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NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

COMMISSION HEARING

SANTA FE , NEW MEXICO

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Hearing Date______FEBRUARY 23, 1995 Time: 9:00 A.M.

NAME	REPRESENTING	LOCATION
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NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

COMMISSION HEARING SANTA FE , NEW MEXICO Time:<u>9:00 A.M.</u> FEBRUARY 23, 1995 Hearing Date NAME REPRESENTING LOCATION MIDLAND, TO Cray & MARATHON DIL Farmington, MM Kevin Mc Card KM Production Co/IPANM HLAN ALEXANDER MERIDIAN BIL INC FARMINGION Kiswell Dan Girand PRUCO/IPANA Robert Verquer Canlins Oil Lo. Bloom Field N. NI Jerry Hoover Conoco Inc. Milland, TX John Roe Dugan Prod. Farmington TIM TURNER PHILLIPS PETROLELIUS HOLSON Marbob Energy Corp. Artesia Raye Miller Ph. 11:125 Petroleum WARRY SANDERS OdesSA, TX XIM JCD Sente Fe Bill Olson El Pasonatural gas to Janue Boons Ward El Parci, TX GIANT IND/GIANT EXP PHX, AZ, GEORGE SEITTS Ruth Andrews NMOGA SF BLM- SANTA FE SMITH FE STEVE SALEMAN BLM - SANTA FE SF, NM SJ RobERSON Mc Elvain OU + Gas J. MAR. anna Grugo Nec. Maria Cala 46 65 Larry Dan Ryan 25 par -Sett - OCD Austin Jim Morrow

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

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IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 11,211

APRIL-SEPTEMBER, 1995, GAS ALLOWABLES

COMMISSION HEARING

BEFORE: WILLIAM J. LEMAY, CHAIRMAN WILLIAM WEISS, COMMISSIONER GARY CARLSON, COMMISSIONER

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February 23rd, 1995 Oil Conservation Division

Santa Fe, New Mexico

This matter came on for hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission on Thursday, February 23rd, 1995, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, before Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

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INDEX

February 23rd, 1995 Commission Hearing CASE NO. 11,211

EXHIBITS	PAGE 4
APPEARANCES	5
DIVISION WITNESSES:	
JIM MORROW	
Direct Examination by Mr. Carroll	9
Examination by Mr. Kellahin	15
Examination by Commissioner Carlson Examination by Commissioner Weiss	17 21
Examination by commissioner werss	21
RONALD H. MERRETT	
Direct Examination by Mr. Carroll	25
Examination by Commissioner Carlson	32
Examination by Commissioner Weiss	33
Examination by Chairman LeMay	33
CHEVRON WITNESSES:	
ROBERT E. GREEN	
Direct Examination by Mr. Carr	36
Examination by Commissioner Carlson	42
Examination by Commissioner Weiss	45
Examination by Chairman LeMay	46
A.W. (AL) BOHLING	
Direct Examination by Mr. Carr	47
Examination by Commissioner Carlson	52
Examination by Commissioner Weiss	52
Examination by Chairman LeMay	53
BRIAN H. HUZZEY	
Direct Examination by Mr. Carr	54
Examination by Chairman LeMay	57
(Continued)	

INDEX (Continued)

AMOCO WITNESSES:

BILL HAWKINS	
Direct Examination by Mr. Carr	59
Examination by Commissioner Carlson	64
Examination by Chairman LeMay	65
STATEMENTS BY MR. KELLAHIN:	
On behalf of Oryx Energy Company	66
On behalf of Meridian Oil, Inc.	68
On behalf of Phillips Petroleum Company	69
STATEMENT BY WILLIAM T. DUNCAN, JR.	71
On behalf of Exxon Corporation	/ 1
STATEMENT BY JERRY HOOVER	
On behalf of Conoco, Inc.	72

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

* * *

3

74

EXHIBITS

Division			Identif	ied	Admitted
	Exhibit	1		10	14
	Exhibit			12	14
Chevron					
	Exhibit	1		37	42
	Exhibit			38	42
	Exhibit	3		49	51
	Exhibit	4		51	51
	Exhibit	5		55	56
	Exhibit	6		55	56
	Exhibit	7		55	56
	Exhibit			55 55	56
	Exhibit			55	56
		-			
	Exhibit			55	56
	Exhibit			55	56
	Exhibit	12		55	56
	Exhibit	13		55	56
	Exhibit	14		55	56
	Exhibit	15		56	56
Amoco					
	Exhibit	1		60	63
			* * *		
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APPEARANCES

FOR THE COMMISSION:

RAND L. CARROLL Attorney at Law Legal Counsel to the Division State Land Office Building Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504

FOR AMOCO PRODUCTION COMPANY AND CHEVRON USA, INC.:

CAMPBELL, CARR, BERGE & SHERIDAN, P.A. Suite 1 - 110 N. Guadalupe P.O. Box 2208 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2208 By: WILLIAM F. CARR

FOR MARATHON OIL COMPANY, ORYX ENERGY COMPANY, MERIDIAN OIL, INC., AND PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY:

KELLAHIN & KELLAHIN 117 N. Guadalupe P.O. Box 2265 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2265 By: W. THOMAS KELLAHIN

FOR EXXON CORPORATION:

HINKLE, COX, EATON, COFFIELD & HENSLEY 218 Montezuma P.O. Box 2068 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2068 By: JAMES G. BRUCE

(Continued...)

STEVEN T. BRENNER, CCR (505) 989-9317 5

A P P E A R A N C E S (Continued)

ALSO PRESENT:

WILLIAM T. DUNCAN, JR. Exxon Corporation

JERRY HOOVER Conoco, Inc.

VIC LYONS Consulting Petroleum Engineer, NMOCD

* * *

1	WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at
2	9:10 a.m.:
3	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: We'll call Case 11,211, which is
4	a case called by the Oil Conservation Division on its own
5	motion to consider the proposed April-to-September, 1995,
6	gas allowables for prorated pools in New Mexico.
7	Appearances in Case 11,211?
8	MR. CARROLL: Mr. Chairman, my name is Rand
9	Carroll and I'm here representing the Oil Conservation
10	Division.
11	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Carroll.
12	MR. CARROLL: I have two witnesses.
13	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you.
14	MR. CARR: May it please the Commission, my name
15	is William F. Carr with the Santa Fe law firm Campbell,
16	Carr, Berge and Sheridan.
17	I'd like to enter our appearance for Amoco
18	Production Company. We will present one witness who will
19	testify about allowables in the San Juan Basin.
20	I would also like to enter my appearance for
21	Chevron USA, Inc. We will present three witnesses to
22	provide testimony concerning allowables in the Eumont and
23	Indian Basin.
24	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Carr.
25	Mr. Kellahin?

7

1MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Chairman, I'm Tom Kellahin2the Santa Fe law firm of Kellahin and Kellahin, appearing3today on behalf of Marathon Oil Company, Oryx Energy4Company, Meridian Oil, Inc., and Phillips Petroleum5Company.6CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you.7Mr. Bruce?8MR. BRUCE: Mr. Chairman, Jim Bruce from the9Hinkle law firm, representing Exxon Corporation. We have10representative from Exxon who would like to make a very11brief statement.12CHAIRMAN LEMAY: A statement, not a witness?13MR. BRUCE: Yes.14CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you.15Additional appearances in the proration case?	8
 today on behalf of Marathon Oil Company, Oryx Energy Company, Meridian Oil, Inc., and Phillips Petroleum Company. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you. Mr. Bruce? MR. BRUCE: Mr. Chairman, Jim Bruce from the Hinkle law firm, representing Exxon Corporation. We have representative from Exxon who would like to make a very brief statement. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: A statement, not a witness? MR. BRUCE: Yes. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you. 	
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14 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you.	
15 Additional appearances in the proration case?	
16 MR. HOOVER: Mr. Chairman, I'm Jerry Hoover of	
17 Conoco. I'd simply like to make a very brief statement t	.0
18 support the Eumont.	
19 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Hoover. We will	.1
20 call for statements at the end, and anyone who has not	
21 indicated a desire to speak at this point certainly can	
22 then.	
23 At this point, those witnesses which will be	
24 giving testimony, would you please stand up and raise you	r
25 right hand?	, j

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1	(Thereupon, the witnesses were sworn.)
2	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: And we'll start with Mr.
3	Carroll.
4	MR. CARROLL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
5	I call Jim Morrow to the stand.
6	JIM MORROW,
7	the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon
8	his oath, was examined and testified as follows:
9	DIRECT EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. CARROLL:
11	Q. Mr. Morrow, will you please state your name and
12	your place of residence for the record?
13	A. Yes, sir, my name is Jim Morrow. I live in
14	Austin, Texas.
15	Q. And Mr. Morrow, in what capacity are you employed
16	right now?
17	A. I'm employed with the Oil Conservation Division
18	on a contract consulting basis. I was previously employed
19	as Chief Petroleum Engineer, until December of last year.
20	Q. And how long were you Chief Petroleum Engineer
21	for the Division?
22	A. About two and a half years, in two different
23	assignments.
24	Q. And were some of your duties as Chief Petroleum
25	Engineer the managing of gas proration and the application

9

1	of proration rules and regulations to oil and gas operators
2	in New Mexico?
3	A. Yes, sir.
4	Q. Have you testified before the Oil Conservation
5	Commission before and had your qualifications accepted as
6	an expert petroleum engineer?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. For today's hearing, Mr. Morrow, have you
9	prepared exhibits regarding gas prorationing?
10	A. Yes, sir, we prepared Exhibits 1 and 2.
11	Q. I'll refer you to Exhibit Number 1, and if you
12	could explain to the Commissioners what the figures are,
13	let's just do it with the Atoka Penn, the first pool name,
14	and then just go across and explain how the figures are
15	determined.
16	A. Okay. This is the allowable determination
17	schedule for the pools, prorated gas pools in the southeast
18	portion of New Mexico, and this schedule is similar to ones
19	that have been prepared each six months over the last
20	several years when we come to hearing and request that
21	allowables be assigned to those prorated pools.
22	Normally we start with production from the
23	previous summer period, April through September; we would
24	normally start with April through September. We'd want to
25	start with April-through-September-of-1994 production from

each of these pools and use that as a basis for coming up 1 with a starting place for our allowables for the April-2 3 through-September, 1995, period. This time we could not use 1994 production 4 5 numbers because they were unavailable to us because of some delays in getting production information into ONGARD. 6 So 7 we went back to April through September, 1993, as is shown on Exhibit 1, and those are production numbers from each of 8 these 13 pools for that period. 9 The next column is pool adjustments, and these 10 11 adjustments are really a summary of the adjustments which have been made at the last two hearings, the one in 12 February of 1994, and then in September, I believe it was, 13 in 1994, for the current proration period. So we looked at 14 15 those adjustments to see what adjustments and allowables would be appropriate and entered those in that column. 16 The third column is the monthly allowable we 17 18 would want to assign to each pool for the upcoming period. And then we subtracted out the marginal -- the amount which 19 we supposed the marginal wells would produce, and that's 20 21 based on marginal production from the pools for the Aprilthrough-September, 1993, period. 22 After we subtracted that out, we were left with 23 the allowable which we would want to assign to the 24 nonmarginal wells in the pool for the period. 25

11

And then we took the number of nonmarginal 1 acreage factors or proration units which there are in the 2 pool and divided that into the nonmarginal allowable to 3 come up with a monthly acreage allocation factor, which 4 5 would be used to assign allowables. The allocation factor would give a well on a gas 6 7 proration unit with an acreage factor of one that allowable for a month. That would be the monthly allowable for a 8 well with an acreage factor of one. 9 10 Okay, Mr. Morrow, I guess right now we might as Q. well go to Exhibit Number 2. 11 All right. Exhibit Number 2 is very similar, 12 Α. except in the pools in the northwest deliverability is used 13 14 in allocating allowable, as well as acreage. So we have two factors there: an acreage factor and an acreage-times-15 deliverability factor. 16 17 Point out an error in the column headings where 18 it says "ACT Times Deliverability" in column eight. In the third column from the right or the eighth from the left, in 19 20 the heading it says "ACT times DIV", and that should say "Acreage times Deliverability". 21 The table is built the same way as in the 22 23 southeast, except when you get to the monthly nonmarginal pool allowable, you take a portion of that and distribute 24 25 it to the gas proration units based on the acreage assigned

1	to the wells. And then the remaining portion is
2	distributed based on the acreage assigned to the well,
3	times the deliverability of the wells on that gas proration
4	unit.
5	And I'd be glad to go into that in more detail if
6	somebody would like to. I think we've gone through it
7	before, but you tend to forget it after six months.
8	Q. I believe you stated this earlier, but the
9	seventh column, the Number of Nonmarginal Acreage Factors,
10	those numbers refer to proration units; is that correct?
11	A. Yes, sir, that's right. That's the number of
12	proration
13	Q. And today, Mr. Morrow, these Exhibits Number 1
14	and 2, Number 1 for the southeast and Number 2 for the
15	northwest, these are your recommendations as a starting
16	point for the Commission to set allowables, rather than
17	your specific recommendation as to what the allowable
18	should be for each of these pools; is that right?
19	A. I think that's especially true this time, since
20	we don't have pool production for the 1994 period, that
21	we'd need to rely on input from industry to help us refine
22	these allowables or adjust them in any way they thought
23	might be needed.
24	Q. Do you believe gas prorationing imposes an
25	artificial restraint on production from these prorated
L	

pools?
A. No, I don't believe it does, if I'm sure what you
mean by "artificial". It's real, if there is any
restriction, but
For the most part, the prorated pools are allowed
to produce almost what they're capable of producing.
There's not much restraint on any of the wells in the
prorated pools.
Q. And the restraint would be on, I guess, what
we've been calling superstar wells; is that correct?
A. Yes, sir, there is imposed a maximum allowable.
The proration system does impose a maximum amount which can
be produced, and if one well were much better than any of
the other wells in the pool, it would tend to protect
correlative rights in the pool by imposing some restraint
on highly capable wells.
MR. CARROLL: Mr. Chairman, I tender Mr. Morrow
as an expert witness.
And I offer Exhibits numbered OCD Exhibits 1 and
2 into the record.
CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Without objection, Exhibits 1
and 2 will be entered into the record.
And Mr. Morrow's qualifications are certainly
acceptable.
Questions of the witness? Mr. Kellahin?

1	MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
2	EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. KELLAHIN:
4	Q. Mr. Morrow, the Division circulated with the
5	docket for hearing a preliminary schedule that shows the
6	spreadsheets, if you will, that are now attached as
7	Exhibits 1 and 2.
8	I've scanned those quickly, and they appear to me
9	to be identical between the schedules sent to the industry
10	in the Notice of Hearing and the two exhibits you're
11	presented today.
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. Am I correct in that understanding?
14	A. That's correct.
15	Q. What is the last monthly date of OCD production
16	data that went into the spreadsheets?
17	A. September of 1993.
18	Q. Okay. If you'll look for me on Exhibit Number 2,
19	Mr. Morrow, I'm interested in how to make a calculation.
20	Phillips Petroleum Company in the northwest is
21	going to request the Commission to make adjustments in two
22	pools, in the Dakota and the Mesaverde. For purposes of
23	the calculation, I'd like to have you help me.
24	If you look at Basin Dakota and count over to the
25	fifth column and find the column that says Monthly

-	10
1	Nonmarginal Pool Allowable
2	A. Yes, sir.
3	Q it says 270,000 MCF.
4	A. Right.
5	Q. Phillips will request that that nonmarginal pool
6	allowable be increased by an additional 10,000 MCF.
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	Q. If that number goes to 280,000, should the
9	Commission agree with the request, then how do we make the
10	arithmetic conversion to come up with a pool adjustment
11	that gives us a corresponding monthly nonmarginal pool
12	allowable?
13	A. All right, we would take 60 percent of that
14	280,000. Sixty percent times 280,000, divided by the
15	15.05, would give you the monthly acreage allocation
16	factor, which is the next-to-the-last column.
17	And then you'd take 40 percent of it and divide
18	it by 7978, which is the number of nonmarginal times
19	acreage deliverability factors, and divide that into 40
20	percent times 280, and you would come up with something
21	slightly higher than what's shown in the last column, which
22	would be the F2 factor.
23	Q. If the Commission should adopt that change, then,
24	that would be enough information by which you could make a
25	corresponding calculation to show the pool adjustment?
1	

16

Yes, sir. 1 Α. And if we did the same thing with the Blanco 2 ο. Mesaverde, increase that, you would have the ability to 3 make the conversion for the pool adjustment? 4 Yes, sir, in Blanco Mesaverde the allocation is 5 Α. slightly different. It's based 25 percent on acreage and 6 7 75 percent on acreage times deliverability. But it would be a simple enough calculation to make. 8 9 MR. KELLAHIN: All right, sir. 10 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. THE WITNESS: What increase did you plan for 11 12 the --13 MR. KELLAHIN: The Phillips engineer has 14 requested that half a BCF be added to the monthly nonmarginal pool allowable for the Blanco Mesaverde. 15 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 16 17 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 18 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Kellahin. Additional questions of the witness? 19 20 Commissioners? Commissioner Carlson? EXAMINATION 21 BY COMMISSIONER CARLSON: 22 23 Yeah, Jim, you say the formula for the Basin Q. 24 Dakota was 60-40? Yes, sir. 25 Α.

	10
1	Q. And what are the formulas for the other three?
2	A. The other three are 75-25, 75 percent acreage
3	times deliverability and 25 percent acreage.
4	Q. Where do those numbers come from?
5	A. They were I think they were originally 75-25
6	for each of the pools, and then it's my recollection or
7	my I believe I read somewhere that at a hearing data was
8	presented which indicated that the Basin Dakota should be
9	amended so that what's currently assigned would be put in
10	place, and that was done after hearing.
11	I'm not completely familiar with all the data
12	that was presented, but they were developed by an
13	engineering committee, I believe, and presented before the
14	Commission and assigned by order.
15	Q. And the number of nonmarginal acreage times
16	deliverability, where do those numbers come from?
17	A. All right, they're computed based on the number
18	of well, in the Basin Dakota it says there are 15.05
19	nonmarginal acreage factors in the field. All right, all
20	the wells on those proration units that make up those 15.05
21	nonmarginal acreage factors, you multiply their
22	deliverability times their acreage factor and come up with
23	this factor.
24	Q. Are those deliverability numbers adjusted every
25	six months, or are you using the same ones year after year?

No, they're run every two years. Every two years 1 Α. deliverabilities are determined and put into the system, 2 you know, the ONGARD system, and then those are used until 3 a new one is run. 4 I see. Do you know the historical basis for 5 0. using deliverability in the San Juan Basin but not in the 6 Permian Basin? 7 Not really specifically. I think generally in 8 Α. allocating allowable in prorated pools, there has been an 9 attempt maybe to use more than one factor. If a well had a 10 high deliverability, I quess it was reasoned that it should 11 have maybe a slightly higher allowable, or some higher 12 allowable, but not -- not completely based on 13 14 deliverability. So this weights two factors. I think the 15 historical basis for allowables, maybe, in Texas and New 16 Mexico both was a portion of the absolute open flow 17 potential where it was based more on potential and 18 19 deliverability than on acreage. And then the acreage factor came in to weight 20 that to some extent, to give some weight to both the amount 21 of acreage assigned to the well and what it's capable of 22 producing. 23 And on a correlative-rights basis you can see 24 that acreage should be considered, at least, and weighted 25

to some extent but possibly not given the whole weight. 1 And I really haven't answered your question, but 2 maybe shed some light. 3 4 0. Well, is there any rational basis for having acreage only in the southeast but taking deliverability 5 into account in the San Juan Basin? 6 There was a time when, in the southeast, in at 7 Α. least some of the pools, deliverability was a 8 consideration. But it was dropped, I guess, after it was 9 determined that it was no longer -- if not useful, not 10 needed. 11 Well, do you think the Commission ought to be 12 ο. consistent and apply the same formula to both areas? 13 Not necessarily. I think probably it may be time 14 Α. to consider elimination of deliverabilities in some of the 15 northwest pools if we look at those and decide that it 16 would not violate correlative rights or -- to eliminate 17 deliverabilities there, because it is more straightforward 18 19 and a simpler method, it's cheaper, deliverabilities 20 wouldn't have to be run each time. So probably we ought to 21 be looking at that. Do you think it would make much difference in the 22 Q. sum result? 23 With high allowables, it's not going to -- you 24 Α. know, the high allowables we've been assigning, it's not 25

going to make that much difference, because much of the
production from the prorated pools is not prorated anyhow.
A lot of it is.
You look at Basin Dakota, for instance. Very
little of what's produced is actually produced by
nonmarginal wells, and that's the case in many of the
pools.
COMMISSIONER CARLSON: Thank you.
CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Yes, sir.
Commissioner, Weiss?
EXAMINATION
BY COMMISSIONER WEISS:
Q. Jim, is there a way to protect the correlative
rights of these operators, other than proration?
A. Well, the way gas wells are allowed to produce in
New Mexico in non-prorated pools is that they're allowed to
produce whatever they can produce.
So in situations where it is necessary to protect
correlative rights in nonprorated pools, it's more
difficult because you have to assign some kind of a penalty
factor to a well which would drain a neighbor. And what do
you base that penalty factor on? We usually say, Well, it
will be based on deliverability or some measure of
productive capacity.
And here, to protect correlative rights,

1	proration does offer a good way to do that.
2	In Eumont and Jalmat, for instance, there are
3	many wells which have small acreage assigned, small
4	compared to what could be assigned. And this allows
5	operators to develop their small-acreage tracts and still
6	offer the proration system offers a way to prevent those
7	wells from violating the correlative rights of neighbors.
8	Q. Well, in those two units, the Jalmat and the
9	Eumont, would if there were no proration there, could
10	that situation be addressed by some other means?
11	A. It wouldn't be as efficient and it wouldn't be as
12	in my opinion, it wouldn't be as effective a way as
13	what's currently in place.
14	COMMISSIONER WEISS: Thank you.
15	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
16	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: I'm going to, I guess, ask a
17	question in terms of clarification. I know this is a
18	little unusual, but it's been my recollection or my
19	understanding that deliverability was once a part of the
20	formula in the southeast. And there was a Supreme Court
21	decision, an El Paso Supreme Court decision that voided
22	deliverability as part of that formula.
23	Can any of you help me out on that one for
24	clarification of Commissioner Weiss?
25	Vic?

_ .

I can tell you all about it. MR. LYONS: 1 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: I'd like to recognize Vic Lyons, 2 3 just to clarify the record here on that issue. The deliverability has always been a 4 MR. LYONS: 5 factor in the northwest. There was an engineering committee that got together and agreed that the allowables 6 would be based 25 percent on acreage and 75 percent on 7 8 acreage times deliverability. In the southeast, an engineering committee 9 recommended that we base our proration 100 percent on 10 11 acreage. In 1957 Texas Pacific filed an application to 12 change the formula to the same formula they used in the 13 northwest, and after three hearings the formula was 14 15 changed. And an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court ruled that order be invalid. 16 And they also set out the requirements that an applicant 17 must meet in order to change a proration formula, and it 18 involves a complete volumetric study of the reservoir, to 19 begin with, and a lot of other things. 20 So any effort to change a proration formula is 21 going to involve a tremendous amount of work and testimony 22 and evidence-gathering. 23 MR. MORROW: Did that apply to the southeast and 24 the northwest, that decision, that study? 25

1	MR. LYONS: Sir?
2	MR. MORROW: Did the Supreme Court decision apply
3	to both northwest and southeast?
4	MR. LYONS: It applies to any efforts to change
5	the proration formula once it is established by the
6	Commission.
7	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Lyon.
8	For those of you that don't know, Vic was on that
9	committee, so he has historical knowledge here that we
10	appreciate getting into the record.
11	Mr. Kellahin?
12	MR. KELLAHIN: Just a small footnote. Mr. Lyons
13	is too modest. He and my dad were involved in that case.
14	It's called the Continental Oil case.
15	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Continental, not El Paso. Thank
16	you, the Continental Oil case. All right, thank you very
17	much. Any other clarification on Commissioner Carlson's
18	question on proration and some of its history and I guess
19	the need maybe to continue with the formula as it currently
20	is without
21	How about the Uhden decision? Is that something
22	that would also affect all interest owners in the San Juan
23	Basin, that if you change the formula you would have to
24	contact every royalty and working interest owner?
25	MR. KELLAHIN: Well, I'll let Mr. Bruce speak to

that; he is the architect of that masterful piece of 1 judicial legislation. 2 MR. BRUCE: Thank you. 3 4 MR. KELLAHIN: Perhaps he could enlighten us. MR. BRUCE: Mr. Chairman, my answer is, I don't 5 know. 6 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Bruce. 7 Mr. Carlson, does this clarify? 8 COMMISSIONER CARLSON: Yeah, this helps a lot. 9 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay. 10 Thank you, Vic. COMMISSIONER CARLSON: 11 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, gentlemen. 12 Thank you, Vic. 13 14 I don't have any questions of the witness. Thank 15 you very much, Jim, and it's good to have you back in the 16 country. Mr. Carroll? 17 MR. CARROLL: Mr. Chairman, I next call Ron 18 Merrett to the stand. 19 RONALD H. MERRETT, 20 21 the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 22 23 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. CARROLL: 24 Mr. Merrett, will you please state your name and 25 Q.

20
your place of residence?
A. My name is Ron Merrett. I live in Albuquerque,
New Mexico.
Q. And where are you employed and what position are
you employed in?
A. I'm employed in the Oil Conservation Division and
I'm in charge of the natural gas marketing activity. My
title is Natural Gas Programs Director.
Q. And what do your duties include as Gas Marketing
Director?
A. Gas Marketing Director, I'm responsible for
preparing economic and legal research connected with
protection of New Mexico's natural gas markets. I'm also
responsible for producing information to the public and to
the industry concerning natural gas production and market
conditions.
Q. Mr. Merrett, have you previously testified before
the Oil Conservation Commission and had your qualifications
in the area of gas marketing accepted as an expert witness?
A. Yes, I have.
MR. CARROLL: I tender Mr. Merrett as an expert
in the field of gas marketing of New Mexico gas.
CHAIRMAN LEMAY: His qualifications are
acceptable.
Q. (By Mr. Carroll) Mr. Merrett, would you please

1give the Commission I guess a brief overview of where New2Mexico production currently stands and then the history in3maybe the last five to ten years?4A. Mr. Chairman, members of the Commission, I'll5talk first of all about New Mexico's total gas production.6Companies, as you know, do not generally pay much7attention to what a state's production is. They're more8interested in their own production of Basin.9One of our tasks in the State in this office10is to try to separate the production which occurs within11the boundaries of New Mexico, and that's not always too12relevant to the companies. However, the information13regarding production from individual pools is relevant.14I think it's probably appropriate for me to15address the reason why we have no production data for 1994,16and I would simply tell you that we have at the moment, I17think, approximately 80 percent of the production for 199418in our computer system. It's not readily accessible at the19moment by pool. But total production, we have20approximately 80 percent in.21Based on that and on other published information,22we believe that production in 1994 was between five and ten23percent higher than in 1993. Specifically, we project24eight percent, but I'm not confident enough of that number25to be really to really come down hard on that number. I		
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23 percent higher than in 1993. Specifically, we project 24 eight percent, but I'm not confident enough of that number	21	Based on that and on other published information,
24 eight percent, but I'm not confident enough of that number	22	we believe that production in 1994 was between five and ten
	23	percent higher than in 1993. Specifically, we project
25 to be really to really come down hard on that number. I	24	eight percent, but I'm not confident enough of that number
	25	to be really to really come down hard on that number. I

	28
1	would rather suggest it's between five and ten percent
2	higher.
3	This is based on published information from the
4	companies and also from federal sources. So that may be of
5	interest. And it's my belief also that this higher rate of
6	production is continuing in 1995.
7	This has been an exceptionally warm winter.
8	We've had a series of warm winters, as a matter of fact,
9	but nationally it's been a fairly warm winter.
10	The industry typically will fill storage in the
11	fall, in anticipation of a cold winter or just in case
12	there's a cold winter, so that when there isn't a cold
13	winter the storage is fill in the spring, and the impact,
14	of course, is on price.
15	Now, as you know, Mr. Chairman, the price of gas
16	is now deregulated, so price is not a factor which,
17	theoretically at least, comes into play in determining
18	whether or not a well is produced. If the operator is
19	content to take a lower price he can essentially produce a
20	well in New Mexico. Price is not a factor.
21	Interestingly enough, New Mexico seems to be
22	producing at record levels, in spite of the low prices.
23	There are a number of reasons for this, but one
24	of them certainly is the fact that wells in particularly
25	in the San Juan Basin, appear to have lower operating costs

1	than many wells across the nation. And also there are some
2	wells which are able to benefit from the Section 29 tax
3	credits, which are still given for wells which were
4	completed in a certain window a few years ago.
5	So there are certain economic reasons why San
6	Juan Basin wells particularly continue to produce at a high
7	rate. In fact, it's our understanding and our belief,
8	based on testimony which has been made before the Federal
9	Energy Regulatory Commission and also from our own contacts
10	with companies, that there is a certain amount of
11	curtailment in production in the San Juan Basin right now.
12	I don't know the order of magnitude but suspect it's of the
13	order of 200 to 300 million a day. And this is not caused
14	by anything but a lack of pipeline capacity out of the
15	Basin, so And that is a condition which exists in spite
16	of a mild winter and full storage.
17	The production picture for New Mexico looks
18	the market picture looks as though it's going to continue
19	to improve. There's no reason to believe that New Mexico's
20	production will not be another record year in 1995,
21	although it's a little early to say based on production
22	statistics.
23	It's my belief we'll have good production
24	statistics for 1994 within very short order and certainly
25	before the next gas proration hearing in six months' time.

	30
1	That essentially is my testimony.
2	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Merrett.
3	Q. (By Mr. Carroll) Mr. Merrett, what was New
4	Mexico's gas production in 1993?
5	A. Approximately 1.4 trillion cubic feet, a little
6	over 1.4 trillion.
7	Q. And your projection for last year, 1994, is that
8	an additional eight percent was produced?
9	A. About 1.55, we believe, TCF. Although I must
10	tell you that that's a projection and not a forecast.
11	Q. And of those figures, what percentage is coal
12	seam production and what percentage is conventional?
13	A. That is hard to say. I don't have the numbers in
14	front of me, but coal-seam gas production is approximately
15	one-third of that total, I think.
16	Q. Where does most of New Mexico's gas go? It goes
17	to California?
18	A. Most We still think about 80 percent of New
19	Mexico's gas is marketed in California, ten percent in the
20	State of New Mexico, and the other ten percent in a variety
21	of markets, increasingly markets to the east of the state,
22	in Texas and other states to the east.
23	Q. Okay. Mr. Merrett, a lot of pipeline
24	construction occurred in the San Juan Basin in the last few
25	years, and apparently that still wasn't enough to handle

	31
1	all the production that is coming out of the Basin?
2	A. That's correct.
3	El Paso Natural Gas has an expansion project
4	several, as a matter of fact.
5	But the most significant one is probably the San
6	Juan triangle expansion, which has been before the Federal
7	Energy Commission for I think about a year and shows no
8	signs of getting constructed. That's the main one.
9	Transwestern has made attempts to see if there's
10	enough interest in a Transwestern expansion out of the
11	Basin, but that is not yet a case before the FERC.
12	Q. Is it your opinion that prorationing is somehow
13	limiting the ability of New Mexico production to find
14	markets?
15	A. I'm not really in a position to comment on that.
16	I don't believe it has an effect from my knowledge of the
17	system, but I'd rather leave the answer to that question to
18	others.
19	MR. CARROLL: Thank you, Mr. Merrett.
20	That's all the questions I have of Mr. Merrett,
21	Mr. Chairman.
22	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Carroll.
23	Additional questions of the witness?
24	Commissioner Carlson?
25	COMMISSIONER CARLSON: Yeah, a couple.

	32
1	EXAMINATION
2	BY COMMISSIONER CARLSON:
3	Q. I'm surprised to hear there's a lack of pipeline
4	capacity again out in the San Juan Basin. As Rand said,
5	there was a few years ago, and then we had those expansion
6	projects, and I thought there was actually an excess of
7	capacity there for a while.
8	A. Well, you know, it's somewhat a day-to-day
9	situation. But our belief is and I think it's not
10	without some strong support that there is, overall, a
11	need for additional capacity.
12	Q. Is the Transwestern lateral full
13	A. Yes, sir.
14	Q running full?
15	A. I spoke to Transwestern yesterday, and they said
16	they are running generally speaking, they're running
17	full.
18	Q. Okay. Whatever happened to the TransColorado
19	project? Was that the name of it?
20	A. That's still The promoters of that are still
21	optimistic that it will be built. Others are not so sure.
22	Q. Okay. One other question.
23	Is the increase in production still mostly due to
24	increased coal seam production?
25	A. Yes, it is.

1	Q. So coal seam's continuing to increase?
2	A. Yes.
3	COMMISSIONER CARLSON: That's all I have. Thank
4	you.
5	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Commissioner Carlson.
6	Commissioner Weiss?
7	COMMISSIONER WEISS: I had a question along the
8	same lines.
9	EXAMINATION
10	BY COMMISSIONER WEISS:
11	Q. Has the coal-seam gas production peaked, do you
12	think?
13	A. I really cannot answer that. Our impression is
14	that some wells are beginning to show signs of peaking.
15	But if you take the aggregate, in aggregate, coal-seam gas
16	is continuing to increase.
17	COMMISSIONER WEISS: Thank you.
18	EXAMINATION
19	BY CHAIRMAN LEMAY:
20	Q. Mr. Merrett, if the production is increasing in
21	New Mexico, do you have any indication as to at the
22	expense of who? Would it be Midwest gas we might be
23	displacing, and is it the California market, do you think,
24	or is it Canadian gas or Do you have any indication of
25	whose supplies may be diminishing in areas where we're

1 | marketing our gas?

T	Markeeing our gas:
2	A. Well, the market, the national market well, I
3	suppose I should say the continental market since gas is a
4	continental commodity the continental market is
5	expanding. Opinions seem to vary as to by how much it's
6	expanding, depending on whose numbers you look at.
7	But the nation, the continent as a whole is
8	increasing its demand. California seems to be flat to
9	increasing slightly. There is considerable I would say
10	that most of the increase is in the east, sometimes on
11	conversion of coal-fired and other plants to gas-firing,
12	for clean-air reasons, sometimes because communities in the
13	east are being having gas for the first time and
14	displacing their heating oils. But that is the main area
15	where the market is growing.
16	Canadian imports into California have expanded
17	continue to expand, and into the rest of the country, as a
18	matter of fact.
19	I would guess that, if anything, our continuing
20	increase is at the expense of possibly Rocky Mountain
21	production, and some of the high-cost production in the
22	Midwest, which is shut in due to low prices.
23	Now, companies, as a rule, do not announce the

24 shut-in of their gas for all sorts of reasons, so it's very 25 hard to know who has gas shut in. But it's our belief that

1	there is gas shut in in the Midwest and in the Rocky	
2	Mountains and possibly in Canada in some of the high-cost	
3	production too.	
4	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Merrett.	
5	Additional questions of the witness?	
6	Thank you, sir. You may be excused.	
7	And does that complete your testimony, your	
8	presentation?	
9	MR. CARROLL: Yes, that concludes my	
10	presentation, Mr. Chairman.	
11	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay. Is there anyone that	
12	needs to catch planes? If we take the southeast first or	
13	the northwest, is there any problem with that, do you know?	
14	Southeast is the first page, so let's go with it, then.	
15	Mr. Carr?	
16	MR. CARR: May it please the Commission, I have	
17	three witnesses for Chevron. The first witness will talk	
18	about generally Chevon's marketing scheme for natural gas,	
19	and then one witness will speak on the Eumont, and the	
20	final witness will speak on the Indian Basin. And with	
21	your permission, I would propose we take all three of	
22	those, if that's all right.	
23	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Yes, our procedure will be,	
24	we'll take this on a field-by-field basis, on an area basis	
25	first, and we're going to have testimony on the southeast	

 think, is the way we'll go. You may proceed. <u>ROBERT E. GREEN</u>, the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. CARR: Q. Would you state your name for the record, please A. My name is Robert Green. I work for Chevron USA in Midland, Texas. Q. Mr. Green, have you previously testified before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission? A. Yes, I have. My last testimony was the 10th of March, 1994, before that proration hearing at that date. Q. What are your duties with Chevron. Q. And what specific responsibilities do you have in regard to natural gas marketing? A. In those duties we negotiate contracts for processing and sales of natural gas, we settle gas imbalance, or we negotiate gas imbalance contracts with other producers, and we monitor the production of the 		
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24 other producers, and we monitor the production of the	22	processing and sales of natural gas, we settle gas
	23	imbalance, or we negotiate gas imbalance contracts with
25 natural gas.	24	other producers, and we monitor the production of the
	25	natural gas.

Q. Are you familiar with the Chevron market for	
natural gas produced in New Mexico?	
A. Yes, I am.	
Q. And are you prepared to review the status of	
Chevron's natural gas marketing efforts for production from	
this state?	
A. Yes, I am.	
MR. CARR: Are the witness's qualifications	
acceptable?	
CHAIRMAN LEMAY: His qualifications are	
acceptable.	
Q. (By Mr. Carr) Let's refer first to what has been	
identified as Chevron Exhibit Number 1. Could you identify	
this for the Commission and then review the information	
thereon?	
A. Yes, this is a caricature of the major intrastate	
natural gas pipelines originating and flowing through and	
out of southeast New Mexico.	
And in those pipelines we see we have two major	
companies that transport gas to the west and then to the	
California market, we have two major companies that	
transport gas into the Midwest market, and then we have	
various interconnects which carry down to the Waha Hub and	
then to the Texas intrastate market.	
Q. Is much of Chevron's natural gas production	

1 shipped to the west coast?

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A.At this time the answer is no. In previousyears, and under the FERC-regulated gas, we had about 75percent of our gas produced in southeast New Mexico wasmoving to the California market, and 25 was going elsewherein the nation.Today, due to gas displacement from Canada andfrom southwest Wyoming, we send about 15 percent of our gasfrom southeast New Mexico into the California market. Someof that is even used in Chevron's own facilities. And theother 95 percent is carried into the Midwest markets andthen to the Texas intrastate markets.Q.Let's go to Exhibit Number 2. Could you identifythis, please?A.Exhibit 2 is a four-year depiction of the naturalgas spot prices from Inside FERC for El Paso Natural Gas asit's been posted at the Waha Hub.IsI use this depiction because it's readilyavailable to everyone, and it gives us a pretty goodindication of the trends that have occurred over the pastfour years in this market.Q.Is it not true that the price at the Waha Hub is,in fact, the lowest price at which gas is being sold fromthe Permian Basin?A.K. For Chevron's purposes, it's pretty much the					
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1 | bottom of what we're marketing, yes.

Q. Let's go to the exhibit, and can you review what
you have seen to be the general trends of the natural gas
market over the last several years?

A. Yes. In this exhibit, you'll notice that from
the time period of -- You know, I like to use February
because the prorating hearing is at that time.

8 From February of 1991 through February of 1994, 9 we've seen a general growth in the price of natural gas in 10 southeast New Mexico and the Permian Basin. Although we've 11 seen that general growth, we've seen quite a bit of 12 volatility in that price from month to month.

The other key factor, which is not depicted on here, is that during regulation we saw stable prices and volatile production; now we have stable production and volatile prices.

During the time period of February, 1994, through February, 1995, we've seen about a 13-percent decline in our average price of natural gas, coming out of southeast New Mexico.

Q. If we look at this exhibit and we talk about the prices on the El Paso system, it is true that you are able to realize somewhat higher prices through other contractual and transportation arrangements?

25

A. That's correct, and that's why we are moving only

1	about 15 percent of our gas through El Paso or Transwestern
2	into the California markets.
3	We look at gas, again, as a continental
4	commodity, and we market and price our gas on a continental
5	basis. And for the gas in southeast New Mexico, we look at
6	our entire nationwide market, and then we try to source,
7	back to our New Mexico gas, our highest net back for each
8	of those sources. And at this time, obviously, it's in
9	other areas.
10	Q. How much gas does Chevron currently sell from its
11	New Mexico properties?
12	A. We're moving 186,000 MCF a day out of both our
13	Chevron USA Production Company properties and our
14	affiliate, Warren Petroleum, at the tailgate of the plant.
15	Q. And what percent of Chevron's total gas sales
16	does this represent?
17	A. Today that represents about seven percent of our
18	total sales, which also represents a growth for southeast
19	New Mexico.
20	I recall several years ago, southeast New Mexico
21	was only about four percent of Chevron's total sales. So
22	we've seen some growth, significant growth, in southeast
23	New Mexico.
24	Q. When we look at the total production, Chevron's
25	total production in New Mexico, approximately what

percentage of it is natural gas? 1 Today, Chevron is the natural gas company in 2 Α. southeast New Mexico. On a barrel-of-oil-equivalent basis, 3 Chevron has 80-percent gas and 20-percent oil production, 4 and this is also attributable to our operations and our 5 growth, especially in the Indian Basin Pool and the Eumont 6 7 Pool. Chevron has seen a 14-percent growth in natural 8 9 gas production in the year 1994 in southeast New Mexico. 10 0. Is Chevron able to market all the gas it produces 11 in the state? 12 Yes, we do, and the reason for that is that we Α. regard southeast New Mexico as part of our base load in our 13 14 national marketing scheme. And in our economic model, some of the things 15 that are important to us is the low decline rate of the 16 pools in southeast New Mexico -- and we're operating in the 17 18 eight- to 12-percent decline rate -- and our operating expense in southeast New Mexico. 19 And when you couple an eight- to 12-percent 20 decline rate with the 14-percent growth rate that we saw in 21 1994, we've been very aggressive. 22 In essence, what you're doing is using New Mexico 23 Q. production as your base load, and if you -- to the extent 24 you swing, you're using other sources for that? 25

That's correct. We're -- I don't want to address Α. 1 curtailment at all, but we don't curtail in southeast New 2 Mexico because we use it to take care of our base load. 3 Will Chevron also be calling witnesses to review 4 ο. the proposed allowables as they relate to the Eumont and 5 Indian Basin Pools? 6 Yes, we do. We have two of our production 7 Α. engineers here to testify on our activities in those two 8 9 pools. Were Exhibits 1 and 2 either prepared by you or 10 Q. compiled under your direction? 11 12 Α. Yes, they were. MR. CARR: At this time, may it please the 13 14 Commission, we move the admission of Chevron Exhibits 1 and 15 2. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Without objection Chevron's 1 16 and 2 Exhibits will be admitted into the record. 17 MR. CARR: And that concludes my examination of 18 Mr. Green. 19 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Carr. 20 Questions of the witness? 21 Commissioner Carlson? 22 EXAMINATION 23 BY COMMISSIONER CARLSON: 24 Mr. Green, on your spot gas price to El Paso 25 Q.

1	graph, do you know where Inside FERC gets those prices?
2	A. I presume that they get those prices by polling
3	the different companies, and they put that together as an
4	accumulation and post that.
5	Q. Do they ever poll Chevron?
6	A. They've polled Chevron through our natural gas
7	business unit in Houston, and it's supposed to be a
8	confidential thing where they mix all that together.
9	Q. And Inside FERC has no way of verifying those
10	numbers?
11	A. That's correct.
12	Q. So if I'm selling gas on a spot market, I should
13	never expect less than the index prices reported by Inside
14	FERC or Gas Daily or some of those?
15	A. I don't think that's an accurate assessment,
16	because that represents an average, an arithmetic average,
17	of what different companies are doing. And so some people
18	may be able to do better because of preferential
19	transportation contracts that they would have to get the
20	gas out of southeast New Mexico into their markets.
21	Q. Are gas sales contracts based on an index-plus or
22	a spot-plus, or are they a fixed price?
23	A. Gas sales contracts are based on everything.
24	Q. Everything. So there are a lot of
25	A. Everything's negotiable.

1	Q. There are a lot of them on a spot-plus or a net
2	index-plus or
3	A. Everything is negotiable, from You know,
4	Chevron has the propensity to sell gas at the burner tip to
5	the customer and then negotiates gas transportation from
6	the source of the gas to the customer, over whatever the
7	routes are, and thereby increasing or creating a better
8	opportunity for net back to the wellhead through large
9	transportation contracts.
10	Other times, if a large customer has a
11	preferential contract and we may sell it at the wellhead
12	to that customer and they can use their transportation
13	contract. And all those things are jumbled into that Waha
14	price.
15	Q. And if I'm reporting prices to Inside FERC, there
16	is no way they can tell if I'm reporting the truth or not
17	on their surveys; is that right?
18	A. I would presume that's correct.
19	Q. I mean, if I'm a seller I might report a
20	different price than if I'm buying that month; is that
21	right?
22	A. I would presume that <i>Inside FERC</i> would have to
23	depend on the integrity of the companies they're dealing
24	with.
25	Q. But wouldn't I have an incentive to maybe give

1them a little higher or lower price, depending if I'm2buying or selling?3A. I wouldn't know that you would have an incentive4to not tell the truth to them5Q. Uh-huh.6A you know. I don't think that we're acting in7that capacity. And when we look at what we're doing8Q. Well, I don't know anything about Chevron, but9A. No, I understand. But when we look at our prices10on our different pipelines and things, they track pretty11well with what Inside FERC has reported.12COMMISSIONER CARLSON: I have no further13questions. Thank you.14CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Weiss?15EXAMINATION16BY COMMISSIONER WEISS:17Q. Yes. Do you foresee continued growth in your18southeast New Mexico gas production?19A. Yes, we do. We have a number of projects in 199520in southeast New Mexico, and we have some limited21exploration projects underway in southeast New Mexico,22Again, we consider southeast New Mexico as one of23Again, we consider southeast New Mexico as one of24our important core areas.25COMMISSIONER WEISS: Thank you, that's all the		
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25 COMMISSIONER WEISS: Thank you, that's all the	24	our important core areas.
	25	COMMISSIONER WEISS: Thank you, that's all the

1	questions.
2	EXAMINATION
3	BY CHAIRMAN LEMAY:
4	Q. Mr. Green, your Exhibit 2 shows the spot gas
5	price to El Paso, Permian Basin. Would that pretty much be
6	a Waha Hub price, do you think?
7	A. That is the Waha Hub price that we're posting
8	there.
9	Q. And do you have any indication of what kind of a
10	discount that might be to other hubs like Henry Hub or Katy
11	or something like that, percentagewise on spot?
12	A. We see To answer directly, yes, we do.
13	We see about a 25-cent differential between Henry
14	Hub and Waha Hub, although it is a moving differential. As
15	the gas price moves As the gas price falls, that
16	differential gets closer together.
17	But for forecasting purposes, you can use a
18	quarter.
19	Q. And Henry Hub, of course, is quoted in the Wall
20	Street Journal. Do you get any other indications from
21	Opal, we'll say, or Katy, or some of the other hubs where
22	gas is gathered and shipped out, how Waha is doing?
23	A. We track Waha against Henry Hub in our company.
24	But it's kind of an unfair tracking, because we move a
25	great deal of our gas to the Midwest, which is not compared

46

against Henry Hub at all. 1 2 And so when you're moving into the Midwest 3 market, then you're looking purely at performance of the net back from the Midwest Hub for Waha. 4 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: All right, thank you, that's the 5 only question I have. Thank you very much for your 6 7 testimony. Is there additional questions of the witness? 8 9 If not, he may be excused and you may call your next witness, Mr. Carr. 10 11 MR. CARR: My next witness is Mr. Al Bohling, who 12 will present brief testimony on the Eumont. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: You may continue. 13 A.W. (AL) BOHLING, 14 the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon 15 his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 16 DIRECT EXAMINATION 17 BY MR. CARR: 18 19 0. Will you state your name for the record, please? My name is Alan Bohling. 20 Α. And where do you reside? 21 Q. I reside in Midland, Texas. Α. 22 By whom are you employed? 23 Q. I'm employed by Chevron USA Production Company. 24 Α. And what is your current position with Chevron? 25 Q.

1	A. 3	I'm a petroleum engineer.
2	Q. 1	Have you previously testified before this
3	Commission	?
4	A	Yes, sir, I have.
5	Q. 1	Were your credentials as a petroleum engineer
6	accepted a	t that time and made a matter of record?
7	A	Yes, they were.
8	Q.	In your job with Chevron, are you familiar with
9	the product	tion from the Eumont Gas Pool?
10	A. 2	Yes.
11	Q. 2	Are you familiar with the allowables assigned to
12	the wells	in that pool?
13	A	Yes, I am.
14	Q. 1	Have you reviewed the proposed allowables for the
15	next proration period as set forth in the exhibits offered	
16	here today	by witnesses for the Oil Conservation
17	Commission	?
18	A	Yes, I have.
19	I	MR. CARR: Are the witness's qualifications
20	acceptable	?
21	(CHAIRMAN LEMAY: His qualifications are
22	acceptable	
23	Q.	(By Mr. Carr) Mr. Bohling, would you briefly
24	state the j	purpose of Chevron's presentation in this case?
25	A. (Chevron is here to present some additional
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information to the Commission in support of the proposed 1 monthly acreage allocation factor of 38,000 MCF for the 2 Eumont Prorated Gas Pool for the period of April, 1995, 3 4 through September of 1995. 5 0. Let's go to what has been marked Chevron Exhibit 6 Number 3. Would you identify that and then review the 7 information on this exhibit for the Commission? 8 Α. Sure. Exhibit Number 3 is a bar graph, and this 9 bar graph depicts both historical and forecasted production 10 for the Eumont Gas Pool and Chevron. The total bar height represents the Eumont Pool's 11 total daily production, while the bottom purple or reddish 12 portion of the bar equates to Chevron's portion of that 13 total daily production. 14 15 The dark purple and the dark blue colored bars represent historical production data, while the lighter 16 17 blue and purple colored portions of the bars represent 18 forecasted production data. It should be noted that from December of 1993, 19 20 I've held the Eumont Pool's total production at that point as a constant, so that any fluctuations you see in the 21 total bar heights since December of 1993 represent only 22 what Chevron has added to the Eumont Pool's total 23 production, due to its drilling and workover programs. 24 25 Also shown on this bar graph is a heavy black

1	line which cuts across or through the bars at the top, and
2	this represents what the pool's allowable has been set at,
3	both historically and from April of 1995 through September
4	of 1995, the proposed.
5	Q. Mr. Bohling, could you review for the Commission
6	recent efforts by Chevron to develop an increased
7	production for the Eumont Pool?
8	A. Yes, sir. In 1994 Chevron has drilled two wells,
9	has conducted approximately 20 workovers or plugbacks, and
10	has restimulated seven additional wells, and this has
11	resulted in an increase of production for Chevron from
12	approximately 27,000 MCF a day to 32,000 MCF a day for
13	December of 1994, or an 18.5-percent increase in
14	production.
15	Q. What are your plans for 1995?
16	A. Plans for 1995 are similar. We're not going to
17	be doing as many workovers or plugbacks; we're only going
18	to be doing about three to four of those.
19	We have already drilled two new wells in the
20	Eumont Pool, and we are currently in the process of
21	completing those wells.
22	And we have plans to do approximately 20
23	restimulations in the Eumont Pool during 1995.
24	Q. What production rate are you hoping to achieve
25	with this additional work?

1	A. Primarily this additional work will offset
2	current declines, and it is hoped that we will increase our
3	production another six percent or go from approximately 32
4	million a day to 34 million a day in our production.
5	We feel that our programs have substantially
6	increased the ability of producing additional reserves as
7	well.
8	Q. Mr. Bohling, let's go to Chevron Exhibit Number
9	4. Would you identify and review that?
10	A. Exhibit Number 4 is a table which presents the
11	OCD's proposed preliminary allowable in column 1. And in
12	column 2 you can see that Chevron fully supports the OCD's
13	proposal and recommends that it be adopted on a permanent
14	basis.
15	Q. Were Exhibits 3 and 4 prepared by you or compiled
16	under your direction?
17	A. Yes, they were.
18	MR. CARR: At this time, may it please the
19	Commission, we would offer into evidence Chevron Exhibits 3
20	and 4.
21	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Without objection, Exhibits 3
22	and 4 will be admitted into the record.
23	MR. CARR: And that concludes my examination of
24	Mr. Bohling.
25	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Carr.
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Questions of the witness? 1 Commissioner Carlson? 2 EXAMINATION 3 BY COMMISSIONER CARLSON: 4 Just a point of clarification. 5 Q. On your Exhibit 4, you would prefer the 451 6 adjustment, just like OCD proposes; is that correct? 7 8 Α. Yes. 9 Q. Instead of a zero? That's correct, yes. I put the zero in there 10 Α. indicating no --11 12 Q. Right. -- no change to that. 13 Α. COMMISSIONER CARLSON: I see, okay. No, that's 14 15 all I have. Thank you. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Commissioner Carlson. 16 Commissioner Weiss? 17 18 EXAMINATION BY COMMISSIONER WEISS: 19 Yes, Mr. Bohling, do you think that proration is 20 Q. an efficient means of protecting correlative rights in the 21 Eumont Pool? 22 With the way the Eumont Pool has been developed, 23 Α. yes, sir, I do. 24 25 COMMISSIONER WEISS: Thank you.

	53
1	EXAMINATION
2	BY CHAIRMAN LEMAY:
3	Q. Just a point of clarification, summary, then, Mr.
4	Bohling. You are concurring with the OCD recommendation of
5	the pool adjustment as shown on OCD Exhibit 1, the 451,241
6	added to the production to arrive at the 38,000 MCF per day
7	for allowable?
8	A. Yes, sir, that is correct, we do concur with what
9	the OCD's preliminary proposal is.
10	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you very much.
11	No further questions of the witness? He may be
12	excused.
13	MR. CARR: Mr. Chairman, our next witness will
14	present testimony on the Indian Basin.
15	There may be other comments on the Eumont that
16	you prefer to hear before we present that witness.
17	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you. Is there any other
18	testimony to be presented on the Eumont field?
19	MR. KELLAHIN: I have a statement, Mr. Chairman.
20	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Kellahin.
21	I think we'll take the statements at the end, and
22	just the witness to be cross-examined, we'll run through
23	first.
24	You may proceed with the new field.
25	MR. CARR: At this time we call Brian Huzzey.

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1	BRIAN H. HUZZEY,
2	the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon
3	his oath, was examined and testified as follows:
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. CARR:
6	Q. Would you state your name for the record, please?
7	A. My name is Brian Huzzey.
8	Q. Where do you reside?
9	A. In Midland, Texas.
10	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
11	A. I work for Chevron, USA, Production Company, and
12	I'm a lead petroleum engineer.
13	Q. Have you previously testified before the New
14	Mexico Oil Conservation Commission?
15	A. Yes, I have.
16	Q. In fact, you've testified at previous allowable
17	hearings concerning production from the Indian Basin?
18	A. Yes, I have.
19	Q. Are you familiar with the proposed allowables,
20	preliminary allowables, as set forth in the exhibits of the
21	New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission?
22	A. Yes, I am.
23	Q. Have you reviewed those proposed allowable
24	levels?
25	A. Yes.

54

Have you compared them to existing production 1 Q. levels from this field? 2 Yes, I have. 3 Α. MR. CARR: Are the witness's qualifications 4 5 acceptable? CHAIRMAN LEMAY: They're acceptable. 6 (By Mr. Carr) Mr. Huzzey, let's go to what has 7 0. been marked Chevron Exhibits 5 through 14. Without going 8 9 into any depth on these, I would like you to generally summarize what they show. 10 11 These are basically plots of historical Α. Okay. 12 production in the field, based on C-115-reported production 13 versus the pool allowables over the same time frame. 14 I've presented these at several previous 15 hearings, and they basically show the increased production we have achieved in this field over this time period. 16 17 Basically, you've taken prior exhibits and Q. 18 revised them to put current information? Yes, these are current through December of 1994. 19 Α. What percentage of the wells in this pool are 20 Q. actually able to produce above the set allowable limit? 21 Between Chevron and other operators' wells, Α. 22 approximately 25 percent of the producing wells are capable 23 of producing at or above the 200,000 MCF per month. 24 If we look at just the Chevron wells, what sort 25 0.

1	of numbers do we find for the producing wells?
2	A. Six of our ten operated wells are currently
3	producing at or above 200,000 MCF per month.
4	Q. Let's take a look at Chevron Exhibit Number 15,
5	the last exhibit
6	A. Okay.
7	Q and I'd like you to review this exhibit and
8	also explain the basis for Chevron's recommendation
9	concerning allowables for the Indian Basin.
10	A. Okay, this chart shows that Chevron supports the
11	OCD's preliminary allowable numbers.
12	The 200,000 MCF per month that you can see in row
13	8 at the bottom of the page it's in bold we feel that
14	this will protect the interests of the majority of the
15	operators in this pool.
16	Q. Were Exhibits 5 through 15 prepared by you or
17	compiled under your direction?
18	A. Yes, they were.
19	MR. CARR: At this time, Mr. LeMay, we move the
20	admission of Chevron Exhibits 5 through 15.
21	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Without objection, Exhibits 5
22	through 15 will be admitted into the record.
23	Do we have any questions of Mr. Huzzey?
24	Commissioner Carlson?
25	COMMISSIONER CARLSON: No, I don't think so.

	57
1	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Weiss?
2	COMMISSIONER WEISS: No, I have no questions.
3	EXAMINATION
4	BY CHAIRMAN LEMAY:
5	Q. I have maybe one follow-up, and it's a while back
6	when this was a contentious field, Mr. Huzzey, there was
7	some talk of possible unitization. Has that completely
8	been dropped, or is there any effort at all to unitize this
9	field at this point in time?
10	A. Actually, last I believe it was April or May,
11	we had an operators' meeting of all the operators, major
12	operators in the pool, and that task or chore was delegated
13	to Marathon Oil Company.
14	However, they have called no subsequent meetings
15	since April or May of last year to address that issue.
16	Q. So it's your opinion, probably, that that effort
17	has been dropped, do you think, and that's
18	A. In conversations with Marathon Oil Company, they
19	have not shown any time line, any time frame, so I'd say
20	that at this point in time it doesn't appear to have a
21	great deal of interest.
22	Q. And there again, to summarize your testimony, you
23	are in concurrence with the OCD-recommended allowable
24	levels in Indian Basin
25	A. Yes, we are.

1	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: you support those?
2	Thank you very much.
3	Additional questions? If not, the witness may be
4	excused.
5	Is there anything else on Indian Basin? Put that
6	one to rest then.
7	How are we doing in the southeast? What other
8	pools do we have for testimony? Any? Mr. Kellahin, all
9	your testimony is northwest, is it, Marathon?
10	MR. KELLAHIN: No, sir, we have statements in all
11	my pools. I have no witnesses today, Mr. Chairman.
12	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Oh, you don't have any
13	witnesses, just statements?
14	MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.
15	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay. Anything else in the
16	southeast?
17	If not, let's take a break now, for the before
18	we go on to the northwest pool, take a 15-minute break, and
19	convene. We'll come back with the northwest.
20	(Thereupon, a recess was taken at 10:18 a.m.)
21	(The following proceedings had at 10:40 a.m.)
22	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: We shall continue. We're moving
23	along at a good pace, so we'll switch now to the northwest,
24	and we'll start with Mr. Carr.
25	MR. CARR: May it please the Commission, at this

58

STEVEN T. BRENNER, CCR (505) 989-9317

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1	time we'd call Mr. Bill Hawkins with Amoco to present
2	testimony on the certain adjustments they're
3	recommending to the preliminary nominations for the
4	prorated pools of northwest New Mexico.
5	BILL HAWKINS,
6	the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon
7	his oath, was examined and testified as follows:
8	DIRECT EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. CARR:
10	Q. Would you state your name for the record, please?
11	A. Bill Hawkins.
12	Q. Where do you reside?
13	A. Denver, Colorado.
14	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
15	A. Amoco Production Company as petroleum engineer.
16	Q. Have you previously testified before this
17	Division [sic] and had your credentials as a petroleum
18	engineer accepted and made a matter of record?
19	A. Yes, I have.
20	Q. In fact, Mr. Hawkins, you've testified in prior
21	allowable hearings, have you not?
22	A. Yes, I have.
23	Q. Have you reviewed the preliminary allowable
24	figures of the Oil Conservation Division for the prorated
25	pools of northwest New Mexico?

	60
1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Are you prepared to make recommendations to the
3	Commission concerning adjustments to those preliminary
4	figures?
5	A. Yes, I am.
6	MR. CARR: Are the witness's qualifications
7	acceptable?
8	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: His qualifications are
9	acceptable.
10	Q. (By Mr. Carr) Mr. Hawkins, let's refer to
11	Amoco's exhibit marked Exhibit Number 1, and I'd ask you to
12	identify this exhibit and review it, please.
13	A. Okay, Exhibit Number 1 is a table, very similar
14	to the Oil Conservation Commission's recommendations for
15	the northwest pools. I've included most of the same
16	columns here on monthly production and recommended
17	adjustments.
18	And before we look at those numbers, I'd like to
19	just go through basically what our proposal is for the
20	Commission today.
21	We're recommending an adjustment to the northwest
22	pool allowables that have been proposed by the NMOCD to
23	keep the monthly nonmarginal pool allowable at the same
24	level as it has been for the previous period, that being
25	October through March October, 1994, through March of

1 1995. Basically what we've done under our -- We've 2 looked at each of the pools in the proposal that the NMOCD 3 has made. We recognize that the Division has gone back to 4 5 the April-1993-to-September-1993 monthly pool sales to start the calculations for the upcoming allowable period. 6 7 And the total pool production looks fairly reasonable today; I think there has been some increase. 8 9 But basically where we get into a problem is when we get to the column marked "Monthly Nonmarginal Pool Allowable", 10 there's been a fairly dramatic drop in the allowable for 11 those nonmarginal proration units. 12 13 If we look at the last six months, for instance, the Basin Dakota Pool, and this is -- under our exhibit 14 15 it's the third column from the right, under the Basin Dakota Pool, 280,000 MCF per month as compared to the NMOCD 16 17 proposal of 270,000 MCF per month. The reason that that relatively small difference 18 19 in total pool allowable makes a difference is that there 20 are not a -- well, there's only 15 acreage proration units 21 that are being affected. And if you drop the pool allowable on those 15 wells, it starts to curtail them. 22 And they are the better wells, and we'd like to see those 23 wells have a stable production. 24 The pool that really sees most of the impact is 25

61

the Blanco Mesaverde. Our recommendation is to keep that nonmarginal pool allowable at 2.98 BCF per month versus the recommended NMOCD level of 2.44 BCF per month, and that's a fairly significant difference. We'd like to see that held constant, basically, at today's level.

6 So we put together the arithmetic here that shows the required adjustments under the column marked "Amoco 7 Recommended Adjustment" that would enable us or the State 8 to keep the nonmarginal pools at that same allowable as it 9 exists today. And we've calculated the acreage factor and 10 acreage-times-deliverability factors, F1 and F2, based on 11 the same arithmetic that was described to you earlier in 12 testimony today and presented those, and they are in fact 13 very similar to the F1 and F2 factors that are effective 14 from the October-1994-to-March-1995 period. And that's 15 been our basic approach. 16

I guess what I would say in support of our 17 18 recommendation is that we are planning a fairly significant 19 development program in the northwest pools during the 1995 year, we're planning to invest \$10 to \$15 million in 20 development of conventional gas pools, primarily targeted 21 to the Blanco Mesaverde, both vertical and horizontal 22 23 wells, and through recompletions of existing wells. We think that the recommended adjustment that 24 we're asking for will be necessary to keep that nonmarginal 25

1	allowable constant and support the development prospects
2	that we have plans for.
3	Q. Mr. Hawkins, basically what you're doing is
4	accepting the Oil Conservation Division's figures for
5	marginal wells?
6	A. Yes, we are.
7	Q. You're making adjustments only for those
8	nonmarginal wells because in fact they're the only wells
9	that will be affected; isn't that right?
10	A. That's correct.
11	Q. And what you're doing is requesting a production
12	level comparable to what you had before because this will
13	be consistent with the figures you've used in making plans
14	for additional development in the San Juan Basin?
15	A. That's correct.
16	Q. The recommendations you're making here today are
17	also consistent with the kinds of recommendations being
18	made by Phillips and others?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Was Exhibit Number 1 prepared by you?
21	A. Yes, it was.
22	MR. CARR: At this time, Mr. Lemay, we move the
23	admission of Amoco Exhibit Number 1.
24	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Without objection, Amoco's
25	Exhibit Number 1 will be entered into the record.

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1	Questions of the witness?
2	Commissioner Carlson?
3	EXAMINATION
4	BY COMMISSIONER CARLSON:
5	Q. Mr. Carr said Phillips and others are supporting
6	this proposal. Is anybody opposing this proposal, the
7	producers in this pool?
8	A. Not that I'm aware of. I know that Phillips'
9	recommendation is very similar to ours. I don't know
10	exactly what the numbers they presented, but I understand
11	it's about a half-a-BCF increase in the Blanco Mesaverde
12	and a 10,000-MCF-per-month increase in the Basin Dakota, so
13	those are fairly consistent with Amoco's views on this as
14	well.
15	Q. Are all the operators in the pools aware of your
16	proposal?
17	A. I spoke with Meridian and told them we were
18	planning to make this kind of an increase. I did not have
19	an opportunity to talk with any of the other operators, so
20	I'm not sure if they're aware of it or not.
21	Q. Okay. Did you hear Ron Merrett's testimony about
22	pipeline constraints out of the San Juan Basin?
23	A. I did hear that.
24	Q. Do you agree with that?
25	A. I think We don't have any reason to dispute

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64

1	that. I think what we're seeing is that the production
2	level continues to be high, we anticipate being able to
3	market the gas that we are producing now and in fact have
4	some increase in production with future development.
5	Not being in the market business, it's really
6	difficult for me to say exactly what type of curtailment
7	Amoco's markets might be seeing, but from my information
8	that I've been privy to is that we are able to market the
9	gas that we're producing from the San Juan Basin and expect
10	to be able to increase that.
11	COMMISSIONER CARLSON: That's all I have.
12	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Weiss?
13	COMMISSIONER WEISS: I have no questions, thank
14	you.
15	EXAMINATION
16	BY CHAIRMAN LEMAY:
17	Q. Did you say \$10 to \$15 million, Mr. Hawkins,
18	investment you contemplate in 1995 in the San Juan Basin by
19	Amoco?
20	A. In the conventional gas pools. We have some
21	additional developments we'll be looking at in the coal gas
22	area.
23	And this is It's our basic plan right now for
24	1995, and I suppose that will you know, could obviously
25	change as we go through the year if conditions start to

1 change. But we are targeting the Blanco Mesaverde as one 2 of our primary development prospects. 3 Meaning with infill wells and horizontal wells, 4 ο. 5 you say, for --Through recompletions and through some of the 6 Α. 7 horizontal wells and infill wells, yes, all of those. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, thank you. Appreciate it. 8 9 Any additional questions of the witness? If not, he may be excused. 10 11 Thank you, Mr. Carr. Mr. Kellahin? 12 MR. KELLAHIN: Are you ready to take statements, 13 Mr. Chairman? 14 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Well, do we have any -- I guess 15 that's going to be it. Do we have any other witnesses to 16 17 present testimony? We're at that point, we'll accept statements. 18 19 MR. KELLAHIN: All right, sir. Mr. Chairman, the first pool I've been asked to 20 address comments towards is that Eumont Pool in southeast 21 It's the Eumont-Yates-Seven Rivers, and it's 22 New Mexico. 23 on behalf of Oryx Energy Company. 24 Mr. Chairman, members of the Commission, the 25 Eumont Gas Pool has a minimum gas allowable. There's a

1	floor in that prorationing for that pool. It's 600 MCF a
2	day.
3	If you'll look at the calculated monthly acreage
4	factor for that pool on the OCD's Exhibit Number 1, it's
5	38,000 MCF a month. That equates to about 1.26 MCF a day.
6	That differential between the minimum and the
7	nonmarginal gas well allowable, an additional 600 MCF a
8	day, is of particular significance to all the operators in
9	the pool. Oryx and others have utilized that differential
10	to justify the economics to do workovers, additional
11	activities in the pool.
12	Oryx's letter to you, written by Mr. Peavey
13	who's an operational engineer, testified before you on
14	other occasions in allowable hearings supports the
15	Division's proposed level of maintaining the nonmarginal
16	well allowable rate at 38,000 MCF a month. It continues to
17	provide an incentive for them to do additional work and to
18	maximize production capacities in the pool.
19	And that completes my presentation on behalf of
20	that company with regards to the Eumont.
21	The next pool for which I have clients that
22	desire to have comments or statements presented to the
23	Commission is in the Indian Basin-Upper Penn Pool, on
24	behalf of Oryx Energy Company. They request and support
25	the continuation of the current rate of nonmarginal monthly
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1 allowable of the 200,000 MCF a month.

You'll recall we've utilized that number; it's approximately 6.5 million a day. And I believe that's the number that Chevron has also supported. Oryx supports the continuation of that level of allowable for that particular prorated gas pool.

Again, Mr. Peavey has written his comments for
you in his letter of February 21st, but in essence I've
described his conclusion and recommendation to you.

10 My next comments, Mr. Chairman, are concerning 11 the prorated gas pools in northwestern New Mexico, and 12 they're made to you on behalf of Meridian Oil, Inc.

Mr. Fraser, if you may remember, is a production engineer. He's the manager for Meridian Oil, Inc.'s, proration system, and he's testified before you on prior occasions in that capacity. He raises an interesting bit of information.

He says that he's reviewed the Division's preliminary recommendation, and we all recognize the limitations currently of utilizing OCD production data for 1994.

He says he can solve that lack of information by the fact that they track their own production, and I think between Meridian and Amoco you'll have a very good sense of the total production from those pools.

He says that he concurs, based upon their own 1 Meridian-operated pool production and their historical 2 percentages, that at least the current levels in that 3 4 proposed schedule are appropriate. He says that Meridian is the largest producer in 5 the northwest pools, with almost half of the Mesaverde 6 7 production and almost a third of the Dakota production. They don't have a specific recommendation, but he 8 does tell us that he supports the increases. The increase 9 10 that you have before you is the Amoco increase, and he certainly has no objection to maintaining the allowables 11 for the nonmarginal wells, as Mr. Hawkins has presented 12 13 them to you. And on that same theme, then, my last statement 14 is on behalf of Phillips Petroleum Company for those 15 16 prorated pools. This letter is submitted on behalf of Phillips 17 Petroleum Company by Mr. Kurt Czirr. Mr. Czirr is a 18 19 petroleum engineer. He's testified before the Commission on prior occasions. 20 And without reading the details of his letter, 21 his point strikes the same theme that Mr. Hawkins was 22 23 giving you a while ago. 24 If you'll look at the summer nonmarginal pool allowable rates for the Mesaverde and the Dakota, you'll 25

	70
1	find a level that approximates what Mr. Hawkins is
2	submitting to you. He's requesting an adjustment in the
3	monthly nonmarginal pool allowable of an additional 10,000
4	to 12,000 MCF, and in the Blanco Mesaverde it's a little
5	more than half a BCF.
6	The reason to do that is, when you make the
7	various calculations you'll find that you're maintaining
8	the monthly acreage factor for the nonmarginal wells,
9	consistent with what we've enjoyed in the summertime.
10	Phillips' point of view is, they've added
11	additional compression in their system, and as a result are
12	able to serve some 70 Mesaverde wells. With additional
13	capacity they may cause them to be reclassified as
14	nonmarginal wells.
15	And again, it provides an incentive for those
16	operators, including Phillips, to add compression and to do
17	additional work to maintain deliverability in the Mesaverde
18	and the Basin Dakota.
19	And so on behalf of Phillips, we would support
20	what Mr. Hawkins has represented to you as to the
21	appropriate adjustments in those two pools.
22	That concludes my statements on behalf of my
23	clients, Mr. Chairman.
24	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Kellahin.
25	Are there additional statements at the allowable

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hearing? 1 MR. DUNCAN: My name is Bill Duncan, and I work 2 for Exxon Company, USA, Exxon Corporation, and I'd like to 3 4 make a statement. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Hi, Mr. Duncan. Please do. 5 MR. DUNCAN: Exxon operates wells in nonmarginal 6 7 gas proration units in the Blinebry, Eumont and Tubb prorated pools, and Exxon supports the allowable production 8 rates and the acreage factors proposed by the NMOCD for the 9 upcoming period. 10 Increased allowable assignments in these pools 11 for the current and prior periods have enabled Exxon to 12 perform well work on several leases which economically 13 increase production rates and ultimate recovery. With 14 proposed allowable assignments, we anticipate continued 15 economic production and additional work potential. 16 So we're recommending that they be assigned as 17 18 proposed. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you very much, appreciate 19 your statements. 20 21 Additional statements? MR. HOOVER: Yes, I'm Jerry Hoover with Conoco, 22 out of Midland, Texas. I'd like to make a statement to 23 24 support the Eumont allowable. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, please do. 25

MR. HOOVER: At several of the past allowable 1 hearings, Conoco has been present and presented technical 2 support and evidence for maintaining the current allowables 3 that we're seeing now in the Eumont Pool, and we simply 4 wanted to come this time to give you a statement of support 5 6 for what you've been doing with the Eumont allowable. We fully support for the next six-month period 7 the acreage allowable factor of 38,000 for the Eumont Gas 8 This level provides a sufficient economic incentive 9 Pool. for us to continue our current development and remedial 10 11 programs while still providing some type of adequate ceiling on production to prevent any overdevelopment or 12 undue acceleration. 13 Since mid-1993, Conoco has, with selected new 14 development and remedial work, increased its daily 15 production in the Eumont Pool from 9.3 million cubic feet 16 per day to 24.3 million per day. Now, this represents a 17 260-percent increase in Conoco's production alone in this 18 pool. 19 During this period, we've drilled 19 new Eumont 20 wells, we've worked over 32 existing wellbores, and we feel 21 that during the upcoming proration period, maintaining this 22 level will help us to continue this active program of 23 developing new reserves and more efficient recovery and 24 25 draining the currently developed locations in the Eumont

Pool. 1 We recognize the critical role of the Division in 2 maintaining this type of activity, and we simply wanted to 3 4 express our support for that at this time. 5 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you very much, Mr. Hoover. 6 MR. HOOVER: I'll leave you a copy of this. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Any additional statements in the 7 8 proration hearing? 9 It's running smoother, guys, isn't it? Thank 10 you. We will temporarily recess here and reconvene at 11 one o'clock for the industry speaks, we listen, portion of 12 13 this presentation. MR. CARROLL: I think your memo said 1:30, I 14 15 don't know. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Did it say 1:30? Let's change 16 that to 1:30. I realize that the memo I put out did say 17 1:30, so we don't to start before everyone's here. We'll 18 19 start promptly at 1:30. 20 (Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at 11:02 a.m.) 21 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)) ss. COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Commission was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL February 27th, 1995.

STEVEN T. BRENNER CCR No. 7

C. C. C.

My commission expires: October 14, 1998