

WORKPLANS

Date: 10-15-13

P.O. Box 2948, Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967 CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT NO. 7011 2000 0002 0285 5155 222 00 17 2 1:44

October 15th, 2013

Mr. Edward Hansen

New Mexico Energy, Minerals, & Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division, Environmental Bureau 1220 S. St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

RE: Investigation and Characterization Plan (ICP) Rice Operating Company – EME SWD System EME K-30 EOL (1R427-409): UL/K sec. 30 T19S R37E

Mr. Hansen:

RICE Operating Company (ROC) has retained Rice Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) to address potential environmental concerns at the above-referenced site in the EME Salt Water Disposal (SWD) system. ROC is the service provider (agent) for the EME SWD System and has no ownership of any portion of the pipeline, well, or facility. The system is owned by a consortium of oil producers, System Parties, who provide all operating capital on a percentage ownership/usage basis.

For all such environmental projects, ROC will choose the path forward that:

- Protects public health,
- Provides the greatest net environmental benefit,
- Complies with NMOCD Rules, and
- Is supported by good science.

Each site shall generally have three submissions:

- 1. This <u>Investigation and Characterization Plan</u> (ICP) is proposed for gathering data and site characterization and assessment.
- 2. Upon evaluating the data and results from the ICP, a recommended remedy will be submitted in a <u>Corrective Action Plan</u> (CAP), if warranted.
- 3. Finally, after implementing the remedy, a <u>Termination Request</u> with final documentation will be submitted.

Background and Previous Work

The site is located approximately 1.5 miles west of Monument, New Mexico at UL/K sec. 30 T19S R37E as shown on the Site Location Map and Geographical Location Map

(Figure 1 and Figure 2). NM OSE records indicate that groundwater will likely be encountered at a depth of approximately 37 +/- feet.

In 2012, ROC initiated work on the former K-30 EOL junction box. The site was delineated using a backhoe to form a 30 ft x 30 ft x 12 ft deep excavation and soil samples were screened at regular intervals for both hydrocarbons and chlorides. From the excavation, the four-wall composite, the bottom composite and the blended backfill were taken to a commercial laboratory for analysis. Laboratory tests of the four-wall composite showed a chloride reading of 960 mg/kg, a gasoline range organics (GRO) reading of non-detect and a diesel range organics (DRO) reading of 17.4 mg/kg. The bottom composite showed a chloride laboratory reading of 208 mg/kg and a GRO and DRO reading of non-detect. The blended backfill showed a chloride reading of 1,170 mg/kg and a GRO and DRO reading of non-detect. All 576 yards of the blended backfill were taken to a NMOCD approved facility for disposal. On September 11th, 2012, a 20mil reinforced plastic liner was installed and properly seated at the base of the 12 ft excavation. The site was backfilled with clean, imported soil and the area was contoured to the surrounding landscape. NMOCD was notified of potential groundwater impact on January 30th, 2013 and a junction box disclosure report (Appendix A) was submitted to NMOCD with all the 2012 junction box closures and disclosures.

ROC proposes additional investigative work at the site to determine if there is potential for groundwater degradation from residual chlorides at the site.

Proposed Work Elements

- 1. Conduct vertical and lateral delineation of residual chlorides and hydrocarbons from samples taken using a drill rig, hand augur and/or backhoe (see Appendix B for Quality Procedures).
 - a. Vertical sampling will be conducted until of the following criteria are met in the field.
 - i. Three samples in which the chloride concentration decreases and the third sample has a chloride concentration of ≤ 250 ppm; and,
 - ii. Three samples in which PID readings decrease and the third sample has a PID reading of ≤ 100 ppm; or,
 - iii. The sampling reaches the capillary fringe.
 - b. Lateral sampling will be conducted until the following criteria are met in the field.
 - i. A decrease is observed in chloride concentrations between lateral bores at similar depths; and,
 - ii. A chloride concentration of ≤ 250 ppm is observed in a lateral surface sample; or,
 - iii. Safety concerns impede further lateral delineation
- 2. If warranted, install a monitor well to provide direct measurement of the potential groundwater impact at the site. (All monitor wells will be installed by EPA, NMOCD, and industry standards.)
- 3. Evaluate the risk of groundwater impact based on the information obtained.

If the evaluation of the site shows no threat to groundwater from residual chlorides, then only a vadose zone remedy will be undertaken. However, if groundwater shows impact from residual chlorides, a CAP will be developed to address these concerns.

RECS appreciates the opportunity to work with you on this project. Please call Hack Conder at (575) 393-2967 or me if you have any questions or wish to discuss the site.

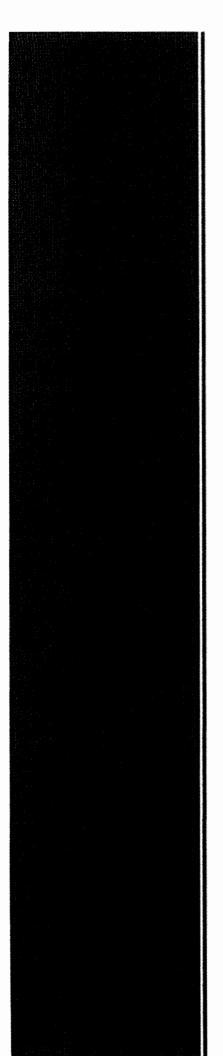
Sincerely,

ACW

Lara Weinheimer Project Scientist RECS (575) 441-0431

Attachments:

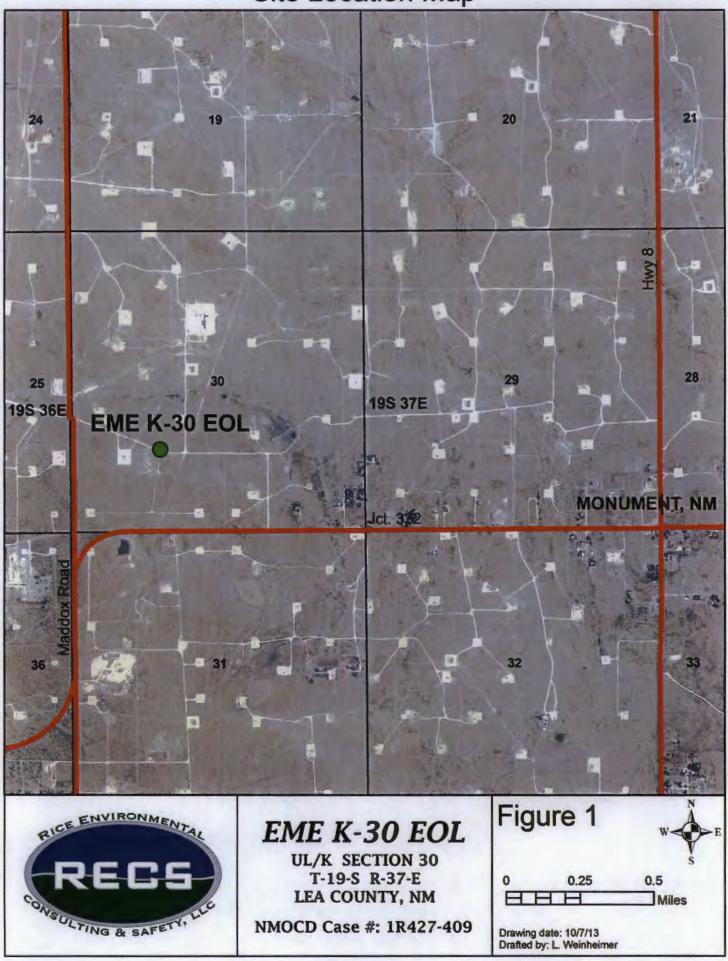
Figure 1 – Site Location Map Figure 2 – Geographical Location Map Appendix A – Junction Box Disclosure Report Appendix B – Quality Procedures



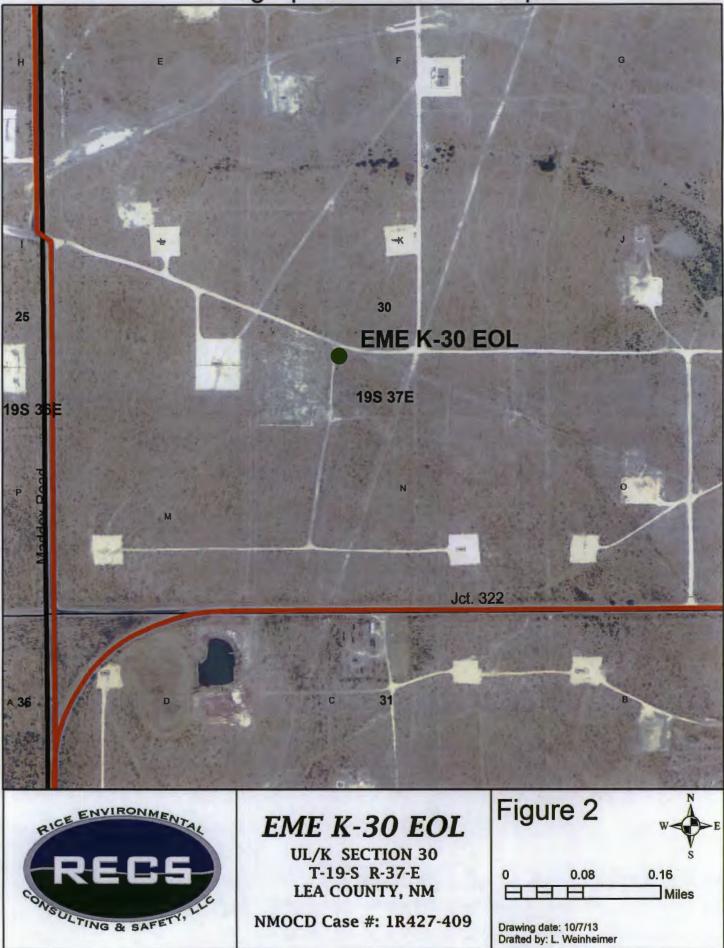
Figures

RICE Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) P.O. Box 2948, Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967

Site Location Map



Geographical Location Map



Appendix A Junction Box Disclosure Report

RICE Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) P.O. Box 2948 Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967

RICE OPERATING COMPANY JUNCTION BOX DISCLOSURE* REPORT

				BOX LOCA	TION					
SWD SYSTEM	JUNCTION	UNIT	SECTION	TOWNSHIP	RANGE	COUNTY	BOX C	IMENSIONS	S-FEET	
Eunice Monument	K-30 EOL	к	30	195	37E	Lea	Length	Width	Dep	th
Eumont (EME)							l	Eliminated		
LAND TYPE: E	BLM	STATE X	FEE LA	NDOWNER			OTHER			
Depth to Groun	idwater	37	feet	NMOCD	SITE ASS	ESSMENT	RANKING S	CORE:	40*	
Date Started	8/14/	2012	Date Cor	npleted	9/14/2012		Witness	N	0	
Soil Excavated	400.0	cubic yar	rds Exc	avation Le	ngth <u>30</u>	Width	30	Depth	12	feet
Soil Disposed	576	cubic yar	ds Offsite	Facility Su	ndance Se	rvices, Inc.	Location	Euni	ice, NM	

FINAL ANALYTICAL RESULTS: Sample Date 8/20/2012, 8/23/2012 Sample Depth 12' Procure 5-point composite sample of bottom and 4-point composite sample of sidewalls. TPH and Chloride laboratory test results completed by using an approved lab and testing procedures pursuant to NMOCD guide ines.

Sample	PID (field)	GRO	DRO	Chloride
Location	ppm	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
4-WALL COMP.		<10.0	17.4	960
BOTTOM COMP.		<10.0	<10.0	208
BLENDED BACKFILL		<10.0	<10.0	1170

General Description of Remedial Action: This junction box and line were

eliminated during the pipeline replacement/upgrade program. After the former junction box was removed, an investigation was conducted using a backhoe to collect soil samples at regular intervals, producing a 30 x 30 x 12 ft deep excavation. Chloride field tests performed on soil samples did not decrease with depth. The excavated soil was blended on site and representative composite samples of the excavation bottom, the

CHLOF	RIDE FIELD TES	TS
LOCATION	DEPTH	mg/kg
background	<u>6</u> "	111
4-WALL Comp	n/a	721
Bottom Comp	12'	305
	2'	750
Vertical	4'	894
delineation trench at 5' N of	6'	1584
the former	8,	1232
junction (source)	10'	1236
	12'	1315

excavation walls, and the blended backfill were sent to a commercial laboratory for analysis of chloride and TPH. A total of analysis of chloride and TPH. All of the 576 yards of blended backfill was transported to a NMOCD approved disposal facility. On

to a NMOCD approved disposal facility. On 9/11/2012, a 20-mil reinforced plastic liner was installed at 12 ft. BGS. The remaining

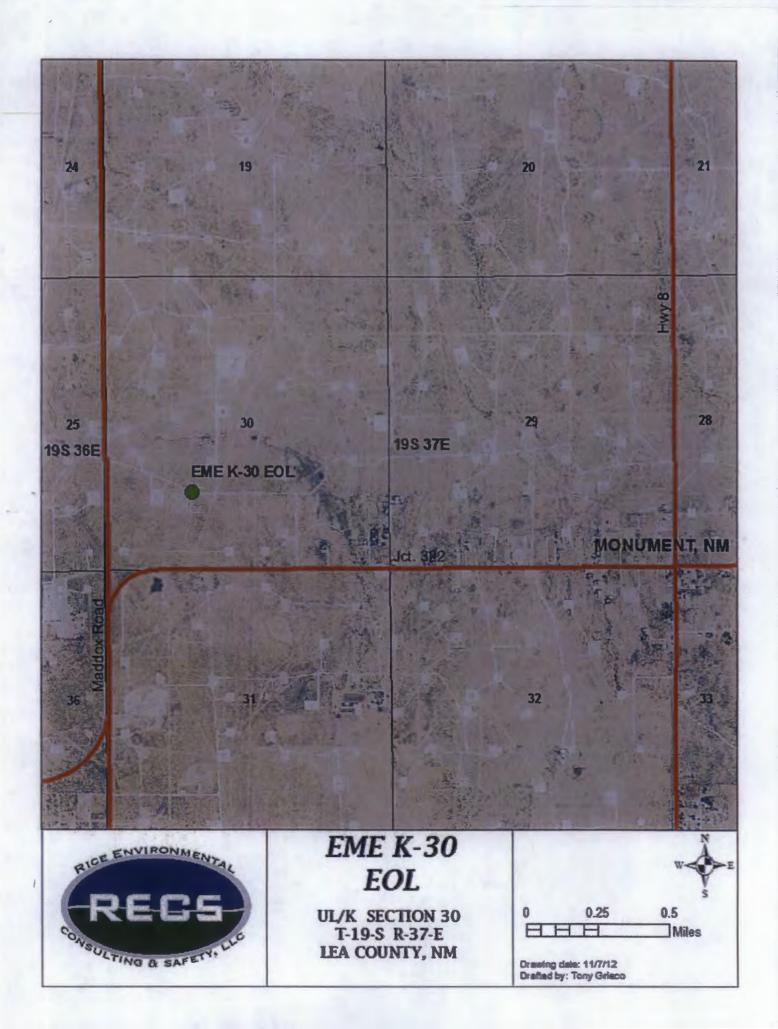
excavation was backfiled with clean imported soil to ground surface and contoured to the surrounding area. NMOCD was notified of potential groundwater impact on 1/30/2013.

ADDITIONAL EVALUATION IS HIGH PRIORITY

*Windmill located 965 ft east from junction box.

		Enclosures: site	location map, p	hotos, laboratory ana	lysis, cross-se	ection diagram, chloride graph
I HEREBY CER	TIFY THAT THE INF	ORMATION ABOV	E IS TRUE A	ND COMPLETE T	O THE BEST	OF MY KNOWLEDGE
		A	ND BELIEF.			
REPORT ASSEMBLED BY	Laura Peña		Jura	Piña	COMPANY	Rice Operating
	Dustin Yarbrough	SIGNATURE	Not Av	ailable	COMPANY	Rice Environmental Consulting & Safety
PROJECT LEADER	Zach Conder				DATE	3-15-13

it warte placed on a promitized list of similar sites for further consideration. This site is a "DISCLOSURE.



EME K-30 EOL UL/K Sec. 30 (T19S-R37E)



Excavating site

8/15/2012



Collecting sample

8/23/2012



Exporting soil

8/29/2012



Installed 30'x30' liner @ 12' bgs 9/11/2012



Backfilling site

9/11/2012



Importing soil

9/14/2012



August 23, 2012

ZACH CONDER Rice Operating Company 112 W. Taylor Hobbs, NM 88240

RE: EME K-30 EOL

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 08/20/12 16:15.

Cardinal Laboratories is accredited through Texas NELAP under certificate number T104704398-11-3. Accreditation applies to drinking water, non-potable water and solid and chemical materials. All accredited analytes are denoted by an asterisk (*). For a complete list of accredited analytes and matrices visit the TCEQ website at <u>wnww.tcec.texas.gov/field/ga/lab_accred_certif.html</u>.

Cardinal Laboratories is accreditated through the State of Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment for.

Method EPA 552.2	Haloacetic Acids (HAA-5)
Method EPA 524.2	Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)
Method EPA 524.4	Regulated VOCs (V1, V2, V3)

Accreditation applies to public drinking water matrices.

This report meets NELAP requirements and is made up of a cover page, analytical results, and a copy of the original chain-of-custody. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Celeg D. Kune-

Celey D. Keene Lab Director/Quality Manager

COPY



PHONE (575) 393-2326 * 101 E. MARLAND * HOBBS, NM 88240

Analytical Results For:

Rice Operating Company ZACH CONDER 112 W. Taylor Hobbs NM, 88240 FacTo: (575) 397-1471

Received:	08/20/2012	Sampling Date:	08/20/2012
Reported:	08/23/2012	Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	EME K-30 EOL	Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	NONE GIVEN	Sample Received By:	Jodi Herison
Project Location:	NONE GIVEN	and the second se	and a second

Sample ID: 8 PT BLENDED BACKFILL (H201965-01)

Chioristi, Mildooct-S .mg/ke 1.84 114 Sec. 6 'Time Value QC Analyte Result Reporting Link Analyzed Method Blank 85 A Receivery RPD Qualifier Chloride 08/22/2012 1170 16.0 ND 400 100 400 0.00 THE BREAM Annihyand Byri Mit. ATTIN HILT Read Reporting Limit Analyzed Method Blank 14 Recovery Thus Value QC RPD Analyte 85 Qualifier GRO C6-CIO <10.0 10.0 08/23/2012 100 200 NO 200 4.43 DR0 >C10-C28 NĎ 198 99.0 <10.0 10.0 08/23/2012 200 4.04 Surrogate: 1-Chloroociane 79.6% 65.2-140

63.6-154

Surrogate: l-Chloroionadeoane 85.2 %

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Cardinal Laboratories

*=Accredited Analyte

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2 Kine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



PHONE (575) 393-2326 ° 101 E. MARLAND ° HOBBS, NM 88240

Notes and Definitions

 ND
 Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit

 RPD
 Relative Percent Difference

 **
 Samples not received at proper temperature of 6°C or below.

 Insufficient time to reach temperature.

 •
 Chloride by SM4500CI-B does not require samples be received at or below 6°C.

 Samples reported on an as received basis (wet) unless otherwise noted on report



Cardinal Laboratories

*=Accredited Analyte

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Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY AND ANALYSIS REQUEST

-ARDINAL LABORATORIES

101 Eest Marland, Hobbs, NM 88240 2111 Beechwood, Abilene, TX 79603 (505) 393-2326 FAX (505) 393-2476 (325) 673-7001 FAX (325)673-7020

Company Name	company Name: RICE Operating			ANALYSIS REQUEST											
Project Manage	Zach Conder		P.O.	称											
Address: 112	W. Taylor		Com	pany:							S				
City: Hobbs	State: NM Zi	p: 88240	Attn:								0				
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Project Name:			State	1	Zip:		P	15	×	6	5	0			
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Lab I.D.	Sample I.D.	# CONTAINERS GROUNDVATER WASTEWATER SOIL OIL	HER:	ICE / COOL OTHER :							Complete Cations/Anions				
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† Cardinal cannot accept verbal changes. Please fax written changes to 505-393-246

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Page 4 of 4



August 30, 2012

ZACH CONDER Rice Operating Company 112 W. Taylor Hobbs, NM 88240

RE: EME K-30 EOL

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 08/24/12 14:25.

Cardinal Laboratories is accredited through Texas NELAP under certificate number T104704398-11-3. Accreditation applies to drinking water, non-potable water and solid and chemical materials. All accredited analytes are denoted by an asterisk (*). For a complete list of accredited analytes and matrices visit the TCEQ website at <u>www.tceq.texas.gov/field/ga/lab_accredited.texif.html</u>.

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Method EPA 552.2	Haloacetic Acids (HAA-5)
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Sincerely,

Celeg & Kune

Celey D, Keene Lab Director/Quality Manager





PHONE (575) 393-2326 . 101 E. MARLAND . HOBBS, NM 88240

Analytical Results For:

Rice Operating Company ZACH CONDER 112 W. Taylor Hobbs NM, 88240 Fax To: (575) 397-1471

Received:	08/24/2012	Sampling Date:	08/23/2012
Reported:	08/30/2012	Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	EME K-30 EOL	Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	NONE GIVEN	Sample Received By:	Jodi Henson
Project Location:	NONE GIVEN		
	,		

Sample ID: 4 WALL COMP (H202033-01)

Analyte	Result 960	Reporting Limit	'Analyzed 08/28/2012	Method Blank	BS- 416	% Recovery	Their Value QC 400	RPD 3.92	Qualitier
TPH 8015H	1.0	7.4 ·	. Ainten						
Analyte	Resul;	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Stank	85	% Receivery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10	<10.0	10,0	08/29/2012	ND	201	top	200	19.929	
DR0 >C10-C28	17.4	10.0	08/29/2012	ND	204	103	200	0.300	
Surrogane: [-Chloroocsane	66.8	% 65.2-14							~
Surrogate: I-Chiorvoctadecane	81.2	% 63.6-15	4						

Sample ID: 5 PT BTTM COMP (H202033-02)

Chiorida, BH4500CI-8 mg/hg Antipined By: HM True Value QC Quàlifier Analyte Regult Reporting Limit Analyzed Method Blank 85 % Recovery RPD Chloride 208 16.0 08/28/2012 ND' 416 104 400 3:92 TPH BOLSH 110/140 Analyzed Byr 195 Reporting Limit 65 Analyind Method Blank % Recovery True Value QC RPD Qualifier Analyte Result GRO 06-C10 <10.0 10.0 08/29/2012 ND 261 100 200 0.929 204 102 200 0.300 DRO >C10-C28 <10.0' 10.0 08/29/2012 ND 18.5% 63.2-140 Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane Surrogate: 1-Chiorooctadecarie 94.9 \$4 PET-9 68

Cardinal Laboratories

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Celey D. Keeno, Lab Director/Quality Manager



PHONE (575) 393-2326 ° 101 E. MARLAND ° HOBBS, NM 88240

Notes and Definitions

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 Relative Percent Difference

 **
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 Insufficient time to reach temperature.

 •
 Chloride by SM4500CI-B does not require samples be received at or below 6°C Samples reported on an as received basis (wet) unless otherwise noted on report

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*=Accredited Analyte

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Company Name	RICE Operating			BILL TO ANALYSIS REQUEST															
Project Manage	r Zach Conder			P.0	0.#:														
	Address: 112 W. Taylor			Co	Company:								S						
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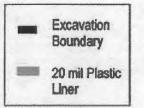
† Cardinal cannot accept verbal changes. Please fax written changes to 505-393-2476

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EME K-30 EOL Unit 'K', Sec. 30, T19S, R37E

Excavation Cross-Section

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 Imported Soil

Imported Soil

5 Pt. Bottom Composite = CI- 208 mg/kg, GRO <10, DRO <10

30 ft.

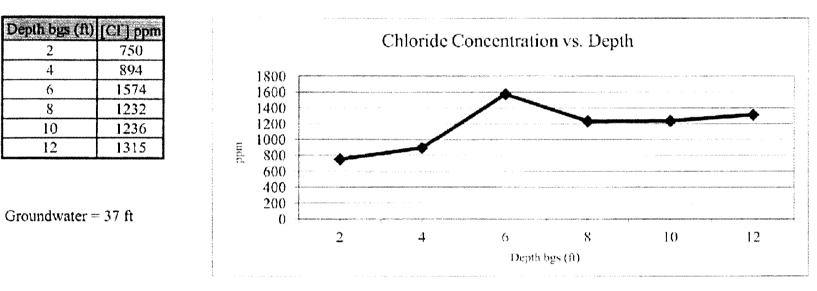
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EME K-30 EOL

Unit 'K', Sec. 30, T19S, R37E

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Backhoe samples at 5' N of the junction (source)



Appendix B Quality Procedures

RICE Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) P.O. Box 2948 Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967

Quality Procedures

Table of Contents

- QP-1 Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory
- QP-2 Chloride Titration Using 0.282 Normal Silver Nitrate Solution
- QP-3 Development of Cased Water-Monitoring Wells
- QP-4 Sampling of Cased Water-Monitoring Well
- QP-5 Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms for TPH and Chloride Analysis
- QP-6 Sampling and Testing Protocol for VOC in soil
- QP-7 Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms for BTEX
- QP-8 Procedure for Plugging and Abandonment of Cased Water-Monitoring wells

Quality Procedure Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining soil samples to be taken to a laboratory for analysis.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used when collecting soil samples intended for ultimate transfer to a testing laboratory.

3.0 Preliminary

- 3.1 Obtain sterile sampling containers from the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the soil.
- 3.2 If collecting TPH, BTEX, RCRA 8 metals, cation /anions or O&G, the sample jar may be a clear 4 oz. container with Teflon lid. If collecting PAH's, use an amber 4 oz. container.

4.0 Chain of Custody

- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the number, location and designation of each planned sample and the individual tests to be performed on the sample. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label.) Affix the labels to the jars.

5.0 Sampling Procedure

- 5.1 Do not touch the soil with your bare hands. Use new nitrile gloves to help minimize any contamination.
- 5.2 Go to the sampling point with the sample container. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to obtain the soil.

- 5.3 Pack the soil tightly into the container leaving the top slightly domed. Screw the lid down tightly. Enter the time of collection onto the sample collection jar label.
- 5.4 Place the sample directly on ice for transport to the laboratory if required.
- 5.5 Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

6.0 Documentation

- 6.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - a. Project and sample name.
 - b. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - c. Results of the requested analyses
 - d. Test Methods employed
 - e. Quality Control methods and results

QUALITY PROCEDURE Chloride Titration Using 0.282 Normal Silver Nitrate Solution

1.0 Purpose

This procedure is to be used to determine the concentration of chloride in soil.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used as the standard field measurement for soil chloride concentrations.

3.0 Sample Collection and Preparation

- 3.1 Collect at least 80 grams of soil from the sample collection point. Take care to insure that the sample is representative of the general background to include visible concentrations of hydrocarbons and soil types. If necessary, prepare a composite sample for soils obtained at several points in the sample area. Take care to insure that no loose vegetation, rocks or liquids are included in the sample(s).
- 3.2 The soil sample(s) shall be immediately inserted into a one-quart or larger polyethylene freezer bag. Care should be taken to insure that no cross-contamination occurs between the soil sample and the collection tools or sample processing equipment.
- 3.3 The sealed sample bag should be massaged to break up any clods.

4.0 Sample Preparation

- 4.1 Tare a clean glass vial having a minimum 40 ml capacity. Add at least 10 grams of the soil sample and record the weight.
- 4.2 Add at least 20 grams of reverse osmosis water to the soil sample and shake well.
- 4.3 Allow the sample to set for a period of 5 minutes or until the separation of soil and water.

5.0 Titration Procedure

- 5.1 Using a graduated pipette, remove 10 ml extract and dispense into a clean plastic cup.
- 5.2 Add 2-3 drops potassium chromate (K₂CrO₄) to mixture if necessary.

- 5.3 Using a 1 ml pipette, carefully add .282 normal silver nitrate (one drop at a time) to the sample while constantly agitating it. Stop adding silver nitrate when the solution begins to change from yellow to red. Be consistent with endpoint recognition.
- 5.4 Record the ml of silver nitrate used.

6.0 Calculation

To obtain the chloride concentration, insert measured data into the following formula:

<u>.282 X 35,450 X ml AgNO3</u>	Х	grams of water in mixture
ml water extract		grams of soil in mixture

Using Step 5.0, determine the chloride concentration of the RO water used to mix with the soil sample. Record this concentration and subtract it from the formula results to find the net chloride in the soil sample.

Record all results on the delineation form.

Quality Procedure Development of Cased Water-Monitoring Wells

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed to develop cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells. It is not to be used for standing water samples such as ponds or streams.

3.0 Sample Collection and Preparation

- 3.1 Prior to development, the static water level and height of the water column within the well casing will be measured with the use of an electric D.C. probe.
- 3.2 All measurements will be recorded within a field log notebook.
- 3.3 All equipment used to measure the static water level will be decontaminated after each use by means of Liquinox, a phosphate free laboratory detergent, and water to reduce the possibility of crosscontamination. The volume of water in each well casing will be calculated.

4.0 Purging

- 4.1 Wells will be purged by using a 2" decontaminated submersible pump or dedicated one liter Teflon bailer. Wells should be purged until the pH and conductivity are stabilized and the turbidity has been reduced to the greatest extent possible.
- 4.2 If a submersible is used the pump will be decontaminated prior to use by scrubbing the outside surface of tubing and wiring with a Liquinox water mixture, pumping a Liquinox-water mixture through the pump, and a final flush with fresh water.

5.0 Water Disposal

5.1 All purge and decontamination water will be temporarily stored within a portable tank to be later disposed of in an appropriate manner.

6.0 Records

6.1 Rice Environmental Consulting and Safety will record the amount of water removed from the well during development procedures. The purge volume will be reported to the appropriate regulatory authority when filing the closure report.

Quality Procedure Sampling of Cased Water-Monitoring Well

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed in obtaining water samples from cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells. It is not to be used for standing water samples such as ponds or streams.

3.0 Preliminary

- 3.1 Obtain sterile sampling containers from the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the water.
- 3.2 The following table shall be used to select the appropriate sampling container, preservative method and holding times for the various elements and compounds to be analyzed.

Compound to be Analyzed	Sample Container Size	Sample Container Description	Cap Requirements	Preservative	Maximum Hold Time
BTEX	40 ml	VOA Container	Teflon Lined	HCL	14 days
TPH (8015 Extended)	40 ounces	(2) 40ml VOA vials	Teflon Lined	HCL and Ice	14 days
РАН	1 liter	amber glass	Teflon Lined	Ice	7 days
Cation/Anion	1 liter	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	None	48 Hrs
Metals	1 liter	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	Ice/HNO ₃	28 Days
TDS	300 ml	clear glass or 250 ml HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	Ice	7 Days
Cl-	500 ml	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	None	28 Days

4.0 Chain of Custody

- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the well identification and the individual tests to be performed at that location. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label). Affix the labels to the jars.

5.0 Bailing Procedure

- 5.1 Identify the well from the sites schematics. Place pre-labeled jar(s) next to the well. Remove the plastic cap from the well bore by first lifting the metal lever and then unscrewing the entire assembly.
- 5.2 Using a dedicated one liter Teflon bailer or submersible pump, purge a minimum of three well volumes. Place the water in storage container for transport to a ROC disposal facility.
- 5.3 If using a bailer, take care to insure that the bailing device and string does not become cross-contaminated. A clean pair of nitrile gloves should be used when handling either the retrieval string or bailer. The retrieval string should not be allowed to come into contact with the ground.

6.0 Sampling Procedure

- 6.1 Once the well has been bailed in accordance with 5.2 of this procedure, a sample may be decanted into the appropriate sample collection jar directly from the bailer or submersible pump.
- 6.2 Note the time of collection on the sample jar with a fine Sharpie.
- 6.3 Place the sample directly on ice for transport to the laboratory. The preceding table shows the maximum hold times between collection and testing for the various analyses.

6.4 Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

7.0 Documentation

- 7.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - A. Project and sample name.
 - B. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - C. Results of the requested analyses
 - D. Test Methods employed
 - E. Quality Control methods and results

Calculation for Determining the Minimum Bailing Volume for Monitor Wells Formula V= (πr²h) 2" well [V/231=gal] X 3 = Purge Volume

V=Volume π=pi r=inside radius of the well bore h=maximum height of well bore in water table

Example:

π	r ²	h(in)	V(cu.in)	V(gal)	X 3 Volumes	Actual
3.1416	1	180	565.488	2.448	7.34 gal	>10 gal

Quality Procedure Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms For TPH and Chloride Analysis

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining final composite soil samples for TPH and Chloride analysis.

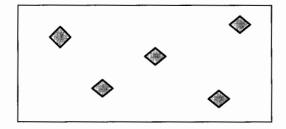
2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used in conjunction with *Quality Procedure – 02: Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory* and will be inserted at subparagraph 5.2 of Section 5.0: Sampling Procedure.

3.0 Sampling Procedure

Follow *Quality Procedure – 02: Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory* for all Sections and subparagraphs until subparagraph 5.2 of Section 5.0: Sampling Procedure. Instead of 5.2 instructions, perform the composite sample collection procedure as follows:

- 3.1 Go to the excavation with a new plastic baggie. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to obtain the soil. If the excavation is deeper than 6' BGS, do not enter the pit, but use a backhoe to assist in procurement of the sample. (If a backhoe is used, the backhoe will obtain an amount of soil from each composite point; bring the purchase to the surface staging area where a sample-portion of soil will be extracted from the backhoe purchase. The remainder of the backhoe purchase will be staged on the surface with other staged soils.)
- 3.2 Sidewall samples
 - 3.2.1 On each sidewall, procure a 5oz sample from each of five distinct points on the sidewall with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern:



- 3.2.2 Thoroughly blend these five samples in a labeled baggie.
- 3.2.3 Repeat steps 3.2.1 through 3.2.4 for each remaining sidewall.
- 3.2.4 From each labeled baggie, procure a 5 oz portion and pour into a baggie labeled "Sidewall Composite". Blend this soil mixture completely.
- 3.2.5 Obtain proper laboratory sample container for "Sidewall Composite" and continue with subparagraph 5.3 of QP 01.
- 3.3 Bottom Sample
 - 3.3.1 From bottom of excavation, procure a 5oz sample from each of five distinct points with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern as illustrated above.
 - 3.3.2 Thoroughly blend these five samples in a clean baggie.
 - 3.3.3 Obtain proper laboratory sample container for "Bottom Composite" and continue with subparagraph 5.3 of QP 01.

QUALITY PROCEDURE Sampling and Testing Protocol for VOC in Soil

1.0 Purpose

This procedure is to be used to determine the concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds in soils.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used as the standard field measurement for soil VOC concentrations. It is not to be used as a substitute for full spectrographic speciation of organic compounds.

3.0 Procedure

- 3.1 Sample Collection and Preparation
 - 3.1.1 Collect at least 500 g. of soil from the sample collection point. Take care to insure that the sample is representative of the general background to include visible concentrations of hydrocarbons and soil types. If necessary, prepare a composite sample of soils obtained at several points in the sample area. Take care to insure that no loose vegetation, rocks or liquids are included in the sample(s).
 - 3.1.2 The soil sample(s) shall be immediately inserted into a one-quart or larger polyethylene freezer bag and sealed. When sealed, the bag should contain a nearly equal space between the soil sample and trapped air. Record the sample name and the time that the sample was collected on the Field Analytical Report Form.
 - 3.1.3 The sealed samples shall be allowed to set for a minimum of five minutes at a temperature of between 10-15 Celsius, (59-77⁰F). The sample temperatures may be adjusted by cooling the sample in ice, or by heating the sample within a generally controlled environment such as the inside of a vehicle. The samples should not be placed directly on heated surfaces or placed in direct heat sources such as lamps or heater vents.
 - 3.1.4 The sealed sample bag should be massaged to break up any clods, and to provide the soil sample with as much exposed surface area as practically possible.

- 3.2 Sampling Procedure
 - 3.2.1 The instrument to be used in conducting VOC concentration testing shall be a RAE Systems Photoionization device. (Device will be identified on VOC Field Test Report Form.) Prior to use, the instrument shall be zeroed-out in accordance with the appropriate maintenance and calibration procedure outlined in the instrument operation manual. The PID device will be calibrated each day it's used.
 - 3.2.2 Carefully open one end of the collection bag and insert the probe tip into the bag taking care that the probe tip not touch the soil sample or the sidewalls of the bag.
 - 3.2.3 Set the instrument to retain the highest result reading value. Record the reading onto the Field Test Report Form.
 - 3.2.4 If the instrument provides a reading exceeding 100 ppm, proceed to QP-7. If the reading is 100 ppm or less, NMOCD BTEX guideline has been met and no further testing for BTEX is necessary. File the Field Test Report Form in the project file.

4.0 Clean-up

After testing, the soil samples shall be returned to the sampling location, and the bags collected for off-site disposal. IN NO CASE SHALL THE SAME BAG BE USED TWICE. EACH SAMPLE CONTAINER MUST BE DISCARDED AFTER EACH USE.

Quality Procedure Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms For BTEX

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining final composite soil samples for BTEX analysis.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used when collecting soil samples intended for ultimate transfer to a testing laboratory for BTEX analysis. This procedure is to be used only when the PID field-test results for OVM exceeds 100 ppm.

3.0 Preliminary

3.1 Obtain sterile, clear, 2 oz. glass containers with Teflon lid from a laboratory supply company or the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the soil.

4.0 Chain of Custody

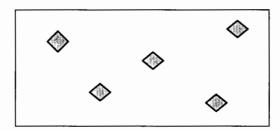
- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the number, location and designation of each planned sample and the individual tests to be performed on the sample. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label.) Affix the labels to the jars.

5.0 Sampling Procedure

- 5.1.Do not touch the soil with your bare hands. Use new nitrile gloves to help minimize any cross-contamination.
- 5.2.If safe and within OSHA regulations, go to the sampling point with the sample container. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to

obtain the soil. If the excavation is deeper than 6' BGS, do not enter the pit, but use a backhoe to assist in procurement of the sample. (If a backhoe is used, the backhoe will obtain an amount of soil from each composite point; bring the purchase to the surface staging area where a sample-portion of soil will be extracted from the backhoe purchase. The remainder of the backhoe purchase will be staged on the surface with other staged soils.)

- 5.3.Sidewall Samples
 - 5.3.1.On each sidewall, procure a 2oz sample from each of five distinct points on the sidewall with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern:



- 5.4.Pack the soil tightly into the container leaving the top slightly domed. Screw the lid down tightly. Enter the time of collection onto the sample collection jar label. Repeat for each sampling point.
- 5.5.Place the samples directly on ice for transport to the laboratory if required.
- 5.6.Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

6.0 Documentation

- 6.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - a. Project and sample name.
 - b. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - c. Results of the requested analyses
 - d. Test Methods employed
 - e. Quality Control methods and results

Procedure for Plugging & Abandonment of Cased Water Monitoring Wells

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed to plug and abandon cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells located in the State of New Mexico

3.0 Preliminary

3.1 No well may be drilled, modified or plugged without NMOCD approval. Additional approvals may be required if the well is situated in a sensitive area, within municipal jurisdictions or on federal or tribal lands.

4.0 Plugging

4.1 Each bore will be filled with a 1% - 3% bentonite/concrete slurry to three feet bgs. The remaining three feet will be capped with concrete only.

4.2 All wellheads will be removed to below ground surface.

5.0 Records

5.1 The company plugging the well shall prepare a report on their company letter head listing the site name and describing general well construction including total depth of the well, the diameter of casing, material used to plug the well (e.g. bentonite/cement slurry), and date of the plugging operation.

5.2 It is recommended but not required that photographs of the final surface restoration be taken and included within the records.

5.3 Copies of the plugging report shall be submitted to all appropriate agencies and retained by the well operator for a minimum period of ten years.