Form 3160-3 (June 2015)		FORM APPRO OMB No. 1004- Expires: January 3	0137
UNITED STATES		5. Lease Serial No.	,
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGE		5. Lease Serial No.	
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL		6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe	Name
1a. Type of work: DRILL REENT	ER	7. If Unit or CA Agreement,	Name and No.
1b. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well Other			
1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing Single Z	Zone Multiple Zone	8. Lease Name and Well No	
2. Name of Operator		9. API Well No. 30-015-57	030
3a. Address 3b. H	Phone No. (include area code)	10. Field and Pool, or Explo	ratory
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with an	ny State requirements.*)	11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. an	d Survey or Area
At surface			
At proposed prod. zone			
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office*		12. County or Parish	13. State
15. Distance from proposed* 16. N location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 16. N	No of acres in lease 17. Spacin	g Unit dedicated to this well	<u> </u>
18. Distance from proposed location* 19. I to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 19. I	Proposed Depth 20. BLM/	BIA Bond No. in file	
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 22. 1	Approximate date work will start*	23. Estimated duration	
24.	Attachments	1	
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onsh (as applicable)	ore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the H	Iydraulic Fracturing rule per 4	43 CFR 3162.3-3
1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.	4. Bond to cover the operation Item 20 above).	s unless covered by an existing	g bond on file (see
 A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lan SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 		mation and/or plans as may be	requested by the
25. Signature	Date		
Title	1	I	
Approved by (Signature)	Name (Printed/Typed)	Date	
Title	Office	I	
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant hold applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	s legal or equitable title to those rights	in the subject lease which wo	uld entitle the
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or repr			rtment or agency



(Continued on page 2)

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INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM I: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the wen, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionany drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service wen or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record win be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM conects this information to anow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Conection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Additional Operator Remarks

Location of Well

0. SHL: NENE / 647 FNL / 341 FEL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 36 / LAT: 32.7093606 / LONG: -103.9180123 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet) PPP: NENE / 430 FNL / 100 FEL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 36 / LAT: 32.7099557 / LONG: -103.9172295 (TVD: 7797 feet, MD: 8093 feet) PPP: NENE / 434 FNL / 2638 FWL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 35 / LAT: 32.7099637 / LONG: -103.9426356 (TVD: 7797 feet, MD: 15430 feet) PPP: NWNE / 434 FNL / 2638 FWL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 35 / LAT: 32.709958 / LONG: -103.9383478 (TVD: 7797 feet, MD: 16750 feet) BHL: NWNW / 430 FNL / 10 FWL / TWSP: 18S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 35 / LAT: 32.7099744 / LONG: -103.9511802 (TVD: 7797 feet, MD: 18058 feet)

BLM Point of Contact

Name: JANET D ESTES Title: ADJUDICATOR Phone: (575) 234-6233 Email: JESTES@BLM.GOV

Review and Appeal Rights

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

Received by OCD: 6/18/2025 3:27:49 PM

<u>C-102</u>

Submit Electronically Via OCD Permitting

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

Page 5 of 97

Revised July 9, 2024 □ Initial Submittal

Submittal Type:

X Amended Report \Box As Drilled

WELL LOCATION INFORMATION	

API Number 30-015-57030	Pool Code 5200	Pool Name Benson; Bone Spring	
Property Code 336879	Property Name JAKKU 3	36 FED COM	Well Number 111H
OGRID No. 372165	Operator Name	RCES OPERATING. LLC	Ground Level Elevation 3557'
Surface Owner: \mathbf{X} State \Box Fee \Box		Mineral Owner: ⊠ State □ Fee □ Tribal ⊠ F	

					Surface	Location			
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
А	36	18-S	30-E		647' N	341' E	32.70936	-103.91801	EDDY
					Bottom H	ole Location			
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
Е	35	18-S	30-Е		430' N	10' W	32.70997	-103.95118	EDDY

Dedicated Acres 320	Infill or Defining Well Defining	Defining Well API Pending	Overlapping Spacing Unit (Y/N)	Consolidation Code
Order Numbers.	endina		Well setbacks are under Common	Ownership: ⊠Yes □No

					Kick Off	Point (KOP)			
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
А	36	18-S	30-Е		647' N	341' E	32.70936	-103.91801	EDDY
					First Take	Point (FTP)			
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
Н	36	18-S	30-Е		430' N	100' E	32.70996	-103.91723	EDDY
					Last Take	Point (LTP)			
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County
Е	35	18-S	30-Е		430' N	100' W	32.70997	-103.95089	EDDY

Unitized Area or Area of Uniform Interest

Spacing Unit Type X Horizontal \Box Vertical

Ground Floor Elevation:

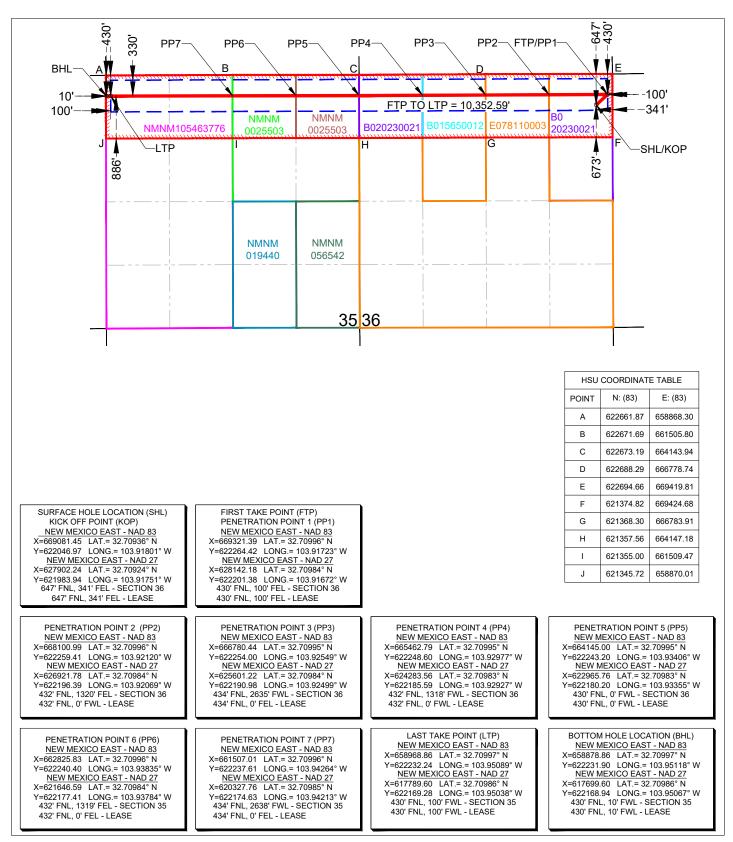
OPERATOR CERTIFICATIONS	SURVEYOR CERTIFIC	CATIONS
I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and, if the well is a vertical or directional well, that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division. If this well is a horizontal well, I further certify that this organization has received the consent of at least one lessee or owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest in each tract (in the target pool or formation) in which any part of the well's completed interval will be located or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division. Mathematicated or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division. Mathematicated or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division. Mathematicated or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division.		ell location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual er my supervision and that the same is true and correct to the best of CHARLES UNCERTURE (25490) 12/B1/2024
Signature Date	Signature and Seal of Profess	ional Surveyor
Jennifer Elrod		(
Printed Name	Certificate Number	Date of Survey
jelrod@ntglobal.com		
Email Address		

Note: No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

ACREAGE DEDICATION PLATS

This grid represents a standard section. You may superimpose a non-standard section, or larger area, over this grid. Operators must outline the dedicated acreage in a red box, clearly show the well surface location and bottom hole location, if it is directionally drilled, with the dimensions from the section lines in the cardinal directions. If this is a horizontal wellbore show on this plat the location of the First Take Point and Last Take Point, and the point within the Completed interval (other than the First Take Point or Last Take Point) that is closest to any outer boundary of the tract.

Surveyors shall use the latest United States government survey or dependent resurvey. Well locations will be in reference to the New Mexico Principal Meridian. If the land is not surveyed, contact the OCD Engineering Bureau. Independent subdivision surveys will not be acceptable.



Submit Electronically

Via E-permitting

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

> **Oil Conservation Division** 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

Section 1 – Plan Description Effective May 25, 2021

I. Operator: __Permian Resources Operating, LLC _____ OGRID: ____372165 ____ Date: 06/25/2024

II. Type: \square Original \square Amendment due to \square 19.15.27.9.D(6)(a) NMAC \square 19.15.27.9.D(6)(b) NMAC \square Other.

If Other, please describe:

III. Well(s): Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipat	Anticipated	Anticipated
				ed Oil	Gas	Produced
				BBL/D	MCF/D	Water BBL/D
JAKKU 36 FED COM 111H	TBD	A-36-18S-30E	647' FNL, 341' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 112H	TBD	<u>A-36-18S-30E</u>	647' FNL, 311' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 113H	TBD	I-36-18S-30E	2408' FSL, 555' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 114H	TBD	I-36-18S-30E	2413' FSL, 525' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 131H	TBD	A-36-18S-30E	647' FNL, 281' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 132H	TBD	A-36-18S-30E	647' FNL, 251' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 133H	TBD	I-36-18S-30E	2418' FSL, 495' FEL	1100	2200	2800
JAKKU 36 FED COM 134H	TBD	I-36-18S-30E	2424' FSL, 466' FEL	1100	2200	2800

IV. Central Delivery Point Name: <u>ARRAKIS/JAKKU 25 FED COM CTB</u> [See 19.15.27.9(D)(1) NMAC]

V. Anticipated Schedule: Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.

Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached	Completion	Initial Flow	First Production
			Date	Commencement	Back Date	Date
				Date		
JAKKU 36 FED COM 111H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 112H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 113H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 114H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 131H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 132H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 133H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
JAKKU 36 FED COM 134H	TBD		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

VI. Separation Equipment: 🖂 Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture.

VII. Operational Practices: \boxtimes Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC.

VIII. Best Management Practices: 🖂 Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

Section 2 – Enhanced Plan EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

 \boxtimes Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

Well	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF

X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering	Available Maximum Daily Capacity
			Start Date	of System Segment Tie-in

XI. Map. \Box Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.

XII. Line Capacity. The natural gas gathering system \Box will \Box will not have capacity to gather 100% of the anticipated natural gas production volume from the well prior to the date of first production.

XIII. Line Pressure. Operator \Box does \Box does not anticipate that its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, or portion, of the natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new well(s).

 \Box Attach Operator's plan to manage production in response to the increased line pressure.

XIV. Confidentiality: \Box Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided in Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific information for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.

Section 3 - Certifications <u>Effective May 25, 2021</u>

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

 \square Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or

 \Box Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system. *If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following:*

Well Shut-In. \Box Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

Venting and Flaring Plan. \Box Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:

- (a) power generation on lease;
- (**b**) power generation for grid;
- (c) compression on lease;
- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- (f) reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

Section 4 - Notices

1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:

(a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

(b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.

2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature: Caso i Wars-
Printed Name: Cassie Evans
Title: Regulatory Socialist
E-mail Address: cassie.evans@permianres.com
Date: 6/05/25
Phone: 432-313-1732
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION (Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)
Approved By:
Title:
Approval Date:
Conditions of Approval:

•



NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

VI. Separation Equipment:

Permian utilizes a production forecast from our Reservoir Engineering team to appropriately size each permanent, 3-phase separator and heater treater utilized for production operations. Our goal is to maintain 5 minutes of retention time in the test vessel and 20 minutes in the heater treater at peak production rates. The gas produced is routed from the separator to the gas sales line.

VII. Operational Practices:

Drilling

During Permian's drilling operations it is uncommon for venting or flaring to occur. If flaring is needed due to safety concerns, gas will be routed to a flare and volumes will be estimated.

Flowback

During completion/recompletion flowback operations, after separation flowback begins and as soon as it is technically feasible, Permian routes gas though a permanent separator and the controlled facility where the gas is either sold or flared through a high-pressure flare if needed.

Production

Per 19.15.27.8.D, Permian's facilities are designed to minimize waste. Our produced gas will only be vented or flared in an emergency or malfunction situation, except as allowed for normal operations noted in 19.15.27.8.D(2) & (4). All gas that is flared is metered. All gas that may be vented will be estimated.

Performance Standards

Permian utilizes a production forecast from our Reservoir Engineering team to appropriately size each permanent, 3-phase separator and heater treater utilized for production operations.

All of Permian's permanent storage tanks associated with production operations which are routed to a flare or control device are equipped with an automatic gauging system.

All of Permian's flare stacks, both currently installed and for future installation, are:

- 1) Appropriately sized and designed to ensure proper combustion efficiency.
- 2) Equipped with an automatic ignitor or continuous pilot.
- 3) Anchored and located at least 100 feet from the well and storage tanks.

Permian's field operations and HSE teams have implemented an AVO inspection schedule that adheres to the requirements of 19.15.27.8.E(5).

All of our operations and facilities are designed to minimize waste. We routinely employ the following methods and practices:

- Closed loop systems
- Enclosed and properly sized tanks.

- Vapor recovery units to maximize recovery of low-pressure gas streams and potential unauthorized emissions.
- Low-emitting or electric engines whenever practical
- Combustors and flare stacks in the event of a malfunction or emergency
- Routine facility inspections to identify leaking components, functioning control devices, such as flares and combustors, and repair / replacement of malfunctioning components where applicable.

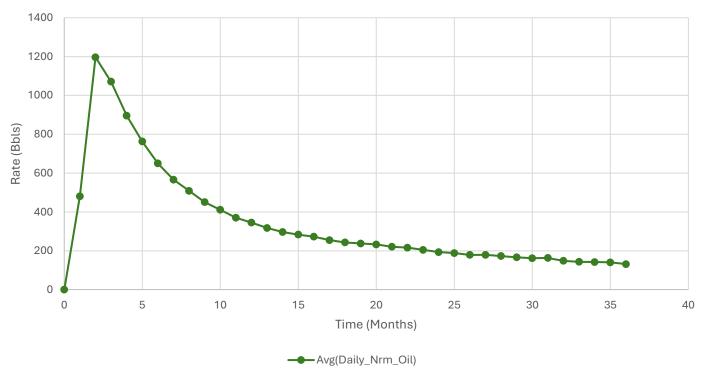
Measurement or Estimation

Permian measures or estimates the volumes of natural gas vented, flared and/or beneficially used for all of our drilling, completing, and producing wells. We utilize accepted industry standards and methodology which can be independently verified. Annual GOR testing is completed on our wells and will be submitted as required by the NMOCD. None of our equipment is designed to allow diversion around metering elements except during inspection, maintenance, and repair operations.

VIII. Best Management Practices:

Permian utilizes the following BMPs to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance activities:

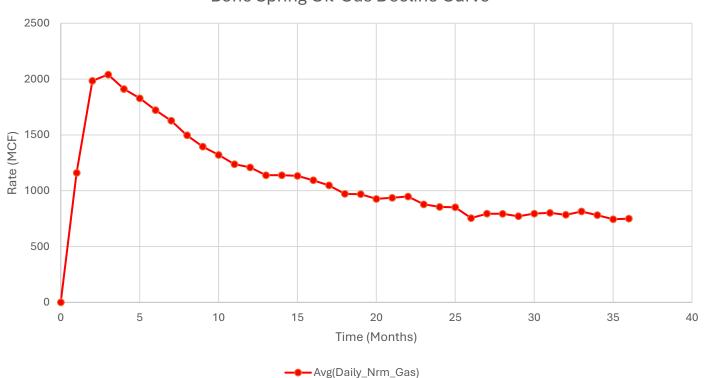
- Use a closed-loop process wherever possible during planned maintenance activities, such as blowdowns, liquid removal, and work over operations.
- Employ low-emitting or electric engines for equipment, such as compressors.
- Adhere to a strict preventative maintenance program which includes routine facility inspections, identification of component malfunctions, and repairing or replacing components such as hatches, seals, valves, etc. where applicable.
- Utilize vapor recovery units (VRU's) to maximize recovery of volumes of low-pressure gas streams and potential unauthorized emissions.
- Route low pressure gas and emissions streams to a combustion device to prevent venting where necessary.



Bone Spring Oil Decline Curve

- 1. Represented curve is generic based on 3-Years available information for the Bone Spring formation and may not be representative of forecasted production or actual volumes.
- 2. Decline curves are based on an average 10,000ft lateral length. Multiple factors may influence production and decline curves, including but not limited to: lateral length and completion type.

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Bone Spring Oil-Gas Decline Curve

- 1. Represented curve is generic based on 3-Years available information for the Bone Spring formation and may not be representative of forecasted production or actual volumes.
- 2. Decline curves are based on an average 10,000ft lateral length. Multiple factors may influence production and decline curves, including but not limited to: lateral length and completion type.

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Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation			True Vertical			Mineral Resources	Producing
ID	Formation Name	Elevation		Depth	Lithologies		Formatio
15134836	RUSTLER	3052	535	535	SANDSTONE	USEABLE WATER	N
15134837	TOP SALT	2185	867	867	SALT	NONE	N
15134838	TANSILL	1067	1985	1985	ANHYDRITE, SHALE	NONE	N
15134839	YATES	927	2125	2125	ANHYDRITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134841	SEVEN RIVERS	562	2490	2490	OTHER : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134842	QUEEN	-63	3115	3115	OTHER : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134843	DELAWARE SAND	-913	3965	3965	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134840	BONE SPRING LIME	-3043	6095	6095	OTHER, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134844	FIRST BONE SPRING SAND	-4583	7635	7635	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
15134845	2ND BONE SPRING LIME	-5503	8555	8555	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134846	BONE SPRING 3RD	-6303	9355	9355	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134847	WOLFCAMP	-6688	9740	9740	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
			1				

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 7897

Equipment: BOPE will meet all requirements for above listed system per 43 CFR 3172. BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. The system may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all of the components installed will be functional, tested, and will meet all requirements per 43 CFR 3172. The wellhead will be a multibowl speed head allowing for hangoff of intermediate casing of the surface x intermedicate annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead. A variance is requested to utilize a flexible choke line (flexhose)

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM

Well Number: 111H

from the BOP to choke manifold.

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Permian Resources Operating, LLC hereby requests to use a flex hose on H&P choke manifold for this well. The Flex Hose specifications are listed attached on page 8.

Testing Procedure: Operator requests to ONLY test broken pressure seals per API Standard 53 and the attachments in Section 8. The BOP test shall be performed before drilling out of the surface casing shoe and will occur at a minimum: a. when initially installed, b. whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, c. following related repairs, d. at 21-day intervals. Testing of the ram type preventer(s) and annual type preventer(s) shall be tested per 43 CFR 3172. The BOPE configuration, choke manifold layout, and accumulator system will be in compliance with 43 CFR 3172. Bleed lines will discharge 100' from wellhead in non-H2S scenarios and 150' from wellhead in H2S scenarios.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

5M_Choke_Manifold_20241230120230.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

5M_BOP_20241230120235.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	560	0	560	3557	2997	560	J-55		OTHER - BTC	4.08	2.18	DRY	6.96	DRY	6.54
	INTERMED IATE	12.2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	3915	0	3915	3557	-358	3915	J-55		OTHER - BTC	2.93	1.66	DRY	2.65	DRY	2.34
	PRODUCTI ON	8.75	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	8093	0	7797	3557	-4240	8093	P- 110		OTHER - GEOCONN	1.84	1.93	DRY	2.35	DRY	2.35
	PRODUCTI ON	7.87 5	5.5	NEW	API	N	8093	18058	7797	7797	-4240	-4240	9965	P- 110		OTHER - GEOCONN	1.84	1.93	DRY	2.35	DRY	2.35

Casing Attachments

Received by OCD: 6/18/2025 3:27:49 PM Operator Name: CENTENNIAL RESOURCE PRODUCTION LLC Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM Well Number: 111H **Casing Attachments** Casing ID: 1 SURFACE String **Inspection Document: Spec Document: Tapered String Spec:** Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s): Casing ID: 2 String INTERMEDIATE **Inspection Document: Spec Document: Tapered String Spec:** Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s): PRODUCTION Casing ID: 3 String **Inspection Document: Spec Document: Tapered String Spec:** Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

 $Casing_Assumptions_Worksheet_Jakku_36_Fed_Com_111H_20230508110125.pdf$

Page 17 of 97

Well Number: 111H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 4 String PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Assumptions_Worksheet_Jakku_36_Fed_Com_111H_20230508110133.pdf

Section	4 - Ce	emen	t								
String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	560	450	1.34	14.8	590	50	Class C	Accelerator

INTERMEDIATE	Lead	0	3130	690	2.08	12.7	1420	50	Class C	Salt, Extender, and LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail	3130	3915	280	1.34	14.8	370	50	Class C	Accelerator
PRODUCTION	Lead	3915	7343	570	2.41	11.5	1350	40	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder
PRODUCTION	Tail	7343	1805 8	1390	1.73	12.5	2400	25	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder
PRODUCTION	Lead	3915	7343	570	2.41	11.5	1350	40	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder
PRODUCTION	Tail	7343	1805 8	1390	1.73	12.5	2400	25	Class H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM

Well Number: 111H

Page 19 of 97

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Sufficient quantities of mud materials will be on the well site at all times for the purpose of assuring well control and maintaining wellbore integrity. Surface interval will employ fresh water mud. The intermediate hole will utilize a saturated brine fluid to inhibit salt washout. The production hole will employ brine based and oil base fluid to inhibit formation reactivity and of the appropriate density to maintain well control.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Centrifuge separation system. Open tank monitoring with EDR will be used for drilling fluids and return volumes. Open tank monitoring will be used for cement and cuttings return volumes. Mud properties will be monitored at least every 24 hours using industry accepted mud check practices.

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Max Weight (Ibs/gal)	Density (Ibs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	Н	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	560	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	9.5							
560	3915	SALT SATURATED	10	10							
3915	8093	OTHER : BRINE	9	10							
8093	1805 8	OIL-BASED MUD	9	10							

Well Name: JAKKU 36 FED COM

Well Number: 111H

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Will utilize MWD/LWD (Gamma Ray logging) from intermediate hole to TD of the well.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

GAMMA RAY LOG, DIRECTIONAL SURVEY,

Coring operation description for the well:

N/A

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 4060

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2344

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 136

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

H2S_Contingency_Plan_Jakku_36_Fed_Com_111H__112H__131H__132H_20230508111216.pdf

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Jakku_36_Fed_State_Com_111H___Plan_1_04_17_23_20230508111332.pdf

Jakku_36_Fed_State_Com_111H___Plan_1_04_17_23_AC_Report_20230508111337.pdf

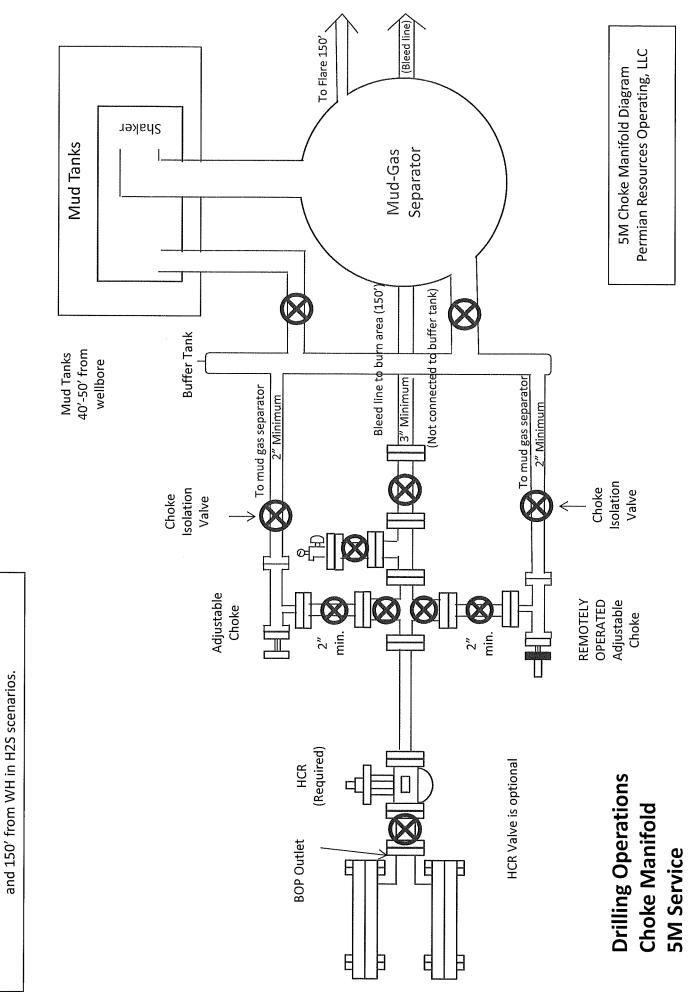
Other proposed operations facets description:

Please see attached Drilling Plan, including multi-bowl diagram and procedure, proposed WBD, and casing connection data sheet. We also plan to batch drill this well along with offline cementing, see details under variance request below. Permian Resources Operating, LLC requests to use a flex hose on H&P choke manifold for this well. The Flex Hose specifications are attached below.

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

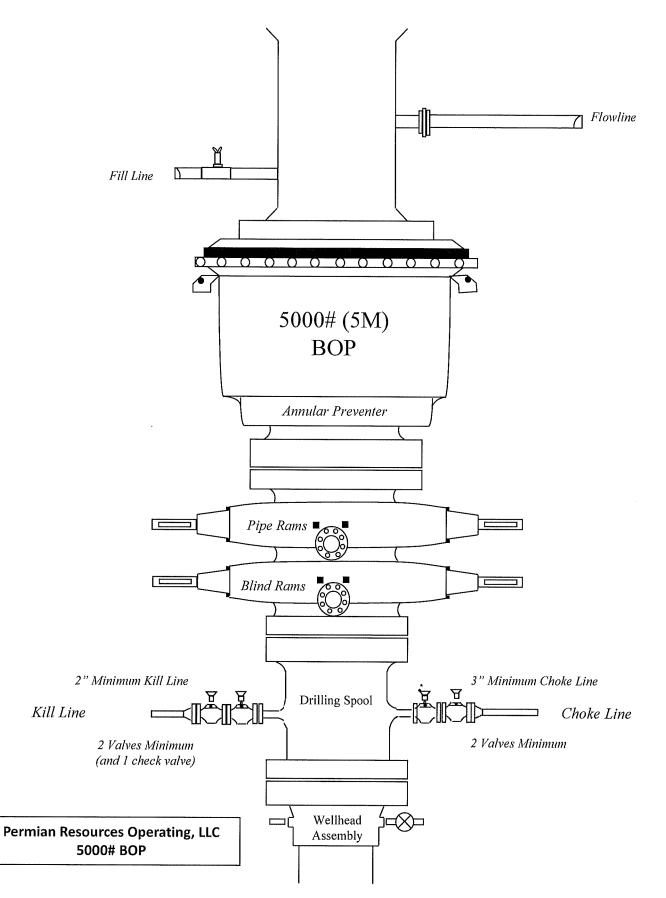
Other Variance attachment:

Other_Variance_Attachments_Jakku_36_Fed_Com_111H_20230508111714.pdf BOP_Break_2024_20241230120302.pdf Batch_20241230120302.pdf 2022_FH_20241230120302.pdf OCV_20241230120302.pdf



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Bleed lines will discharge 100' from WH in non-H2S scenarios



Bleed lines will discharge 100' from WH in non-H2S scenarios and 150' from WH in H2S scenarios.

Permian Resources Casing Design Criteria

A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted. All casing will be centralized as specified in On Shore Order II. Casing will be tested as specified in On Shore Order II.

Casing Design Assumptions:

Surface

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Displacement to Gas
 - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Intermediate I

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Displacement to Gas
 - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.

- (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Intermediate or Intermediate II

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Gas Kick Profile
 - Internal: Load profile based on influx encountered in lateral portion of wellbore with a maximum influx volume of 150 bbl and a kick intensity of 1.5 ppg using maximum anticipated MW of 9.9 ppg.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
- a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - Internal: Lost circulation at the deepest TVD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Production

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Injection Down Casing
 - (1) Internal: Surface pressure plus injection fluid gradient.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test (Drilling)
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - c) Casing Pressure Test (Production)
 - (1) Internal: The design pressure test should be the greater of the planned test pressure prior to simulation down the casing, the regulatory test pressure, and the expected gas lift system pressure. The design test fluid should be the fluid associated with the pressure test having the greatest pressure.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - d) Tubing Leak
 - (1) Internal: SITP plus a packer fluid gradient to the top of packer.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
- a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
 - b) Full Evacuation
 - (1) Internal: Full void pipe.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

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1 One Corp. Metal One	GEOCONN- Pipe: SeAH P110RY 95%PBW Coupling: P110RY (SM)	(SMYS110ksi) *1	Page Date	95%RBW+SC-	7 SeAH P110R Cplg6.050 P110 Feb-21
MCHHI VIIC	Connection Data		Rev.	5-1	0
	Connection Data	a Sneet	Rev.		U
	Geometry	Impe	erial	<u>s.</u>	<u>L</u>
	Pipe Body	10 AA	315	10	- 1-1 V
	Grade *1	P110RY		P110RY	
	SMYS	110	ksi	110	ksi
	Pipe OD (D)	5.500	in	139.70	mm
GEOCONN-SC	Weight	17.00	lb/ft	25.33	kg/m
	Wall Thickness (t)	0.304	in	7.72	mm
	Pipe ID (d)	4.892	in	124.26	mm
Wsc1	Drift Dia.	4.767	in	121.08	mm
D	Connection				
	Coupling SMYS	110	ksi	110	ksi
♦	SC-Coupling OD (Wsc1)	6.050	in	153.67	mm
3d	Coupling Length (NL)	8,350	in	212.09	mm
3	Make up Loss	4.125	in	104.78	mm
3	Pipe Critical Area	4.96	in ²	3.202	mm ²
3				-1	
8	Box Critical Area	6.10	in ²	3,937	mm ²
<u> </u>	Thread Taper Number of Threads			3/4" per ft)	
5	Performance Properties for P	ipe Body		8	
		240	6.5	- 100 L	
	S.M.Y.S. *1	546	kips	2,428	kN MDa
	M.I.Y.P. *1	11,550	psi	79.66	MPa
N	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1	11,550 7,480	psi psi	79.66 51.59	
N N	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Minir *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY	11,550 7,480 ified Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550	psi psi Strength of Pipe essure of Pipe b	79.66 51.59 ± body	MPa
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N	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Mini *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength	11,550 7,480 ified Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 connection	psi psi Strength of Pipe essure of Pipe b psi 100%	79.66 51.59 body of S.M.Y.S.	MPa
NL NL	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Mini *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength Min. Compression Yield	11,550 7,480 ified Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 connection	psi psi Strength of Pipe essure of Pipe b psi 100% 100%	79.66 51.59 body ody of <u>S.M.Y.S.</u> of S.M.Y.S.	MPa
	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Mini *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength	11,550 7,480 ified Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 connection	psi psi Strength of Pipe sesure of Pipe be psi 100% 100% 100% of M.I.'	79.66 51.59 ody of S.M.Y.S. of S.M.Y.S. Y.P.	MPa
N	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Mini *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength Min. Compression Yield Internal Pressure	11,550 7,480 ified Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 connection	psi psi Strength of Pipe sesure of Pipe be psi 100% 100% 100% of M.I. 100% of Colla	79.66 51.59 ody of S.M.Y.S. of S.M.Y.S. Y.P.	MPa
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•	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Mini *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength Min. Compression Yield Internal Pressure External Pressure Max. DLS (deg. /100ft) Recommended Torque	11,550 7,480 iffied Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 connection	psi psi Strength of Pipe be psi 100% 100% of M.I. 100% of Colla	79.66 51.59 ody of S.M.Y.S. of S.M.Y.S. Y.P. upse Strength >90	MPa MPa
•	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Minit *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength Min. Compression Yield Internal Pressure External Pressure Max. DLS (deg. /100ft) Recommended Torque Min.	11,550 7,480 iffed Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 connection	psi psi Strength of Pipe be psi 100% 100% 100% of M.I. 100% of Colla ft-lb	79.66 51.59 ody of S.M.Y.S. of S.M.Y.S. Y.P. apse Strength >90	MPa MPa N-m
•	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Minit *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength Min. Compression Yield Internal Pressure External Pressure Max. DLS (deg. /100ft) Recommended Torque Min. Opti.	11,550 7,480 iffed Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIVP11,550 connection 10,800 12,000	psi psi Strength of Pipe be psi 100% 100% of M.I. 100% of Colla ft-lb	79.66 51.59 sbody ody of S.M.Y.S. of S.M.Y.S. Y.P. apse Strength >90 14,600 16,200	MPa MPa MPa N-m
•	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Minit *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength Min. Compression Yield Internal Pressure External Pressure External Pressure Max. DLS (deg. /100ft) Recommended Torque Min. Opti. Max.	11,550 7,480 iffed Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 connection 10,800 12,000 13,200	psi psi Strength of Pipe be psi 100% 100% of M.I. 100% of Colla ft-lb ft-lb	79.66 51.59 sbody ody of S.M.Y.S. of S.M.Y.S. Y.P. apse Strength >90 14,600 16,200 17,800	MPa MPa MPa N-m N-m
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t →	M.I.Y.P. *1 Collapse Strength *1 Note S.M.Y.S.= Spec M.I.Y.P. = Minit *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C Min. Connection Joint Strength Min. Compression Yield Internal Pressure External Pressure External Pressure Max. DLS (deg. /100ft) Recommended Torque Min. Opti. Max.	11,550 7,480 iffied Minimum YIELD mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 connection 10,800 12,000 12,000 13,200 15,600	psi psi Strength of Pipe be psi 100% 100% of M.I.' 100% of Colla ft-lb ft-lb ft-lb	79.66 51.59 sbody ody of S.M.Y.S. of S.M.Y.S. Y.P. apse Strength >90 14,600 16,200 17,800	MPa MPa MPa N-m N-m
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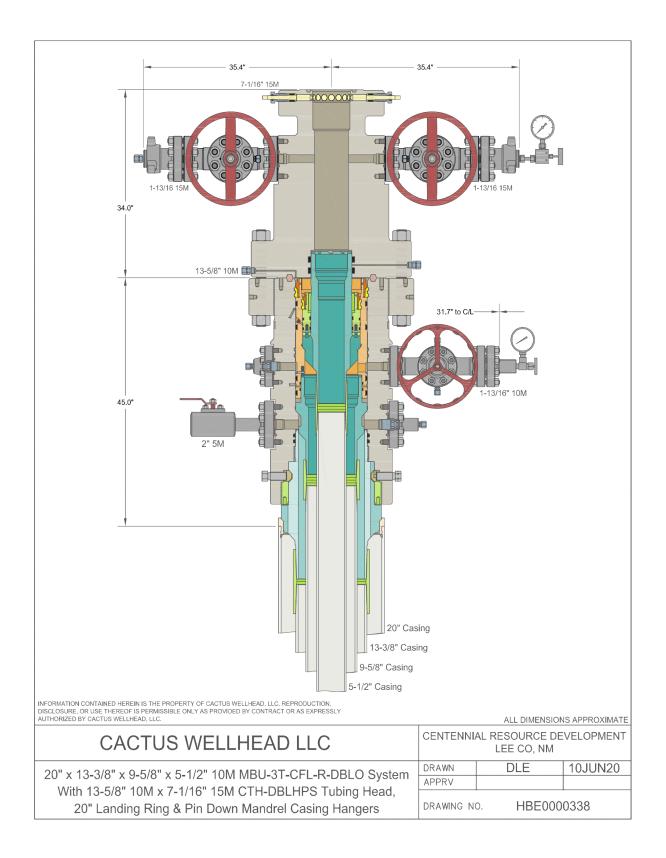


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Industrial Kft.	Page:	15/113				
	ContiTech					

Hose Data Sheet

CRI Order No.	538236
Customer	ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp.
Customer Order No	4500409859
Item No.	1
Hose Type	Flexible Hose
Standard	API SPEC 16 C
Inside dia in inches	3
Length	35 ft
Type of coupling one end	FLANGE 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE CAV BX155 R.GR.SOUR
Type of coupling other end	FLANGE 4.1/16* 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE C/W BX155 R.GR.SOUR
H2S service NACE MR0175	Yes
Working Pressure	10 000 psi
Design Pressure	10 000 psi
Test Pressure	15 000 psi
Safety Factor	2,25
Marking	USUAL PHOENIX
Cover	NOT FIRE RESISTANT
Outside protection	St.steel outer wrap
Internal stripwound tube	No
Lining	OIL + GAS RESISTANT SOUR
Safety clamp	No
Lifting collar	No
Element C	No
Safety chain	No
Safety wire rope	No
Max.design temperature [°C]	100
Min.design temperature [°C]	-20
Min. Bend Radius operating [m]	0,90
Min. Bend Radius storage [m]	0,90
Electrical continuity	The Hose is electrically continuous
Type of packing	WOODEN CRATE ISPM-15

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Permian Resources Multi-Well Pad Batch Drilling Procedure

<u>Surface Casing</u> - PR intends to Batch set all 13-3/8" casing to a depth approved in the APD. 17-1/2" Surface Holes will be batch drilled by a rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior to spudding the well, running and cementing casing and prior to skidding to the rig to the next well on pad.

- 1. Drill 17-1/2" Surface hole to Approved Depth with Rig and perform wellbore cleanup cycles. Trip out and rack back drilling BHA.
- 2. Run and land 13-3/8" 54.5# J55 BTC casing see Illustration 1-1 Below to depth approved in APD.
- 3. Set packoff and test to 5k psi
- 4. Offline Cement
- 5. Install wellhead with pressure gauge and nightcap. Nightcap is shown on final wellhead Stack up Illustration #2-2.
- 6. Skid Rig to adjacent well to drill Surface hole.
- 7. Surface casing test will be performed by the rig in order to allow ample time for Cement to develop 500psi compressive strength. Casing test to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is

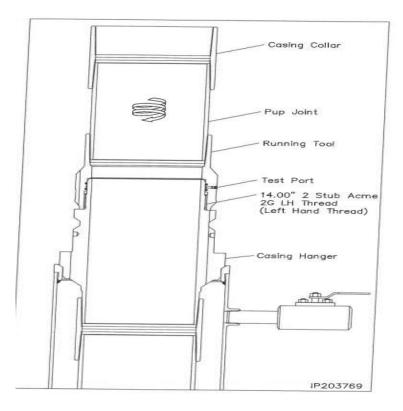


Illustration 1-1

<u>Intermediate Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all intermediate casing strings to a depth approved in the APD, typically set into Lamar. 12-1/4" Intermediate Holes will be batch drilled by the rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE.
- 2. Test Surface casing per COA WOC timing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst. Cement must have achieved 500psi compressive strength prior to test.
- 3. Install wear bushing then drill out 13-3/8" shoe-track plus 20' and conduct FIT to minimum of the MW equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing point.
- 4. Drill Intermediate hole to approved casing point. Trip out of hole with BHA to run Casing.
- 5. Remove wear bushing then run and land Intermediate Casing with mandrel hanger in wellhead.
- 6. Cement casing to surface with floats holding.
- 7. Washout stack then run wash tool in wellhead and wash hanger and pack-off setting area.
- 8. Install pack-off and test void to 5,000 psi for 15 minutes. Nightcap shown on final wellhead stack up illustration 2-2 on page 3.
- 9. Test casing per COA WOC timing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst. Cement must have achieved 500psi compressive strength prior to test.
- 10. Install nightcap skid rig to adjacent well to drill Intermediate hole.

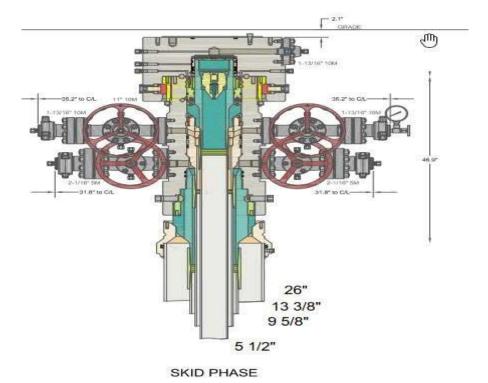


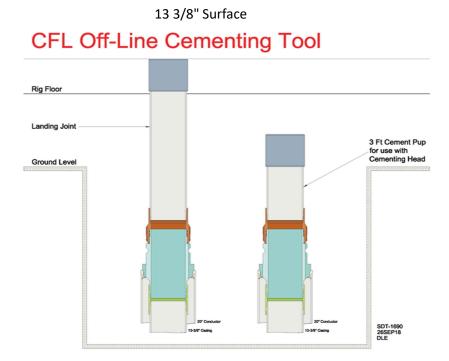
Illustration 2-2

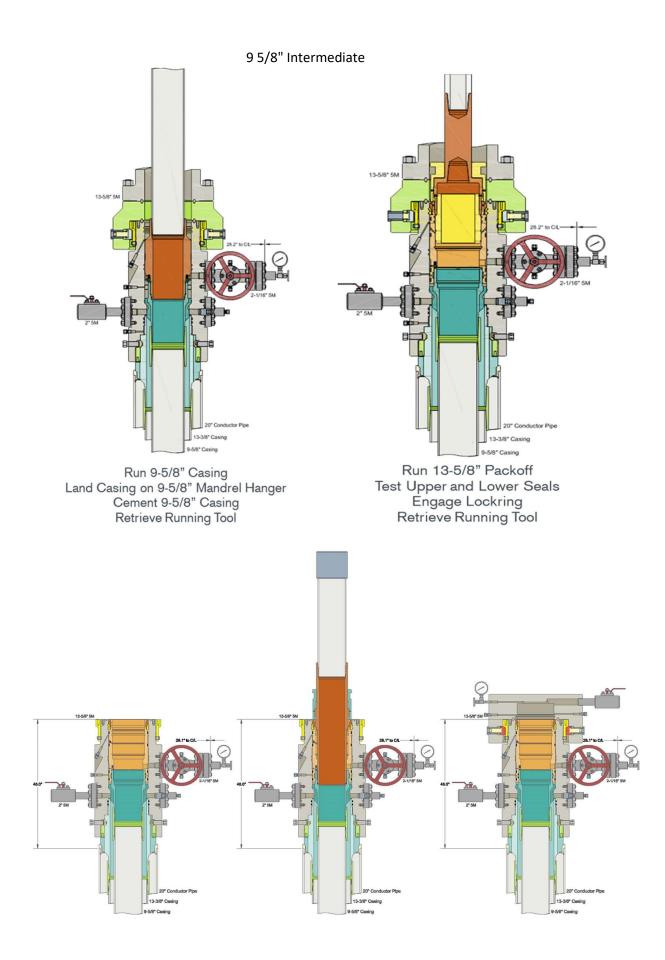
<u>Production Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all Production casings with Rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Big Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE.
- 2. Install wear bushing then drill Intermediate shoe-track plus 20' and conduct FIT to minimum MW equivalent to control the formation pressure to TD of well.
- 3. Drill Vertical hole to KOP Trip out for Curve BHA.
- 4. Drill Curve, landing in production interval Trip for Lateral BHA.
- 5. Drill Lateral / Production hole to Permitted BHL, perform cleanup cycles and trip out to run 51/2" Production Casing.
- 6. Remove wear bushing then run 5-1/2" production casing to TD landing casing mandrel in wellhead.
- 7. Cement 5-1/2" Production string with floats holding.
- 8. Run in with wash tool and wash wellhead area install pack-off and test void to 5,000psi for 15 minutes.
- 9. Install BPV in 5-1/2" mandrel hanger Nipple down BOPE and install nightcap.
- 10. Test nightcap void to 5,000psi for 30 minutes per illustration 2-2
- 11. Skid rig to adjacent well on pad to drill production hole.

Permian Resources Offline Cementing Procedure 13-3/8" & 9-5/8" Casing

- 1. Drill hole to Total Depth with Rig and perform wellbore cleanup cycles.
- 2. Run and casing to Depth.
- 3. Land casing with mandrel.
- 4. Circulate 1.5 csg capacity.
- 5. Flow test Confirm well is static and floats are holding.
- 6. Set Annular packoff and pressure test. Test to 5k.
- 7. Nipple down BOP and install cap flange.
- 8. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 9. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
 - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
 - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
 - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
 - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
 - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 10. Install offline cement tool.
- 11. Rig up cementers.
- 12. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 13. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 14. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 15. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 16. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.





Permian Resources BOP Break Testing Variance Procedure

Subject: Request for a Variance Allowing break Testing of the Blowout Preventer Equipment (BOPE). Permian Resources requests a variance to ONLY test broken pressure seals on the BOPE and function test BOP when skidding a drilling rig between multiple wells on a pad.

Background

Title 43 CFR 3172, Drilling Operations, Sections 6.b.9.iv states that the BOP test must be performed whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken. The current interpretation of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) requires a complete BOP test and not just a test of the affected component. 43 CFR 3172.13, Variances from minimum standards states, "An operator may request the authorized officer to approve a variance from any of the minimum standards prescribed in <u>\$\$ 3172.6</u> through <u>3172.12</u>. All such requests shall be submitted in writing to the appropriate authorized officer and provide information as to the circumstances which warrant approval of the variance(s) requested and the proposed alternative methods by which the related minimum standard(s) are to be satisfied. The authorized officer, after considering all relevant factors, if appropriate, may approve the requested variance(s) if it is determined that the proposed alternative(s) meet or exceed the objectives of the applicable minimum standard(s).". Permian Resources feels the break testing the BOPE is such a situation. Therefore, as per 43 CFR 3172.13, Permian Resources submits this request for the variance.

Supporting Documentation

The language used in 43 CFR 3172 became effective on December 19, 1988 and has remained the standard for regulating BLM onshore drilling operations for over 30 years. During this time, there have been significant changes in drilling technology. The BLM continues to use the variance request process to allow for the use of modern technology and acceptable engineering practices that have arisen since 43 CFR 3172 was originally released. The Permian Resources drilling rig fleet has many modern upgrades that allow the intact BOP stack to be moved between well slots on a multi-well pad, as well as, wellhead designs that incorporate quick connects facilitating release of the BOP from the wellhead without breaking any BOP stack components apart. These technologies have been used extensively offshore, and other regulators, API, and many operators around the world have endorsed break testing as safe and reliable.

Figure 1: Winch System attached to BOP Stack

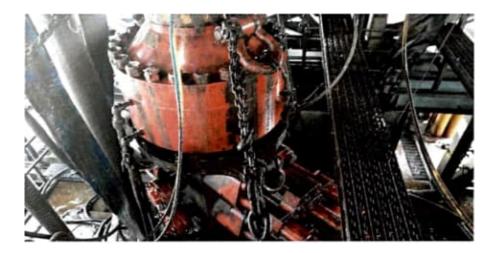


Figure 2: BOP Winch System



American Petroleum Institute (API) standards, specification and recommended practices are considered the industry standard and are consistently utilized and referenced by the industry. 43 CFR 3172 recognizes API recommended Practices (RP) 53 in its original development. API Standard 53, Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells (Fifth Edition, December 2018, Annex C, Table C.4) recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice. Specifically, API Standard 53, Section 5.3.7.1 states "A pressure test of the pressure containing component shall be performed following the disconnection or repair, limited to the affected component." See Table C.4 below for reference.

	Pressure Test-Low	Pressure Test—High Pressure**						
Component to be Pressure Tested	Pressure** psig (MPa)	Change Out of Component, Elastomer, or Ring Gasket	No Change Out of Component, Elastomer or Ring Gasket					
Annular preventer®	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of annular preventer	MASP or 70% annular RWP, whichever is lower.					
Fixed pipe, variable bore, blind, and BSR preventers∞	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of ram preventer or wellhead system, whichever is lower	ЧТР					
Choke and kill line and BOP side outlet valves below ram preventers (both sides)	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of side outlet valve or wellhead system, whichever is lower	ITP					
Choke manifold—upstream of chokes*	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of ram preventers or wellhead system, whichever is lower	ITP					
Choke manifold—downstream of chokes*	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	RWP of valve(s), line(s), or M whichever is lower	ASP for the well program,					
Kelly, kelly valves, drill pipe safety valves, IBOPs	250 to 350 (1.72 to 2.41)	MASP for the well program						
No visible leaks. The pressure shall remain stable ⁶ Annular(s) and VBR(s) shall be pre ⁷ For pad drilling operations, moving pressure-controlling connections ⁸ For surface offshore operations, th	ssure tested on the largest and sm: from one wellhead to another within when the integray of a pressure set in BOPs shall be pressure test land operations, the ram BOPs sha	ressure shall not decrease below the allest OD drill pipe to be used in well in the 21 days, pressure testing is req al is broken. Ted with the ram locks engaged and ill be pressure tested with the ram lo	program. ured for pressure-containing an the closing and locking pressur					

The Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE), Department of Interior, has also utilized the API standards, specification and best practices in the development of its offshore oil and gas regulations and incorporates them by reference within its regulations.

Break testing has been approved by the BLM in the past with other operators based on the detailed information provided in this document.

Permian Resources feels break testing and our current procedures meet the intent of 43 CFR 3172 and often exceed it. There has been no evidence that break testing results in more components failing than seen on full BOP tests. Permian Resources internal standards require complete BOPE tests more often than that of 43 CFR 3172 (every 21 days). In addition to function testing the annular, pipe rams and blind rams after each BOP nipple up, Permian Resources performs a choke drill with the rig crew prior to drilling out every casing shoe. This is additional training for the rig crew that exceeds the requirements of 43 CFR 3172.

Procedures

1) Permian Resources will use this document for our break testing plan for New Mexico Delaware Basin. The summary below will be referenced in the APD or Sundry Notice and receive approval prior to implementing this variance.

2) Permian Resources will perform BOP break testing on multi-wells pads where multiple intermediate sections can be drilled and cased within the 21-day BOP test window.

a)A full BOP test will be conducted on the first well on the pad.

b)The first intermediate hole section drilled on the pad will be the deepest. All the remaining hole sections will be the same formation depth or shallower.

c) A full BOP test will be required if the intermediate hole section being drilled has a MASP over 5M.

d) A full BOP test will be required prior to drilling any production hole.

3) After performing a complete BOP test on the first well, the intermediate hole section will be drilled and cased, two breaks would be made on the BOP equipment.

a) Between the HCV valve and choke line connection

b)Between the BOP quick connect and the wellhead

4) The BOP is then lifted and removed from the wellhead by a hydraulic system.

5) After skidding to the next well, the BOP is moved to the wellhead by the same hydraulic system and installed.

6) The connections mentioned in 3a and 3b will then be reconnected.

7) Install test plug into the wellhead using test joint or drill pipe.

8) A shell test is performed against the upper pipe rams testing the two breaks.

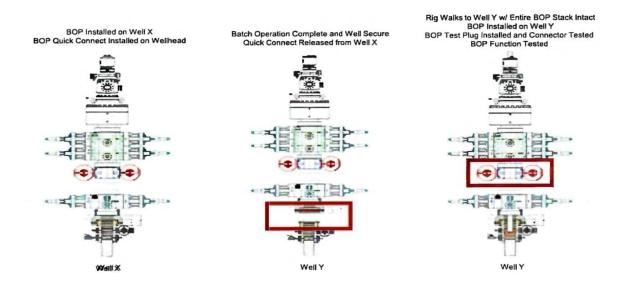
9) The shell test will consist of a 250 psi low test and a high test to the value submitted in the APD or Sundry (e.g. 5,000 psi or 10,000psi).

10) Function tests will be performed on the following components: lower pipe rams, blind rams, and annular.

11) For a multi-well pad the same two breaks on the BOP would be made and on the next wells and steps 4 through 10 would be repeated.

12) A second break test would only be done if the intermediate hole section being drilled could not be completed within the 21 day BOP test window.

Note: Picture below highlights BOP components that will be tested during batch operations



Summary

A variance is requested to ONLY test broken pressure seals on the BOP equipment when moving from wellhead to wellhead which is in compliance with API Standard 53. API Standard 53 states, that for pad drilling operations, moving from one wellhead to another within 21 days, pressure testing is required for pressure-containing and pressure-controlling connections when the integrity of a pressure seal is broken.

The BOP will be secured by a hydraulic carrier or cradle. The BLM will be contacted if a Well Control

event occurs prior to the commencement of a BOPE Break Testing operation.

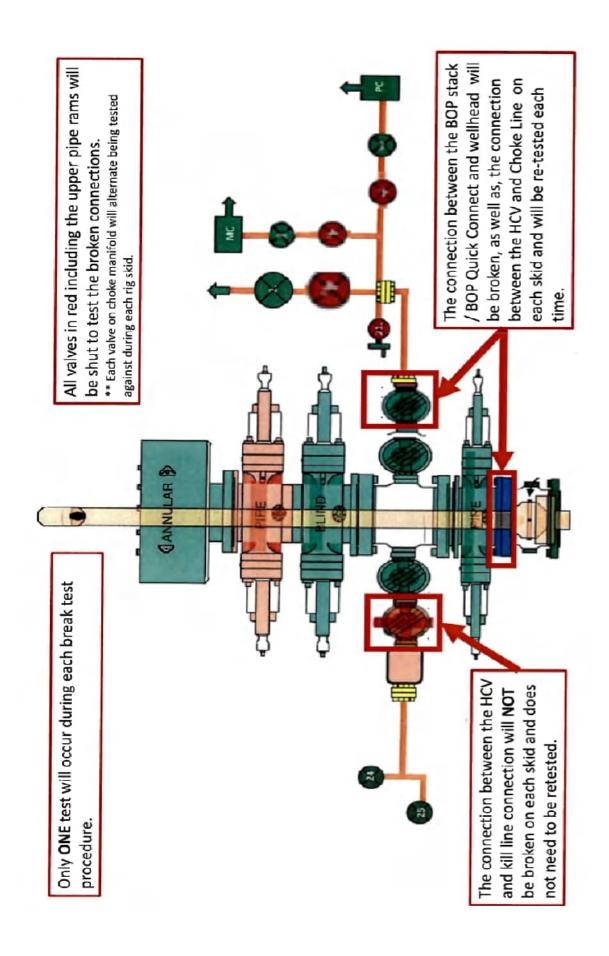
Based on public data and the supporting documentation submitted herein to the BLM, we will request permission to ONLY retest broken pressure seals if the following conditions are met:

1) After a full BOP test is conducted on the first well on the pad.

2) The first intermediate hole section drilled on the pad will be the deepest. All the remaining hole sections will be the same depth or shallower.

3) A full BOP test will be required if the intermediate hole section being drilled has a MASP over 5M.

4) A full BOP test will be required prior to drilling the production hole.



Permian Resources Multi-Well Pad Batch Drilling Procedure

<u>Surface Casing</u> - PR intends to Batch set all surface casing to a depth approved in the APD. Surface Holes will be batch drilled by a rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior to spudding the well, running and cementing casing and prior to skidding to the rig to the next well on pad.

- 1. Drill Surface hole to Approved Depth with Rig and perform wellbore cleanup cycles. Trip out and rack back drilling BHA.
- 2. Run and land planned surface casing see Illustration 1-1 Below to depth approved in APD.
- 3. Set packoff and test to 5k psi
- 4. Offline Cement
- 5. Install wellhead with pressure gauge and nightcap. Nightcap is shown on final wellhead Stack up Illustration #2-2.
- 6. Skid Rig to adjacent well to drill Surface hole.
- 7. Surface casing test will be performed by the rig in order to allow ample time for Cement to develop 500psi compressive strength. Casing test to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater not to exceed 70% casing burst.

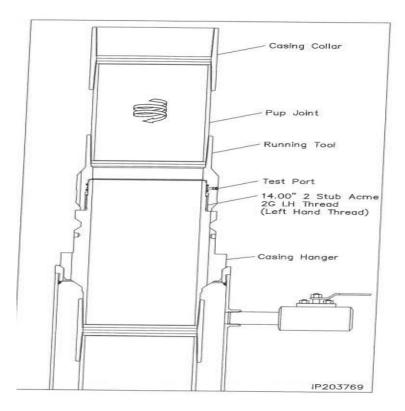


Illustration 1-1

Intermediate Casing – PR intends to Batch set all intermediate casing strings to a depth approved in the APD. Intermediate Holes will be batch drilled by the rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior to testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE.
- 2. Test Surface casing per COA WOC timing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst. Cement must have achieved 500psi compressive strength prior to test.
- 3. Install wear bushing then drill out surface casing shoe-track plus 20' and conduct FIT to minimum of the MW equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing point.
- 4. Drill Intermediate hole to approved casing point. Trip out of hole with BHA to run Casing.
- 5. Remove wear bushing then run and land Intermediate Casing with mandrel hanger in wellhead.
- 6. Cement casing to surface with floats holding.
- 7. Washout stack then run wash tool in wellhead and wash hanger and pack-off setting area.
- 8. Install pack-off and test void to 5,000 psi for 15 minutes. Nightcap shown on final wellhead stack up illustration 2-2 on page 3.
- 9. Test casing per COA WOC timing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst. Cement must have achieved 500psi compressive strength prior to test.
- 10. Install nightcap skid rig to adjacent well to drill Intermediate hole.

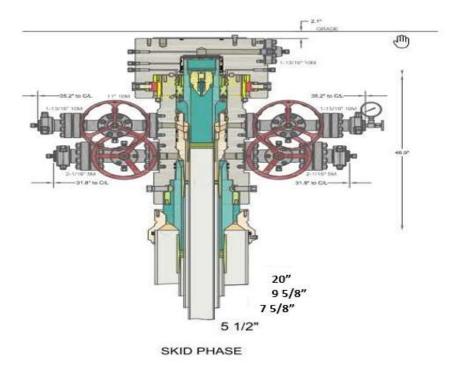
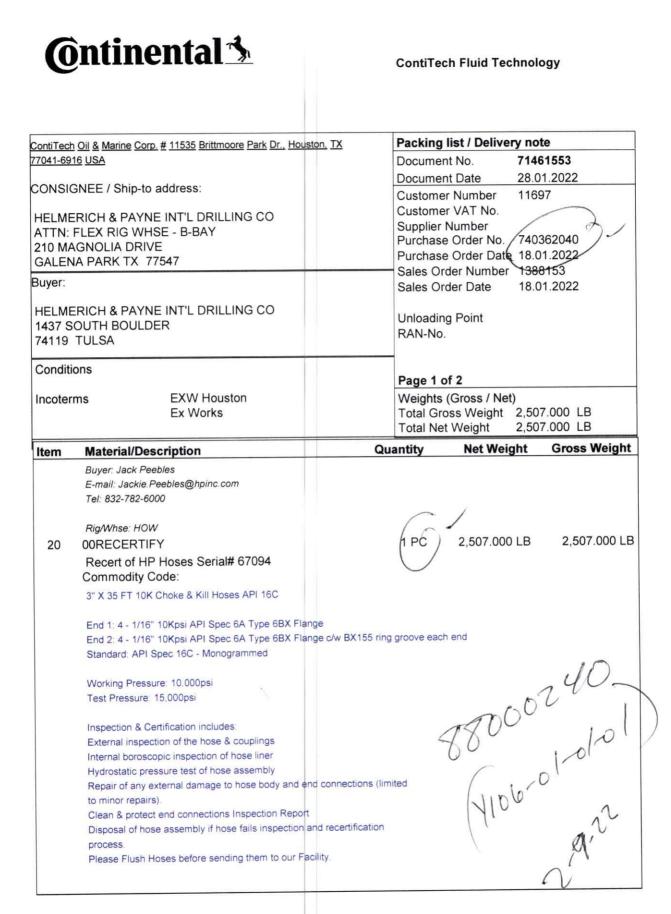


Illustration 2-2

<u>Production Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all Production casings with Rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Drilling Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE.
- 2. Install wear bushing then drill Intermediate shoe-track plus 20' and conduct FIT to minimum MW equivalent to control the formation pressure to TD of well.
- 3. Drill Vertical hole to KOP Trip out for Curve BHA.
- 4. Drill Curve, landing in production interval Trip for Lateral BHA.
- 5. Drill Lateral / Production hole to Permitted BHL, perform cleanup cycles and trip out to run Production Casing.
- 6. Remove wear bushing then run Production casing to TD landing casing mandrel in wellhead.
- 7. Cement Production string with floats holding.
- 8. Run in with wash tool and wash wellhead area install pack-off and test void to 5,000psi for 15 minutes.
- 9. Install BPV in Production mandrel hanger Nipple down BOPE and install nightcap.
- 10. Test nightcap void to 5,000 psi for 30 minutes per illustration 2-2
- 11. Skid rig to adjacent well on pad to drill production hole.



ContiTech Rubber Industrial Kft. H-6728 Szeged Budapesti út 10. P. O. Box 152 Szeged H-6701 Phone: (62)566-700, Fax (62)566-713 Tax Number: 11087209-2-06 EU Community VAT: HU11087209 Registration No. Cg. 0609-002502 Registry Court: Csongrád Megyei Cégbiróság

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COMMERZBANK ZRT. (HUF) H-1054 Budapest, Széchenyi rakpart 8. H-1245 Budapest P.O. Box 1070 Account No. 14220108-26830003 IBAN: HUB 1422 0108 2683 0003 0000 0000 SWIFT: COBA HU HXXXX COMMERZBANK AG Hannover (EUR) 30159 Hannover, Theaterstr. 11-12. Account No: 3 066 156 00 Sort Code: 250 400 66. BIC: COBADEFF250 IBAN: DE41250400660306615600

Hydrostatic Test Certificate

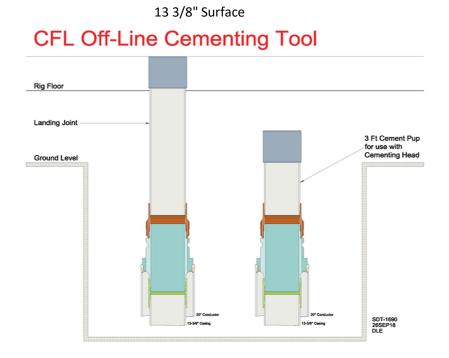
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Certificate Number H100122	COM Order Reference 1388153	Customer Name & Address HELMERICH & PAYNE DRILLING CO		
Customer Purchase Order No:	740362040	1434 SOUTH BOULDER AVE TULSA, OK 74119		
Project:		USA		
Test Center Address	Accepted by COM Inspection	Accepted by Client Inspection		
ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp. 11535 Brittmoore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041 USA	Signed: O2/09/22			

We certify that the goods detailed hereon have been inspected as described below by our Quality Management System, and to the best of our knowledge are found to conform the requirements of the above referenced purchase order as issued to ContiTech Oil & Marine Corporation.

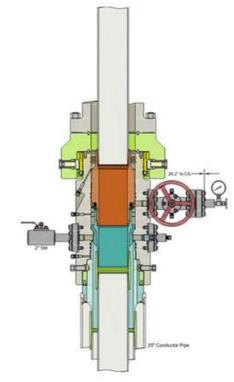
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20	RECERTIFICATION	3" IC	0 10K Choke and Kill Hose x 35ft OAL	1	67094	10,000	15,000	60
	Record In	formation		Pressure	e Chart			
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1	Gauge Int	formation	4000-	11		/	-	
	Model	ADT680			-/			
	SN	21817380014	2000		QC			
	Range	(0-40000)psi						
	Unit	psi	0-1					

Permian Resources Offline Cementing Procedure Surface & Intermediate Casing

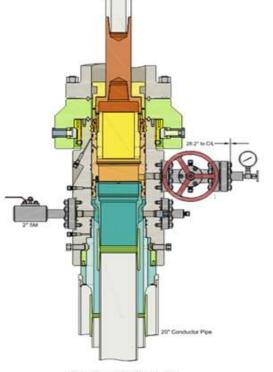
- 1. Drill hole to Total Depth with Rig and perform wellbore cleanup cycles.
- 2. Run and casing to Depth.
- 3. Land casing with mandrel.
- 4. Circulate 1.5 csg capacity.
- 5. Flow test Confirm well is static and floats are holding.
- 6. Set Annular packoff and pressure test. Test to 5k.
- 7. Nipple down BOP and install cap flange.
- 8. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 9. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
 - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
 - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
 - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
 - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
 - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 10. Install offline cement tool.
- 11. Rig up cementers.
- 12. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 13. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 14. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 15. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 16. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.



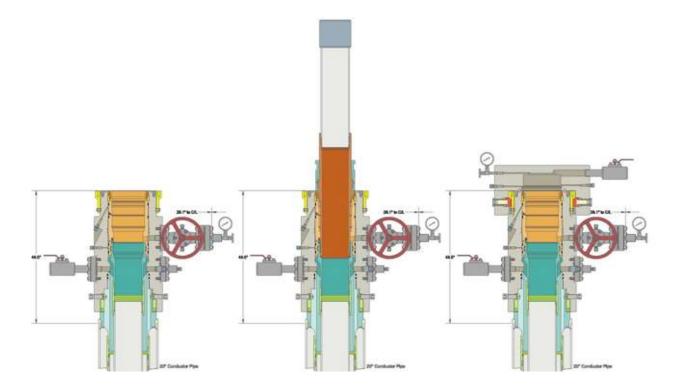
Intermediate

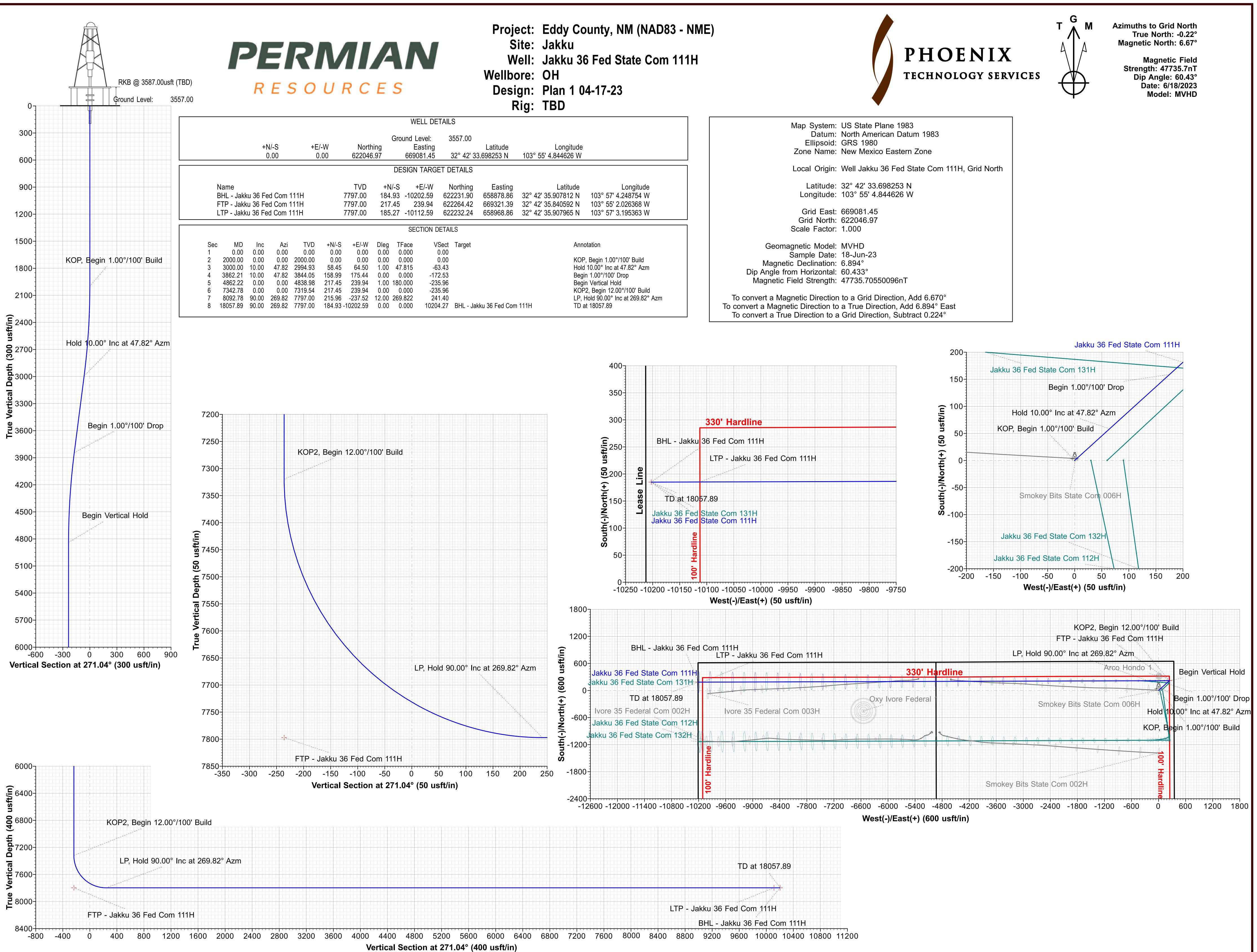


Run 7 5/8" Casing Land Casing on 7 5/8" Mandrel Hanger Cement 7 5/8" Casing Retrieve Running Tool



Run 9 5/8" Packoff Test Upper and Lower Seals Engage Lockring Retrieve Running Tool





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Permian Resources

Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME) Jakku Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H

OH

Plan: Plan 1 04-17-23

Standard Planning Report

17 April, 2023





Phoenix Technology Services

Planning Report



Database: Company:		AEDMDB rmian Resou	urces		Local Co TVD Ref	o-ordinate R erence:		Well Jakku 36 RKB @ 3587.0		om 111H
Project:	Ed	dy County, N	VM (NAD8	3 - NME)	MD Refe	erence:		RKB @ 3587.0		
Site:	Jał	ku			North Re	eference:		Grid		
Vell:	Jał	ku 36 Fed S	State Com	111H	Survey 0	Calculation I	Method:	Minimum Curv	ature	
Vellbore:	OH									
Design:	Pla	in 1 04-17-2	3							
Project	Edd	y County, N	M (NAD83	- NME)						
Map System:		tate Plane 1			System D	atum:	Μ	lean Sea Level		
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Map Zone:	New	Mexico East	tern Zone							
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Design	Plar	1 04-17-23 n	}							
Audit Notes:	:									
Version:				Phase:	PLAN	Tie	e On Depth:		0.00	
Vertical Sect	tion:			rom (TVD)	+N/-S		-/-W		ection	
			•	isft)	(usft)	(u	sft)		(°)	
			0							
				.00	0.00	0	.00	27	1.04	
Plan Survey	Tool Progr	am D	0 Date 4/17/2		0.00	0	.00	27	1.04	
Depth F	rom De	pth To)ate 4/17/2	2023				27	1.04	
Depth F (usft	rom De ;) (pth To usft) Su)ate 4/17/. Irvey (Well	2023 Ibore)	Tool Name		.00 Remarks	27	1.04	
Depth F (usft	rom De ;) (pth To)ate 4/17/. Irvey (Well	2023 Ibore)				27	1.04	
Depth F (usft	rom De ;) (pth To usft) Su)ate 4/17/. Irvey (Well	2023 Ibore)	Tool Name	М		27	1.04	
(usft 1	rom De ;) (0.00 18,	pth To usft) Su)ate 4/17/. Irvey (Well	2023 Ibore)	Tool Name MWD+HRG	М		27	1.04	
Depth F (usft 1 Plan Section	rom De ;) (0.00 18,	pth To usft) Su	Pate 4/17/ I rvey (Well an 1 04-17-	2023 I bore) 23 (OH)	Tool Name MWD+HRG	M D + HRGM	Remarks		1.04	
Depth F (usft 1	rom De ;) (0.00 18,	pth To usft) Su ,057.89 Pla	Date 4/17/ Inrvey (Well an 1 04-17- Vertic	2023 Ibore) 23 (OH) cal th +N/-S	Tool Name MWD+HRG	М	Remarks Build Rate	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	1.04 TFO (°)	Target
Depth F (usft 1 Plan Section Measured Depth (usft)	rom De) (0.00 18, s Inclination (°)	pth To usft) Su ,057.89 Pla 0 Azimuth (°)	Pate 4/17/ Irvey (Well an 1 04-17- Vertic n Dep (usf	2023 Ibore) 23 (OH) 23 (H) cal th +N/-S th (usft)	Tool Name MWD+HRG OWSG MWI +E/-W (usft)	M D + HRGM Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Remarks Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
Depth F (usft 1 Plan Section Measured Depth (usft) 0.00	rom De) (0.00 18, s Inclination (°) 0.00	pth To usft) Su ,057.89 Pla n Azimuth (°) 0 0.	Pate 4/17// Irvey (Well an 1 04-17- N Vertic Dep (usf	2023 Ibore) 23 (OH) 23 (H) cal th +N/-S it) (usft) 0.00 0.00	Tool Name MWD+HRG OWSG MWI +E/-W (usft) 0.00	M D + HRGM Dogleg Rate (°/100usft) 0.00	Remarks Build Rate (°/100usft) 0.00	Turn Rate (°/100usft) 0.00	TFO (°) 0.000	Target
Plan Section Measured Depth (usft) 0.00 2,000.00	rom De) (0.00 18, is Inclination (°) 0.00 0.00	pth To usft) Su .057.89 Pla n Azimuth (°) 0 0. 0 0.	Pate 4/17/2 arvey (Well an 1 04-17- Vertic Deprino (usf 00 00 2,000	2023 Ibore) 23 (OH) cal th +N/-S (usft) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	Tool Name MWD+HRG OWSG MWI +E/-W (usft) 0.00 0.00	M D + HRGM Dogleg Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00	Remarks Build Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00	Turn Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00	TFO (°) 0.000 0.000	Target
Plan Section Measured Depth (usft) 0.00 2,000.00 3,000.00	rom De (0.00 18, s Inclination (°) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	pth To usft) Su .057.89 Pla Azimuth (°) 0 0. 0 0. 0 47.	Pate 4/17/2 arvey (Well an 1 04-17- Vertic Deprine (usf 00 00 2,00 82 2,99	2023 Ibore) 23 (OH) 23 (OH) 23 (OH) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	Tool Name MWD+HRG OWSG MWI +E/-W (usft) 0.00 0.00 6 64.50	M D + HRGM Dogleg Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 1.00	Remarks Build Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 1.00	Turn Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 0.00	TFO (°) 0.000 0.000 47.815	Target
Depth F (usft 1 Plan Section Measured Depth (usft) 0.00 2,000.00 3,000.00 3,862.22	rom De) (0.00 18, s Inclination (°) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	pth To usft) Su .057.89 Pla n Azimuth (°) 0 0. 0 0. 0 47. 0 47.	Pate 4/17/2 Irvey (Well an 1 04-17- Vertic Dep (usf 00 00 2,00 82 2,99 82 3,84	2023 Ibore) 23 (OH) 23 (OH) 23 (OH) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	Tool Name MWD+HRG OWSG MWI +E/-W (usft) 0.00 0.00 64.50 175.44	M D + HRGM Dogleg Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00	Remarks Build Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00	Turn Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	TFO (°) 0.000 47.815 0.000	Target
Depth F (usft 1 Plan Section Measured Depth (usft) 0.00 2,000.00 3,000.00 3,862.22 4,862.22	rom De) (0.00 18, s Inclination (°) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	pth To usft) Su .057.89 Pla 0 Azimuth (°) 0 0. 0 0. 0 47. 0 47. 0 0.	Pate 4/17/2 Irvey (Well an 1 04-17- N Vertic Dep (usf 00 00 2,00 82 2,99 82 3,84 00 4,83	2023 (bore) 23 (OH) 23 (OH) 23 (OH) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	Tool Name MWD+HRG OWSG MWI +E/-W (usft) 0.00 0.00 64.50 175.44 239.94	M D + HRGM Dogleg Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00	Remarks	Turn Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	TFO (°) 0.000 47.815 0.000 180.000	Target
Depth F (usft 1 Plan Section Measured Depth (usft) 0.00 2,000.00 3,000.00 3,862.22	rom De () (0.00 18, () (pth To usft) Su .057.89 Pla 0 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 47. 0 47. 0 0. 0 0. 0 47. 0 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 0.	Pate 4/17/2 Invey (Well an 1 04-17- N Vertic Dep (usf 00 00 00 2,00 82 2,99 82 3,84 00 4,83 00 7,31	2023 Ibore) 23 (OH) 23 (OH) 23 (OH) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	Tool Name MWD+HRG OWSG MWI +E/-W (usft) 0.00 0.00 64.50 175.44 239.94 239.94	M D + HRGM Dogleg Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00	Remarks Build Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00	Turn Rate (°/100usft) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	TFO (°) 0.000 47.815 0.000	Target

4/17/2023 12:35:27PM



Phoenix Technology Services

Planning Report



Database:	USAEDMDB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H
Company:	Permian Resources	TVD Reference:	RKB @ 3587.00usft (TBD)
Project:	Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)	MD Reference:	RKB @ 3587.00usft (TBD)
Site:	Jakku	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OH	-	
Design:	Plan 1 04-17-23		

Planned Survey

I	easured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
	0.00 2,000.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 2,000.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
	(OP, Begir 2,100.00 2,200.00 2,300.00	n 1.00°/100' Bu 1.00 2.00 3.00	47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82	2,099.99 2,199.96 2,299.86	0.59 2.34 5.27	0.65 2.59 5.82	-0.64 -2.54 -5.72	1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
	2,400.00 2,500.00 2,600.00 2,700.00 2,800.00	4.00 5.00 6.00 7.00 8.00	47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82	2,399.68 2,499.37 2,598.90 2,698.26 2,797.40	9.37 14.64 21.08 28.68 37.44	10.34 16.16 23.26 31.65 41.32	-10.17 -15.89 -22.87 -31.12 -40.63	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	2,900.00 3,000.00	9.00 10.00	47.82 47.82	2,896.30 2,994.93	47.37 58.45	52.27 64.50	-51.40 -63.43	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	0.00 0.00
F	lold 10.00	° Inc at 47.82°	Azm							
	3,100.00 3,200.00 3,300.00	10.00 10.00 10.00	47.82 47.82 47.82	3,093.41 3,191.89 3,290.37	70.11 81.77 93.44	77.37 90.23 103.10	-76.08 -88.74 -101.39	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
	3,400.00 3,500.00 3,600.00 3,700.00 3,800.00	10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00	47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82	3,388.85 3,487.33 3,585.82 3,684.30 3,782.78	105.10 116.76 128.42 140.08 151.74	115.97 128.83 141.70 154.57 167.44	-114.04 -126.70 -139.35 -152.00 -164.66	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	3,862.22	10.00	47.82	3,844.05	158.99	175.44	-172.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
	,	°/100' Drop	11.02	0,0 14.00	100.00	170.44	112.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	3,900.00 4,000.00 4,100.00 4,200.00	9.62 8.62 7.62 6.62	47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82	3,881.28 3,980.01 4,079.01 4,178.24	163.32 173.96 183.45 191.78	180.21 191.96 202.43 211.61	-177.22 -188.77 -199.07 -208.10	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	-1.00 -1.00 -1.00 -1.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	4,300.00 4,400.00 4,500.00 4,600.00 4,700.00	5.62 4.62 3.62 2.62 1.62	47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82 47.82	4,277.66 4,377.26 4,477.00 4,576.85 4,676.78	198.94 204.93 209.76 213.42 215.91	219.52 226.13 231.46 235.49 238.24	-215.88 -222.38 -227.62 -231.59 -234.29	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	-1.00 -1.00 -1.00 -1.00 -1.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	4,800.00 4,862.22	0.62 0.00	47.82 0.00	4,776.76 4,838.98	217.22 217.45	239.69 239.94	-235.71 -235.96	1.00 1.00	-1.00 -1.00	0.00 0.00
E	Begin Vert									
	4,900.00 5,000.00 5,100.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	4,876.76 4,976.76 5,076.76	217.45 217.45 217.45	239.94 239.94 239.94	-235.96 -235.96 -235.96	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
	5,200.00 5,300.00 5,400.00 5,500.00 5,600.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	5,176.76 5,276.76 5,376.76 5,476.76 5,576.76	217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45	239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94	-235.96 -235.96 -235.96 -235.96 -235.96	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	5,700.00 5,800.00 5,900.00 6,000.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	5,676.76 5,776.76 5,876.76 5,976.76	217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45	239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94	-235.96 -235.96 -235.96 -235.96	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
	6,100.00 6,200.00 6,300.00 6,400.00 6,500.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	6,076.76 6,176.76 6,276.76 6,376.76 6,476.76	217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45	239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94	-235.96 -235.96 -235.96 -235.96 -235.96	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00



Phoenix Technology Services

Planning Report



Database:	USAEDMDB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H
Company:	Permian Resources	TVD Reference:	RKB @ 3587.00usft (TBD)
Project:	Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)	MD Reference:	RKB @ 3587.00usft (TBD)
Site:	Jakku	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OH	-	
Design:	Plan 1 04-17-23		

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
6,600.00	0.00	0.00	6,576.76	217.45	239.94	-235.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.00 6,800.00 6,900.00 7,000.00 7,100.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	6,676.76 6,776.76 6,876.76 6,976.76 7,076.76	217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45 217.45	239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94 239.94	-235.96 -235.96 -235.96 -235.96 -235.96	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
7,200.00 7,300.00 7,342.78	0.00 0.00 0.00 gin 12.00°/100'	0.00 0.00 0.00	7,176.76 7,276.76 7,319.54	217.45 217.45 217.45	239.94 239.94 239.94	-235.96 -235.96 -235.96	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
7,400.00	6.87	269.82	7,376.63	217.44	236.52	-232.54	12.00	12.00	0.00
7,500.00	18.87	269.82	7,473.94	217.37	214.29	-210.31	12.00	12.00	0.00
7,600.00 7,700.00 7,800.00 7,900.00 8,000.00	42.87 54.87 66.87	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,564.50 7,644.36 7,710.02 7,758.61 7,788.02	217.24 217.05 216.82 216.54 216.25	172.31 112.43 37.25 -49.94 -145.33	-168.35 -108.48 -33.31 53.86 149.22	12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00 12.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
8,092.78	90.00	269.82	7,797.00	215.96	-237.52	241.40	12.00	12.00	0.00
LP, Hold 9 8,100.00 8,200.00 8,300.00 8,400.00 8,500.00 8,600.00 8,700.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	9.82° Azm 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	215.94 215.63 215.32 215.00 214.69 214.38	-244.75 -344.74 -444.74 -544.74 -644.74 -644.74	248.62 348.60 448.57 548.55 648.53 748.51 848.48	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0
8,700.00 8,800.00 8,900.00 9,000.00		269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	214.07 213.76 213.45	-844.74 -944.74 -1,044.74 -1,144.74	948.48 948.46 1,048.44 1,148.42	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
9,000.00 9,100.00 9,200.00 9,300.00 9,400.00		269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	213.14 212.82 212.51 212.20 211.89	-1,144.74 -1,244.74 -1,344.74 -1,444.74 -1,544.74	1,148.42 1,248.39 1,348.37 1,448.35 1,548.33	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
9,500.00 9,600.00 9,700.00 9,800.00 9,900.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	211.58 211.27 210.96 210.64 210.33	-1,644.74 -1,744.74 -1,844.74 -1,944.74 -2,044.74	1,648.30 1,748.28 1,848.26 1,948.23 2,048.21	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
10,000.00 10,100.00 10,200.00 10,300.00 10,400.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	210.02 209.71 209.40 209.09 208.78	-2,144.74 -2,244.74 -2,344.73 -2,444.73 -2,544.73	2,148.19 2,248.17 2,348.14 2,448.12 2,548.10	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
10,500.00 10,600.00 10,700.00 10,800.00 10,900.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	208.46 208.15 207.84 207.53 207.22	-2,644.73 -2,744.73 -2,844.73 -2,944.73 -3,044.73	2,648.08 2,748.05 2,848.03 2,948.01 3,047.99	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
11,000.00 11,100.00 11,200.00 11,300.00 11,400.00	90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	206.91 206.60 206.28 205.97 205.66	-3,144.73 -3,244.73 -3,344.73 -3,444.73 -3,544.73	3,147.96 3,247.94 3,347.92 3,447.90 3,547.87	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

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Phoenix Technology Services

Planning Report



Database:	USAEDMDB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H
Company:	Permian Resources	TVD Reference:	RKB @ 3587.00usft (TBD)
Project:	Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)	MD Reference:	RKB @ 3587.00usft (TBD)
Site:	Jakku	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OH	-	
Design:	Plan 1 04-17-23		

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
11,500.00 11,600.00 11,700.00 11,800.00 11,800.00 11,900.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	205.35 205.04 204.73 204.42 204.11	-3,644.73 -3,744.73 -3,844.73 -3,944.73 -4,044.73	3,647.85 3,747.83 3,847.81 3,947.78 4,047.76	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
12,000.00 12,100.00 12,200.00 12,300.00 12,400.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	203.79 203.48 203.17 202.86 202.55	-4,144.73 -4,244.73 -4,344.73 -4,444.72 -4,544.72	4,147.74 4,247.72 4,347.69 4,447.67 4,547.65	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
12,500.00 12,600.00 12,700.00 12,800.00 12,900.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	202.24 201.93 201.61 201.30 200.99	-4,644.72 -4,744.72 -4,844.72 -4,944.72 -5,044.72	4,647.63 4,747.60 4,847.58 4,947.56 5,047.54	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
13,000.00 13,100.00 13,200.00 13,300.00 13,400.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	200.68 200.37 200.06 199.75 199.43	-5,144.72 -5,244.72 -5,344.72 -5,444.72 -5,544.72	5,147.51 5,247.49 5,347.47 5,447.45 5,547.42	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
13,500.00 13,600.00 13,700.00 13,800.00 13,900.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	199.12 198.81 198.50 198.19 197.88	-5,644.72 -5,744.72 -5,844.72 -5,944.72 -6,044.72	5,647.40 5,747.38 5,847.36 5,947.33 6,047.31	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
14,000.00 14,100.00 14,200.00 14,300.00 14,400.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	197.57 197.25 196.94 196.63 196.32	-6,144.72 -6,244.72 -6,344.72 -6,444.72 -6,544.71	6,147.29 6,247.27 6,347.24 6,447.22 6,547.20	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
14,500.00 14,600.00 14,700.00 14,800.00 14,900.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	196.01 195.70 195.39 195.07 194.76	-6,644.71 -6,744.71 -6,844.71 -6,944.71 -7,044.71	6,647.18 6,747.15 6,847.13 6,947.11 7,047.08	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
15,000.00 15,100.00 15,200.00 15,300.00 15,400.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	194.45 194.14 193.83 193.52 193.21	-7,144.71 -7,244.71 -7,344.71 -7,444.71 -7,544.71	7,147.06 7,247.04 7,347.02 7,446.99 7,546.97	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
15,500.00 15,600.00 15,700.00 15,800.00 15,900.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	192.90 192.58 192.27 191.96 191.65	-7,644.71 -7,744.71 -7,844.71 -7,944.71 -8,044.71	7,646.95 7,746.93 7,846.90 7,946.88 8,046.86	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
16,000.00 16,100.00 16,200.00 16,300.00 16,400.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	191.34 191.03 190.72 190.40 190.09	-8,144.71 -8,244.71 -8,344.71 -8,444.71 -8,544.70	8,146.84 8,246.81 8,346.79 8,446.77 8,546.75	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
16,500.00 16,600.00 16,700.00 16,800.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	189.78 189.47 189.16 188.85	-8,644.70 -8,644.70 -8,744.70 -8,844.70 -8,944.70	8,546.73 8,646.72 8,746.70 8,846.68 8,946.66	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

4/17/2023 12:35:27PM



Phoenix Technology Services

Planning Report



Database:	USAEDMDB	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H
Company:	Permian Resources	TVD Reference:	RKB @ 3587.00usft (TBD)
Project:	Eddy County, NM (NAD83 - NME)	MD Reference:	RKB @ 3587.00usft (TBD)
Site:	Jakku	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	ОН	-	
Design:	Plan 1 04-17-23		

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
16,900.00	90.00	269.82	7,797.00	188.54	-9,044.70	9,046.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.00 17,100.00 17,200.00 17,300.00 17,400.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	188.22 187.91 187.60 187.29 186.98	-9,144.70 -9,244.70 -9,344.70 -9,444.70 -9,544.70	9,146.61 9,246.59 9,346.57 9,446.54 9,546.52	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
17,500.00 17,600.00 17,700.00 17,800.00 17,900.00	90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00 7,797.00	186.67 186.36 186.04 185.73 185.42	-9,644.70 -9,744.70 -9,844.70 -9,944.70 -10,044.70	9,646.50 9,746.48 9,846.45 9,946.43 10,046.41	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
18,000.00 18,057.89 TD at 18057	90.00 90.00	269.82 269.82	7,797.00 7,797.00	185.11 184.93	-10,144.70 -10,202.59	10,146.39 10,204.27	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00

Design Targets

Target Name

- hit/miss target Di - Shape	ip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
LTP - Jakku 36 Fed C - plan misses target o - Point	0.00 center by		7,797.00 17967.89u		-10,112.59 7.00 TVD, 18	622,232.24 5.21 N, -10112.5		2° 42' 35.907965 N	103° 57' 3.195363 W
BHL - Jakku 36 Fed C - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 ter	0.00	7,797.00	184.93	-10,202.59	622,231.90	658,878.863	2° 42' 35.907812 N	103° 57' 4.248754 W
FTP - Jakku 36 Fed C	0.00	0.00	7,797.00	217.45	239.94	622,264.42	669,321.393	2° 42' 35.840592 N	103° 55' 2.026368 W

- plan misses target center by 198.41usft at 7704.38usft MD (7647.55 TVD, 217.04 N, 109.43 E) - Point

Plan Annotations

Measured	Vertical	Local Coordinates		Vertical Local Coordinates		
Depth (usft)	Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Comment		
2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	KOP, Begin 1.00°/100' Build		
3,000.00	2,994.93	58.45	64.50	Hold 10.00° Inc at 47.82° Azm		
3,862.22	3,844.05	158.99	175.44	Begin 1.00°/100' Drop		
4,862.22	4,838.98	217.45	239.94	Begin Vertical Hold		
7,342.78	7,319.54	217.45	239.94	KOP2, Begin 12.00°/100' Build		
8.092.78	7,797.00	215.96	-237.52	LP, Hold 90.00° Inc at 269.82° Azm		
18,057.89	7,797.00	184.93	-10,202.59	TD at 18057.89		

Jakku 36 FED COM 111H

APD - Geology COAs (Potash or WIPP)

- For at least one well per pad (deepest well within initial development preferred) the record of the drilling rate (ROP) along with the Gamma Ray (GR) and Neutron (CNL) well logs run from TVD to surface in the vertical section of the hole shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the full borehole 30 days from completion. Any other logs run on the wellbore, excluding cement remediation, should also be sent. Only digital copies of the logs in .TIF or .LAS formats are necessary; paper logs are no longer required. Logs shall be emailed to blm-cfo-geology@doimspp.onmicrosoft.com. Well completion report should have .pdf copies of any CBLs or Temp Logs run on the wellbore.
- Exceptions: In areas where there is extensive log coverage (in particular the salt zone adjacent to a pad), Operators are encouraged to contact BLM Geologists to discuss if additional GR and N logs are necessary on a pad. Operator may request a waiver of the GR and N log requirement due to good well control or other reasons to be approved by BLM Geologist prior to well completion. A waiver approved by BLM must be attached to completion well report to satisfy COAs.
- The top of the Rustler, top and bottom of the Salt, and the top of the Capitan Reef (if present) are to be recorded on the Completion Report.
- H2S has been reported within one mile of the proposed project. Measurements up to 350 ppm were recorded.

Drilling COAs within Known Potash Leasing Area:

Any oil and gas well operator within the KPLA must notify both potash operators as soon as possible if any of the following conditions are encountered during oil and gas operations: (1) Indication of any well collision event, (2) Suspected well fluid flow (oil, gas, or produced water) outside of casing, (3) Sustained annulus pressure between the 1st intermediate and next innermost casing string in excess of 500 psi above the baseline pressure of the well, or above 1500 psi total, (4) Increasing pressure buildup rates (psi/day) across multiple successive bleed-off cycles on the annulus between the 1st intermediate and next innermost casing during well production, or (5) Sustained losses in excess of 50% through the salt interval during drilling.

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:Centennial Resource Production LLCWELL NAME & NO.:Jakku 36 Fed Com 111HLOCATION:Sec 36-18S-30E-NMPCOUNTY:Eddy County, New Mexico

COA

H ₂ S	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$	No	0	Yes
Potash / WIPP	C None	Secretary	C R-111-Q	Open Annulus WIPP
Cave / Karst	C Low	Medium	🖸 High	Critical
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	O Both	O Diverter
Cementing	Primary Squeeze	🗖 Cont. Squeeze	EchoMeter	DV Tool
Special Req	🗖 Capitan Reef	Water Disposal	COM	🗖 Unit
Waste Prev.	C Self-Certification	C Waste Min. Plan	• APD Submitted p	rior to 06/10/2024
Additional Language	Flex HoseFour-String	Casing ClearanceOffline Cementing	Pilot HoleFluid-Filled	Break Testing

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet 43 CFR 3176 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **690** feet (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface. *Set depth adjusted per BLM geologist.*
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of <u>8 hours</u> or <u>500 pounds compressive strength</u>, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)

Page 1 of 7

- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet minimum collapse requirements.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing (*set at 3740' per BLM geologist*) is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, or potash.
 - In <u>Medium Cave/Karst Areas</u> if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least **500 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, or potash.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000** (**5M**) psi.
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
 - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172 must be followed.

D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)

Communitization Agreement

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Santa Fe Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- The operator will submit an as-drilled survey well plat of the well completion, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3171 and 3172.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. <u>When the</u> <u>Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.</u>

BOPE Break Testing Variance

- BOPE Break Testing is ONLY permitted for intervals utilizing a 5M BOPE or less. (Annular preventer must be tested to a minimum of 70% of BOPE working pressure and shall be higher than the MASP.)
- BOPE Break Testing is NOT permitted to drilling the production hole section.
- Variance only pertains to the intermediate hole-sections and no deeper than the Bone Springs formation.
- While in transfer between wells, the BOPE shall be secured by the hydraulic carrier or cradle.
- Any well control event while drilling require notification to the BLM Petroleum Engineer (575-706-2779) prior to the commencement of any BOPE Break Testing operations.
- A full BOPE test is required prior to drilling the first deep intermediate hole section. If any subsequent hole interval is deeper than the first, a full BOPE test will be required. (200' TVD tolerance between intermediate shoes is allowable).
- The BLM is to be contacted (575-361-2822 Eddy County) 4 hours prior to BOPE tests.
- As a minimum, a full BOPE test shall be performed at 21-day intervals.
- In the event any repairs or replacement of the BOPE is required, the BOPE shall test as per **43 CFR 3172**.
- If in the event break testing is not utilized, then a full BOPE test would be conducted.

Offline Cementing

Contact the BLM prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure.

Approval Date: 03/03/2025

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Contact Eddy County Petroleum Engineering Inspection Staff:

Email or call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220; BLM_NM_CFO_DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV; (575) 361-2822

- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - i. Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - ii. Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - iii. BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR 3172** as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. For intervals in which cement to surface is required, cement to surface should be verified with a visual check and density or pH check to differentiate cement from spacer and drilling mud. The results should be documented in the driller's log and daily reports.

A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Page 4 of 7

- Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends of both lead and tail cement, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-Q potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in **43 CFR 3172**.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's

requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.

- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - i. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - ii. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - iii. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - iv. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.
 - v. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - ii. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve

Approval Date: 03/03/2025

open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)

- iii. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to 43 CFR 3172 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- iv. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- v. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- vi. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- vii. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- viii. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per 43 CFR 3172.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area. Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.



H₂S CONTINGENCY PLAN

FOR

Permian Resources Corporation Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H, 131H, 132H Eddy County, New Mexico

03-27-2023 This plan is subject to updating Received by OCD: 6/18/2025 3:27:49 PM

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

Table of Contents

Contin	n 1.0 – Introduction
۱. ۱۱.	Purpose Scope & Applicability
	n 2.0 - Plan Implementation
	Activation Requirements
ı. II.	
	Emergency Evacuation
. Contin	Emergency Response Activities n 3.0 - Potential Hazardous Conditions4
	n 4.0 - Notification of H2S Release Event6 Local & State Law Enforcement
۱. ۱۱.	General Public
н. Ш.	New Mexico Oil Conservation Division
III. IV.	
V.	New Mexico Environment Department
	Bureau of Land Management n 5.0 - Emergency Contact List7
	Permian Resources Management Personnel
ı. II.	-
	Eddy County Sheriff
III. IV.	New Mexico State Highway Patrol Fire / EMS
V.	Carlsbad Medical Center
v. VI.	
VI. VII.	Emergency Response Contractors New Mexico Oil Conservation Division
VIII. IX.	New Mexico Environment Department
	Bureau of Land Management
X.	Other Agencies n 6.0 – Drilling Location Information9-12
	n 6.0 – Drilling Location Information9-12 Site Safety Information
ı. II.	Directions to Location
III.	Plat of Location including GPS Coordinates
III. IV.	Routes of Ingress & Egress (MAP)
V.	ROE Map
v. VI.	Residences in ROE
VI. VII.	Public Roads in ROE
	n 7.0 – Hazard Communication
	Physical Characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide Gas
ı. II.	Human Health Hazards / Toxicological Information
II. III.	Environmental Hazards
	n 8.0 - Regulatory Information15-17
	OSHA Information
ı. II.	
	New Mexico Oil Conservation Division & Bureau of Land Management n 9.0 - Training Requirements17
	n 9.0 - Training Requirements
Appen	
Appen	Appendix A – H_2S SDS
I.	

I. Appendix $A = H_2 S S S S$ II. Appendix $B = SO_2 S S S$

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Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

Section 1.0 – Introduction

I. Purpose

The purpose of this contingency plan (Plan) is to provide Permian Resources Corporation. (Permian Resources) with an organized plan of action for alerting and protecting Permian Resources employees, the general public, and any potential first responders prior to any intentional release or immediately following the accidental / unintentional release of a potentially hazardous volume / concentration of Hydrogen Sulfide Gas (H2S).

II. Scope & Applicability

This Plan applies to all planned, unplanned, uncontrolled and/or unauthorized releases of hazardous concentrations of H₂S or any associated hazardous byproducts of combustion, occurring at any Permian Resources owned or operated facilities including but not limited to: wells, flowlines, pipelines, tank batteries, production facilities, SWD facilities, compressor stations, gas processing plants, drilling / completions / workover operations, and any other applicable company owned property.

Section 2.0 - Plan Implementation

I. Activation Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of Bureau of Land Management Onshore Order #6 and NMAC 19.15.11, this Plan shall be activated in advance of any authorized, planned, unplanned, uncontrolled, or unauthorized release of a hazardous volume / concentration of H₂S gas, or SO², which could potentially adversely impact the workers, general public or the environment.

II. Emergency Evacuation

In the event of an unplanned, uncontrolled, or unauthorized release of a hazardous volume / concentration of H_2S gas, the first priority is to ensure the safety of the workers and general public. Upon discovery and subsequent determination of an applicable release, which cannot be quickly mitigated, immediately by using 911, notify local authorities to begin the process of alerting the general public, evacuate any residents within the Radius of Exposure (ROE), and limit any general public or employee access to any areas within the ROE of the affected facility.

III. Emergency Response Activities

The purpose of emergency response actions is to take steps to quickly mitigate / stop the ongoing release of the hazardous source of H_2S . Upon discovery of any hazardous release, immediately notify Permian Resources management to activate the Emergency Response Team (ERT). Once Permian Resources supervision arrives and assesses the situation, a work plan identifying the proper procedures shall be developed to stop the release.

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

Section 3.0 - Potential Hazardous Conditions & Response Actions

During a planned or unplanned release of H₂S, there are several hazardous conditions that are presented both to employees, the general public, and emergency responders. These specific hazardous conditions are identified in the tables below.

✓ **H2S OPERATING CONDITIONS – RESPONSE ACTIONS TO CONSIDER** H₂S CONDITION 1: POTENTIAL DANGER TO LIFE AND HEALTH -> WARNING SIGN **GREEN** H₂S concentration <10 ppm detected by location monitors **General Actions During Condition 1** Notify Site Supervisor / Permian Resources Person-in-Charge (PIC) of any observed increase in ambient H₂S concentrations All personnel check safety equipment is in adequate working order & store in accessible location Sensitize crews with safety meetings. Limit visitors and non-essential personnel on location Continuously monitor H₂S concentrations and check calibration of sensors Ensure H₂S scavenger is on location. H₂S CONDITION 2: MODERATE DANGER TO LIFE AND HEALTH → WARNING SIGN YELLOW H_2S concentration >10 ppm and < 30 ppm in atmosphere detected by location monitors: **General Actions During Condition 2** Sound H₂S alarm and/or display yellow flag. Account for on-site personnel Upon sounding of an area or personal H₂S monitor alarm when 10 ppm is reached, proceed to a safe briefing area upwind of the location immediately (see MA-4, Figure 5-1). Don proper respiratory protection. Alert other affected personnel If trained and safe to do so undertake measures to control source H2S discharge and eliminate possible ignition sources. Initiate Emergency Shutdown procedures as deemed necessary to correct or control the specific situation. Account for on-site personnel at safe briefing area. Stay in safe briefing area if not working to correct the situation. Keep Site Supervisor / Permian Resources PIC informed. Notify applicable government agencies (Appendix A) If off-site impact; notify any neighbors within Radius of Exposure (ROE), Fig 5.11 Continuously monitor H₂S until readings below 10 ppm. Evacuated area shall not be re-entered except by trained and authorized personnel utilizing appropriate respiratory protection; or until "all clear" sounded by Permian Resources PIC / Site Supervisor.

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

H₂S CONDITION 3: EXTREME DANGER TO LIFE AND HEALTH → WARNING SIGN RED	
$> 30 \text{ ppm H}_2\text{S}$ concentration in air detected by location monitors: Extreme danger to life	
General Actions During Condition 3	
Sound H ₂ S alarm and/or display red flag.	
Account for on-site personnel	
Move away from H_2S source and get out of the affected area.	
Proceed to designated safe briefing area; alert other affected personnel.	
Account for personnel at safe briefing area.	
If trained and safe to do so undertake measures to control source H2S discharge and eliminate possible ignition sources. Initiate Emergency Shutdown procedures as deemed necessary to correct or control the specific situation.	
Notify vehicles or situation and divert all traffic away from location.	
Permian Resources Peron-in-Charge will make appropriate community notifications.	
Red warning flag must be on display until the situation has been corrected and the Permian Resources Person-in-Charge determines it is safe to resume operations under Condition 1 .	
Notify management of the condition and action taken. If H ₂ S concentration is increasing and steps to correct the situation are not successful – or at any time if well control is questionable – alert all responsible parties for possible activation of the H ₂ S Contingency Plan. If well control at the surface is lost, determine if situation warrants igniting the well.	
If uncontrolled flow at the surface occurs, the Permian Resources PIC, with approval, if possible, from those coordinating the emergency (as specified in the site-specific H_2S Contingency Plan) are responsible for determining if the situation warrants igniting the flow of the uncontrolled well. This decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is obvious that human life is in danger and there is no hope of controlling the flow under prevailing conditions.	
If the flow is ignited, burning H ₂ S will be converted to sulphur dioxide (SO ₂), which is also highly toxic. Do not assume that area is safe after the flow is ignited. If the well is ignited, evacuation of the area is mandatory, because SO ₂ will remain in low-lying places under no-wind conditions.	
 Keep Site Supervisor / Permian Resources PIC informed. Notify applicable government agencies and local law enforcement (Appendix A) If off-site impact; notify any neighbours within the Radius of Exposure (ROE), see example in Figure 5-11. 	
Continuously monitor H ₂ S until readings fall below 10 ppm.	

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Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

Evacuated area shall not be re-entered except by trained and authorized personnel utilizing appropriate respiratory protection; or until "all clear" sounded by Permian Resources PIC / Site Supervisor.	
IF ABOVE ACTIONS CANNOT BE ACCOMPLISHED IN TIME TO PREVENT EXPOSURE TO THE PUBLIC	
Alert public (directly or through appropriate government agencies) who may be subject to potentially harmful exposure levels.	
Make recommendations to public officials regarding blocking unauthorized access to the unsafe area and assist as appropriate.	
Make recommendations to public officials regarding evacuating the public and assist as appropriate.	
Monitor ambient air in the area of exposure (after following abatement measures) to determine when it is safe for re-entry.	

Section 4.0 - Notification of H₂S Release Event

I. Local & State Law Enforcement

Prior to the planned / controlled release of a hazardous concentration of H_2S gas or any associated byproducts of the combustion of H_2S gas, notify local law enforcement agencies regarding the contents of this plan.

In the event of the discovery of an unplanned/uncontrolled release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of combustion, immediately notify local and/or state law enforcement agencies of the situation and ask for their assistance.

II. General Public

In the event of a planned or unplanned release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of combustion, notify local law enforcement agencies and ask for their assistance in alerting the general public and limiting access to any public roads that may be impacted by such a release.

III. New Mexico Oil Conservation Division

The Permian Resources HSE Department will make any applicable notification to the New Mexico OCD regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S Gas or any associated byproducts of combustion.

IV. New Mexico Environment Department

The Permian Resources HSE Department will make any applicable notifications to the NMED regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of combustion.

V. Bureau of Land Management

The Permian Resources Regulatory Department will make any applicable notifications to the BLM regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico	
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,		
	131H, 132H		

combustion.

Section 5.0 - Emergency Contact List

EMERGENCY CONTACT LIST					
PERMIAN RESOURCES CORPORATION.					
POSITION	NAME	OFFICE	CELL	ALT PHONE	
	Oper	ations			
Operations Superintendent	Rick Lawson		432.530.3188		
TX Operations Superintendent	Josh Graham	432.940.3191	432.940.3191		
NM Operations Superintendent	Manual Mata	432.664.0278	575.408.0216		
Drilling Manager	Jason Fitzgerald	432.315.0146	318.347.3916		
Drilling Engineer	Ronny Hise	432.315.0144	432.770.4786		
Production Manager	Levi Harris	432.219.8568	720.261.4633		
SVP Development Ops	Clayton Smith	720.499.1416	361.215.2494		
SVP Production Ops	Casey McCain	432.695.4239	432.664.6140		
	HSE & R	egulatory			
H&S Manager	Adam Hicks	720.499.2377	903.426.4556		
Regulatory Manager	Sarah Ferreyros	720.499.1454	720.854.9020		
Environmental Manager	Montgomery Floyd	432-315-0123	432-425-8321		
Environmental Representative					
HSE Consultant	Blake Wisdom		918-323-2343		
I	ocal, State, & I	Federal Agen	cies		
Eddy County Sheriff		575-887-7551		911	
New Mexico State Highway Patrol		505-757-2297		911	
Eunice Fire / EMS		575-628-5450		911	
Carlsbad Medical Center		575-887-4100			
Secorp – Safety Contractor	Ricky Stephens		(325)-262-0707		
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division – District 1 Office – Hobbs, NM.		575-393-6161			
New Mexico Environment Department – District III Office – Hobbs, NM		575-397-6910			
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division – Hobbs, NM	24 Hour Emergency	575-393-6161			
Bureau of Land Management – Carlsbad, NM		575-234-5972			
U.S. Fish & Wildlife		502-248-6911			

Section 6.0 – Drilling Location Information

- I. Site Safety Information
 - 1. Safe Briefing Area

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	
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- a. There shall be two areas that will be designated as "SAFE BRIEFING AREAs". If H₂S is detected in concentrations equal to or in excess of 10 ppm all personnel not assigned emergency duties are to assemble in the designated Safe Briefing area for instructions. These two areas shall be positioned in accessible locations to facilitate the availability of self-contained breathing air devices. The briefing areas shall be positioned no less than 250' from the wellhead and in such locations that at least one briefing area will be upwind from the well at all times.
- 2. <u>Wind Indicators</u>
 - a. 4 Windsocks will be installed at strategic points on the facility.
- 3. Danger Signs
 - a. A warning sign indicating the possible well conditions will be displayed at the location entrance.

DANGER POISONOUS GAS HYDROGEN SULFIDE DO NOT APPROACH IF AMBER LIGHTS ARE FLASHING

- 4. <u>H₂S Detectors and Alarms</u>
 - a. Continuous monitoring type H_2S detectors, capable of sensing a minimum of 5ppm H_2S in air will be located centrally located at the tanks, heater treater, and combustor. Continuous monitoring type SO_2 detector will also be located at the combustor. The automatic H_2S alarm/flashing light will be located at the site entrance and in front of tank battery.
- 5. Safety Trailer
 - a. A safety trailer equipped with an emergency cascade breathing air system with 2 ea. Work/escape packs, a stretcher, 2 OSHA approved full body harnesses, and a 20# Class ABC fire extinguisher shall be available at the site in close proximity to the safe briefing area. The cascade system shall be able to be deployed to the drill floor when needed to provide safe breathing air to the workers as needed.
- 6. Well Control Equipment
 - a. The location shall have a flare line to a remote automatic ignitor and back up flare gun, placed 150' from the wellhead.
 - b. The location shall be equipped with a remotely operated choke system and a mud gas separator.
- 7. Mud Program
 - a. Company shall have a mud program that contains sufficient weight and additives to control $H_2S.$
- 8. <u>Metallurgy</u>
 - a. All drill strings, casing, tubing, wellhead, BOP, spools, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for anticipated H₂S volume and pressure.
- 9. Communication
 - a. The location shall be equipped with a means of effective communication such as a cell phones, intercoms, satellite phones or landlines.

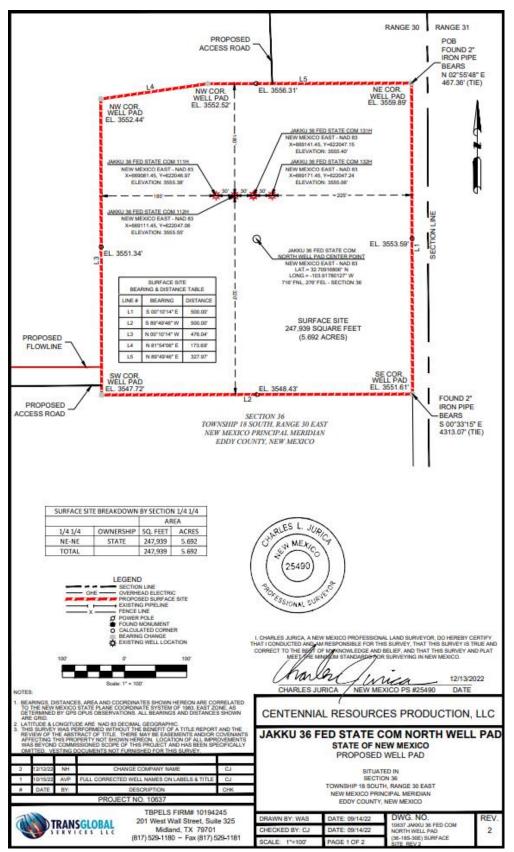
Permian Resources Corporat	ion	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
		Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
		131H, 132H	

II. Directions to Location

DIRECTIONS TO LOCATION FROM INTERSECTION OF NM 360 AND CR-251 GO NORTH ON CR-251 FOR 1.84 MILES, TURN RIGHT ON CR-250 AND GO EAST 4.2 MILES, TO THE NORTHEAST PAD CORNER FOR THIS LOCATION.

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Plat of Location



Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

1. Routes of Ingress & Egress (MAP)

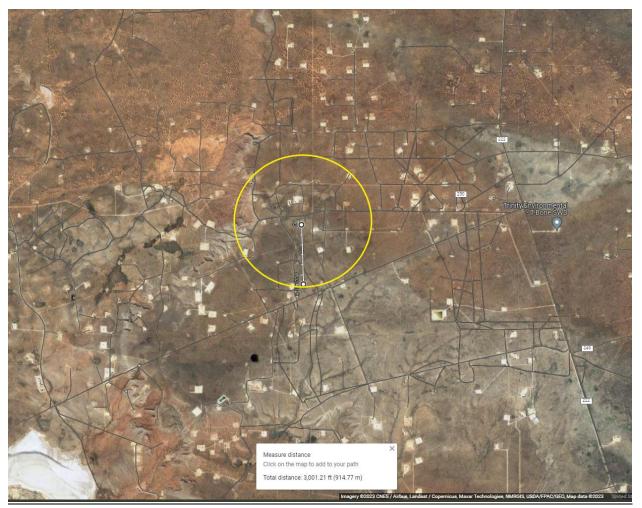


2. Residences in proximity to the 3000' Radius of Exposure (ROE) (MAP)

There are no residences or public gathering places with the 3000' ROE, 100 PPM, 300 PPM, or 500 PPM ROE.

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

Map of 3000' ROE Perimeter



100 PPM, 300 PPM, & 500 PPM Max ROE under worst case scenario

Enter H₂S in PPM	1500	
Enter Gas flow in mcf/day (maximum worst case conditions)	2500	
500 ppm radius of exposure (public road)	<u>105</u>	feet
300 ppm radius of exposure	<u>146</u>	feet
100 ppm radius of exposure (public area)	<u>230</u>	feet

Location GPS Coordinates *Lat: 32.70936064, Long: -103.91801238*

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

3. Public Roads in proximity of the Radius of Exposure (ROE)

There are no public roads that would be within the 500 PPM ROE. The closest public road is New Mexico County Road 250, which is 500' from the location.

Section 7.0 – Hazard Communication

I. Physical Characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide Gas

Hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) is a colorless, poisonous gas that is soluble in water. It can be present in crude oils, condensates, natural gas and wastewater streams.

 H_2S is heavier than air with a vapor density of 1.189 (air = 1.0); however, H_2S is most often mixed with other gases. These mixtures of H_2S and other gases can be heavier or lighter than air. If the H_2S -containing mixture is heavier, it can collect in low areas such as ditches, ravines, firewalls, and pits; in storage tanks; and in areas of poor ventilation. Please see physical properties in **Table 7.0**.

With H₂S the sense of smell is rapidly lost allowing lethal concentrations to be accumulated without warning. The toxicity of hydrogen sulfide at varying concentrations is indicated in the **Table 7.1**.

Warning: Do not use the mouth-to-mouth method if a victim ingested or inhaled hydrogen sulfide. Give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Table 7.0.	Physical F	Properties	of H₂S

Properties of H2S	Description
Vapor Density > 1 = 1.189 Air = 1	 H2S gas is slightly heavier than air, which can cause it to settle in low places and build in concentration. Produced as a mixture with other gases associated with oil and gas production.
Flammable Range 4.3%-46% 43000 ppm – 460000 ppm	 H2S can be extremely flammable / explosive when these concentrations are reached by volume in air.

Although H₂S is primarily a respiratory hazard, it is also flammable and forms an explosive mixture at concentrations of 4.3%–46.0% (40,000ppm – 460,000 ppm) by volume in air.

H₂S can be encountered when:

- Venting and draining equipment.
- Opening equipment (separators, pumps, and tanks).
- Opening piping connections ("line breaking").
- Gauging and sampling storage tanks.
- Entering confined spaces.
- Working around wastewater pits, skimmers, and treatment facilities.
- II. Human Health Hazards Toxicological Information

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

Table 7.1. Hazards & Toxicity

Concentration	Symptoms/Effects
	Symptoms/Enects
(ppm)	
0.00011-0.00033 ppm	Typical background concentrations
0.01-1.5 ppm	Odor threshold (when rotten egg smell is first noticeable to some). Odor becomes
	more offensive at 3-5 ppm. Above 30 ppm, odor described as sweet or sickeningly
	sweet.
2-5 ppm	Prolonged exposure may cause nausea, tearing of the eyes, headaches or loss of
2-3 ppm	
	sleep. Airway problems (bronchial constriction) in some asthma patients.
20 ppm	Possible fatigue, loss of appetite, headache, irritability, poor memory, dizziness.
50-100 ppm	Slight conjunctivitis ("gas eye") and respiratory tract irritation after 1 hour. May
pp	cause digestive upset and loss of appetite.
100 ppm	Coughing, eye irritation, loss of smell after 2-15 minutes (olfactory fatigue). Altered
	breathing, drowsiness after 15-30 minutes. Throat irritation after 1 hour. Gradual
	increase in severity of symptoms over several hours. Death may occur after 48 hours.
100-150 ppm	Loss of smell (olfactory fatigue or paralysis).
200-300 ppm	Marked conjunctivitis and respiratory tract irritation after 1 hour. Pulmonary edema
	may occur from prolonged exposure.
500-700 ppm	Staggering, collapse in 5 minutes. Serious damage to the eyes in 30 minutes. Death
	after 30-60 minutes.
700-1000 ppm	Rapid unconsciousness, "knockdown" or immediate collapse within 1 to 2 breaths,
	breathing stops, death within minutes.
1000-2000 ppm	Nearly instant death

III. Environmental Hazards

 H_2S and its associated byproducts from combustion presents a serious environmental hazard. Sulphur Dioxide SO_2 is produced as a constituent of flaring H_2S Gas and can present hazards associated, which are

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

similar to H₂S. Although SO₂ is heavier than air, it will be picked up by a breeze and carried downwind at elevated temperatures. Since Sulfur Dioxide is extremely irritating to the eyes and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, it has exceptionally good warning powers in this respect. The following table indicates the toxic nature of the gas. Please see the attached SDS in Appendix B for reference.

SULFUR DIOXIDE TOXICITY		
Concentration Effects		Effects
%SO2	PPM	
0.0005	3 to 5	Pungent odor-normally a person can detect SO ₂ in this range.
0.0012	12	Throat irritation, coughing, and constriction of the chest tearing and smarting of eyes.
0.15	150	So irritating that it can only be endured for a few minutes.
0.05	500	Causes a sense of suffocation, even with first breath.

Section 8.0 - Regulatory Information

I. OSHA & NIOSH Information

II. Table 8.0. OSHA & NIOSH H₂S Information

PEL, IDLH, TLV	Description
NIOSH PEL 10 PPM	 PEL is the Permissible Exposure Limit that an employee may be exposed up to 8 hr / day.
OSHA General Industry Ceiling PEL – 20 PPM	 The maximum exposure limit, which cannot be exceeded for any length of time.
IDLH 100 PPM	 Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
Permian Resources PEL 10 PPM	 Permian Resources Policy Regarding H2S for employee safety

III. New Mexico OCD & BLM – H₂S Concentration Threshold Requirements

New Mexico NMAC 19.15.11 and Onshore Order #6 identify two Radii of Exposure (ROE) that identify potential danger to the public and require additional compliance measures. Permian Resources is required to install safety devices, establish safety procedures and develop a written H₂S contingency plan for sites where the H₂S concentrations are as follows.

Table 8.1. Calculating H₂S Radius of Exposure

H₂S Radius of Exposure	Description	Control and Equipment Requirements
---------------------------	-------------	------------------------------------

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

100 ppm	Distance from a release to where the H ₂ S concentration in the air will dilute below 100ppm	 ROE > 50-ft and includes any part of a "public area" (residence, school, business, etc., or any area that can be expected to be populated). ROE > 3,000-ft
500 ppm	Distance from a release to where the H ₂ S concentration in the air will dilute below 500ppm	ROE > 50-ft and includes any part of a public road (public roads are tax supported roads or any road used for public access or use)

Calculating H₂S Radius of Exposure

The ROE of an H₂S release is calculated to determine if a potentially hazardous volume of H₂S gas at 100 or 500 parts per million (ppm) is within a regulated distance requiring further action. If information about the concentration of H₂S and the potential gas release volume is known, the location of the Muster Areas will be set, and safety measures will be implemented based on the calculated radius of exposure (ROE). NMAC 19.15.11 – Hydrogen Sulfide Safety defines the ROE as the radius constructed with the gas's point of escape as its center and its length calculated by the following Pasquill-Gifford equations:

To determine the extent of the **<u>100 ppm ROE</u>**:

 $x = [(1.589) \text{ (mole fraction H}_2S)(Q)]^{(.6258)}$.

To determine the extent of the **500 ppm ROE**:

 $x = [(0.4546) \text{ (mole fraction H}_2S)(Q)]^{(.6258)}$.

Table 8.2. Calculating H2S Radius of Exposure

ROE Variable	Description
X =	ROE in feet
Q =	Max volume of gas released determined to be released in cubic feet per day (ft ³ /d) normalized to standard temperature and pressure, 60°F and 14.65 psia
Mole fraction H ₂ S =	Mole fraction of H ₂ S in the gaseous mixture released.

The volume used as the escape rate in determining the ROE is specified in the rule as follows:

- The maximum daily volume rate of gas containing H₂S handled by that system element for which the ROE is calculated.
- For existing gas wells, the current adjusted open-flow rate, or the operator's estimate of the well's capacity to flow against zero back-pressure at the wellhead.

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division & BLM Site Requirements under NMAC 19.15.11 & Onshore Order #6

Two cleared areas will be designated as Safe Briefing Areas. During an emergency, personnel will
assemble in one of these areas for instructions from the Permian Resources Person-in-Charge.
Prevailing wind direction should be considered in locating the briefing areas 200' or more on either

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

side of the well head. One area should offset the other at an angle of 45° to 90° with respect to prevailing wind direction to allow for wind shifts during the work period.

- In the event of either an intentional or accidental releases of hydrogen sulfide, safeguards to protect the general public from the harmful effects of hydrogen sulfide must be in place for operations. A summary of the provisions in each of three H₂S ROE cases is included in **Table 8.3**.
 - CASE 1 -100 ppm ROE < 50'
 - **CASE 2** 100 ppm ROE is 50' or greater, but < 3000' and does not penetrate public area.
 - **CASE 3**-100 ppm ROE is 50' or greater and penetrates a public area or 500 ppm ROE includes a public road. Also if 100 ppm ROE > 3000' regardless of public area.

NMAC 19.15.11 & BLM COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS - DRILLING & PRODUCTION				
PROVISION	CASE 1	CASE 2	CASE 3	
H ₂ S Concentration Test	X	Х	X	
Н-9	X	Х	X	
Training	X	Х	X	
District Office Notification	X	Х	X	
Drill Stem Tests Restricted	X*	X*	X	
BOP Test	X*	X*	X	
Materials		Х	X	
Warning and Marker		Х	X	
Security		Х	X	
Contingency Plan			X	
Control and Equipment Safety			X	
Monitors		X**	X**	
Mud (ph Control or Scavenger)			X*	
Wind Indicators		X**	X	
Protective Breathing Equipment		X**	X	
Choke Manifold, Secondary Remote Control, and Mud-Gas Separator			X	
Flare Stacks			X*	

Table 8.3. NMAC 19.15.11 Compliance Requirements Drilling & Production

Section 9.0 - Training Requirements

Training

The following elements are considered a minimum level of training for personnel assigned to operations who may encounter H_2S as part of routine or maintenance work.

- The hazards, characteristics, and properties of hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) and (SO₂).
- Sources of H₂S and SO₂.
- Proper use of H₂S and SO₂ detection methods used at the workplace.
- Recognition of, and proper response to, the warning signals initiated by H₂S and SO₂ detection systems in use at the workplace.
- Symptoms of H₂S exposure; symptoms of SO₂ exposure
- Rescue techniques and first aid to victims of H₂S and SO₂ exposure.

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

- Proper use and maintenance of breathing equipment for working in H₂S and SO₂ atmospheres, as appropriate theory and hands-on practice, with demonstrated proficiency (29 *CFR* Part 1910.134).
- Workplace practices and relevant maintenance procedures that have been established to protect personnel from the hazards of H₂S and SO₂.
- Wind direction awareness and routes of egress.
- Confined space and enclosed facility entry procedures (if applicable).
- Emergency response procedures that have been developed for the facility or operations.
- Locations and use of safety equipment.
- Locations of safe briefing areas.

Refresher training will be conducted annually.

Section 10.0 - Personal Protective Equipment

I. <u>Personal H₂S Monitors</u>

All personnel engaged in planned or unplanned work activity to mitigate the release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S shall have on their person a personal H2S monitor.

- II. Fixed H₂S Detection and Alarms
 - 4 channel H₂S monitor
 - 4 wireless H₂S monitors
 - H₂S alarm system (Audible/Red strobe)
 - Personal gas monitor for each person on location
 - Gas sample tubes

III. Flame Resistant Clothing

All personnel engaged in planned or unplanned work activity associated with this Plan shall have on the appropriate level of FRC clothing.

IV. <u>Respiratory Protection</u>

The following respiratory protection equipment shall be available at each drilling location.

- Working cascade system available on rig floor and pit system & 750' of air line hose
- Four (4) breathing air manifolds
- Four (4) 30-minute rescue packs
- Five (5) work/Escape units
- Five (5) escape units
- One (1) filler hose for the work/escape/rescue units

Supplied air (airline or SCBA) respiratory protection against hydrogen sulfide exposure is required in the following situations:

- When routine or maintenance work tasks involve exposure to H₂S concentrations of 10 ppm or greater.
- When a fixed location area monitor alarms, and re-entry to the work area is required to complete a job.
- When confined spaces are to be entered without knowledge of H₂S levels present, or if initial measurements are to be taken of H₂S levels.
- During rescue of employees suspected of H₂S overexposure.

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

- For specific tasks identified with significant exposure potential and outlined in local program guidelines.
- All respiratory equipment for hydrogen sulfide must be of the supplied-air type, equipped with pressure-demand regulators and operated in the pressure-demand mode only. This is the only type of respiratory protection recommended for hydrogen sulfide application. Equipment should be approved by NIOSH/MSHA or other recognized national authority as required. If airline units are used, a five-minute egress bottle should also be carried.
- Gas masks or other air-purifying respirators MUST NEVER BE USED FOR HYDROGEN SULFIDE due to the poor warning properties of the gas.
- Use of respiratory protection should be accompanied by a written respiratory protection program.

Appendix A H₂S SDS

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H, 131H, 132H	Eddy County, New Mexico
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Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 06-10-2016 Supersedes: 10-15-2013 SECTION 1: Identification I 1.1 Product Identifier Product Identifier Name : Hydrogen sulfide CAS No : 7783-06-44 Formula : Hydrogen sulfide Core products : Core Products 12. Recommended uses and restrictions on use Recommended uses and restrictions : Industrial use Use as directed : 13. Supplier Pread: Cranda Inc. : Industrial use Use as directed : 1.1 : 1-005-803-1682 WWW.pravair.ca : 1.4 Emergency telephone number Emergency number : 1-800-363-0042 Call settington : 1-800-363-0042 Call settington : 1-800-363-0042 </th <th></th>	
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SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED	
EXTENDED EXPOSURE TO GAS REDUCES THE ABILITY TO SMELL SULF	
Precautionary statements : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sou	DES
smoking	
This document is only controlled while on the Praxair Canada Inc. website and a copy of this controlled version is available for download. Praxair c integrity or accuracy of any version of this document after it has been downloaded or removed from our website.	ces. No
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2.3. Other hazards Other hazards not contributing to the	: Contact with lig	uid may cause cold b	ourne/froethite		
classification	. Contact with high	and may cause cold i	Juma/mostbile.		
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS	-CA)				
No data available					
	SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients				
3.1. Substances			1		
Name Hydrogen sulfide	CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4	% (Vol.) 100	Common Name (syn	nonyms) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride /	
(Main constituent)	(0/10/10/17/00/00/1	100		ihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide	
3.2. Mixtures					
Not applicable					
SECTION 4: First-aid measures	;				
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4.1. Description of first aid measures	ires				
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4.1. Description of first aid measures First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after ingestion 4.2. Most important symptoms an No additional information available 4.3. Immediate medical attention	 Remove to fress give artificial resphysician. The liquid may dynam water not skin. Maintain s returned to the a with warm wate Immediately flus away from the e ophthalmologist Ingestion is not Ingestion is not d effects (acute and dela and special treatment, if I Obtain medical 	piration. If breathing cause frostbite. For e to exceed 105°F (41 kin warming for at le affected area. In cas r. Seek medical eval sh eyes thoroughly w yeballs to ensure the immediately. considered a potent yed)	is difficult, trained pers exposure to liquid, imme (°C). Water temperatur east 15 minutes or until e of massive exposure, uation and treatment as vith water for at least 15 at all surfaces are flush ial route of exposure.	onnel should give oxygen. Call a ediately warm frostbite area with e should be tolerable to normal normal coloring and sensation have remove clothing while showering s soon as possible. minutes. Hold the eyelids open and ed thoroughly. Contact an	
 4.1. Description of first aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after ingestion 4.2. Most important symptoms and No additional information available 4.3. Immediate medical attention Other medical advice or treatment 	 Remove to fress give artificial res physician. The liquid may dy warm water not skin. Maintain s returned to the a with warm wate Immediately flus away from the e ophthalmologist Ingestion is not Ingestion is not d effects (acute and dela Obtain medical 	piration. If breathing cause frostbite. For e to exceed 105°F (41 kin warming for at le affected area. In cas r. Seek medical eval sh eyes thoroughly w yeballs to ensure the immediately. considered a potent yed)	is difficult, trained pers exposure to liquid, imme (°C). Water temperatur east 15 minutes or until e of massive exposure, uation and treatment as vith water for at least 15 at all surfaces are flush ial route of exposure.	onnel should give oxygen. Call a ediately warm frostbite area with e should be tolerable to normal normal coloring and sensation have remove clothing while showering s soon as possible. minutes. Hold the eyelids open and ed thoroughly. Contact an	
 4.1. Description of first aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after ingestion 4.2. Most important symptoms and No additional information available 4.3. Immediate medical attention Other medical advice or treatment SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures 	 Remove to fresl give artificial res physician. The liquid may dynamic warm water not skin. Maintain s returned to the a with warm wate Immediately flus away from the e ophthalmologist Ingestion is not Ingestion is not d effects (acute and dela Obtain medical 	piration. If breathing cause frostbite. For e to exceed 105°F (41 kin warming for at le affected area. In cas r. Seek medical eval sh eyes thoroughly w yeballs to ensure the immediately. considered a potenti yed) necessary assistance. Treat with Dry chemical, Wate	is difficult, trained pers exposure to liquid, imme (°C). Water temperatur east 15 minutes or until e of massive exposure, uation and treatment as vith water for at least 15 at all surfaces are flush ial route of exposure.	onnel should give oxygen. Call a ediately warm frostbite area with e should be tolerable to normal normal coloring and sensation have remove clothing while showering s soon as possible. minutes. Hold the eyelids open and ed thoroughly. Contact an	

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SDS ID : E-4611

2/9

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	
	10111, 10111	

PRAXAIR	Hydrogen sulfide
PKAAAIK	Safety Data Sheet E-4611 according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)
	Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016 Supersedes: 10-15-2013
5.3. Specific hazards arising fr	om the hazardous product
Fire hazard	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.
Explosion hazard	: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.
Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Reactivity in case of fire	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
5.4. Special protective equipm	ent and precautions for fire-fighters
Firefighting instructions	: DANGER! Toxic, flammable liquefied gas
	Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.
Special protective equipment for fire fig	ghters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Other information	: Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by TC.).
SECTION 6: Accidental relea	se measures
	tective equipment and emergency procedures
	agents. Immediately evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Remove all sources of ignition if safe to do so. Reduce vapors with fog or fine water spray, taking care not to spread liquid with water. Shut off flow if safe to do so. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Flammable vapors may spread from leak and could explode if reignited by sparks or flames. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check atmosphere with an appropriate device
6.2. Methods and materials for	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Try to stop release. Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contac supplier for any special requirements.
6.3. Reference to other section	
	ion 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
SECTION 7: Handling and st	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	
Precautions for safe handling	: Leak-check system with soapy water; never use a flame
	All piped systems and associated equipment must be grounded
	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment
	Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pi bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard t

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SDS ID : E-4611

3/9

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Permian Resources CorporationH2S Contingency PlanJakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,131H. 132H	Eddy County, New Mexico
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Hydrogen sulfide

Safety Data Sheet E-4611 according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015) Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016 Supersedes: 10-15-2013

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g, NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

SECTION 8: Exposure of	controls/personal protection	
3.1. Control parameters		
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4	4)	
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	20 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m ³)	21 mg/m ³
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (ppm)	15 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m ³)	14 mg/m³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	10 ppm
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	21 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	15 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	14 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
British Columbia	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	10 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	21 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	14 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	28 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	20 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	21 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	14 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm

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SDS ID : E-4611

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	



Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)				
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm		
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm		
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm		
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm		
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm		
Québec	VECD (mg/m ³)	21 mg/m ³		
Québec	VECD (ppm)	15 ppm		
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	14 mg/m ³		
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	10 ppm		
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm		
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm		
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	27 mg/m ³		
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm		
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³		
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm		

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use corrosion-resistant equipment. Use an explosion-proof local exhaust system. Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Inadequate - Use only in a closed system. Use explosion proof equipment and

Supersedes: 10-15-2013

	lighting.
8.3. Individual protection measures/Pe	rsonal protective equipment
Personal protective equipment	: Safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.
Hand protection	: Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.
Eye protection	: Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazard protection	: Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Standard EN 511 - Cold insulating gloves.
Other information	: Other protection : Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

9.1. Information on basic	physical and chemical properties
Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas. Colorless liquid at low temperature or under high pressure.
Molecular mass	: 34 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Odour can persist. Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Rotten eggs.
Odour threshold	: Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.

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5/9

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	



Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016 Supersedes: 10-15-2013

pH	: Not applicable.
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -86 °C
Freezing point	: -82.9 °C
Boiling point	: -60.3 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Critical temperature	: 100.4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: 260 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 1880 kPa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 8940 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: >=
Relative density	: No data available
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: No data available
Relative gas density	: 1.2
Solubility	: Water: 3980 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:
	4.3 - 46 vol %

9.2.	Other information		
Gas gro	ир	:	Liquefied gas
Addition	al information	:	Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

 No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below. Stable under normal conditions. May react violently with oxidants. Can form explosive mixture with air. Avoid moisture in installation systems. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surface – No smoking. Ammonia. Bases. Bromine pentafluoride. Chlorine trifluoride. chromium trioxide. (and heat). Copper. (powdered). Fluorine. Lead. Lead oxide. Mercury. Nitric acid. Nitrogen trifluoride.
 Stable under normal conditions. May react violently with oxidants. Can form explosive mixture with air. Avoid moisture in installation systems. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surface – No smoking. Ammonia. Bases. Bromine pentafluoride. Chlorine trifluoride. chromium trioxide. (and heat).
 Avoid moisture in installation systems. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surface – No smoking. Ammonia. Bases. Bromine pentafluoride. Chlorine trifluoride. chromium trioxide. (and heat).
 No smoking. Ammonia. Bases. Bromine pentafluoride. Chlorine trifluoride. chromium trioxide. (and heat).
nitrogen sulfide. Organic compounds. Oxidizing agents. Oxygen difluoride. Rubber. Sodium. (and moisture). Water.
: Thermal decomposition may produce : Sulfur. Hydrogen.
on
: Not classified
: Not classified
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6/9

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H. 132H	



Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016 Supersedes: 10-15-2013

Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Inhalation:gas: FATAL IF INHALED.
Hydrogen sulfide (\f)7783-06-4	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.99 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	356 ppm/4h
ATE CA (gases)	356.0000000 ppmv/4h
ATE CA (vapours)	0.9900000 mg/l/4h
ATE CA (dust,mist)	0.9900000 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified

Aspiration hazard

: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
0, 0	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	: VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.
nyarogen sunae (1105-00-4)	
LC50 fish 1	0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
LC50 fish 2	0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	: May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.
Effect on the ozone layer	: None
Effect on global warming	: No known effects from this product

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7/9

Permian	Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H, 131H, 132H	Eddy County, New Mexic
	PRAXAIR	Hydrogen sulfide Safety Data Sheet E-4611 according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015) Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016 Supersedes:	10-15-2013
	SECTION 13: Disposal consid	lerations	
	13.1. Disposal methods	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Waste disposal recommendations	: Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities.	Return container to supplier.
	SECTION 14: Transport infor		
	14.1. Basic shipping description		
	In accordance with TDG TDG		
	UN-No. (TDG) TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: UN1053 : 2.3 - Class 2.3 - Toxic Gas.	
	TDG Subsidiary Classes	: 2.1	
	Proper shipping name	: HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	
	ERAP Index	: 500	
	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity In		
	Passenger Carrying Ship Index	: Forbidden	
	Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or P Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	assenger : Forbidden	
	14.3. Air and sea transport		
	IMDG		
	UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: 1053 : HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	
	Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases	
	MFAG-No	: 117	
	IATA UN-No. (IATA)	: 1053	
	Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Hydrogen sulphide	
	Class (IATA)	: 2	
	SECTION 15: Regulatory info	rmation	
	15.1. National regulations		
	Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	is Substances List)	
	Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domest		
	15.2. International regulations Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
	Listed on the AICS (Australian Invento	ory of Chemical Substances)	
		g Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	
		ng & New Chemical Substances) inventory	
	Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inven	tory of Chemicals)	
	Listed on the United States TSCA (To	y of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) xic Substances Control Act) inventory	
	Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inv	entory of Chemical Substances)	
	SECTION 16: Other information	on : 15/10/1979	
	Revision date	: 10/08/2016	
	Supersedes	: 15/10/2013	
	Indication of changes:		
	Training advice	: Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Ensure oper Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.	ators understand the toxicity hazard.
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ermian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	
	- <u> </u>	
	Hydrogen sulfide	
IPRAXAIR	Safety Data Sheet E-4611 according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)	
		s: 10-15-2013
Other information	 When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create add and evaluate the safety information for each component by Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person whe Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with 1 Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and b and safety information. To promote safe use of this produ agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of information The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified expet believe that the information contained herein is current as Since the use of this information and the conditions of use Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the cor Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delive independent distributors and suppliers who package and SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales repre supplier, or download from www.praxair.ca. If you have qu would like the document number and date of the latest SE Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write Praxair Can Address: Praxair Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1 PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademar 	efore you produce the mixture. en you evaluate the end product. this product ecome aware of the product hazards ct, a user should (1) notify employees, a user should (1) notify employees, a purchaser of the product hazards purchaser of the product, and (3) ask the product hazards and safety erts within Praxair Canada Inc. We of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. are not within the control of Praxair rditions of safe use of the product. ry by Praxair Canada Inc, or the sell our products. To obtain current sentative, local distributor, or restions regarding Praxair SDSs, S, or would like the names of the ada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; 200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2). ks or registered trademarks of Praxair
NFPA health hazard	Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countrie : 4 - Very short exposure could cause death or serious	es.
	residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.	4
NFPA fire hazard	: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.	
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,	

HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	: 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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SDS ID : E-4611

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	

Appendix B SO₂ SDS



Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

SDS ID: MAT22290

al Name: SOLFOR DIOXIDE	505 ID: MATA
Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION	
Material Name	
SULFUR DIOXIDE	
Synonyms	
MTG MSDS 80; SULFUROUS ACID ANHYDRIDE; SULFUROUS OXIDE; SULPHUR DIOXID	
SULFUROUS ANHYDRIDE; FERMENTICIDE LIQUID; SULFUR DIOXIDE(SO2); SULFUR O2	XIDE;
SULFUR OXIDE(SO2)	
Chemical Family	
inorganic, gas	
Product Description	
Classification determined in accordance with Compressed Gas Association standards.	
Product Use	
Industrial and Specialty Gas Applications.	
Restrictions on Use	
None known.	
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
MATHESON TRI-GAS, INC.	
3 Mountainview Road	
Warren, NJ 07059	
General Information: 1-800-416-2505	
Emergency #: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)	
Outside the US: 703-527-3887 (Call collect)	
Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	
Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied gas	
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Gas - Category 3	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1B	
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation - Category 1	
Simple Asphyxiant	
GHS Label Elements	
Symbol(s)	
Signal Word	
Danger	
Hazard Statement(s)	
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
Toxic if inhaled.	
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.	
Precautionary Statement(s)	
Precautionary Statement(s) Prevention	
Precautionary Statement(s)	

Page 1 of 9

Issue date: 2021-01-30 Revision 8.0

Print date: 2021-01-30

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Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	
MATHESO	n in in it is a state of the st	
ask The Gas Profession	als™	
	Safety Data Sheet	
Material Name: SULFUR DIO	XIDE	SDS ID: MAT22290
Wash thoroughly after har	ndling.	
Do not breathe dusts or m	ists.	
Response		
	erson to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	
	usly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if pro-	esent and easy to do.
Continue rinsing.		14
	move/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin	with water/shower.
Wash contaminated clothi	mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
In SwALLOWED: Kinse Immediately call a POISO		
Specific treatment (see lab		
Storage		
	place. Keep container tightly closed.	
Store in a well-ventilated		
Store locked up.		

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Other Hazards

Contact with liquified gas may cause frostbite.

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CAS	Component Name	Percent	
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	100.0	
	Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES		

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115°F; 41-46°C). If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention. Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Acute

Toxic if inhaled, frostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns

Delayed

No information on significant adverse effects.

- Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Note to Physicians

For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Page 2 of 9

Issue date: 2021-01-30 Revision 8.0

Print date: 2021-01-30

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Permian Resources Corporation	H₂S Contingency Plan Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H, 131H, 132H	Eddy County, New Mexico
MATHESON ask The Gas Professionals		
	Safety Data Sheet	
Material Name: SULFUR DIOXI	DE	SDS ID: MAT22290
	Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES	
Unsuitable Extinguishing M None known. Special Hazards Arising fro Negligible fire hazard. Hazardous Combustion Pro sulfur oxides Fire Fighting Measures Move container from fire are is out. Stay away from the en Special Protective Equipme Wear full protective fire figh possible exposure.	om the Chemical	ray until well after the fire ea and deny entry.) for protection against
Personal Precautions, Prote Wear personal protective clo Methods and Materials for Keep unnecessary people aw Ventilate closed spaces befor	ective Equipment and Emergency Procedures thing and equipment, see Section 8. Containment and Cleaning Up ay, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep e entering. Evacuation radius: 150 feet. Stop leak if possible v ray. Do not get water directly on material.	out of low areas.
	Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE	
handling. Use only outdoors	ing r on clothing. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor, or spray. Wa: or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective waterprined work clothing chould not be allowed out of the	clothing/eye

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up. Protect from sunlight.

Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Protect from physical damage. Store outside or in a detached building. Keep separated from incompatible substances.

protection/face protection. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Keep only in original container. Avoid release to the environment.

Incompatible Materials

bases, combustible materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal oxides, metals, oxidizing materials, peroxides, reducing agents

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component Exposure Limits

Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5
	0.25 ppm STEL

Page 3 of 9

Issue date: 2021-01-30 Revision 8.0

Print date: 2021-01-30

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	



Safety Data Sheet

Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

NIOSH:	2 ppm TWA ; 5 mg/m3 TWA	
	5 ppm STEL ; 13 mg/m3 STEL	
	100 ppm IDLH	
OSHA (US):	5 ppm TWA ; 13 mg/m3 TWA	
Mexico: 0.25 ppm STEL [PPT-CT]		

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

There are no biological limit values for any of this product's components.

Engineering Controls

Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits. Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a faceshield. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin Protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Wear chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact. Respiratory Protection

Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

Glove Recommendations

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Appearance	colorless gas	Physical State	gas
Odor	irritating odor	Color	colorless
Odor Threshold	3 - 5 ppm	рН	(Acidic in solution)
Melting Point	-73 °C (-99 °F)	Boiling Point	-10 °C (14 °F)
Boiling Point Range	Not available	Freezing point	Not available
Evaporation Rate	>1 (Butyl acetate = 1)	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Autoignition Temperature	Not available	Flash Point	(Not flammable)
Lower Explosive Limit	Not available	Decomposition temperature	Not available
Upper Explosive Limit	Not available	Vapor Pressure	2432 mmHg @ 20 °C
Vapor Density (air=1)	2.26	Specific Gravity (water=1)	1.462 at -10 °C

Page 4 of 9

Issue date: 2021-01-30 Revision 8.0

Print date: 2021-01-30

SDS ID: MAT22290

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Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Jakku 36 Fed State Com 111H, 112H,	
	131H, 132H	



Safety Data Sheet

Mate

2290

Ial Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE SDS ID: MAT22			
(@0°C)	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available	
ailable	Kinematic viscosity	Not available	
ailable	Density	Not available	
d gas	Molecular Formula	S-02	
	Benzene, sulfuryl chloride, nitrobenzenes LITY AND REACTIVITY	, Toluene, acetone	
1 10 - STABI	LITY AND REACTIVITY		
No reactivity hazard is expected. Chemical Stability Stable at normal temperatures and pressure. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Will not polymerize. Conditions to Avoid Minimize contact with material. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat. Incompatible Materials bases, combustible materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal oxides, metals, oxidizing materials, peroxides, reducing agents Hazardous decomposition products oxides of sulfur			
	LOGICAL INFORMATION		
Information on Likely Routes of Exposure Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to respiratory system, burns, difficulty breathing Skin Contact skin burns Eye Contact eye burns Ingestion burns, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, stomach pain Acute and Chronic Toxicity Component Analysis - LD50/LC50 The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published: Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5) Inhalation LC50 Rat 965 - 1168 ppm 4 h Product Toxicity Data Acute Toxicity Estimate No data available. Immediate Effects			
published: Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5) Inhalation LC50 Rat 965 - 1168 ppm 4 h Product Toxicity Data Acute Toxicity Estimate No data available.			

Page 5 of 9

Issue date: 2021-01-30 Revision 8.0

Print date: 2021-01-30

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	MATH		
	askThe Gas		
	ask The Gas	roressionals -	
		Safety Data Sheet	
Mate	rial Name: SULI	UR DIOXIDE	SDS ID: MAT22290
	Toxic if inhaled, Delayed Effects	rostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye	burns
	No information	significant adverse effects.	
	Irritation/Corr respiratory tract	urns, skin burns, eye burns	
	Respiratory Ser No data availabl		
	Dermal Sensitiz	tion	
	No data availabl Component Ca		
	Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5	
	ACGIH:	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
	IARC:	Monograph 54 [1992] (Group 3 (not classifiable))	
	Germ Cell Mut	•	
	No data availabl Tumorigenic D		
	No data availabl Reproductive T		
	No data availabl		
	No target organs	Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure dentified.	
	Specific Target No target organs	Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure	
	Aspiration haz		
	Not applicable. Medical Condit	ons Aggravated by Exposure	
	respiratory disor	ers	
	Component An	Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORM lysis - Aquatic Toxicity	IATION
	No LOLI ecotox	city data are available for this product's components.	
	Persistence and No data availabl		
	Bioaccumulativ No data availabl		
	Mobility		
	No data availabl	Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERA	TIONS
	Disposal Metho		TIONS
	Dispose of conte Component Wa	ts/container in accordance with local/regional/national/interr	national regulations.
		s not published waste numbers for this product's components.	
		Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMA	ATION
	US DOT Inform Shipping Name	ation: SULFUR DIOXIDE	
Page	5 of 9	Issue date: 2021-01-30 Revision 8.	.0 Print date: 2021-01-30
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			Jakku 36 Fed State Cor		
			131H, 132	H	
	MATH	ECON			
	askThe Gas P	Professionals™			
			Safety Data She	et	
Material Name: SULFUR DIOXI Hazard Class: 2.3					SDS ID: MAT22290
	UN/NA #: UN10				
	Required Label((s): 2.3			
	IMDG Informat				
	Shipping Name: Hazard Class: 2.		DXIDE		
	UN#: UN1079				
	Required Label((s): 2.3			
	TDG Informatio Shipping Name:		VIDE		
	Hazard Class: 2.		ADL .		
	UN#: UN1079 Required Label((e) · 2 3			
	International Bu	ulk Chemical Co			
	This material doe bulk.	es not contain an	y chemicals required by the IBC	Code to be identified a	s dangerous chemicals in
		Sect	tion 15 - REGULATORY	INFORMATION	
	U.S. Federal Regulations This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302				
	(40 CFR 355 App	pendix A), SAR/	A Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65),		
	require an OSHA	process safety p	plan.		
	Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5			
	SARA 302:	500 lb TPQ			
	OSHA (safety):	1000 lb TQ (Li	iquid)		
	SARA 304:	500 lb EPCRA	RQ		
			370 Subparts B and C) report		Initation Cimala
	Asphyxiant	ure; Acute toxici	ty; Skin Corrosion/Irritation; Ser	hous Eye Damage/Eye	irritation, Simple
	U.S. State Regul		Cd. C.I		1. de
		<u> </u>	r on one or more of the followin	g state hazardous substa	inces lists:
	Component	CAS CA			
	California Safe I	Drinking Water	r and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)	

Page 7 of 9

Issue date: 2021-01-30 Revision 8.0

This product can expose you to chemicals including Sulfur dioxide , which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Print date: 2021-01-30

<image/>	ian Resources Corporation	H₂S Contingency Jakku 36 Fed State Com 131H, 132H		Eddy County, New Mex	ico
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Interior SULFUR DIXXE SS IS: MAT2239 Interior Sulfar divide Interior Sulfar divide Interior Sulfar divide					
Interior SULFUR DICKIE S.S. IS. MAT2229 Interior Sulfar divide Interior Sulfar divide Interior Sulfar divide <td></td> <td>Safety Data Shee</td> <th></th> <td></td> <td></td>		Safety Data Shee			
Repro/Dev. Tuxi developmental toxicity, 7/29/2011 Component Analysis - Inventory Suffor dioxide (7446-09-5) Image: Statistic Component Analysis - Inventory Suffor dioxide (7446-09-5) Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Suffor dioxide (7446-09-5) Image: Component Analysis - Inventory Suffor dioxide (7446-09-5) Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Yees DSL Yes Yes Ising Yes Yes Yes Yes Nes No Image: Component Analysis - Inventory Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Health: Fire: O Instability Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Ising Component Analysis - Inventory Health: Prove On Component Statistic Component Component Component Component Component Component Component Yes	Material Name: SULFUR DIOXID	-		SDS ID: MAT22290	
Component Analysis - Inventory: Suffar dioxide (7446-09-5) INS CA AU IN EU IP - ENCS IP - ISHL KR KECI - Annex 1 KR KECI - Annex 2 Yes DSL Yes Yes Yes Yes No INS Yes Yes Yes Yes No INS Yes Yes Yes Yes No INS Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Realit: ? Birce Instability: 0 Bioderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe Summary of Change Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes <t< td=""><td>Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5</td><td></td><th></th><td></td><td></td></t<>	Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5				
Sulfar dioxide (7446-09-5) US CA AU CN EU IP - ENCS IP - ISHL KR KECI - Annex 1 KR KECI - Annex 2 Yes DSL Yes Yes Yes Yes No Image: Straight of the str	Repro/Dev. Tox development	ntal toxicity, 7/29/2011			
Yes DSL Yes Yes Yes Yes No Image: Control of the control of t		tory			
KR - REACH CCA MX NZ PH TH-TECI TW, CN VN (Draft) No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION NEPA Ratings Belath: 3 Fire: 0 Instability: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe Summary of Changes SDS update: 02/10/2016 Key / Legend ACGH1 - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical New Jersey/Pennsylvania'; CA - Chandia (CMALMNIN/MPA - California/Massachusetts/Minneson/New Jersey/Pennsylvania'; CA - Chandia (CMALMNIN/M/PA - California/Massachusetts/Minneson/New Jersey/Pennsylvania'; CA - Chandia (CMALMNIN/M/PA - California/Massachusetts/Minneson/New Jersey/Pennsylvania'; CA - Chandia (CMALMNIN/MIPA - California/Massachusetts/Minneson/New Jersey/Pennsylvania'; CA - Chandia (CMALMNIN/MIPA - California/Massachusetts/Minneson/New Jersey/Pennsylvania'; CA - Chandia (CMALMNIN/MIPA - California/Massachusetts/Minnesohan/New Jersey/Pennsylvania'; CA - Chandia (CMALMAMNIN/MIPA - California/Massachusetts/Minnes/Mexito	US CA AU CN EU	JP - ENCS JP - ISHL KR KE	I - Annex 1 KR KECI -	Annex 2	
No Yes Yes Yes Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION NFPA Ratings Health: 3 Fire: 0 Instability: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe Summary of Changes SDS update: 02/10/2016 Key / Legend ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CA/MA/MN/NJ/PA - California/Massachusetts/Minnesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania*; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations (US); CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD - Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances; EIC - European Commission; EEC - European Economic Community; EIN - European Inventory of (Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICA - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDC - International Maritiune Dangerous	Yes DSL Yes Yes EIN	N Yes Yes Yes	No		
No Yes Yes Yes Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION NFPA Ratings Health: 3 Fire: 0 Instability: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe Summary of Changes SDS update: 02/10/2016 Key / Legend ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius, CA - Canada; CA/MA/MN/NJ/PA - California/Massachusetts/Minnesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania*; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations (US); CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD - Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances; EIC - European Commission; EEC - European Economic Community; EIN - European Inventory of (Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Appender Visition Organization; IDL - International Ager of Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and					
Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION NFPA Ratings Health: 3 Fire: 0 Instability: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe Summary of Changes SDS update: 02/10/2016 Key / Legend ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CA/MA/MN/NI/PA - California/Massachusetts/Minnesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania*; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations (US); CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD - Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances; EINCE - European Commission; EEC - European Economic Community; EIN - European Inventory of (Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EINCES - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substance Inventory; EPA - Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Farhenheit; F - Background (for Venezuela Biological Exposure Indices); IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Givil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; ISHL - Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law; IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/Water partition coefficient; KR EECI Annex 1 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inv			<u> </u>		
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 National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; Nq - Non-quantitative; NSL – Non-Domestic Substance List (Canada); NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH- Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID - European Rail Transport; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; Sc - Semi-quantitative; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; 	Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Summary of Changes SDS update: 02/10/2016 Key / Legend ACGIH - American Conference Australia; BOD - Biochemical California/Massachusetts/Min Comprehensive Environmenta (US); CLP - Classification, La Deutsche Forschungsgemeinse DSL - Domestic Substances L European Inventory of (Existin Commercial Chemical Substan Environmental Protection Age Exposure Indices); IARC - Int Association; ICAO - Internatio Industrial Safety and Health L Kow - Octanol/water partition Existing Chemicals List (KEC Existing Chemicals List (KEC - Korea Registration and Evah LLV - Level Limit Value; LO Concentration Value in the W - National Fire Protection Age Jersey Trade Secret Registry; I National Toxicology Program; Permissible Exposure Limit; P Registration, Evaluation, Auth	Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Correct of Governmental Industrial Hygien I Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - (nesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania*; C/ I Response, Compensation, and Liabi ibelling, and Packaging; CN - China; chaft; DOT - Department of Transpor ist; EC – European Commission; EEC ng Commercial Chemical Substances; neces; ENCS - Japan Existing and Nev ency; EU - European Union; F - Fahre emational Agency for Research on Co onal Civil Aviation Organization; IDI e and Health; IMDG - International M aw; IUCLID - International Uniform coefficient; KR KECI Annex 1 - Kor L); KR KECI Annex 2 - Korea Existi L) , KR - Korea; LD50/LC50 - Letha uation of Chemical Substances Chemi LI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOI orkplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure ency; NIOSH - National Institute for C Nq - Non-quantitative; NSL – Non-D ; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupa PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource C iorisation, and restriction of Chemical	ts; ADR - European Road anada; CA/MA/MN/NJ/P, S - Chemical Abstracts Se ty Act; CFR - Code of Fea PR - Controlled Products tion; DSD - Dangerous St - European Economic Con EINECS - European Inve Chemical Substance Inver heit; F - Background (for icer; IATA - International - Ingredient Disclosure Li aritime Dangerous Goods; hemical Information Data a Existing Chemicals Inve g Chemicals Inventory (K Dose/ Lethal Concentratio al Control Act; LEL - Low 's Regulatory Database; M Limits; MX – Mexico; Ne iceupational Safety and Hea mestic Substance List (Ca onal Safety and Health Ai aservation and Recovery / RID - European Rail Tra	A - ervice; CERCLA - deral Regulations Regulations; DFG - ubstance Directive; mmunity; EIN - entory of Existing ntory; EPA - Venezuela Biological Air Transport st; IDLH - ; ISHL - Japan ibase; JP - Japan; entory (KECI) / Korea ECI) / Korea Directory (KECI) / Korea ECI) / Korea Son; KR REACH CCA wer Explosive Limit; MAK - Maximum - Non-specific; NFPA alth; NJTSR - New nada); NTP - dministration; PEL- Act; REACH- unsport; SARA -	

Sante Fe Main Office Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
Permian Resources Operating, LLC	372165
300 N. Marienfeld St Ste 1000	Action Number:
Midland, TX 79701	476775
	Action Type:
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
jelrod01	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing.	6/18/2025
jelrod01	If cement does not circulate on any string, a Cement Bond Log (CBL) is required for that string of casing.	6/18/2025
ward.rikala	Notify the OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement.	7/23/2025
ward.rikala	File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.	7/23/2025
ward.rikala	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string.	7/23/2025
ward.rikala	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system.	7/23/2025

CONDITIONS

Page 97 of 97

Action 476775