		- 103.9172 305	EDD Y	MEXI		S	STATE	- 602 5	995 4	958 4	Υ

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	DVT	Will this well produce from this
PPP	175	FNL	132	FEL	18S	30E	36	Aliquot	32.70632		EDD	NEW	FIRS	S	STATE	-	111	958	Υ
Leg #1-2	2		0					SWSE	68	103.9211 969	Y	CO	T PRIN			602 5	74	4	
PPP		FNL	263	FW	18S	30E	36	Aliquot	32.70632		EDD	NEW	FIRS	S	STATE	-	124	958	Υ
Leg	4		7	L				SENW	6	103.9254 904	Υ	MEXI	T PRIN			602 5	94	4	
#1-3																			
PPP Leg	175 2	FNL	131 9	FW L	18S	30E	36	Aliquot SWN	32.70632 5	103.9297	EDD Y	NEW MEXI	T	S	STATE	602	138 12	958 4	Υ
#1-4								W		765		СО	PRIN			5			
PPP		FNL	0	FEL	18S	30E	35	Aliquot	32.70632		EDD	NEW	FIRS	F	NMNM	-	151	958	Υ
Leg #1-5	0							SENE	38	103.9340 646	Y	MEXI CO	T PRIN		93771	602 5	31	4	
PPP		FNL		FEL	18S	30E	35	Aliquot	32.70633		EDD	NEW	FIRS	F	NMNM	-	177	958	Υ
Leg	4		8					SENW	55	103.9426 394	Y	MEXI CO	T PRIN		06245	602 5	69	4	
#1-6 EXIT	475	FNL	100	<b></b>	18S	30E	25	Aliquot	22 70024		רחח	NEW	FIRS	_	NIN AN IN A		100	050	Υ
Leg	0	FINL		L	185	30E	35	SWN	32.70634 62	103.9508	EDD Y	MEXI	T		NMNM 06245	- 602	198 32	958 4	Y
#1								W		975		СО	PRIN			5			
BHL		FNL	10	FW	18S	30E	35	Aliquot	32.70634		EDD	NEW	FIRS	F	NMNM	-	199	958	N
Leg #1	0			L				SWN W	61	103.9511 901	Y	MEXI CO	T PRIN		06245	602 5	22	4	

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H

from the BOP to choke manifold.

### Requesting Variance? YES

**Variance request:** Permian Resources Operating, LLC hereby requests to use a flex hose on H&P choke manifold for this well. The Flex Hose specifications are listed attached on page 8.

**Testing Procedure:** Operator requests to ONLY test broken pressure seals per API Standard 53 and the attachments in Section 8. The BOP test shall be performed before drilling out of the surface casing shoe and will occur at a minimum: a. when initially installed, b. whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, c. following related repairs, d. at 21-day intervals. Testing of the ram type preventer(s) and annual type preventer(s) shall be tested per 43 CFR 3172. The BOPE configuration, choke manifold layout, and accumulator system will be in compliance with 43 CFR 3172. Bleed lines will discharge 100' from wellhead in non-H2S scenarios and 150' from wellhead in H2S scenarios.

### **Choke Diagram Attachment:**

5M\_BOP\_20241230120532.pdf

### **BOP Diagram Attachment:**

5M\_Choke\_Manifold\_20241230120538.pdf

# **Section 3 - Casing**

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	560	0	560	3559	2999	560	J-55		OTHER - BTC	4.08	2.54	DRY	6.96	DRY	6.54
2	INTERMED IATE	12.2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	3915	0	3915	3557	-356	3915	J-55		OTHER - BTC	2.38	1.5	DRY	2.65	DRY	2.34
3	PRODUCTI ON	8.75	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	9954	0	9584	3557	-6025	9954	P- 110		OTHER - GEOCONN	1.5	1.57	DRY	2.08	DRY	2.08
	PRODUCTI ON	7.87 5	5.5	NEW	API	N	9954	19922	9584	9584	-6025	-6025	9968	P- 110		OTHER - GEOCONN	1.5	1.57	DRY	2.08	DRY	2.08

# **Casing Attachments**

Operator Name: CENTENNIA	AL RESOUR	CE PRODUCTION LLC	
Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED (	COM	Well Number: 132H	
Casing Attachments			
Casing ID: 1	String	SURFACE	
Inspection Document:			
Spec Document:			
Tapered String Spec:			
Casing Design Assumpt	ions and W	orksheet(s):	
Casing ID: 2	String	INTERMEDIATE	
Inspection Document:	•		
Spec Document:			
Tapered String Spec:			
Casing Design Assumpt	ions and W	orksheet(s):	

Casing ID: 3 String PRODUCTION

**Inspection Document:** 

**Spec Document:** 

**Tapered String Spec:** 

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

 $Casing\_Assumptions\_Worksheet\_Jakku\_36\_Fed\_Com\_132H\_20230510125439.pdf$ 

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H

## **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 4

String

**PRODUCTION** 

**Inspection Document:** 

**Spec Document:** 

**Tapered String Spec:** 

# Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

 $Casing\_Assumptions\_Worksheet\_Jakku\_36\_Fed\_Com\_132H\_20230510125429.pdf$ 

# **Section 4 - Cement**

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Тор МD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	560	450	1.34	14.8	590	50	Class C	Accelerator

INTERMEDIATE	Lead	0	3130	690	2.08	12.7	1420	50	Class C	Salt, Extender, and LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail	3130	3915	280	1.34	14.8	370	50	Class C	Accelerator
PRODUCTION	Lead	3415	9204	840	2.41	11.5	2010	40	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder
PRODUCTION	Tail	9204	1992 2	1390	1.73	12.5	2400	25	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder
PRODUCTION	Lead	3415	9204	840	2.41	11.5	2010	40	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder
PRODUCTION	Tail	9204	1992 2	1390	1.73	12.5	2400	25	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H

# **Section 5 - Circulating Medium**

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Sufficient quantities of mud materials will be on the well site at all times for the purpose of assuring well control and maintaining wellbore integrity. Surface interval will employ fresh water mud. The intermediate hole will utilize a saturated brine fluid to inhibit salt washout. The production hole will employ brine based and oil base fluid to inhibit formation reactivity and of the appropriate density to maintain well control.

**Describe the mud monitoring system utilized:** Centrifuge separation system. Open tank monitoring with EDR will be used for drilling fluids and return volumes. Open tank monitoring will be used for cement and cuttings return volumes. Mud properties will be monitored at least every 24 hours using industry accepted mud check practices.

# **Circulating Medium Table**

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	НА	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	560	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	9.5							
560	3915	SALT SATURATED	10	10							
3915	9954	OTHER : BRINE	9	10							
9954	1992 2	OIL-BASED MUD	9	10							

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 132H

# Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

# List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Will utilize MWD/LWD (Gamma Ray logging) from intermediate hole to TD of the well.

### List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

GAMMA RAY LOG, DIRECTIONAL SURVEY,

### Coring operation description for the well:

N/A

### **Section 7 - Pressure**

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 4990 Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2881

**Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 152** 

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

H2S\_Contingency\_Plan\_Jakku\_36\_Fed\_Com\_111H\_\_112H\_\_131H\_\_132H\_20230508111216.pdf

### **Section 8 - Other Information**

## Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Jakku\_36\_Fed\_State\_Com\_132H\_Plan\_1\_20230510125733.pdf

Jakku\_36\_Fed\_State\_Com\_132H\_Plan\_1\_AC\_Report\_20230510125737.pdf

# Other proposed operations facets description:

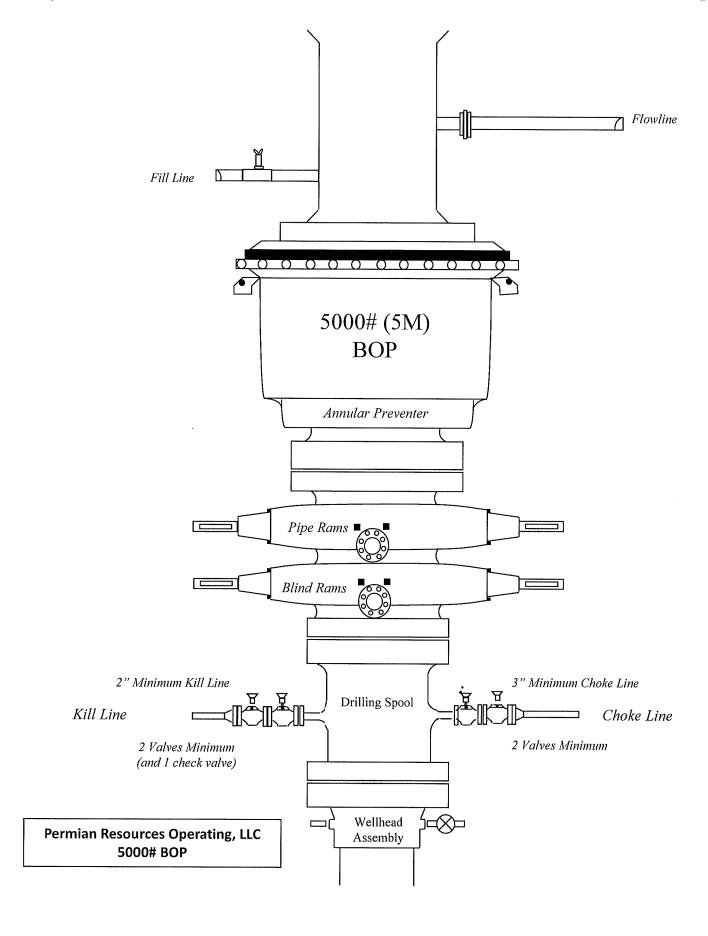
Please see attached Drilling Plan, including multi-bowl diagram and procedure, proposed WBD, and casing connection data sheet. We also plan to batch drill this well along with offline cementing, see details under variance request below. Permian Resources Operating, LLC requests to use a flex hose on H&P choke manifold for this well. The Flex Hose specifications are attached below.

#### Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Jakku 36 Fed Com 132H Drilling Packet 20230510125749.pdf

### Other Variance attachment:

Other\_Variance\_Attachments\_Jakku\_36\_Fed\_Com\_132H\_20230510125756.pdf BOP\_Break\_2024\_20241230120601.pdf 2022\_FH\_20241230120601.pdf Batch\_20241230120601.pdf OCV\_20241230120601.pdf



Bleed lines will discharge 100' from WH in non-H2S scenarios and 150' from WH in H2S scenarios.

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(Bleed line) To Flare 150' Permian Resources Operating, LLC 5M Choke Manifold Diagram Shaker **Mud Tanks** Separator Mud-Gas Bleed line to burn area (150′) (Not connected to buffer tank) **Buffer Tank** 40'-50' from **Mud Tanks** wellbore To mud gas separator 3" Minimum To mud gas separator 2" Minimum Choke Isolation Valve Isolation Choke Valve Adjustable REMOTELY Adjustable OPERATED Choke Choke min. min. (Required) HCR. HCR Valve is optional **Drilling Operations Choke Manifold BOP Outlet** 5M Service

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Bleed lines will discharge 100' from WH in non-H2S scenarios

and 150' from WH in H2S scenarios.

### Permian Resources Casing Design Criteria

A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted. All casing will be centralized as specified in On Shore Order II. Casing will be tested as specified in On Shore Order II.

### Casing Design Assumptions:

### Surface

- 1) Burst Design Loads
  - a) Displacement to Gas
    - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
  - b) Casing Pressure Test
    - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
  - a) Cementing
    - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
    - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
  - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
    - Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
  - a) Overpull Force
    - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
  - b) Green Cement Casing Test
    - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

### Intermediate I

- 1) Burst Design Loads
  - a) Displacement to Gas
    - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
  - b) Casing Pressure Test
    - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.

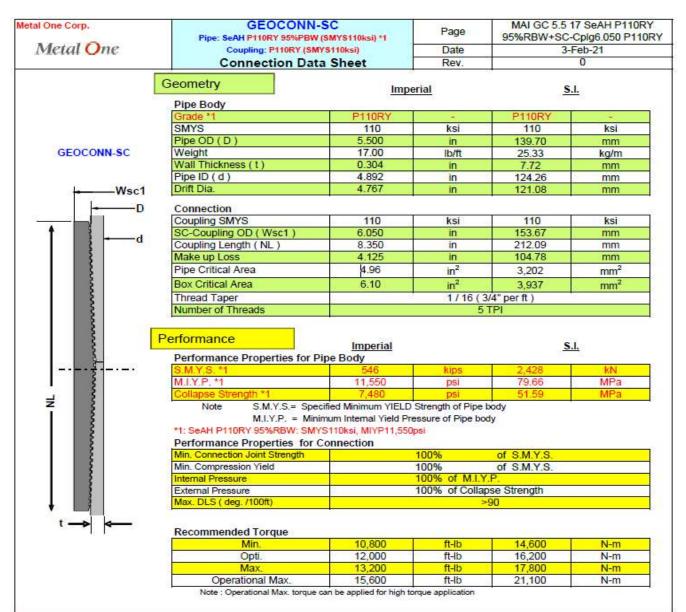
- (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
  - a) Cementing
    - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
    - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
  - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
    - Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- Tension Loads
  - a) Overpull Force
    - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
  - b) Green Cement Casing Test
    - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

#### Intermediate or Intermediate II

- 1) Burst Design Loads
  - a) Gas Kick Profile
    - Internal: Load profile based on influx encountered in lateral portion of wellbore with a maximum influx volume of 150 bbl and a kick intensity of 1.5 ppg using maximum anticipated MW of 9.9 ppg.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
  - b) Casing Pressure Test
    - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
  - a) Cementing
    - Internal: Displacement fluid density.
    - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
  - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
    - Internal: Lost circulation at the deepest TVD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls
      to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the
      depth of the lost circulation zone.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
  - a) Overpull Force
    - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
  - b) Green Cement Casing Test
    - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

#### Production

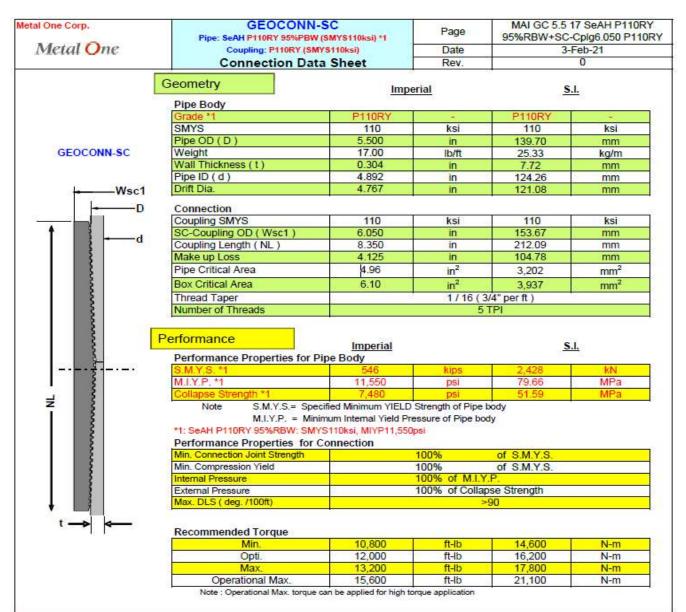
- 1) Burst Design Loads
  - a) Injection Down Casing
    - (1) Internal: Surface pressure plus injection fluid gradient.
    - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
  - b) Casing Pressure Test (Drilling)
    - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
  - c) Casing Pressure Test (Production)
    - (1) Internal: The design pressure test should be the greater of the planned test pressure prior to simulation down the casing, the regulatory test pressure, and the expected gas lift system pressure. The design test fluid should be the fluid associated with the pressure test having the greatest pressure.
    - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
  - d) Tubing Leak
    - (1) Internal: SITP plus a packer fluid gradient to the top of packer.
    - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
  - a) Cementing
    - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
  - b) Full Evacuation
    - (1) Internal: Full void pipe.
    - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
  - a) Overpull Force
    - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
  - b) Green Cement Casing Test
    - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.



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# Permian Resources - Jakku 36 Fed Com 132H

## 1. Geologic Formations

Formation	Elevation	TVD	Target
Rustler	3054	535	No
Top of Salt	2722	867	No
Capitan	NP	NP	No
Tansill	1604	1985	No
Yates	1464	2125	No
Seven Rivers	1099	2490	No
Queen	474	3115	No
Grayburg	NP	NP	No
San Andres	NP	NP	No
Delaware Sands	-376	3965	No
Bone Spring Lime	-2506	6095	No
1st Bone Spring Sand	-4046	7635	No
2nd Bone Spring Sand	-4966	8555	No
3rd Bone Spring Sand	-5766	9355	Yes
Wolfcamp	-6181	9770	No

## 2. Blowout Prevention

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP	Ty	/pe	x	Tested to:
			Anr	nular	Х	2500 psi
			Blind	Ram	Х	
12.25	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe	Ram	Х	5000 psi
			Doubl	e Ram		5000 psi
			Other*			
			Anr	nular	Х	2500 psi
			Blind	Ram	Х	
8.75	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe	Ram	Х	5000 pai
			Doubl	e Ram	·	5000 psi
			Other*			

Equipment: BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. All BOPE connections shall be flanged, welded or clamped. All choke lines shall be straight unless targeted with running tees or tee blocks are used, and choke lines shall be anchored to prevent whip and reduce vibrations. All valves in the choke line & the choke manifold shall be full opening as to not cause restrictions and to allow for straight fluid paths to minimize potential erosion. All gauges utilized in the well control system shall be of a type designed for drilling fluid service. A top drive inside BOP valve will be utilized at all times. Subs equipped with full opening valves sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. The key to operate said valve equipped subs will be on the rig floor at all times. The accumulator system will have sufficient capacity to open the HCR and close all three sets of rams plus the annular preventer while retaining at least 300 psi above precharge on the closing manifold (accumulator system shall be capable of doing so without using the closing unit pumps). The fluid reservoir capacity will be double the usable fluid volume of the accumulator system capacity, and the fluid level will be maintained at the manufacturer's recommended level. Prior to connecting the closing unit to the BOP stack, an accumulator precharge pressure test shall be performed to ensure the precharge pressure is within 100 psi of the desired precharge pressure (only nitrogen gas will be used to precharge). Two independent power sources will be made available at all times to power the closing unit pumps so that the pumps can automatically start when the closing valve manifold pressure has decreased to the preset level. Closing unit pumps will be sized to allow opening of HCR and closing of annular preventer on 5" drill pipe achieving at least 200 psi above precharge pressure with the accumulator system isolated from service in less than two minutes. A valve shall be installed in the closing line as close to the annular preventer as possible to act as a locking device; the valve shall be maintained in the open position and shall be closed only when the power source for the accumulator system is inoperative. Remote controls capable of opening and closing all preventers & the HCR shall be readily accessible to the driller; master controls with the same capability will be operable at the accumulator. The wellhead will be a multibowl speed head allowing for hangoff of intermediate casing & isolation of the 133/8 x 95/8 annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead to install an additional casing head. A wear bushing will be installed & inspected frequently to guard against internal wear to wellhead. VBRs (variablebore rams) will be run in upper rambody of BOP stack to provide redundancy to annular preventer while RIH w/ production casing;

#### **Requesting Variance?** YES

Variance request: Flex hose and offline cement variances, see attachments in section 8.

Testing Procedure: The BOP test shall be performed before drilling out of the surface casing shoe and will occur at a minimum: a. when initially installed b. whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken c. following related repairs d. at 30 day intervals e. checked daily as to mechanical operating conditions. The ram type preventer(s) will be tested using a test plug to 250 psi (low) and 5,000 psi (high) (casinghead WP) with a test plug upon its installation onto the 13 surface casing. If a test plug is not used, the ram type preventer(s) shall be tested to 70% of the minimum internal yield pressure of the casing. The annular type preventer(s) shall be tested to 3500 psi. Pressure will be maintained for at least 10 minutes or until provisions of the test are met, whichever is longer. A Sundry Notice (Form 3160 5), along with a copy of the BOP test report, shall be submitted to the local BLM office within 5 working days following the test. If the bleed line is connected into the buffer tank (header), all BOP equipment including the buffer tank and associated valves will be rated at the required BOP pressure. The BLM office will be provided with a minimum of four (4) hours notice of BOP testing to allow witnessing. The BOP Configuration, choke manifold layout, and accumulator system, will be in compliance with Onshore Order 2 for a 5,000 psi system. A remote accumulator and a multi-bowl system will be used, please see attachment in section 8 for multi-bowl procedure. Pressures, capacities, and specific placement and use of the manual and/or hydraulic controls, accumulator controls, bleed lines, etc., will be identified at the time of the BLM 'witnessed BOP test. Any remote controls will be capable of both opening and closing all preventers and shall be readily accessible.

Choke Diagram Attachemnt: 5 M Choe Manifold BOP Diagram Attachment: BOP Schematic

### 3. Casing

String	Hole Size	Casing Size	Тор	Bottom	Тор ТVD	Bottom TVD	Length	Grade	Weight	Connection	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
Surface	17.5	13.375	0	560	0	560	560	J55	54.5	BTC	4.08	2.54	Dry	6.96	Dry	6.54
Intermediate	12.25	9.625	0	3915	0	3915	3915	J55	36	BTC	2.38	1.50	Dry	2.65	Dry	2.34
Production	8.75	5.5	0	9954	0	9584	9954	P110RY	17	GeoConn	1.50	1.57	Dry	2.08	Dry	2.08
Production	7.875	5.5	9954	19922	9584	9584	9968	P110RY	17	GeoConn	1.50	1.57	Dry	2.08	Dry	2.08
								BLM Mi	n Safe	ety Factor	1.125	1		1.6		1.6

Non API casing spec sheets and casing design assumptions attached.

#### 4. Cement

String	Lead/Tail	Тор МБ	Bottom MD	Quanity (sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess %	Cement Type	Additives
Surface	Tail	0	560	450	1.34	14.8	590	50%	Class C	Accelerator
Intermediate	Lead	0	3130	690	2.08	12.7	1420	50%	Class C	Salt, Extender, and LCM
Intermediate	Tail	3130	3915	280	1.34	14.8	370	50%	Class C	Accelerator
Production	Lead	3415	9204	840	2.41	11.5	2010	40%	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder
Production	Tail	9204	19922	1390	1.73	12.5	2400	25%	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder

### 5. Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be used: No

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate oter conditions: Sufficient quantities of mud materials will be on the well site at all times for the purpose of assuring well control and maintaining wellbore integrity. Surface interval will employ fresh water mud. The intermediate hole will utilize a saturated brine fluid to inhibit salt washout. The production hole will employ brine based and oil base fluid to inhibit formation reactivity and of the appropriate density to maintain well control.

**Describe the mud monitoring system utilized:** Centrifuge separation system. Open tank monitoring with EDR will be used for drilling fluids and return volumes. Open tank monitoring will be used for cement and cuttings return volumes. Mud properties will be monitored at least every 24 hours using industry accepted mud check practices.

**Cuttings Volume: 9580 Cu Ft** 

**Circulating Medium Table** 

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight	Max Weight
0	560	Water Based Mud	8.6	9.5
560	3915	Salt Saturated	10	10
3915	9954	Brine	9	10
9954	19922	OBM	9	10

## 6. Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Will utilize MWD/LWD (Gamma Ray logging) from intermediate hole to TD of the well.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

DIRECTIONAL SURVEY, GAMMA RAY LOG,

Coring operation description for the well:

N/A

### 7. Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure	4990	psi
Anticipated Surface Pressure	2875.2	psi
Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature	152	°F
Anticipated Abnormal pressure, temp, or geo hazards	No	

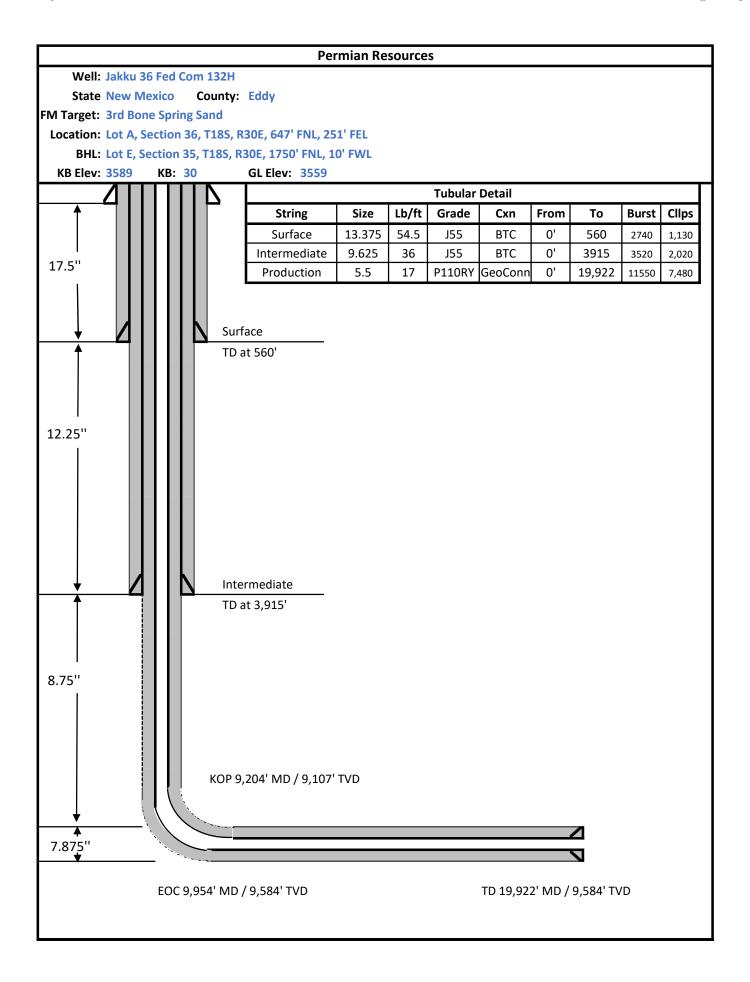
#### 8. Other Information

Well Plan and AC Report: attached Batching Drilling Procedure: attached

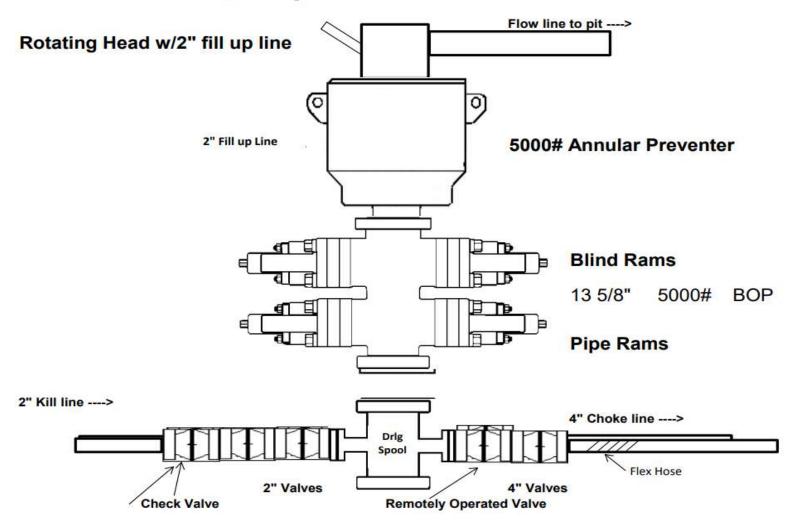
WBD: attached

Flex Hose Specs: attached

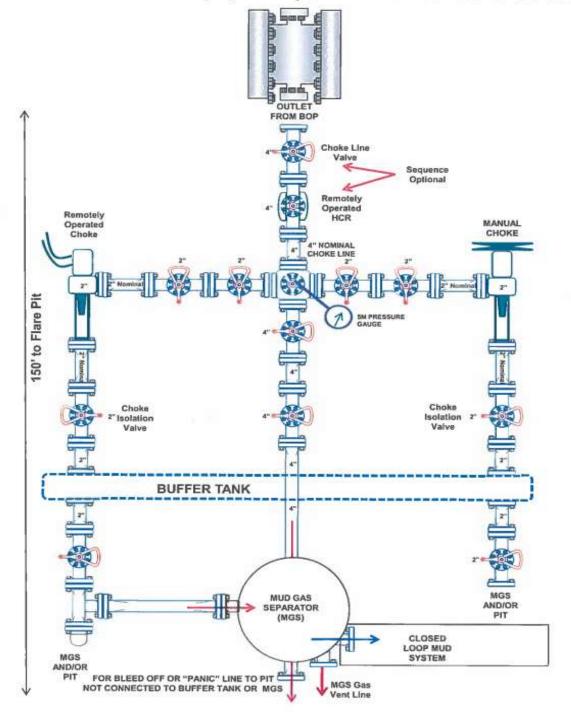
Offline Cementing Procedure Attached:



# 5,000 psi BOP Schematic



# 5M Choke Manifold Equipment (WITH MGS + CLOSED LOOP)





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CONTITECH RUBBER orde	ır №: 538236	HOSE TYPE:	3*	ID:		Choke and	d Kill Hose	
HOSE SERIAL Nº:	87255	NOMINAL / AC	TUAL LI	INGTH:		10,67 m	1 / 10,77 m	
W.P. 68,9 MPa	10000 psi	T.P. 103,4	MPa	1500	10 pei	Duration	60	min
	g	See attachme	ent. ( 1	l page	)			
1000000 mm. 100000	Min.							
100000	MPa	Serial	N°		c	lunity	Heat	N°
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ATTACHMENT OF QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTION AND TEST CERTIFICATE No. 501, 504, 505

Page: 1/1

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W +21.35 FC	100:20
D- +21+3000-	00120
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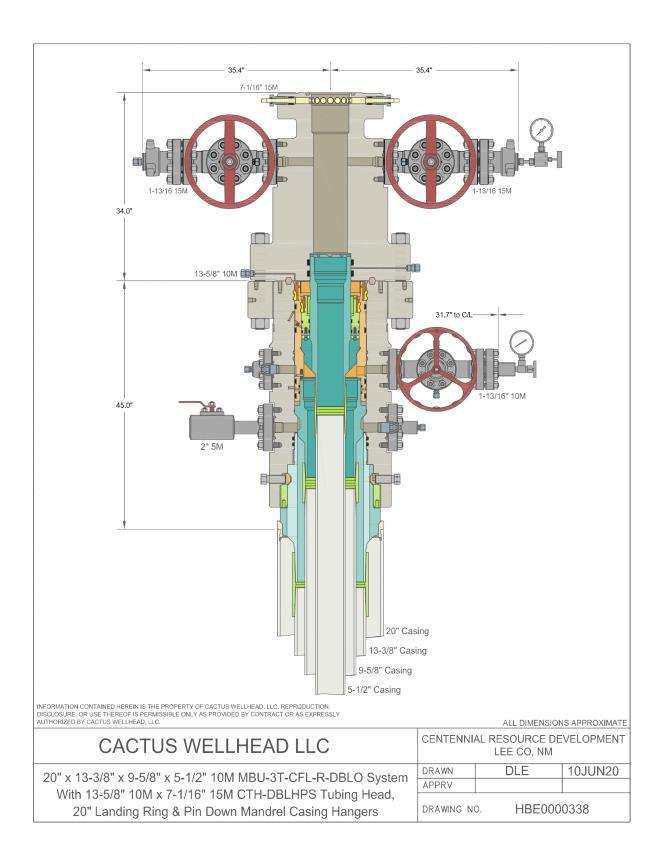
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ContiTech

### Hose Data Sheet

CRI Order No.	538236
Customer	ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp.
Customer Order No	4500409859
Item No.	1
Hose Type	Flexible Hose
Standard	API SPEC 16 C
Inside dia in inches	3
Length	35 ft
Type of coupling one end	FLANGE 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE C/W BX156 R.GR.SOUR
Type of coupling other end	FLANGE 4.1/16* 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE CAV BX155 R.GR.SOUR
H2S service NACE MR0175	Yes
Working Pressure	10 000 psi
Design Pressure	10 000 psi
Test Pressure	15 000 psi
Safety Factor	2,25
Marking	USUAL PHOENIX
Cover	NOT FIRE RESISTANT
Outside protection	St.steel outer wrap
Internal stripwound tube	No
Lining	OIL + GAS RESISTANT SOUR
Safety clamp	No
Lifting collar	No
Element C	No
Safety chain	No
Safety wire rope	No
Max.design temperature [°C]	100
Min.design temperature [°C]	-20
Min. Bend Radius operating [m]	0,90
Min. Bend Radius storage [m]	0,90
Electrical continuity	The Hose is electrically continuous
Type of packing	WOODEN CRATE ISPM-15

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# Permian Resources Multi-Well Pad Batch Drilling Procedure

<u>Surface Casing</u> - PR intends to Batch set all 13-3/8" casing to a depth approved in the APD. 17-1/2" Surface Holes will be batch drilled by a rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior to spudding the well, running and cementing casing and prior to skidding to the rig to the next well on pad.

- 1. Drill 17-1/2" Surface hole to Approved Depth with Rig and perform wellbore cleanup cycles. Trip out and rack back drilling BHA.
- 2. Run and land 13-3/8" 54.5# J55 BTC casing see Illustration 1-1 Below to depth approved in APD.
- 3. Set packoff and test to 5k psi
- 4. Offline Cement
- 5. Install wellhead with pressure gauge and nightcap. Nightcap is shown on final wellhead Stack up Illustration #2-2.
- 6. Skid Rig to adjacent well to drill Surface hole.
- 7. Surface casing test will be performed by the rig in order to allow ample time for Cement to develop 500psi compressive strength. Casing test to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is

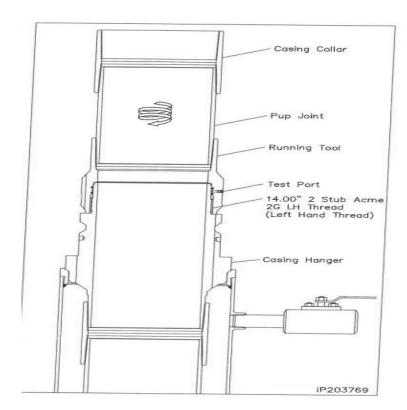


Illustration 1-1

<u>Intermediate Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all intermediate casing strings to a depth approved in the APD, typically set into Lamar. 12-1/4" Intermediate Holes will be batch drilled by the rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE.
- 2. Test Surface casing per COA WOC timing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst. Cement must have achieved 500psi compressive strength prior to test.
- 3. Install wear bushing then drill out 13-3/8" shoe-track plus 20' and conduct FIT to minimum of the MW equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing point.
- 4. Drill Intermediate hole to approved casing point. Trip out of hole with BHA to run Casing.
- 5. Remove wear bushing then run and land Intermediate Casing with mandrel hanger in wellhead.
- 6. Cement casing to surface with floats holding.
- 7. Washout stack then run wash tool in wellhead and wash hanger and pack-off setting area.
- 8. Install pack-off and test void to 5,000 psi for 15 minutes. Nightcap shown on final wellhead stack up illustration 2-2 on page 3.
- 9. Test casing per COA WOC timing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst. Cement must have achieved 500psi compressive strength prior to test.
- 10. Install nightcap skid rig to adjacent well to drill Intermediate hole.

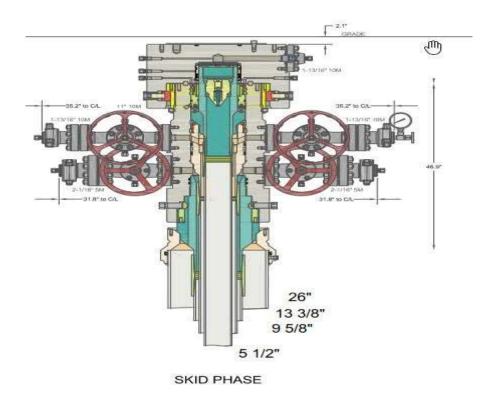


Illustration 2-2

<u>Production Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all Production casings with Rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

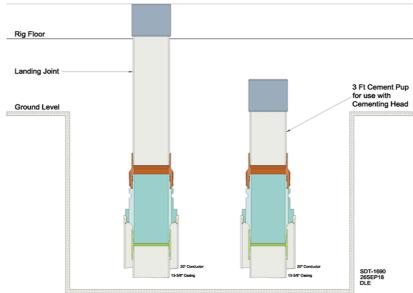
- 1. Big Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE.
- 2. Install wear bushing then drill Intermediate shoe-track plus 20' and conduct FIT to minimum MW equivalent to control the formation pressure to TD of well.
- 3. Drill Vertical hole to KOP Trip out for Curve BHA.
- 4. Drill Curve, landing in production interval Trip for Lateral BHA.
- 5. Drill Lateral / Production hole to Permitted BHL, perform cleanup cycles and trip out to run 51/2" Production Casing.
- 6. Remove wear bushing then run 5-1/2" production casing to TD landing casing mandrel in wellhead.
- 7. Cement 5-1/2" Production string with floats holding.
- 8. Run in with wash tool and wash wellhead area install pack-off and test void to 5,000psi for 15 minutes.
- 9. Install BPV in 5-1/2" mandrel hanger Nipple down BOPE and install nightcap.
- 10. Test nightcap void to 5,000psi for 30 minutes per illustration 2-2
- 11. Skid rig to adjacent well on pad to drill production hole.

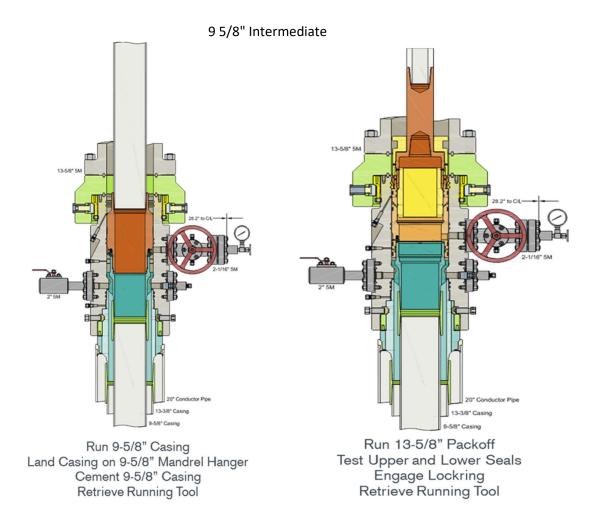
# Permian Resources Offline Cementing Procedure 13-3/8" & 9-5/8" Casing

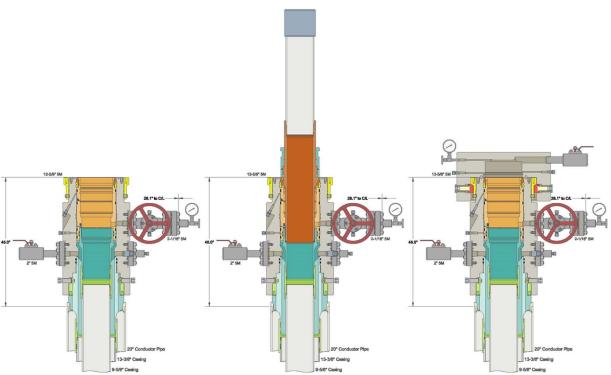
- 1. Drill hole to Total Depth with Rig and perform wellbore cleanup cycles.
- 2. Run and casing to Depth.
- 3. Land casing with mandrel.
- 4. Circulate 1.5 csg capacity.
- 5. Flow test Confirm well is static and floats are holding.
- 6. Set Annular packoff and pressure test. Test to 5k.
- 7. Nipple down BOP and install cap flange.
- 8. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 9. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
  - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
  - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
  - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
  - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
  - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 10. Install offline cement tool.
- 11. Rig up cementers.
- 12. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 13. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 14. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 15. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 16. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.

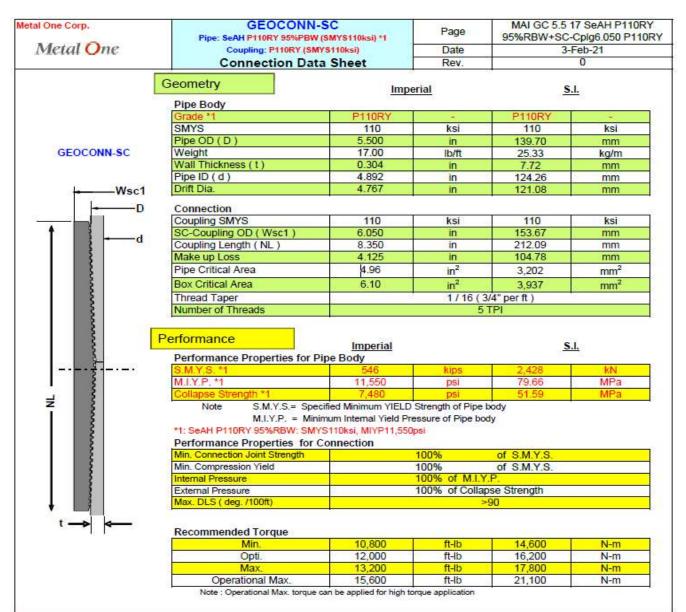
# 13 3/8" Surface

# **CFL Off-Line Cementing Tool**









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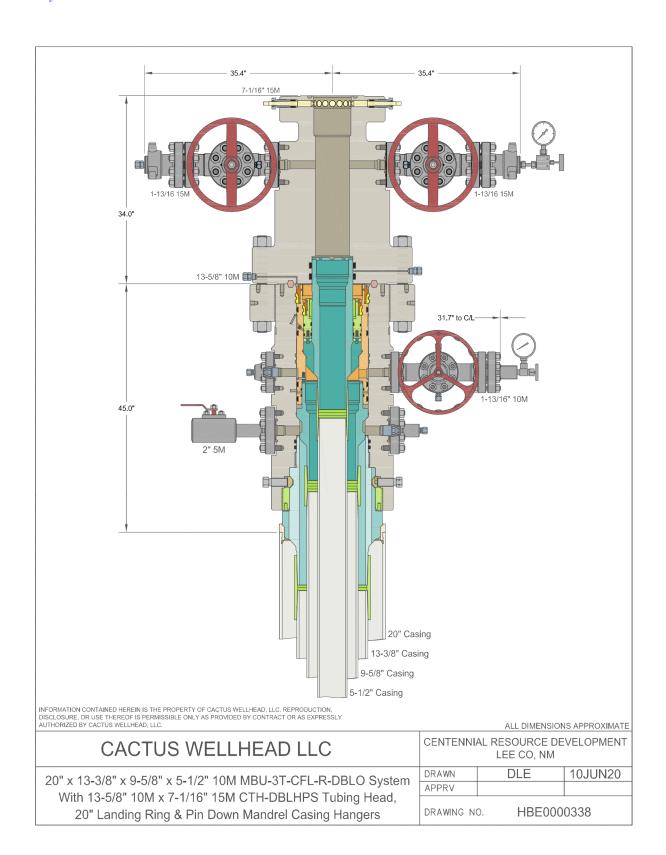
CONTITECH RUBBER No:QC-DB- 210/ 2014 Industrial Kft. Page: 15 / 113 Page: 15 / 113

ContiTech

#### Hose Data Sheet

CRI Order No.	538236
Customer	ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp.
Customer Order No	4500409659
Item No.	1
Hose Type	Flexible Hose
Standard	API SPEC 16 C
Inside dia in inches	3
Length	35 ft
Type of coupling one end	FLANGE 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE C/W BX155 R.GR.SOUR
Type of coupling other end	FLANGE 4.1/16* 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE CAV BX155 R.GR.SOUR
H2S service NACE MR0175	Yes
Working Pressure	10 000 psi
Design Pressure	10 000 psi
Test Pressure	15 000 psi
Safety Factor	2,25
Marking	USUAL PHOENIX
Cover	NOT FIRE RESISTANT
Outside protection	St.steel outer wrap
Internal stripwound tube	No
Lining	OIL + GAS RESISTANT SOUR
Safety clamp	No
Lifting collar	No
Element C	No
Safety chain	No
Safety wire rope	No
Max.design temperature [°C]	100
Min.design temperature [°C]	-20
Min. Bend Radius operating [m]	0,90
Min. Bend Radius storage [m]	0,90
Electrical continuity	The Hose is electrically continuous
Type of packing	WOODEN CRATE ISPM-15

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# Permian Resources BOP Break Testing Variance Procedure

Subject: Request for a Variance Allowing break Testing of the Blowout Preventer Equipment (BOPE). Permian Resources requests a variance to ONLY test broken pressure seals on the BOPE and function test BOP when skidding a drilling rig between multiple wells on a pad.

# Background

Title 43 CFR 3172, Drilling Operations, Sections 6.b.9.iv states that the BOP test must be performed whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken. The current interpretation of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) requires a complete BOP test and not just a test of the affected component. 43 CFR 3172.13, Variances from minimum standards states, "An operator may request the authorized officer to approve a variance from any of the minimum standards prescribed in §§ 3172.6 through 3172.12. All such requests shall be submitted in writing to the appropriate authorized officer and provide information as to the circumstances which warrant approval of the variance(s) requested and the proposed alternative methods by which the related minimum standard(s) are to be satisfied. The authorized officer, after considering all relevant factors, if appropriate, may approve the requested variance(s) if it is determined that the proposed alternative(s) meet or exceed the objectives of the applicable minimum standard(s).". Permian Resources feels the break testing the BOPE is such a situation. Therefore, as per 43 CFR 3172.13, Permian Resources submits this request for the variance.

# <u>Supporting Documentation</u>

The language used in 43 CFR 3172 became effective on December 19, 1988 and has remained the standard for regulating BLM onshore drilling operations for over 30 years. During this time, there have been significant changes in drilling technology. The BLM continues to use the variance request process to allow for the use of modern technology and acceptable engineering practices that have arisen since 43 CFR 3172 was originally released. The Permian Resources drilling rig fleet has many modern upgrades that allow the intact BOP stack to be moved between well slots on a multi-well pad, as well as, wellhead designs that incorporate quick connects facilitating release of the BOP from the wellhead without breaking any BOP stack components apart. These technologies have been used extensively offshore, and other regulators, API, and many operators around the world have endorsed break testing as safe and reliable.

Figure 1: Winch System attached to BOP Stack



Figure 2: BOP Winch System



American Petroleum Institute (API) standards, specification and recommended practices are considered the industry standard and are consistently utilized and referenced by the industry. 43 CFR 3172 recognizes API recommended Practices (RP) 53 in its original development. API Standard 53, Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells (Fifth Edition, December 2018, Annex C, Table C.4) recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice. Specifically, API Standard 53, Section 5.3.7.1 states "A pressure test of the pressure containing component shall be performed following the disconnection or repair, limited to the affected component." See Table C.4 below for reference.

2	API STANDARD 53							
Та	ble C.4—Initial Pressure Te	sting, Surface BOP Stacks						
	Pressure Test—Low	Pressure Test-	-High Pressure**					
Component to be Pressure Tested	Pressure** psig (MPa)	Change Out of Component, Elastomer, or Ring Gasket	No Change Out of Component, Elastomer, or Ring Gasket					
Annular preventer	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of annular preventer	MASP or 70% annular RWP, whichever is lower.					
Fixed pipe, variable bore, blind, and BSR preventers∞	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of ram preventer or wellhead system, whichever is lower	ПР					
Choke and kill line and BOP side outlet valves below ram preventers (both sides)	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2 41)	RWP of side outlet valve or wellhead system, whichever is lower	ITP					
Choke manifold—upstream of chokes*	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of ram preventers or wellhead system, whichever is lower	ITP					
Choke manifold—downstream of chokes*	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of valve(s), line(s), or N whichever is lower	MASP for the well program,					
Kelly, kelly valves, drill pipe safety valves, IBOPs	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	MASP for the well program						
	during the evaluation period. The p	ressure shall not decrease below the allest OD drill pipe to be used in well p						
	from one wellhead to another within when the integrity of a pressure sea	the 21 days, pressure testing is required is broken.	uired for pressure-containing and					
	land operations, the ram BOPs sha	ed with the ram locks engaged and If be pressure tested with the ram loc						

The Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE), Department of Interior, has also utilized the API standards, specification and best practices in the development of its offshore oil and gas regulations and incorporates them by reference within its regulations.

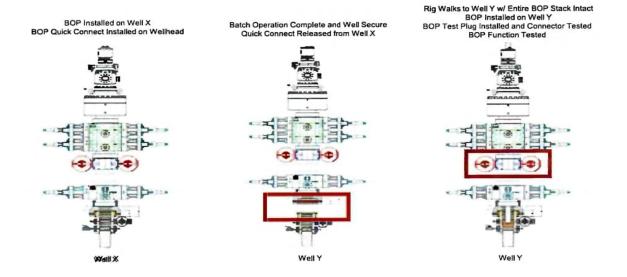
Break testing has been approved by the BLM in the past with other operators based on the detailed information provided in this document.

Permian Resources feels break testing and our current procedures meet the intent of 43 CFR 3172 and often exceed it. There has been no evidence that break testing results in more components failing than seen on full BOP tests. Permian Resources internal standards require complete BOPE tests more often than that of 43 CFR 3172 (every 21 days). In addition to function testing the annular, pipe rams and blind rams after each BOP nipple up, Permian Resources performs a choke drill with the rig crew prior to drilling out every casing shoe. This is additional training for the rig crew that exceeds the requirements of 43 CFR 3172.

## **Procedures**

- 1) Permian Resources will use this document for our break testing plan for New Mexico Delaware Basin. The summary below will be referenced in the APD or Sundry Notice and receive approval prior to implementing this variance.
- 2) Permian Resources will perform BOP break testing on multi-wells pads where multiple intermediate sections can be drilled and cased within the 21-day BOP test window.
  - a)A full BOP test will be conducted on the first well on the pad.
- b)The first intermediate hole section drilled on the pad will be the deepest. All the remaining hole sections will be the same formation depth or shallower.
- c) A full BOP test will be required if the intermediate hole section being drilled has a MASP over 5M.
  - d) A full BOP test will be required prior to drilling any production hole.
- 3) After performing a complete BOP test on the first well, the intermediate hole section will be drilled and cased, two breaks would be made on the BOP equipment.
  - a) Between the HCV valve and choke line connection
  - b)Between the BOP quick connect and the wellhead
- 4) The BOP is then lifted and removed from the wellhead by a hydraulic system.
- 5) After skidding to the next well, the BOP is moved to the wellhead by the same hydraulic system and installed.
- 6) The connections mentioned in 3a and 3b will then be reconnected.
- 7) Install test plug into the wellhead using test joint or drill pipe.
- 8) A shell test is performed against the upper pipe rams testing the two breaks.
- 9) The shell test will consist of a 250 psi low test and a high test to the value submitted in the APD or Sundry (e.g. 5,000 psi or 10,000psi).
- 10) Function tests will be performed on the following components: lower pipe rams, blind rams, and annular.
- 11) For a multi-well pad the same two breaks on the BOP would be made and on the next wells and steps 4 through 10 would be repeated.
- 12) A second break test would only be done if the intermediate hole section being drilled could not be completed within the 21 day BOP test window.

Note: Picture below highlights BOP components that will be tested during batch operations



# **Summary**

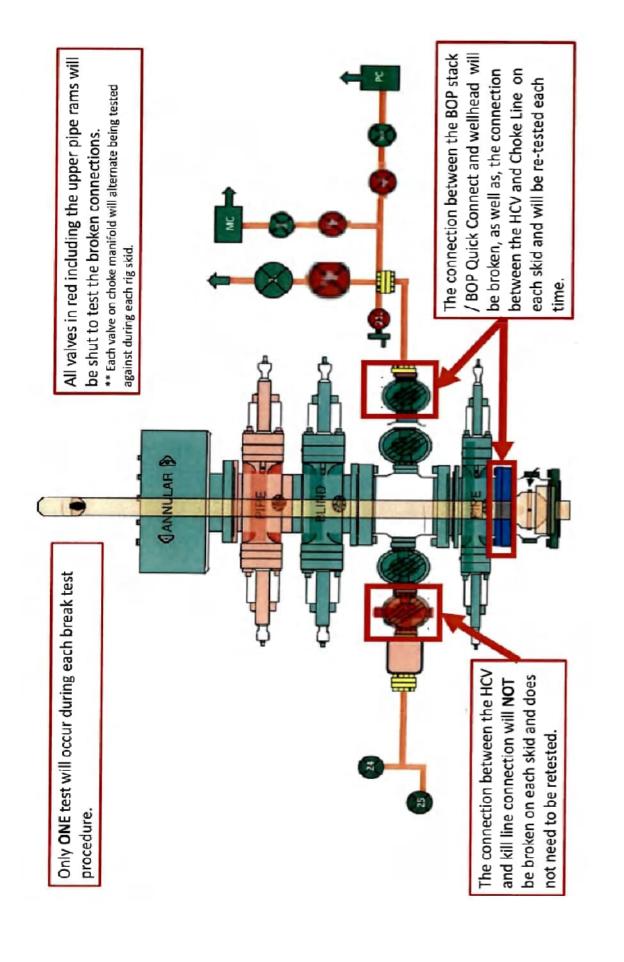
A variance is requested to ONLY test broken pressure seals on the BOP equipment when moving from wellhead to wellhead which is in compliance with API Standard 53. API Standard 53 states, that for pad drilling operations, moving from one wellhead to another within 21 days, pressure testing is required for pressure-containing and pressure-controlling connections when the integrity of a pressure seal is broken.

The BOP will be secured by a hydraulic carrier or cradle. The BLM will be contacted if a Well Control

event occurs prior to the commencement of a BOPE Break Testing operation.

Based on public data and the supporting documentation submitted herein to the BLM, we will request permission to ONLY retest broken pressure seals if the following conditions are met:

- 1) After a full BOP test is conducted on the first well on the pad.
- 2) The first intermediate hole section drilled on the pad will be the deepest. All the remaining hole sections will be the same depth or shallower.
- 3) A full BOP test will be required if the intermediate hole section being drilled has a MASP over 5M.
- 4) A full BOP test will be required prior to drilling the production hole.



# @ntinental<u>⅓</u>

# ContiTech Fluid Technology

ContiTech	Oil & Marine Corp. # 11535 Brittmoore Park Dr., Houston	Packing list / Delivery note
7041-69	16 USA	Document No. <b>71461553</b>
201101	ONEE / Ship to address:	Document Date 28.01.2022
CONSIC	GNEE / Ship-to address:	Customer Number 11697
HELME	ERICH & PAYNE INT'L DRILLING CO	Customer VAT No.
	FLEX RIG WHSE - B-BAY	Supplier Number
	AGNOLIA DRIVE	Purchase Order No. /740362040
	NA PARK TX 77547	Purchase Order Date 18.01.2022
Buyer:		Sales Order Number 1388153
Juyon.		Sales Order Date 18.01.2022
HELME	ERICH & PAYNE INT'L DRILLING CO	Unloading Point
	OUTH BOULDER	Unloading Point RAN-No.
74119	TULSA	MAIN-INO.
Conditi	ions	
Contaiti	NII O	Page 1 of 2
Incoter		Weights (Gross / Net)
	Ex Works	Total Gross Weight 2,507.000 LB
		Total Net Weight 2,507.000 LB
Item	Material/Description	Quantity Net Weight Gross Weight
	Buyer: Jack Peebles	
	E-mail: Jackie.Peebles@hpinc.com	
	Tel: 832-782-6000	Ţ.
	Rig/Whse: HOW	
20	00RECERTIFY	1 PC 2,507,000 LB 2,507,000 LB
20		(1.0) 2,557.555 25 2,557.555 25
	Recert of HP Hoses Serial# 67094 Commodity Code:	
	3" X 35 FT 10K Choke & Kill Hoses API 16C	
	End 1: 4 - 1/16" 10Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 6BX Flange	PV455 day area and and
	End 2: 4 - 1/16" 10Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 6BX Flange	
	Standard: API Spec 16C - Monogrammed	10
	Working Pressure: 10,000psi	(111)
	Test Pressure: 15,000psi	1,700
	163(11633(16.10,000))	17000240-
	Inspection & Certification includes:	
	External inspection of the hose & couplings	470 10
	Internal boroscopic inspection of hose liner	00
	Hydrostatic pressure test of hose assembly	
	Repair of any external damage to hose body and end	connections (limited
	to minor repairs).	1100
1	C. C. L. Donott	111
	Clean & protect end connections Inspection Report	The state of the s
	Disposal of hose assembly if hose fails inspection and	recertification
	Disposal of hose assembly if hose fails inspection and process.	recertification (
	Disposal of hose assembly if hose fails inspection and	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

ContiTech Rubber Industrial Kft.
H-6728 Szeged Budapesti út 10.
P. O. Box 152 Szeged H-6701
Phone:(62)566-700, Fax:(62)566-713
Tax Number: 11087209-2-06
EU Communitity VAT: HU11087209
Registration No.: Cg. 0609-002502
Registry Court: Csongrád Megyel Cégbíróság
Released to Imaging: 7/23/2025 2:22:53 PM

COMMERZBANK ZRT (HUF) H-1054 Budapest, Széchenyi rakpart 8. H-1245 Budapest P.O. Box 1070 Account No.: 14220108-26830003 IBAN: HU83 1422 0108 2683 0003 0000 0000 SWIFT: COBA HU HXXXX

COMMERZBANK AG Hannover (EUR) 30159 Hannover, Theaterstr. 11-12. Account No.: 3 066 156 00 Sort Code: 250 400 66 BIC: COBADEFF250 IBAN: DE41250400660306615600

# 

# **Hydrostatic Test Certificate**



ContiTech

Certificate Number H100122	COM Order Reference 1388153	Customer Name & Address HELMERICH & PAYNE DRILLING CO
Customer Purchase Order No:	740362040	1434 SOUTH BOULDER AVE TULSA, OK 74119
Project:		USA
Test Center Address	Accepted by COM Inspection	Accepted by Client Inspection
ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp. 11535 Brittmoore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041 USA	Signed: Gerson Mejia-Lazo  Date: 02/09/22	

We certify that the goods detailed hereon have been inspected as described below by our Quality Management System, and to the best of our knowledge are found to conform the requirements of the above referenced purchase order as issued to ContiTech Oil & Marine Corporation.

	Item	Part No.	Description	Qnty	Serial Number	Work. Press. (psi)	Test Press. (psi)	Test Time (minutes)
--	------	----------	-------------	------	---------------	-----------------------	----------------------	------------------------

20 RECERTIFICATION

3" ID 10K Choke and Kill Hose x 35ft OAL

67094

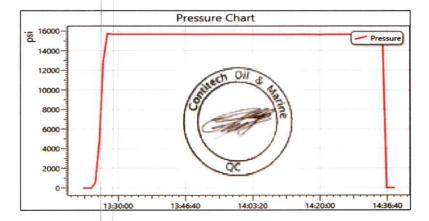
10,000

15,000

60

Record Information					
Start Time	1/27/2022 13:21:21				
End Time	1/27/2022 14:38:28				
Interval	00:01:00				
Number	78				
MaxValue	15849				
MinValue	-3				
AvgValue	14240				
RecordName	67094-sh				
RecordNumber	199				

Gauge I	nformation
Model	ADT680
SN	21817380014
Range	(0-40000)psi
Unit	psi



TD at 19922.19

BHL - Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

8000 8400 8800 9200 9600 10000 10400 10800 11200

LTP - Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

LP, Hold 90.00° Inc at 269.82° Azm

1600 2000 2400

2800

3200

3600

5200 5600

Vertical Section at 263.70° (400 usft/in)

6000 6400 6800 7200

7600

FTP - Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

**9** 9600-

Date: 13:34, April 17 2023

KOP, Begin 1.00°/100' Build

Hold 10.61° Inc at 172.01° Azm

KOP2, Begin 12.00°/100' Build

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 113h

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 133

1200 1800 2400

Begin 1.00°/100' Drop

Begin Vertical Hold

**Azimuths to Grid North** 

Magnetic North: 6.67°

Strength: 47735.9nT

Dip Angle: 60.43°

Date: 6/18/2023

Model: MVHD

True North: -0.22°

**Magnetic Field** 



# **Permian Resources**

Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME) Jakku Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

OH

Plan: Plan 1 04-17-23

# **Standard Planning Report**

17 April, 2023







Database: Company:

USAEDMDB

Permian Resources

Project: Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME) Site:

Jakku Well: Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

Wellbore: ОН

Design: Plan 1 04-17-23 Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD) RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD)

Grid

Minimum Curvature

Project Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)

Map System: US State Plane 1983 North American Datum 1983 Geo Datum: New Mexico Eastern Zone Map Zone:

System Datum: Mean Sea Level

Site Jakku

Northing: 622,046.97 usft Site Position: 32° 42' 33.698253 N Latitude: From: Мар Easting: 669,081.46 usft Longitude: 103° 55' 4.844568 W

0.00 usft Slot Radius: 13-3/16 " **Position Uncertainty:** 

Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

0.00 usft 32° 42' 33.697435 N **Well Position** +N/-S 622 047 24 usft Latitude: Northing: +E/-W 0.00 usft Easting: 669,171.45 usft Longitude: 103° 55' 3.791249 W 3,559.00 usft

**Position Uncertainty** 1.00 usft Wellhead Elevation: usft **Ground Level:** 

0.225° **Grid Convergence:** 

ОН Wellbore Dip Angle Magnetics Model Name Declination Field Strength Sample Date

(°) (°) (nT) **MVHD** 2023-06-18 6.894 60.433 47,735.90305555

Plan 1 04-17-23 Design

Audit Notes:

PLAN 0.00 Version: Phase: Tie On Depth:

Vertical Section: Depth From (TVD) +N/-S +E/-W Direction (usft) (usft) (usft) (°) 0.00 0.00 0.00 263.70

**Plan Survey Tool Program** 2023-04-17 Date

19,922.19

Depth From Depth To

0.00

(usft) (usft) Survey (Wellbore) **Tool Name** Remarks

Plan 1 04-17-23 (OH) OWSG MWD + HRGM

**Plan Sections** Vertical Measured Dogleg Build Turn Depth Inclination Azimuth Depth +N/-S +E/-W Rate Rate Rate TFO (°/100usft) (°/100usft) (°/100usft) (usft) (°) (°) (usft) (usft) (usft) (°) **Target** 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2,000.00 0.00 0.00 2,000.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000 3,061.50 10.62 172.01 3,055.44 -97.10 13.63 0.00 1.00 1.00 172.009 8,042.40 10.62 172.01 7,951.10 -1,005.71 141.19 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000 0.00 9,006.54 -1,102.81 154.82 0.00 9,103.90 0.00 1 00 -1 00 180.000 9,106.54 -1,102.81 154.82 0.00 0.000 9,203.90 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 9,953.90 90.00 269.82 9,584.01 -1,104.30 -322.64 12.00 12.00 -12.02 269.822 -1,135.34 -10,290.88 19,922.19 90.00 269.82 9,584.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.000 BHL - Jakku 36 Fed S

MWD+HRGM





Database: Company:

Project:

USAEDMDB

Permian Resources

Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)

Site: Jakku

Well: Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

Wellbore: OH

**Design:** Plan 1 04-17-23

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD) RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD)

Grid

ned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	1.00°/100' Build								
2,100.00	1.00	172.01	2,099.99	-0.86	0.12	-0.03	1.00	1.00	0.00
2,200.00	2.00	172.01	2,199.96	-3.46	0.49	-0.10	1.00	1.00	0.00
2,300.00	3.00	172.01	2,299.86	-7.78	1.09	-0.23	1.00	1.00	0.00
2 400 00	4.00	172.01	2.399.68	12.00	1.94	0.44	1.00	1.00	0.00
2,400.00 2,500.00	5.00	172.01	2,499.37	-13.82 -21.59	3.03	-0.41 -0.65	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	0.00
2,600.00	6.00	172.01	2,598.90	-31.08	4.36	-0.93	1.00	1.00	0.00
2,700.00	7.00	172.01	2,698.26	-42.29	5.94	-1.26	1.00	1.00	0.00
2,800.00	8.00	172.01	2,797.40	-55.22	7.75	-1.65	1.00	1.00	0.00
2,900.00	9.00	172.01	2,896.30	-69.86	9.81	-2.09	1.00	1.00	0.00
3,000.00	10.00	172.01	2,994.93	-86.20	12.10	-2.58	1.00	1.00	0.00
3,061.50	10.62	172.01	3,055.44	-97.10	13.63	-2.90	1.00	1.00	0.00
			5,055.44	-31.10	13.03	-2.50	1.00	1.00	0.00
	Inc at 172.01° Az		2 002 00	104.40	44.00	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.00	10.62	172.01	3,093.28	-104.12	14.62	-3.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.00	10.62	172.01	3,191.57	-122.36	17.18	-3.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.00	10.62	172.01	3,289.86	-140.60	19.74	-4.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.00	10.62	172.01	3,388.15	-158.85	22.30	-4.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.00	10.62	172.01	3,486.43	-177.09	24.86	-5.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.00	10.62	172.01	3,584.72	-195.33	27.42	-5.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.00	10.62	172.01	3,683.01	-213.57	29.98	-6.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.00	10.02	172.01	3,003.01	-213.31		-0.30	0.00	0.00	
3,800.00	10.62	172.01	3,781.30	-231.81	32.54	-6.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.00	10.62	172.01	3,879.59	-250.06	35.10	-7.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00	10.62	172.01	3,977.88	-268.30	37.67	-8.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.00	10.62	172.01	4,076.17	-286.54	40.23	-8.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.00	10.62	172.01	4,174.46	-304.78	42.79	-9.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.00	10.62	172.01	4,272.74	-323.02	45.35	-9.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	10.62	172.01	4,371.03	-341.27	47.91	-10.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.00	10.62	172.01	4,469.32	-359.51	50.47	-10.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.00	10.62	172.01	4,567.61	-377.75	53.03	-11.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.00	10.62	172.01	4,665.90	-395.99	55.59	-11.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00	10.62	172.01	4,764.19	-414.23	58.15	-12.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.00	10.62	172.01	4,862.48	-432.48	60.71	-12.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.00	10.62	172.01	4,960.76	-452.46 -450.72	63.27	-12.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
			5,059.05	-450.72 -468.96	65.84	-13.47 -14.01			
5,100.00 5,200.00	10.62	172.01					0.00	0.00	0.00
5,∠00.00	10.62	172.01	5,157.34	-487.20	68.40	-14.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.00	10.62	172.01	5,255.63	-505.44	70.96	-15.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.00	10.62	172.01	5,353.92	-523.69	73.52	-15.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.00	10.62	172.01	5,452.21	-541.93	76.08	-16.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.00	10.62	172.01	5,550.50	-560.17	78.64	-16.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.00	10.62	172.01	5,648.79	-578.41	81.20	-17.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.00	10.62	172.01	5,747.07	-596.65	83.76	-17.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.00	10.62	172.01	5,845.36	-614.90	86.32	-18.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.00	10.62	172.01	5,943.65	-633.14	88.88	-18.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.00	10.62	172.01	6,041.94	-651.38	91.45	-19.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.00	10.62	172.01	6,140.23	-669.62	94.01	-20.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
6 200 00	10.60	170.01	6 220 52	607.06	06 57	20 55	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.00	10.62	172.01	6,238.52	-687.86	96.57	-20.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.00	10.62	172.01	6,336.81	-706.11	99.13	-21.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.00	10.62	172.01	6,435.10	-724.35	101.69	-21.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.00	10.62	172.01	6,533.38	-742.59	104.25	-22.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.00	10.62	172.01	6,631.67	-760.83	106.81	-22.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10.62	172.01	6,729.96	-779.07	109.37	-23.28	0.00	0.00	0.00





Database: Company:

Project:

USAEDMDB

Permian Resources

Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)

Site: Jakkı

Well: Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

Wellbore: OH

**Design:** Plan 1 04-17-23

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD) RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD)

Grid

Design:		Plan 1 04-17-2	23							
Planne	d Survey									
. 1011116	Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
	6,900.00 7,000.00 7,100.00 7,200.00	10.62 10.62 10.62 10.62	172.01 172.01 172.01 172.01	6,828.25 6,926.54 7,024.83 7,123.12	-797.32 -815.56 -833.80 -852.04	111.93 114.49 117.05 119.62	-23.82 -24.37 -24.91 -25.46	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	7,300.00 7,400.00 7,500.00 7,600.00 7,700.00	10.62 10.62 10.62 10.62 10.62	172.01 172.01 172.01 172.01 172.01	7,221.41 7,319.69 7,417.98 7,516.27 7,614.56	-870.28 -888.53 -906.77 -925.01 -943.25	122.18 124.74 127.30 129.86 132.42	-26.00 -26.55 -27.09 -27.64 -28.18	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	7,800.00 7,900.00 8,000.00 8,042.40	10.62 10.62 10.62 10.62	172.01 172.01 172.01 172.01	7,712.85 7,811.14 7,909.43 7,951.10	-961.49 -979.74 -997.98 -1,005.71	134.98 137.54 140.10 141.19	-28.73 -29.28 -29.82 -30.05	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	Begin 1.00°/1		170.01	0 007 77	101501	4.40.00	00.00	4.00	4.00	0.00
	8,100.00 8,200.00	10.04 9.04	172.01 172.01	8,007.77 8,106.38	-1,015.94 -1,032.35	142.62 144.93	-30.36 -30.85	1.00 1.00	-1.00 -1.00	0.00
	8,300.00 8,400.00 8,500.00 8,600.00	8.04 7.04 6.04 5.04	172.01 172.01 172.01 172.01	8,205.27 8,304.41 8,403.76 8,503.29	-1,047.05 -1,060.05 -1,071.32 -1,080.88	146.99 148.82 150.40 151.74	-31.29 -31.67 -32.01 -32.30	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	-1.00 -1.00 -1.00 -1.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	8,700.00 8,800.00 8,900.00	4.04 3.04 2.04	172.01 172.01 172.01	8,602.97 8,702.78 8,802.68	-1,088.72 -1,094.83 -1,099.22	152.84 153.70 154.32	-32.53 -32.71 -32.85	1.00 1.00 1.00	-1.00 -1.00 -1.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
	9,000.00 9,100.00	1.04 0.04	172.01 172.01	8,902.64 9,002.64	-1,101.88 -1,102.81	154.69 154.82	-32.92 -32.95	1.00	-1.00 -1.00	0.00
	9,103.90 <b>Begin Vertica</b> 9,203.90	0.00 al Hold 0.00	0.00	9,006.54 9,106.54	-1,102.81 -1,102.81	154.82 154.82	-32.95 -32.95	0.00	-1.00 0.00	0.00
	KOP2, Begin	12.00°/100' Bui								
	9,300.00 9,400.00 9,500.00	11.53 23.53 35.53	269.82 269.82 269.82	9,201.99 9,297.17 9,384.02	-1,102.84 -1,102.93 -1,103.09	145.18 115.11 65.91	-23.37 6.53 55.45	12.00 12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00 12.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
	9,590.92	46.44	269.82	9,452.55	-1,103.27	6.37	114.65	12.00	12.00	0.00
	9,600.00 9,700.00 9,800.00 9,900.00	36 Fed State Co 47.53 59.53 71.53 83.53	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	9,458.74 9,518.07 9,559.42 9,580.97	-1,103.29 -1,103.54 -1,103.83 -1,104.13	-0.27 -80.54 -171.39 -268.86	121.25 201.07 291.40 388.31	12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	9,953.90	90.00	269.82	9,584.01	-1,104.30	-322.64	441.79	12.00	12.00	0.00
	10,000.00 10,100.00 10,200.00 10,300.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	9,584.01 9,584.00 9,584.00 9,584.00	-1,104.44 -1,104.75 -1,105.06 -1,105.37	-368.74 -468.74 -568.74 -668.74	487.63 587.06 686.49 785.92	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	10,400.00 10,500.00 10,600.00 10,700.00 10,800.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	9,584.00 9,584.00 9,584.00 9,584.00 9,584.00	-1,105.69 -1,106.00 -1,106.31 -1,106.62 -1,106.93	-768.74 -868.74 -968.74 -1,068.74 -1,168.74	885.35 984.78 1,084.21 1,183.64 1,283.07	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	10,900.00 11,000.00 11,100.00 11,200.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	9,584.00 9,584.00 9,584.00 9,584.00 9,584.00	-1,107.24 -1,107.55 -1,107.87 -1,108.18	-1,168.74 -1,268.74 -1,368.74 -1,468.74 -1,568.73	1,382.50 1,481.94 1,581.37 1,680.80	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	11,300.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,108.49	-1,668.73	1,780.23	0.00	0.00	0.00





Database: Company: USAEDMDB

Permian Resources

Project: Site:

Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)

Well: Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H ОН

Wellbore:

Design: Plan 1 04-17-23 Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD) RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD)

sigii.		23							
anned Survey									
Measured			Vertical			Vertical	Dogleg	Build	Turn
Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	Section	Rate	Rate	Rate
(usft)			(usft)		(usft)	(usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)
(usit)	(°)	(°)	(usit)	(usft)	(usit)	(usit)	( / loousit)	( / Toousit)	( / loousit)
11,400.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,108.80	-1,768.73	1,879.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,500.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,109.11	-1,868.73	1,979.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,600.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,109.42	-1,968.73	2,078.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,700.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,109.73	-2,068.73	2,177.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,110.05	-2,168.73	2,277.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
					*				
11,900.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,110.36	-2,268.73	2,376.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,000.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,110.67	-2,368.73	2,476.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,110.98	-2,468.73	2,575.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,200.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,111.29	-2,568.73	2,675.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,300.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,111.60	-2,668.73	2,774.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,400.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,111.91	-2,768.73	2,873.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,500.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,112.23	-2,868.73	2,973.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,600.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,112.54	-2,968.73	3,072.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,700.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,112.85	-3,068.73	3,172.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,800.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,113.16	-3,168.73	3,271.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,900.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,113.47	-3,268.73	3,371.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,000.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,113.78	-3,368.73	3,470.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,100.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,114.09	-3,468.73	3,569.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,114.41	-3,568.73	3,669.41	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,300.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,114.72	-3,668.72	3,768.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,115.03	-3,768.72	3,868.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,500.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,115.34	-3,868.72	3,967.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,600.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,115.65	-3,968.72	4,067.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,115.96	-4,068.72	4,166.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,115.90	-4,008.72 -4,168.72	4,166.36	0.00	0.00	0.00
							0.00		0.00
13,900.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,116.59	-4,268.72	4,365.42		0.00	
14,000.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,116.90	-4,368.72	4,464.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,117.21	-4,468.72	4,564.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,117.52	-4,568.72	4,663.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,300.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,117.83	-4,668.72	4,763.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,118.14	-4,768.72	4,862.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,118.45	-4,868.72	4,962.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,118.77	-4,968.72	5,061.44	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,119.08	-5,068.72	5,160.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,119.39	-5,168.72	5,260.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,119.70	-5,268.72	5,359.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,000.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,120.01	-5,368.72	5,459.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,100.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,120.32	-5,468.72	5,558.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
			9,584.00	-1,120.63					
15,200.00 15,300.00		269.82 269.82	9,584.00	-1,120.63 -1,120.95	-5,568.72 -5,668.72	5,658.02 5,757.45	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
15,400.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,121.26	-5,768.71	5,856.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,500.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,121.57	-5,868.71	5,956.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,600.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,121.88	-5,968.71	6,055.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,700.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,122.19	-6,068.71	6,155.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,122.50	-6,168.71	6,254.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,900.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,122.81	-6,268.71	6,354.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,000.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,123.13	-6,368.71	6,453.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,123.44	-6,468.71	6,552.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,200.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,123.75	-6,568.71	6,652.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,124.06	-6,668.71	6,751.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,124.37	-6,768.71	6,851.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,500.00		269.82	9,584.00	-1,124.68	-6,868.71	6,950.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
			9,584.00						
16,600.00		269.82		-1,124.99	-6,968.71	7,050.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,125.31	-7,068.71	7,149.48	0.00	0.00	0.00





Database: Company: USAEDMDB

Permian Resources Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)

Project: Eddy Site: Jakki

Well: Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

Wellbore: OH

**Design:** Plan 1 04-17-23

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD) RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD)

Grid

ign:	Plan 1 04-17-2	23							
nned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
16,800.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,125.62	-7,168.71	7,248.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.00	90.00	269.82	9.584.00	-1.125.93	-7.268.71	7.348.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,126.24	-7,368.71	7,447.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,100.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,126.55	-7,468.71	7,547.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,126.86	-7,568.71	7,646.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,300.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,127.17	-7,668.71	7,746.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,127.49	-7,768.71	7,845.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,500.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,127.80	-7,868.70	7,944.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,600.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,128.11	-7,968.70	8,044.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,700.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,128.42	-8,068.70	8,143.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,800.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,128.73	-8,168.70	8,243.22	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,900.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,129.04	-8,268.70	8,342.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,000.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,129.35	-8,368.70	8,442.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,100.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,129.67	-8,468.70	8,541.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,200.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,129.98	-8,568.70	8,640.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,300.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,130.29	-8,668.70	8,740.37	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,400.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,130.60	-8,768.70	8,839.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,500.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,130.91	-8,868.70	8,939.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,600.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,131.22	-8,968.70	9,038.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,700.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,131.53	-9,068.70	9,138.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,800.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,131.85	-9,168.70	9,237.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,900.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,132.16	-9,268.70	9,336.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,000.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,132.47	-9,368.70	9,436.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,100.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,132.78	-9,468.70	9,535.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,200.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,133.09	-9,568.70	9,635.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,300.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,133.40	-9,668.70	9,734.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,400.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,133.71	-9,768.70	9,834.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,500.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,134.03	-9,868.69	9,933.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,600.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,134.34	-9,968.69	10,032.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,700.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,134.65	-10,068.69	10,132.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,800.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,134.96	-10,168.69	10,231.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,832.06	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,135.06	-10,200.75	10,263.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
	36 Fed State Co								
19,900.00	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,135.27	-10,268.69	10,331.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,922.19	90.00	269.82	9,584.00	-1,135.34	-10,290.88	10,353.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
TD at 19922	2.19 - BHL - Jakkı	u 36 Fed State 0	Com 132H						

Design Targets									
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
BHL - Jakku 36 Fed Stat - plan hits target cen - Point		0.00	9,584.00	-1,135.34	-10,290.88	620,911.90	658,880.57	32° 42' 22.846242 N	103° 57' 4.284421 W
FTP - Jakku 36 Fed Stat - plan misses target - Point		0.00 .28usft at 95	9,584.00 90.92usft M	-1,102.81 D (9452.55 T\	154.82 /D, -1103.27 N	620,944.43 l, 6.37 E)	669,326.27	32° 42' 22.779075 N	103° 55' 2.029881 W
LTP - Jakku 36 Fed Stat - plan misses target - Point		0.00 Susft at 1983	9,584.00 2.06usft MD	-1,135.01 (9584.00 TVI	-10,200.75 D, -1135.06 N,	620,912.23 -10200.75 E)	658,970.70	32° 42' 22.846293 N	103° 57' 3.229552 W





Database: USAEDMDB

Company: Permian Resources
Project: Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)

Site: Jakku

Well: Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

Wellbore: OH

**Design:** Plan 1 04-17-23

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD) RKB @ 3589.00usft (TBD)

Grid

Plan Annotations					
Measured	Vertical	Local Coor	dinates		
Depth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W		
(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	Comment	
2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	KOP, Begin 1.00°/100' Build	
3,061.50	3,055.44	-97.10	13.63	Hold 10.61° Inc at 172.01° Azm	
8,042.40	7,951.10	-1,005.71	141.19	Begin 1.00°/100' Drop	
9,103.90	9,006.54	-1,102.81	154.82	Begin Vertical Hold	
9,203.90	9,106.54	-1,102.81	154.82	KOP2, Begin 12.00°/100' Build	
9,953.90	9,584.01	-1,104.30	-322.64	LP, Hold 90.00° Inc at 269.82° Azm	
19,922.19	9,584.00	-1,135.34	-10,290.88	TD at 19922.19	

# JAKKU 36 FED COM 132H

# **APD - Geology COAs (Potash or WIPP)**

- For at least one well per pad (deepest well within initial development preferred) the record of the drilling rate (ROP) along with the Gamma Ray (GR) and Neutron (CNL) well logs run from TVD to surface in the vertical section of the hole shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the full borehole 30 days from completion. Any other logs run on the wellbore, excluding cement remediation, should also be sent. Only digital copies of the logs in .TIF or .LAS formats are necessary; paper logs are no longer required. Logs shall be emailed to blm-cfo-geology@doimspp.onmicrosoft.com. Well completion report should have .pdf copies of any CBLs or Temp Logs run on the wellbore.
- Exceptions: In areas where there is extensive log coverage (in particular the salt zone
  adjacent to a pad), Operators are encouraged to contact BLM Geologists to discuss if
  additional GR and N logs are necessary on a pad. Operator may request a waiver of the GR
  and N log requirement due to good well control or other reasons to be approved by BLM
  Geologist prior to well completion. A waiver approved by BLM must be attached to
  completion well report to satisfy COAs.
- The top of the Rustler, top and bottom of the Salt, and the top of the Capitan Reef (if present) are to be recorded on the Completion Report.
- H2S has been reported within one mile of the proposed project. Measurements up to 350 ppm were recorded.

### **Drilling COAs within Known Potash Leasing Area:**

Any oil and gas well operator within the KPLA must notify both potash operators as soon as possible if any of the following conditions are encountered during oil and gas operations: (1) Indication of any well collision event, (2) Suspected well fluid flow (oil, gas, or produced water) outside of casing, (3) Sustained annulus pressure between the 1st intermediate and next innermost casing string in excess of 500 psi above the baseline pressure of the well, or above 1500 psi total, (4) Increasing pressure buildup rates (psi/day) across multiple successive bleed-off cycles on the annulus between the 1st intermediate and next innermost casing during well production, or (5) Sustained losses in excess of 50% through the salt interval during drilling.

Questions? Contact Thomas Evans, BLM Geologist at 575-234-5965 or tvevans@blm.gov

# PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: | Centennial Resources

LEASE NO.: NMNM 093771, NMNM 025503, NMNM 56542

COUNTY: Eddy County, New Mexico

# Wells:

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 112H

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 131H

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 132H

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 113H

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 114H

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 133H

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 134H

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# 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The failure of the operator to comply with these requirements may result in the assessment of liquidated damages or penalties pursuant to 43 CFR 3163.1 or 3163.2. A copy of these conditions of approval shall be present on the location during construction, drilling and reclamation activity. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

# 1. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

### 1.1. CAVE/KARST

#### 1.1.1. Road Construction

- Turnout ditches and drainage leadoffs will not be constructed in such a manner as to alter the natural flow of water into or out of cave or karst features.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required if subsurface features are discovered during construction.

### 2.3 WILDLIFE

#### 2.3.1 Lesser Prairie Chicken

## 2.3.1.1 Timing Limitation Stipulation/Condition of Approval for Lesser Prairie-Chicken:

Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, geophysical exploration other than 3-D operations, and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

#### 2.3.1.2 Timing Limitation Exceptions:

The Carlsbad Field Office will publish an annual map of where the LPC timing and noise stipulations and conditions of approval (Limitations) will apply for the identified year (between March 1 and June 15) based on the latest survey information. The LPC Timing Area map will identify areas which are Habitat Areas (HA), Isolated Population Area (IPA), and Primary Population Area (PPA). The LPC Timing Area map will also have an area in red crosshatch. The red crosshatch area is the only area where an operator is required to submit a request for exception to the LPC Limitations. If an operator is operating outside the red crosshatch area, the LPC Limitations do not apply for that year and an exception to LPC Limitations is not required.

## 2.3.1.3 Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching:

Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well. For more installation details, contact the Carlsbad Field Office at BLM NM CFO Construction Reclamation@blm.gov.

**Approval Date: 03/03/2025** 

# PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

**OPERATOR'S NAME:** Centennial Resource Production LLC **WELL NAME & NO.:** Jakku 36 Fed Com 132H

LOCATION: Sec 36-18S-30E-NMP

COUNTY: Eddy County, New Mexico

COA

$H_2S$	•	No	© Yes			
Potash /	None	Secretary	C R-111-Q	☐ Open Annulus		
WIPP	IPP			$\square$ WIPP		
Cave / Karst	C Low	Medium	High	Critical		
Wellhead	Conventional	<ul><li>Multibowl</li></ul>	Both	<ul><li>Diverter</li></ul>		
Cementing	☐ Primary Squeeze	☐ Cont. Squeeze	☐ EchoMeter	□ DV Tool		
Special Req	☐ Capitan Reef	☐ Water Disposal	▼ COM	Unit		
Waste Prev.	C Self-Certification	C Waste Min. Plan	APD Submitted p	prior to 06/10/2024		
Additional	▼ Flex Hose	☐ Casing Clearance	☐ Pilot Hole	Break Testing		
Language	☐ Four-String	Offline Cementing	▼ Fluid-Filled			

## A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet 43 CFR 3176 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

## **B. CASING**

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **690** feet (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface. *Set depth adjusted per BLM geologist*.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or **500 pounds compressive strength**, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)

- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

# Intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet minimum collapse requirements.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing (set at 3740' per BLM geologist) is:
  - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, or potash.
  - ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least 500 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, or potash.

# C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000** (**5M**) psi.
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - d. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
  - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172 must be followed.

# D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)

# **Communitization Agreement**

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Santa Fe Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- The operator will submit an as-drilled survey well plat of the well completion, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3171 and 3172.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

# **BOPE Break Testing Variance**

- BOPE Break Testing is ONLY permitted for 5M BOPE or less. (Annular preventer must be tested to a minimum of 70% of BOPE working pressure and shall be higher than the MASP)
- BOPE Break Testing is NOT permitted to drilling the production hole section.
- Variance only pertains to the intermediate hole-sections and no deeper than the Bone Springs formation.
- While in transfer between wells, the BOPE shall be secured by the hydraulic carrier or cradle
- Any well control event while drilling require notification to the BLM Petroleum Engineer (575-706-2779) prior to the commencement of any BOPE Break Testing operations.
- A full BOPE test is required prior to drilling the first deep intermediate hole section. If any subsequent hole interval is deeper than the first, a full BOPE test will be required. (200' TVD tolerance between intermediate shoes is allowable).
- The BLM is to be contacted (575-361-2822 Eddy County) 4 hours prior to BOPE tests.
- As a minimum, a full BOPE test shall be performed at 21-day intervals.
- In the event any repairs or replacement of the BOPE is required, the BOPE shall test as per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2.
- If in the event break testing is not utilized, then a full BOPE test would be conducted.

# **Offline Cementing**

Contact the BLM prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure.

#### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

#### **Contact Eddy County Petroleum Engineering Inspection Staff:**

Email or call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220; **BLM\_NM\_CFO\_DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV**; (575) 361-2822

- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
  - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
  - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
    - i. Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
    - ii. Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
    - iii. BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR 3172** as soon as 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. For intervals in which cement to surface is required, cement to surface should be verified with a visual check and density or pH check to differentiate cement from spacer and drilling mud. The results should be documented in the driller's log and daily reports.

#### A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

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- 2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends of both lead and tail cement, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-Q potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

#### **B. PRESSURE CONTROL**

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in 43 CFR 3172.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's

- requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
  - i. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - ii. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - iii. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - iv. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.
  - v. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - i. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - ii. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve

- open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)
- iii. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to **43 CFR 3172** with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- iv. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- v. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- vi. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- vii. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- viii. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per 43 CFR 3172.

#### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

#### D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area. Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

# PERMIAN RESOURCES

### H<sub>2</sub>S CONTINGENCY PLAN

**FOR** 

Permian Resources Corporation

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H, 131H, 132H

Eddy County, New Mexico

03-27-2023
This plan is subject to updating

Permian Resources Corporation

H<sub>2</sub>S Contingency Plan

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,

131H, 132H

Eddy County, New Mexico

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#### Section 1.0 - Introduction

#### I. Purpose

The purpose of this contingency plan (Plan) is to provide Permian Resources Corporation. (Permian Resources) with an organized plan of action for alerting and protecting Permian Resources employees, the general public, and any potential first responders prior to any intentional release or immediately following the accidental / unintentional release of a potentially hazardous volume / concentration of Hydrogen Sulfide Gas (H2S).

#### II. Scope & Applicability

This Plan applies to all planned, unplanned, uncontrolled and/or unauthorized releases of hazardous concentrations of  $H_2S$  or any associated hazardous byproducts of combustion, occurring at any Permian Resources owned or operated facilities including but not limited to: wells, flowlines, pipelines, tank batteries, production facilities, SWD facilities, compressor stations, gas processing plants, drilling / completions / workover operations, and any other applicable company owned property.

#### Section 2.0 - Plan Implementation

#### I. Activation Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of Bureau of Land Management Onshore Order #6 and NMAC 19.15.11, this Plan shall be activated in advance of any authorized, planned, unplanned, uncontrolled, or unauthorized release of a hazardous volume / concentration of H<sub>2</sub>S gas, or SO<sup>2</sup>, which could potentially adversely impact the workers, general public or the environment.

#### II. Emergency Evacuation

In the event of an unplanned, uncontrolled, or unauthorized release of a hazardous volume / concentration of  $H_2S$  gas, the first priority is to ensure the safety of the workers and general public. Upon discovery and subsequent determination of an applicable release, which cannot be quickly mitigated, immediately by using 911, notify local authorities to begin the process of alerting the general public, evacuate any residents within the Radius of Exposure (ROE), and limit any general public or employee access to any areas within the ROE of the affected facility.

#### III. Emergency Response Activities

The purpose of emergency response actions is to take steps to quickly mitigate / stop the ongoing release of the hazardous source of  $H_2S$ . Upon discovery of any hazardous release, immediately notify Permian Resources management to activate the Emergency Response Team (ERT). Once Permian Resources supervision arrives and assesses the situation, a work plan identifying the proper procedures shall be developed to stop the release.

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#### Section 3.0 - Potential Hazardous Conditions & Response Actions

During a planned or unplanned release of  $H_2S$ , there are several hazardous conditions that are presented both to employees, the general public, and emergency responders. These specific hazardous conditions are identified in the tables below.

H2S OPERATING CONDITIONS – RESPONSE ACTIONS TO CONSIDER	✓
H <sub>2</sub> S CONDITION 1: POTENTIAL DANGER TO LIFE AND HEALTH -> WARNING SI	GN
GREEN	
H <sub>2</sub> S concentration <10 ppm detected by location monitors	
General Actions During Condition 1	
Notify Site Supervisor / Permian Resources Person-in-Charge (PIC) of any observed increase in ambient H <sub>2</sub> S concentrations	
All personnel check safety equipment is in adequate working order & store in accessible location	
Sensitize crews with safety meetings.	
Limit visitors and non-essential personnel on location	
Continuously monitor H <sub>2</sub> S concentrations and check calibration of sensors	
Ensure H <sub>2</sub> S scavenger is on location.	
H <sub>2</sub> S CONDITION 2: MODERATE DANGER TO LIFE AND HEALTH → WARNING SIGN YELLOW	
H <sub>2</sub> S concentration >10 ppm and < 30 ppm in atmosphere detected by location monitors:	
General Actions During Condition 2	
Sound H <sub>2</sub> S alarm and/or display yellow flag.	
Account for on-site personnel	
Upon sounding of an area or personal H <sub>2</sub> S monitor alarm when 10 ppm is reached, proceed to a safe briefing area upwind of the location immediately (see <b>MA-4</b> , <b>Figure 5-1</b> ).	
Don proper respiratory protection.	
Alert other affected personnel	
If trained and safe to do so undertake measures to control source H2S discharge and eliminate possible ignition sources. Initiate Emergency Shutdown procedures as deemed necessary to correct or control the specific situation.	
Account for on-site personnel at safe briefing area.	
Stay in safe briefing area if not working to correct the situation.	
Keep Site Supervisor / Permian Resources PIC informed. Notify applicable government agencies ( <b>Appendix A</b> ) If off-site impact; notify any neighbors within Radius of Exposure ( <b>ROE</b> ), <b>Fig 5.11</b>	
Continuously monitor H <sub>2</sub> S until readings below 10 ppm.	
Evacuated area shall not be re-entered except by trained and authorized personnel utilizing appropriate respiratory protection; or until "all clear" sounded by Permian Resources PIC / Site Supervisor.	

n Resources Corporation	H₂S Contingency Plan Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H, 131H, 132H	Eddy County, New
H <sub>2</sub> S CONDITION 3: EXTREME	DANGER TO LIFE AND HEALTH → WARNING S	SIGN RED
> 30 ppm H <sub>2</sub> S concentration	in air detected by location monitors: Extreme d	langer to life
<b>General Actions During Co</b>	ndition 3	[
Sound H <sub>2</sub> S alarm and/or disp	lay red flag.	[
Account for on-site personne	I	[
Move away from H <sub>2</sub> S source	and get out of the affected area.	Į.
Proceed to designated safe br	iefing area; alert other affected personnel.	Į
Account for personnel at safe	briefing area.	Į
eliminate possible ignitio	dertake measures to control source H2S dischan sources. Initiate Emergency Shutdown proceduntrol the specific situation.	
Notify vehicles or situation ar	nd divert all traffic away from location.	Ţ
Permian Resources Peron-in-	Charge will make appropriate community notif	ications.
	display until the situation has been corrected a rge determines it is safe to resume operations u	
Notify management of the co steps to correct the situati questionable – alert all re	ndition and action taken. If $H_2S$ concentration is ion are not successful – or at any time if well consponsible parties for possible activation of the less surface is lost, determine if situation warrants	ontrol is H <sub>2</sub> S Contingency
If uncontrolled flow at the sur possible, from those coor <b>Contingency Plan</b> ) are re flow of the uncontrolled	rface occurs, the Permian Resources PIC, with a dinating the emergency (as specified in the site esponsible for determining if the situation warrawell. This decision should be made only as a last out that human life is in danger and there is no lar prevailing conditions.	e-specific H <sub>2</sub> S ants igniting the st resort and in a
highly toxic. Do not assu	H <sub>2</sub> S will be converted to sulphur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ) me that area is safe after the flow is ignited. If the area is mandatory, because SO <sub>2</sub> will remain in additions.	he well is
	an Resources PIC informed. t agencies and local law enforcement (Appendineighbours within the Radius of Exposure (RO	
Continuously monitor H <sub>2</sub> S un	ntil readings fall below 10 ppm.	Ţ

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Evacuated area shall not be re-entered except by trained and authorized personnel utilizing appropriate respiratory protection; or until "all clear" sounded by Permian Resources PIC / Site Supervisor.	
IF ABOVE ACTIONS CANNOT BE ACCOMPLISHED IN TIME TO PREVENT EXPOSURE TO THE PUBLIC	
Alert public (directly or through appropriate government agencies) who may be subject to potentially harmful exposure levels.	
Make recommendations to public officials regarding blocking unauthorized access to the unsafe area and assist as appropriate.	
Make recommendations to public officials regarding evacuating the public and assist as appropriate.	
Monitor ambient air in the area of exposure (after following abatement measures) to determine when it is safe for re-entry.	

#### Section 4.0 - Notification of H<sub>2</sub>S Release Event

#### I. Local & State Law Enforcement

Prior to the planned / controlled release of a hazardous concentration of  $H_2S$  gas or any associated byproducts of the combustion of  $H_2S$  gas, notify local law enforcement agencies regarding the contents of this plan.

In the event of the discovery of an unplanned/uncontrolled release of a hazardous concentration of  $H_2S$  gas or any associated byproducts of combustion, immediately notify local and/or state law enforcement agencies of the situation and ask for their assistance.

#### II. General Public

In the event of a planned or unplanned release of a hazardous concentration of  $H_2S$  gas or any associated byproducts of combustion, notify local law enforcement agencies and ask for their assistance in alerting the general public and limiting access to any public roads that may be impacted by such a release.

#### III. New Mexico Oil Conservation Division

The Permian Resources HSE Department will make any applicable notification to the New Mexico OCD regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of  $H_2S$  Gas or any associated byproducts of combustion.

#### IV. New Mexico Environment Department

The Permian Resources HSE Department will make any applicable notifications to the NMED regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of combustion.

#### V. Bureau of Land Management

The Permian Resources Regulatory Department will make any applicable notifications to the BLM regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of H<sub>2</sub>S gas or any associated byproducts of

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combustion.

Section 5.0 - Emergency Contact List

	EMERGENCY (	CONTACT LIS	T		
PERMIAN RESOURCES CORPORATION.					
POSITION	NAME	OFFICE	CELL	ALT PHONE	
	Opera	itions			
Operations Superintendent	Rick Lawson		432.530.3188		
TX Operations Superintendent	Josh Graham	432.940.3191	432.940.3191		
NM Operations Superintendent	Manual Mata	432.664.0278	575.408.0216		
Drilling Manager	Jason Fitzgerald	432.315.0146	318.347.3916		
Drilling Engineer	Ronny Hise	432.315.0144	432.770.4786		
Production Manager	Levi Harris	432.219.8568	720.261.4633		
SVP Development Ops	Clayton Smith	720.499.1416	361.215.2494		
SVP Production Ops	Casey McCain	432.695.4239	432.664.6140		
	HSE & Re	gulatory			
H&S Manager	Adam Hicks	720,499,2377	903.426.4556		
Regulatory Manager	Sarah Ferreyros	720.499.1454	720.854.9020		
Environmental Manager	Montgomery Floyd	432-315-0123	432-425-8321		
Environmental Representative				3	
HSE Consultant	Blake Wisdom		918-323-2343		
L	Local, State, & Federal Agencies				
Eddy County Sheriff		575-887-7551		911	
New Mexico State Highway Patrol		505-757-2297		911	
Eunice Fire / EMS		575-628-5450		911	
Carlsbad Medical Center		575-887-4100			
Secorp – Safety Contractor	Ricky Stephens		(325)-262-0707		
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division  – District 1 Office – Hobbs, NM.		575-393-6161			
New Mexico Environment Department – District III Office – Hobbs, NM		575-397-6910			
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division  – Hobbs, NM	24 Hour Emergency	575-393-6161			
Bureau of Land Management – Carlsbad, NM		575-234-5972			
U.S. Fish & Wildlife		502-248-6911			

#### Section 6.0 – Drilling Location Information

- I. Site Safety Information
  - 1. Safe Briefing Area

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a. There shall be two areas that will be designated as "SAFE BRIEFING AREAS". If H<sub>2</sub>S is detected in concentrations equal to or in excess of 10 ppm all personnel not assigned emergency duties are to assemble in the designated Safe Briefing area for instructions. These two areas shall be positioned in accessible locations to facilitate the availability of self-contained breathing air devices. The briefing areas shall be positioned no less than 250' from the wellhead and in such locations that at least one briefing area will be upwind from the well at all times.

#### 2. Wind Indicators

a. 4 Windsocks will be installed at strategic points on the facility.

#### 3. Danger Signs

a. A warning sign indicating the possible well conditions will be displayed at the location entrance.

## DANGER POISONOUS GAS HYDROGEN SULFIDE DO NOT APPROACH IF AMBER LIGHTS ARE FLASHING

#### 4. H<sub>2</sub>S Detectors and Alarms

a. Continuous monitoring type H<sub>2</sub>S detectors, capable of sensing a minimum of 5ppm H<sub>2</sub>S in air will be located centrally located at the tanks, heater treater, and combustor. Continuous monitoring type SO<sub>2</sub> detector will also be located at the combustor. The automatic H<sub>2</sub>S alarm/flashing light will be located at the site entrance and in front of tank battery.

#### 5. Safety Trailer

a. A safety trailer equipped with an emergency cascade breathing air system with 2 ea. Work/escape packs, a stretcher, 2 OSHA approved full body harnesses, and a 20# Class ABC fire extinguisher shall be available at the site in close proximity to the safe briefing area. The cascade system shall be able to be deployed to the drill floor when needed to provide safe breathing air to the workers as needed.

#### 6. Well Control Equipment

- a. The location shall have a flare line to a remote automatic ignitor and back up flare gun, placed 150' from the wellhead.
- b. The location shall be equipped with a remotely operated choke system and a mud gas separator.

#### 7. Mud Program

a. Company shall have a mud program that contains sufficient weight and additives to control  $H_2S$ .

#### 8. Metallurgy

a. All drill strings, casing, tubing, wellhead, BOP, spools, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for anticipated H<sub>2</sub>S volume and pressure.

#### 9. Communication

a. The location shall be equipped with a means of effective communication such as a cell phones, intercoms, satellite phones or landlines.

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#### II. Directions to Location

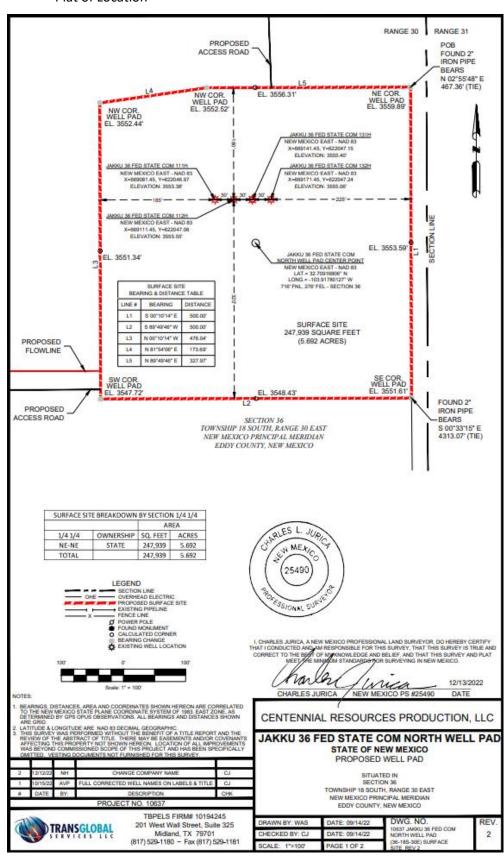
DIRECTIONS TO LOCATION FROM INTERSECTION OF NM 360 AND CR-251 GO NORTH ON CR-251 FOR 1.84 MILES, TURN RIGHT ON CR-250 AND GO EAST 4.2 MILES, TO THE NORTHEAST PAD CORNER FOR THIS LOCATION.

Permian Resources Corporation H<sub>2</sub>S Contingency Plan Eddy County, New Mexico

Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,

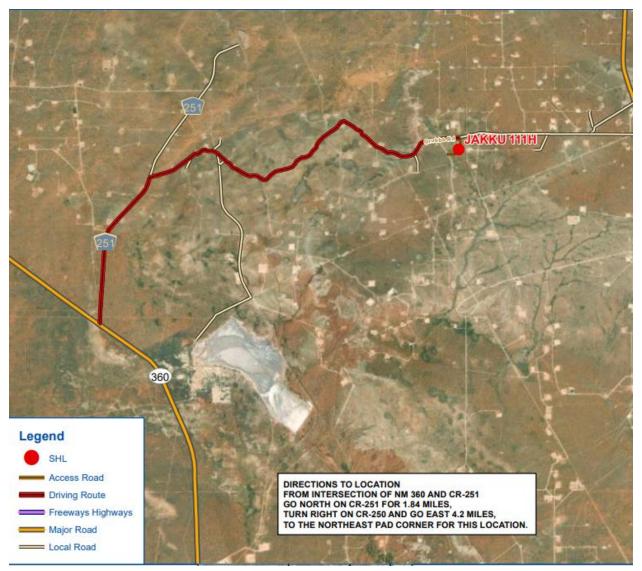
131H, 132H

#### Plat of Location



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#### 1. Routes of Ingress & Egress (MAP)

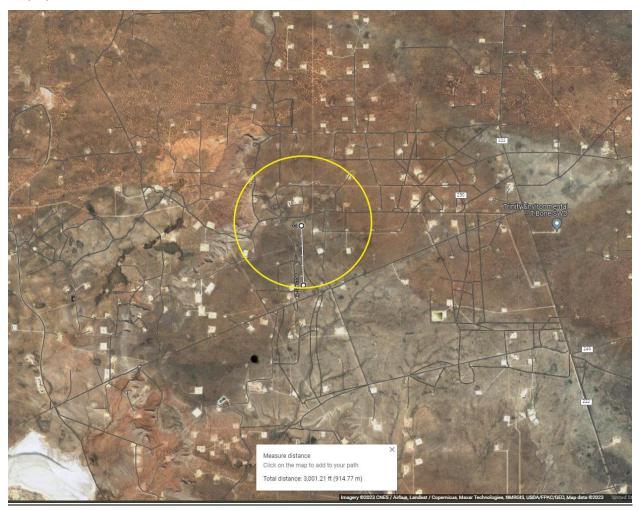


2. Residences in proximity to the 3000' Radius of Exposure (ROE) (MAP)

There are no residences or public gathering places with the 3000' ROE, 100 PPM, 300 PPM, or 500 PPM ROE.

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#### Map of 3000' ROE Perimeter



#### 100 PPM, 300 PPM, & 500 PPM Max ROE under worst case scenario

Enter H₂S in PPM	1500	
Enter Gas flow in mcf/day (maximum worst case conditions)	2500	
500 ppm radius of exposure (public road)	<u>105</u>	feet
300 ppm radius of exposure	<u>146</u>	feet
100 ppm radius of exposure (public area)	<u>230</u>	feet

Location GPS Coordinates Lat: 32.70936064, Long: -103.91801238

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3. Public Roads in proximity of the Radius of Exposure (ROE)

There are no public roads that would be within the 500 PPM ROE. The closest public road is New Mexico County Road 250, which is 500' from the location.

#### Section 7.0 - Hazard Communication

#### I. Physical Characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide Gas

Hydrogen sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) is a colorless, poisonous gas that is soluble in water. It can be present in crude oils, condensates, natural gas and wastewater streams.

 $H_2S$  is heavier than air with a vapor density of 1.189 (air = 1.0); however,  $H_2S$  is most often mixed with other gases. These mixtures of  $H_2S$  and other gases can be heavier or lighter than air. If the  $H_2S$ -containing mixture is heavier, it can collect in low areas such as ditches, ravines, firewalls, and pits; in storage tanks; and in areas of poor ventilation. Please see physical properties in **Table 7.0.** 

With H₂S the sense of smell is rapidly lost allowing lethal concentrations to be accumulated without warning. The toxicity of hydrogen sulfide at varying concentrations is indicated in the **Table 7.1.** 

**Warning:** Do not use the mouth-to-mouth method if a victim ingested or inhaled hydrogen sulfide. Give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Table 7.0. Physical Properties of H<sub>2</sub>S

Properties of H2S	Description
Vapor Density > 1 = 1.189 Air = 1	<ul> <li>H2S gas is slightly heavier than air, which can cause it to settle in low places and build in concentration.</li> <li>Produced as a mixture with other gases associated with oil and gas production.</li> </ul>
Flammable Range 4.3%-46% 43000 ppm – 460000 ppm	<ul> <li>H2S can be extremely flammable / explosive when these concentrations are reached by volume in air.</li> </ul>

Although  $H_2S$  is primarily a respiratory hazard, it is also flammable and forms an explosive mixture at concentrations of 4.3%-46.0% (40,000ppm -460,000 ppm) by volume in air.

#### H<sub>2</sub>S can be encountered when:

- Venting and draining equipment.
- Opening equipment (separators, pumps, and tanks).
- Opening piping connections ("line breaking").
- Gauging and sampling storage tanks.
- Entering confined spaces.
- Working around wastewater pits, skimmers, and treatment facilities.
- II. Human Health Hazards Toxicological Information

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**Table 7.1. Hazards & Toxicity** 

Table 7.1. Hazarus & I	·
Concentration	Symptoms/Effects
(ppm)	
0.00011-0.00033 ppm	Typical background concentrations
	,, ,
0.01-1.5 ppm	Odor threshold (when rotten egg smell is first noticeable to some). Odor becomes
	more offensive at 3-5 ppm. Above 30 ppm, odor described as sweet or sickeningly
	sweet.
2-5 ppm	Prolonged exposure may cause nausea, tearing of the eyes, headaches or loss of
	sleep. Airway problems (bronchial constriction) in some asthma patients.
20 ppm	Possible fatigue, loss of appetite, headache, irritability, poor memory, dizziness.
20 ββιτι	1 ossible fatigae, 1033 of appetite, fieddache, irritability, poor filemory, dizziness.
50-100 ppm	Slight conjunctivitis ("gas eye") and respiratory tract irritation after 1 hour. May
	cause digestive upset and loss of appetite.
100 ppm	Coughing, eye irritation, loss of smell after 2-15 minutes (olfactory fatigue). Altered
	breathing, drowsiness after 15-30 minutes. Throat irritation after 1 hour. Gradual
	increase in severity of symptoms over several hours. Death may occur after 48 hours.
100-150 ppm	Loss of smell (olfactory fatigue or paralysis).
200-300 ppm	Marked conjunctivitis and respiratory tract irritation after 1 hour. Pulmonary edema
	may occur from prolonged exposure.
500-700 ppm	Staggering, collapse in 5 minutes. Serious damage to the eyes in 30 minutes. Death
	after 30-60 minutes.
700-1000 ppm	Rapid unconsciousness, "knockdown" or immediate collapse within 1 to 2 breaths,
	breathing stops, death within minutes.
1000-2000 ppm	Nearly instant death

#### III. Environmental Hazards

 $H_2S$  and its associated byproducts from combustion presents a serious environmental hazard. Sulphur Dioxide  $SO_2$  is produced as a constituent of flaring  $H_2S$  Gas and can present hazards associated, which are

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similar to  $H_2S$ . Although  $SO_2$  is heavier than air, it will be picked up by a breeze and carried downwind at elevated temperatures. Since Sulfur Dioxide is extremely irritating to the eyes and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, it has exceptionally good warning powers in this respect. The following table indicates the toxic nature of the gas. Please see the attached SDS in Appendix B for reference.

SULFUR DIOXIDE TOXICITY		
Conce	entration	Effects
%SO <sub>2</sub>	PPM	
0.0005	3 to 5	Pungent odor-normally a person can detect SO <sub>2</sub> in this range.
0.0012	12	Throat irritation, coughing, and constriction of the chest tearing and smarting of eyes.
0.15	150	So irritating that it can only be endured for a few minutes.
0.05	500	Causes a sense of suffocation, even with first breath.

#### Section 8.0 - Regulatory Information

I. OSHA & NIOSH Information

#### II. Table 8.0. OSHA & NIOSH H<sub>2</sub>S Information

PEL, IDLH, TLV	Description	
NIOSH PEL 10 PPM	PEL is the Permissible Exposure Limit that an employee may be exposed up to 8 hr / day.	
OSHA General Industry Ceiling PEL – 20 PPM	The maximum exposure limit, which cannot be exceeded for any length of time.	
IDLH 100 PPM	■ Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	
Permian Resources PEL 10 PPM	Permian Resources Policy Regarding H2S for employee safety	

#### III. New Mexico OCD & BLM – H<sub>2</sub>S Concentration Threshold Requirements

New Mexico NMAC 19.15.11 and Onshore Order #6 identify two Radii of Exposure (ROE) that identify potential danger to the public and require additional compliance measures. Permian Resources is required to install safety devices, establish safety procedures and develop a written  $H_2S$  contingency plan for sites where the  $H_2S$  concentrations are as follows.

Table 8.1. Calculating H<sub>2</sub>S Radius of Exposure

H₂S Radius of	Description	Control and Equipment Requirements
Exposure	Description	Control and Equipment Requirements

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100 ppm	Distance from a release to where the H <sub>2</sub> S concentration in the air will dilute below 100ppm	ROE > 50-ft and includes any part of a "public area" (residence, school, business, etc., or any area that can be expected to be populated).  ROE > 3,000-ft
500 ppm	Distance from a release to where the H <sub>2</sub> S concentration in the air will dilute below 500ppm	ROE > 50-ft and includes any part of a public road (public roads are tax supported roads or any road used for public access or use)

#### Calculating H<sub>2</sub>S Radius of Exposure

The ROE of an  $H_2S$  release is calculated to determine if a potentially hazardous volume of  $H_2S$  gas at 100 or 500 parts per million (ppm) is within a regulated distance requiring further action. If information about the concentration of  $H_2S$  and the potential gas release volume is known, the location of the Muster Areas will be set, and safety measures will be implemented based on the calculated radius of exposure (ROE). NMAC 19.15.11 – Hydrogen Sulfide Safety defines the ROE as the radius constructed with the gas's point of escape as its center and its length calculated by the following Pasquill-Gifford equations:

To determine the extent of the **100 ppm ROE**:

 $x = [(1.589) \text{ (mole fraction } H_2S)(Q)]^{(.6258)}.$ 

To determine the extent of the **500 ppm ROE**:

 $x = [(0.4546) \text{ (mole fraction } H_2S)(Q)]^{(.6258)}.$ 

**Table 8.2. Calculating H2S Radius of Exposure** 

ROE Variable	Description
X =	ROE in feet
Q =	Max volume of gas released determined to be released in cubic feet per day (ft³/d) normalized to standard temperature and pressure, 60°F and 14.65 psia
Mole fraction H₂S =	Mole fraction of H <sub>2</sub> S in the gaseous mixture released.

The volume used as the escape rate in determining the ROE is specified in the rule as follows:

- The maximum daily volume rate of gas containing H<sub>2</sub>S handled by that system element for which the ROE is calculated.
- For existing gas wells, the current adjusted open-flow rate, or the operator's estimate of the well's capacity to flow against zero back-pressure at the wellhead.

## New Mexico Oil Conservation Division & BLM Site Requirements under NMAC 19.15.11 & Onshore Order #6

Two cleared areas will be designated as Safe Briefing Areas. During an emergency, personnel will
assemble in one of these areas for instructions from the Permian Resources Person-in-Charge.
 Prevailing wind direction should be considered in locating the briefing areas 200' or more on either

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side of the well head. One area should offset the other at an angle of 45° to 90° with respect to prevailing wind direction to allow for wind shifts during the work period.

- In the event of either an intentional or accidental releases of hydrogen sulfide, safeguards to protect the general public from the harmful effects of hydrogen sulfide must be in place for operations. A summary of the provisions in each of three H₂S ROE cases is included in **Table 8.3**.
  - o **CASE 1 -100** ppm ROE < 50'
  - o CASE 2 100 ppm ROE is 50' or greater, but < 3000' and does not penetrate public area.
  - CASE 3 -100 ppm ROE is 50' or greater and penetrates a public area or 500 ppm ROE includes a public road. Also if 100 ppm ROE > 3000' regardless of public area.

Table 8.3. NMAC 19.15.11 Compliance Requirements Drilling & Production

NMAC 19.15.11 & BLM COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS - DRILLING & PRODUCTION			
PROVISION	CASE 1	CASE 2	CASE 3
H <sub>2</sub> S Concentration Test	X	X	X
H-9	X	X	X
Training	X	X	X
District Office Notification	X	X	X
Drill Stem Tests Restricted	X*	X*	X
BOP Test	X*	X*	X
Materials		X	X
Warning and Marker		X	X
Security		X	X
Contingency Plan			X
Control and Equipment Safety			X
Monitors		X**	X**
Mud (ph Control or Scavenger)			X*
Wind Indicators		X**	X
Protective Breathing Equipment		X**	X
Choke Manifold, Secondary Remote Control, and Mud-Gas Separator			X
Flare Stacks			X*

#### Section 9.0 - Training Requirements

#### **Training**

The following elements are considered a minimum level of training for personnel assigned to operations who may encounter  $H_2S$  as part of routine or maintenance work.

- The hazards, characteristics, and properties of hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) and (SO<sub>2</sub>).
- Sources of H<sub>2</sub>S and SO<sub>2</sub>.
- Proper use of H<sub>2</sub>S and SO<sub>2</sub> detection methods used at the workplace.
- Recognition of, and proper response to, the warning signals initiated by H<sub>2</sub>S and SO<sub>2</sub> detection systems in use at the workplace.
- Symptoms of H<sub>2</sub>S exposure; symptoms of SO<sub>2</sub> exposure
- Rescue techniques and first aid to victims of H<sub>2</sub>S and SO<sub>2</sub> exposure.

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- Proper use and maintenance of breathing equipment for working in H₂S and SO₂ atmospheres, as appropriate theory and hands-on practice, with demonstrated proficiency (29 CFR Part 1910.134).
- Workplace practices and relevant maintenance procedures that have been established to protect personnel from the hazards of H<sub>2</sub>S and SO<sub>2</sub>.
- Wind direction awareness and routes of egress.
- Confined space and enclosed facility entry procedures (if applicable).
- Emergency response procedures that have been developed for the facility or operations.
- Locations and use of safety equipment.
- Locations of safe briefing areas.

#### Refresher training will be conducted annually.

#### Section 10.0 - Personal Protective Equipment

#### I. Personal H<sub>2</sub>S Monitors

All personnel engaged in planned or unplanned work activity to mitigate the release of a hazardous concentration of H<sub>2</sub>S shall have on their person a personal H2S monitor.

#### II. Fixed H<sub>2</sub>S Detection and Alarms

- 4 channel H<sub>2</sub>S monitor
- 4 wireless H<sub>2</sub>S monitors
- H<sub>2</sub>S alarm system (Audible/Red strobe)
- Personal gas monitor for each person on location
- Gas sample tubes

#### III. Flame Resistant Clothing

All personnel engaged in planned or unplanned work activity associated with this Plan shall have on the appropriate level of FRC clothing.

#### IV. Respiratory Protection

The following respiratory protection equipment shall be available at each drilling location.

- Working cascade system available on rig floor and pit system & 750' of air line hose
- Four (4) breathing air manifolds
- Four (4) 30-minute rescue packs
- Five (5) work/Escape units
- Five (5) escape units
- One (1) filler hose for the work/escape/rescue units

Supplied air (airline or SCBA) respiratory protection against hydrogen sulfide exposure is required in the following situations:

- When routine or maintenance work tasks involve exposure to H₂S concentrations of 10 ppm or greater.
- When a fixed location area monitor alarms, and re-entry to the work area is required to complete a job.
- When confined spaces are to be entered without knowledge of H<sub>2</sub>S levels present, or if initial measurements are to be taken of H<sub>2</sub>S levels.
- During rescue of employees suspected of H₂S overexposure.

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- For specific tasks identified with significant exposure potential and outlined in local program guidelines.
- All respiratory equipment for hydrogen sulfide must be of the supplied-air type, equipped with pressure-demand regulators and operated in the pressure-demand mode only. This is the only type of respiratory protection recommended for hydrogen sulfide application. Equipment should be approved by NIOSH/MSHA or other recognized national authority as required. If airline units are used, a five-minute egress bottle should also be carried.
- Gas masks or other air-purifying respirators MUST NEVER BE USED FOR HYDROGEN SULFIDE due to the poor warning properties of the gas.
- Use of respiratory protection should be accompanied by a written respiratory protection program.

Appendix A H<sub>2</sub>S SDS

H<sub>2</sub>S Contingency Plan **Permian Resources Corporation** Eddy County, New Mexico Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H, 131H, 132H

**PRAXAIR** 

#### Hydrogen sulfide

Safety Data Sheet E-4611

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)
Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016 Si

Supersedes: 10-15-2013

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

Product form Substance Name Hydrogen sulfide CAS No : 7783-06-4 Formula H2S Other means of identification Hydrogen sulfide Product group Core Products

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions Industrial use Use as directed

#### 1.3. Supplier

Praxair Canada inc. 1200 – 1 City Centre Drive Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2 T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682 www.praxair.ca

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

1-800-363-0042 Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product.

For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-CA classification**

Flam. Gas 1 Liquefied gas H220 H280 H330 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation: gas) STOT SE 3 H335

#### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **GHS-CA labelling**

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements

: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS
CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
FATAL IF INHALED
MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION
MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR
SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED
EXTENDED EXPOSURE TO GAS REDUCES THE ABILITY TO SMELL SULFIDES

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Precautionary statements

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Do not breathe gas

Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Avoid release to the environment

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely

In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources Store locked up

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

Close valve after each use and when empty

Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use

When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug

Do not depend on odour to detect the presence of gas

#### Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

#### Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-CA)

No data available

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substances

Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7783-06-4		Hydrogen sulfide (H2S) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Sulfureted hydrogen / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

#### SECTION 4: First-aid measures

#### **Description of first aid measures**

First-aid measures after inhalation

- : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact
- The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.
- First-aid measures after eye contact
- Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately.
- First-aid measures after ingestion
- : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

No additional information available

#### Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment

: Obtain medical assistance. Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, Water spray or fog. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

No additional information available

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#### Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

Fire hazard

: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

Explosion hazard : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below. Reactivity in case of fire : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions

: DANGER! Toxic, flammable liquefied gas

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

Other information

Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by TC.).

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedure

General measures

DANGER! Toxic, flammable liquefied gas . Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents. Immediately evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Remove all sources of ignition if safe to do so. Reduce vapors with fog or fine water spray, taking care not to spread liquid with water. Shut off flow if safe to do so. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Flammable vapors may spread from leak and could explode if reignited by sparks or flames. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check atmosphere with an appropriate device.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Try to stop release. Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

#### Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Leak-check system with soapy water; never use a flame

All piped systems and associated equipment must be grounded

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

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#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g, NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection		
3.1. Control parameters		
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	20 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	21 mg/m³
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (ppm)	15 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	14 mg/m³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	10 ppm
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	21 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	15 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	14 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
British Columbia	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	10 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	21 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	14 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	28 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	20 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	21 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	14 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm

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Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m³)	21 mg/m³
Québec	VECD (ppm)	15 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	14 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	10 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	27 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm

#### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use corrosion-resistant equipment. Use an explosion-proof local exhaust system. Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Inadequate - Use only in a closed system. Use explosion proof equipment and lighting.

#### Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment

: Safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.







: Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with Hand protection product may occur.

Eye protection

Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators."

Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Standard EN Thermal hazard protection

511 - Cold insulating gloves.

Other information Other protection: Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and

cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties : Gas

Physical state

Appearance : Colorless gas. Colorless liquid at low temperature or under high pressure.

Molecular mass : 34 g/mol Colour : Colourless.

Odour : Odour can persist. Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Rotten eggs.

Odour threshold : Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.

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рΗ : Not applicable. pH solution : No data available : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable. Melting point : -86 °C : -82.9 °C Freezing point : -60.3 °C Boiling point Flash point : Not applicable. Critical temperature : 100.4 °C : 260 °C Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature : No data available Vapour pressure : 1880 kPa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C : No data available : 8940 kPa Critical pressure Relative vapour density at 20 °C : >=

Relative density : No data available

Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture : No data available Density : No data available

Relative gas density : 1.2

Solubility : Water: 3980 mg/l : Not applicable. Log Pow : Not applicable. Log Kow Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable. Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable. Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C) : No data available : Not applicable. Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties : None.

Flammability (solid, gas)

4.3 - 46 vol %

#### Other information

Gas group : Liquefied gas

Additional information : Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1.

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : May react violently with oxidants. Can form explosive mixture with air. Conditions to avoid

: Avoid moisture in installation systems. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

: Ammonia. Bases. Bromine pentafluoride. Chlorine trifluoride. chromium trioxide. (and heat). Incompatible materials Copper, (powdered), Fluorine, Lead, Lead oxide, Mercury, Nitric acid, Nitrogen trifluoride

nitrogen sulfide. Organic compounds. Oxidizing agents. Oxygen difluoride. Rubber. Sodium. (and moisture). Water

Hazardous decomposition products : Thermal decomposition may produce : Sulfur. Hydrogen.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified

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Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Inhalation:gas: FATAL IF INHALED.

Hydrogen sulfide ( \f )7783-06-4	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.99 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	356 ppm/4h
ATE CA (gases)	356.00000000 ppmv/4h
ATE CA (vapours)	0.99000000 mg/l/4h
ATE CA (dust,mist)	0.99000000 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Not classified
pH: Not applicable.

Not classified

Not classified

Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

Serious eye damage/irritation

Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity

Respiratory or skin sensitization

exposure)

: Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

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<b>SECTION 12:</b>	ECOIO	iicai int	ormation

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
LC50 fish 1	0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])	
LC50 fish 2	0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic gases.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
BCF fish 1 (no bioaccumulation expected)		
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.	

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.

Effect on the ozone layer : None

Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product

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#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**Basic shipping description** 

In accordance with TDG

**TDG** 

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1053

TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.3 - Class 2.3 - Toxic Gas.

: 2.1 TDG Subsidiary Classes

: HYDROGEN SULPHIDE Proper shipping name

**ERAP Index** : 500 Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 0 Passenger Carrying Ship Index : Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : Forbidden

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

#### 14.3. Air and sea transport

#### IMDG

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1053

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : HYDROGEN SULPHIDE

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 117 IATA

UN-No. (IATA) : 1053 Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Hydrogen sulphide

Class (IATA) : 2

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. National regulations

#### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)

#### **SECTION 16: Other information** Date of issue

: 15/10/1979 Revision date : 10/08/2016 Supersedes : 15/10/2013

Indication of changes:

Training advice : Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.

Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.

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Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.ca. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write Praxair Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; Address: Praxair Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).

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NFPA health hazard

: 4 - Very short exposure could cause death or serious residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

NFPA fire hazard

: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn

readily.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Flammability

Physical

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

: 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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Appendix B SO<sub>2</sub>SDS



#### Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE **SDS ID: MAT22290** 

#### Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### Material Name

SULFUR DIOXIDE

#### Synonyms

MTG MSDS 80; SULFUROUS ACID ANHYDRIDE; SULFUROUS OXIDE; SULPHUR DIOXIDE; SULFUROUS ANHYDRIDE; FERMENTICIDE LIQUID; SULFUR DIOXIDE(SO2); SULFUR OXIDE; SULFUR OXIDE(SO2)

#### Chemical Family

inorganic, gas

#### **Product Description**

Classification determined in accordance with Compressed Gas Association standards.

#### Product Use

Industrial and Specialty Gas Applications.

#### Restrictions on Use

None known.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MATHESON TRI-GAS, INC.

3 Mountainview Road

Warren, NJ 07059

General Information: 1-800-416-2505 Emergency #: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) Outside the US: 703-527-3887 (Call collect)

#### Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied gas

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Gas - Category 3

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1B

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation - Category 1

Simple Asphyxiant **GHS Label Elements** 

#### Symbol(s)







#### Signal Word

Danger

#### Hazard Statement(s)

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Toxic if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

#### Precautionary Statement(s)

Prevention

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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	131H, 132H	



#### Safety Data Sheet

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Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe dusts or mists.

Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Specific treatment (see label).

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other Hazards

Contact with liquified gas may cause frostbite.

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
CAS	Component Name	Percent
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	100.0
Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES		

#### Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical attention.

#### Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115°F; 41-46°C). If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

#### Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical attention.

#### Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

#### Most Important Symptoms/Effects

#### Acute

Toxic if inhaled, frostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns

#### Delayed

No information on significant adverse effects.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### Note to Physicians

For inhalation, consider oxygen.

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#### Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE SDS ID: MAT22290

#### Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **Extinguishing Media**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical, Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

#### Special Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Negligible fire hazard.

**Hazardous Combustion Products** 

sulfur oxides

#### Fire Fighting Measures

Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out. Stay away from the ends of tanks. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.

#### Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Wear full protective fire fighting gear including self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for protection against possible exposure.

#### Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuation radius: 150 feet. Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Do not get water directly on material.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for Safe Handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor, or spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Keep only in original container. Avoid release to the environment.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight.

Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Protect from physical damage. Store outside or in a detached building. Keep separated from incompatible substances.

#### Incompatible Materials

bases, combustible materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal oxides, metals, oxidizing materials, peroxides, reducing agents

#### Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 

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Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

NIOSH:	2 ppm TWA; 5 mg/m3 TWA	
	5 ppm STEL; 13 mg/m3 STEL	
	100 ppm IDLH	
OSHA (US):	5 ppm TWA; 13 mg/m3 TWA	
Mexico:	0.25 ppm STEL [PPT-CT ]	
· corre		

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

There are no biological limit values for any of this product's components.

**Engineering Controls** 

Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a faceshield. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin Protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Wear chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory Protection

Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Glove Recommendations

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				
Appearance	colorless gas	Physical State	gas	
Odor	irritating odor	Color	colorless	
Odor Threshold	3 - 5 ppm	рН	(Acidic in solution)	
Melting Point	-73 °C (-99 °F )	Boiling Point	-10 °C (14 °F )	
<b>Boiling Point Range</b>	Not available	Freezing point	Not available	
Evaporation Rate	>1 (Butyl acetate = 1 )	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available	
Autoignition Temperature	Not available	Flash Point	(Not flammable )	
Lower Explosive Limit	Not available	Decomposition temperature	Not available	
Upper Explosive Limit	Not available	Vapor Pressure	2432 mmHg @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density (air=1)	2.26	Specific Gravity (water=1)	1.462 at -10 °C	

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Water Solubility	22.8 % (@ 0 °C )	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available
Viscosity	Not available	Kinematic viscosity	Not available
Solubility (Other)	Not available	Density	Not available
Physical Form	liquified gas	Molecular Formula	S-O2
Molecular Weight	64.06		

#### Solvent Solubility

Soluble

alcohol, acetic acid, sulfuric acid, ether, chloroform, Benzene, sulfuryl chloride, nitrobenzenes, Toluene, acetone

#### Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

No reactivity hazard is expected.

#### Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

#### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will not polymerize.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Minimize contact with material. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

#### Incompatible Materials

bases, combustible materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal oxides, metals, oxidizing materials, peroxides, reducing agents

#### Hazardous decomposition products

oxides of sulfur

#### Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

#### Inhalation

Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to respiratory system, burns, difficulty breathing

#### Skin Contact

skin burns

#### Eye Contact

eye burns

#### Ingestion

burns, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, stomach pain

#### Acute and Chronic Toxicity

#### Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published:

#### Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 965 - 1168 ppm 4 h

#### Product Toxicity Data

Acute Toxicity Estimate

No data available.

Immediate Effects

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#### Safety Data Sheet

#### Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

Toxic if inhaled, frostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns

Delayed Effects

No information on significant adverse effects.

Irritation/Corrosivity Data

respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns

Respiratory Sensitization

No data available.

Dermal Sensitization

No data available.

Component Carcinogenicity

Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5			
ACGIH:	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen			
IARC:	Monograph 54 [1992] (Group 3 (not classifiable))			

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No data available.

Tumorigenic Data

No data available

Reproductive Toxicity

No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No target organs identified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No target organs identified.

Aspiration hazard

Not applicable.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

respiratory disorders

#### Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Component Analysis - Aquatic Toxicity

No LOLI ecotoxicity data are available for this product's components.

Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** 

No data available.

Mobility

No data available.

#### Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Component Waste Numbers

The U.S. EPA has not published waste numbers for this product's components.

#### Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT Information:

Shipping Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

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#### Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE SDS ID: MAT22290

Hazard Class: 2.3 UN/NA #: UN1079 Required Label(s): 2.3

IMDG Information:

Shipping Name: SULPHUR DIOXIDE

Hazard Class: 2.3 UN#: UN1079 Required Label(s): 2.3

TDG Information:

Shipping Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

Hazard Class: 2.3 UN#: UN1079 Required Label(s): 2.3

International Bulk Chemical Code

This material does not contain any chemicals required by the IBC Code to be identified as dangerous chemicals in

#### Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### U.S. Federal Regulations

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or require an OSHA process safety plan.

Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5
SARA 302:	500 lb TPQ
OSHA (safety):	1000 lb TQ (Liquid )
SARA 304:	500 lb EPCRA RQ

#### SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C) reporting categories

Gas Under Pressure; Acute toxicity; Skin Corrosion/Irritation; Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation; Simple Asphyxiant

#### U.S. State Regulations

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)



This product can expose you to chemicals including Sulfur dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5
Repro/Dev. Tox	developmental toxicity, 7/29/2011

#### Component Analysis - Inventory

Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)

US	CA	AU	CN	EU	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes	DSL	Yes	Yes	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

KR - REACH CCA	MX	NZ	PH	TH-TECI	TW, CN	VN (Draft)
No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

#### Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

#### NFPA Ratings

Health: 3 Fire: 0 Instability: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Summary of Changes SDS update: 02/10/2016

#### Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU -Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CA/MA/MN/NJ/PA -California/Massachusetts/Minnesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania\*; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA -Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations (US); CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG -Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD - Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EC - European Commission; EEC - European Economic Community; EIN -European Inventory of (Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substance Inventory; EPA -Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; F - Background (for Venezuela Biological Exposure Indices); IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH -Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; ISHL - Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law; IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR KECI Annex 1 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL); KR KECI Annex 2 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL), KR - Korea; LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/ Lethal Concentration; KR REACH CCA Korea Registration and Evaluation of Chemical Substances Chemical Control Act; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LLV - Level Limit Value; LOLI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; MX - Mexico; Ne- Non-specific; NFPA National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; Nq - Non-quantitative; NSL - Non-Domestic Substance List (Canada); NTP -National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL-Permissible Exposure Limit; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH-Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID - European Rail Transport; SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; Sc - Semi-quantitative; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit;

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Phone: (505) 629-6116
Online Phone Directory
https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

## State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 476771

#### **CONDITIONS**

Operator:	OGRID:	
Permian Resources Operating, LLC	372165	
300 N. Marienfeld St Ste 1000	Action Number:	
Midland, TX 79701	476771	
	Action Type:	
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)	

#### CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
jelrod01	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing.	6/18/2025
jelrod01	If cement does not circulate on any string, a Cement Bond Log (CBL) is required for that string of casing.	6/18/2025
ward.rikala	Notify the OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement.	7/23/2025
ward.rikala	File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.	7/23/2025
ward.rikala	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string.	7/23/2025
ward.rikala	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system.	7/23/2025