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STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURC OIL CONSERVATION DIVISIO	
IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:	) ) )
APPLICATION OF BURLINGTON RESOURCES OIL AND GAS COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF A PILOT PROJECT INCLUDING AN EXCEPTION FROM RULE 2(b) OF THE SPECIAL RULES AND REGULA- TIONS FOR THE BLANCO-MESAVERDE GAS POOL FOR PURPOSES OF ESTABLISHING A PILOT INFILL DRILLING PROGRAM WITHIN ITS SAN JUAN 27-5 UNIT WHEREBY UP TO FOUR WELLS MAY BE DRILLED ON A STANDARD GAS PRORA- TION UNIT TO DETERMINE PROPER WELL DEN- SITY AND WELL LOCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR MESAVERDE WELLS, RIO ARRIBA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO	) CASE NOS. 11,879 ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) )
APPLICATION OF BURLINGTON RESOURCES OIL AND GAS COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF A PILOT PROJECT INCLUDING AN EXCEPTION FROM RULE 2(b) OF THE SPECIAL RULES AND REGULA- TIONS FOR THE BLANCO-MESAVERDE GAS POOL TO INSTITUTE A PILOT INFILL DRILLING PROGRAM WITHIN A FOUR-SECTION AREA	) and 11,880 ) ) ) )
INCLUDING SIX UNORTHODOX GAS WELL LOCA- TIONS FOR PURPOSES OF ESTABLISHING A PROGRAM TO DETERMINE PROPER WELL DENSITY AND WELL LOCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR MESAVERDE WELLS, SAN JUAN COUNTY,	ORIGINAL
NEW MEXICO	) (Consolidated)
REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROC EXAMINER HEARING BEFORE: DAVID R. CATANACH, Hearing Exami November 6th, 1997	
Santa Fe, New Mexico This matter came on for hearing Mexico Oil Conservation Division, DAVID F Hearing Examiner, on Thursday, November 6 New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural F Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pache Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Cour for the State of New Mexico.	CATANACH, th, 1997, at the esources co, Santa Fe, New
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## APPEARANCES

FOR THE APPLICANT:

KELLAHIN & KELLAHIN 117 N. Guadalupe P.O. Box 2265 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2265 By: W. THOMAS KELLAHIN

FOR THE RUTH ZIMMERMAN TRUST:

MILLER, STRATVERT and TORGERSON, P.A. 150 Washington Suite 300 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501 By: J. SCOTT HALL

\* \* \*

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1	WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at
2	10:26 a.m.:
3	EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay, at this time I will
4	call Case 11,879, Application of Burlington Resources Oil
5	and Gas Company for approval of a pilot project including
6	an exception from Rule 2(b) of the special rules and
7	regulations for the Blanco-Mesaverde Gas Pool for purposes
8	of establishing a pilot infill drilling program within its
9	San Juan 27-5 Unit whereby up to four wells may be drilled
10	on a standard gas proration unit to determine proper well
11	density and well-location requirements for Mesaverde wells,
12	Rio Arriba County, New Mexico.
13	Call for appearances in this case.
14	MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, I'm Tom Kellahin of
15	the Santa Fe law firm of Kellahin and Kellahin, appearing
16	on behalf of the Applicant.
17	At this time, Mr. Examiner, we would request your
18	permission, for presentation of the evidence, to have you
19	call Case 11,880.
20	EXAMINER CATANACH: At this time I'll call Case
21	11,880, which is the Application of Burlington Resources
22	Oil and Gas Company for approval of a pilot project,
23	including an exception from Rule 2(b) of the special rules
24	and regulations for the Blanco-Mesaverde Gas Pool to
25	institute a pilot infill drilling program within a four-

1	section are including six unorthodox gas well locations for
2	purposes of establishing a program to determine proper well
3	density and well location requirements for Mesaverde wells,
4	San Juan County, New Mexico.
5	At this time I will call for additional
6	appearances in these cases.
7	No additional appearances.
8	MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, I have three
9	witnesses to be sworn.
10	EXAMINER CATANACH: Will the witnesses please
11	stand to be sworn in at this time?
12	(Thereupon, the witnesses were sworn.)
13	MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, Burlington Resources
14	is examining the feasibility of the well density in the
15	Blanco-Mesaverde Pool. As you know, we currently have 320-
16	acre gas spacing in that pool with an optional second well.
17	Burlington is continuing to engage in pilot
18	projects in various portions of the pool to develop
19	geologic and reservoir engineering data to determine
20	whether or not there are remaining gas reserves to be
21	recovered in each of those spacing units which are not
22	currently being recoverable by that spacing pattern we now
23	have.
24	Back in October of 1996 you heard the first of
25	three pilot project areas. You heard at that time the

1	presentation for the San Juan 29-and-7 unit. That was Case
2	11,625.
3	It was Division Order R-10,720. I have a copy of
4	that order here for you, because it forms an outline by
5	which we'll ask you to examine the second two projects we
6	have.
7	The second project that is on the docket today is
8	the project that deals with the 27-and-5 unit. The 27-and-
9	5 unit is in the southern portion of the pool.
10	The third and final pilot project area is what we
11	call the drillblock project. It is called that because
12	it's not contained within a unit. It is in the
13	northwestern portion of the pool.
14	The reason it's not in a unit is, there are no
15	units in that area in which to test the pilot project. We
16	had to find a four-section area in which we substantially
17	controlled the working interest where there were few other
18	interest owners, where there were few correlative-rights
19	issues, and Mr. Alexander and the other employees of
20	Burlington have found such an area, and they have chosen
21	that as a suitable one to provide the third test area for
22	the pilot project.
23	If you'll approve these other two for us, at
24	the other two projects for us, at the conclusion of the
25	test of all three we believe we'll have sufficient

1	information to come back to the Division and propose to you
2	increasing the density for the entire pool.
3	My proposal, Mr. Examiner, is that we would start
4	with the 27-and-5 case, which is the Exhibit Book 11,879,
5	and then after we go through parts of that we will pick up
6	Case 11,880, which is the drillblock exhibit book. Mr.
7	Alexander and I will go through each of those two books
8	separately to satisfy you about the ownership and the
9	correlative rights issues.
10	Thereafter, the geologic witness and I will go
11	through each exhibit book concurrently so that we can make
12	a direct comparison of each geologic component between the
13	two areas.
14	We will set the stage geologically for you by
15	having Mr. Babcock, who is the geologic expert that
16	testified before you back in October of 1996, give you a
17	summary of the results of the effort in 29 and 7, which was
18	the unit you approved this project for back in October of
19	1996.
20	Finally, we will present an engineering witness
21	who will go through with you, Mr. McNeil, and compare,
22	then, what he has done from the engineering discipline.
23	And at the conclusion we'll ask you to approve
24	both of these projects.
25	My first witness is Mr. Alexander.
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1	ALAN ALEXANDER,
2	the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon
3	his oath, was examined and testified as follows:
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. KELLAHIN:
6	Q. For the record, sir, would you please state your
7	name and occupation?
8	A. Yes, my name is Alan Alexander.
9	Q. On prior occasions have you testified before the
10	Division as a petroleum landman?
11	A. Yes, sir, I have.
12	Q. As part of your duties and responsibilities, have
13	you made yourself informed about the ownership of both the
14	27-5 unit and what we've called the drillblock project?
15	A. Yes, sir, I have.
16	Q. In addition, have you been responsible for
17	providing notification of this hearing to all the interest
18	owners involved in each project?
19	A. I did.
20	MR. KELLAHIN: We tender Mr. Alexander as an
21	expert witness.
22	EXAMINER CATANACH: He is so qualified.
23	Q. (By Mr. Kellahin) Mr. Alexander, let's take a
24	moment, sir, and I'm going to ask you to look at Exhibit
25	Book 11,879. Turn behind Exhibit 1, and let's start with

9

1	Exhibit 2. Identify and describe for us what we're seeing
2	on this display.
3	A. Behind Exhibit Number 2 we have an area plat that
4	shows the original project 29 and 7. It's approximately in
5	the center of the Basin.
6	Q. How is that identified?
7	A. It's identified in red. It's a red solid field,
8	and it says 29-and-7 unit.
9	We also have are showing on there the two
10	additional pilot projects. The one to the southeast would
11	be the 27-and-5 unit, again, filled in red. And to the
12	northwest we have the drill what we call the drillblock
13	area pilot project.
14	You can see those projects in relationship to the
15	other federal units which are in green, and also in
16	relationship to the Pictured Cliffs outcrop for the San
17	Juan Basin definition.
18	Q. Let's turn behind that display and look at the
19	next display. What are you illustrating here?
20	A. This display is a plat showing the San Juan 27-5
21	federal unit, and it shows all of the existing production
22	in that unit, and the production code is displayed at the
23	bottom of the plat.
24	Q. Describe for us how production from the Mesaverde
25	formation is allocated back to the interest owners under

1	this unit concept.
2	A. Well, if we would flip to the next exhibit, I'm
3	showing there a plat again of the 27-and-5 unit, but this
4	time I'm only showing the wells the Mesaverde wells in
5	that unit.
6	And all of the unit area is currently
7	participating in the Mesaverde participating area, and that
8	participating area was last expanded, fully expanded, back
9	in 1981.
10	Q. Let me see if I understand how that works. If I
11	am an owner entitled to receive Mesaverde production, and
12	my ownership is confined to Section 28, will I participate
13	in Mesaverde production if the well is located in Section
14	9?
15	A. Yes, sir, you would.
16	Q. On what basis will I do that?
17	A. You would participate on an acreage basis, the
18	total amount of acreage that you have in the unit, as
19	compared to the total amount of acreage in the
20	participating area.
21	Q. So regardless of where the Mesaverde well is
22	drilled in the unit, I will share in that production based
23	upon my percentage in the unit?
24	A. That's correct.
25	Q. Identify on this display what the significance is

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1 of the green dots. The green dots, I've indicated where we intend to 2 Α. drill the first pilot wells within the 27 and 7 unit. 3 There are seven initial infill -- increased 4 Q. 5 density wells in the unit that are proposed? Α. There are eight of them. 6 Eight of them. 7 Q. Yes, sir. 8 Α. What's the significance of the boundary just 9 Q. inside the outer dimensions of the unit that's in the blue-10 hached mark? 11 That is a boundary that we are proposing as a 12 Α. buffer zone because we are asking the Division to give us 13 approval for a pilot project, including all of the unit 14 15 area, not just limited to these eight initial increased density wells. And that buffer is a half-mile buffer, and 16 that would protect the correlative rights of any of the 17 18 offsetting owners outside of the San Juan 27-and-5 unit, in 19 our opinion. 20 Q. Let's go back to Exhibit Tab 1 and talk about notification. Have you had notification made? 21 Yes, sir. Immediately behind Exhibit Tab Number 22 Α. 23 1 you'll see our certificate of mailing whereby we furnished all of the parties, including royalties and 24 overriding royalty owners, with a certified copy of the 25

1	Application and a subsequent letter that I will also talk
2	about.
3	Behind that certified mailing is a copy of the
4	Application.
5	Q. They received the actual Application itself?
6	A. Yes, sir.
7	Q. And the Application itself details specifically
8	what Burlington is proposing to do?
9	A. It does.
10	Q. Okay, it goes so far as to describe the footage
11	setbacks and the various components of your Application?
12	A. It does.
13	Q. After the Application itself, you have provided
14	the affected parties with a plat of the unit, have you not?
15	A. Correct.
16	Q. And then beyond that are the actual wells in the
17	unit?
18	A. The actual Mesaverde wells
19	Q. Yes, sir.
20	A that's correct.
21	Q. And beyond that, what then do we find?
22	A. Beyond that we find the list, copies of Well,
23	we find a list of the royalties and overriding royalties
24	and working interest owners that are in the 27-5 unit.
25	And then immediately behind that you will see

1	copies of the certified mailings that we have provided.
2	Q. That notification went to the working interest
3	owners, the royalty interest owners and the overriding
4	royalty interest owners within the entire unit that were
5	entitled to share in Mesaverde production?
6	A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
7	Q. Just after this mailing and I apologize for
8	not tabbing it for you, Mr. Examiner, but about halfway
9	through the Exhibit Tab 1, there's a letter dated October
10	1st, 1997.
11	Let me direct your attention to that letter, Mr.
12	Alexander, and ask you what was the purpose of that letter?
13	A. Mr. Catanach, I don't know if you found it, but
14	it's right behind the first set of certified mailings. You
15	have to go to the end of those.
16	It is a letter dated October the 1st of 1997. We
17	wanted to additionally advise all of the royalty and
18	overriding royalty owners of our proposed pilot project, so
19	we sent them an additional notification prior to sending
20	them the Application, and to date we have not heard back
21	with any concerns from the royalties or the overriding
22	royalty interest owners in the 27-and-5 unit.
23	Q. As to either mailing?
24	A. That's correct.
25	Q. Okay. Let me ask you to direct your attention to

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1	a copy of the order I was describing to Mr. Catanach. It's
2	the Order R-10,720. And let me ask you to look at the
3	first finding there. When Mr. Catanach prepared and had
4	this order issued, he summarized what Burlington was
5	seeking to do with regards to the pool rules.
6	He first identifies what the current rules are
7	for the pool. Is your understanding of these rules
8	consistent with his finding?
9	A. It is.
10	Q. All right. Let's turn and find the next finding.
11	Finding 3, he summarized what you propose to do with this
12	pilot infill drilling program for the 29-and-7 unit. Did
13	he correctly summarize for you what you were proposing in
14	that pilot project area?
15	A. He did.
16	Q. Did he, in fact, approve your request for the 29-
17	and-7 unit as you had requested it?
18	A. Yes, he did.
19	Q. And he authorized you to drill up to an
20	additional four wells per section for the pilot project
21	area; is that not true?
22	A. That is correct.
23	Q. In addition, he provided you some details about
24	well locations and then specifically approved the eight
25	project wells?

10
A. That's correct.
Q. As part of that request, did you request any
change, modification or other items concerning gas
prorationing in this pool?
A. No, we did not.
Q. And are you maintaining that same request with
regards to these other two project areas?
A. That's correct. We do not desire any change to
the current proration schedules.
Q. In terms of well locations within the drill block
project and the 27-and-5 project area, what are you
proposing for well locations?
A. We're proposing we haven't identified In
the prior order for the 29-and-7 unit we had identified
some particular seven or eight wells eight wells.
However, in this request we are asking permission
from the Division to simply locate any of the wells in
accordance with the setbacks that we're proposing. And
that setback would, again, be ten feet from any section,
quarter section or quarter-quarter section line, with the
understanding that we would not drill any increased density
wells within the half-mile buffer surrounding the unit.
Q. Now, that concept works for the unit projects,
does it not, where you can be that close to a boundary?
A. Yes, sir.

1	Q. Have you Do you desire to have that
2	flexibility established for the drillblock area?
3	A. No, sir, we do not.
4	Q. Okay. Let's turn to the drillblock case, if
5	you'll find that exhibit book. Again, let's skip past
6	Exhibit 1 and look at the information behind Exhibit Tab
7	Number 2.
8	A. Yes, the information that we have provided behind
9	Exhibit Number 2 contains a letter
10	Q. I'm sorry, Mr. Alexander, I have not taken you
11	far enough back
12	A. All right.
13	Q in the exhibit book. Let's I've got a
14	better idea. Let's look at Exhibit Tab 2 and look at the
15	last page under that tab. There's a plat. It says,
16	"increase density study area Mesaverde formation" Do you
17	find that?
18	A. Yes, sir.
19	Q. All right. You have scribed an area that
20	contains four sections, correct?
21	A. Correct.
22	Q. Within that area, there's 160 acres out of the
23	corner of each of those sections that consolidated in the
24	center of that project area. Do you see that?
25	A. Yes, sir.

	10
1	Q. Outside of that area, there are some diagonal
2	hached lines. What does that represent?
3	A. Again, this is the same buffer concept that we
4	were using in the federal units. This is the half-mile
5	setback buffer zone where we're proposing not to drill any
6	increased density wells in order to not impact any of the
7	surrounding sections.
8	Q. The increased density wells, for purposes of the
9	pilot project, are identified how on this display?
10	A. They're identified by solid black dots.
11	Q. Okay. Let's turn now to Exhibit 3 and look at
12	the plat that describes the ownership of the various
13	spacing units within the project, the four sections that
14	are involved in the project.
15	A. Yes, this plat is our offset operator plat, which
16	we did make notification in this instance to offset
17	operators.
18	Q. Let's use this for a different purpose. Let's
19	take a moment
20	EXAMINER CATANACH: Where are we at?
21	MR. KELLAHIN: We are behind Exhibit Tab 3. It's
22	that first illustration. It says "increase density study
23	area".
24	Q. (By Mr. Kellahin) I realize this was to
25	illustrate notice

	13
1	A. Yes.
2	Q but let's use it for a different purpose. If
3	you'll start in Section 31, describe for us the orientation
4	of the Mesaverde spacing units in that section.
5	A. The orientation of the Mesaverde spacing units in
6	that section are east half and west half, and I have shown
7	those by a hached pattern.
8	Q. Who operates that section in the Mesaverde?
9	A. Burlington operates Section 31.
10	Q. Within Section 31 there is a black dot. Does
11	that represent one of the increased density pilot project
12	wells?
13	A. Yes, sir, it does.
14	Q. Move down into the southwest corner; we're now in
15	Section 6 of a different township, are we not?
16	A. Correct.
17	Q. Describe for us the orientation of the Mesaverde
18	spacing units in that section.
19	A. That orientation is shown to be a west-half
20	orientation, and with the two black dots showing the
21	increased density wells for that particular proration unit.
22	Q. Who operates the two Mesaverde spacing units in
23	that section?
24	A. Burlington operates that spacing unit also.
25	Q. Okay. When we go over to Section 1 in the

	20
1	southeast quarter of the project area, identify and
2	describe for us the orientation of the Mesaverde spacing
3	units.
4	A. Section 1 shows the orientation of that spacing
5	unit, proration unit, to be north half, and it also shows
6	two increased density wells in that spacing unit also.
7	Q. And who operates that section in the Mesaverde?
8	A. Burlington, again, operates that spacing unit.
9	Q. And the finally Section 36 in the northwest
10	corner of the project, identify and describe how that's
11	configured and who operates what.
12	A. The spacing unit for the Blanco-Mesaverde Pool in
13	Section 36 is a laydown south-half spacing unit, and there
14	is one increased density well to be located in that spacing
15	unit.
16	Q. Okay. Have you Who are the operators in 36?
17	A. Great Western Drilling Company is the historical
18	operator of that spacing unit.
19	Q. Have you obtained the agreement of Great Western
20	to utilize the spacing unit in the south half of Section 36
21	for purposes of drilling and operating the infill well
22	within that spacing unit?
23	A. Yes, sir, we met with Great Western and Conoco,
24	Taurus and Davoil, who own interest in that spacing unit,
25	down in Midland, Texas, back on October the 9th or the

10th. 1 2 We reviewed this project with them, they were in 3 agreement that it is a project that we do need to do, and I have currently been circulating the AFE for that well, 4 because we have proposed to them that we drill that well 5 along with the other five wells in the study area so that 6 7 we can accumulate the data. We have proposed to Great Western that we drill 8 the well and that we operate it for six months in order to 9 gather that data, and they were agreeable with that 10 11 approach. Now, let's use this display for the purpose you 12 0. 13 intended. How do you identify the offsetting operators to whom notice was entitled? 14 We have shown with squares and numbers who the 15 Α. offset operators are in the offsetting drillblocks, and you 16 17 will note that there are only two. One of them is Burlington and the other one is Amoco Production Company. 18 Have you received any objection from Amoco for 19 Q. 20 approval of this project? No, sir, I have not. 21 Α. Concerning the consolidation of the working 22 0. interest owners for the drilling of these increased density 23 pilot wells within the project area, what's the status of 24 25 that voluntary agreement?

21

1	A. We have decided that we will not form or
2	manipulate any of the units, that all of the units will
3	continue to stand on their own. All production from the
4	increased density will be allocated back to the unit that
5	it's drilled upon.
6	Q. And do you have the agreement of the interest
7	owners to do that?
8	A. Yes, sir, we do.
9	Q. And how will the cost of these wells be
10	apportioned among the interest owners?
11	A. They will Again, all of the cost will be borne
12	by the party upon whose drillblock the well is drilled. We
13	will pay for and bear all of the costs except for the one
14	well which is located in Section 36, the Great Western-
15	operated unit. And Great Western and its partners will
16	and I have sent them the AFEs and have several of them
17	back. We're asking them to bear their share of those well
18	costs.
19	Q. Let's turn to the topic of notification of the
20	interest owners within the project area. Have you
21	tabulated what you believe to be an accurate list of the
22	working interest, royalty and overriding royalty interest
23	owners within the project area?
24	A. Yes, sir, I have.
25	Q. And have you caused notification of this hearing

<ul> <li>to be sent to those parties?</li> <li>A. Yes, sir. Behind Exhibit Tab Number 1 I have</li> <li>shown our certificate of mailing. And behind that, of</li> <li>course, the mailing consisted of the Application in today'</li> <li>hearing.</li> <li>And again, in another section of the book, we</li> <li>also notified by separate mailing the royalties and the</li> <li>overriding royalty owners in advance of the mailing of the</li> <li>Application.</li> <li>Q. Have you received any objection from any of thos</li> <li>parties concerning the approval of this Application?</li> <li>A. No, sir, I have received no objections.</li> <li>Q. Okay. Let's turn to Exhibit Tab 2 and have you</li> <li>identify and explain the first letter contained here, date</li> </ul>	
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13 Q. Okay. Let's turn to Exhibit Tab 2 and have you	
14 identify and explain the first letter contained here, date	
	1
15 October 24th.	
A. There's a sequence of letters behind this	
17 exhibit, the first one being October the 24th, the most	
18 recent letter, and it is the letter that we sent to the	
19 parties owning the interest in the south half of Section	
20 36, which Great Western normally operates.	
21 You'll see those parties listed at the top.	
22 You'll also see their interest in this particular increased	ι
23 density well in the middle of the letter. And we have	
24 enclosed with that our cost estimate and authority for	
25 drilling, for them to execute and return to us.	

	24
1	Q. Behind that, then, is a summary of It says
2	"Completion Procedures" for the well?
3	A. Yes, sir.
4	Q. If you'll turn past that there are four pages
5	of completion procedures you get to a letter dated
6	September 29th. What's the purpose of this letter?
7	A. This is the letter that we wanted to give advance
8	notice to the royalty and overriding royalty owners in this
9	pilot project. Since we are in a drillblock area, this is
10	different from being in the federal unit where we have
11	other mechanisms to help share the revenue to prevent any
12	correlative-rights violations.
13	And so we wanted them to be aware of the project,
14	and if they had any questions or problems with it at all we
15	wanted to hear from them about it.
16	Q. Did the notification to the royalty and
17	overriding royalty interest owners include the Application,
18	and specifically directing their attention to the
19	unorthodox location of the pilot infill wells?
20	A. It did.
21	Q. Let's go back to Exhibit 3 now, which is our
22	little locator map, and let's talk about your opinions
23	concerning those unorthodox location wells, and whether or
24	not you think there's an opportunity for the violation of
25	correlative rights.

24

We looked all over this portion of the Basin 1 Ά. where we needed to do a pilot project and it is very 2 difficult to find an area that we -- in fact, it was 3 impossible to find and area that we completely controlled 4 and that had identical ownership in it. So this was our 5 best choice to minimize the impact of any correlative-6 7 rights violations. After we chose this area, knowing that we have 8 9 slightly different royalties and overrides -- For instance, Section 31, Section 6 and Section 1 are federal leaseholds; 10 11 Section 36 is state leases; and the overrides do vary slightly among all of those drillblocks. This is the best 12 13 example that we could come up with. So after knowing that we had some differences in 14 ownership, the next thing was to place the well so that we 15 felt that we had some compensating drainage patterns so 16 that nobody would be adversely affected, or that we would 17 minimize the effect of any drainage that would occur 18 19 between the various spacing units. And that was one of the 20 reasons on why these wells are located where they are. The geologist will go into more detail about the 21 extent of those drainage patterns, and I think it will 22 23 become even more clear on how this setup, we feel, is a good pilot project area and will minimize any correlative-24 rights issues. 25

1	Q. For each of these increased density wells that
2	are drilled at unorthodox locations, how far set back from
3	the side boundary of a spacing unit are they?
4	A. We tried to keep them all approximately about 330
5	feet. The Application does list exactly where they're
6	located, but that was our goal, was to try to keep them
7	approximately 330 feet off of the drillblock boundaries.
8	Q. In each instance, then, you have told all
9	interest owners, including the overriding interest owners,
10	of these well locations and of this project?
11	A. Yes, sir, we have.
12	Q. And have you received any objection to the
13	Division approving these unorthodox well locations?
14	A. We have not.
15	Q. Let's go back to Order R-10,720, which is the
16	order that approved the 29-and-7 unit. When we deal with
17	the drillblock area, are you seeking approval to do the
18	same kind of operation in the drillblock?
19	A. Insofar as it's a pilot project, that's true.
20	But insofar as the setbacks are concerned, it is not true.
21	We're asking specifically for nonstandard locations for
22	each of these increased density wells in the drillblock
23	area, and that would be the difference between the two
24	Applications.
25	Q. If there is a desire to expand or increase the

density in the drillblock area, then we're going to have to
come back and get further approvals?
A. That is correct.
Q. When we get to the 27-and-5 unit the idea is, as
more wells are drilled in the Mesaverde in that unit to
test this pilot, we would not need additional approvals?
A. That's correct.
Q. All right, sir. Anything else, Mr. Alexander?
A. No, sir, I believe not.
MR. KELLAHIN: That concludes my examination of
Mr. Alexander, Mr. Catanach. We move the introduction in
Exhibit Book 11,880 of Exhibits 1 through 3 and, in Exhibit
Book 11,879, Exhibits 1 and 2.
EXAMINER CATANACH: Exhibits 1 and 2 in Case
11,879 and Exhibits 1, 2 and 3 in Case 11,880 will be
admitted as evidence.
EXAMINATION
BY EXAMINER CATANACH:
Q. Mr. Alexander, dealing with the unit case first,
the entire unit, again, is in the Mesaverde PA?
A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
Q. And that's been established since 1981?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Okay. Are there going to be more than eight
wells drilled in that pilot project?

27

	20
1	A. Yes, we anticipate that there will be. However,
2	what I have shown here are just the 1998 project wells.
3	Q. Those are for 1998?
4	A. Yes, sir.
5	Q. Okay. You don't have an idea how many wells will
6	ultimately be drilled in that?
7	A. No, sir, that will be a factor of the results
8	that we find, and I believe the geologists will give you
9	better information concerning why that is later when he
10	testifies.
11	EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay. For the record, I
12	would just like to state that we have received an entry of
13	appearance in this case, Case 11,879, from Scott Hall on
14	behalf of the Ruth Zimmerman Trust, just for the record.
15	MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Catanach, I don't believe I
16	received that. We may ask Mr. Alexander about her
17	interest, his knowledge of that interest and where it is.
18	Q. (By Examiner Catanach) Do you have knowledge of
19	that?
20	A. Yes, the Zimmerman Trust is a working interest
21	owner in the San Juan 27-and-5 Mesaverde participating
22	area. It has about an 8-percent interest.
23	EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay. Mr. Hall or the
24	Zimmerman interest is not represented here, I gather?
25	MR. KELLAHIN: I believe not.

Q. (By Examiner Catanach) Okay. So in the unit
case we're basically doing the same thing as we did in the
29-7?
A. Yes, sir, except this time we're asking for a
little increased flexibility to locate the wells, and we're
not asking for specific NSL locations for the initial wells
at this point.
Q. Okay, you're just asking for the flexibility in
the setbacks?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. We did that in that other case, though?
A. We did, but also at that time we asked you for
some specific NSLs that we don't believe that we have to
go through that step in this case. We'd be better to be
able to locate the wells in accordance with the requested
setback.
Q. Okay. With regards to the drillblock area, it's
my understanding that in Section 31 and Sections 1 and 6
Burlington is the operator of those spacing units?
A. That is correct.
Q. And in Section 36 Great Western is the operator?
A. They're the historical operator, although we have
asked them for permission to drill and operate this
increased density well.
Q. Okay, but they currently operate two Mesaverde

1	wells in that spacing unit?
2	A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
3	Q. Burlington proposes to drill and operate the well
4	for six months?
5	A. Correct. We did check with the Aztec Office,
6	with Tax and Revenue
7	Q. Uh-huh.
8	A and with the Commissioners of the Public Land
9	Office, and they said that that's agreeable with them.
10	Q. Our Aztec Office told you that it was agreeable
11	to have two operators on a spacing unit?
12	A. Well, they're able to accommodate that in ONGARD
13	by a different PIN number. That's what we wanted to
14	validate, to make sure that there wouldn't be any problems.
15	And when we turn this well back, they will assign a PIN
16	number to it for Great Western. And they thought that we
17	would not have any trouble tracking production and the
18	payment of royalties and the overrides during that time
19	period.
20	Q. Can you provide verification of that from the
21	people that you talked to?
22	A. I can ask them for a letter or
23	Q. Yeah.
24	A what would you What you like?
25	Q. If you can get a letter from them, that would

30

1	help us to determine if that's possible. I was under the
2	impression that that was not permitted or permissible up to
3	this point.
4	A. We were under that same impression. That's why
5	we wanted to call them. We talked with Velvet Money in the
6	Taxation and Revenue and Mr. Albers in the Commissioner of
7	the Public Land Office, and then with both Frank and Ernie
8	in the Aztec Office.
9	Q. Okay. If you can provide me with something that
10	would support your request, that would be helpful.
11	A. All right.
12	Q. Okay, as far as the interest owners I mean,
13	the proration units that Burlington does operate, you said
14	that Burlington was going to bear the entire cost of
15	drilling the well?
16	A. In those spacing units, yes, sir, that is
17	correct.
18	Q. Is Burlington the only working interest owner in
19	those spacing units?
20	A. Yes, sir, we own those 100 percent.
21	Q. Okay.
22	A. That is part of the reason why we chose this
23	area. We were trying to minimize the impacts to everybody.
24	Q. Okay. Are there some very There are some
25	other royalty interest owners and overrides in those

1	sections?
2	A. Just The royalty, as I explained, the Section
3	31, Section 6 and Section 1 are those are federal
4	leaseholds
5	Q. Okay.
6	A and 36 is state.
7	There are various override owners in each of the
8	drillblocks that are ranging from about 2-percent to about
9	5-percent total overrides.
10	Q. Okay. Are those subject to what? A joint
11	operating agreement or
12	A. Only the well in Section 36. The others are 100-
13	percent ownership, so there's no operating agreement on the
14	ones that we own.
15	There is a communitization agreement in Section 1
16	between the two federal leases, there's a communitization
17	agreement and an operating agreement in Section 36 because
18	of the diverse ownership in that drillblock.
19	Q. So there's nothing to preclude you from drilling
20	a third well, as far as any kind of operating agreements or
21	anything, any other agreements?
22	A. Only the operating agreement in Section 36, and
23	we are getting the approvals to increase that density from
24	the owners in that drillblock.
25	Q. Does that There is a JOA in that section?

1	A. Yes, sir, there is.
2	Q. Does that have to be amended, or how do you
3	proceed with it?
4	A. No, it's a joint operating agreement that covers
5	the south half for the Mesaverde. So it would cover the
6	increased density well, providing the Division authorizes
7	the increase in the density.
8	Q. So if we authorize it, the JOA allows it?
9	A. Yes, sir.
10	Q. Okay. And so far you've got Let's see, in
11	Section 36 have all those interest owners agreed to that?
12	A. Yes. I've currently got back the They agreed
13	at the meeting in Midland, in principal, and then I told
14	them that we would furnish them the cost estimates, and
15	currently, as of today, I've received Conoco's and
16	Taurus's. I talked with Great Western, Mr. Simpson, here
17	this morning, and his is up for signature in Dallas or
18	Forth Worth, in their main office.
19	So we're not anticipating any problems in that
20	area.
21	Q. Okay. These are the only six wells that are
22	going to be drilled in this drillblock?
23	A. That's all we're asking authorization to drill at
24	this time, that's correct.
25	Q. Have you talked to any interest owners that have

<ul> <li>Mr. Kellahin.</li> <li>MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, sir.</li> <li>I'd like to call Mr. Babcock.</li> <li><u>WILLIAM BABCOCK</u>,</li> <li>the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upo</li> <li>his oath, was examined and testified as follows:</li> <li>DIRECT EXAMINATION</li> <li>BY MR. KELLAHIN:</li> <li>Q. Mr. Babcock, will you please state your name and</li> <li>occupation?</li> <li>A. My name is William Babcock. I work as a</li> <li>geologist for Burlington Resources in Farmington, New</li> <li>Mexico.</li> <li>Q. Mr. Babcock, did you testify before Examiner</li> <li>Catanach back on October 17th, 1996, in Case 11,625,</li> <li>concerning the geologic opinions and conclusions for the</li> <li>San Juan 29-and-7 unit?</li> <li>A. Yes, I did.</li> <li>Q. As part of your efforts for examining increased</li> </ul>		
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Q. As part of your efforts for examining increased	22	San Juan 29-and-7 unit?
	23	A. Yes, I did.
25 density wells for the Blanco-Mesaverde Pool have you now	24	Q. As part of your efforts for examining increased
	25	density wells for the Blanco-Mesaverde Pool have you now

1	established recommendations for the Division to add two
2	more pilot project areas for this study?
3	A. Yes, I have.
4	Q. And based upon that recommendation, do you now
5	have opinions for Mr. Catanach concerning the feasibility
6	of each of those projects?
7	A. Yes, I do.
8	Q. Is the geologic work your work?
9	A. Yes.
10	MR. KELLAHIN: We tender Mr. Babcock as an expert
11	petroleum geologist.
12	EXAMINER CATANACH: He is so qualified.
13	Q. (By Mr. Kellahin) Let's turn to the unit case,
14	Mr. Babcock, and look at case book 11,879. If you'll turn
15	with me behind Exhibit Tab Number 3, there's a fold-out
16	map. Describe for Mr Examiner Catanach what he's
17	seeing.
18	A. This is a map of the drainage areas in the
19	Mesaverde formation. This map was made by using wireline
20	logs and calculating the volumetric original gas in place
21	across the Basin.
22	Q. Were there petroleum engineering experts that
23	helped you in this calculation and the preparation of this
24	display?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. And the volumetrics and some of the rest of this?
2	A. Most of the volumetrics were done by myself, with
3	some help from outside consultants to determine the proper
4	methodology to use. The reserves In order to determine
5	the actual area that was drained, that was done by
6	reservoir engineers and rate-time analysis.
7	Q. Tell me what the color code means.
8	A. The color code, it's The black are areas where
9	we feel that the existing wells are draining greater than
10	160 acres.
11	Q. When you talk about existing wells, what are you
12	meaning?
13	A. The wells that are currently spaced on one well
14	per 160 acres.
15	Q. Okay. What's the significance of the pink area?
16	A. The pink areas are where we feel that the
17	drainage recovery of existing wells ranges from 80 to 160
18	acres. And then the blue areas are where we feel the
19	drainage is currently less than 80 acres per existing well.
20	Q. Refresh our recollection about why Burlington
21	chose the 29 and 7 as one of the three pilot project areas.
22	A. As you can see by its location, it's in the heart
23	of the main producing portion of the Basin where on all
24	sides of it the wells are recovering significantly more as
25	a function of the gas in place.

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1	We wanted to go into an area like that, which we
2	felt was low risk, but as you can see there's also a
3	significant amount of blue and pink within that pilot area,
4	so we knew that there were additional reserves to be
5	gathered. The pressure drop in that area was low, but we
6	felt that the reserves recovered would be relatively high.
7	So we looked at that as a low-risk area to test
8	the concept of our do we need more wells to drill to
9	recover the gas in place?
10	Q. If you'll turn with me to Order R-10,720 I
11	think you have a copy of it there if you'll turn to page
12	3, at the last hearing you discussed Findings 8, 9 and 10,
13	and they had to do with the analysis of the pressure drop
14	in the Mesaverde reservoir.
15	In the 29-and-7 unit, refresh our recollection
16	about the pressure drop and what significance that had.
17	A. In the 29-7 unit, the pressure drop per year
18	was ranged from 5 to 15 p.s.i. per year. Now, this
19	Should I explain how it was calculated, or is that not
20	necessary?
21	Q. I think that's obvious, how it was calculated
22	A. Okay.
23	Q but you can summarize again, if you like
24	A. Okay.
25	Q what you were doing.

1	A. Well, it was the shut-in wellhead pressures and
2	the difference between the shut-in wellhead pressures of
3	the wells that were drilled in 1950 and those wells drilled
4	in 1970. So it's effectively looking at the efficiency of
5	the drainage of the original wells.
6	Q. When you mapped out the pressure-drop map, if you
7	had an area that was greater than 30 p.s.i. per year, that
8	was an indication that existing wells were reasonably
9	efficient under that pattern for depletion of Mesaverde
10	gas?
11	A. That is correct.
12	Q. And as you moved down on that p.s.iper-year
13	drop, you found areas that were less efficient?
14	A. Correct.
15	Q. And you took it all the way down to 5 p.s.i. per
16	year?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Within the 29-and-7 pilot area, what was the
19	range of pressure drop?
20	A. In the pilot area it was 5 to 10 p.s.i. per year.
21	Q. As we move into the San Juan 27 and 5, what kind
22	of pressure-drop area are we in here?
23	A. We're also The 27-5 unit is in the 5 to 15
24	p.s.iper-year drop.
25	Q. And then finally in the drillblock area, what's

-	
1	the range of pressure drop there?
2	A. Once again, it's 5 to 15 p.s.i. per year.
3	Q. Okay. Let's go back to the 29-and-7 pilot area.
4	Why is it necessary to have two more pilot project areas in
5	addition to the 29 and 7?
6	A. The 29-7 pilot, as you can see by its location,
7	is in the heart of the field, very thick sands, excellent
8	recovery from most of the wells in there.
9	The two pilot areas we're looking at today, the
10	San Juan 27-5 and the drillblock pilot, are out on the
11	edges of the field. The recovery The drainage areas
12	generally decrease as you move outwards within the field,
13	and we're getting out to the edges between where there's
14	very little pink and it's mostly just blue.
15	So we felt it necessary to go out into those
16	areas and evaluate both from an economic and from a
17	reservoir-evaluation standpoint.
18	Also, the two pilots that are in They're quite
19	a ways away, as you can see, about 25 miles apart, and
20	there are some significant differences in the sand
21	geometries from one area to the other. Based on core, the
22	matrix properties remain similar, but the sand geometries
23	are significantly different, and so we felt it necessary to
24	evaluate both areas.
25	Q. Let's go back and look at Order 10,720, and look

1	at Finding 11. Now that you've got your eight increased
2	density pilot wells in 29 and 7 I assume you've examined
3	all that geologic data?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q is there any of that new data that causes you
6	to change any of the conclusions that were reached by the
7	Examiner in Finding 11?
8	A. No, there is not. Everything we're finding
9	confirms what we believe going into the drilling of those
10	wells.
11	Q. As we look at the Findings 11 that were applied
12	to 29 and 7, do you see any geologic reason to change those
13	findings with regards to the approval of a pilot project
14	for the 27-and-5 area?
15	A. No, I don't.
16	Q. When we look at the opportunity for gas in place,
17	thickness in the Mesaverde, is there a difference that we
18	should be aware of when we move from the 29-and-7 to the
19	27-and-5 units?
20	A. The difference There is a little bit less gas
21	in place in the 27-5 unit, the permeability is a little bit
22	less, and consequently the well recoveries are a little bit
23	less. We still see very similar pressure drops, so that
24	the overall parameters remain essentially the same, but the
25	wells are not quite as good down in that area as they are

1 in the 29-7 area. 2 0. Geologically, give us the summary, then, when you compare 29 and 7 to the drillblock. 3 The drillblock is somewhat between those two Α. 4 5 areas, between the 27-5 and the 29-7 unit, as far as the productivity of the wells in that area. The sands are a 6 little bit thicker in the drillblock area. 7 It has 8 approximately as much gas in place as the 29-7 area. Permeability is a little bit less. The sands are not quite 9 10 as thick; therefore they probably are not quite as 11 continuous, based on our analysis. If you'll turn with me to the next display behind 12 0. Exhibit Tab Number 3, let's refresh Mr. Catanach's 13 14 recollection about this drainage pattern orientation concept. Explain to us the concept, and then I'll ask you 15 about the three projects. 16 17 Α. Okay. What this is, it's purely a conceptual diagram which shows our interpretation of the drainage 18 19 areas of a hypothetical well. Since these -- The drainage 20 areas are controlled by natural fracture systems which tend 21 to be linearly oriented in a north-south direction, 22 according to nearly all of our data. 23 We see a strong permeability anisotropy in that 24 north-south direction. That permeability anisotropy will set up an preferential drainage orientation so that instead 25

1	of a drainage circle, a circular drainage area, we would
2	have an elliptically shaped drainage area.
3	Now, these ellipses shown here are approximately
4	three to one a little less than three to one, actually,
5	and that may very well be representative of certain areas
6	of the Mesaverde.
7	Q. When we look at the display we're seeing in each
8	square, that represents a section?
9	A. Yes, it does.
10	Q. In each section, each red dot represents the
11	existing well pattern drilled to that density?
12	A. That's correct.
13	Q. And as the wells compete for gas in the
14	Mesaverde, the concept is, there is a north-south
15	orientation to the elliptical drainage shapes?
16	A. Yes, sir.
17	Q. If that is the nature and extent of the gas
18	depletion in the Mesaverde, what, then, is the opportunity
19	that you're testing with the increased density plan?
20	A. The opportunity is to get between those ellipses
21	and put another row of ellipses, of elliptical drainage
22	areas. Because of the orientation of the wells, we haven't
23	been draining the gas efficiently between those wells.
24	Q. Okay. Let's turn to Exhibit Tab 4 and go back to
25	the 29-and-7 unit and look at the project there and the

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1	eight additional density wells, have you show us where they
2	are, and then we'll talk about what's happened as a result
3	of those wells.
4	A. Okay. The eight wells are located in Sections 1,
5	2, 11 and 12. They should be highlighted in orange on the
6	map. Four of those wells were drilled directionally
7	because of topographic problems, to get to what we felt to
8	be appropriate bottomhole locations to get between the
9	drainage ellipses, so to speak.
10	Q. When you turn past the locator, there is a
11	summary sheet that says "29-7 Infill Results". What are we
12	seeing here?
13	A. This is a table with the first column being the
14	well names. There are eight wells, all of the eight wells
15	that we've drilled in that unit.
16	These wells have been on a time period ranging
17	have been producing gas and have been selling gas
18	between two to four months on these wells. What this
19	represents is the initial 30 days averages that we saw on
20	those wells.
21	The first column or the second column after
22	the well name is the actual bottomhole pressure, as
23	measured by a pressure bomb which was lowered into the
24	well.
25	The second column is our simulation model

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1	predicted bottomhole pressures.
2	Q. Now, that model presentation and simulation was
3	part of the evidence submitted in the case that approved
4	the 29-and-7 unit project?
5	A. Yes, it was.
6	Q. All right. So you have the model pressure,
7	bottomhole pressure for the model. What's the next row?
8	A. The next row is the actual initial the actual
9	30-day average rates for the first month's production, and
10	then that's followed by the model projected 30-day average
11	rates for the first month of production.
12	Q. There are differences here. Summarize for us
13	what the differences mean, and what can we conclude from
14	the results?
15	A. What we see is that in the bottomhole pressures
16	where we've essentially matched the model to the actual
17	pressures, if you look at the average, we're only about 25
18	p.s.i. off.
19	Q. So what does that mean?
20	A. That means that we've modeled it accurately
21	Q. Okay.
22	A at least as regards the pressure.
23	But the rates, we've underestimated the rates by
24	about 200 MCF per day.
25	Q. The model projected 691 MCF?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. And the actual for the eight wells was 991 MCF a
3	day?
4	A. 911.
5	Q. I'm sorry, 911 MCF a day. What does that
6	difference mean?
7	A. Several possible explanations for that. One is
8	that potentially we haven't modeled the skin of the new
9	wells, or the efficiency of our completion methods in those
10	new wells. I think that's one of the most likely
11	possibilities of that. That's what I see as probably the
12	reason that our rates are so much higher than what we
13	expected.
14	Q. Once you compare what the model predicted at the
15	last hearing with the actual results, what are the ultimate
16	conclusions that you want to tell Mr. Catanach?
17	A. That we did the right thing in drilling the
18	wells. We're finding the high pressures that we had
19	anticipated between these wells, so that we were correct in
20	assuming that we weren't efficiently draining the wells
21	with the original four wells per section.
22	We may have been a little conservative on our
23	rates, and therefore we only drilled two additional wells
24	per section, and potentially it may be economic for us to
25	drill more than two wells per section, based on these
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1	rates.
2	Q. Okay. The pilot at this point has increased the
3	density per section from four wells to six?
4	A. That is correct?
5	Q. And there may still be an opportunity for more
6	wells in a section, based upon economics?
7	A. That's correct.
8	Q. At this point, though, you're satisfied that
9	increasing the density in this project from four to six
10	wells a section had been a good idea and, in fact, is a
11	good idea?
12	A. Absolutely.
13	Q. Okay. Let's turn to the next display. We have a
14	table here. Identify and describe what we're seeing.
15	A. This is just a bar chart summarizing the average
16	values shown in the table from the previous page, and the
17	first bar chart shows the average 30-day gas rates. As you
18	can see, the actual is in blue and the model is in red.
19	And then the next chart is the same type of
20	display, except with the bottomhole pressures shown on the
21	Y axis, with, once again, the actual in blue and the model
22	in red. And you can see our actual pressure is about 25
23	p.s.i. higher than our model-predicted pressure.
24	Q. When we look at the drillblock exhibit book, all
25	the exhibits that were applicable to the Unit case are

1	identical in the drillblock exhibit book?
2	A. That is correct.
3	Q. All right. Let's open both books at this point
4	and start with Exhibit Number 6 in the drillblock case and
5	Exhibit Number 5 in the 27-and-5 unit case. We are looking
6	at two bubble maps, are we not?
7	A. Yes, we are.
8	Q. All right. Let's start with the unit map, and
9	then we'll contrast it to the drillblock map.
10	A. Okay.
11	Q. Identify and describe what we're seeing and what
12	it means.
13	A. This is another display showing the drainage area
14	of each well. As we showed you the regional map of the
15	whole basin, was this same data essentially, but it was
16	contoured. This is just showing exactly the data point at
17	the individual well location.
18	Each bubble represents the actual drained area
19	or the actual drainage area of a particular well. Now, as
20	I indicated, we feel that these drainage areas are actually
21	ellipses rather than circles, but they're shown as circles
22	on this purely as a graphical display, showing how much
23	space there is between the drainage areas of these
24	individual wells.
25	And you can look at the northern portion of the

1	27-5 unit. Although there's still a lot of white area
2	between the circles, the circles themselves are larger.
3	Then when we get into the middle of the unit the circles
4	get smaller and significantly lower drainage areas. And
5	then down in the southeastern southwestern portion of
6	the unit, excuse me, the bubbles once again get larger,
7	indicating that we're more efficiently draining the
8	reservoir. But there's still lots of white space between
9	these bubbles.
10	And also, we should note that this is calculated
11	assuming 80 percent of the gas in place, so that the
12	assumption is made that there's no way we could get beyond
13	that recovery factor, so that therefore this is what's
14	left is above and beyond that 20 percent.
15	Q. How is this information useful in terms of your
16	project or your projections about increased density for the
17	pool?
18	A. Well, this clearly shows where we have
19	opportunities for infill drilling. It shows that we are
20	not efficiently draining these areas.
21	Q. Okay. When we turn to the drillblock area,
22	identify and describe what we're seeing on this bubble map.
23	A. The drillblock area, we're looking at the
24	intersection of four townships. The heavy black line
25	represents the township boundaries, with the northeast

1	corner being Township 31 North, 10 West, the northwest
2	corner being 31 North, 11 West, and then the southern
3	corners being 30 North, 10 and 11 West, respectively.
4	I forgot to mention also that there is a cross-
5	section line shown on each of these maps, which is the
6	cross-section we'll be looking at, a later display.
7	Back to the bubbles. On the drillblock area you
8	can see that the bubbles are, in general, a little bit
9	bigger than what they are in the 27-5 unit, although there
10	are some very small bubbles in that area, particularly in
11	36 and over in Section 5 of 30 North, 10 West. And also
12	that the bubbles, in general, increase in size to the
13	northeast portion of the map, which is in agreement with
14	the basinwide map that we saw of the contoured Mesaverde
15	recovery drainage areas, which shows it increasing towards
16	the center of the Basin.
17	Q. Okay. What's the point, then, of the drillblock
18	bubble map?
19	A. Once again, the point is to show that there are
20	areas of undrained acreage with the existing well
21	locations.
22	Q. Let's turn to the next page of each exhibit book,
23	and for each area we are looking at what?
24	A. This is the localized p.s.iper-year map. This
25	is the pressure drop over those areas, based on the parent

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1	and infill well initial shut-in pressures.
2	Q. Help us read the pressure drop per year, based
3	upon the color code.
4	A. The color code in both maps is the same. And if
5	we would look at the 27-5 map and start in the red, up in
6	the northeast portion of the map, the boundary between that
7	red and the orange is the 5-p.s.iper-year contour. The
8	boundary between that orange and the more yellowish orange
9	in the southwestern portion of the map is the 10-p.s.i
10	per-year contour.
11	Then you can also see there's a 15-p.s.iper-
12	year contour when the colors turn to yellow, and those
13	contours are a function There is one well in Section 5
14	that has a higher pressure drop in that area.
15	Q. How was this map used to help you find the
16	location of the eight increased density wells for this
17	project within the unit?
18	A. Well, we felt it important to come into an area
19	with from 5- to 15-p.s.iper-year pressure drop, because
20	that's sort of an arbitrary cutoff we took as being
21	below that we would feel comfortable that we are
22	inefficiently draining the reservoir with the existing
23	wells.
24	Q. Come over and help us understand your conclusions
25	about the p.s.iper-year drop in the drillblock area.

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1	A. Similar conclusions. In the drillblock area, the
2	vast majority of the area is from 10 to 15 p.s.i., except
3	there is one well in Section 35 with a little higher
4	pressure drop, and then there's one well in Section 32 with
5	a little bit higher pressure drop.
6	Other than that, the trends are pretty
7	consistent, so we feel pretty comfortable that both of
8	these areas are reasonable to go in and increase the
9	density on the Mesaverde formation because of that.
10	Q. Let's look at the cross-sections, if you'll
11	unfold those for us.
12	A. The cross-sections, as we just saw, they are
13	You saw the locations on the previous maps.
14	The 27-5 cross-section, which you can see it on
15	the well headers 26 San Juan 27-5 is the first well
16	it's significantly thinner-bedded than what we see in the
17	drillblock area in both the Cliff House and the Point
18	Lookout formations. In both locations the Menefee is thin-
19	bedded.
20	But the thin-beddedness of it helps explain why
21	the 27-5 unit has lower drainage areas. It's more
22	difficult to get continuous drainage when you don't have
23	continuous sand layers.
24	But both of them do have a significant amount of
25	gas in place. I've highlighted in yellow what we consider

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1	to be net sand. Now, there is some variation in log
2	quality across this cross-section, but you can see that
3	there is a significant amount of sand in both of these
4	cross-sections.
5	In the drillblock area The gross thickness of
6	the interval is the same in both the drillblock and the San
7	Juan 27-5, but in the drillblock area you can see that
8	obviously, especially in the Cliff House, we have
9	significantly more gas in place than we do in the San Juan
10	27-5 Unit.
11	Q. When you're trying to develop a base of data to
12	determine how many additional wells ought to be authorized
13	in this huge pool, you need to think about how many more in
14	addition to four a section.
15	Is there any of this information that gives you a
16	point of reference as to how many more wells might be
17	appropriate for the entire pool? Can you tell yet?
18	A. It's going to be highly variable across the pool.
19	In some areas, we clearly need additional up to four
20	additional wells, and potentially more, particularly in
21	places like the 27-5 where we're as you can see, four
22	additional bubbles in there of the same size probably
23	won't
24	Q. In the drillblock and in the 27 and 5, based upon
25	geologic differences of thickness, you need to have pilot

1	projects in those areas to see what those drainage patterns
2	are going to be?
3	A. Yes. Yes, we need to gather some more data to
4	really see how efficiently we're going to be draining it
5	and how much we're drawing the pressures down by these
6	additional wells. That would be correct, that This data
7	doesn't give us the absolute answer for how many more wells
8	we need to drill, no. It tells us that we need to drill
9	more wells than what we have now.
10	Q. All right. Let's fold up the cross-sections and
11	then have you direct your attention to the information
12	behind the next exhibit tab. It's going to be 6 in the
13	unit case and it's going to be 7 Well, it's organized a
14	little differently, I'm sorry
15	A. Yes.
16	Q Mr. Babcock. In the unit case you have an
17	Exhibit 6 tab which separates the cross-section, and
18	they're not organized quite the same way in the next book.
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. All right. Let's stay with the unit case, then,
21	and go through those displays.
22	A. Okay.
23	Q. Exhibit 6, what do we see, and what does it mean?
24	A. Exhibit 6 is cross-section of our geostatistical
25	model that was used to input into the reservoir simulation.

This is of the whole Mesaverde interval, with blue being shale intervals -- And this is a porosity map, and I apologize, the scale isn't shown on there. But the blue is essentially shale, not reservoir intervals, whereas the greenish-yellow, yellow, red and orange colors are sand layers. You can see the discontinuous nature of those sands across the area.

8 ο. For the unit case and the drillblock case, there is a geostatistical modeling that's occurring. 9 Is it the 10 same methodology that you apply to the 29 and 7, that you 11 discussed in great detail with Examiner Catanach last year? 12 Α. Yes, it is. There's one slight difference in that, in the drillblock model, which is the last one we 13 14 did, we did some simulation comparing the detail that we needed to go to, and we ended up going to a little bit less 15 detail in the drillblock area than we did in the 27-5 and 16 17 the 29-7 simulations, just because we found that that 18 additional level -- There was a point at which the 19 additional level of detail didn't buy us any more accuracy. 20 ο. All right. Go back and give us the summary in 29 21 and 7 of what we were doing with the computerized model, 22 the geologic model. 23 Α. A summary of the geostatistics or --24 Well, the method. What are you doing? Q. Well, you're taking all the existing well data --25 Α.

1 that would be the wireline logs in the area and any core data that's available -- and looking at that on a layer-by-2 layer basis, along with intervals that the geologist has 3 determined to be continuous, correlatable markers in there. 4 And then you distribute those reservoir 5 properties between the wells and between those correlated 6 7 markers in the space between the wells, and those properties are distributed in a non-averaging method. 8 Instead of the typical contours which average those 9 properties across an area, these are not averaged. 10 Let's turn back to the order, Order 10,720, and 11 Q. 12 look at Findings 12 and 13. The order provides a concise summary of what you're doing with the reservoir modeling? 13 14 Α. Yes, it does. 15 Q. All right. You're trying to validate this 16 hypothesis about the elliptical shape of the drainage patterns and the orientation, and that's what you were 17 18 doing in 29 and 7? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. Is that the same thing that you're doing in 27 and 5? 21 22 Α. Yes, it is. And with a small change in the level of detail, 23 Q. you repeated that for the drillblock? 24 25 Α. Yes.

	26
1	Q. Okay. Is that information also utilized by the
2	reservoir engineer in determining the volume of gas to be
3	produced or forecasted to be produced by these project
4	areas?
5	A. The geostatistical model is the input into the
6	reservoir simulator. It is the geologic model which is
7	input into the reservoir simulator to forecast production.
8	Q. Without going through each of the last displays
9	here, let's have you summarize for us at this point, at the
10	end of your testimony, your geologic conclusions about the
11	necessity for the two additional pilot project areas.
12	A. All the data I've looked at indicate that we're
13	not currently we are not efficiently draining the gas in
14	place in those areas, and the only geologic reason I can
15	see for that is that there is not sufficient permeability
16	in the areas to drain a full 160 acres with to drain a
17	full 160 acres.
18	And so we need to drill more wells in order to
19	get the gas in place out, and that there it will
20	That's it, in a nutshell. We need to drill more wells.
21	Q. Okay. And nothing you have found in the current
22	project with these eight wells that have been drilled
23	changes any of your conclusions or opinions?
24	A. No, it doesn't; it reinforces them.
25	MR. KELLAHIN: That concludes my examination of

2 We move the introduction of his geologic 3 They're going to be those information behind -displays. In Exhibit Book 11,879 it's Exhibits 3 through 6, and in 4 the drillblock case it's going to be Exhibits 4 through 6. 5 EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay, in the -- Exhibits 3 6 7 through 6 in Case 11,879 and Exhibits 4 through 6 in Case 11,880 will be admitted as evidence. 8 EXAMINATION 9 BY EXAMINER CATANACH: 10 Mr. Babcock, in terms of the geologic data that 11 Q. 12 was put into the reservoir model, do you feel that was 13 pretty accurate? I do. You know, there are inherent uncertainties 14 Α. 15 associated with wireline logs and interpolation of data between wells, but I feel it's as accurate as is possible. 16 17 Yeah, I feel very comfortable that it reasonably captures the reservoir. 18 Are these -- These are basically the only three 19 0. 20 pilot projects that Burlington proposes to conduct before coming in with maybe some amended pool rules; is that your 21 22 understanding? 23 That's probably correct, yes. Α. Do you think that's going to be sufficient data 24 0. with which to do that? 25

Mr. Babcock, Mr. Examiner.

1

1	A. I think it will give us a wide range of data
2	points. We've specifically chosen these three pilots to
3	get a look at the lower end in terms of economics, which
4	would be the 27-5 unit, what we originally had thought may
5	be the upper end, which would be the 27-7 unit, and then
6	one data point in the middle, which would be the drillblock
7	point. So that would give us a reasonable look at the
8	range.
9	And tying these back to recovery factors, I think
10	that yes, it probably will be sufficient to determine to
11	have a reasonable cross-sectional view of the variations we
12	would expect to see in the Basin.
13	What we still wouldn't have, that would be
14	something in the what we consider to be the highly
15	drained portions of the Basin. But based on our analysis
16	right now, we don't feel that we would want to go and drill
17	additional wells in those areas.
18	Q. Can you explain to me how the initial infill
19	wells, or those locations within the unit, were determined?
20	A. In the 27-5?
21	Q. Yeah.
22	A. They were determined by looking at the proposed
23	drainage orientations. We feel very strongly that the
24	drainage ellipses are in a north-south orientation, so we
25	want to get out of those existing drainage areas.

But also in an area like that where the recovery 1 is relatively small, we felt that we could fit an 2 additional four wells or equivalent four wells per section 3 in there without overlapping, as long as we in general 4 stayed out of that north-south orientation. 5 Now, the 27-5 is not fully developed in the Q. 6 7 Mesaverde; is that correct? That is correct. 8 Α. There's substantial proration units that only 9 Q. have two wells on them, and the reason for that is what? 10 The -- If you can look at the bubble map, that's 11 Α. 12 an excellent example to look at. You can see in the 13 central portion of the unit, the bubbles are significantly 14 smaller. Across that area the gas in place is essentially unchanged, so -- There are some changes, but essentially 15 the size of that bubble is a function of the EUR of the 16 So the wells in the center part of the unit are not 17 well. as economic as those wells to the north and to the southern 18 19 part of the unit. 20 So the majority of the undrilled wells under the existing rules are in that central portion of the unit, and 21 it's purely an economic question, there were better 22 23 opportunities, better places to spend capital in that area. We are --24 25 Q. So ---

1	A. Oh, sorry, sir.
2	Q. No, go ahead.
3	A. I was going to say, we are drilling some more
4	wells out there this coming year, on the 160-acre spacing
5	also, sort of pushing the edges of that to determine where
6	the economics are, because we realize we're starting to
7	We're completing the wells a little bit more efficiently.
8	Q. So the proposed increased density wells will be
9	in the northern part of that unit?
10	A. Yes. In fact, the area that they're going to be
11	drilled in is fully developed.
12	Q. So that's part of the factor in determining where
13	those wells will be located, is, did the existing four
14	wells recover some good EURs?
15	A. That's correct.
16	Q. Is the production basically, or predominantly
17	In these areas is it Cliff House predominantly, or
18	A. In the San Juan 27-5 area, we don't have specific
19	production logs in that area to define that. But based on
20	the well logs, I feel that in the 27-5 unit, it's probably
21	fairly similar to the 29-7 unit where we're getting
22	approximately 20 to 30 percent of our production from the
23	Menefee, and the rest of it would be evenly split between
24	the Cliff House and Point Lookout.
25	Now, in the drillblock area it's historically

been a little bit different. We're on the edges of the 1 field there, and the Cliff House wasn't even completed on 2 the initial wells, and the Cliff House wasn't even 3 completed until the wells were drilled in the 1970s and 4 5 they began completing the Cliff House when they realized that where the Cliff House becomes water-bearing is further 6 7 south. 8 So in those wells the historical production has probably been dominated by the Point Lookout. But current 9 production, we feel, should be relatively consistent, 10 although in the southern part of the area we don't feel 11 that the Cliff House will be a significant producer, the 12 southern -- southwesternmost two wells. 13 EXAMINER CATANACH: That's all I have of this 14 witness. 15 MR. KELLAHIN: Would you like him to explain his 16 well locations in the drillblock, his unorthodox locations? 17 18 EXAMINER CATANACH: Yeah, why don't we talk about 19 that? 20 FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. KELLAHIN: 21 Let's go back, Mr. Babcock, and if you'll look in 22 ο. the drillblock case, let's find Exhibit 3. Do you still 23 have that? That was Mr. -- Alan's map. 24 25 Α. Okay.

1	Q. Have you got one?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. And let's look at the drainage bubble map it's
4	behind Exhibit Tab 6 for the drillblock and let's set
5	these side by side and have you explain to us why you have
6	chosen these unorthodox locations in the drillblock project
7	area.
8	A. Well, as we talked about, the drainage
9	orientations, instead of the circles that we see in the
10	bubble map, are actually elliptical in nature, so that if
11	you can envision those circles stretching out by about
12	three times in the north-south direction and thinning by a
13	couple times in the east-west direction, that leaves
14	that fills in the area in the north-south direction,
15	especially in the eastern portion of the four section, the
16	pilot project we're looking at.
17	But it leaves big gaps in the middle of each
18	section and along that township boundary line, or the
19	section the north-south-running boundary lines, and also
20	in the middle of the western sections.
21	Q. All right, let's go back and look at the concept,
22	the drainage concept pattern map, which is behind Exhibit
23	Tab 3 and is the one that's got the green ellipses. Let's
24	use that, then, and show the concept for well locations in
25	the drillblock.

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1	A. Okay.
2	Q. Have you got that?
3	A. Yeah. This pretty much explains what it looks
4	like in that the only difference being that in the line
5	of wells, the easternmost wells in Section 31 of 31 North,
6	10 West, and in Section 6 of 30 North, 10 West, those wells
7	probably have overlapping ellipses in a north-south
8	direction, and see that they're draining they look to be
9	draining about 100 acres or so, for those wells.
10	And so those wells are going to overlap in a
11	north-south direction, but in an east-west direction they
12	aren't going to be touching at all. So we've located the
13	wells to get in those areas in between the drainage
14	ellipses where our existing well locations have not
15	efficiently drained at all. We should find the highest
16	pressures, and therefore the most gas, in those inter-
17	ellipse areas.
18	Q. When we look at how this was set up in the
19	drillblock to take advantage of this elliptical drainage
20	concept, it appears as if each unorthodox location is
21	designed where it will help that spacing unit produce gas
22	that might not otherwise be produced
23	A. Absolutely.
24	Q and in a part of the spacing unit where it may
25	be exposed to counterdrainage by an offsetting spacing
-	

1	unit, it also has its own well competing for offset gas.
2	Do you see what I'm saying?
3	A. Would you please restate that?
4	Q. Yeah, let me do it again.
5	In the spacing units, you have four of them that
6	are affected. The well locations are located to give you
7	gas you might not otherwise produce. Certain of these
8	locations encroach upon the offset spacing unit at some
9	point. But each of those spacing units, in turn, has its
10	own unorthodox well location which encroaches on the
11	offset.
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. When you package it all together, can you see any
14	equity among all the interest owners with this opportunity
15	to produce gas that might not otherwise be produced?
16	A. Yeah, I think that there is As Alan said, we
17	tried to balance the inequities so that each location, as
18	you mentioned, is able to drain the additional the
19	neighboring location, so that everybody will get a piece of
20	something else in these.
21	And in order to get the gas to recover the gas
22	in place, there's going to have to be some trading across
23	these lines.
24	MR. KELLAHIN: That concludes my examination of
25	Mr. Babcock.

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1	FURTHER EXAMINATION
2	BY EXAMINER CATANACH:
3	Q. I guess I'd have a question, Mr. Babcock, about
4	the well in Section Well, you're going to drill a well
5	on the southern boundary of that Section 36, pretty close
6	to that southern line there?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Why wouldn't you move the well in Section 1
9	further north?
10	A. In order to
11	Q. To maybe compensate for
12	A compensate that a little bit?
13	Q drainage that may be occurring from the well
14	in Section 36
15	A. Yeah
16	Q or may occur.
17	A we probably You're talking about the
18	easternmost well in Section 1. We could have moved that up
19	to the border to get in
20	Q. I'm actually talking about the well in the
21	middle.
22	A. Ah, okay. Well, I wanted to stay away from
23	overlapping these ellipses too much in a north-south sense.
24	We could have moved it up, but then the two wells would
25	have been in direct competition with each other, in a

north-south sense.

If we -- To explain what I mean, if we would look at the drainage-ellipse concept display, which is behind Tab Number 4, you can see -- In the northwesternmost portion of that, you can see the two ellipses are competing --

7

1

Q. Uh-huh.

A. -- there, and we're trying to avoid that kind of
a situation where the new wells, sort of the test wells,
are competing against each other. The concept we're trying
to evaluate, do these wells compete significantly with the
wells that are already in place?

I feel very strongly that if we were to put those wells right up next to each other across opposing sides of that border, that they would directly compete against each other and would be -- both of the wells would produce less gas because of that.

Q. Well, do you feel like the north half of Section
1 is adequately protected from drainage which may occur
from that well in Section 36?

A. There will clearly be some drainage from Section
1 by Section 36. I think if -- That is probably the
closest thing to an inequity in this location.

At least from an operator and working-interest owner standpoint, Burlington is the hundred-percent owner

1	of Section 1. So we felt from that perspective we were
2	addressing that on a larger scale.
3	Q. Let me ask you about the well location in Section
4	36. Why is it not possible to move that further north and
5	get the same kind of results?
6	A. It probably would have been possible to do that,
7	but we felt that the well in Section 31, even though the
8	ellipse is oriented north-south, we had to move as far to
9	the west as possible because of the 4A well in the north of
10	that section. We wanted to get away from its drainage
11	ellipse.
12	So we moved that well as far west as we could, so
13	there will be some drainage of that drillblock in Section
14	36 from that well, you know, even though it's a lateral.
15	But it is close enough that we would expect that there will
16	be some drainage because of that.
17	The well in Section 36 could have been moved more
18	to the north. There's no question about that. We wanted
19	to avoid draining the drillblock in the north half of
20	Section 36, wanted to avoid any objections from the owners
21	in that half section too, and that's another reason why we
22	wanted to stay as far south as we could, so that we could
23	try and keep this constrained within a relatively few
24	owners.
25	EXAMINER CATANACH: I have nothing further.

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1	JAMIN MCNEIL,
2	the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon
3	his oath, was examined and testified as follows:
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. KELLAHIN:
6	Q. Mr. McNeil, for the record, sir, would you please
7	state your name and occupation?
8	A. My name is Jamin McNeil. I'm a petroleum
9	engineer for Burlington Resources in Farmington, New
10	Mexico.
11	Q. Have you testified before the Division on prior
12	occasions?
13	A. No, I have not.
14	Q. Summarize for us your education.
15	A. I graduated from the Colorado School of Mines in
16	1988 with a bachelor's in petroleum engineering, and I've
17	worked in the oil and gas industry every since.
18	Q. Summarize for us your employment experience with
19	Burlington.
20	A. I've been employed with Burlington for the last
21	year, the last six months of which I've specifically worked
22	on this Mesaverde infill project and in reference to the
23	27-and-5 unit and the drillblock-area unit.
24	Q. As part of your preparation, did you read the
25	transcript and look at the exhibits from the 29-and-7 case?

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	09
1 A. Yes, I did.	
2 Q. In addition, you have looked at all	that work
3 product generated by the former reservoir engin	neer, doing
4 the task that you now perform?	
5 A. That's correct.	
6 Q. As part of your duties, did you also	look at the
7 reservoir data that went into the modeling that	t was done in
8 the 29 and 7?	
9 A. Yes, I did.	
Q. And what you, in fact, have performed	d is the
11 reservoir simulation for the 27-and-5 unit and	the
12 drillblock area?	
13 A. That's correct.	
14 Q. And based upon that simulation you ha	ave
15 recommendations concerning the approval of inc	reased
16 density on a pilot basis for these two projects	s; is that
17 not true?	
18 A. That's true.	
19 MR. KELLAHIN: We tender Mr. McNeil a	as an expert
20 witness.	
21 EXAMINER CATANACH: He is so qualified	ed.
22 Q. (By Mr. Kellahin) Let's take the exh	nibit book
23 for the 27-and-5 unit. Starting with Exhibit 7	7, let's look
24 how you adjusted the model that was used for the	ne 29 and 7
25 and made it applicable to the 27-and-5 project.	

1	with the first locator map, what does this mean?
2	A. This first locator map identifies the four-
3	section pilot area for the 27-and-5 unit. In a similar
4	fashion, the 29-7 unit simulation represented four sections
5	as well, so the areal extent is similar.
6	Q. All right, we flip past that display and we have
7	another one. This represents what, sir?
8	A. This particular slide represents the grid of the
9	simulation for the 27-and-5 unit with the This is a map
10	view of the top layer. And again, this reservoir
11	simulation included 65 layers. Each of the individual well
12	markings is located on the grid, as well as the appropriate
13	well number.
14	Q. Mr. Babcock has given you the appropriate
15	geologic parameters to adjust, to make the model specific
16	for the 27-and-5 unit?
17	A. That's correct.
18	Q. And now you're inputting the well data by putting
19	the wells at the proper place in the model?
20	A. Right, the wells are located, due to their proper
21	locations, and the actual production historically for the
22	past 40 years for some of the wells is input into the
23	simulation. And we go from there trying to match
24	pressures.
25	Q. Okay. The last display behind Exhibit Tab 7

1 | represents what? It says "Porosity".

A. This particular slide represents a single layer
in the Menefee. In this particular case it's layer 35.
And it's input in here to show the high degree of
variability in the porosity within the Menefee.

6 The scale on the bottom indicates that black is 7 from zero to .03 porosity units, the gray is .03 to .06, 8 and the red is .06 to .10. So the majority of the porosity 9 values fall between 3 and 10 percent, yet within a one-10 grid-block separation you can range from 3 to 10 percent. 11 So it shows the highly discontinuous and highly variable 12 nature of the Menefee.

Q. But you're helping the model recognize this
variability by putting this data into the model?

A. That's correct.

15

Q. All right. The next thing you're going to do is, you're going to take your model and you're going to try to match it to some known values. Let's turn to Exhibit Tab 8 and have you tell us which parameters or values you've tried to match.

A. Right, in this given model we have input the
historical production for all the wells in the four-section
simulation area.

Q. Again, the history matching is the same
methodology used in this 27 and 5 that was done for the 29

1	and 7?
2	A. That's correct.
3	Q. All right. And here you're matching initial
4	shut-in pressures, aren't you?
5	A. In this slide, this depicts the model-predicted
6	versus actual shut-in tubing pressure for each well in the
7	four-section pilot area. Again, this scale is shut-in
8	tubing pressure in p.s.i. versus time in days. So that
9	bottom scale represents about a 40-year time frame.
10	Each of the corresponding pair of red and blue
11	dots represents the original shut-in tubing pressure of
12	each well in the simulation area. And as you can see,
13	we've matched those pressures of model-predicted and actual
14	throughout time very well.
15	Q. Are you satisfied with the match?
16	A. Yes, we are.
17	Q. Let's turn to see if you matched any other
18	parameters. If you'll look at the next display behind
19	Exhibit 8, what are you matching here?
20	A. In addition to the original shut-in tubing
21	pressures, we also matched pressures on an individual-well
22	basis. This particular well is Well Number 25, and this
23	particular plot displays wellhead pressure versus time,
24	again in days.
25	Q. Why would you want a match as to this parameter?

	,3
1	A. Again, in the model we're inputting this well's
2	historical gas production rate and trying to match the
3	model-predicted pressure, which is in green, with the
4	observed seven-day shut-in pressures, which are the red
5	hach marks on the upper portion of the trend, as well as
6	the wellhead flowing pressures measured, which are the blue
7	marks.
8	So again, we're trying to get the model-predicted
9	pressures to, number one, follow the trend, but, number
10	two, match the values of the actual observed data.
11	Q. And you did this for all the wells in the unit
12	that were part of the computerized study?
13	A. That's correct, this is just one representative
14	well.
15	Q. And what degree of confidence do you have in this
16	match?
17	A. We have high confidence in this match.
18	Q. You're satisfied that it's matched accurately?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Is there any reason to match any other parameter?
21	You've matched flowing tubing pressure historically for
22	each of these wells, you've matched your shut-in tubing
23	pressures. Any reason to match anything else?
24	A. No, I mean, typically with the input of gas
25	production, you're trying to predict pressures. So given

	•••
1	one value, you try to match another, and that gives a
2	realistic representation of what the model looks like.
3	Q. Once you can do that and satisfy yourself the
4	model is being able to match known values, then it can
5	forecast future performance of the wells in the unit?
6	A. That's correct, once we get a model that's
7	representative of the 40-plus years of production history,
8	then we'd like to, number one, forecast the performance of
9	the existing wells and also what impact additional
10	increased density drilling will have.
11	Q. Did you follow the same methodology in the
12	drillblock case?
13	A. Yes. Yes, I did.
14	Q. Let's turn to the drillblock case. We're going
15	to turn past all the data and the matching information.
16	Can you conclude for the drillblock that you had had an
17	adequate match on those flowing tubing pressure data
18	points, as well as the shut-in tubing pressure database?
19	A. Again, in a similar fashion for the drillblock
20	four-section simulation area, we were able to match the
21	individual well's original shut-in tubing pressure and the
22	model-predicted shut-in tubing pressure, from the first
23	well back in 1951 through the most recent well in 1990.
24	Again, we're satisfied with the match of those
25	corresponding pressures with time.

1	So that's each well, individual shut-in tubing
2	pressures.
3	Q. All right. Now, let's go back and look at what
4	the model predicted for the unit that was approved last
5	year. For the 29 and 7 it forecasted a certain conclusion.
6	You drilled your eight infill wells, increased density
7	wells. How did you fit that together, and what conclusion
8	did you reach?
9	A. The conclusion from the 29-7 history match and
10	infill performance projection was that our maximum net
11	present value generated was with two additional infills per
12	section.
13	Now, in the two cases where the 27 and 5 and
14	the drillblock, this clearly indicates that we need four
15	additional wells per section. So that really magnifies the
16	difference between the two, at least from a performance
17	standpoint.
18	Q. When we go back to the 29 and 7, the original
19	one, you're satisfied that the data from the eight new
20	wells didn't cause you to change any of the values in the
21	model that had been run for that unit? You're satisfied?
22	A. I think the results may have shown, as Bill
23	previously mentioned, that the model may have been somewhat
24	conservative, and specifically with performance of initial
25	skin.

1 But yeah, the actual data suggests that we're happy with two additional infills per section, and the 2 actual data is positive enough that we may actually indeed 3 have potential for additional wells, infill wells. 4 5 0. The modeling of 29 and 7 was slightly conservative, because the actual increased density from 6 7 four per section to six per section showed better results 8 in terms of rate and pressure --9 -- and overall economics, right. Α. 10 -- and overall economics, than the model had ο. 11 forecast? 12 Α. Right. 13 Q. When you look at the results to the 27 and 5, what does the model forecast for you? 14 15 For the 27 and 5, the model predicts that we Α. 16 would indeed need four additional wells, infill wells, per section. 17 All right. And so in the drillblock area, what 18 ο. does the model forecast for you? 19 And also, similarly, in the drillblock area, we 20 Α. forecast four additional infill wells per section. 21 22 All right. So our density per section is eight ο. 23 in each of those areas --That's correct. 24 Α. 25 And the density in the 29 and 7 is at least six, Q.

if not better? 1 Α. That's correct. 2 Okay, let's look specifically at 27 and 5, at the 3 0. conclusions. Starting behind Exhibit Tab 9, you've given 4 us a way to understand the coding for the rest of the 5 displays. When we look at a base case on the rest of these 6 7 displays, that means a current density of one well per 160, 8 right? That's correct. 9 Ά. 10 And one section means one additional well per Q. 11 section? That's correct. 12 Α. And as you read on down, ultimately you're going 13 0. to have a total of eight additional wells per section, on 14 15 top of the original four that are already allowed in the rules? 16 Actually, the bottom one is four additional wells 17 Α. 18 per section --19 **Q**. Yes. 20 -- for a maximum of eight per section --Α. 21 All right. Q. 22 Α. -- so that simulates 80-acre density. 23 Okay. Let's turn to the production forecast, Q. which is the color display that follows this, and let's do 24 both books together, because I think you can make a good 25

	/8
1	comparison here. If you'll look in the drillblock and find
2	the same production forecast for the drillblock, starting
3	with the unit case, what does the production forecast tell
4	you?
5	A. Again, the production forecast is depicted with
6	the rate in MCF per day versus time, and the blue curve on
7	the bottom represents the base case of the existing wells,
8	and each subsequent curve includes the base case plus one
9	additional well per section and subsequently two, three and
10	four additional wells per section.
11	Q. So as we start with the base case and read up the
12	curves, every time there's a change in color we've added
13	four more wells?
14	A. To the four-section pilot area, that's correct.
15	Q. Okay. What's the conclusion?
16	A. The conclusion, from this slide you can see all
17	the wells come on line in 1998. And on average, each
18	additional infill well in the 27-and-5 unit has an initial
19	production of 500 MCF per day per well, and you can see
20	that that increases subsequently between the cases, and
21	from a base case of about 2300 MCF per day to a four
22	additional wells per section of about 11 million cubic feet
23	per day.
24	Q. By adding multiples of four, we can improve our
25	rate of withdrawal of gas from the pool?

1	A. That's correct.
2	Q. And we know we can do it as many as four
3	additional wells per section and still be successful at
4	doing that?
5	A. That's right.
6	Q. Let's look at the drillblock example. What do
7	you see here?
8	A. The production forecast on the drillblock
9	example, again, is rate in MCF per day versus time. Again,
10	the bottom curve represents the base case of the existing
11	wells, which are currently at about 3300 MCF per day. The
12	subsequent curves indicate the base plus one, two, three
13	and four additional wells per section in a similar fashion
14	to the 27-and-5 presentation. In the drillblock area, the
15	average infill initial rate is 650 MCF per day per well.
16	Q. You've got a little higher rate
17	A. Yeah.
18	Q You've got a little higher rate in the
19	drillblock than in the unit case, but in the drillblock as
20	well adding density up to four more per section improves
21	the rate for the section?
22	A. That's correct.
23	Q. Let's flip behind that one and let's see what, in
24	addition to rate, what you do with your cumulative
25	forecast. Starting with the unit case, what do you
1	

1	forecast to be the results of the cumulative gas
2	production?
3	A. This chart represents the cumulative forecast in
4	MMCF versus time.
5	And again, the bottom blue case is the base case
6	performance of the existing wells. And if you pick a time
7	frame out at, say, year 2040, the base case projected
8	recovery is about 37 BCF.
9	By subsequently increasing with one, two, three
10	and four additional wells per section, you increase the
11	recovery to about 60 BCF. So we get a substantial increase
12	of incremental reserve recovery by adding infill
13	candidates.
14	Q. And as we add multiples of four we can, in each
15	instance, improve our ultimate gas recovery from the
16	section?
17	A. That's right. And in the 27-and-5 unit, the
18	average infill well will recover 1.6 BCF per well.
19	Q. At what density?
20	A. And it The average is pretty close to 1.6, as
21	you subsequently add one, two, three and four. So that's
22	at four additional wells per section.
23	Q. I didn't follow that. 1.6 BCF?
24	A. BCF.
25	Q. Of gas per well?

80

	81
1	A. That's right.
2	Q. And so if I start with four and add a fifth to my
3	section I can get 1.6 BCF?
4	A. On average it works out fairly similar, yes.
5	Q. And if I add a seventh I still get 1.6?
6	A. You still get, on average, 1.6.
7	Q. So incrementally I still get more with each well?
8	A. With each well.
9	Q. All right, let's see what happens in the
10	drillblock.
11	A. The drillblock cumulative production forecast,
12	again, is versus time, and this reads It should be MCF.
13	And the base case is in blue, and if you pick a time frame
14	out at 2040, we've recovered or we're projecting the
15	base case of existing wells to recover 47 BCF.
16	By adding, again, one, two, three and four
17	additional wells, we increase the recovery to about 73 BCF.
18	So to summarize the cumulative forecast for the
19	drillblock simulation, on average an infill well will
20	recover 2.1 BCF per well.
21	Q. Why is the recovery per well better in the drill
22	block than in the 27-and-5 unit, as forecasted?
23	A. I think as Bill alluded to earlier, somewhat due
24	to original gas in place, we have a little bit thicker
25	sands, and additionally permeability is slightly higher in

the drillblock as compared to 27-and-5 unit. 1 0. Okay. We've looked at rate, we've looked at cum 2 gas. Let's see what happens to pressure. If you'll turn 3 to the next display, let's see what happens to the average 4 field pressure, starting with the 27-and-5 unit. 5 Again, this depicts the average reservoir 6 Α. pressure versus time. 7 So again, if you pick the corresponding year, 8 2040, the average reservoir pressure in the 27-and-5 unit 9 is projected to be, on the base case, about 900 p.s.i. 10 And as you add additionally one, two, three and 11 four additional wells per section, you can decrease the 12 average reservoir pressure to about 650 p.s.i. 13 So as we increase our recovery of gas, we 14 decrease our average field pressure. 15 So what conclusion should you reach, or what 16 Q. information should -- What's the point of what you're 17 showing? 18 Again, the point is, number one, we're drilling 19 Α. wells to increase recovery, we're having a significant 20 21 decrease in average field pressure. But I think additionally it shows you out at year 22 23 2040, your average pressure is still above 600 p.s.i., which I think at some point in the future suggests the 24 investigation of additional infill drilling beyond 80 25

1 acres. Would this be a suggestion to you that you're 2 0. 3 recovering additional gas that might not otherwise be recovered, even though you're increasing the number of 4 5 wells? For example, in the 27-and-5 unit the 6 Α. Yes. 7 average recovery is 1.6 BCF per well. Only 15 percent of that is what we would call accelerated reserves, and the 8 9 remaining 85 percent is truly incremental reserves. 10 0. All right. Let's look at that display. In both 11 cases that's -- It's the display that's got a table. The 12 bottom half of the table is in green, the top part is in 13 blue, it says "Year 2040 Cumulative Production"? 14 A. That's right. 15 In the 27-and-5 unit, we have a cumulative 16 production in MMCF for the base case, and then each 17 subsequent infill case. The green curve depicts the performance of the 18 19 existing wells. So in the base case again, we're projected 20 to recover 37 BCF. 21 The blue portion represents the additional 22 increase in production you'll gain with the infill wells. 23 So again, our cumulative production increases to 24 60 BCF in the base case, plus four additional wells per section. 25

	84
1	And the amount that the existing well, or the
2	green bar, drops, that reflects the acceleration portion of
3	the infill recovery.
4	Q. All right, let me see if I can illustrate this.
5	On the drillblock case, if I take a horizontal line on top
6	of the base case and draw it horizontally across the
7	display, everything below the red line, till I get to the
8	top of the green line, represents rate acceleration?
9	A. That's correct.
10	Q. Everything above the red line is incremental
11	reserves that I would not have otherwise produced?
12	A. That's right. And the drillblock area, the
13	acceleration piece represents 25 percent and the
14	incremental piece represents 75 percent.
15	And conversely at 27 and 5, the acceleration
16	piece represents 15 percent, and the incremental piece
17	represents the remaining 85 percent.
18	Q. In each of those examples, then, for those two
19	project areas, you've demonstrated that we can increase the
20	density we can double the density from four to eight and
21	still get gas that we would not otherwise produce?
22	A. That's right.
23	Q. Let's turn and see if we can afford to pay for
24	this. Move past the Well, let's talk about recovery
25	factor; it won't take but a minute. Let's see how much of

1 this gas we're getting. Looking at the unit in the year 2040, what 2 percentage of the gas are we going to get? 3 Again, this is recovery factor in year 2040. 4 Α. On the left is the performance projection for the existing 5 6 wells. In the 27-and-5 unit the projected EUR is 31 7 percent, or a 31-percent recovery factor. With the existing wells plus 16 total infills in 8 the four sections, or four additional infills per section, 9 we can increase our recovery factor to 50 percent. 10 So again, we saw decreasing reservoir pressures, 11 increasing recoveries, and it's represented here as 12 increase in recovery factory. 13 And again, this applies, really, to just the 14 15 four-section pilot area in 27 and 5. And there still may be a future opportunity to 16 0. improve that recovery; I thought I heard maybe up to 80 17 percent was what might ultimately be produced? 18 Typically, in the more efficient parts of the 19 Α. Basin, our recovery factors have ranged in the 70 to 80 20 21 percent. So yes, this would indicate that there may be 22 future potential, that's correct. 23 Have you done present-value calculations in each 24 Q. of the two project areas? 25

Yes, we have. 1 Α. Let's turn to those displays and look at them 2 Q. 3 together. Let's start with the unit case that says net present value. On the vertical scale we're reading what? 4 This is after tax, net present value in thousands Α. 5 of dollars. 6 7 Q. Okay. And again we have economic cases for one, two, Α. 8 three and four additional wells per section. 9 All right, let's start with the bottom plot. It 10 0. starts off with the blue squares and the solid blue line. 11 This one per section means we've added one well to the 12 section? 13 One well to the section. 14 Α. And the assumption is that it's a dollar fifty? 15 Q. On the bottom curve that is a dollar fifty per 16 Α. MCF, flat. And then we also risked the incremental 17 reserves --18 What was the risk component? 19 ο. 20 Α. Seventy five percent. Seventy-five percent risk? 21 Q. 22 Right. Α. Okay. If that is the scenario, can you drill one 23 Q. more well in a section? 24 25 Α. Yeah, based on our most conservative and most

1	pessimistic look, which was represented in the bottom curve
2	of the dollar fifty with risked reserves, again we generate
3	our maximum net present value at four additional wells per
4	section, and in a most conservative look or snapshot this
5	is the type of project that generates a positive net
6	present value, and it's a project that's worth pursuing.
7	Q. All right. If you go to the four-section study
8	area and add the maximum density, which would be 16 wells
9	you've added four more per section what does it show
10	you under the dollar-fifty risk analysis?
11	A. Again, in the most conservative case, on the
12	bottom curve with four additional infills per section, we
13	generate roughly \$1.3 million of after-tax net present
14	value.
15	And again, our maximum net present value on this
16	chart occurs with four additional infills per section.
17	Q. And you've tried this under three other
18	scenarios. There's the unrisked at a dollar and a half,
19	there's the two-dollar risked and unrisked. And in each
20	example you can demonstrate in the unit that it's
21	profitable to increase the density up to a maximum of four
22	additional wells per section?
23	A. That's correct.
24	Q. When we look at the drillblock area we come to
25	the same conclusion, don't we?

1	A. Right, that's correct.
2	Q. All right. Let's turn past that and look at the
3	profit-to-investment ratio. Now, these will be specific
4	per company, would they not?
5	A. Sure, they would. Each company would have their
6	own directives as far as the targets they would like to
7	meet.
8	Q. All right. Let's look in the vertical scale, and
9	you have a profit-to-investment ratio, and a company could
10	decide what profit-to-investment ratio that they want to
11	have?
12	A. That's correct.
13	Q. And if they choose .5, what are they choosing?
14	A. The profit-to-investment ratio represents the
15	after-tax net present value divided by the discounted net
16	investment.
17	So again, even in our most conservative case
18	we're between a .1 and a .2. And considering a two-dollar
19	risked gas price and risked reserves or a dollar fifty with
20	unrisked reserves we get to that .4-type project.
21	So either Both of those cases are projects
22	that we would pursue, and to some extent even on the lower
23	and the most conservative case between a .1 and a .2 would
24	still come close to competing under this most conservative
25	case.

1	Q. Okay. Give us the conclusions for the drillblock
2	area.
3	A. Again, we've got after-tax net present value
4	divided by the net investment, and that is representative
5	of the after-tax profit-to-investment ratio. And again,
6	here at the most conservative case of a dollar fifty flat
7	with a 75-percent reserve risk, we generate a profit-to-
8	investment ratio of .2 to .3, which is slightly better than
9	the 27-and-5 unit.
10	Q. For both the drillblock and the 27-and-5 unit,
11	the model forecasts that we can drill up to an additional
12	four per section, the maximum requested, and in doing so we
13	can improve daily rate, we can increase ultimate recovery,
14	we can produce gas that we might not otherwise produce, and
15	we can do so profitably?
16	A. That's correct.
17	Q. Any other conclusions?
18	A. That in a nutshell wraps up the summary of both
19	pilots.
20	MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, sir.
21	We move the introduction of the engineering
22	exhibits. They're the exhibits behind Exhibit Tab 7 and
23	they are 7 and 8 in both books.
24	EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay. Exhibits 7 and 8 in
25	Case 11,879 and 7 and 8 in Case 11,880 will be admitted as

evidence.
EXAMINATION
BY EXAMINER CATANACH:
Q. I just want to verify some numbers that you gave
us, Mr. McNeil. Within the 27-5 units, additional recovery
per well, per infill well, is estimated to be 1.6 BCF?
A. 1.6 BCF per well, that's correct.
Q. Of that 1.6 BCF, 85 percent are incremental
reserves, 15 percent are just accelerated?
A. That's correct.
Q. Okay. In the drillblock, can you give me the
numbers on that?
A. In the drillblock area the average recovery is
2.1 BCF per well, of which 25 percent is accelerated
reserves and 75 percent is incremental reserves.
Q. Okay. Now, within the 27-5 unit, you just looked
at the four-section project area; is that right?
A. That's right, and the four-section pilot.
Q. So these numbers could all change depending on
drilling in a different area within that unit; is that
right?
A. I think this particular pilot would be more
representative of along the north half of the unit and
the south half, but could vary somewhat according to the
middle of the section and the production performance we

90

1	see.
2	Q. Okay.
3	A. I think the overall recoveries would probably
4	decrease as you went towards the middle of the section, but
5	from a relative standpoint of, you know, roughly 85 percent
6	being incremental reserves, I think that would stay fairly
7	constant.
8	Q. Within the 29-7 unit, are you You said that
9	you determined that two additional infill wells is
10	sufficient?
11	A. The simulation and the projection at that time
12	indicated that two additional wells per section was
13	optimum.
14	However, with some of the positive results we've
15	seen, I think it suggests that we may be able to go above
16	that two additional per section.
17	Q. Okay. So your model for these two addition pilot
18	areas suggests that four wells per section would be
19	appropriate?
20	A. That's right.
21	Q. Do you think the model that you've done for these
22	two new areas is will be conservative, as were the last
23	one?
24	A. The methodology was similar, so it could be
25	slightly conservative.

the skin projected in these initial wells may be somewhat conservative. I think we've probably done a better job of completing wells recently, and that would show up with increased or improved performance, versus the model- predicted. EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay, I have nothing further. MR. KELLAHIN: That concludes our presentation. IN EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay. There being nothing further, Case 11,879 and 11,880 will be taken under advisement. (Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at 12:23 p.m.) I do hareby certify that the foregoing is a complete recent of the proceedings is been price atomic to a first on the proceeding. MR KELLAHIN: That concludes our presentation. I do hareby certify that the foregoing is a complete recent of the proceeding. K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is a complete recent of the proceeding. K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is a complete recent of the proceeding. K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is a complete recent of the proceeding. K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is a complete recent of the proceeding. K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is a complete recent of the proceeding. K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * * I do hareby certify that the foregoing is K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K * * K *	1	And as to a specific parameter, it may be that
4       I think we've probably done a better job of         5       completing wells recently, and that would show up with         6       increased or improved performance, versus the model-         7       predicted.         8       EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay, I have nothing further.         9       MR. KELLAHIN: That concludes our presentation.         10       EXAMINER CATANACH: Okay. There being nothing         11       further, Case 11,879 and 11,880 will be taken under         12       advisement.         13       (Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at         14       12:23 p.m.)         15       ***         16       ***         17       ide hereby certify that the foregoing is         18       I de hereby certify that the foregoing is         19       ide hereby certify that the foregoing is         20       I de hereby certify that the foregoing is         21       I de hereby certify that the foregoing is         22       I de hereby certify that the foregoing is         23       I de hereby certify that the foregoing is         24       I de hereby certify that the foregoing is	2	the skin projected in these initial wells may be somewhat
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18       I do hereby certify that the foregoing is         19       a complete record of the proceedings in         20       the Examiner hearing of state of 1975         20       heard by me on Marbuld 1977         21       Frank (atam)         22       GN Conservation Livitision         23       24	16	
19     a complete record of the proceedings in       20     the Examiner heating of cost cost fills       20     heard by me on     Applebule       21     Applebule     1967       22     QN Conservation Livision       23       24	17	
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## CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ) ) ss. COUNTY OF SANTA FE )

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL November 18th, 1997.

STEVEN T. BRENNER CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 1998

the.