

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT CIL CONSERVATION DIVISION ARTESIA DISTRICT OFFICE

November 15, 1984

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION CARDITIRATINER DD (505) 748-1283

TONEY ANAYA GOVERNOR

(ic) e 8336

James W. Johnston Kaiser-Francis Oil Co. P.O. Box 21468 Tulsa, Oklahoma 74121-1468

District II EHGWC No. 11

Re: Emergency Hardship Gas Well Classification Pure Gold A Federal No. 1 Sec. 21, Twn.23S, Rge.31E West Sand Dunes Morrow

Gentlemen:

Under provisions of Rule 411, you are hereby granted an emergency hardship classification on the above captioned well. This well is not to be produced in excess of 350 MCFD.

In the matter of a permanent hardship classification, it is my understanding that a decision is now pending, due to a hearing held in Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Yours very truly,

Les A. Clements

LAC/mm.

cc: Dick Staments El Paso Natural Gas Co. Harold Garcia Florene Davidson William F. Carr **KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY**

August 1, 1984

Mr. Joe D. Ramey 0il Conservation Division Energy and Minerals Department State of New Mexico P. O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

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Re: Application for classification as Hardship Gas Well Pure Gold "A" Federal No. 1 Section 21-23S-31E Eddy County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Ramey,

Enclosed is our application for Hardship Gas Well classification for the subject well. All the information submitted with this application is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

One copy has been submitted to the District office in Artesia, and notice of the application by copy of this letter has been sent to the purchaser, El Paso Natural Gas Company, and the offset operators listed below.

Yours very truly,

KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY Augure - Lis Chafmater-

James W. Johnston PE 39962 Texas

JWJ:1jb

Offset Operators cc: El Paso Exploration Santa Fe Energy Yates Petroleum

OATH STATEMENT

STATE OF OKLAHOMA)

TULSA COUNTY)

JAMES W. JOHNSTON, of lawful age, being first duly sworn upon oath, deposes and states:

That he is Reservoir Engineer of Kaiser-Francis Oil Company, the above-named applicant; that he has read the above foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof; and that all statements and allegations contained therein are true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief. Additionally, I certify that one copy of this application has been submitted to the appropriate Division District Office (Artesia) and that notice of this application has been given to the gas purchaser and all offset operators.

James U. Johnston

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 1st day of August 1984.

Notary Public in and for

Tulsa County, Oklahoma

My Commission Expires:

Ausut 22, 1985

August 1, 1984

Controlp Baltim State Action Action Control 44 CCC

Mr. Joe D. Ramey Oil Conservation Division Energy and Minerals Department State of New Mexico P. O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

> Re: Application for classification as Hardship Gas Well Pure Gold "A" Federal No. 1 Section 21-23S-31E Eddy County, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Ramey,

Kaiser-Francis Oil Company respectfully requests administrative approval of the attached application for classification as Hardship Gas Well for the Pure Gold "A" Federal No. 1 well in the Sand Dunes West (Morrow) Gas Field in Eddy County, New Mexico. Kaiser-Francis operates the subject well and owns a 25% working interest in the unit.

The well produces gas from the Morrow Sands from 14,414 ft. to 14,663 ft. In May, 1983, the well began producing substantial quantities of water from an apparent well bore leak which has significantly reduced the ability of the well to flow. If the well is shut-in for more than a day, two to four days of swabbing are required to restore production. Current reservoir pressure is estimated to be about one-third of original pressure and the well has produced about twothirds of the estimated ultimate recovery. As reservoir energy is reduced further, more extensive swabbing will be required to restore production. Also as reservoir pressure declines, the risk of damage due to water invasion is increased. This is compounded by the fact that the water appears to be foreign to the Morrow and could cause damage from scaling or clay swelling. The well is too deep to run small diameter tubing or unload with artificial lift devices. If the well dies due to high line pressure, production can be restored by blowing the water to the pit if the shut-in period is less than a day. This seems to be the most sensible and economic means of restoring and maintaining production. A workover to repair the well would be expensive and risk damaging or squeezing off the gas production altogether. Current swabbing costs are \$2,000 to \$3,000 per incident. With the increased operating costs for swabbing, it is estimated that 90 MMCF of gas reserves will be lost because the economic limit will be reached earlier if the well is not granted hardship classification. If the well is lost entirely as a result of water loading and damage due to extended shut-in, 450 MMCF of remaining reserves will be lost. Present performance indicates a

Mr. Joe D. Ramey August 1, 1984 Page #2

a minimum sustainable flow rate of 300 to 350 MCFD, allowing for fluctuations in line pressure. The following discussion and attachments are offered as justification for the hardship classification.

The Pure Gold "A" Federal No. 1 is located in the Sand Dunes West (Morrow) field as shown on Exhibit No. 1, a plat of the area showing offset wells. It was completed from the Morrow Sands in January, 1981 from 14,414 feet to 14,633 feet in depth. The original reservoir pressure was 6750 psi and the CAOF was 2397 MCFD. The well is completed through perforations and 2 7/8 inch tubing. A well bore diagram is included as Exhibit No. 2. Exhibit No. 3 is a plot of monthly gas production and Exhibit No. 4 is a monthly tabulation of production data. Production began in February, 1981 and the well was capable of producing about 750 MCFD with a 1000 psi flowing tubing pressure. When it began to produce substantial quantities of water in May, 1983, production capacity dropped to 600 MCFD while water production was 30 bwpd. At the request of El Paso Natural Gas Company, the gas purchaser, the well was shut-in in early June, 1983. EPNG asked that the well be returned to production on June 9, 1983 but it had loaded up with water and would not flow. After extensive swabbing efforts, production was resumed on June 12, 1983. Swabbing costs for that effort totaled \$3,651. The well was shut-in again in January and February, 1984 for a total of 13 days. During this period, two days of swabbing was required to resume production at a cost of \$1,528. The well was down for seven days in May and 18 days in June, 1984. A total of six days of swabbing in two incidents was required at a total cost of \$4,979. Total swabbing costs to date due to shut-in is \$10,158.

Since May, 1983, water production has averaged between 6 and 10 bwpd. When allowed to produce, deliverability is close to the decline trend established in the early life of the well. Flowing tubing pressure has dropped to 700-750 psi, however, reflecting the additional 250 to 300 psi draw down required to unload the water production. Exhibit No. 5 is a graphical material balance for the well. The first two pressures were taken in 1981 and indicate an ultimate recovery of about 1.4 BCF. The last two points are bottom hole pressures calculated from surface readings and show the effect of the water loading up the tubing. Cumulative production is 970 MMCF and the estimated current reservoir pressure is 2230 psi, about one-third of the original pressure. As pressure declines further, the risk of permanently "drowning" the reservoir from long term shut-in periods is increased. At least, more extensive swabbing will be required in the future to restore production. A water analysis taken in May, 1983 showed 105,000 ppm chlorides. This is about twice the value expected from Morrow zone water and may indicate a leak from another zone. The Morrow is sensitive to foreign waters and there is risk of damage due to clay swelling or scale.

Exhibit No. 6 is a table showing daily performance for the month of May, 1984. The well was down twice for less than a day. Production was restored by blowing the water to a pit on both occasions. When shut-in for three days in early May, three days of swabbing were required to return the well to production. The rate and pressure data from this table suggest that minimum flow rate to maintain production would be 300 to 350 MCFD.

Mr. Joe D. Ramey August 1, 1984 Page #3

Since the well is 14,000 feet deep, small diameter tubing or artificial lift would not be mechanically feasible. We have considered working the well over to reduce the water production. However, the well would have to be pulled and the leak isolated and squeeze cemented. Based on our experience this type of workover is expensive and has high risk of failure. There is also the added risk of damaging the Morrow producing zones with cement from the squeeze job.

Since production can be restored by unloading to a pit if the shut-in period is limited, this seems to be the most sensible and economic method at this time to maintain deliverability. If the well is allowed to produce and unload the water, the risk of permanent water blockage is low and the opportunity to maximize gas recovery is greatly improved. If an extended shut-in period permanently damages the well, approximately 450 MMCF of remaining reserves will be lost. If the well is not permanently damaged but must be swabbed monthly due to shut-in, the increased operating costs raise the economic limit to the extent that 90 MMCF of reserves will not be recovered.

In view of the above, it is our opinion that underground waste will occur if the subject well is shut-in for extended periods of time or curtailed below its ability to produce.

Yours very truly,

KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY

Onnes U. J. Amoti-

James W. Johnston PE 39962 Texas

JWJ:ljb

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION P. O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501 Adopted 3-2-84 Side 1

Care 5336

| APPLICATION | FOR | CLASSIFICATION | AS | HARDSHIP | GAS WELL | |
|-------------|-----|----------------|----|----------|----------|--|
| | | | | | | |

| Operator | Kaiser- | Francis O | il Compa | iny | | Coi | ntact | Part | y <u>M</u> | И. | Moore | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------|----------|-------|--------|-------|------------|-------|------------|--------|-----|
| Address | P. 0. 1 | Box 21468, | , Tulsa, | Ok. | 74121- | 1468 | | _ | Phone | No. | 918/49 | 94-000 | 0 |
| | Pure Go | old | Well No. | 1 | UT | "A" | Sec. | 21 | TWP | 238 | | RGE | 31E |
| Pool Name | Sand | Dunes Ves | st (Morr | ow) | | Min | imum A | Rate | Reque | sted | 350 1 | 1CFD | |
| Transport | er Name | El Paso | Ng. Com | pany | | Pu | rchase | er (: | if dif: | ferer | nt) _(! | Same) | |
| Are you s | seeking e | mergency ' | 'hardship | o" cl. | assifica | ation | for t | this | well? | | <u>X</u> y | 'es | no |

Applicant must provide the following information to support his contention that the subject well qualifies as a hardship gas well.

- Provide a statement of the problem that leads the applicant to believe that "underground waste" will occur if the subject well is shut-in or is curtailed below its ability to produce. (The definition of underground waste is shown on the reverse side of this form)
- 2) Document that you as applicant have done all you reasonably and economically can do to eliminate or prevent the problem(s) leading to this application.
 - a) Well history. Explain fully all attempts made to rectify the problem. If no attempts have been made, explain reasons for failure to do so.
 - b) Mechanical condition of the well(provide wellbore sketch). Explain fully mechanical attempts to rectify the problem, including but not limited to:
 - i) the use of "smallbore" tubing; ii) other de-watering devices, such as plunger lift, rod pumping units, etc.
- 3) Present historical data which demonstrates conditions that can lead to waste. Such data should include:
 - a) Permanent loss of productivity after shut-in periods (i.e., formation damage).
 - b) Frequency of swabbing required after the well is shut-in or curtailed.
 - c) Length of time swabbing is required to return well to production after being shut-in.
 - d) Actual cost figures showing inability to continue operations without special relief
- 4) If failure to obtain a hardship gas well classification would result in premature abandonment, calculate the quantity of gas reserves which would be lost
- 5) Show the minimum sustainable producing rate of the subject well. This rate can be determined by:
 - a) Minimum flow or "log off" test; and/or
 - b) Documentation of well production history (producing rates and pressures, as well as gas/water ratio, both before and after shut-in periods due to the well dying, and other appropriate production data).
- 6) Attach a plat and/or map showing the proration unit dedicated to the well and the ownership of all offsetting acreage.
- 7) Submit any other appropriate data which will support the need for a hardship classification.
- If the well is in a prorated pool, please show its current under- or over-produced status.
- 9) Attach a signed statement certifying that all information submitted with this application is true and correct to the best of your knowledge; that one copy of the application has been submitted to the appropriate Division district office (give the name) and that notice of the application has been given to the transporter/purchaser and all offset operators.

1) Definition of Underground Waste.

"Underground Waste as those words are generally understood in the oil and gas business, and in any event to embrace the inefficient, excessive, or improper use or dissipation of the reservoir energy, including gas energy and water drive, of any pool, and the locating, spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or producing, of any well or wells in a manner to reduce or tend to reduce the total quantity of crude petroleum oil or natural gas ultimately recovered from any pool, and the use of inefficient underground storage of natural gas."

- 2) The only acceptable basis for obtaining a "hardship" classification is prevention of waste with the burden of proof solely on the applicant. The applicant must not only prove waste will occur without the "hardship" classification, but also that he has acted in a responsible and prudent manner to minimize or eliminate the problem <u>prior</u> to requesting this special consideration. If the subject well is classified as a "hardship" well, it will be permitted to produce at a specified minimum sustainable rate without being subject to shut-in by the purchaser due to low demand. The Division can rescind approval at any time without notice and require the operator to show cause why the classification should not be permanently rescinded if abuse of this special classification becomes apparent.
- 3) The minimum rate will be the <u>minimum</u> <u>sustainable</u> <u>rate</u> at which the well will flow. If data from historical production is insufficient to support this rate (in the opinion of the Director), or if an offset operator or purchaser objects to the requested rate, a minimum flow ("log off") test may be required. The operator may, if he desires, conduct the minimum flow test, and submit this information with his application.
- 4) If a minimum flow test is to be run, either at the operator's option or at the request of the Division, the offset operators, any protesting party, the purchaser and OCD will be notified of the date of the test and given the opportunity to witness, if they so desire.
- •5) Any interested party may review the data submitted at either the Santa Fe office or the appropriate OCD District Office.
- 6) The Director can approve uncontested applications administratively if, in his opinion, sufficient justification is furnished. Notice shall be given of <u>intent to approve</u> by attaching such notice to the regular examiner's hearing docket. Within 20 days following the date of such hearing, the affected parties will be permitted to file an objection. If no objection has been filed, the application may be approved.
- 7) Should a protest be filed in writing, the applicant will be permitted to either withdraw the application, or request it to be set for hearing.
- 8) An emergency approval, on a temporary basis for a period not to exceed 90 days, may be granted by the District Supervisor, pending filing of formal application and final action of the OCD Director. This temporary approval may be granted only if the District Supervisor is convinced waste will occur without immediate relief. If granted, the District Supervisor will notify the purchaser.
- 9) After a well receives a "hardship" classification, it will be retained for a period of one year unless rescinded sooner by the Division. The applicant will be required to certify annually that conditions have not changed substantially in order to continue to retain this classification.
- 10) Nothing here withstanding, the Division may, on its own motion, require any and all operators to show cause why approval(s) should not be rescinded if abuse is suspected or market conditions substantially change in the State of New Mexico.
- 11) A well classified as a "hardship well" will continue to accumulate over and under production (prorated pools). Should allowables exceed the hardship allowable assigned, the well will be permitted to produce at the higher rate, if capable of doing so, and would be treated as any other non-hardship well. Any cumulative overproduction accrued either before or after being classified "hardship" must, however, be balanced before the well can be allowed to produce at the higher rate.



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| 1 (- · · · | | KAISER-FRANCIS OIL CO. |
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| · | | . B |
| · | ···· ··· · · ··· · | DUDE COLD "A" Endered #1 |
| | | PUKE GOLD A rederal #1 |
| | · - | Sand Dunes West (Morrow) |
| | | Sec. 21-235-31E |
| | | Eddy County, New Mexico |
| , | | MONTHLY GAS PROD. |
| | | EXHIBIT No. 3 |
| | | |
| | | |

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KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY

PURE GOLD "A" NO. 1 SEC 21-23S-31E EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

PRODUCTION DATA

| 1983 | 1983 | YEAR |
|---|--|-----------------------------|
| February March April May June July August September October November December Total | January February March April May June July August September October November December Total January | MONTH |
| 14,438 19,281 19,281 19,532 20,374 10,444 10,260 20,002 19,388 18,738 18,738 18,738 194,453 | 29, 372 31, 765 29, 596 28, 680 16, 959 20, 607 22, 862 23, 811 23, 811 23, 217 20, 189 20, 189 294, 968 8, 990 | MCF |
| 1,000 950 700 700 750 750 | 925 860 1,000 1,000 925 850 950 | FTP (PSI) |
| 1111721110 | 23 12 1 1 3 8 10 2 1 1 | DAYS |
| 3,651 \$3,651 | * 11111111111 | SWABBING COSTS \$ ~ - |
| 150 - 150 150 150 150 150 150 140 | | VATER PRODUCED |

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EXHIBIT NO. 4 PAGE 2 of 2

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| Gra | | | | | | | 1984 | YEAR | |
|----------|----------|-------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------|----------------------|--|
| nd Total | Total | June | May | April | March | February | January | MONTH | |
| 555,789 | 66,368 | 4,155 | 10,722 | 14,962 | 16,573 | 11,084 | 8,872 | MCF | |
| | | ł | 750 | 710 | 750 | 750 | 800 | FTP (PSI) | |
| | | 18 | 7 | I | ı | 4 | 6 | DAYS | |
| \$10,158 | \$ 6,507 | 2,829 | 2,150 | ı | I | 1,528 | I | SWABBING COSTS \$ | |
| | | ı | 150 | 420 | 287 | 100 | ł | WATER PRODUCED | |

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KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY

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PURE GOLD "A" FEDERAL NO. 1 SAND DUNES WEST (MORROW) SEC 21-23S-31E EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

DAILY WELL HISTORY

MAY, 1984

| DAY | MCF | FTP (Psi) | REMARKS |
|-----|-----|-----------|--|
| 1 | 442 | 750 | |
| 2 | 388 | 750 | |
| 3 | 264 | 750 | |
| 4 | 258 | 750 | |
| 5 | 192 | 750 | Well died |
| 6 | 0 | | |
| 7 | 0 | | |
| 8 | 0 | | Swabbing |
| 9 | 0 | | Swabbing |
| 10 | 198 | 660 | Swabbing-well started flowing |
| 11 | 434 | 750 | |
| 12 | 462 | 750 | |
| 13 | 0 | | Highline pressure surge killed well, blew water to pit |
| 14 | 527 | 750 | |
| 15 | 523 | 750 | |
| 16 | 511 | 750 | |
| 17 | 426 | 750 | |
| 18 | 365 | 750 | |
| 19 | 638 | 750 | |
| 20 | 465 | 750 | |
| 21 | 479 | 750 | |
| 22 | 467 | 750 | |
| 23 | 379 | 750 | |
| 24 | 358 | 750 | |
| 25 | 0 | | Highline pressure surge killed well, blew water to pit |
| 26 | 252 | 750 | |
| 27 | 672 | 750 | |
| 28 | 554 | 750 | |
| 29 | 479 | 750 | |
| 30 | 383 | 750 | |
| 31 | 362 | 750 | |

Note: Gas rates are from uncorrected guage report

JEFFERSON PLACE

SUITE I - 110 NORTH GUADALUPE POST OFFICE BOX 2208 SANTA FE. NEW MEXICO 87501 TELEPHONE: (505) 988-4421 TELECOPIER: (505) 983-6043

November 9, 1984

Can No. 8336

Mr. L. A. Clements Supervisor and Oil & Gas Inspector Oil Conservation Division District II Post Office Drawer DD Artesia, New Mexico 88210

Re: Pure Gold "A" Federal No. 1 Well - Section 21, T23S, R31E, N.M.P.M., Eddy County, New Mexico.

Dear Mr. Clements:

CAMPBELL & BLACK, P.A.

JACK M CAMPBELL BRUCE D. BLACK

MICHAEL E. CAMPBELL

WILLIAM F. CARR

BRADFORD C. BERGE

PETER N. IVES

RUTH S. MUSGRAVE LOURDES A. MARTINEZ

As you will recall, I contacted you on October 31, 1984 to advise that following a three-day shut-in of the above-referenced well, Kaiser-Francis Oil Company had been unable to return it to production. Although in the past, swabbing was not usually required after a shut-in of this duration, the well had to be swabbed from October 29 through November 7, when it finally came back on. It has been flowing for the last two days but has not stabilized and we are concerned that any further shut-in will result in the permanent loss of the well. The well is currently producing 10 to 15 barrels of water per day.

Kaiser-Francis sought a temporary hardship classification on August 1, 1984, and the application came on for hearing on October 3, 1984. To date no hardship classification has been granted. I am therefore enclosing an additional copy of the application filed on August 1. This application was revised to include data through September 16 at the time of the hearing before Examiner Quintana. Final data for September shows that the well was down fifteen (15) days and produced 4,452 Mcf or 297 Mcf per day, with an average flowing pressure of 600 pounds. Data from gauge reports for October show that the well was down sixteen (16) days, the well produced 3,831 Mcf or 255 Mcf per day at 600 pounds flowing tubing pressure. These figures are about half what we would expect from the well without reservoir damage. A compressor has been installed on the well. L. A. Clements November 9, 1984 Page Two

Kaiser-Francis Oil Company therefore requests a temporary hardship classification for the Gold "A" Federal No. 1 well due to the recent sharp decrease in deliverability, the problems returning the well to production after the short shut-in in late October, and the present water production and otherwise unstable condition of the well.

If you have questions concerning this request, do not hesitate to call me or Mr. James W. Johnston at Kaiser-Francis Oil Company in Tulsa (telephone number 918 494-0000).

Your attention to this request is appreciated.

Very truly yours,

William F. Carr

WFC/cv enclosures

cc: Mr. R. L. Stamets Mr. Gilbert Quintana Mr. James W. Johnston



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August 1, 1984

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Yours very truly,

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KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY

me to Chamater

James W. Johnston PE 39962 Texas

JWJ:1jb

cc: <u>Offset Operators</u> El Paso Exploration Santa Fe Energy Yates Petroleum

| KAISER-FRANCIS- |
|-----------------|
| 0/1 E NO. 8336 |
| |

OATH STATEMENT

STATE OF OKLAHOMA)

TULSA COUNTY)

JAMES W. JOHNSTON, of lawful age, being first duly sworn upon oath. deposes and states:

That he is Reservoir Engineer of Kaiser-Francis Oil Company, the above-named applicant; that he has read the above foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof; and that all statements and allegations contained therein are true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief. Additionally, I certify that one copy of this application has been submitted to the appropriate Division District Office (Artesia) and that notice of this application has been given to the gas purchaser and all offset operators.

James W. Johnston

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this <u>lst</u> day of <u>August</u>, 1984.

Public in

Tulsa County, Oklahoma

My Commission Expires:

Ausut 22, 1985

The BOAL PROCESS DEPARTMENT OF A DATA SHOW V 24121 1408

August 1, 1984

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Exhibit No. 6 is a table showing daily performance for the month of May, 1984. The well was down twice for less than a day. Production was restored by blowing the water to a pit on both occasions. When shut-in for three days in early May, three days of swabbing were required to return the well to production. The rate and pressure data from this table suggest that minimum flow rate to maintain production would be 300 to 350 MCFD.

Mr. Joe D. Ramey August 1, 1984 Page #3

Since the well is 14,000 feet deep, small diameter tubing or artificial lift would not be mechanically feasible. We have considered working the well over to reduce the water production. However, the well would have to be pulled and the leak isolated and squeeze cemented. Based on our experience this type of workover is expensive and has high risk of failure. There is also the added risk of damaging the Morrow producing zones with cement from the squeeze job.

Since production can be restored by unloading to a pit if the shut-in period is limited, this seems to be the most sensible and economic method at this time to maintain deliverability. If the well is allowed to produce and unload the water, the risk of permanent water blockage is low and the opportunity to maximize gas recovery is greatly improved. If an extended shut-in period permanently damages the well, approximately 450 MMCF of remaining reserves will be lost. If the well is not permanently damaged but must be swabbed monthly due to shut-in, the increased operating costs raise the economic limit to the extent that 90 MMCF of reserves will not be recovered.

In view of the above, it is our opinion that underground waste will occur if the subject well is shut-in for extended periods of time or curtailed below its ability to produce.

Yours very truly,

KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY

Caper 16 Adminter

James W. Johnston PE 39962 Texas

JNJ:ljb

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY AND MINERALS DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION P. O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

APPLICATION FOR CLASSIFICATION AS HARDSHIP GAS WELL

| Operator | Kaiser-Francis Oil Company | Contact | Party M. | U. | Moore |
|-----------|--|-----------------|-------------|-------|--------------|
| Address | P. O. Box 21468, Tulsa, Ok. 74121- | 1468 | Phone | No. | 918/494-0000 |
| Lease | Pure Gold Well No. 1 UT | <u>"A"</u> Sec. | 21 TWP | 235 | RGE 31E |
| Pool Name | Sand Dunes Nest (Morrow) | Minimum H | Rate Reque: | sted | 350 MCFD |
| Transport | ter Name El Paso Ng. Company | Purchase | er (if dif: | ferer | nt) (Same) |
| Are you s | seeking emergency "hardship" classific | ation for | this well? | | X yes no |

Applicant must provide the following information to support his contention that the subject well qualifies as a hardship gas well.

- Provide a statement of the problem that leads the applicant to believe that "underground waste" will occur if the subject well is shut-in or is curtailed below its ability to produce. (The definition of underground waste is shown on the reverse side of this form)
- Document that you as applicant have done all you reasonably and economically can do to eliminate or prevent the problem(s) leading to this application.
 - Well history. Explain fully all attempts made to rectify the problem. If no attempts have been made, explain reasons for failure to do so.
 - b) Mechanical condition of the well(provide wellbore sketch). Explain fully mechanical attempts to rectify the problem, including but not limited to:
 - i) the use of "smallbore" tubing; ii) other de-watering devices, such as plunger lift, rod pumping units, etc.
- 3) Present historical data which demonstrates conditions that can lead to waste. Such data should include:
 - a) Permanent loss of productivity after shut-in periods (i.e., formation damage).
 - b) Frequency of swabbing required after the well is shut-in or curtailed.
 - c) Length of time swabbing is required to return well to production after being shut-in.
 - d) Actual cost figures showing inability to continue operations without special relief
- 4) If failure to obtain a hardship gas well classification would result in premature abandonment, calculate the quantity of gas reserves which would be lost
- 5) Show the minimum sustainable producing rate of the subject well. This rate can be determined by:
 - a) Minimum flow or "log off" test; and/or
 - b) Documentation of well production history (producing rates and pressures, as well as gas/water ratio, both before and after shut-in periods due to the well dying, and other appropriate production data).
- 6) Attach a plat and/or map showing the proration unit dedicated to the well and the ownership of all offsetting acreage.
- 7) Submit any other appropriate data which will support the need for a hardship classification.
- If the well is in 'a prorated pool, please show its current under- or over-produced status.
- 9) Attach a signed statement certifying that all information submitted with this application is true and correct to the best of your knowledge; that one copy of the application has been submitted to the appropriate Division district office (give the name) and that notice of the application has been given to the transporter/purchaser and all offset operators.

| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | "Gou"." | • U S | KAIS | ER-FRANCIS OI | <u>L CO</u> |
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EXHIBIT NO. 4 PAGE 1 of 2

| | | | , Kaiser-Francis | OIL COMPANY | | |
|------|-----------------|----------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | PURE GOLD " SEC 21-23 EDDY COUNTY, | A" NO, I S-31E NEW MEXICO | | |
| | | | PRODUCTION DA | ATA | | |
| YEAR | HINOM | MCF | FTP (PSI) | SHUT-IN DAYS | , SWABBING COSTS \$ | WATER PRODUCED |
| 1981 | | 369,584 | | | | |
| 1982 | January | 33,421 | 975 | ı | ۱ م | I |
| | February | 29, 372 | 925 | ۱ | ı | l |
| | March | 31,765 | 875 | ı | ı | 1 |
| | April | 29,596 | 860 | ł | ı | I |
| | May | 28,680 | 860 | 2 | 1 | ł |
| | June | 16,959 | 1,000 | 10 | ł | ł |
| | July | 20,607 | 1,000 | 8 | ł | ł |
| | August | 22,862 | 875 | c. | ł | I |
| | September | 23,811 | 925 | ı | I | I |
| | October | 23,217 | 850 | ł | ١ | ł |
| | November | 20,189 | 850 | I | ł | I |
| | December | 14,489 | 950 | 12 | ł | ł |
| | Total | 294,968 | | | | |
| 1983 | January | 8,990 | 950 | 23 | I | ſ |
| | February | 14,438 | 950 | - | 1 | 150 |
| | March | 19,281 | 950 | I | ł | • |
| | April | 19,532 | 1,000 | I | I | 150 |
| | May | 20,374 | 800 | 1 | L | 006 |
| | June | 10,444 | 700 | 15 | I | 150 |
| | July | 10,260 | 700 | 14 | 3,651 | 061 |
| | August | 20,002 | 200 | 1 | ł | 150 |
| | September | 19,388 | 800 | ł | ı | 061 |
| | October | 18,738 - | 750 | 1 | ı | 150 |
| | November | 15,275 | 750 | ı | 1 | |
| | December | 17,731 | 750 | ı | | 140 |
| | Total | 194,453 | | | 5 3,651 | |

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EXHIBIT NO. 4 Page 2 of 2

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| AR | HTNOM | MCF | FTP (PSI) | SHUT-IN DAYS | SWABBING COSTS \$ | WATER PRODUCED |
|----|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | January February Menot | 8,872 11,084 | 800 750 750 | 6 4 | 1,528 | 100 |
| | marcn April May | 10,722 14,962 10,722 | 710 750 | | 2,150 | 287 420 150 |
| | June July | 4,730 70 | 750 725 201 | 18 30 | 2,829 1,320 | 100 |
| | August September | 3, 305 (E) 1,542 (E) | CZ/ | 21 | 3,000(E) 5,200(E) | NA NA |
| | TOTAL | 71,920 | | | \$16,027 | |
| - | rotal | 930,925 | | | 19,678 | |

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NOTE:

- (1) (E) estimated from guage reports(2) September data through 9-16-84

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KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY

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PURE GOLD "A" FEDERAL NO. 1 SAND DUNES WEST (MORROW) SEC. 21-23S-31E EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

MONTHLY AVERAGE DELIVERABILITY

| YEAR | MONTH | DAYS PRODUCED | AVERAGE <u>DELIVERABILITY (MCFD)</u> | FTP (PSI) |
|------|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1983 | August - Decemb er | 153 | 596 | 750 |
| 1984 | January | 22 | 403 | 800 |
| | February | 25 | 443 | 750 |
| | March | 31 | 535 | 750 |
| | April | 30 | 498 | 710 |
| | May | 24 | 446 | 750 |
| | June | 12 | 394 | 750 |
| | July | 1 | 70 | 725 |
| | August | 10 | 337 | 725 |
| | September | 5 | 308 | 700 |

KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY

PURE GOLD "A" FEDERAL NO. 1 SAND DUNES WEST (MORROW) SEC 21-23S-31E EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

DAILY WELL HISTORY

MAY, 1984

| DAY | MCF | FTP (Psi) | REMARKS | |
|-----|-------------|-----------|---|--------|
| 1 | 462 | 750 | | |
| 2 | 388 | 750 | | |
| 3 | 264 | 750 | | |
| 4 | 258 | 750 | | |
| 5 | 192 | 750 | Well died | |
| 6 | () | | | |
| 7 | 0 | | | |
| 8 · | 0 | | Swabbing | |
| 9 | 0 | | Swabbing | |
| 10 | 198 | 660 | Swabbing-well started flowing | ** |
| 11 | 434 | 750 | | |
| 12 | 462 | 750 | | |
| 13 | 0 | | Highline pressure surge killed well, blew water | to pit |
| 14 | 52 7 | 750 | | |
| 15 | 523 | 750 | | |
| 16 | 511 | 750 | | |
| 17 | 426 | 750 | | |
| 18 | 365 | 750 | | |
| 19 | 638 | 750 | | |
| 20 | 465 | 750 | · | |
| 21 | 479 | 750 | ~ · · · · · · · · | |
| 22 | 467 | 750 | | |
| 23 | 379 | 750 | | |
| 24 | 358 | 750 | | |
| 25 | 0 | | Highline pressure surge killed well, blew water | to pit |
| 26 | 252 | 750 | | |
| 27 | 672 | 750 | | |
| 28 | 554 | 750 | | |
| 29 | 479 | 750 | | |
| 30 | 383 | 750 | | |
| 31 | 362 | 750 | | |

Note: Gas rates are from uncorrected guage report

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KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY

PURE GOLD "A" FEDERAL NO. 1 SAND DUNES WEST (MORROW) Sec. 21-23S-31E EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

DAILY WELL HISTORY

JUNE, 1984

| DAY | MCF | FTP (Psi) | REMARKS |
|------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | 306 | 750 | |
| 2 | 252 | 750 | |
| 3 | 132 | 750 | |
| 4 | 132 | 750 | High line pressure killed well |
| 5 | 0 | | Well SI at pipeline request |
| 6 | 0 | | |
| 7 | 0 | | |
| 8 | 0 | | |
| 9 | 0 | | |
| 10 | 0 | | |
| 11 | 0 | | |
| 12 | 0 | | Swabbing |
| 13 | 0 | | Swabbing |
| 14 | U | | Unloading water to pit |
| 15 | 0 | | Unloading water to pit |
| 16 | 0 | 750 | Unloading water to pit |
| 17 | 362 | 750 | |
| 18 | 340 | /50 | |
| 19 | 308 | 750 | |
| 20 | 308 | 750 | |
| 21 | 304 | 750 | |
| 22 | 245 | 750 | |
| 23 | 224 | 750 | Voll looding up - blow water to git |
| 24 | 461 | 750 | werr roading up - brew water to pit |
| 25 | 401 | 750 | |
| 20 | 441 | | Hell ST at pipeline request |
| <u>∠</u> / 28 | 0 | | werr or at biberrue reduest |
| 20 | 0 | | |
| 27 | 0 | | |
| 20 | 0 | | |

Note: Gas rates are from uncorrected guage report



