1R-<u>426-108</u>

GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE

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Ed Hansen New Mexico Oil Conservation Division 1220 So. Saint Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

Certified Mail Receipt No. 7002 2410 0001 5812 9886

Subject:

Investigation and Characterization Plan Blinebry Drinkard (BD) Jct. F-25-1 T21S, R37E, Section 25, Unit F, Eunice, Lea County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Hansen,

RICE Operating Company (ROC) has retained ARCADIS U.S, Inc. to address potential environmental concerns at the above-referenced site. ROC is the service provider (agent) for the Blinebry Drinkard (BD) SWD System and has no ownership of any portion of the pipeline, well, or facility. The System is owned by a consortium of oil producers, System Partners, who provide all operating capital on a percentage ownership/usage basis. Environmental projects of this magnitude require System Partner AFE approval and work begins as funds are received. In general, project funding is not forthcoming until NMOCD approves the work plan. Therefore, your timely review of this submission is requested.

For all environmental projects, ROC will choose a path forward that:

- protects public health,
- provides the greatest net environmental benefit,
- complies with NMOCD Rules, and
- is supported by good science.

Each site shall have three submissions or a combination of:

- 1. This <u>Investigation and Characterization Plan</u> (ICP) is a proposal for data gathering and site characterization and assessment.
- 2. Upon evaluating the data and results from the ICP, a recommended remedy will be submitted in a Corrective Action Plan (CAP).
- 3. Finally, after implementing the remedy, a <u>closure report</u> with final documentation will be submitted.

On behalf of ROC, ARCADIS respectfully submits this ICP for the above-referenced site.

ARCADIS U.S., Inc. 1004 N. Big Spring Street Suite 300 Midland Texas 79701 Tel 432.687.5400 Fax 432.687.5401 www.arcadis-us.com

Date: 12 July 2007

Contact: Sharon Hall

Phone: 432 687-5400

Email: shall@arcadis-us.com

Part of a bigger picture

ARCADIS

Ed Hansen July 12, 2007

SITE HISTORY AND BACKGROUND

The site is located near the town of Eunice, Lea County, New Mexico (Figure 1.) The expected depth to groundwater at this site is approximately 38 feet below ground surface.

The junction box F-25-1 was eliminated and replaced with poly piping that bypasses this junction. Initial delineation began on June 23, 2004 and was completed on February 23, 2005 by trenching with a backhoe to 12 feet below ground surface (bgs). An area 30 feet x 30 feet x 12 feet-deep was excavated and back filled with blended soils to a depth 6 feet bgs. A compacted clay barrier was installed to inhibit downward chloride migration. The excavated area was then backfilled with the remaining blended excavation soil. The disturbed surface has been seeded with a blend of native vegetation and monitored for growth. An identification plate has been placed on the surface in the location of the former junction box for future environmental consideration and to identify the presence of the clay barrier.

Soil samples were analyzed in the field for chlorides using field-adapted Method 9253 and screened in the field using a photoionization detector (PID). Confirmation samples were collected from the bottom, side walls (four wall composite sample), and remediated backfill and sent to Environmental Lab of Texas for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) and Chloride analysis. PID readings were all low and laboratory analysis confirms gasoline range organics (GRO) and diesel range organics (DRO) were not detected.

Based on the results of the soil sampling analytical results, elevated chloride concentrations are present at the subject site as shown in Figure 2.

ROC disclosed potential groundwater impact at the site to New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) in an e-mail dated March 9, 2005 A disclosure report was submitted to NMOCD with all of the ROC 2004 Junction Box Reports in March 2005 per the ROC Junction Box Upgrade Workplan. The source of this impact is historical. There is no longer a threat of compounded conditions at this site because the junction has been eliminated and replaced with poly piping that bypasses this junction.

INVESTIGATION AND CHARACTERIZATION PLAN

As discussed above existing site data suggest a potential for impairment of ground water quality. Therefore the work elements described below are designed to assist ROC in selecting an appropriate vadose zone remedy and, if necessary, a ground water remedy.

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Task 1- Collect Regional Hydrogeologic Data

A one-half mile water well inventory will be performed. The water well inventory will include a review of water well records listed on the New Mexico State Engineer Office and United States Geological Survey (USGS) websites and windmills indicated on applicable USGS topographic maps.

Task 2- Evaluate Concentrations of Constituents of Concern in Soil (and Groundwater

One soil boring will be installed at the subject site at the former junction box location in order to delineate the depth of impacts to soil. Soil samples will be collected at regular intervals no greater than five feet, screened in the field using a photo ionization detector (PID) and field tested for chlorides. Soil lithology and the presence of any observed staining or odor will be recorded. Representative select samples will be submitted to a laboratory for laboratory analysis as confirmation of the field sampling.

Additional soil borings will be used to evaluate soil impacts. One soil boring will be installed in each direction (north, south east and west of the excavated area) in order to delineate the lateral extent of impacts to soil. Soil samples will be collected at regular intervals no greater than five feet, screened in the field using a photo ionization detector (PID) and field tested for chlorides. Soil lithology and the presence of any observed staining or odor will be recorded. Representative select samples will be submitted to a laboratory for laboratory analysis as confirmation of the field sampling.

If chloride and/or hydrocarbon concentrations do not decline sufficiently with depth or exceed 250 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) or PID readings of 100 within 10 feet of the suspected groundwater depth one soil boring will be converted to a monitor well. The monitoring well will be placed near-source to observed soil impacts.

The monitor well will be constructed, developed and sampled in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency and NMOCD standards. A groundwater sample will be collected and submitted for laboratory analysis for chlorides, BTEX and general chemistry.

If analytical results indicate that chloride and/or BTEX concentrations in groundwater exceed New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission standards, additional monitoring wells may be installed as warranted by the results of the investigation.

Task 3 Evaluate Potential Flux from the Vadose Zone to Ground Water

The information gathered from tasks 1 and 2 will be evaluated and utilized to design a groundwater remedy if needed. The ground water remedy that offers the greatest environmental benefit while causing the least environmental impairment will be selected. If

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the evaluation demonstrates that residual constituents pose no threat to ground water quality, only a surface restoration plan protective of groundwater will be proposed. Such recommendations and findings will be presented to NMOCD in a subsequent Corrective Action Plan (CAP). When evaluating any proposed remedy or investigative work, ROC will confirm that there is a reasonable relationship between the benefits created by the proposed remedy or assessment and the economic and social costs.

A report that details the investigation activities and results will be submitted to the OCD. The report will include recommendations for further action (CAP) if necessary or for closure of the site.

Very Truly Yours,

ARCADIS U.S., Inc.

Sham E. Hall

Sharon E. Hall Site Evaluation Department Manager

Copies: Carolyn Haynes- Rice Operating Company Kristin Pope- Rice Operating Company

Attachment:

Figures 1-2

Disclosure report with field sampling results

RICE OPERATING COMPANY JUNCTION BOX DISCLOSURE* REPORT

				BOX LOCAT	ION					
SWD SYSTEM	JUNCTION	UNIT	SECTION	TOWNSHIP	RANGE	COUNTY	BOX DIMENSIONS - FEET			
00	E 05 4	E.	25	040	975	1.00	Length	Width	Depth	
во	F-20-1	Г	25	215	37E	Lea	eliminatedno box		box	
LAND TYPE: B	LM STA	TE	FEE LAND	OWNER	Mark Ower	n Estate	OTHER			
Depth to Ground	dwater	38	feet	NMOCD	SITE ASSE	ESSMENT F	RANKING SO	CORE:	20	
Date Started	6/23/20	04	Date Cor	npleted	2/23/2005		D Witness		<u>no</u>	
Soil Excavated	400	cubic ya	rds Exc	avation Ler	ngth <u>30</u>	Width	30	Depth	12	fe
Soil Disposed	0	cubic ya	rdis Off	site Facility	n	/a	Location		n/a	

FINAL ANALYTICAL RESULTS: Sample Date

General Description of Remedial Action:

te 7/9/2004 Sample Depth

CHLORIDE FIELD TESTS

DEPTH (ft)

LOCATION

12 ft

ppm

Procure 5-point composite sample of bottom and 4-point composite sample of excavation sidewalls. TPH and chloride laboratory test results completed by using an approved lab and testing procedures pursuant to NMOCD guidelines.

	6	833	
	7	447	
	8	444	
	9	600	
junction box	10	420	
	11	614	
	12	635	
	16	558	
	20	840	
	1	209	
	2	149	
	3	151	
	4	144	
	5	1060	
15 ft WEST	6	1422	
box	7	966	
	8	1018	
	9	765	
	10	1021	
	11	1394	
	12	1574	
4-wall comp.	n/a	430	
bottom comp.	12	532	
remed. backfill	n/a	782	

Sample PID GRO DRO Chloride Location mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg ppm 0.1 <10.0 <10.0 585 4-WALL COMP 0.1 <10.0 <10.0 510 BOTTOM COMP. 0.1 <10.0 <10.0 755 REMED. BACKFILL

the pipeline replacement program. The box was removed and the site was delineated using a backhoe while PID screenings and chloride field tests were performed at regular intervals. Chloride concentrations did not decline with depth throughout the 30 x 30 x 12-ft deep excavation. All PID readings were relatively low and NMOCD TPH guidelines were met on the composite samples as the laboratory reported non-detect levels (<10.0 ppm). The excavated soil was blended on site and then backfilled into the excavation up to 6 ft BGS. At 6 ft, a compacted clay barrier was installed to inhibit further downward chloride migration. The remaining spoils were backfilled on top of the clay. The disturbed surface was seeded with a blend of native vegetation on 3/18/05 and will be monitored for growth. An identification plate has been placed on the surface to mark the former location of the junction box for future environmental *consideration* and to identify the presence of the clay barrier below. NMOCD has been notified of potential groundwater impact at this site.

ADDITIONAL EVALUATION IS HIGH PRIORITY

enclosures: chloride graphs, photos, lab results, PID field screenings, cross-section, clay test

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION ABOVE IS TRUE AND COMPLETE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF.

This junction was eliminated with

SITE SUPERVISOR	Joe Gatts SIGNATURE	not available	COMPANY RICE Operation	ng Company
REPORT ASSEMBLED BY	Kristin Farris Pope	SIGNATURE	Amitin Jamis	Pope
DATE	3/18/2005	TITLE	Project Scientist	

* This site is a "DISCLOSURE." It will be placed on a prioritized list of similar sites for further consideration.



