18-427-362

WORKPLANS

b-20-13

P.O. Box 2948 Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone 575.393.2967

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT NO. 7008 1140 0001 3072 4635

June 20th, 2013

Mr. Edward Hansen

New Mexico Energy, Minerals, & Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division, Environmental Bureau 1220 S. St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505



JUN 24 2013

Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: Investigation and Characterization Plan Rice Operating Company – EME SWD System EME C-5 EOL (1R427-362): UL/C sec. 5 T21S R36E

Mr. Hansen:

RICE Operating Company (ROC) has retained Rice Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS) to address potential environmental concerns at the above-referenced site in the EME Salt Water Disposal (SWD) system. ROC is the service provider (agent) for the EME SWD System and has no ownership of any portion of the pipeline, well, or facility. The system is owned by a consortium of oil producers, System Parties, who provide all operating capital on a percentage ownership/usage basis.

For all such environmental projects, ROC will choose the path forward that:

- Protects public health,
- Provides the greatest net environmental benefit,
- Complies with NMOCD Rules, and
- Is supported by good science.

Each site shall generally have three submissions:

- 1. This <u>Investigation and Characterization Plan</u> (ICP) is proposed for gathering data and site characterization and assessment.
- 2. Upon evaluating the data and results from the ICP, a recommended remedy will be submitted in a <u>Corrective Action Plan</u> (CAP), if warranted.
- 3. Finally, after implementing the remedy, a <u>Termination Request</u> with final documentation will be submitted.

Background and Previous Work

The site is located approximately 7 miles south of Monument, New Mexico at UL/C sec. 5 T21S R36E as shown on the Site Location Map (Figure 1 & 2). An updated groundwater study of NM OSE records, conducted in 2013, indicate that groundwater will likely be encountered at a depth of approximately 180 +/- feet.

In 2011, ROC initiated work on the former EME C-5 EOL junction box. The site was delineated using a backhoe to form a 25 ft x 15 ft x 12 ft deep excavation and soil samples were screened at regular intervals for both hydrocarbons and chlorides. From the excavation, the four-wall composite, the bottom composite and the blended backfill were taken to a commercial laboratory for analysis. Laboratory tests of the four-wall composite showed a chloride reading of 304 mg/kg, a gasoline range organics.(GRO) reading of non-detect and a diesel range organics (DRO) reading of 50.7 mg/kg. The bottom composite showed a chloride laboratory reading of 912 mg/kg, a GRO reading of non-detect and a DRO reading of 73.7 mg/kg. The blended backfill showed a chloride laboratory reading of 256 mg/kg, and GRO reading of non-detect and a DRO reading of 31.5 mg/kg. The site was backfilled with the blended soil and the area was contoured to the surrounding landscape. A total of 72 yards of blended soil was taken to a NMOCD approved facility for disposal. On December 28th, 2011, the site was seeded with a blend of native vegetation. NMOCD was notified of potential groundwater impact on April 9th, 2012 and a junction box disclosure report (Appendix A) was submitted to NMOCD with all the 2011 junction box closures and disclosures.

ROC proposes additional investigative work at the site to determine if there is potential for groundwater degradation from residual chlorides at the site.

Proposed Work Elements

- 1. Conduct vertical and lateral delineation of residual chlorides and hydrocarbons from samples taken using a drill rig, hand augur and/or backhoe (see Appendix B for Quality Procedures).
 - a. Vertical sampling will be conducted until of the following criteria are met in the field.
 - i. Three samples in which the chloride concentration decreases and the third sample has a chloride concentration of ≤ 250 ppm; and,
 - ii. Three samples in which PID readings decrease and the third sample has a PID reading of ≤ 100 ppm; or,
 - iii. The sampling reaches the capillary fringe.
 - b. Lateral sampling will be conducted until the following criteria are met in the field.
 - i. A decrease is observed in chloride concentrations between lateral bores at similar depths; and,
 - ii. A chloride concentration of ≤ 250 ppm is observed in a lateral surface sample; or,
 - iii. Safety concerns impede further lateral delineation

2. If warranted, install a monitor well to provide direct measurement of the potential

only a vadose zone remedy will be undertaken. However, if groundwater shows impact from residual chlorides, a CAP will be developed to address these concerns.

RECS appreciates the opportunity to work with you on this project. Please call Hack Conder at (575) 393-9174 or me if you have any questions or wish to discuss the site.

Sincerely,

Lara Weinheimer

Project Scientist

RECS

(575) 441-0431

Attachments:

Figure 1 – Site Location Map

Appendix A - Junction Box Disclosure Report

Appendix B – Quality Procedures



RICE Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS)
P.O. Box 2948 Hobbs, NM 88241
Phone 575.393.2967

Site Location Map

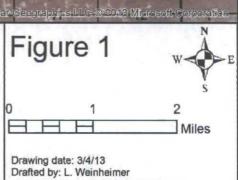
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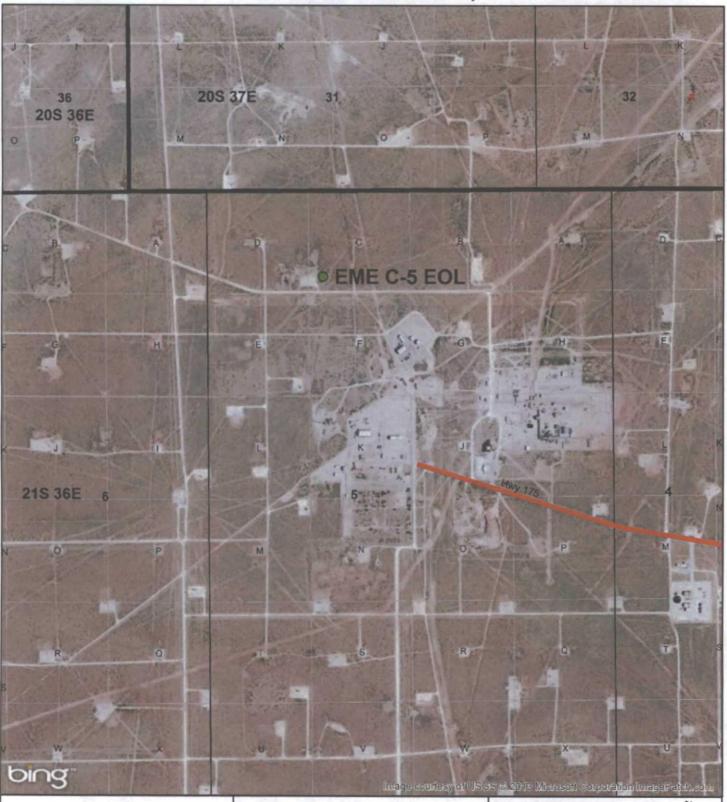
EME C-5 EOL

LEGALS: UL/C sec. 5 T-21-S R-36-E LEA COUNTY, NM

NMOCD CASE #: 1R427-362



Site Location Map

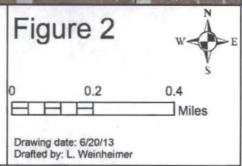


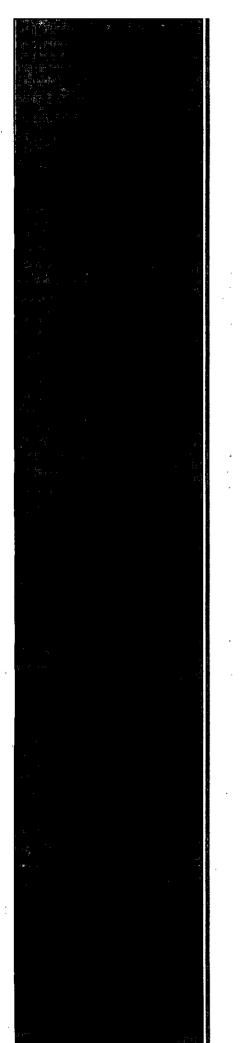


EME C-5 EOL

LEGALS: UL/C sec. 5 T-21-S R-36-E LEA COUNTY, NM

NMOCD CASE #: 1R427-362





Appendix A

Junction Box Disclosure Report

RICE OPERATING COMPANY JUNCTION BOX DISCLOSURE* REPORT

BOX LOCATION

	SWD SYSTEM	JUNCTION	UNIT	SECTION	TOWNSHIP	RANGE	COUNTY		DIMENSIONS - FE	ET
	Eurice Monument Euront (EME)	C-5 EOL	С	5	.218	36E	Lea	Lengih	Width Eliminated	Depth
	·			l	l	I	<u> </u>		Ellitikiated	
	LAND TYPE:	BLM	STATE X	. FEE LA!	NDOWNER			OTHER	<u> </u>	
	Depth to Grou	indwater	162	feet	NM	IOCD SITE A	SSESSME	ENT RANKING S	SCORE:	0
	Date Started	10/21	/2011	Date Co	mpleted	12/28/2011	00	D Witness	No	•
	Soil Excavated	166.7	cubic yar	ds Ex	cavation Le	ength 25	Wi	dth15	Depth 1	2 teet
	Soil Disposed	72	cubic yan	ds C	Offsite Facility	Sundance	e Services	Location	Eunice,	NM
FIN	NAL ANALYT	ICAL RES	SULTS:	Sam	ple Daté	11/23/201	l 1	Sample De	epth	12'
Pro	cure 5-point com	•		-	•	•			•	ults completed
		· by ι	ising an appr	oved lab and	testing proce	dures pursua	ant to NM(OCD guidelines.		
								CHLO	RIDE FIELD TE	979
	Sample	PID (fie	eld) G	RÓ	DRO	Chloride	— г			T
	Location	ppm	, mi	g/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	L	LOCATION	DEPTH	mg/kg
	ВОТТОМ СОМР	6.7	<1	00	73.7	912		bottom comp.	12'	683
	4-WALL COMP.	9.7	<1	0.0	50.7	304		4-wall comp.	N/A	468
BI	LENDED BACKFI	ILL 7.4	<1	0.0	31.5	256		blended backfill	N/A	293
		-	-					background	6"	178
Ger	neral Description	n of Remedia	Il Action:	This junction	was etiminated	d during the			2'	115
pipe	tine replacement/u	pgrade progra	m. After the f	ormer junction	box was remo	oved, an		-	4'	286
inve	stigation was cond	lucted using a	backhoe to co	llect soil samp	les at regular	intervals		vertical delineation	6'	367
proc	ducing a 25x15x12-	ft excavation.	Chloride field	tests perform	ed on each sa	mple yielded	li	rench at 15' east of source	8.	412
COL	centrations that inc	reased with de	pth. Organic	vapors were r	neasured using	g a PID which	_		10'	390
yiek	ded relatively low o	oncentrations.	The excavate	ed soil was ble	nded on site, a	and	_		12'	622
repr	esentative compos	ite samples of	the excavatio	n bottom, the	excavation wa	lls, and the				
bler	ided backfill were s	ent to a comm	ercial laborato	ory for analysis	of chioride ar	nd TPH. The e	excavation	was backfilled wit	h the blended ba	ckfill soil
to g	round surface and	contoured to t	he surrounding	g area. A tota	of 72 yards o	f soil was take	n to a NMC	CD approved dis	posal facility. On)
12/2	28/2011, the site wa	s seeded with	a blend of na	tive vegetation	and is expec	ted to return to	a producti	ve capacity at a r	iormal rate. NM0	oco .
was	notified of potentia	al groundwater	impact on 4/9	/2012.						
				ADDITIONA	L EVALUATIO	ON IS <u>LOW</u> P	RIÖRITY			
					enck	osures: photos.	tab results, F	PID (field) screening	gs, chloride curve,	revegetation form
1 }	HEREBY CERTIF	Y THAT THE	INFORMAT	ION ABOVE	IS TRUE AN	D COMPLET	E TO THE	BEST OF MY K	NOWLEDGE A	AND BELIEF.
SITE	SUPERVISOR	Dyllan Yarbro	ough Si	GNATURE	tothe h	· Chen				
Α	REPORT SSEMBLED BY	Amy C. Ru	th SK	SMATURE /	Very	IZM	<u> </u>	COMPANY	. RICE OPERATI	ING COMPANY
PRO	JECT LEADER	Zach Cond	er Si	GNATURE	3		-	DATE	4-17-12	2
		*This site	e is a "DISCLOS	URE." ITWII b	e placed on a pri	ionitized list of s	ımilar sites f	or further considera	ition.	

EME C-5 EOL

Unit C, Section 5, T21S, R36E



Excavating the former junction box, facing east 10.21.11



Collecting a soil sample, facing south

11.3.11



Backfilling excavation, facing north

12.16.11



Exporting spoil pile, facing south

12.21.11



Seeding site, facing north

12.28.11



Site complete, facing north

12.30.11



December 02, 2011

Bruce Baker

Rice Operating Company

112 W. Taylor

Hobbs, NM 88240

RE: EME C-5 EOL

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 11/23/11 14:23.

Cardinal Laboratories is accredited through Texas NELAP for:

Method SW-846 8021

Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene, and Total Xylenes

Method SW-846 8260

Benzene, Toluene, Ethyl Benzene, and Total Xylenes

Method TX 1005

Total Petroleum Hydorcarbons

Certificate number T104704398-08-TX. Accreditation applies to solid and chemical materials and non-potable water matrices.

Cardinal Laboratories is accreditated through the State of Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment for:

Method EPA 552.2

Haloacetic Acids (HAA-5)

Method EPA 524.2

Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)

Method EPA 524.4

Regulated VOCs (V2, V3)

Accreditation applies to public drinking water matrices.

Celeg & Keine -

This report meets NELAP requirements and is made up of a cover page, analytical results, and a copy of the original chain-of-custody. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Celey D. Keene

Lab Director/Quality Manager

Page 1 of 5



Analytical Results For:

Rice Operating Company Bruce Baker 112 W. Taylor Hobbs NM, 88240

Fax To:

(575) 397-1471

Received: Reported: 11/23/2011

12/02/2011

Project Name:

EME C-5 EOL

Project Number:

NONE GIVEN

Sampling Date:

11/23/2011

Sampling Type:

Soil

Sampling Condition:

Cool & Intact

Project Location:

NOT GIVEN

Sample Received By:

Jodi Henson

Sample ID: 4-WALL COMP (H102549-01)

Chioride, SM45D0CI-B	mg/kg		Anaiyze	d By: HM					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	85	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	304	16.0	11/28/2011 -	ND	4-i 8	112	400	3.64	
TPH 8015M	mg	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	85	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualitier
GRO C6-C10	<10.0	10.0	12/01/2011	ND	170	85.1	200	1.77	
DRO >C10-C28	50.7	10.0	12/01/2011	ND	176	87.8	200	0.0911	
Surrogate, 1-Chloroociane	123	% 35 5-15	1						
Surragate 1-Chlorooctadecane	109	% 5" 6-13	8						

Sample ID: 5 PT. BOTTOM COMP (H102549-02)

Chloride, SM4500CI-B	mg	/kg	Analyze	d By: AP					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	912	16.0	11/29/2011	ND	448	112	400	3.64	
TPH 8015M	ur ð	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS			·	·	
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10	<10.0	10.0	12/01/2011	ND	170	85.1	200	1.77	
DRO >C10-C28	73.7	10.0	12/01/2011	МĎ	175	87.8	200	0.0911	
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	113	% 55,5-15	4	,		<u> </u>		 _	
Surrogana: Le blocopetisticana	09.0	96 5° 6.15	c						

Cardinal Laboratories

=Accredited Analyte

Celegia truca-



Analytical Results For:

Rice Operating Company

Bruce Baker 112 W. Taylor

Hobbs NM, 88240

Fax To:

(575) 397-1471

Received:

11/23/2011

Reported:

12/02/2011

Project Name:

EME C-5 EOL NONE GIVEN

Project Number: Project Location:

NOT GIVEN

Sampling Date:

11/23/2011

Sampling Type:

Soil

Sampling Condition:

Cool & Intact

Sample Received By:

Jodi Henson

Sample ID: BLENDED BACKFILL (H102549-03)

Chloride, SM4500CI-8	mg/kg		Anatyze	d By: AP					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	88	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	256	16.0	11/29/2011	ND	448	112	400	3.64	
TPH 8015M	mg	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Artalyte	Fesult	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Pecovery	True Valiz QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10	<10.0	10.0	12/01/2011	ND	176	85.1	200	1.77	•
DRO >C10-C28	31.5	0.01	12/01/2011	ND	176	87.8	200	0.0911	
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctone	124	94 35.5-15	1						<u></u>
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	105	3; 576-15	8					•	•



Cardinal Laboratories

*=Accredited Analyte

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Celay Z. Krena ..



Notes and Definitions

ND F Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit

RPD Relative Percent Difference

Samples not received at proper temperature of 6°C or below.

Insufficient time to reach temperature.

Chloride by SM4S00CI-B does not require samples be received at or below 6°C

Samples reported on an as received basis (wet) unless otherwise noted on report



Cardinal Laboratories

*=Accredited Analyte

PLEASE NOTE: LOTHING AND DURINGES. Communic leasing and circity extenses referrely for any claim arms, whether based in content or our, thill be hered to the entire of purity. On the first extenses. All claims, including mosts on separating and any content or communication of the applicable service of the applicable service. In no entry this Curcius to base the studential or consequenced garages and content or purity of the applicable service. Displaces interriptions pass of use or four of purity necessary of the content of the performance of the interview for the content of the performance of the interview for the content of the performance of the pe

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[†] Cardinal carnot accept verbal changes. Please fax written changes to 505 393-2476

RICE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING & SAFETY

122 West Taylor Hobbs, NM 88240
PHONE: (505) 393-9174 FAX: (505) 397-1471
PID METER CALIBRATION & FIELD REPORT FORM

CK. X MODEL. NO. LOT NO :HAL-248-	100-1 ME	SERIAL SERIAL SERIAI. ON: ISOBUTYI	NO: 590-001413 NO: 590-000504 NO: 592-903318 NO: 590-000183 ENE 100PPM / AIR: F EXPIRATION DATE:		
		CO	MPANY		
			RICE		<u> </u>
SYSTEM	JUNCTION	UNIT	SECTION	TOWN SHIP	RANGE
ЕМЕ	C-5 EOI.	C	5	218	36E
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SPT	ВОТТОМ	6.7	,		
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I verify that I have calibrated the above instrument in accordance to the manufacture operation manua.

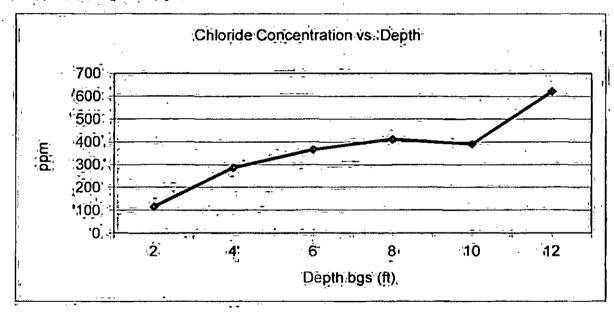
SIGNATURE CONTRACTOR

DATE: 11-23-2011

EME C-5 EOL. Unit C Sec 5 T21S R36E

Backhoe samples at 15 ft East of the junction (source)

•	Depth bgs (ft)	[Cl],ppm
ı		115-
1	41	286
i	6.	367
1		(412 : i
1		:390⊂ '
1	. 12	<u>622:</u>



+Groundwater = 162 ft



PO Box 5630 Hobbs, NM 88241 Phone: (575) 393-4411 Fax: (575) 393-0293

REVEGETATION FORM

1. General Information EME C-5 EOL Site name: U/L Section Township Range County Latitude Longitude 32° 31.154' T21S **R36E** C 5 Lea 103* 17.476' Hack Conder Contact Name: hconder@riceswd.com Email: Map detail of site attached 🗵 square feet: 300 Site size: 20X15 Additional information: *Do not rip caliche subsoils; caliche rocks brought to the surface by ripping shall be removed. 2. Soils Salvaged from site Imported 🗌 Bioremediated Blended 🛛 Depth (in): Texture: Caliche Mix Describe soil & subsoil: Fine Soil prep methods: Rip Depth(in): Disc 📗 Depth (in): Rollerpack 🔲 Date completed: 12/21/2011 3. Bioremediation Fertilizer 🗍 Hay 🔲 Other 🔲 Describe: Type: Lbs/acre: *Attach seed bag tags to this form. Seed bag tags shall contain the site name and S-T-R. Prescribed mix Seed mix name: Custom seed mix 🛛 2.5 lbs. Blue Grama Seeding date: 12/28/2011 Broadcast X Method: Hand broadcast Soil conditions during seeding: Dry 🗌 Damp 🔲 Wei 🔯 Photos attached Observations: Number of photos: 5. Certification | Thereby certify that the information in this form and attachments is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. Name: Dyllan Yarbrough Title: Environmental Tech Date: 12/28/2011 Signature:





RICE Environmental Consulting and Safety (RECS)
P.O. Box 2948 Hobbs, NM 88241
Phone 575.393.2967

Quality Procedures

Table of Contents

QP-1	Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory
QP-2	Chloride Titration Using 0.282 Normal Silver Nitrate Solution
QP-3	Development of Cased Water-Monitoring Wells
QP-4	Sampling of Cased Water-Monitoring Well
QP-5	Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms for TPH and Chloride Analysis
QP-6	Sampling and Testing Protocol for VOC in soil
QP-7.	Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms for BTEX
OP-8	Procedure for Plugging and Abandonment of Cased Water-Monitoring wells

Quality Procedure Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining soil samples to be taken to a laboratory for analysis.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used when collecting soil samples intended for ultimate transfer to a testing laboratory.

3.0 Preliminary

- 3.1 Obtain sterile sampling containers from the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the soil.
- 3.2 If collecting TPH, BTEX, RCRA 8 metals, cation /anions or O&G, the sample jar may be a clear 4 oz. container with Teflon lid. If collecting PAH's, use an amber 4 oz. container.

4.0 Chain of Custody

- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the number, location and designation of each planned sample and the individual tests to be performed on the sample. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label.) Affix the labels to the jars.

5.0 Sampling Procedure

- 5.1 Do not touch the soil with your bare hands. Use new nitrile gloves to help minimize any contamination.
- 5.2 Go to the sampling point with the sample container. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to obtain the soil.

- 5.3 Pack the soil tightly into the container leaving the top slightly domed. Screw the lid down tightly. Enter the time of collection onto the sample collection jar label.
- 5.4 Place the sample directly on ice for transport to the laboratory if required.
- 5.5 Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

6.0 Documentation

- 6.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - a. Project and sample name.
 - b. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - c. Results of the requested analyses
 - d. Test Methods employed
 - e. Quality Control methods and results

QUALITY PROCEDURE

Chloride Titration Using 0.282 Normal Silver Nitrate Solution

1.0 Purpose

This procedure is to be used to determine the concentration of chloride in soil.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used as the standard field measurement for soil chloride concentrations.

3.0 Sample Collection and Preparation

- 3.1 Collect at least 80 grams of soil from the sample collection point. Take care to insure that the sample is representative of the general background to include visible concentrations of hydrocarbons and soil types. If necessary, prepare a composite sample for soils obtained at several points in the sample area. Take care to insure that no loose vegetation, rocks or liquids are included in the sample(s).
- 3.2 The soil sample(s) shall be immediately inserted into a one-quart or larger polyethylene freezer bag. Care should be taken to insure that no cross-contamination occurs between the soil sample and the collection tools or sample processing equipment.
- 3.3 The sealed sample bag should be massaged to break up any clods.

4.0 Sample Preparation

- 4.1 Tare a clean glass vial having a minimum 40 ml capacity. Add at least 10 grams of the soil sample and record the weight.
- 4.2 Add at least 20 grams of reverse osmosis water to the soil sample and shake well.
- 4.3 Allow the sample to set for a period of 5 minutes or until the separation of soil and water.

5.0 Titration Procedure

- 5.1 Using a graduated pipette, remove 10 ml extract and dispense into a clean plastic cup.
- 5.2 Add 2-3 drops potassium chromate (K₂CrO₄) to mixture if necessary.

- 5.3 Using a 1 ml pipette, carefully add .282 normal silver nitrate (one drop at a time) to the sample while constantly agitating it. Stop adding silver nitrate when the solution begins to change from yellow to red. Be consistent with endpoint recognition.
- 5.4 Record the ml of silver nitrate used.

6.0 Calculation

To obtain the chloride concentration, insert measured data into the following formula:

Using Step 5.0, determine the chloride concentration of the RO water used to mix with the soil sample. Record this concentration and subtract it from the formula results to find the net chloride in the soil sample.

Record all results on the delineation form.

Quality Procedure Development of Cased Water-Monitoring Wells

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed to develop cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells. It is not to be used for standing water samples such as ponds or streams.

3.0 Sample Collection and Preparation

- 3.1 Prior to development, the static water level and height of the water column within the well casing will be measured with the use of an electric D.C. probe.
- 3.2 All measurements will be recorded within a field log notebook.
- 3.3 All equipment used to measure the static water level will be decontaminated after each use by means of Liquinox, a phosphate free laboratory detergent, and water to reduce the possibility of cross-contamination. The volume of water in each well casing will be calculated.

4.0 Purging

- 4.1 Wells will be purged by using a 2" decontaminated submersible pump or dedicated one liter Teflon bailer. Wells should be purged until the pH and conductivity are stabilized and the turbidity has been reduced to the greatest extent possible.
- 4.2 If a submersible is used the pump will be decontaminated prior to use by scrubbing the outside surface of tubing and wiring with a Liquinox water mixture, pumping a Liquinox-water mixture through the pump, and a final flush with fresh water.

5.0 Water Disposal

5.1 All purge and decontamination water will be temporarily stored within a portable tank to be later disposed of in an appropriate manner.

6.0 Records

6.1 Rice Environmental Consulting and Safety will record the amount of water removed from the well during development procedures. The purge volume will be reported to the appropriate regulatory authority when filing the closure report.

Quality Procedure Sampling of Cased Water-Monitoring Well

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed in obtaining water samples from cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells. It is not to be used for standing water samples such as ponds or streams.

3.0 Preliminary

- 3.1 Obtain sterile sampling containers from the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the water.
- 3.2 The following table shall be used to select the appropriate sampling container, preservative method and holding times for the various elements and compounds to be analyzed.

Compound to be Analyzed	Sample Container Size	Sample Container Description	Cap Requirements	Preservative	Maximum Hold Time
BTEX	40 ml	VOA Container	Teflon Lined	HCL	14 days
TPH (8015 Extended)	40 ounces	(2) 40ml VOA vials	Teflon Lined	HCL and Ice	14 days
PAH ·	1 liter	amber glass	Teflon Lined	Ice	7 days
Cation/Anion	1 liter	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	None	48 Hrs
Metals	1 liter	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	Ice/HNO ₃	28 Days
TDS	300 ml	clear glass or 250 ml HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	Ice	7 Days
Cl-	500 ml	HD polyethylene	Any Plastic	None	28 Days

4.0 Chain of Custody

- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the well identification and the individual tests to be performed at that location. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label). Affix the labels to the jars.

5.0 Bailing Procedure

- 5.1 Identify the well from the sites schematics. Place pre-labeled jar(s) next to the well. Remove the plastic cap from the well bore by first lifting the metal lever and then unscrewing the entire assembly.
- 5.2 Using a dedicated one liter Teflon bailer or submersible pump, purge a minimum of three well volumes. Place the water in storage container for transport to a ROC disposal facility.
- 5.3 If using a bailer, take care to insure that the bailing device and string does not become cross-contaminated. A clean pair of nitrile gloves should be used when handling either the retrieval string or bailer. The retrieval string should not be allowed to come into contact with the ground.

6.0 Sampling Procedure

- 6.1 Once the well has been bailed in accordance with 5.2 of this procedure, a sample may be decanted into the appropriate sample collection jar directly from the bailer or submersible pump.
- 6.2 Note the time of collection on the sample jar with a fine Sharpie.
- 6.3 Place the sample directly on ice for transport to the laboratory. The preceding table shows the maximum hold times between collection and testing for the various analyses.

6.4 Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

7.0 Documentation

- 7.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - A. Project and sample name.
 - B. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - C. Results of the requested analyses
 - D. Test Methods employed
 - E. Quality Control methods and results

Calculation for Determining the Minimum Bailing Volume for Monitor Wells Formula V= $(\pi r^2 h)$ 2" well [V/231=gal] X 3 = Purge Volume

V=Volume

π=pi

r=inside radius of the well bore

h=maximum height of well bore in water table

Example:

π	. r ²	h(in)	V(cu.in)	V(gal)	X 3 Volumes	Actual
3.1416	1	180	565.488	2.448	7.34 gal	>10 gal

Quality Procedure Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms For TPH and Chloride Analysis

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining final composite soil samples for TPH and Chloride analysis.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used in conjunction with *Quality Procedure* – 02: Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory and will be inserted at subparagraph 5.2 of Section 5.0: Sampling Procedure.

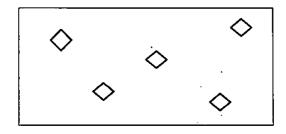
3.0 Sampling Procedure

Follow *Quality Procedure – 02: Soil Samples for Transportation to a Laboratory* for all Sections and subparagraphs until subparagraph 5.2 of Section 5.0: Sampling Procedure. Instead of 5.2 instructions, perform the composite sample collection procedure as follows:

3.1 Go to the excavation with a new plastic baggie. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to obtain the soil. If the excavation is deeper than 6' BGS, do not enter the pit, but use a backhoe to assist in procurement of the sample. (If a backhoe is used, the backhoe will obtain an amount of soil from each composite point; bring the purchase to the surface staging area where a sample-portion of soil will be extracted from the backhoe purchase. The remainder of the backhoe purchase will be staged on the surface with other staged soils.)

3.2 Sidewall samples

3.2.1 On each sidewall, procure a 5oz sample from each of five distinct points on the sidewall with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern:



- 3.2.2 Thoroughly blend these five samples in a labeled baggie.
- 3.2.3 Repeat steps 3.2.1 through 3.2.4 for each remaining sidewall.
- 3.2.4 From each labeled baggie, procure a 5 oz portion and pour into a baggie labeled "Sidewall Composite". Blend this soil mixture completely.
- 3.2.5 Obtain proper laboratory sample container for "Sidewall Composite" and continue with subparagraph 5.3 of QP 01.

3.3 Bottom Sample

- 3.3.1 From bottom of excavation, procure a 5oz sample from each of five distinct points with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern as illustrated above.
- 3.3.2 Thoroughly blend these five samples in a clean baggie.
- 3.3.3 Obtain proper laboratory sample container for "Bottom Composite" and continue with subparagraph 5.3 of QP 01.

QUALITY PROCEDURE Sampling and Testing Protocol for VOC in Soil

1.0 Purpose

This procedure is to be used to determine the concentrations of Volatile Organic Compounds in soils.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used as the standard field measurement for soil VOC concentrations. It is not to be used as a substitute for full spectrographic speciation of organic compounds.

3.0 Procedure

- 3.1 Sample Collection and Preparation
 - 3.1.1 Collect at least 500 g. of soil from the sample collection point. Take care to insure that the sample is representative of the general background to include visible concentrations of hydrocarbons and soil types. If necessary, prepare a composite sample of soils obtained at several points in the sample area. Take care to insure that no loose vegetation, rocks or liquids are included in the sample(s).
 - 3.1.2 The soil sample(s) shall be immediately inserted into a one-quart or larger polyethylene freezer bag and sealed. When sealed, the bag should contain a nearly equal space between the soil sample and trapped air. Record the sample name and the time that the sample was collected on the Field Analytical Report Form.
 - 3.1.3 The sealed samples shall be allowed to set for a minimum of five minutes at a temperature of between 10-15 Celsius, (59-77 F). The sample temperatures may be adjusted by cooling the sample in ice, or by heating the sample within a generally controlled environment such as the inside of a vehicle. The samples should not be placed directly on heated surfaces or placed in direct heat sources such as lamps or heater vents.
 - 3.1.4 The sealed sample bag should be massaged to break up any clods, and to provide the soil sample with as much exposed surface area as practically possible.

3.2 Sampling Procedure

- 3.2.1 The instrument to be used in conducting VOC concentration testing shall be a RAE Systems Photoionization device. (Device will be identified on VOC Field Test Report Form.) Prior to use, the instrument shall be zeroed-out in accordance with the appropriate maintenance and calibration procedure outlined in the instrument operation manual. The PID device will be calibrated each day it's used.
- 3.2.2 Carefully open one end of the collection bag and insert the probe tip into the bag taking care that the probe tip not touch the soil sample or the sidewalls of the bag.
- 3.2.3 Set the instrument to retain the highest result reading value. Record the reading onto the Field Test Report Form.
- 3.2.4 If the instrument provides a reading exceeding 100 ppm, proceed to QP-7. If the reading is 100 ppm or less, NMOCD BTEX guideline has been met and no further testing for BTEX is necessary. File the Field Test Report Form in the project file.

4.0 Clean-up

After testing, the soil samples shall be returned to the sampling location, and the bags collected for off-site disposal. IN NO CASE SHALL THE SAME BAG BE USED TWICE. EACH SAMPLE CONTAINER MUST BE DISCARDED AFTER EACH USE.

Quality Procedure Composite Sampling of Excavation Sidewalls and Bottoms For BTEX

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed when obtaining final composite soil samples for BTEX analysis.

2.0 Scope

This procedure is to be used when collecting soil samples intended for ultimate transfer to a testing laboratory for BTEX analysis. This procedure is to be used only when the PID field-test results for OVM exceeds 100 ppm.

3.0 Preliminary

3.1 Obtain sterile, clear, 2 oz. glass containers with Teflon lid from a laboratory supply company or the testing laboratory designated to conduct analyses of the soil.

4.0 Chain of Custody

- 4.1 Prepare a Sample Plan. The plan will list the number, location and designation of each planned sample and the individual tests to be performed on the sample. The sampler will check the list against the available inventory of appropriate sample collection bottles to insure against shortage.
- 4.2 Transfer the data to the Laboratory Chain of Custody Form. Complete all sections of the form except those that relate to the time of delivery of the samples to the laboratory.
- 4.3 Pre-label the sample collection jars. Include all requested information except time of collection. (Use a fine point Sharpie to insure that the ink remains on the label.) Affix the labels to the jars.

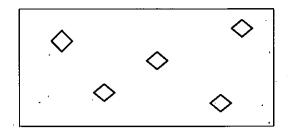
5.0 Sampling Procedure

- 5.1.Do not touch the soil with your bare hands. Use new nitrile gloves to help minimize any cross-contamination.
- 5.2.If safe and within OSHA regulations, go to the sampling point with the sample container. If not analyzing for ions or metals, use a trowel to

obtain the soil. If the excavation is deeper than 6' BGS, do not enter the pit, but use a backhoe to assist in procurement of the sample. (If a backhoe is used, the backhoe will obtain an amount of soil from each composite point; bring the purchase to the surface staging area where a sample-portion of soil will be extracted from the backhoe purchase. The remainder of the backhoe purchase will be staged on the surface with other staged soils.)

5.3. Sidewall Samples

5.3.1.On each sidewall, procure a 2oz sample from each of five distinct points on the sidewall with distinct points resembling the "W" pattern:



- 5.4.Pack the soil tightly into the container leaving the top slightly domed. Screw the lid down tightly. Enter the time of collection onto the sample collection jar label. Repeat for each sampling point.
- 5.5.Place the samples directly on ice for transport to the laboratory if required.
- 5.6. Complete the Chain of Custody form to include the collection times for each sample. Deliver all samples to the laboratory.

6.0 Documentation

- 6.1 The testing laboratory shall provide the following minimum information:
 - a. Project and sample name.
 - b. Signed copy of the original Chain of Custody Form including the time the sample was received by the lab.
 - c. Results of the requested analyses
 - d. Test Methods employed
 - e. Quality Control methods and results

Procedure for Plugging & Abandonment of Cased Water Monitoring Wells

1.0 Purpose

This procedure outlines the methods to be employed to plug and abandon cased monitoring wells.

2.0 Scope

This procedure shall be used for developed, cased water monitoring wells located in the State of New Mexico

3.0 Preliminary

3.1 No well may be drilled, modified or plugged without NMOCD approval. Additional approvals may be required if the well is situated in a sensitive area, within municipal jurisdictions or on federal or tribal lands.

4.0 Plugging

- **4.1** Each bore will be filled with a 1% 3% bentonite/concrete slurry to three feet bgs. The remaining three feet will be capped with concrete only.
- 4.2 All wellheads will be removed to below ground surface.

5.0 Records

- 5.1 The company plugging the well shall prepare a report on their company letter head listing the site name and describing general well construction including total depth of the well, the diameter of casing, material used to plug the well (e.g. bentonite/cement slurry), and date of the plugging operation.
- **5.2** It is recommended but not required that photographs of the final surface restoration be taken and included within the records.
- **5.3** Copies of the plugging report shall be submitted to all appropriate agencies and retained by the well operator for a minimum period of ten years.