Page	1

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

EXAMINER HEARING

SANTA FE. NEW MEXICO

__Time__8:15 A.M. JUNE 29, 2000 Hearing Date_ LOCATION SLOW HALL MILLER LAW FIRM Nearling Bel Skelan Milloud Shohors Oll Albuquelque Paul Cooter Vates Pet David Pecison Artegia Dielian Fran Longbell, San, Sey + Seeder Michael H. Feldevert FERRY L. HUGHES SHAHARA DIL CARLSBAD, NM STAN ATNIPP SLA, INC MIDIAND, TX TULSA, OK AROC INC. MARL GULICH Yates Petroleum Corp Randy & Patterson Antesia NM UMTES POLLARMENT ACTES 14 MM Chuck MOKAN Arteria Nan Yates petrolandon Read Meak Midlaud Sanh Fe Smydn Steve Smith Malland Sante Fe Sundar Stevettulke Calshar, NOT Perini Environment and termi Xelle + Kelle - 5 mb Yillh-

Marboh Energy

Ray'e Miller

Mike Gra Concho Rusances One Midland 1 James Turby fill Concho Ros Inc Midland Tx Andy Schwampy Marathon 0:1 Co. Hobbs Nr Tim CASKON 16:E Druns Markin Some Murbob Encry Larry Scott Artesia, Nun Lynck Potroleum Williamsa Ret. Cas. Hobba, 7/7

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 12,440

APPLICATION OF SHAHARA OIL, L.L.C., FOR APPROVAL OF A TERTIARY RECOVERY PROJECT FOR THE GRAYBURG JACKSON PREMIER SAND UNIT, UNORTHODOX OIL WELL AND INJECTION WELL LOCATIONS WITHIN THAT UNIT, AND QUALIFICATION OF THAT PROJECT FOR THE RECOVERED OIL TAX RATE PURSUANT TO THE NEW MEXICO ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY ACT, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

ORIGINAL

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

EXAMINER HEARING

BEFORE: MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner

00 JUL 13 All 4:58

June 29th, 2000

Santa Fe, New Mexico

This matter came on for hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner, on Thursday, June 29th, 2000, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

PAGE

I N D E X

June 29th, 2000 Examiner Hearing CASE NO. 12,440

EXHIBITS	3
APPEARANCES	3
APPLICANT'S WITNESSES:	
<pre>PERRY L. HUGHES (Engineer; President, Shahara) Direct Examination by Mr. Cooter Examination by Examiner Stogner</pre>	5 16
STANLEY L. ATNIPP (Engineer) Direct Examination by Mr. Cooter Examination by Examiner Stogner	22 25
REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	32

EXHIBITS

Applicant's	Identified	Admitted
Exhibit A	7	16
Exhibit B	8	16
Exhibit C	9	16
Exhibit D	9	16
Exhibit E	10	16
Exhibit F	11	16
Exhibit G	12	16
Exhibit H	13	16

* * *

APPEARANCES

FOR THE DIVISION:

LYN S. HEBERT Attorney at Law Legal Counsel to the Division 2040 South Pacheco Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

FOR THE APPLICANT:

EASTHAM, JOHNSON, MONNHEIMER and JONTZ, P.C. 500 Marquette, NW, Suite 1200 P.O. Box 1276 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103-1276 By: PAUL A. COOTER

WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at 1 2 8:25 a.m.: EXAMINER STOGNER: At this time I will call Case 3 Number 12,440. 4 MS. HEBERT: Application of Shahara Oil, L.L.C., 5 for approval of a tertiary recovery project for the 6 Grayburg Jackson Premier Sand Unit, unorthodox oil well and 7 injection well locations within that unit, and 8 qualification of that project for the recovered oil tax 9 10 rate pursuant to the New Mexico Enhanced Oil Recovery Act, Eddy County, New Mexico. 11 EXAMINER STOGNER: Call for appearances. 12 MR. COOTER: Paul Cooter, Mr. Examiner, appearing 13 on behalf of Shahara Oil. I have two witnesses, Barry 14 Hughes and Stan Atnipp. And in addition to those, I would 15 like to introduce to the Examiner Carl Dooley, who is the 16 manager of engineering and secondary recovery with AROC in 17 Tulsa. Mr. Dooley will not be a witness, however. 18 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other appearances? 19 20 Okay, will the witnesses please remain standing to be sworn in at this time? 21 22 (Thereupon, the witnesses were sworn.) 23 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cooter? 24 MR. COOTER: One other request, Mr. Stogner. 25 I have the witness sit beside me at this table so that we

may share exhibits? 1 EXAMINER STOGNER: Sure, just as long as he 2 3 speaks up. PERRY L. HUGHES, 4 the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon 5 his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 6 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. COOTER: 8 9 Q. Would you state your name for the record, please, 10 sir? My name is Perry L. Hughes. 11 Α. And what is your position, Mr. Hughes, with 12 0. 13 Shahara Oil? I am president of Shahara Oil, L.L.C. 14 Α. Have you previously testified before this 15 Q. Division? 16 17 Α. Yes, sir. 18 Briefly relate your education and professional Q. 19 experience. 20 I graduated from West Virginia University in 1965 with a bachelor of science in petroleum engineering. 21 22 have worked in engineering and management capacities, both domestically and foreign, for the last 35 years. 23 Shahara Oil is the operator and project manager 24 25 for AROC (Texas), Inc., and Stanley L. Atnipp in this

matter?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Those two entities, AROC and Mr. Atnipp, own 100 percent of the operating rights in the unit?
- A. That's correct, in the Grayburg Jackson Premier Sand Unit. It covers 960 acres in 17 South, 30 East, Eddy County, located physically about one mile southeast of Loco Hills.
- Q. Were the unit lands correctly described in the Application?
 - A. Yes, they were.
- Q. On behalf of AROC and Mr. Atnipp, the owners of the operating rights, what does Shahara Oil seek by this Application?
 - A. Shahara Oil has three requests.

One is the approval of a tertiary recovery project for the Grayburg Jackson Premier San Unit, using microemulsion flooding.

Two, we seek the approval of two unorthodox well locations within the unit, one for a new producing well to be drilled and one for the conversion of one existing wellbore for injection waterflood purposes.

And three, the qualification of the project for recovered oil tax rate.

Q. First, let's talk about the tertiary recovery

project for the Grayburg Jackson Premier Sand Unit. 1 Attached to the Application as Exhibit A is Order Number 2 R-2749, dated July 29, 1964. That was the order which 3 approved the unit, was it not? 4 5 Α. And authorized the waterflood project. 6 MR. COOTER: We would ask you, Mr. Examiner, to 7 take administrative notice of that order which is attached 8 to the Application. 9 Q. (By Mr. Cooter) At that time, General American 10 Oil Company of Texas was the applicant and the operator of the unit. When did Shahara Oil acquire its rights? 11 12 Shahara Oil acquired the operating rights 13 effective August 1, 1995, from Riverhill Energy Corporation and Bargo Energy Partners. 14 At that time in 1995, they were the owners of 100 15 0. percent of the operating rights? 16 That is correct. 17 Α. 18 Q. Subsequent to Shahara Oil's acquisition of those rights, they then passed and are now owned by AROC (Texas) 19 20 and Mr. Atnipp? 21 Α. That is correct, and Shahara Oil acts as the 22 operator and project manager for AROC and Stanley Atnipp. What was the status of the waterflood project 23 0.

At that time, in August of 1995, there was one

when it was acquired by Shahara Oil?

24

25

Α.

injection well active, and oil production was about 20 barrels of oil per day.

The unit itself was originally operated by General American, which was acquired later by Phillips Petroleum and later Riverhill, Bargo and then Shahara.

- Q. Let me direct your attention to what was marked Exhibit B to the Application. Can you identify that for us?
- A. Exhibit B is the Grayburg Jackson Premier Sand
 Unit agreement, and this is the agreement under which these
 properties have been operated since 1964.
- Q. The Premier Sand Unit interval is described in that agreement on page 3?
- A. That is correct. The Premier sand is defined as that reservoir which is found with the top at 3230 feet and the base at 3243 feet on Schlumberger log from General American Maddron Beeson Well Number 8 B, and it further defines the Premier sand as that interval plus 100 feet above the top of the sand and 50 feet below the bottom of the sand, or a total interval of 163 feet.
- Q. What have Shahara Oil's operations been since acquiring the project?
- A. Since August of 1995, Shahara has drilled five producing wells and completed them within the unitized interval of the Premier sand and re-established injection

into two unit wells, also into the Premier sand.

- Q. Let's turn next to what has been marked as Exhibit C to your Application. Explain that, if you would.
- A. Exhibit C shows the outline of the Grayburg

 Jackson Premier Sand Unit and the wells which will be

 producing wells at the completion of this redevelopment of

 the Premier Sand Unit and the wells that will be injection

 wells. There will be a total of 14 injection wells and 21

 producing wells.
- Q. While we're looking at Exhibit C, let's also look at Exhibit D and E that were attached to the Application.

 Let's start with Exhibit D. What is that?
- A. Exhibit D indicates the wells which will be producing wells in the unit. They are numbered 1 through 21. 1 through 11 are wells to be drilled and completed as producing wells in the Premier sand. Number 11 is at an unorthodox location. It's located in the center of the northeast quarter of Section 28, as shown on Exhibit C.

MR. COOTER: I would like to point out to you,
Mr. Stogner, a mistake that I made in the Application. On
page 2 of the Application, paragraph 5, in the second line,
where we talk about the unorthodox locations, over at the
right-hand side I say, "Those two wells are well 1", which
is designated the MA Number 7 well, and that actually -"1" should be "11". It is correctly identified on Exhibit

1 B.

2

3

4

5

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

25

THE WITNESS: I should point out, with regard to Well Number 11, which is the unorthodox location, that the ownership is the same within the unit, and in this case the east half of the northeast quarter of Section 28 and the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 28 have the same ownership, being AROC and Stanley Atnipp.

- Q. (By Mr. Cooter) Now let's go to Exhibit E. Identify that, would you?
- A. Exhibit E shows the wells which are to be injection wells in the unit.

Number 1 is a new well to be drilled. It's located in the northwest of the northwest of Section 27 and designated Grayburg Jackson Premier Sand Unit Tract AD Number 12.

Well Numbers 2 through 4 are current injectors.

And Numbers 5 through 14 are existing wellbores

which will be made into injectors.

- Q. Wells 2 through 4 that you mentioned that are current injection wells, they will remain injectors?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. And which well is the unorthodox location?
- 23 A. It is Well Number 1 -- no, Well Number --
- 24 Q. -- 14, I think.
 - A. -- Well Number 14, which is the Grayburg Jackson

Premier Sand Unit Tract MA Number 2, which again is located in the east half of the southwest corner of the northeast quarter of Section 28.

Q. It's the one down there.

Are all the wells that are shown on Exhibits D and E included in the plat which is Exhibit C?

A. That is correct.

- Q. Let me next direct your attention to the exhibit which has been marked as Exhibit F. Would you identify and explain that?
- A. Exhibit F again shows the outline of the Grayburg Jackson Premier Sand Unit and indicates the cumulative production of oil and water and cumulative water injection to date within the existing Grayburg Jackson Premier Sand Unit.

The key is, the green is indicating thousands of barrels of oil produced in each well; the pink, thousands of barrels of water produced from each well; and the blue being cumulative water injection for each well.

The cumulative oil production from the unit is about 2.3 million barrels of oil, the water production is about 3.5 million barrels of water, and cumulative water injection to date is about 11.2 million barrels of water.

Q. When you say "to date", that's from day one of the unit waterflood operations through the end of 1999?

A. That is the case insofar as water injection. The cumulative production is from date of initial production in the unit area from the Premier sand. Some of these wells were drilled in the 1940s, but the unit waterflood order was put in place in 1964.

- Q. At the present time, are the wells within the unit in an advanced state of depletion?
 - A. Yes, they are. We, as Exhibit G, have the --
- Q. Okay, let's go next to Exhibit G and identify that.
- A. Exhibit G is part of an engineering report prepared for the owners of the unit, which evaluates waterflood and infill drilling potential on the unit.

The first page of data, the second page of Exhibit G, indicates the proved, developed, producing reserves, estimated to remain at this time, assuming no further work done on the unit, and that indicates about 26,000 barrels of remaining proved developed producing reserves.

- Q. Which would be recovered in, say, a three-year period?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. And then the unit would become uneconomic --
- 24 A. That is correct.

Q. -- to produce?

Okay, what is the next page in that exhibit?

2.3

- A. The last page of Exhibit G is the estimated reserves to be developed, and are classified as proven undeveloped reserves, utilizing infill drilling, as we've outlined in our previous exhibits, the location of the producing wells to be drilled, and through waterflooding. These are the reserves to be developed through secondary recovery in the unit, and indicate about 1.17 million barrels of incremental oil to be recovered through infill drilling and waterflooding.
- Q. Now, also while we're talking about this, let's also look at Exhibit H, if you would. This shows the potential with infill drilling. What about the microemulsion flooding? Does that add to the figures that are presented here?
- A. That is correct. Exhibit H indicates proven undeveloped reserves to be developed within the Premier Sand Unit, first utilizing infill drilling and waterflood, as we have just mentioned, 1.17 million barrels. In addition, tertiary recovery using microemulsion flooding, we believe an additional 360,000 barrels of oil will be recovered, a total of 1.53 million barrels of oil and 256 million cubic feet of gas.
- Q. Yeah, let's go on to the revenue resulting from that at this time.

- A. Utilizing the average oil prices as used in the engineering report which was prepared by Cawley Gillespie and Mr. Aaron Cawley in Fort Worth, Texas, and using an oil price of \$25.25 a barrel over the life and an average gas price of \$3.80 per MCF over the life, the infill drilling and waterflood revenue to be developed, oil and gas, is \$30.3 million, and the tertiary recovery revenue, using microemulsion flooding, \$9.3 million, a total of \$39.6 million of revenue under this project.
- Q. Maybe it's readily apparent, but without this effort, Mr. Hughes, would you envision a fairly early abandonment of the unit?
- A. I think that if we do not go forward with the development that, as shown in Mr. Cawley's report, the production from the unit will cease in about three years.
- Q. And if the project is abandoned, would a substantial amount of oil be left in the ground and unrecovered?
- A. Yes, obviously about a million and a half barrels of oil. We believe that the 1.53 million barrels of reserves will be developed and produced in the next 15 years.
- Q. Over what period of time -- or did you just say that?
 - A. Yeah.

1 What would be the cost of the unit, both capital Q. expenditures and operating costs, during that period of 2 time? 3 We believe that the total cost of the project 4 will be \$7.2 million. This includes a capital expenditure 5 of \$2.96 million and operating costs of \$4.2 million. 6 7 Q. That \$4.2-million figure is a little different than in the Cawley report. Could you explain why? 8 9 In the Cawley report, there is no operating cost associated with the use of microbes in the microemulsion 10 flooding. That cost is estimated -- total cost is 11 estimated at \$182,000 for the initial application of 12 microbes in the microemulsion flooding. 13 14 Q. In your opinion would the granting of the Application and the authorization for the project prevent 15 16 waste, both economic and physical? 17 Yes, it will. Α. 18 MR. COOTER: Mr. Examiner, I would ask you to 19 take administrative notice of Exhibit A. 20 (By Mr. Cooter) Exhibit B was the unit Q. 21 agreement. To the best of your knowledge and information, 22 is that a true and correct copy of that? 23 Yes, it is. Α. 24 Q. Were Exhibits C through H, with the exception of

Exhibit G, which is the Cawley report, prepared either by

you or under your direction and supervision? 1 2 Α. Yes. Do they accurately and correctly reflect the 3 information that is set forth thereon? 4 5 Α. Yes. And was Exhibit C, which is part of the Cawley-6 Q. 7 Gillespie report -- is that an accurate and correct copy of 8 the document? Yes, that's Exhibit G. 9 Α. MR. COOTER: G, yes. 10 Mr. Examiner, we offer all the exhibits at this 11 12 time. EXAMINER STOGNER: I'll take administrative 13 notice of Order Number R-2749 -- this was the initial 14 waterflood project approval in 1964, as it relates to the 15 initiation of this project back in 1964 -- and also admit 16 into evidence Exhibits A through H as necessary. 17 18 MR. COOTER: That concludes my examination of Mr. 19 Hughes. **EXAMTNATION** 2.0 21 BY EXAMINER STOGNER: 22 Q. Mr. Hughes, why has the unit boundaries changed? 23 The original unit, as envisioned in early 1964, 24 included the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 25 28 and the southeast of the southwest of Section 28. Those

were undrilled areas, that 120 acres was undrilled at the time of the formation of the unit. And in discussions during the formation and finalization of the unit, those were excluded as apparently being nonproductive.

The unit was then formed as outlined in our exhibits. Subsequent to that, in the 1980s, the three wells as shown in those 120 acres were drilled and completed as lease wells, not only completed in the Premier sand but other zones above and below the Premier sand.

They are being produced as lease wells from the Maddron A and the Maddron E leases.

- Q. Does the unit agreement provide for an expansion of additional acreage?
 - A. Yes, it does.
- Q. Would the drilling of that Well Number -- is that 7, the producing well --
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. -- at an unorthodox location, would that initiate such an expansion?
- A. I don't believe so, Mr. Examiner. I think that as the ownership is the same on both sides, there's no effect to the ownership having the MA 7 well drilled at the unorthodox location. The location was chosen to optimize the recovery from the Premier sand.
 - Q. Okay, now when you say that ownership is the

same, okay, let's take a look at the unit. That's all 1 federal land? 2 Yes, sir. 3 Α. Okay. And the -- What, the west half of the 4 Q. northeast quarter is federal? 5 Yes, sir. 6 Α. Okay. Now, in your Application on the first 7 Q. 8 paragraph, Atnipp is the owner of 100 percent of the operating rights. Now, is that saying that Atnipp is 100-9 percent working interest under the unit? 10 Yeah, the interest owned on either side of the Α. 11 unit boundary is 99.5 percent AROC (Texas), Inc., and one 12 half of one percent Stanley L. Atnipp, and those interests 13 are the same, both in the unit and in the acreage to the 14 west half of the northeast quarter of 28. 15 Okay. And there's no overrides of any kind on 16 Q. either side of the line? 17 There are overrides, and they are, I believe to 18 Α. be, all the same, the same interests. 19 And how many overrides are there? 20 ο. Mr. Examiner, I don't have that information with 21 22 That's something that we can provide.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. Mr. Cooter, if you could provide that, of what the override interest is within these unit boundaries, as shown on Exhibit F, compared to

23

24

the west half of the northeast quarter.

And while we're on that, I will expect, Mr.

Cooter, if there are differences and it is where that one of those overriding interests is such that it's being drained by the Well Number 7, then I will expect you to make proper notification of that.

MR. COOTER: Be happy to do so, Mr. Stogner.

I might point out, it might help you, on Exhibit B, page 12 of the unit agreement, the initial participating area excluded that 120 acres. And as you'll note from the page 4 of Exhibit B to that unit agreement -- I'm sorry for the duplication of numbers here, but page 4 of Exhibit B to the unit agreement, there were no overriding royalty interests outstanding when the unit was formed. And I believe that all overriding royalties that may have been carved out subsequent to that have covered both the unit and the west half of that northeast quarter. But I will verify that.

EXAMINER STOGNER: If you would, I would appreciate that.

Mr. Cooter, what's your next witness going to be presenting today?

MR. COOTER: Going into the microemulsion, what it is, how -- the quantities that will be used here. I know that you've heard this before, and I'll be happy to

just state for the record that Mr. Atnipp would so testify, and testify as to the quantity of the slug size and the cost of the project. The figures have been worked into the exhibits that are now in front of you.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, who's going to be presenting the information that's required on the C-108 about the area of review of any new or reconversions of injection wells?

MR. COOTER: We had not filed or prepared a C-108, because it is an existing waterflood unit. If you believe that we should, we shall certainly so do.

Q. (By Examiner Stogner) Well, let's see. Did
you -- Let me make sure I have my facts straight on this.

Okay, on paragraph 4 of your Application there will be 11 new producing wells and one new injection well. That's not an existing well, or am I reading something wrong?

A. No, that is correct.

- Q. Okay. And the conversion of 10 currently existing wellbores to injection wells, are those producing wells or old injection wells?
- A. Both. Some are current producing, some are old injection wells, some of which may be in a plugged-and-abandoned status.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. Well, Mr. Cooter, I

could provide that information. It may take a year to a year and a half for me to get around and look up the well data --

MR. COOTER: Well, let's --

2.3

EXAMINER STOGNER: -- so let me forewarn you, it's going to be a long time before I get the Application out, if I have to go through our well files. And we will be moving those well files in December. That may add some additional time for me to do the review. I will be more than happy, so why don't you call your next witness. I do not have a problem in doing that.

MR. COOTER: What could we do, then, to -- file the C-108?

EXAMINER STOGNER: Oh, that would help. But like I said, I will look up the information myself if that's what you want. It's going to take a long time.

MR. COOTER: No, let's see if we can't expedite this. Too much is at stake. What can we do to --

EXAMINER STOGNER: Well, I would suggest first of all that you maybe read 701.B.(2) and what is necessary for an injection well. And all injection wells do have C-108s on them, and I don't know why the new well or any of these conversions don't. But like I said, I could be seeing something wrong, and I will be more than happy to get the necessary information. However, it's going to take me

quite a while to look the information up for you. MR. COOTER: If we filed a C-108 on all of that, 2 would that be of assistance? 3 EXAMINER STOGNER: Yes, sir, it would. 4 5 MR. COOTER: We shall so do, Mr. Stogner. EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. 6 MR. COOTER: Next, I would call Stanley Atnipp. 8 EXAMINER STOGNER: One other thing on that. 9 MR. COOTER: Yes, sir. EXAMINER STOGNER: Has the surface owner been 10 notified? I believe that would be, I'm assuming, the 11 12 federal government. And that's a requirement in there. MR. COOTER: I think we did, but I'm not sure. 13 We'll --14 15 EXAMINER STOGNER: If you could verify that for 16 me and make sure that the notification requirements on the 17 C-108 have been met. MR. COOTER: Yes, sir, we will file the C-108 for 1.8 those. 19 STANLEY L. ATNIPP, 20 the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon 21 22 his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 23 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. COOTER: 24 25 Would you state your name for the record, please, Q.

23 1 sir? 2 Α. Stanley L. Atnipp. And what is your present business association, 3 Q. 4 Mr. Atnipp? 5 Α. I am a consulting engineer affiliated with SLA, Inc., in Midland, Texas. 6 7 Q. Have you previously testified before the New 8 Mexico Oil Conservation Division? Yes, sir, I have. 9 Α. 10 Q. Would you briefly relate your education and 11 professional experience? 12 I graduated in 1977 from Colorado School of Mines with a bachelor of science in petroleum engineering. 13 14 then, from 1977 through 1979, worked for Aminoil, USA; 1979 through 1994 for Marathon Oil; and from 1994 to present as 15 16 a consulting engineer. 17 Q. You heard Perry Hughes explain Shahara Oil's 18 plans for the Grayburg Jackson Premier Sand Unit? 19 Α. Yes, sir, I did. 20 Q. And the microemulsion flooding of some 960 acres 21 in Eddy County?

A. Yes, sir.

22

23

24

- Q. Are you familiar with that proposed activity?
- A. Yes, sir, I am.
 - Q. Explain, if you would, what we're talking about

with microemulsion flooding.

- A. Microemulsion flooding is using a product such as a surfactant to increase the oil recovery from a reservoir. And in this case we're going to be using naturally occurring micro-organisms which will affect the sweep efficiency by removing of scale, and the byproduct of that process will be a surfactant. So we will be flooding the formation with a surfactant.
- Q. Would that also have a result in reducing the injection pressures?
- A. In most cases, if the scale has built up around the injectors, yes, it will.
 - Q. What volume is proposed for this project?
 - A. The volume of microbes is proposed 2800 gallons.
- Q. And over what period of time would those be added to the fluid?
- A. The slug size is approximately 450,000 barrels of water, so we would anticipate somewhere, five to six months' period of time, to put the slug in place.
 - Q. And what would be the cost of that operation?
 - A. The cost of that is \$182,000.
- Q. You saw what had been marked as Exhibit H. In your opinion are those figures, the recoverable reserves, reasonably anticipated using this microemulsion flooding?
 - A. Yes, for the barrels of oil, this 360,000

attributed to the microemulsion, flooding is very reasonable in my opinion.

MR. COOTER: That's all I have of this witness.

EXAMINATION

BY EXAMINER STOGNER:

- Q. Will an equal amount of this microemulsion material be injected in each of the injection wells?
- A. That is the ideal situation, because you're going to be putting the material in at the water station so that the microbes go wherever the water goes, and I anticipate that that would be a fairly equal amount, according to the waterflooding.
- Q. Okay, will this -- I'm looking at -- what?

 Exhibit C. This is the list of producing wells and injection wells. In this process, you get all the wells producing, all of the wells injection water before you add this emulsion, do you kind of do a cleansing or what's the procedure before you actually run the slug?
- A. You don't have to do that. The microbes can be introduced into the system as is, and by virtue of the fact that one of their food sources is scale and iron sulfide, I will be able to clean up most of that damage on the injection side using the microbes. So there won't have to be a tremendous amount of time spent preparing each wellbore from that aspect anyway.

So essentially on these injection wells, whether 1 Q. they be currently injection or re-establishing injection, 2 3 no matter what the wellbore is, I mean, what kind of work needs to be done to it, you can initially start injecting 4 the microemulsion slug? 5 Α. If the wellbores are in an approved manner by 6 7 which, you know, as far as their integrity goes, yes. 8 Q. Okay. And will there need to be any additional 9 assurance of the integrity before the emulsion process? 10 Α. I assume that there's -- the State of New Mexico, you check your wellbores, make sure they're open and you've 11 got your tubing in the right place and all that, if you're 12 opening up old wells. 13 14 0. Well, yeah, we do. But as a prudent operator, 15 wouldn't you want to assure that too? 16 I'm not the operator in this situation. Α. 17 Uh-huh, but we would hope the operator --Q. Α. Yes. 18 19 -- would abide by all this and make sure that Q. none of the microemulsion goes down where it isn't supposed 20 to be. 21 Α. 22 Yes. How about the salinity of the injection fluid 23 Q. 24 going down? Does that have any effect on the

microemulsion, or is this fresh water that you're --

A. No, it doesn't -- the salinity, the only way that it affects the microbes is, it makes them perhaps less active when you get up around the saturation of chloride ions. When you get up to around 280,000 to 380,000 parts per million, chlorides, then it affects their activity level.

Q. Have you been informed of what the water source

- Q. Have you been informed of what the water source is or what the water salinity or quality is in this project?
- A. I understand it, it's produced water, and that was probably, if I remember anything right -- Perry may be able to help me with that, but I would assume that it's not anywhere near the 300,000 or 280,000 chloride mark.

EXAMINER STOGNER: All right, then I'll ask Mr. Hughes that question.

MR. HUGHES: Yes, the makeup water, or the water to be injected, is a combination of our produced water, which is a low-salinity formation water, due to the fact that over the early injection history fresh water was used as makeup water. Our makeup water will be produced water obtained from other operators in the area, and is not anywhere near saturation.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Now, will that makeup produced water be from the same formation or a different formation?

MR. HUGHES: It will be both from the Grayburg

San Andres formation or the Grayburg formation, and some 1 from the Glorieta formation immediately below the San 2 3 Andres. EXAMINER STOGNER: Where will this source come 4 from? 5 MR. HUGHES: Other operators right in the Loco 6 7 Hills area, Mack Energy, perhaps Marbob, plus our own produced water from our leases, the Grayburg Jackson 8 Premier Sand Unit and another project that we have 9 10 immediately to the southeast, which this office has approved as a waterflood, just designated the Beeson F 11 Federal Waterflood, which was approved in 1999. 12 EXAMINER STOGNER: What's the current water 13 production off of this unit now? 14 MR. HUGHES: The current water production is 15 16 about 200, 250 barrels of water per day. 17 EXAMINER STOGNER: And what do you propose that 18 the volume to be injected will be, once this project is up 19 and running? MR. HUGHES: We expect to be able to inject about 20 21 300 barrels of water per day per injection well, total of 22 up to 6300 barrels of water per day. I would anticipate the total volume to be injected during the life of the 23 project to be around 12 million barrels of water. We would 24

not anticipate using any fresh water as makeup water.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cooter, I believe there's another requirement in here that the agency be provided quality of the water or a sample or a report on the water to be injected and the water that is in the formation, to assure compatibility. If you will provide this along with the C-108.

MR. COOTER: Yes, sir.

- Q. (By Examiner Stogner) Mr. Atnipp, has there been any studies done on this microemulsion if it's introduced into a freshwater aguifer, what occurs, what happens?
- A. These are naturally occurring microbes, and the EPA stance is, because they're naturally occurring, that they don't oversee that. There is no problem with whether the -- Most of them, a lot of them, came out of water sources, fresh and saline, the ocean. So they are naturally occurring in the environment today, so there is not any problem -- If it does get in any source of water, it's not anything else but another naturally occurring micro-organism.

examiner stogner: Well, oil is a naturally occurring substance, and if it is in fresh water I guarantee it's not going to be looked at lightly. Which leads me up to the next question. Is there any freshwater wells out there in this area?

MR. HUGHES: Not that I'm aware of at all, Mr.

1 Examiner. EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, I think there's another 2 C-108 requirement in which that be backed up and assured 3 that there are no fresh waters, so I'm assuming that an 4 5 adequate study will be done on that too. MR. HUGHES: Yes, we actually, in the Beeson F 6 7 Federal application, which is located one-half mile to the southwest of this Premier Sand Unit provided that 8 9 information. So we can do that with no problem. There was no fresh water in the area, as found in our application for 10 11 the Beeson F. EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cotter, I apologize for 12 13 being such a burden here, but if we don't do it now, I 14 guarantee the EPA will definitely come in whenever they 15 review our UIC record and find an application such as this lacking so much information, they'll make us do it then, so 16 17 we might as well get it done now. 18 MR. COOTER: Yes, sir. 19 EXAMINER STOGNER: Is there anything else, Mr. 20 Cooter, in this matter? 21 MR. COOTER: No. sir. 22 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay. Is there anything else 23 in Case Number 12,440?

I'll hold the record open pending the needed

24

25

information.

```
We will get that to you just as
                 MR. COOTER:
 1
 2
      quickly as possible, Mr. Stogner.
                  EXAMINER STOGNER: Do appreciate it, Mr. Cooter.
 3
 4
                 MR. COOTER:
                                 Thank you.
 5
                  EXAMINER STOGNER:
                                       Thank you.
 6
                  (Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at
 7
      9:19 a.m.)
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
                               i so hereby certify that the force ting is
14
                               a complete record of the proceed ags in
                               he Examiner hearing of Case No. 17442
15
                               leard by me on
16
                                                        , Examiner
                                 Of Conservation Division
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL June 30th, 2000.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 2002

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 12,440

APPLICATION OF SHAHARA OIL, L.L.C., FOR APPROVAL OF A TERTIARY RECOVERY PROJECT FOR THE GRAYBURG JACKSON PREMIER SAND UNIT, UNORTHODOX OIL WELL AND INJECTION WELL LOCATIONS WITHIN THAT UNIT, AND QUALIFICATION OF THAT PROJECT FOR THE RECOVERED OIL TAX RATE PURSUANT TO THE NEW MEXICO ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY ACT, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

OFFICIAL EXHIBIT FILE

EXAMINER HEARING

BEFORE: MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner

June 29th, 2000

Santa Fe, New Mexico

This matter came on for hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner, on Thursday, June 29th, 2000, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.