#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO

# ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

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CANAGERS O

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

APPLICATION OF MANZANO OIL CORPORATION FOR POOL CREATION AND SPECIAL POOL RULES, CHAVES COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

ORIGINAL

#### REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

#### **EXAMINER HEARING**

BEFORE: MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner

April 4th, 1996

Santa Fe, New Mexico

This matter came on for hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner, on Thursday, April 4th, 1996, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

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April 4th, 1996 Examiner Hearing CASE NO. 11,504

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### APPEARANCES

#### FOR THE DIVISION:

RAND L. CARROLL Attorney at Law Legal Counsel to the Division 2040 South Pacheco Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

### FOR THE APPLICANT:

CAMPBELL, CARR, BERGE and SHERIDAN, P.A. Suite 1 - 110 N. Guadalupe
P.O. Box 2208
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2208
By: WILLIAM F. CARR

#### FOR JULIAN ARD:

PADILLA LAW FIRM, P.A. 1512 South St. Francis Drive P.O. Box 2523 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2523 By: ERNEST L. PADILLA

FOR YATES PETROLEUM CORPORATION (Written entry of appearance):

LOSEE, CARSON, HAAS & CARROLL, P.A. 300 American Home Building Post Office Drawer 239 Artesia, New Mexico 88211-0239 By: ERNEST L. CARROLL

1	WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at
2	8:53 a.m.:
3	EXAMINER STOGNER: Call now Case 11,504.
4	MR. CARROLL: Application of Manzano Oil
5	Corporation for pool creation and special pool rules,
6	Chaves County, New Mexico.
7	EXAMINER STOGNER: Call for appearances.
8	MR. CARR: May it please the Examiner, my name is
9	William F. Carr with the Santa Fe law firm Campbell, Carr,
10	Berge and Sheridan.
11	We represent Manzano Oil Corporation in this
12	matter, and we have two witnesses.
13	MR. PADILLA: Mr. Examiner, I'm Ernest L.
14	Padilla, Santa Fe, New Mexico, for Julian Ard. I have no
15	witnesses today.
16	EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other appearances?
17	I'm sorry, Mr. Carr, how many witnesses did you
18	say you had?
19	MR. CARR: I have two.
20	EXAMINER STOGNER: Two.
21	MR. CARROLL: Mr. Carr
22	MR. CARR: Yes?
23	MR. CARROLL: is Mr. Ernest Carroll going to
24	show up today?
25	MR. CARR: Mr. Carroll called and indicated that

Yates was not opposing this Application but did request 1 that the record reflect he had filed his written entry of 2 3 appearance in the matter. EXAMINER STOGNER: When you refer to Yates, 4 that's Yates Petroleum? 5 MR. CARR: Yes, sir, Yates Petroleum Corporation. 6 7 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. At this time I'm going to ask the witnesses to please stand to be sworn. 8 9 (Thereupon, the witnesses were sworn.) 10 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Padilla, Mr. Carr, since 11 there's somebody else that's entered an appearance in this matter, is there any need for opening comments or opening 12 remarks at this time? 13 MR. CARR: I don't have an opening statement. 14 15 MR. PADILLA: No, I don't have one. 16 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, Mr. Carr, you may continue. 17 18 MIKE BROWN, the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon 19 his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 20 DIRECT EXAMINATION 21 BY MR. CARR: 22 23 Would you state your name for the record, please? Q. Mike Brown. 24 Α. 25 Q. Mr. Brown, by whom are you employed?

I'm employed by Manzano Oil Corp., Roswell, New A. 1 2 Mexico. And what is your current position with Manzano 3 Q. Oil Corporation? 4 I'm geologist. 5 Α. Have you previously testified before the Oil 0. 6 7 Conservation Division and had your credentials as a 8 geologist accepted and made a matter of record? I have and they were. 9 Are you familiar with the Application filed in 10 Q. this case on behalf of Manzano? 11 Α. I am. 12 13 Are you familiar with the Manzano "SV" Vest State Q. 14 Well Number 1? 15 Α. I am. And have you made a geological study of the area 16 17 surrounding this well? 18 Α. Yes, I have. MR. CARR: Are the witness's qualifications 19 20 acceptable? 21 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any objections? 22 MR. PADILLA: No, your Honor. 23 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Brown is so qualified. 24 (By Mr. Carr) Mr. Brown, could you briefly Q. 25 summarize what Manzano seeks with this Application?

A. Manzano seeks the creation of a new pool for the production of oil and gas from the Bough C formation. The acreage in question is the east half of the southwest quarter of Section 16, Township 14 South, Range 30 East, Chaves County, New Mexico.

We're also seeking special pool rules, including provisions for 80-acre spacing and 330-foot setbacks.

- Q. What are the current rules which govern the development of the Bough C formation in this area?
  - A. Statewide 40s.

- Q. Have you prepared certain exhibits for presentation here today?
  - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Could you refer to what has been marked for identification as Manzano Oil Corporation Exhibit Number 1, identify this and review it for Mr. Stogner?
- A. Okay, this is a land plat of the Vest State

  Number 1 area. I'm showing in red the location of the Vest

  State Number 1 well, which is located 1650 feet from the

  west, 330 feet from the south of Section 16. In red is the

  proposed 80-acre proration unit.

To the south in Section 21, I've noted in green an 80-acre proration unit that is to be dedicated to a well that Yates Petroleum has staked, and it's supposed to spud next week, and that well is the Vest Ranch Federal "RE"

Federal Number 2.

Q. And there's a spot on that spacing unit indicating the approximate location of that well?

A. Yes, sir.

In yellow is the remainder of Manzano's leasehold, and in the southwest of the southwest quarter there's a 40-acre tract that's owned by Julian Ard.

- Q. And where does Amoco actually own acreage in the area?
  - A. They control the northeast quarter of Section 16.
- Q. Okay, let's go to Exhibit Number 2. Would you identify that?
  - A. This is a porosity and resistivity log slice covering the Bough A, B, C and D in the Vest State Number 1.
  - Q. Could you just briefly review for Mr. Stogner the history of this one?
  - A. Okay. The well was spud in October of 1995 as a Devonian test. We tried two disappointing drill stem tests in the Devonian and TD'd the well at a depth of 10,757 feet on November 28th.

After wireline logging, we decided to run a straddle pack DST over the Bough C interval, and at that point, given the results of the test, decided to run casing to 9790 feet. We did that on December 5th. We attempted a

completion in a Morrow sand and then moved up to begin completion in the Bough C.

Moving to the exhibit, the Bough C interval that we tested and ultimately perforated is shown. The interval is approximately 28 feet thick. It runs from 8312 and down.

I've noted on this exhibit, the left-hand side is your porosity log, the right-hand is your resistivity. The Bough C here, like I said, was 28 feet thick. It's fairly tight with the exception of a small interval at the bottom, and I've noted the 4-percent porosity cutoff line. And in orange is greater than 4-percent neutron porosity, and yellow is greater than 4-percent density porosity.

Manzano perforated from 8316 to -19 and 8327 to -38. We acidized the well with 500 gallons of 15-percent NEFE, and the well initial potential flowing at 900 pounds on a 9/64 choke for 152 barrels of oil, 150 MCF of gas and zero barrels of water per day. And that completion date is 1-15-96.

- Q. How close is the nearest Bough C production to this well?
  - A. It's about 11 miles away.
- Q. Let's go to what has been marked Manzano Exhibit
  Number 3, your cross-section, and I'd like you to review
  this for the Examiner and also basically explain the trace

for the cross-section.

A. All right. This is a cross-section that I put together, just to establish for the Commission that this is, in fact, Bough C production.

On the left is the Manzano Vest State Number 1.

I move across into the known Bough-producing areas in the Tatum Basin. The well to the -- directly to the right is in Tulk field. I move up to the Baum field, over to Saunders, then the well over to the right is in Cuerno Largo, and that's another Manzano-operated field.

I've shown numerous picks. This cross-section is hung on the Wolfcamp double-X marker, which is a very good regional correlation marker that we use. I've noted in green the second marker that's real easy to pick out, and that's the base of the Three Brothers. I show -- which also corresponds to the top of the Pennsylvanian. The Bough D in blue is another regional correlation marker. And then I've noted the Bough A, the Bough B and the Bough C as you move across.

I wanted to note that the markers are really quite good, and I was able to correlate fairly easily across. This is a period of fairly calm deposition. Most of your major markers correlate over very extensive areas.

The Bough C in particular is the main pay in almost all the fields that you look at. The Bough B is a

little less, and there's very little Bough A production.

The well that I wanted to note most is the Cuerno Largo field, and we'll talk about that in detail. As I said, that's a Manzano-operated field. But if you look at the Bough C in particular and look over at the Vest State, you'll see they're extremely comparable in thickness, gross carbonate. The porosities are also very comparable.

I think that the production in this field, though it's early, will be very similar to what we see in Cuerno Largo.

- Q. Let's go to Manzano Exhibit Number 4. What is this?
- A. This is a listing of the Pennsylvanian or Wolfcamp Bough fields in the area. This is a mostly Tatum Basin Bough. I tried not to include anything Pennsylvanian that was northwest shelf or too far south to be Bough production.

I noted spacing, and that came from the 1994 New Mexico Oil and Gas Engineering Committee Report, as well as cumulative oil production from the field in thousands of barrels of oil.

I've totaled it in the lower right. I've totaled by spacing 40, 80 and 160 and also shown the percent of the total.

I did want to say that I wasn't able to check

every one of these fields and to make sure that they are 1 Bough, but I have direct experience in nine of them that I 2 know. The two Allison fields, the Allison Penn-Lea, the 3 Allison Penn-Roosevelt, which are on 80-acre spacing, are 4 The Baum Upper Penn is Bough C. The Cuerno 5 Largo-Penn -- it's on 40-acre spacing -- it's Bough C. 6 It's on statewide 40s, but as we'll see in a minute it's 7 been effectively developed on 160s. Lazy J Penn, the 8 Ranger Lake Bough, the Ranger Lake Penn, which are both 80s 9 and the Vada Penn, which is 160 acres. 10 All right, let's go to your structure map. 0. 11 First, I think it's important to note the field that we're 12 13 mapping here. 14 Α. Right, Exhibit 5 is a structure map of the Cuerno

A. Right, Exhibit 5 is a structure map of the Cuerno Largo field.

This is a field that is operated by Manzano, is it not?

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A. Yes, we operate six of the seven wells that are within the field. The field outline is Sections 25, 26, 35 and 36.

As you can see, we have a pretty large area. The wells are effectively on 160-acre spacing. The structure of the Bough D shows just a gentle nosing, and this is stratigraphically trapping up against the -- down to the east fault.

1 Q. Manzano will also call an engineering witness, 2 will it not, to review the pressure information on the wells in this pool? 3 Yes, we will. 4 Α. 5 Is Exhibit Number 6 an affidavit confirming that Q. notice of this Application has been provided in accordance 6 with Oil Conservation Division rules? 7 Yes, it is. 8 Α. 9 Q. Were all operators in the pool, or the proposed pool, notified? 10 11 Α. They were. 12 Were all operators within a mile of the proposed 13 boundary also notified? 14 Α. They were. 15 Q. Are there any unleased minerals within the 16 proposed pool boundary? 17 A. No, sir. What geological conclusions can you reach from 18 Q. your study of the Bough C in this area? 19 First, that the interval perforated in the Vest 20 21 State Number 1 is in fact Bough C, that this Bough C is similar in thickness and porosity to other Bough fields 22 23 developed on 80-acre and 160-acre spacing, and that

basically no geologic reason that I see to expect that this

well will behave any differently from wells in the other

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1	Bough C fields that are developed on 80- and 160-acre
2	spacing.
3	Q. Mr. Brown, were Exhibits 1 through 6 either
4	prepared by you or compiled under your direction?
5	A. They were.
6	MR. CARR: At this time, Mr. Stogner, we would
7	move the admission into evidence of Manzano Exhibits 1
8	through 6.
9	EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 through 6 will be
10	admitted into evidence, unless there's any objection.
11	MR. PADILLA: No.
12	EXAMINER STOGNER: There being none, they will be
13	admitted into evidence.
14	MR. CARR: That concludes my direct examination
15	of Mr. Mike Brown.
16	EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Carr.
17	Mr. Padilla, your witness.
18	CROSS-EXAMINATION
19	BY MR. PADILLA:
20	Q. Mr. Brown, let me direct your attention to your
21	Exhibit Number 1, which is your land plat.
22	A. Yes, sir.
23	Q. The acreage colored in green is the Yates-
24	proposed proration unit?
25	A. Yes, sir.

1 What field rules are applicable for that well? Q. Right now, until this -- results of this would be 2 A. the statewide 40s. 3 Why have you colored 80 acres in there? 4 The 80 acres represents -- we have -- Manzano 5 Α. owns 50 percent, Yates Petroleum owns 50 percent of that 6 7 80-acre tract. Manzano had the right to propose the well, which we did. Yates Pet. will operate it. 8 What's dedicated to the well right now? 9 Q. I'm not sure what they've dedicated to it. 10 Α. If the current rules are 40 acres, it should be 11 Q. 12 40, correct? The well will be drilled to the Devonian, which 13 Α. would be 40-acre spacing. 14 How about to the Bough C? What proration unit 15 0. would control today? 16 17 Right now, it would be 40 acres. Α. What's the acreage in yellow? 18 Q. The acreage in yellow is the Manzano acreage. 19 Α. EXAMINER STOGNER: I'm sorry, Manzano what? 20 THE WITNESS: Manzano acreage. 21 (By Mr. Padilla) What is Manzano's relationship 22 Q. to Sun Valley Energy? 23 We work very closely on numerous projects. 24

is one that we put together, together, and Manzano operates

the wells and -- That's basically about it.

- Q. For Sun Valley, is that -- Manzano operates the wells for Sun Valley?
- A. We operate the wells that they're involved in, I should say. We're not really operating for them. We have more of the working interest than Sun Valley has, so...
- Q. I have here a term assignment from Amoco Production Company to Sun Valley Energy Corporation.
  - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. Is that a -- Well, let me ask the question this way: Is Manzano working under that term assignment --
- 12 A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. -- from the Amoco acreage?
- A. I'm sure we are, yes.
- Q. This term assignment, Mr. Brown, has a provision in it that says in effect that you're to drill on 40-acre spacing unless special rules are implemented --
- 18 A. Right.
- Q. -- in which case, the size of the proration
  unit -- in other words, Sun Valley has to drill one well
  per spacing unit?
- 22 A. Right.
- Q. Is Sun Valley or Manzano motivated by this provision to change the spacing in this area?
  - A. Yes, we developed this area for Devonian, 40-acre

spacing, and given that we're 11 miles away, we had no indication that Bough C would be a potential target. So our motivation was for 40-acre Devonian locations.

The discovery of the Bough C has definitely changed those plans. The Bough C is not effectively developed on 40's, as we'll establish well in the engineering testimony. It's just too dense of spacing for Bough C.

- Q. But your Exhibit 4 does have eight fields out there that are produced on 40-acre spacing?
- A. Right, most of those were older fields. I think if you'll do engineering work on them, you'll see that those wells were overdrilled. But at the time it was drilling wars, and they densely drilled those fields.
- Q. Now, your cross-section, as I understand it, is not to establish that there's a continuity across this area of Bough C formation or zone, correct?
- A. The Bough C is present over extensive areas, even -- I mean, it's almost always -- well, it is always present that I know of, even up on the top of the structures. It does stratigraphically trap, it also structurally traps. It was a very extensive area of deposition though.
- Q. But you're not trying to show by this crosssection that the entire area going from, say, your Vest State Number 1 well to the Cuerno Largo field is

continuously productive of Bough C?

- A. Oh, no, sir. That's correct, it is not continuous.
- Q. And would you agree that the characteristics may be different from your -- reservoir characteristics may be different from the State Number 1 to the Cuerno Largo field?
- A. It's possible. There's nothing geologic that I see that would establish that it would be different, but...
- Q. Would stratigraphic traps and things of that nature have anything to do with reservoir characteristics?
- A. The Bough C seems to be fairly consistent on its reservoir characteristics across almost all the field, so I would not anticipate it would be any different where we're at.
- Q. In terms of drainage, you're saying, in effect, that all of the fields that you've listed in your Exhibit 4 produce the same, have the same reservoir characteristics?
- A. Generally the same. Of course, there's going to be difference. The Bough C does change thickness somewhat, but the Bough C deposition was similar across a very large area. It was a shelf, quiet shelf. These are phylloid algal mounds. The -- Where productive, the wells are very similar because the deposition was similar.
  - Q. What type of reservoir drives do these fields

have, say the first one you have there, Allison Penn-Lea? 1 I think they're all pretty much solution gas 2 Α. drive. 3 You think they're all solution gas drives. 4 Q. there any that are gas cap or --5 6 Α. That's more engineering questions, but to my 7 knowledge, I'm pretty sure they're mostly all solution gas drive. 8 9 Q. Are there any that are water driven? Not to my knowledge. 10 Α. 11 The rest of your exhibits are engineering, I take Q. 12 it --13 Yes, sir. Α. 14 Q. -- that have been handed to me by Mr. Carr. Let me go back to Exhibit Number 1 and ask you, 15 Mr. Brown, there's a well in that 80 that you have bordered 16 17 by red. Is that a -- Did that penetrate the Bough C? No, sir, that's, I believe, Queen. Those are all 18 Α. shallow wells. The only deep wells in the general area is 19 20 the well in the southwest of the southwest of 16, then our Vest State Number 1, and there is a deep well somewhere to 21 the south. But very few deep penetrations in this area. 22 23 Did you examine the log on that well in the Q.

southwest of the southwest of Section 16?

Yes, I did.

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- 21 1 0. What did that show in terms of the Bough C? It is an older vintage log. What you can pull Α. 2 from the logs is that the Bough C is there, which is 3 The Bough C generally won't change in thickness 4 very quickly. So it does have Bough C, as did the other 5 two deep penetrations in the well, as far as carbonate. 6 7 Do you know whether the Bough C was tested in Q. that well? 8 A. According to what was reported to the State, no. 9 How about the well in the northwest quarter of 10 0. the southwest quarter? Did that penetrate the Bough C? 11 I'm sorry, which well? 12 Α. 13 0. The well in the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter? 14 15 Α. That was a shallow Queen well. 16 0. Do you have a structure map for this area of 17 Section 16 for the Bough C? We ran 3-D seismic, so we have an idea of what 18 Α. the Devonian structure will be. On the Bough C, you've got 19 much more gentle slopes. I could estimate one, but with 20 really one or two points of control it's very hard to do 21 much. 22
  - Q. Why is that?

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A. Too much -- Give me too much power to draw it any
size I want it to be. I would suspect that generally it

will cover parts of Sections 16 and 21.

- Q. Do you have any well control out there to do a structure map of the Bough C?
  - A. Not enough to do a meaningful map, no, sir.
- Q. So essentially you're basing your Application for 80 acres, from a geologic standpoint, on the other Bough C fields that you have studied?
  - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. And you currently have no information to even do a structure map of this area; is that what you're telling us?
- A. I can do one that would mimic the Devonian. But
  as far as the Bough C, no, it's extremely difficult.
  - Q. What did this well potential, the well you drilled?
    - A. What did it potential at?
- 17 Q. Yes.
  - A. 152 barrels of oil.
- 19 Q. From the Bough C?
- A. From the Bough C, yes, sir.
  - Q. If Julian Ard drills a well in the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter, as he has already had permitted, and it's a well that's -- I believe it's 1330 from your lease line and 1330 from the south line, and you have the Yates location down there, and in fact you're

going to have three wells on pretty near 40-acre spacing, correct?

A. That's correct.

- Q. Do you have any plans to develop the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter at this time?
- A. What our plans are now is just -- We're just going to sit back and watch as the development goes on. We are involved in the Yates Pet well to the south, and we'll see what additional information that gives us. We're going to be very deliberate in our development plans. Just mainly we'll respond to what's going on.
- Q. From the standpoint of 80-acre spacing, wouldn't your location or the Yates well location be better located in the northwest of the northwest of Section 21?
- A. No, sir, the Yates Pet location is based on two things. One, it's a Devonian. It is going to be drilled to the Devonian formation. We had a structure in the Devonian, as we thought. It was tight, but with oil shows. Yates is going to test that, see if it develops on their side.

From the Bough C standpoint, Yates wants to drill a well as close to ours as possible, which is that.

Q. So what does that do to your 80-acre spacing if you have three wells located right up against each other in terms of the Bough C production?

A. Well, all the acreage that would be included in the -- say in our north portion of our 80-acre spacing should be downdip to our well. So from a drainage standpoint, the wells are located on the crest of the structure, and you have downdip draining towards it.

So it should be in good positions to adequately drain this reservoir.

- Q. What does it do for 80-acre spacing? That's my question. It doesn't do anything for 80-acre spacing, does it?
- A. Yes, it does. It allows you a larger drainage pattern downdip.
- Q. With all three wells being located -- offsetting each other the way they're proposed?
- A. That is correct. You still have larger areas to drain from.

We start putting wells on 40s, your interference between those wells would hit much sooner, and your perwell cums will go -- will basically be cut in half.

- Q. In terms of your seismic information, does your well in the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter show that you're at the best location there for Bough C production?
- A. The Bough C, when we did all of our work, was just too thin to really draw any conclusions, as far as the

seismic goes.

On the Devonian, we are in the best Devonian position as far as structure. Whether or not the Bough C directly -- Bough C structure directly correlates to Devonian, we're just going to have to wait and see. It's a little too early to call. I would think that they would have pretty strong correlation, but right now we do not know.

- Q. In effect, isn't what you're saying is that this is really a Devonian play here, not really Bough C? Bough C was just something that you got?
  - A. Something that we got, that's correct.
- Q. And you have very little information on the Bough C in terms of drainage?
- A. We have a lot of information on a regional standpoint. What we see here is, we have a new -- a Bough C play, and we want to develop the field rules that would best drain this field now. We do not know how large this could be. It could be an extensive field. It may end up being just a two-, three-, four-well field. Right now we do not know what it is.

And we want to go ahead and establish the proper field rules, the proper spacing, now, early in the development of the field, before we start overdrilling this thing.

- Q. Do you have any plans to drill wells in the southeast quarter of Section 16?
- A. I'm sure we will. I would anticipate that we'll be forced to respond if the Yates Pet well is good. I would venture to say they'll probably drill along that border, and we'll respond to it.
  - Q. How about the northwest quarter of Section 16?
- A. Right now that's of less -- It's not as prospective in my mind. But once again, we're just going to have to see how this well is developed.
- Q. Is it fair to say that production in the south half of Section 16 would be better than from the north half of Section 16 in terms of Bough C production?
- A. With the limited information I have now, I would say that's correct.
- Q. How about the north half of the south half, versus the south half of the south half of Section 16?
  - A. As far as the southernmost 160?
- 19 Q. Right.

- A. It's a little harder to say on that point. On
  the Devonian structure it was better. The Bough structure,
  we don't know.
  - Q. In terms of Bough C production, would the Yates location be more favorable to you now than a location, say, in the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of

Section -- southwest quarter of Section 16?

A. The --

MR. CARR: What location was that?

- Q. (By Mr. Padilla) I'm sorry. I'm asking, in terms of Bough C potential or expectations, would the location at the Yates location in Section 21 be better than, say, a well in the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 16?
- A. On the Devonian structure it is better, and it's similar -- should be similar in structure to our well. And that's about as far as you can take the comparison. When I'm looking for Bough C development, I wanted to drill a well that was similar, as far as on the structure, and then just see if porosity develops.

That's the major risk as we move around this field: Is this going to be a stratigraphic play that's limited to the crest of a structure? Or is it going to be a much larger feature, like most of the Bough C fields are, where structure doesn't play as big a part?

Q. I'm getting the impression from your answers that
-- and correct me if I'm mistaken, but that as you go
further north from your location in the southeast quarter
of the southwest quarter of Section 16, that you look at
that as less favorable now than, say, the Yates location
for Bough C potential?

A. Well, of course, the Yates well is the closest well I could get as far as, you know, to the current producing well.

In the absence of new information, I don't know what happens as I move away from the wellbore, so right now, yes, I'd stay as close as I could to the well.

- Q. Say you had an option to drill the well there in the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter to offset your well down there --
  - A. Uh-huh.

- Q. -- and you also have the option to drill the Yates well. Which well would you drill? Would you go north or south, in other words, is what I'm asking, for Bough C?
- A. I would probably just drill the Yates Pet well for right now, just because of where it is structurally on the Devonian feature. I do think that that northwest quarter is very prospective, the northwest of the southwest is very prospective as well.
- Q. Well, let me ask you this question: If the 80 acres comprised of the west half of the southwest quarter were being developed by Manzano, where would you propose the well: the northwest quarter or the southwest quarter?
- A. I don't really see a whole lot of difference between those two, as long as you stay either in the

1 southeast of the northwest or the southeast of the 2 southwest part of that. I'd move as far east on that as I could. 3 But structurally, based on a Devonian structure, 4 5 they're about the same. They're both on the flanks, a little bit flankish. 6 7 But there was only ten feet of difference on the Bough C between the Vest State Number 1 and the Julian Ard 8 well there in the southwest, so we're not talking about 9 significant structural change on the Bough C. 10 11 But you were dry in the Devonian in your well, Q. 12 correct? 13 Α. We were dry with some oil show on the top, and we 14 were very wet on our last test. 15 The Texas Crude well, which is the one on Julian 16 Ard's acreage, also had a little bit of oil show on the 17 top, and it was tight. So the question is, as far as Devonian goes, do 18 we develop porosity at another spot on the structure? 19 20 There's oil in it, we know that. It's just, are we going to find it with porosity? 21 22 MR. PADILLA: Mr. Examiner, that's all I have of this witness. 23 EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Padilla. 24

Mr. Carr, do you have any redirect?

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION 1 2 BY MR. CARR: Mr. Brown, if I understand your testimony, your 3 **Q.** geological interpretation is based on information from the 4 Vest State Number 1 well; is that right? 5 Yes, sir, that is correct. 6 Α. And how that data compares to other producing 7 0. Bough C fields in the general area; is that right? 8 That's correct. 9 And that -- Manzano will present an engineering 10 Q. witness to discuss in detail the drainage aspects of this 11 Application? 12 Α. That is correct. 13 MR. CARR: That's all I have. 14 15 EXAMINATION 16 BY EXAMINER STOGNER: 17 Q. One quick question, Mr. Brown, at this time. may have other questions after we hear the engineering 18 19 testimony concerning this matter. 20 You used the term several times in your testimony, "overdrill". 21 Yes, sir. 22 Α. 23 Do you want to elaborate a little bit more? Basically, what happens is that in the field 24 Α. there's a set number of reserves that will be essentially 25

1 drained no matter how dense the drilling is. What we try to find is the spacing that will allow us to get the total 2 field reserves with the fewest number of wells. 3 In a lot of the fields, they could have drilled 4 on 80s or 160s, drained the entire amount of reserves and 5 saved themselves the cost of multiple wells. 6 7 In our Cuerno Largo area, that's been our interpretation. We have statewide 40s, we've drilled on 8 9 160s, and we've seen considerable drainage across all that 10 field. 11 We feel if we would go on 40-acre spacing, we 12 would essentially drill three wells, three additional 13 wells, and then cut our per-well cums by a quarter -- or three-quarters. 14 15 So it just gets to the point where it's not economic to drill wells when you're not increasing the 16 amount of reserves. 17 So -- You know, that's basically it. 18 19 EXAMINER STOGNER: With that, I have no other 20 questions at this time for Mr. Brown. 21 I may afterwards. MR. CARR: At this time, Mr. Stogner, we would 22 call Donnie Brown. 23 EXAMINER STOGNER: I'm sorry? Who? 24 25 MR. CARR: Donnie Brown, another Mr. Brown.

1	DONNIE BROWN,
2	the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon
3	his oath, was examined and testified as follows:
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. CARR:
6	Q. Would you state your name for the record, please?
7	A. My name is Donnie Brown.
8	Q. Mr. Brown, where do you reside?
9	A. Roswell, New Mexico.
10	Q. By whom are you employed?
11	A. By Manzano Oil Corporation.
12	Q. And what is your position with Manzano?
13	A. Petroleum engineer.
14	Q. Have you previously testified before this
15	Division?
16	A. Yes, I have.
17	Q. At the time of that testimony, were your
18	credentials as a petroleum engineer accepted and made a
19	matter of record?
20	A. Yes, they were.
21	Q. Are you familiar with the Application filed in
22	this case?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. And are you familiar with the Manzano Vest State
25	Number 1 well?

1 Yes, I am. Α. 2 MR. CARR: Are the witness's qualifications 3 acceptable? EXAMINER STOGNER: Any objections? 4 5 MR. PADILLA: No. EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Donnie Brown is so 6 7 qualified. 8 (By Mr. Carr) Mr. Brown, have you made an 9 engineering study of the data available on the Bough C formation in the area surrounding the Vest State Number 1 10 well? 11 Yes, I have. 12 Α. And in making this study, what was it you were 13 14 actually trying to determine? My main purpose was to determine the areal 15 Α. drainage based on the information we have to date from the 16 Vest State well. 17 18 Q. Could you refer to what has been marked as Manzano Exhibit Number 7, identify this and review it for 19 20 Mr. Stogner? 21 Α. Yes, this exhibit shows the first eight days of 22 production after our gas-measurement facilities were in 23 place. 24 In eight days it showed the well produced 1276 25 barrels of oil and 2162 MCF of gas. I had an average GOR

of 1694 cubic feet per barrel. The gas gravity was measured at 0.7, and the API oil gravity was measured at 45.5 at 60 degrees fahrenheit.

- Q. Now, with the data available, did you attempt to calculate a formation volume factor?
  - A. Yes, I did.

- Q. And is that calculation set forth on the Manzano Exhibit Number 8?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. Would you review that for the Examiner, please?
- A. Exhibit Number 8 is the calculation of formation volume factor, formation volume factor being the volume of one stock tank barrel of oil, with its associated dissolved gas at reservoir pressure and temperature.

Formation volume factor, then, is equal to the weight of one barrel of oil, plus the weight of its gas in solution, divided by the pressure gradient in p.s.i. per foot, as determined from bottomhole pressure surveys at or near the reservoir.

Based on the 45.5-degree API gravity and the 1694 GOR, I determined that the formation volume factor was 1.6.

- Q. Now, did you have the calculated formation volume factor confirmed by an outside consulting firm?
  - A. Yes, I did.
  - Q. And who was that?

A. William Cobb and Associates, Association, an international reservoir engineering consulting firm out of Dallas. They have far better software than I do for calculating material balance and formation volume factors, so I had them do an independent study.

- Q. And what was the formation volume factor that they were able to calculate?
  - A. They came up with a 1.68.
  - Q. And yours was 1.6?
  - A. 1.6.

- Q. All right. Let's go to what has been marked
  Exhibit Number 9. Can you identify this?
  - A. Yes, Exhibit Number 9 is a plot of bottomhole pressure versus cumulative production.

We have two points. The original pressure of the reservoir taken during the DST, it was 3161, 3161 p.s.i.

After we had produced a total of 7100 barrels, we took another bottomhole pressure, and it was determined to be 2753.

And what I've done is a straight-line extrapolation between those two points, and I can say that if we take this reservoir pressure to abandonment of 100 pounds, we should expect to recover a minimum of 51,000 barrels of oil.

Q. What are Manzano Exhibits 10 and 11?

A. Exhibit 10 and 11, I took these out of two reservoir engineering books. Exhibit 10 was from Dr. Calhoun's Fundamentals of Reservoir Engineering, and Exhibit 11 is from Dr. Pinson's Oil Reservoir Engineering.

And what I'm attempting to show here is, in a solution gas drive reservoir, which is what we have, that if you extrapolate in a straight line, the early reservoir pressure versus cumulative production, that you tend to extrapolate on the conservative side.

- Q. So that would suggest that the 51,000 barrels --
- A. That would suggest that the 51,000 is conservative. You tend to -- it could be -- You tend to be in error as much as 1.3 to 1.5. I would really think the reserves of this well to be on the order of 80,000 to 100,000.
- Q. Let's go to Exhibit Number 12, where you've calculated the areal extent of the drainage for this well.

  I'd ask you to review that calculation with Mr. Stogner.
- A. Yes, I've calculated the areal drainage based on 20-percent primary recovery for Bough C reservoir, which is for a carbonate of this gravity oil, and this GOR of 20-percent recovery factor I think is reasonable. And in our experiences in Bough C production with more mature production, 20-percent recovery is reasonable in those fields also.

If the 51,000 represents 20 percent of the original oil in place, then the original oil in place in the Vest State is 255,000 barrels.

Now, based on the 1.6 formation volume factor and a porosity of 6.4 percent and a water saturation of 32 percent as determined from our log analysis and our net pay over 4 percent of 10 feet, I calculate that the drainage is 121 acres.

- Q. If you calculate 121 acres, why are you asking for 80-acre spacing?
- A. Well, as I'll show later, the Bough C is easily drained on 160 or greater acres. With this limited data, we're requesting 80 acres as being prudent and reasonable with this limited data.
  - Q. Let's go to Manzano's Exhibit 13. What is this?
- A. Well, this is a Horner plot of our pressure buildup from our second bottomhole pressure test.
  - Q. And what does this show you?
- A. It shows where we derive the second pressure point at 2753, and it also shows that the -- calculates that the permeability of the Bough C formation is 97.6 millidarcies. Very good permeability for a Penn carbonate. It's equivalent to most Bough C permeabilities that drain in excess of 80 acres and 160 acres.
  - Q. Let's go to Exhibit 14. And I think in working

with this, it might be appropriate to go back and also review this with Exhibit Number 5, the structure map, on the Cuerno Largo area.

A. Exhibit 14 is a pressure production history of the Bough C interval in our Cuerno Largo-Penn field, which we operate some seven of the eight wells.

They're listed in chronological order, by date.

The first well drilled in the area was the Shell MS State Number 1, in the northwest of the northeast of Section 26. It was drilled in August of 1965. And from DST, they had a bottomhole pressure of 3226, which is normal for virgin Bough C reservoirs. They chose to plug and abandon that well.

The first productive well in that field was drilled by Tom Brown, SWB State Number 1, in July of 1971. They had a DST original pressure of 3000. It has produced 300,000-plus barrels.

Manzano came along some 14, 13 years later and drilled the Cox State Number 1, which is in the northwest of the northwest of 36, a 160-acre offset to the Tom Brown well. And it experienced an initial bottomhole pressure of 1838, 1838 p.s.i., showing that it had suffered drainage from a well 160 acres away.

We subsequently drilled several other wells, which also showed depletion due to the production of the

Tom Brown well, and they were anywhere from 160 to 320 acres away.

Most recently, in February of this year, we twinned the Shell MS State Number 1. By "twin", we drill 50 feet away from the original location. We DST'd the Bough C and experienced pressures of 1090 pounds.

Now, this well is some 320 to 640 acres away from the producing wells in that field, and this demonstrates very drastically that the Bough C can drain as much as 640 acres away.

I demonstrated this to show that the Bough C is capable of draining 80-acre spacing efficiently.

- Q. Mr. Brown, what conclusions have you reached from your study of the Bough C in this area?
- A. The Bough C can drain in excess of 160 acres effectively and efficiently.
- Q. Are you recommending that 80-acre spacing be adopted, at least on a temporary basis, for this pool?
  - A. Yes, I am.

- Q. In your opinion, does this well perform in a fashion similar to other Bough C wells operated by Manzano?
  - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. If 80-acre spacing is not approved for the well, development will have to take place under the Amoco assignment on a 40-acre basis; is that not correct?

1 A. That's correct, that's correct. What would be the result of 40-acre development 2 0. in this area? 3 Basically, if you drill on 40 acres you gain the 4 same reserves as you would on 80 acres, but you have twice 5 as many wells, you have twice the cost. 6 7 And you wouldn't make a significant increase in 0. the reserves you would recover? 8 Α. No. 9 10 0. Why is Manzano seeking special location requirements, 330 feet off the boundary of the tracts? 11 12 It would give us flexibility in picking locations 13 on any 80-acre laydown or standup. 14 0. And in fact, the current wells that are projected 15 or drilled to the Devonian are on setbacks of 330 feet; is 16 that correct? 17 Α. That's correct. 18 Q. For what period of time do you request temporary rules be established for the pool? 19 20 We would request a temporary field establishment Α. of two years or 18 months, somewhere in that period. 21 Were Exhibits 7 through 14 prepared by you? 22 Q. 23 Yes, they were. Α. MR. CARR: Mr. Stogner, at this time I would move 24

the admission into evidence of Manzano Exhibits 7 through

1 14. 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any objections? MR. PADILLA: No. 3 EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 7 through 14 will be 4 admitted into evidence at this time. 5 MR. CARR: And that concludes my direct 6 examination of Donnie Brown. 7 8 EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Carr. 9 Mr. Padilla, your witness. 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. PADILLA: 11 Mr. Brown, on your Exhibit 14, that's strictly on 12 Q. the Cuerno Largo-Penn field, right? 13 Α. That's correct. 14 15 And essentially you've taken the wells shown on Exhibit Number 5, and those wells shown on that structure 16 17 map --18 Α. Yes. Q. -- are the ones that are shown on Exhibit 14? 19 That's correct. 20 Α. How long had -- Well, let me ask, first of all, Q. 21 22 on Exhibit 14, you have the Shell MS State Number 1, and 23 that was a dryhole, right? 24 Α. Yes. 25 Q. And then you had the Tom Brown SWB State Number 1 drilled about six years later, and that produced, you said, over 300 barrels.

When you're looking at the pressure of the Shell well and the Tom Brown well, is that -- you're talking about virgin pressure, pretty much --

A. Yes.

- Q. -- to --
- A. Yes.
- Q. -- 3000?

Do you know why the Shell well was plugged and abandoned? Was it just dry or what?

- A. I don't know what they was thinking back in 1965, but as I say, we've just twinned it and completed the well in the Bough C for 100 barrels of oil a day at 490 pounds. They tested oil and water, when they tested the Bough C on their DST. Why they chose to plug it, I don't know, unless back in 1965 they was looking for something else.
- Q. What I want to understand is, how can you have this kind of pressure on the Shell well and then not have similar -- pretty similar pressure on the Tom Brown, and have totally different production characteristics?
- A. Well, the Tom Brown well, when it first came into -- came on production, it made very little -- very little oil, and they produced something like 2000 barrels of water a day for months on end, before it turned around and came

home.

- Q. Could there be some geologic feature separating the two wells? One's in Section 26 and the other's in 25. And then they're -- They're not that far apart, they're both the north half of the sections; is that correct?
  - A. Are you talking about the Tom Brown well --
- O. Yeah.
  - A. -- and the Shell well?
  - Q. Correct, the top two wells.
  - A. I don't think so, because when we came in here and twinned the Shell Brown, we came in with a bottomhole pressure of 1000 pounds, which is about what the field pressure is right now. So that shows good communication between the Tom Brown well and the rest of the producing wells to the Shell well.
  - Q. But as I understand, these two wells were the first two wells in that pool, or --
    - A. That's correct.
  - Q. In terms of structure, there's no structural difference that I see on Exhibit Number 5, yet one is productive and one is not.
  - A. Well, what I'm saying, that the Shell MS State
    Number 1 should have been productive. They missed it,
    because we've come right behind them and drilled 50 feet
    away from that well and are producing 100 barrels a day

with a flowing pressure of 490 pounds.

- Q. Now, what effect do you have, say, between 1971, when the Tom Brown well was drilled, and 1984, when the Manzano Cox State Number 1 was drilled --
  - A. Well, see, it was --
  - O. -- in terms of drawdown?
- A. It was a drawdown of some 1200 pounds, which showed that on 160 acres the Tom Brown well had drained the Cox location some 160 acres away.
  - Q. Does that also indicate a limited reservoir?
- A. Well, it made 300,000 barrels, and the total field's made in excess of 600,000. I wouldn't call that limited.
- Q. Now, on the Manzano Sidewinder Number 1,

  Diamondback Number 1 and the Tenneco State Number 1, there

  were no --
- 17 A. Uh-huh.

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- 18 | Q. -- pressures taken?
- A. No, it was -- We drilled several wells, the time
  we got to the Sidewinder and the Diamondback, and we knew
  what pay we was looking for, so we didn't go to the
  expenditure to take DST pressures.
- Q. You don't know whether the pressure was greater than 1090 or less?
- A. No, we didn't take it.

- Q. On your straight-line curve, let me see if I understand the relationship. You said that -- You testified, I believe, that that was conservative because it was straight-line, and it should react more like the line on Exhibit 10; is that -- Did I understand you?
- A. That's correct. What I'm -- This Bough C in the Vest State is being driven from a solution gas drive.

  We're producing oil with a GOR of 1600, pressures above 2500 pounds, no water. The only way it can produce is through a solution gas drive.

So what I've shown by these textbook demonstrations is, these are typical curves, pressure versus cumulative production, for a solution gas drive field. And I've simply shown that if you take a straight-line extrapolation in the very early life, that you're going to extrapolate a cumulative reserve less than what you would if you had additional years of data, or as they have done here.

- Q. So you actually expect more oil?
- A. That's correct.
  - Q. Right.

- A. Yeah. I would suspect anywhere from 1.3 to 1.5 times more than what I've extrapolated on this straight-
  - Q. Now, on your Exhibit 8 you have -- where you've

calculated your formation volume factor --1 2 Α. Yes. -- what factors in that formula are factors that 3 you would assign from data that is assumed? 4 5 Nothing. The gradient, bottomhole pressure gradient, was measured when we took a -- when we ran our 6 bottomhole pressure survey on February the 20th. 7 The weight of the oil is based on the 45.5-degree 8 gravity, and the weight of gas is again based on the 1600 9 GOR. 10 So everything that -- all the information you 11 Q. have in there came from that well? 12 Α. That's correct. 13 MR. PADILLA: I don't have any further questions, 14 Mr. Examiner. 15 EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Padilla. 16 Mr. Carr, do you have any redirect at this time? 17 MR. CARR: I have no redirect at this time, Mr. 18 19 Stogner. EXAMINATION 20 BY EXAMINER STOGNER: 21 Mr. Brown, you said the 330 feet offset that 22 Q. 23 you're requesting today, which is -- varies from the normal 24 on 80-acre spacing for New Mexico, is requested for 25 flexibility. What do you mean, "flexibility"?

Well, we're basically -- We're stuck with the 330 1 Α. 2 because the 330 was -- We drilled the first well to the Devonian, and at 330 off the lease line was based on the 3 most optimum location for 3-D. So our first well's on 330. 4 So here Yates comes, and they're drilling off at 330. 5 we feel like we've pretty well got to stick to it. 6 7 Are you advocating, even if 330 is approved, that Q. 8 the operators be allowed to drill more than one well per 9 proration unit? More than one well per --10 A. 11 Per 80-acre? 0. No, one well per 80 acre is what I'm advocating. 12 Okay. With the 330-foot offset and 80-acre 13 Q. 14 spacing and one-well restriction, are you proposing any further restrictions, such as which quarter-quarter section 15 in the 80 be drilled, or would that be up to the operator, 16 17 which --18 Α. I think that would be up to the operator, and we could either lay down your 80s or stand them up. 19 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions of Mr. 20 Brown? 21 22 MR. PADILLA: I have one, based on your question. 23 FURTHER EXAMINATION 24 BY MR. PADILLA: 25 Mr. Brown, looking at the land plat, I asked the Q.

first Mr. Brown about what would happen if Julian Ard drilled his location 330 from the south line, Yates drilled its well, and of course your well is now already drilled. What does that do to drainage in terms of having three wells offsetting each other in that manner?

A. Well, of course that would be sharing in the reserves, what -- obviously, since we've stated that these wells can drain over 160 acres by themselves.

The only thing it would prevent is drilling another well in the offset 40 acres and coming up with a rate war or a drilling war.

As far as the drainage or recovery, if you drill on 40 acres, you're going to have the same recovery as you drilled on 80 acres, only twice the cost.

Q. But there's nothing now to prevent those three wells being located -- based on your Application, from being located that way? They're essentially drilling -- Well, they're crowded in on very close proximity, correct? I'm not sure what they do in terms of drainage, what it does to your testimony about effective drainage.

MR. CARR: What is the question?

- Q. (By Mr. Padilla) Well, the question is --
- A. I guess we could have 80 acres, but basically --
- Q. -- what area are the three wells draining?
- A. Yeah, they're going to be draining the whole

reservoir, wherever that is.

- Q. Will they be draining 120 acres because they're that close?
  - A. All three wells? Yeah.
- Q. I mean, obviously they're going to drill -- if a well goes on forever, it will slowly drain the entire area. But if you have three wells that close together, based on your testimony, on 80-acre spacing, and you have the three wells that close, are you only effectively going to drain 150 acres or 160, a limited area, instead of three times 121?
- A. Well, I really don't know what you're getting at, but if you had three wells basically in a little pod there, in 80 -- They're basically on 40-acres, so they don't interfere with each other, they're going to be draining the 40 acres surrounding it.

But all three of them as a unit would be draining the entire reservoir area, however big that is. And it would be better, you know, to ultimately space these where you would -- rather than having Yates drill here, drill over here, the next well up here and the next well over here. But it's not -- The first two wells are not working out that way.

Q. And your Application does not restrict where you drill it, other than being 330 --

Well, it would be alternate 40s, should be the --1 Α. would be your plan. 2 But the Application does not call for that? 3 Q. I don't think it does, does it? Α. 4 MR. CARR: No, it does not. 5 MR. PADILLA: I don't have anything further. 6 7 FURTHER EXAMINATION BY EXAMINER STOGNER: 8 9 Q. Just to wrap up some loose ends, Mr. Brown. On Exhibit Number 1, Section 16, in the west half 10 of the southwest quarter, there are two well symbols --11 West half? A. 12 Yes, sir. 13 Q. West half of the southwest --Α. 14 -- of 16. 15 Q. 16 Α. Okay. There are two well symbols there. The first one 17 Q. up in the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, the 18 19 old Amoco Number 1, what's the status of that well? Do you know? 20 I think it's P-and-A'd. Mike probably knows 21 Α. 22 better. MR. MIKE BROWN: I think it's shut-in Queen gas 23 I don't think it's still producing. If it is, it's 24 well. 25 not producing very much.

1 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. And this is to either one of you guys. How about the plugged and abandoned well 2 3 symbol down in the southwest-southwest? What's the status of that well? 4 MR. DONNIE BROWN: That, in fact, is plugged and 5 abandoned. 6 7 EXAMINER STOGNER: Plugged and abandoned from which interval? 8 MR. MIKE BROWN: Drilled to the Devonian. 9 MR. DONNIE BROWN: Drilled to the Devonian, then 10 they plugged and abandoned it. 11 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, just some loose ends I 12 13 want to tie up. Any other questions at this time? If not, you 14 15 may be excused, Mr. Brown. 16 Are there any closing statements, at this time? 17 Mr. Padilla or Mr. Carr? MR. CARR: Mr. Padilla -- If he would like to 18 19 close, I will. If not, I won't. 20 MR. PADILLA: I don't have any closing arguments, other than to say I think the Application is premature at 21 22 this time, and that there's already a well -- Julian Ard's 23 well is already permitted on 40-acre spacing, and therefore should be exempted from the special rules. 24 25 EXAMINER STOGNER: Now, when you said "the Julian

Ard well", Mr. Padilla, could you pinpoint that for me on 1 2 Exhibit Number 1, tell me where it is? 3 MR. PADILLA: Well, better than that, Mr. 4 Examiner, let me give you -- and ask you to take official notice of the well location. 5 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, you're handing me a --6 7 MR. PADILLA: -- application to drill. EXAMINER STOGNER: And actually this Form C-101 8 for the Julian Ard, Ard State Well Number 1, to be located 9 10 330 from the south, 990 from the west of Section 16 -- I'll take administrative notice of this, and it's also in our 11 file. So that answers my question. 12 13 MR. CARR: And I'd like to respond to those 14 comments, if I may, Mr. Stogner. EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, please. 15 16 MR. CARR: I would point out that the order that 17 will be entered in this case needs to be based on the 18 evidence presented here today. Aside from an APD, no 19 evidence was presented by Julian Ard, and as we all know, filing an APD does not necessarily mean a well will ever be 20 21 drilled. So I think it's important to look at the evidence 22 that has been presented here today, and what the evidence 23 shows, that the wells that we're proposing to drill, based 24 on the best evidence we have available at this time, those 25

wells will drain 80 acres.

We're standing with an assignment provision, and unless the pool rules are changed, we'll be developing this reservoir on 40-acre spacing. And if we do that, we will increase the cost of developing the reserves. We will be, in fact, drilling unnecessary wells.

Now, we're asking for temporary rules, and if as this pool develops it appears that, in fact, the wells will only drain 40 acres, if these wells do not perform as they are expected to, if they don't perform like other Bough C wells, then of course the rules can be changed.

ask that wells be located in diagonal quarter-quarter sections. But as the evidence shows, really, the drilling in this area is pushed in a big measure by Devonian development. And if we made that kind of a request, if we asked for development in diagonal quarter-quarter sections, what we would be doing, in effect, is probably setting things up so we would be coming back for a number of hearings to get exceptions to the requirement. And for that reason we haven't asked that there be specific quarter-quarter sections in which wells must be placed.

We believe that the evidence shows that if this Application is approved, operators will have an opportunity to produce the reserves in the Bough C without having to

incur wasteful drilling practices, unnecessary costs, and 1 2 we could avoid, as Mr. Brown, Mr. Donnie Brown, characterized it, a drilling war in this area. 3 We request that the Application be approved. 4 EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you. 5 One other loose end --6 7 MR. CARROLL: I've got one too. 8 EXAMINER STOGNER: Oh, I'm sorry, go ahead. MR. CARROLL: Mr. Carr, if you could refresh my 9 memory as to what you said regarding Mr. Ernest Carroll and 10 Yates at the beginning of this case? 11 MR. CARR: Yes, Mr. Carroll filed an 12 application -- or a prehearing statement -- indicating they 13 would appear in opposition to the Application. Early this 14 week there were communications between Manzano and Yates. 15 16 The day before yesterday, while at a meeting here at the Oil Commission, Mr. Carroll called. He advised me 17 that Yates had decided not to oppose the Application, but 18 he requested that I be sure that the record reflect that he 19 20 had filed an entry of appearance in this case, and -- for Yates Petroleum Corporation. And I believe the record 21 22 clearly reflects that he has appeared for Yates in this 23 matter. Thank you. 24 25 EXAMINER STOGNER: Should an order be issued, is

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1
     there any proposed rule name that your Applicant has
 2
     requested or desires -- other than Brown, or Carr, or
     Padilla?
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 4
                (Laughter)
 5
               MR. CARR: No, sir.
                EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. With that, Case Number
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 7
     11,504 will be taken under advisement at this time.
 8
                (Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at
 9
     10:05 a.m.)
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## CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO )
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE )

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL April 12th, 1996.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 1998

i do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete record of the proceedings in the Examiner hearing of Case No. 11504, neard by me on When' 1996.

Examiner

Oil Conservation Division