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NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

 COMMISSION	HEARING	: [
SANTA FE	, N	EW MEXICO

Hearing Date___

FEBRUARY 18, 1988 Time: 9:00 A.M.

NAME	REPRESENTING	LOCATION
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CTOR T. LYON	6CD	SANTA FE
Jim Knauf	Sek	Artesia, N.
Bill Duncar	Exxon	Midland, T)
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OLLIER	AMOCO	HOUSTON

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COMMISSION	SANTA			
	SANTA	F.E.	NEW	MEXI CO

Hearing Date FEBRUARY 18, 1988 Time: 9:00 A.M.

NAME	REPRESENTING	LOCATION
H. RENE MOULINET	UNOCAL	MIDLAND, TX.
R, Hulm	Byram	South 21
Scotl fall	Campbell Fack	SF
JUN WAID	Talisman Energy Corp	Hanston, To
John Dean PARIS	Mesa Ltd. Partnership	Amarillo, Tex.
Mall Mager Trains	SUN EEP	Midland, TX
Alan BEERS	Sun	Midland
Pon Galbrenth Charles A Caughey	Western As-Minerals	Carlsball, Nh
Charles A Caughey	Louisiana land atxpl Co.	Houston
CHARLES SNOW	NEW MEXICO, 8 MSH CORP	HOBBS
R.H. LANE John Purcell	IMC	Carlsbud
Armando Lopes	BLM	Roswall
Ray & Asker	Life of the second	Souta 7 a
Dean Physick	BLM	Koswell
Charles C. High, In.	Potash Industry	El Paro
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Joe Lara	RLAI	Roswell
PAUL F NIELSEN	LIVISIANA LAND AND EXPLORE CO	HOUSTON, TA
REX BOURLAND	TENNECO OIL COMPANY	SAN ANTONIOTY

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	STATE OF NEW	MEXICO	
1	ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING		
2	SANTA FE, NE		
3	18 Februar	y 1988	
4	COMMISSION	HEARING	
5			
6	IN THE MATTER OF:		
7	The hearing called by t	he Oil Conser- CASE	
8	vation Division on its reconsider the agreemen	own motion to 9316	
9	the Potash-Oil and Gas on November 23, 1987, t	Study Committee	
10	and recodify Order No. amended.		
11			
12			
13	BEFORE: William J. LeMay, Chair Erling Brostuen, Commis		
14	William R. Humphries, C		
15			
16	TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING		
17			
18	APPEARA	NCES	
19	For the Division: No	attorney appearing.	
20			
21		Thomas Kellahin orney at Law	
22	KEL	LAHIN, KELLAHIN & AUBREY O. Box 2265	
23		ta Fe, New Mexico 87504	
24		tt Hall orney at Law	
25	CAM P.	PBELL & BLACK P. A. O. Box 2208 ta Fe, New Mexico 87501	

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MR. LEMAY: Case Number 9316 is

3 herein called.

In the matter of the hearing called by the Oil Conservation Division on it own motion to consider the agreement reached by the Potash-Oil and Gas Study Committee on November 23, 1987, to revise, amend, and codify Order Number R-111, as amended, to consider the following:

Changing the area covered by the order to coincide with the known potash leasing area (KPLA) as determined by the Bureau of Land Management.

Two, expanding and contracting
said area by the pool nomenclature procedure rather than by
further amendements to Order No. R-111.

Three, changing casing, cementing requirements of Order No. R-111-A.

Four, adopting directonal drilling procedures.

Five, revising notice requirements for proposed drilling wells.

Six, revising notice requirements of mining operations and proposed mining operations.

24 And Seven, adopting and includ-25 ing any other provisions which may be advisable.

25

The aforementioned KPLA 1 sists presently of all or parts of Township 18 South, 2 Range 30 East; Township 19 South, Range 29, 34 East. 3 Let the record show that as advertised we'll include other locations in this case. 5 We are looking for closure of 6 this potash agreement, the Study Committee, we are looking 7 at that agreement and how it would affect operations in the area and used as guidelines, used as points of agreement, used as whatever testimony and statements might convince the 10 Commission to use it as. 11 We are not in any form or 12 fashion looking to take away any jurisdiction by any federal 13 or state agency. They are by statute required to conduct 14 their own appraisals of the potash and oil reserves and 15 Commission cannot take away that -- or doesn't want to take 16 away that jurisdiction. 17 18 In the matter of Case 9316 I'll now call for appearances. 19 20 Mr. Lyon. MR. LYON: Mr. Chairman, Victor 21 Chief Engineer for the Oil Conservation Division and 22 Chairman of the Oil-Potash Study Committee. 23

MR. LEMAY: Thank you.

MR. LYON: I'd like to present

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   High.
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                                Additional appearances in the
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   case?
                                After
                                        -- after testimony we
   will be taking statements and that does not involve having
5
   to be represented by legal counsel. We were asked that
   question.
7
                                At this point can I ask all the
8
   witnesses that will be giving testimony to stand and raise
   your right hands?
10
11
                         (Witnesses sworn.)
12
13
14
                                You may be seated.
                                                      We
                                                          shall
   begin with Mr. Lyon.
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16
                                MR.
                                     LYON:
                                             If the Commission
17
   please, my name is Victor T. Lyon. I'm Chief Engineer for
   the Oil Conservation Division in Santa Fe. I have appeared
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19
   before you previously and had my credentials accepted as an
   expert witness.
20
21
                                MR.
                                       LEMAY:
                                                  Mr.
                                                         Lyon's
22
   qualifications are acceptable. If you will,
                                                  because we do
23
   lack counsel.
                    The Governor had pressing matters with --
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you're all familiar with the Legislative session we

that's going to adjourn at noon, so we'll have a lawyer that

will be joining us late; however, we can certainly request
the testimony. Mr. Lyon has been sworn in and we will ask
him to explain in his own words what happened during the -the period of time, the year and a half that the Oil-Potash
Committee was in existance, the sub-committee was formed,
and what is recommended by the Division for the Commission
to consider.

So with that, Mr. Lyon, if you

will proceed.

MR. LYON: Thank you, Mr.

11 Chairman.

Shortly after I came aboard the Commission March 3rd of 1986, the Director gave me several tasks, one of which was a review of Order R-111 to see whether it needed to be updated because the order is thirty years plus old. There have been many developments, improvements in techniques and technology in the oil and gas industry and for other reasons he thought that it might be appropriate to consider updating the order.

The effort was initiated and I will -- I will be testifying from Exhibit One.

Exhibit One is essentially a copy of my file on the committee activities and I have numbered the pages. Each item is -- is given a letter suffix and then there is a fraction following that if there's more

this sort of thing.

The first page is the call dated March 21st, 1986, for people to volunteer to serve on a committee to review Order R-111, and the second item is a

notice to those who volunteered to serve on the committee to

than one page and I show it page 1 of 3, page 2 of 3,

come to Santa Fe for the initial meeting on May 29th.

Page 3 and 4 of that particular mailing contains the mailing list that was used and the list comprises those who volunteered to serve on this committee, and I might point out that there was nobody excluded. Anybody who wanted to serve on that committee was welcomed.

Also attached to the original mailing, I don't think it's on that exhibit, was a copy of Order R-111-A, which was the order that the committee was going to be considering.

The next item is the agenda that was prepared for that initial meeting and at that meeting the Director came in and greeted the -- the committee, gave them some suggestions on what he would like the committee to do and what they should consider and this sort of thing, and then when we got into the functions of the committee we -- we had some last minute additions to the committee. I think that there was a perception that we might decide some of these things by a majority vote and I

instructed the committee that we were not going to make any decisions by a majority vote. We were going to make decisions consensus or we would not make any changes in R-111 at all, and I also set out a program which I think is about the only thing I can really take credit for in this -- in this activity.

As you probably know, where has been a great deal of misunderstanding and distrust, dissatisfaction with R-111 between the two industries and the potash people did not want anybody drilling in the potash area, period, and the oil industry felt that they should be able to drill anywhere that was reasonable with no more restrictions than what they considered to be reasonable and the parties were far from any agreement and I told them that we would not consider any changes to Order R-111 until we had educated each other in the other's industry to the point that we could discuss these things with the knowledge and with some understanding of the other person's side.

And so the first meeting we decided how we were going to go about that and we appointed a chariman for each industry. For the potash Walt Thayer was the chairman and for the oil and gas John Wade was the chairman, and we broke up that — that meeting with an understanding that each committee would prepare a training program to train the other industry on how we conducted our

business, why, and the concerns that we had about the other's operations in the same area.

It took three letters to get the next meeting together. We finally did meet on September 25th and the call was in Exhibit 1-D and that exhibit contains an outline of the presentations of each industry in educating all of us in how they operate.

The next step that we undertook was a field trip where the committee members who -- who could went to Carlsbad. We took a field trip, field trip through IMC's mines and through their refining plant, and then that afternoon we went out to a drilling rig which was in operation and toured the drilling rig and let everybody look at it and ask all the questions they wanted. The same thing in the mining operation. Everybody was completely accessible to answer questions and the flow of information was -- was very free and easy.

The next morning we went through Lundberg's mine and the two mines were -- are very different. In the IMC mine they do their mining with explosives and they haul their equipment and people around in -- in mining cart, diesel-operated, diesel-powered mining carts.

In the Lundberg mine they use mining machines and the transportation has been through

I trolley car systems.

Also in the Lundberg mine we stopped and observed some oil seeps that they had encountered and we had some discussions about that.

Following that trip we went to -- to Roswell and toured the facility at the Eastern New Mexico Oil Technology Center. I'm not sure that's the right name but anyhow, that school in Roswell where they're training technicians for the oil industry.

We saw all kinds of equipment that the oil industry uses, including some drilling rigs, pulling units, valves, all types of downhole equipment. It was a very educational tour. That trip took place November 13th and 14th, and it had turned cold that day, and I'll tell you, it was cold down in those mines.

Before we could get together again there was an election. There was considerable change in personnel and that sort of thing, and it took us a little while to go to the next step.

But the next meeting was held on March 19th and at that meeting I asked the committee what else we needed to do for us to better understand the other's industry and the other's problems, and so forth, and they seemed to be in complete agreement that we had done all of that that we needed to and it was time that we started look-

ing at the rules. In order to -- to have a group which was a little bit more manageable, we had about 32 members on our committee, and it was decided that we should pare the group down to a workable size, and so we had 3 representatives and an alternate from each industry to form what we called a work committee.

The first meeting of the work committee was held in El Paso in Charlie High's office and we set the dates of April 30th and May 1st and you -- the notice of the meeting was also sent to Commissioner Brostuen and to Jim Olsen with the BLM and to Les Clements with the OCD office in Artesia.

We held our meeting there and the potash people had prepared a proposal and the oil and gas people were not quite that well prepared.

We discussed the potash proposal and then adjourned so that the oil and gas people could prepare (unclear).

The next meeting of the committee was July 23rd and 24th and the potash people had developed a proposal which was accepted -- well, not accepted, it was accepted for discussion purposes, reviewed in detail and we felt that there were a number of things that needed to be checked over and also the oil and gas group felt that they needed to go back to those people in the industry who were

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not represented on the work committee to get -- inform them
of what was being discussed and get their input so that they
could, if possible, get a consensus in the industry.

Then we had our final meeting on November 23rd, I believe it was, November 23rd, and at that meeting there was a new draft of the agreement prepared by the potash people. We made some amendments there while the meeting was in progress and at the end of the meeting we came up with an agreement which was signed by all of the industry representatives that were present.

were Chairman LeMay, Commissioner Brostuen, Fran Cherry from the BLM. Those two agencies, the OCD and the BLM were represented at all of the work committee meetings and it was very helpful because we had the people there who will be approving or disapproving the APD and getting their input as to what the parameters were that they will be using in making those decisions.

We really began to make some progress on this thing. If you -- I'm sure you can imagine that the oil and gas industry was reluctant to accept the stand-off from the commercial potash (unclear) and this was a very serious bone of contention until Mr. Cherry stated that he would not let the oil and gas people drill any closer than what the potash people were proposing, and since

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bound by it.

I really don't think that anybody is bound by

it but it represents a report back to the OCD of an agree-

I don't feel that the OCD

If there's anybody who has any

dressed by this committee, I can assure you that everything

concern that their particular, certain concerns were not ad-

BLM controls about 90 percent of the acreage in

it looked like it really wasn't worth arguing that point.

that you can think of was discussed. It was brought up; it

was hashed over. This was not a passive committee.

into the nitty gritty of this thing and I think that

agreement that came out was a true representation of -- rep-

resentative of two industries who have felt they have

as far as they can go protecting their interest.

the meeting we Now, at

plained that we, as the OCD, and the BLM, did not feel that

they could bind themselves or be bound by an agreement; that

we could not delegate our discretion about these matters,

but we felt that it was a representation of the -- an agree-

ment that people could live with and I have explained to

people when they asked me as to who is bound by this,

tell them there isn't anybody that's bound by it. think

even the people who -- who signed it did not feel that they

were binding their individual company. Certainly nobody who

signed it could possibly be bound by that agreement.

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ment in this committee as to what they agreed to was a reasonable approach to the potash/oil conflict.

Exhibit Number Two is a copy of that agreement. It was -- and incidentally, there was a notice sent out in December advising that there had been an agreement reached, advising that we would be having a hearing, and attaching that agreement to the memorandum.

Exhibit Three is a map of potash area. One of the things that we agreed to do in this committee was to eliminate the confusion between R-111 area and the known potash leasing area. There are some places where those boundaries criss-cross and I know there have been several instances where wells were approved because they thought it was outside the R-111 area and when they got to checking a little closer it was inside, and vice versa. It's a confusing situation and we were of the consensus that the order should be the same and it was my understanding that the BLM would attempt to get the secretarial order reduced to the same area so that there would be one potash area that applies in all cases.

I have put a copy of Exhibit Three over here on the chalkboard. The white areas within the heavy outline, heavy line outline, are areas that are common both to R-111-A in its present form and the known potash leasing area.

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The area which is shaded is the in the known potash leasing area outside of Order 111.

The red coloration is -- represents areas that are in R-111 but are outside the known potash leasing area.

And then the cross hatched area on the outside is the area within the secretarial potash order but outside of the known potash leasing area or Order R-111.

So you can see on the map how much we are expanding the R-111 area and the red areas indicate the amount that it will be contracted.

We also propose rather than to issue an amendment to Order R-111 as each expansion or contraction takes place, that we would do this in our normal pool nomenclature hearings so that there will be a hearing about it but we're about to run out of letters in the alphabet and I see no need to -- to continue to issue amendment in order to expand in the area.

Exhibit Four is the proposed revision of Order R-111-A. After I had received the agreement or perhaps we should couch it as the report of the work committee, I sat down to see what changes we needed to make in R-111 in order to accommodate to the degree that we need

to the agreement of the work committee and I have prepared this as they do the Legislative bills. The language that is being deleted is in brackets with a line drawn through the wording, and the added language is underlined.

A good many of the changes are where we just changed the word "commission" to "division" in conformance with the present organization.

In Section -- no. In the heading there, right after "it is ordered that", Order R-111-A said that it was to govern the exploration of oil and gas in certain areas and I felt that -- that as it has been applied over the years, it certainly went beyond exploratory wells and included all development wells, and therefor, I added the words "and development".

The order has been inconsistent in that some areas it calls the potash oil area and other areas it just called it the potash area.

So in order to make it consistent I just eliminated the word "oil" where it was used.

I added a statement in Paragraph II (1) to the effect that the new area is coterminous with the known potash leasing area.

The next paragraph implements the change of expansion and contraction through the regular nomenclature hearings.

I've added a sentence, this is on page 6, -- oh, there was another inconsistency in R-111-A where in the definition of deep and shallow zones. The R-111-A first in those definitions referred to the Delaware sand. I've done a little work in the Delaware Basin and Delaware sand is not a very definitive term and so I just changed that to Delaware Mountain Group so it would be consistent.

I guess I skipped page 3. We —— I did not adopt the entire language of the agreement because I feel that the Division, and I'm sure the BLM feels the same way, needs to retain its discretion about such matters, but the added language says "The Division's District Supervisor may waive the requirements of Section IV(3)", that's the salt protection strings, "upon satisfactory showing, with concurrence of the BLM, that a location is outside the LMR and surrounding buffer zone and that no potash resources will be endangered."

We also added Paragraph (5) there, which is in conformance with the agreement that "all encounters with flammable gas, including hydrogen sulfide, during drilling operations shall be reported immediately to the appropriate OCD District office followed by a written report of same." And that is very little different than our general rules require.

The agreement stated that wells could be deviated from the vertical after completely penetrating Marker Bed No. 126, and this is my -- my own implementation of that in that I am concerned that in a deviated hole there's a tendency of casing to lie -- lay against the down side of the -- of the hole, and I think this is a very important string of pipe and in order to assure that we get a good cement job, I have written in here that each joint of casing in the deviated portion of the hole will be centralized.

On page 9 I added a paragraph in there, and I'd like to explain that a little bit.

One of the things that the potash industry is greatly concerned about is the occurrence of methane in their mine and there's a very good reason for this concern. Should there be as much as a quarter of one percent of methane found in the mines, the mine will be classified as gassy and a very large part of their equipment must be changed out at a very large expense, and it would have the effect of shutting down mining operations.

Of course, we have -- we have put the salt protection string in there. We have required cement to be brought to the surface and it occurred to me that the only time, really, that that potash may be in jeopardy is if before the intermediate or production string is

run should they run into a blowout situation, enclosed blow out (unclear) and pressure in excess of the burst rating of the casing, then there — that is the only possibility that I can foresee where gas could be got into that section, and so I drafted this paragraph, which reads, "Before drilling the plug the casing outlet shall be equipped with rupture disc or other automatic pressure relief device set at 80 percent of rated burst pressure of new casing or 60 percent of rated burst pressure of used casing, together with piping to divert any flow a safe distance from the rig. Such device shall remain installed so long as drilling activities continue in the well until intermediate or production casing is cemented to surface."

Paragraph (4) I just rearranged the words a little bit. When I tried to go through there and cross out, underline, and so forth, it just became unmanageable so I just struck out the old sentence and put in the revised sentence. It really says the same thing.

On page 13, in conformance with the agreement of the work committee, we inserted a new Paragraph (1) that states as follows: "Within ninety days following the effective date of this order, and on January 31st of each year thereafter each potash lessee shall file with the District Manager of the BLM a designation of the potash deposits on his lease which he considers to be life of mine

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reserves as described in the agreement of the Potah-Oil and Gas Work Committee dated November 23rd, 1987, attached hereto as Exhibit B. Upon verification of the selection of LMR lands by the BLM such lands shall be committed to a map which together with appropriate buffer zones shall constitute lands on which drilling applications will not be approved, except as provided in (3) below."

I'm not sure that that's -- I think that should probably be (4). Paragraph (4), which is added -- well, actually, it's to replace the one that's crossed out above, I believe, "Drilling applications on federal lands will be processed for approval by BLM. Applications on state or patented lands will be processed by the Division and in the case of state lands in collaboration with the Commissioner of Public Lands. The Division will first ascertain from the BLM that the location is not within the LMR area. Any application to drill in the LMR area, including buffer zones, may be approved only after notice and hearing, or by mutual consent of lessor and lessees of both potash and oil and gas interests. Applications to drill outside the LMR and associated buffer zones will proved as indicated in the guidelines established in Exhibit B."

We have struck the requirement that the potash companies file each year a 5-year projection

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1 of their mining plans. As they have explained to us, plan could very well be obsolete the day after they file it and therefor limited meaning.

believe that the filing the LMR's and they are still required to file plats each year showing where they have actually mined, and those plats are on file with the Division and are available for public inspection.

The 5-year mining plans were -were held confidential.

And as indicated on here, -- we will attach as Exhibit A to the order, at least is our proposal, the description furnished by the BLM of the areas comprising the known potash leasing area, and that description is Exhibit Five.

Now, a number of people have indicated to me that they feel that the oil and gas industry is giving up too much in this agreement, but every well that proposed to be drilled in the blue area on -- on the BLM's map met with opposition from a potash operator, and it seemed to me that the arbitration meetings were of no value. I have not seen an agreement come out of any of those arbitration meetings except where the applicant wanted to be assured that his lease was going to be extended because of the interference with the potash, and he really didn't want to

drill that well that much, anyway. And the others have resulted in agreement to disagree and go to hearing; either that or to drop the drilling plan.

I feel that the oil and gas industry was getting nowhere with -- with wells and that the agreement and the changes in Order R-111 will allow some wells to be drilled that otherwise would not be drilled, and I think that the procedure for filing an application is clarified. I think we've eliminated confusion as to where the special casing rules need to be used and where they don't. It seems to me that it is just a clearer order than -- than what we had.

That's all I have.

MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr.

5 Lyon.

Questions of the witness. Mr.

17 Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr.

19 Chairman.

QUESTIONS BY MR. KELLAHIN:

Q Mr. Lyon, when you refer to the BLM potash area were you referring to the area defined on the Secretary of Interior map from October of '84 that outlines the potash enclave?

He sends

out the appropriate notices to the potash operators within a

25

mile of his well location and there is a timely objection by the potash operator. That matter then is sent to arbitration and if arbitration is unsuccessful, it goes to the hearing. Is that not correct?

A That is correct.

Q And that hearing process is triggered without regard to whether or not the Secretary of Interior map shows that the area part the oil and gas operator seeks to penetrate is barren or not.

A That's true.

Q It becomes an issue at the hearing, and that's true of any APD proposed within the current R-111 area. If you want to drill in that area and there's an objection, you've got to go to hearing.

A Yes, sir.

Q If the proposed revision to the rules are adopted by the Commission will there not be greater flexibility for the operator of the oil and gas well to obtain a location within the R-111 area without a hearing?

A Yes, I think it's substantially improved.

 $\,$ Q $\,$ And that is triggered based upon the incorporation into the R-111 orders of the concept of life $\,$ of the mine reserves.

A Correct.

Q Would you define what that means?

```
Life of mine reserves?
1
            Α
                      Yes, sir, as it's used in the proposed
2
            Q
3
   order.
                      Well, of course, it refers to the -- to
            Α
   the agreement of the work committee.
                                            The agreement states
5
   it
      is
           the intention of the parties that certain areas of
   potash deposits, called life of mine reserves, or LMR's, be
7
   permanently protected from oil and gas drilling activities.
                       In a general sense don't those -- doesn't
   that define, Mr. Lyon, what the potash industry believes to
10
   be those commercial deposits of reserves that are reasonably
11
   recoverable using current economics?
12
                       Yes, sir, it is, and I might state fur-
13
14
    ther that -- that at our work committee meetings the potash
   companies displayed the portion of -- percentage of the blue
15
16
   area which is shown on -- incidentally, there are some maps,
17
   copies of this small map down here on the table if anybody
18
   wants one.
19
                                 MR.
                                      KELLAHIN:
                                                  Ιf
                                                      you don't
20
    mind, Mr. Chairman, perhaps we could mark this as Exhibit --
21
    what's your last exhibit, Four?
22
                       Five.
             Α
23
                                 MR.
                                       KELLAHIN:
                                                    Five?
                                                             This
24
    should be Five?
25
                             This would be Six.
             Α
                       Six.
```

```
8
            Α
   colored display, what does that depict?
10
            Α
11
   rently under mining operations.
12
13
            Q
14
   the mine reserves?
15
16
            Α
17
18
19
20
   that have been abandoned?
21
23
24
   drift.
            That may not be the proper term, but anyhow, they
25
   leave large pillars of potash between the mined areas
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

noted.

0

MR. KELLAHIN: May we mark this as Exhibit Six, Mr. Chairman? MR. LEMAY: You may. It is so To aid us in our discussion, Mr. Lyon, the work study placed significance to the different colors that are coded on this display, did they not? Yes. When we look at the yellow area on this The yellow area is areas that are Under the work study proposal, then, the yellow area was an area that is thought to include life of I'm sorry. Yes, sir. I'm trying to identify what the work study committee did with the yellow area. That is identified as working mine operations or mine operations No, the yellow is -- is the first areas where in the mining of potash the first mining they -they -- they dig fairly wide drifts and then they cross-

```
those pillars plus the roof bolts and so forth hold the
1
   overburden up, but when they get to the secondary mining
2
   they mine out those pillars and then the overburden will
   cause the --
                       For our discussion, the yellow area,
5
            0
   then, represents potash reserves that are near and dear
7
   the potash industry.
8
            Α
                      That's right. That's where their current
9
   workings are.
                      And that represents --
            0
10
                      Before they've pulled out the pillars.
11
            Α
                            represents part of the area
            0
12
   would be included in the life of the mine definition,
                                                            life
13
   of the mine reserve definition.
14
15
            Α
                      Right.
                       All right.
                                   When we look at the orange
16
17
   area on the display, what does that depict?
18
                      The orange area are secondary mined areas
            Α
19
   which have been abandoned for mining and are in the process
20
   of collapsing.
21
                       And is it your understanding that
22
   orange area would also represent part of the area that's in-
23
   cluded within the life of the mine reserve definition?
24
            Α
                      Yes.
25
                       Conversely, within the current boundary
            0
```

```
of the R-111 area, there are areas that are depicted in red,
١
   are there not?
3
            Α
                       Yes.
                       And what do those represent?
            Q
5
                       Those areas are indicated to be barren.
6
            0
                       And under this agreement, then, if the
   Commission adopts the proposed rule change,
                                                   that -- that
        is not under the definition of life of the mine reser-
   ves.
            Α
                       That's right.
10
                       And therefor, without notice and hearing
11
            0
   becomes available to the oil and gas opertors for the dril-
12
   ling of a well.
13
                       Right.
            Α
14
                       When we look at the gray area, there are
15
   gray areas both within and without the current R-111 area,
16
   are there not?
17
18
            Α
                       I'm sorry, say that again.
19
            0
                       Yes, sir.
                                    I'm looking at the gray area
20
   on the colored photo.
21
            Α
                       Yes.
22
                        I find gray area both within the current
   R-111 area and also outside that area.
23
24
            Α
                      Yes, that's true.
25
            Q
                       When the areas expanded become terminus
```

with the Secretary area of the potash reserve, that gray area, however, will be an area that is not included in life of the mine reserve definition.

A As of now, no.

Q Therefor, the gray area, which constitute an area in which an oil and gas operator could drill through the potash area and not have to have a hearing to do so.

A I think that's true.

Q Now, for the blue area there is some additional work to be done, is that not true?

A Well, the representations made by the potash people were that there are areas in the blue that they do not consider to be life of mine reserves and therefor would be available for oil and gas drilling.

And part of the concept, at least if it's fully incorporated by both the BLM and the OCD, will be that the potash operators will on a confidential bases share that information with the BLM to more accurately define and delineate the life of the mine reserves to be contained.

A Yes.

Q Based upon that, then, the OCD can process applications for permits to drill and determine whether or not they're encroaching upon life of the mine reserves.

A Right. The BLM is going of be the -- the point at which we can make a determination of whether a lo-

cation is drillable or not and I probably should explain that the potash people consider these determinations to be confidential and they are reluctant to release those to anybody besides the BLM and the BLM also has the data on which those determinations are made, namely the core information which has been taken, and they can verify the determination made by the potash people.

Q Finally, on display Six, when we look at the green area which is depicted as having inferred potash reserves --

A Yes.

Q -- under the proposal the green area would be excluded from the definition of the area that's included within life of the mine reserves, is that not true?

I'm not clear on that without -- I believe according to the agreement here, it's indicated that the green would probably be permitted but I think, and the people from BLM are here, they can correct me if this is not correct, but I understand that that green coloration indicates that there is not enough data available to make a good determination as to the quality of potash reserves in there, and it's likely that some of that may be recolored blue when they get additional core information. Or it could be red.

Q On page 13 of the -- I'm sorry, page 15 of the proposed R-111-P, Mr. Lyon, if you'd refer to para-

graph immediately above Roman numeral VIII.

A Page 13?

A I'm sorry, it's 15.

A 15? Yeah, okay.

Dy the Commission and if we're looking at those areas that are now delineated as life of the mine reserve areas, under the proposed rule change, then an oil and gas operator could still drill those areas if he's able after notice and hearing to persuade the Oil Commission to enter an order granting that drilling?

A Yes. I think that this is -- this is one of the things that we felt a little bit differently than the work committee. I feel that we need to retain our discretion about those things.

Q You've incorporated into the proposed order the November 23rd statement fo the industry work study committee, which utilizes the idea of a buffer zone around the life of the mine reserves? That is intended to be incorporated into the order by reference, is it not, Mr. Lyon?

A Yes. Yes, it is. The agreement states that a buffer zone of a quarter mile or the depth of the ore plus 10 percent would be -- comprise the buffer zone for the shallow wells; it's wider for the deep wells. But this is based on their concern that at such time as they do secon-

dary mining in there and they mine out the pillars and bring about the subsidence, that the impact of that subsidence takes — the angle of repose, you might say, is approximately 45 degrees and, consequently, the — you would have a projection at a 45 degree angle from the area where the subsidence takes place, and there is concern that — that casing for wells in there would be highly susceptible to damage, perhaps even shearing, if the well were operating there in an area of subsidence.

Q Mr. Lyon, are you familiar with the fact that the Oil Conservation Commission divisions -- Commission and Division's records are replete with disputes between the Oil Conservation -- the oil industry and the potash industry over the issue of subsidence and how far away a wellbore must be from -- from potash reserves?

A Yes, I'm aware of that.

Q Do you have any doubt in your mind as a professional engineer that it's fair and reasonable to have an area of buffer between life of the mine reserves and oil and gas drilling?

A I think it's entirely reasonable, yes.

Q We talk about examples of how we might implement drilling within the R-111 area, if modified. If you're within a quarter mile of the life of the mine reserves within the first buffer area you cannot do so, then,

```
without notice and a hearing to justify the drilling of that
2
   well?
3
                      Well, that -- that's probably true unless
            Α
4
   the parties can -- can come to an agreement.
5
                      There is a way to drill that with agree-
            Q
6
   ment --
7
            Α
                      Yes.
8
                      -- or a decision after a hearing.
            0
            Α
                      Right.
10
                        If you are greater than a quarter of
   mile but less than half a mile from life of the mine reser-
11
   ves and you don't want to penetrate below the base of
12
   Delaware, then you can drill that well provided you use the
13
14
   R-111 casing and cementing programs.
15
                       I believe that's right.
16
                        If you're more than a half a mile
17
   from the life of the mine reserves but not more than a mile,
18
   then you can drill the well down to the base of the Delaware
19
   without the R-111 casing and cementing requirement.
20
                        Subject to the District Supervisor's ap-
            Α
21
   proving the case.
22
                        And if you want to drill below the base
23
   of the Delaware, being more than a half mile or less than a
24
   mile, then you can do so with the R-111 casing and cementing
25
   program.
```

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cementing program.
1
                       Yes.
             Α
                        Provided it's outside the life of the
3
    mine reserves and the surrounding buffer zone. We're talk-
    ing about the buffer zones, then, that are set forth in the
5
    statement of November 23rd of '87?
7
                       Yes, sir.
             Α
             0
                       Then when we go on and say, "and that no
8
    potash resources will be endangered."
                       Yes.
             Α
10
                       What's the source of that phrase,
11
             0
    Lyon?
12
                       Well, it extends from representations by
             Α
13
    the BLM that they are not committing themselves to a blanket
14
    approval of that where they feel that there are potash re-
15
    serves that may not be commercial now but sometime in the
16
17
    future might be commercial.
18
                        I am unable to find that phrase used
             0
19
    any of the current statutes or rules and regulations of
20
    Oil Conservation Division. Are you aware of it being used
21
    anywhere else (unclear)?
22
             Α
                       Of what?
23
                        The phrase "no potash resources will
24
    endangered"?
25
```

Α

I forgot to bring my rule book so I can't

```
refer to it.
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My concern, Mr. Lyon, is that it perhaps unintentionally creates a new definition that is something different than the statutory obligation of the Commission to protect the undue waste of commercial potash and there are enough lawyers in the room that we can probably think of about five different ways to fuss with this. I wonder you; would have any objection, sir, if we deleted that lanquage and had you go back and use the definitions used in 70-2-12 (17), which is the ones we're familiar with referring to the effect unduly to reduce total quantities of commercial deposits of potash; that's that typical definition we've seen. It certainly would make me more comfortable. Do you see any reason not to use the standard statutory definition?

A I'd have to look at it a little closer.

I'd be glad to consider it.

Q Thanks. The notice of hearing talks about the potential issue of adopting directional drilling procedures?

A Yes, sir.

Q Would you identify for us where in the proposed order you've addressed the issue of directional drilling?

A I have addressed it only in the case in

1 salt protection string where they begin to deviate from the vertical and the committee, I asked the committee if 3 they had any -- any suggestions for that and there were none given, but I think that if anybody who's present here today or who may want to respond to this order has any such suggestions, we are open to hear those suggestions. I do not intend to propose them.

Was there discussion by the committee about the technical reliability and feasibility of directional dirlling in the potash enclave?

Α We did not have a great deal of discussion about directional drilling. In our educational sions we talked about, in general, directional drilling techniques.

There are wells in existence now in the potash area that have been directionally drilled, have they not?

I don't know. I don't know for certain Α that there are.

I believe Belco's got two of them over in that James Ranch area. Are you aware of anyone alerting you to the difficulties or the impossibilities of directional drilling in the potash enclave?

No.

Q As best you know as a professional

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gineer it's a reasonbly feasible thing to do? Α 2 Yes. 3 The question then is one of economics to whether the operator does it or not? 4 5 Α Right. 6 Did the work study group review the 7 and cementing program requirements of existing R-111 orders? 8 did in our educational system -- or We session, and went through it in great detail for the benefit 10 11 of the potash people present to try to allay concerns that they might have about means of gas getting into mines. 12 Of 13 course this was a very important subject to them and we did go through it from that viewpoint. When I asked for sugges-14 tions that -- if there was any way that we could improve 15 16 those, I got none. 17 The recommendation, then, is that there 18 would be no changes to the casing and cementing requirements 19 of the existing order?

A I don't -- I'm not proposing any other than those that I have discussed here and that appear in the order, but still, if there is anybody who has any suggestions on improving those, we would like to have their suggestions.

That was my purpose in listing those par-

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ticular items in there. If we're going ot revise Order R-
1
   111, I'd like to do the best job that we can and if anybody
2
   has input other than the committee's, we would welcome it.
3
                       You indicated that the November 23rd, '87
   statement of the work study was sent out by the Division in
5
   a notice, Mr. Lyon.
6
            Α
                       Yes.
            Q
                        Is that notice included in your Exhibit
8
   Number Two?
9
            Α
                       No, but there are copies, I think, on the
10
   table over there and I believe I gave the Commissioners each
11
   a copy of that memorandum.
12
                        That's
                               the memorandum dated
                                                        November
13
   30th, '87?
14
                       I don't remember the date.
            Α
15
                                 MR.
                                      KELLAHIN: May I help the
16
   witness, Mr. Chairman?
17
                                 MR. LEMAY: Yes, go ahead.
18
             Α
                       Right, this is the one and attached is a
19
   copy of the agreement of the working interest.
20
                       What's your understanding of how that in-
21
   formation is disseminated to the industry?
22
                        We sent it out on our -- on our regular
             Α
23
   mailing list for dockets.
24
25
             Q
                       Who does it go to, do you know, Mr. Lyon?
```

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I don't know. Anybody who has asked for
it.

Okay. it generally goes out to the gen-

Q Okay, it generally goes out to the general -- same general mailing list that receive the Commission and Examiner dockets?

A Right.

Q Subsequent to sending that out, Mr. Lyon, have you received any written objections to the statement of November 23rd, '87, as it appears in that document?

A Yes. I don't have them organized.

Q Well, I wanted you to summarize for us the kinds of matters you were -- received objections to and how you at least addressed them and incorporated them into the proposed rule change or rejected them, so that we may know what the input of the industry was subsequent to the agreement and determine how you analyzed and processed those comments.

A Well, I've read each of the responses and just in general I felt that those responses were based on some -- some perception other than -- that the work committee, that there were some -- I think there was a feeling that we were going to adopt this agreement lock, stock and barrel, in place of Order R-111, and I felt that if they would come and listen to -- sit in on the hearing, and so forth, and see what we were proposing to issue is an

order that probably would allay their concerns. I did not respond to them.

Do I understand your testimony that during the course of the activity of the committee from its initial organization meeting in May 29th, 1986, ot the current date, that you've allowed any oil and gas operator that has shown an interest in participating to whatever extent, the opportunity to so participate in the work study?

A We certainly have.

Q Thank you, sir.

MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr.

12 | Kellahin.

Before we go on to additional questions, I'd like to make one thing -- make it a point that it will be the Commission's intent and we will allow this record to be left open for two weeks following this hearing, so those of you that -- that do have copies, and you can get additional copies of the proposed order as defined here by Mr. Lyon's Exhibit I think it's Number Four, that you'll be able to supply written comment to the Commission concerning this and won't be put under the time frame of trying to respond to it today.

Additional questions of Mr.

24 | Lyon?

Yes, sir, Mr. Hall.

MR. 1 HALL: First, Mr. Commissioner, I might first advise the Commission we're prepared 2 today to attack or oppose at least in part the joint indus-3 try agreement, which is now I understand Exhibit Two in the record this morning. We've not previously seen Exhibit 5 Four, which is the proposed order, and initially I'd like to advise the Commission that we think it's a vast improvement 7 and we're not sure whether we're proponents or opponents at 8 this time. We'd still like to ask a couple of questions. MR. LEMAY: Fine, 10 Mr. Hall. 11 please proceed. 12 QUESTIONS BY MR. HALL: 13 14 Lyons, let me ask you, was Exhibit 0 Mr. Four distributed to anyone outside the Division prior 15 this hearing? 16 17 Well, we just got it typed Thursday or 18 Friday of last week and, of course, Monday was a holiday. I 19 did give copies to one or two people who came to my office 20 yesterday, but that's the only distribution other than here in this room. 21

Q All right. Going briefly through Exhibit Four, I understand that it calls for the adoption of Exhibit B, which is the joint industry agreement, as part of the proposed rule.

22

23

24

LMR's under confidential means?

1

25

Now, in view of some of the feedback that I understand the Division has received on that, do you understand that there are some inconsistencies between Exhibit B and then the proposed rule itself? Would some of those inconsistencies be concerned with the delegation of authority problems which the Commission Chairman has mentioned this morning? Yes, very definitely. And does the Exhibit B also attempt treat all owners of oil and gas interests in the area as Well, I think it treats everybody alike. All right, I think that answers the ques-Also, the face of Exhibit Four calls for the designation of LMR's according to a potash holder's lease interest, whereas Exhibit B seems to allow him to designate an LMR anywhere at all, whether or not he has ownership interest in that. Do you recognize that? Yes, I do, and I tried to make the order a little more specific than the agreement. Mr. Lyons, have you received any comments from industry with respect to the procedure for designating A Oh, yes, that's probably the thing that gets -- that gets most of the attention and it is something that certainly is undesireable to us. I'm sure it's undesireable to every oil and gas operator, but the potash people consider this to be confidential information and I frankly do not know another way that we can do it.

Q Would the Division be opposed to establishing some sort of procedure whereby in the LMR designation process anyone with an affected property interest would have the right to -- a right of access to the information provided -- provided that those same property interest owners would be subject to confines of some confidentiality agreement themselves?

A Well, I think -- I think this is something that is in the discretion of the BLM and I don't think I can speak for them.

Can you explain to me the provision in Exhibit Two, the industry agreement, calling for -- it's in Article IV on page 8 of the agreement. It states, oil or gas lessees -- I'm sorry -- "Oil or gas leases covering areas designated a LMR by a potash lessee will be unitized to the extent possible with other areas where drilling is allowed."

What was the purpose of that phrase?

A That language was provided by the --

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3

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MR. LEMAY: Would you refer to that again, Mr. Hall, what page you're on?

Mr. Chairman, it's MR. HALL: That's Article on page 8 of the joint industry agreement. IV, the second sentence of the first paragraph in (unclear).

Page 8?

MR. HALL: Yes, sir.

That language was furnished by the potash people and was agreed to by the oil and gas people and also, the Secretary's order states that unitization is one of the means that will be used to develop oil and gas and still protect potash. And I tried to explain to the potash people that unitization does not cover all possible situations

let me ask, is it the purpose that provision to simply perpetuate leases that might other-

I don't -- I don't think that was purpose of the language. I did not think so at the time and

Mr. Lyons, isn't there language in Exhibit B which simply states there won't be any drilling

In view of those inconsistencies with the

```
1
   proposed order, wouldn't you agree with me that any of those
   provisions are not necessary to accomplish the goals of any
3
   order?
            Α
                        I don't think the order adopts
                                                             that
5
   agreement.
6
            Q
                       Would the Division be opposed to a proce-
7
   dure whereby instead of adopting the industry agreement that
   the record be kept open and the Division accept comments and
   proposals from industry for adoption as (unclear) as opposed
   to adopting the order?
10
            Α
                        Of course you're free to submit any com-
11
   ments you want to. We'd like to have them.
12
13
                                 MR.
                                      HALL: No further ques-
   tions.
14
15
                                                Thank you,
                                 MR.
                                       LEMAY:
                                                              Mr.
16
   Hall.
17
                                 Additional questions
                                                        of
                                                              the
18
   witness.
19
                                 Yes, sir, Mr. Bruce.
20
21
   QUESTIONS BY MR. BRUCE:
22
                       Mr. Lyon, on page 9 of your proposed or-
23
   der --
24
             Α
                       Yes, sir.
25
             0
                       -- Paragraph (h), could you describe sub-
```

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sequent operations and those resulting effects that opening
1
   the pressure relief valve might cause?
2
                      Say that again, please?
                       What I'm getting at, Mr. Lyon,
                                                          let me
   rephrase the question.
5
                       If the pressure relief valve opens,
   sequent to that would the well operator lose control of
   well? Could that conceivably happen?
                       Well, I don't -- it depends on what he
               the piping after he takes it away from the well
   does with
10
11
   (unclear).
                       In your opinion could it result in an un-
            0
12
   controlled pressure release at that time?
13
14
                       Sure, it could.
            Α
                      Would the presence of geologic formations
15
            0
   in the open wellbore, if their fracture strength would be
16
17
   reasonably expected to be low enough, aid in preventing the
18
   occurrence of high pressure at the surface of the wellbore?
19
            Α
                       Say again.
20
                           there were geological formations
            Q
21
   the open wellbore whose fracture strength was low enough,
22
   would that aid in preventing the occurrence of high pressure
23
   at the surface of a wellbore?
24
                        You mean have an underground blowout?
```

Well, personally, I'd rather have the gas, if you don't have

```
control of the well, I'd rather have gas coming out at the
1
  surface.
3
                       As an alternative to the language here,
4
   would you, or the OCD, consider hooking the proposed relief
   line into the existing choke manifold on the rig since that
   would already be connected with the blowout valve?
7
                      I think that would be a very shrewd thing
8
   to do.
                                              Additional ques-
                                MR.
                                     LEMAY:
10
   tions of the witness?
11
                                Commissioner Humphries.
12
   QUESTIONS BY MR. HUMPHRIES:
13
14
                       Mr. Lyons, in the initial part of the
15
   agreement between -- between the parties there's
                                                       language
   set forth on page 2 that I guess I have some questions
16
17
   about.
18
                      First of all, Paragraph 2, second line,
   "The terms of this agreement will be submitted to and must
19
20
   be adopted without substantial change. . . ". What is sub-
21
   stantial change?
22
                       I really don't believe I could define
            Α
23
   that.
24
                      Okay. I think that would be helpful be
```

cause I know substantial change to one person may be signi

```
ficant --
1
2
                      I certainly agree.
            Α
3
                      -- and the adjective leaves the question
            0
4
   open.
5
                      Farther down the page in the last para-
   graph, third line down, in discussing life of the mine re-
6
   serves, "LMR's be permanently protected". That sounds like
7
   throughout infinity. There's no release language. Some day
   there's, I assume, either going to be proposed secondary
   mining or abandonment of the project or collection of the
10
   entire reserve, a point at which "permanent" becomes super-
11
   fluous and (unclear).
12
                      Did anybody discuss about release
13
   quage or the terms at which we could mutually agree or
14
   Division could -- or the Commission could draft an order
15
16
   that would deal with release?
17
                       I don't -- I don't believe that
            Α
18
   agreement creates such a situation.
19
            0
                      No.
                           I don't think the agreement is bin-
20
   ding on anybody at this point, but to accept it in some form
21
   and then accept the term "permanent" it strikes me that we
   have not dealt with a secondary thing that ought to be con-
22
23
   sidered and that's release language.
```

A Well, that's probably true. Of course these LMR's will be resubmitted each year with additions,

deletions, or whatever, that the potash lessee feels is appropriate.

But I don't know how better to address it.

You are aware that we have some concern at the Land Office about the language of the agreement and one of those that may call for speculation on your part but still I'd like you to address it, from the standpoint of how you approached it with the parties being in place, do you think that the language somehow or another subordinates the Commission of Public Lands jurisdiction, authority, control over those ressources that are state land resources to either the Bureau of Land Management or the OCD?

A Not any more than it is now, and incidentally, Mr. Humphries, I visited with some of your people about this overall situation and they -- they told me that they had in the past worked out, oh, some cooperative agreement with BLM where they would have access to the information so that under the circumstances I don't know how to -- to do it any better and maintain confidentiality of the information, but -- but they felt confident that they could work with BLM to get the evaluation of that acreage.

Q Okay, so if, from our standpoint, if we're able to work out language that we feel like needs to be added to it to insure that we're complying with our sta-

tutory and enabling act responsiblity as well as structure responsibility, that would not substantially alter the agreement?

A I would not think so.

Q I guess in a final question about this, the language changes in proposed rule R-111-P, what is the rationale for the change from Commission to Division?

Let me give you some background there because obviously the Commissioner sets on the Commission and has always that input into it; however, the Commissioner does not direct the staff of the Division; therefor, I would feel more comfortable if we were able to leave the language Commission, which I believe clearly says in control of and in charge of the Division anyway, since the Director of the Division is the Chairman of the Commission.

Do you think it would substantially alter it or the intent or confuse what you were trying to address in R-111-P?

A Well, the Legislature went to the -- to the trouble of changing the word Commission to Division all through the Oil and Gas Act, and we did the same thing in our rules and so forth, and I thought, well, since it actually is a division now rather than a commission, that -- I felt that the change was appropriate, but it seems to me there's a thing in the statute that says the jursidiction of

there.

1 the Commission and the Division are the same. 2 So being a Commissioner, I'm sure that 3 anything you wanted to -- for the Division to consider, that it would have the same impact as if we had the word Commis-5 sion. 6 MR. HUMPHRIES: I have no fur-7 ther questions. 8 9 QUESTIONS BY MR. LEMAY: 10 0 Just a couple things, Mr. Lyon. Let the 11 record show, if I'm correct, that Exhibit Two that you've presented will be Exhibit B in the proposed order. There's 12 13 some continued confusion to that. 14 This is what I proposed. 15 Right. The other thing, I want, Okay. 16 just a point of clarification, going back to Jim's Page 9, 17 Subparagraph (h), in your proposed R-111-P, your last sen-18 tence, do you happen to know if current regulations require 19 the cementing of the production string to the surface in the 20 potash area? 21 Α Yes, they do. 22 0 So there's no change in that phrasing

A Right. Well, let me -- let me back up a minute.

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The -- the rule, I think, requires that the production string be cemented up over the pay formation and to protect the pipe above the pay formation. I think, I'd have to check the language. There is some variation and there are some -- there's some -- I know that the intermediate casing is to be cemented to the surface but the production casing must be cemented across the pay zone and high enough to protect the pipe, whatever that means.
```

Q So in the event the production casing by our current regulations would not have to be cemented to the surface, you would agree that some modification of that last sentence is not required?

A I would assume that -- that it would be required to bring the cement up high enough to tie into the next larger casing.

Q Thank you, Mr. Lyon.

MR. LEMAY: At this point I will, without objection, admit Exhibits One through Six into the record.

Commissioner Humphries.

22 QUESTIONS BY MR. HUMPHRIES:

Q Mr. Lyon, I think I need a little clarification on your answer to Mr. Hall's question about the in tent of the language about describing all of the oil and gas

leases within an LMR as a unit. I can't remember the exact place where that language was discussed. Was that in the R-111-P proposal?

A I think it was in the agreement.

Q That's what I thought. I couldn't find anything in --

A And I can't quote it, but it -- I think it says that oil and gas interests will be developed or protected or something through unitization.

Q Oh, yeah, on Page 8. I'm not sure I understood the answer. Was the answer that the intent was to say that any leases overlying the LMR would be unitized for what purpose? I just didn't understand. Maybe I didn't understand Mr. Hall's question but I also didn't understand the answer, so now, would you tell me what you think the intent of that language was?

think, is that if you have a unit, that all interests in there would be protected by the terms of the unitization and I think this applies primarily to protection of correlative rights, so that -- so that you could drill into areas where it's permissible to drill and the people who -- where you can't drill because of the LMR's -- would be able to participate through the unitization. I think that's what the idea was. That's what I interpreted it.

Then I'm going to ask you a questions that calls for some conclusion on your part, but assume that as a result of the Commission order a given -- first of all, this language is in place and all of those leases are unitized, I don't know if they're talking about one single unit over the entire area or multiple units within it, but as a result, a company with a lease comes in and makes a case that prevails and is allowed to drill within that unit, then all of that unit is -- is it going to have an operating agreement before, a unitization agreement before that APD is authorized and that approval from the Commission is given, and then will that operate just as any other unit would?

A Well --

Q In other words, would the one well be compelled to pay the working interest owners and royalty owners throughout the unit their proportionate share regardless of the geology?

A Well, of course, it would have to depend on the language of the unit and we all know that there's units and there's exploratory units where you drill the wells and then you have participating areas, for so far as you can -- can show that the reservoir reasonably extends, but you have to do that through stages by the drilling of additional wells.

Q But don't you think this language is, so

to speak, a political unit, not a geologic unit.

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If we accept this language on its face it strikes me that it says that we are arbitrarily establishing a unit over the entire area designated as LMR's and, I mean can see that we've offered the alternative of being able to allow the Commission the authority to allow a well to be drilled maybe by mutual agreement, although I don't anticipate that to happen, that within an LMR a well may in be drilled in which case we now start to have an overlying phrase that says that whole thing will become a unit and we haven't either addressed that or maybe I'm over-complicating, but it seems to me like it has significant implication to just accept that language and at which point I think I would be a little bit reluctant to accept either language or the implications that might have as far as State (unclear).

Well, I just don't think that that interpretation could be implemented just because of the complications of -- of unitization itself. The -- I don't mean to demean anybody but the language was written by a person who does not know anything about unitization in oil and gas, and think that he is drawing on the language of the tary's order that says unitization will be used to the maximum extent to prevent unnecessary drilling and unnecessary waste of potash, but I -- there certainly was not any intent

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that I was aware of that the entire LMR area was going to be
   one unit.
2
                      Well, I don't think there was a devious
3
            but yet I believe if we accept certain things that
   we may have burdened ourselves with a later problem.
5
6
                      If we struck that sentence is that a sub-
7
   stantial change in the agreement?
                      What sentence were you --
                       Well, I don't think we'd change the
   agreement, either, but if the -- that's page -- sentence
10
11
   three on page 8 in the agreement, under Roman numeral IV.
   If we wrote the -- if the R-lll-P proposed rule was adopted
12
   and became in force, I think we ought to address
13
   question and send back a substantial agreement change, which
   I'm not sure that both industries would not have
15
16
   significant objection, that it's not an issue as far
17
   they're concerned.
18
                      I see Jim's conferring with Mr. Kellahin
   from time to time down here.
19
20
            Α
                      I'm sorry, I have not -- I still haven't
21
   found the specific language.
22
                       Okay, it's on Page 8 of the agreement.
23
   It's the last sentence in Paragraph A under Roman numeral
24
   IV.
25
                      Oh,
                           yeah. Well, the sentence itself is
            Α
```

```
self-limiting and says that they will be unitized to
   the extent possible with others areas where drilling was al-
2
3
   lowed.
                       Okay, so in other words, it's your opin-
             0
5
   ion that R-111-P could contain language sufficient to pro-
   tect all correlative rights of royalty owners within -- or
6
   mineral owners, within the new R-111 area without some kind
7
   of blanket unit laid over the LMR's?
                       I really don't feel it's necessary to ad-
   dress that in order R-111.
10
11
             Q
                        Okay. We may have to talk about
    (unclear).
12
                             R-111 is -- is designed, I think,
13
             Α
                       Yeah,
    to -- to permit the drilling of specific wells on a well-by-
14
   well basis and I think that the policies and directives of
15
   the Land Office and BLM as to how that acreage is to
16
                                                              be
17
   developed would -- would govern how the acreage is actually
18
   developed and I don't think it's necessary to address
19
   in R-111.
20
                       Thank you.
             0
21
                                 MR.
                                      LEMAY:
                                              Thank you, Commis-
22
   sioner Humphries.
23
                                 MR.
                                      BROSTUEN:
                                                 Just to clarify
24
    something.
25
                                 MR. LEMAY; Mr. Brostuen.
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HIGH: Yes, I have quite a

```
1
   QUESTIONS BY MR. BROSTUEN:
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            0
                      Just to clarify something, Vic. Control-
   ling your presentation to just the concerns of the potash
   industry regarding the additional cost to be incurred if a
5
   well were declared to be a gassy well, and you and I were
7
   both present at a number of the meetins that were held.
   think that the potash industry also demonstrated their con-
8
   cern for the safety of the miners. I just want that to be
   part of the record.
10
            Α
                      Yes.
11
                      I think you agree with that.
            Q
12
            Α
                       Yes, I certainly do. I'm sorry that I
13
   did not address that.
14
                           There were a number of things I
   tended to say that I didn't say but I think very definitely
15
   the safety of the miners is -- is of utmost importance.
16
   think it's addressed in the -- in the statute, also.
17
18
            0
                      Thank you.
19
                                 MR.
                                      LEMAY:
                                               Additional
                                                           ques-
20
   tions of the witness? If not, he --
21
                                 MR. HIGH:
                                           If I --
22
                                 MR.
                                       LEMAY:
                                                Oh, I'm sorry.
23
   Yes, Mr. High.
24
```

MR.

few, if I may.

MR. LEMAY: Please.

Mr. Lyon, you served as the chairman, did

you not, of the -- this joint industry study committee?

QUESTIONS BY MR. HIGH:

1

2

3

rather

```
there were representatives of both the oil and gas
1
                                                         industry
   and potash industry present, were there not?
2
                       Yes, there were.
3
             0
                        During the initial meeting that you re-
   ferred to, you indicated that each industry made a presenta-
5
   tion, educational in nature.
                       Yes, sir.
8
             Q
                        Did the potash industry proposal or pre-
   sentation deal primarily with a single, particular issue?
10
             Α
                            No, there was a very broad spectrum.
             0
                       What was the primary concern of the pot-
11
         industry with respect to the drilling of oil and gas
12
   wells in the potash area?
13
                       Well, correct me if I'm wrong, but I per-
14
           that their primary concern was to prevent the occur-
15
   rence of methane in the mines.
16
                       It was safety, wasn't it?
17
             Q
18
                       Yes, sir.
19
                       The primary interest of the potash indus-
20
   try, the primary concern with respect to the drilling of oil
21
   and gas wells in the potash basin was the safety of under-
   ground miners.
22
                       Correct.
23
             Α
24
                        And the potash industry submitted
             Q
```

comprehensive set of materials to this committee,

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didn't they, dealing with the safety issue?
                      Surely did.
2
3
                                 MR.
                                       HIGH:
                                                Ι
                                                    would,
                                                             Mr.
   Chairman, if I may, I would like to mark that as Exhibit, I
5
   believe it's Seven, if I'm not mistaken.
6
            Q
                      Mr. Lyon, let me show you, if I may, what
   we will call Exhibit Seven and ask if you can tell me
7
   that is?
                      Yes, sir, this is a compilation of papers
   concerning mines and mine safety. I think there's a number
10
11
   of studies in here that were done in making studies for
   WIPP site and drew on expertise of -- of a lot of
12
                                                             the
13
   scientists who did make those studies and it's been awhile
14
   since I've read it, but I did read it all, Charlie.
15
                      It did deal with safety, didn't it?
16
                     Yes, sir.
            Α
17
                       In fact,
                                it identified, did it not, two
18
   instances in which oil has seeped into two mines in the
19
   potash basin.
20
                        I don't remember the exact description
21
   but we saw -- we saw the oil seeps on our --
22
                      You saw that yourself, didn't you?
23
            Α
                      Yes, sir.
24
                       The oil had seeped from sowmewhere
   an underground, working potash mine.
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		68
1	A	It was there.
2	Q	And it migrated into that mine, didn't
3	it?	
4	А	I don't know that it migrated there, but
5	it was there.	
6	Q	It was in the overhead, wasn't it?
7	A	Yes, sir.
8	Q	Are you aware
9	А	I think there was one place where there
10	was an oil stain o	n the on the wall.
11	Q	And are you aware that ther is a similar
12	instance at the	Mississippi Chemical Mine where oil had
13	seeped into the mi	ne?
14	A	That's my understanding. I don't believe
15	I saw that.	
16	Q	But you are aware of that topic at least
17	being discussed i	n the work of this joint industry commit-
18	tee?	
19	Α	Yes, sir.
20	Q	And you you understand that that is of
21	concern to the potash industry.	
2.2	А	Yes, I've heard it.
23	Q	And you you underestand, do you not,
24	even though you wo	n't call it migration, you understand the
25	potash industry is	concerned that with those oil spots in the

underground mine, they are concerned that methane gas may very well migrate into the underground mines from that oil and gas well.

A I can understand their concern.

Q And during the discussions between the two industries trying of resolve these very difficult issues, that migration issue was always present, wasn't it?

A Yes, it really was. It was ever present.

In fact, isn't it a fair statement, Mr. Lyon, that the entire agreement has been -- that's been marked here as Exhibit Two takes into the consideration and is based in large part on the concern of the potash industry for the safety of underground miners.

A Yes, I think that's a fair statement.

Q Let's -- let's go through this, if we can, and explaining so that everyone clearly understands, how this joint industry statement was constructed.

And you were chairman of the commission

-- or excuse me, chairman of the committee and present at
all the meetings, as you indicated earlier.

A Yes.

Q So I would like to go through with you, if I can, and explain to these people here this morning what has been agreed to so they, too, can understand the concern, not only of the oil and gas people but also the potash in-

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dustry.
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Let's assume the display I've drawn on the blackboard is a potash lease. Under the joint industry agreement is it your understanding that within that potash lease the lessee, the potash lessee, will designate what's been called life of mine reserves?

A Right.

Q And do you also understand that that area that's called LMR's, or life of mine reserves, is smaller than the blue portion indicated on the BLM map?

A Well, that's what you told us at our meeting, yeah, and I trust you.

So let's -- let's let me draw a wider line and let's just call this the blue on BLM map. We, the potash industry has represented to you, to the committee, that what will be designated as an LMR will be smaller than the blue area shown on the BLM map, isn't that true?

A That was my understanding, yes.

In fact, hasn't it been stated or wasn't it stated during these meetings, Mr. Lyons, that there would be approximately 25 percent of the blue area that would be freed up for oil and gas drilling under this agreement?

A Yes, sir, I was going to testify to that but I wasn't sure that it was appropriate for me to do that.

A Yes, it was.

Now, let's assume that what I've drawn, the squiggly line I've drawn up here, is it your understanding that this is the way the LMR's would work, that within the lease, within the blue area on the BLM map, there would be designated what's called the LMR?

A Right.

Now, under the agreement that was reached between the potash and the oil and gas working committees, what was the agreement with respect to drilling within this area designated LMR's?

A The agreement was there would be no drilling in LMR's.

And the potash industry was concerned that if there's drilling in the LMR's, where we're going to mine, it would be a safety hazard. Isn't that correct? would be a safety hazard. Isn't that correct?

So as a result the agreement on Page 5 of what's been called Exhibit Two, the statement in the Exhibit Two says that "no oil or gas well shall be allowed from a surface location within the LMR of any potash lessee or within one-fourth mile, or a distance equal to the depth of the ore plus ten percent, whichever is greater, of the LMR

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of any potash lessee". So that agreement, as you understand it, Mr. Lyons, is that there'll be no drilling within the LMR or there will be no drilling within a buffer zone around that LMR that's equal to one-fourth mile or the depth of the ore plus ten percent, whichever is greater, is that correct?

A That is right.

Q So let me, let me put a little hatched marks on what we'll call as buffer zone around the LMR. So
```

the area in which there will be no oil and gas activities

under the working committee agreement is within the LMR of

any potash lessee and within this buffer zone, is that cor-

A That's right.

10

11

12

14

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16

17

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20

21

22

23

24

rect?

Now, I believe you stated earlier that in your opinion there was a valid reason to have a buffer zone between the potash operations and the oil and gas operations, isn't that true?

A That's right.

Now under the agreement reached by the working committee the further you get away from the LMR's the less stringent the restrictions are, isn't that correct as a general statement?

A That's true. The buffer zone is wider for the deep zone that it is for the shallow zone.

Q Okay, so the next step outside of this

buffer zone, under the agreement, and again this is on Page
for an oil and gas well
at a location more than one-fourth mile" -- that would be
outside the buffer zone, would it not, Mr. Lyon?

A Right.

LMR of any potash lessee, may be approved only if --" let's stop there for a second. Let me draw another line around the buffer zone, and this is the distance from one-fourth to one-half mile I've indicated there on the board. Now, within that distance under the agreement between the potash industry and the oil and gas industry, drilling can take place in that area, can't it, Mr. Lyon?

A Yes, sir.

And under the agreement wells can be drilled in the distance from one-fourth mile to one-half mile provided that the bottom hole location -- again I'm reading from Exhibit Two, -- providing that the "bottom hole location does not extend below the base of the Delaware Mountain Group, and the well is drilled in accordance with the cementing and casing requirements set forth in Section V." Referring to Exhibit Two.

A Right.

Q Now to put that in -- I hate to say it, but more understandable language, is that not saying that if

anyone wants to drill in the area from one-fourth mile to one-half mile of a buffer zone, they can do so provided the bottom hole location does not extend below the Delaware Mountain Group plus they use what we've always called R-111-A casing. Is that a fair statement?

A Right. That's correct.

Now, the next step away under the agreement is Paragraph 3 on Page 6, more than one-half mile but less than one mile from the LMR. Drilling is also allowed in that area, isn't it, of one-half mile to one mile?

A Yes, sir.

And under the agreement between the industries, it says, "An APD for an oil or gas well at a location more than one-half mile but less than one mile... may be approved regardless of the depth of the bottom hole location..."

So in the area from one-half mile to one mile under the agreement there can be what you and I know as both shallow wells and deep wells. correct?

A Right.

"that wells with bottom hole locations below the base of the Delaware Mountain Group are drilled in accordance with the cementing and casing requirements set forth in Section V of this agreement ...". What that means, that's the reference

```
to R-111-A casing, right?
1
                      Right.
2
                          if someone wants to drill within a
3
   distance of one-half to one mile, they can do so at any
   depth provided if they go below the Delaware Mountain Group,
   they have to use R-111-A casing.
6
                      Correct.
7
            Q
                       And "(b) wells to bottom hole locations
8
   above the base of the of the Delaware Mountain Group may be
   drilled without regard to the requirements in Section V...".
10
   Does that mean, Mr. Lyons, that if someone wants to drill in
11
   the area from one-half mile to one mile, a shallow well,
12
   they can do so without requiring the R-111 casing?
13
            Α
                      It does say from -- from one-half mile to
14
15
            0
                       Yes,
                             in the distance from one-half mile
16
   to one mile --
17
            Α
                      Uh-huh.
18
                      -- if someone wants to drill a well with
19
   a bottom hole location above the Delaware Mountain Group,
20
   doesn't this agreement say they can do that and they don't
21
              to comply with the old R-111-A casing require-
   even have
           Isn't that what it says in Paragraph 3 of on Page 6?
   ments.
23
            Α
                      I believe that's what it says.
24
                       That's a benefit to the oil
25
            Q
                                                       and
```

industry, isn't it, a benefit as compared to the existing R-111-A? 3 We did not -- I did not incorporate that in my --5 Well. I'm -- I'm going to talk about 0 6 that, but I intend, I'll tell you, to talk about what you 7 did and did not incorporate, but under the agreement between the industries, didn't the potash industry agree that if the oil and gas industry wanted to drill a shallow well, bottom 10 hole location above the Delaware Mountain Group, in one-half 11 to one mile they could do so and they didn't even have to 12 comply with R-111-A casing? Isn't that correct? 13 That's correct. 14 0 And that would be of benefit to the 15 and gas industry, wouldn't it? 16 Yeah, that -- I think that's a concession Α 17 that the potash industry made to the oil and gas industry. 18 And wouldn't it be a fair statement to 0 19 say that the potash industry refused to do that any closer 20 than those distances again for fear they'd create a 21 hazard? 22 Yes, I think that is correct. Α 23 Now on page, continue on Page 6, Section 24 4, it contains an agreement, continues to graduate out with

the next tier being in Paragraph 4, more than one mile from

the LMR, and the agreement says, "An APD for an oil and gas well -- or a gas well, -- at a location more than one mile from the LMR may be approved regardless of the depth of the bottom hole location and without regard to the requirements of Section V...".

Is it your understanding, Mr. Lyon, that that says that if someone wants to drill an oil or a gas well to any depth they want to at a surface location more than one mile from the LMR of a potash lessee, they can do so without regard to what we call R-111-A casing?

A That's correct.

Q That, too, is of benefit to the oil and gas industry, isn't it?

A It's a benefit.

Q And that was a concession of the potash industry, wasn't it?

A Yes, it was.

Now, when you put together Exhibit Four, Mr. Lyon, were you trying to make the changes that were set forth in Exhibit Two that had been agreed upon by the oil and gas industry and the potash industry?

A Not entirely.

Q So Exhibit Four, what you've put together, does not reflect the concept that we've gone through here that's set forth in Exhibit Two, does it?

```
1
            Α
                       No, not in every respect.
2
                       In fact, on Page 3 of your Exhibit Four,
3
   if we look at Page 3 of your exhibit, in Subparagraph
   that section says that "the Division's District Supervisor
5
   may waive the requirements of Section Roman numeral
   upon satisfactory showing, with concurrence of the BLM, that
7
      location is outside the LMR and surrounding buffer
   and that no potash resources will be endangered."
                       That's your language, isn't it?
10
                       Yes, it is.
             Α
11
             0
                        You didn't get that from the
                                                       agreement
12
   between the potash industry and the oil and gas
                                                       industry,
13
   did you?
14
             Α
                       No, sir, I didn't.
15
                       Aren't you saying there, Mr. Lyons, that
16
   even within this area of one-quarter mile to one-half
17
    that someone could drill a well without R-111-A casing?
18
                       Could the District Supervisor allow that
19
    under your proposal?
20
                       I think he probably could.
             Α
21
                       Do you think that would create a concern
             0
22
    for the potash industry after you've heard all of their com-
23
    ments about the safety of underground miners?
24
                       I'm sorry, I didn't --
             Α
25
             Q
                           you think that kind of a proposal,
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```
that would allow a District Supervisor to waive R-111-A cas-
   ing within the distances that you have in your Exhibit Four
   would be of concern to the potash industry?
                       Do you think that would be a concern
                                                              to
5
   them?
6
            Α
                       Yeah, I suppose it would.
7
                       You know how they feel about safety,
            Q
   don't you?
                       Yes, sure.
10
                       You have seen the documentation they have
11
   provided you that deals with the exlosive characteristics of
   methane, haven't you?
12
13
                       That's right.
            Α
14
                        And that talks about underground explo-
            Q
15
   sions in some of those, don't they?
16
                        I believe so.
                                        It's been awhile since I
17
   read it.
18
                       Is it your intent in your exhibit to al-
19
        an oil and gas operator to drill a deep gas well within
20
   close proximity to the LMR of a potash mine without any cas-
21
   ing requirements under R-111-A?
22
            Α
                       No. I probably did not word that the way
23
     was really thinking.
                              The -- what I was trying to do
                                                              in
24
   that
          language, and I -- you can help me do it better,
                                                               is
25
         in those areas where the potash people say that we
```

you do not have to use the casing requirements of R-111, I wanted to leave to the discretion of the District Supervisors that even though the potash people don't feel it's necessary, that the Supervisor may feel that it's necessary.

Q Okay.

A So I did not intend to make it less or more lenient than the agreement.

Q Okay.

A I tried to make it a little stricter.

Q That was my question. So you're not proposing in -- in -- on Page 3 Subparagraph (4) of your Exhibit Four to -- to lessen the restrictions that the potash industry and oil and gas industry have agreed to in Exhibit Four?

A No, that was not my intent.

Q Okay, fine. Now, also, on Page 15 of your Exhibit Four, do you have that in front of you, Mr. Lyon?

A Yes.

Q The top paragraph on Page 15, the first paragraph -- I'm sorry, the first sentence that begins on Page 15 says, -- I'm sorry, the second sentence says, "Any application to drill in the LMR area, including buffer zones, may be approved only after notice and hearing or by mutual agreement of lessor and lessees of both potash and

the

delegate our discretion, and I really feel that we do

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have the right to deny anybody to come to a hearing for an
2
  exception.
3
                       So your Exhibit Four, at least to that
   extent, does not implement the joint agreement between the
5
   industries.
                      That's correct.
7
            0
                      You understand, do you not, Mr.
        your participation in the committee work, that
   agreement with respect to the relaxation of the casing
10
   quirements that allows the oil and gas industry to
                                                            get
11
   closer and closer to the LMR's of the potash mines was
12
  trade-off for no drilling in the LMR, wasn't it?
13
                      Yes, it was.
            Α
14
            Q
                      And that was made very clear to everyone
15
   in those meetings, wasn't it?
16
                      Yes, it was.
            Α
17
                                MR. HIGH: I have nothing else,
18
   Mr. Chairman.
                 Thank you.
19
                                MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. High.
20
                                Additional questions?
                                                        If not,
21
   the witness may be excused. Yes, sir, Ernie.
22
23
   QUESTIONS BY DR. SZABO:
24
                       Did you in your introductory statement
            O
25
   say that the -- about 90 percent of the acreage was federal?
```

unitize as much as possible within the potash area.

Yeah, I think that was a general, philo-

sophical statement that -- that unitization should be used to -- to protect correlative rights and, you know, so that the interests could participate in the -- in the oil and gas production, and --

Q In a (unclear) unit all the various parties participate. In a federal unit that's not necessarily true.

A That's true.

Q So if we're not participating, then we'll be deprived.

A By the terms of the unit agreement, but

Q I'm bringing up a problem that I don't think (not clearly heard by the reporter) that possibly we will be cheated (not clearly heard by the reporter) participating or not participating and I think that may need additional wording.

A Well, we'd be glad to work with you on -- on language if you feel it's necessary.

MR. LEMAY: Additional questions of the witness? If not, he may be excused.

Let's take a ten minute break.

```
please state your name and occupation?
                      My name is Jens Hansen. I'm a petroleum
  landman.
                      Mr.
                           Hansen, would you describe your edu-
  cational background for the Commission?
            Α
                       I have a BA degree from Texas Tech Uni-
6
   versity in history, with post graduate work in both geology
   and business.
                       We don't have microphones here
                                                        in
   auditorium, Mr. Hansen, you'll have to speak up as best you
10
   can.
11
                      In what year did you graduate?
12
                      1971.
            Α
13
                      Would you describe what has been your em-
            0
14
   ployment experience as a petroleum landman?
15
                       In 1971 I became an independent with a
16
   title company, checking titles, curing titles, checking the
17
   records.
18
                      In 1973 I went to work for Coastal States
19
   Gas Producing Corporation in Corpus Christi, Texas.
20
                      In 1976 I went to Oklahoma City, worked
21
   for Walter Duncan Oil Properties.
                      In 1978 I became employed by what is Bass
23
   Enterprises Production Company, where I've been for
24
   years.
25
```

1 MR. LEMAY: Mr. Hansen's qualifications are accepted as an expert witness. 3 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 5 Hansen, would you describe for us Mr. 0 what has been your involvement in the oil/potash area of Ed-7 dy County, New Mexico, in the last ten years? 8 My position with Bass Enterprises is I am a Division Landman for west Texas and New Mexico and we have 10 managed the -- among other oil and gas properties -- the 11 Federal units that Bass Enterprises operates, which are the Big Eddy, Poker Lake, and the James Ranch, which are in the 12 13 general vicinity and do penetrate into the potash area. 14 Have you participated in prior hearings 15 before the Oil Conservation Commission on issues concerning the oil/potash area? 17 Yes, I have. Α 18 Hansen, let me direct your attention Mr. 0 19 to what we've placed on the wall of the hearing room as Bass 20 Exhibit Number One, and would you take a moment and simply 21 identify that exhibit for us? 22 That exhibit is the recent, most recent 23 Midland Map Service map of the Eddy and Lea County, New Mex-24 ico area that embraces what is known as the potash area. 25

Q

Why don't you go to the map or display on

```
88
                   Hansen, and let me ask you some questions
  the wall,
              Mr.
  about it.
                      If you'll turn the other way, sir,
3
  move to the light switch so that your back is not to
                                                            the
                Would you identify for us what is indicated by
  Commission.
   the red outline border?
                       The red outline border is the KPLA
7
  that is referred to in the 1975 Secretarial Order, '86 Sec-
  retarial Order.
            0
                      And there's a black outlined area.
                                                           What
10
  is that?
11
            Α
                       The black outlined area is the R-111
12
   through 0.
13
                       Would you describe for us what the var-
14
  lious color codes mean on the display, Mr. Hansen?
15
            Α
                       The various color codes are oil and
16
  leases by company ownership.
17
                           yellow represents Bass Enterprises
18
  oil and gas leases, which is approximately 83,000 acres, and
19
  other companies are Texaco, Amoco, Mobil, Exxon, Phillips,
20
  Santa Fe, Chevron.
21
                      The -- what we have endeavored to do was
22
  to find all of the oil and gas leases in their primary terms
  and use those.
                     There are others that -- they have credit
25
   that their names are on that are past their primary terms
```

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Q Why did you participate in that work study committee on behalf of your company, Mr. Hansen?

A We participated in that because of the experience we have had with attempting to drill wells in the potash area and the success we have had with Mississippi Chemical in that regard.

Q Let me direct your attention to your efforts under the existing R-111 procedures, and by that I mean all of the extensions or modifications of that order as applied to the Oil Conservation Division and the corresponding administration of the Federal properties by the Bureau of Land Management pursuant to the Secretary orders and directives.

From Bass' perspective as an operator in this area, have you personally been involved in the last ten years with that process?

A Yes.

Q Describe for us generally what is the procedure and method utilized by an operator to obtain approval under existing rules for drilling on Federal acreage in the R-111-A area and how those relate to each other.

A Well, the first step is to file an application to drill and if that -- that location of that well is within an area that's one mile from a potash lease, you have to notify the potash operator under R-111 rules, and if that

potash operator objects, you have a hearing and the BLM officials attend the hearing and then, depending on whether it's State acreage or Federal acreage, appropriate action is taken.

Describe for us with specifics the last experience you've had with the drilling of the Rodke No. 3 Well in terms of how you specifically handled the process of obtaining approval for that well.

A The Rodke No. 3 Well was an example of where the NMOCD and the Department of Interior disagreed on whether a well should be drilled or not.

In October of 1976 Bass filed an application to drill the Rodke 3 in Section 27 of 20 South, Range 31 East, under a Federal oil and gas lease.

An arbitration hearing was conducted on April 21st, 1977, under the R-111 rules pursuant to Mississippi Chemical Corporation and Kerr McGee Corporation opposing the proposed location.

In May of '77 the Department of Energy denied the Rodke 3 Well application. It was the southern Rocky Mountain Oil and Gas Supervisor of the USGS.

In April -- I mean, excuse me, in June of '77 Bass appealed that ruling to the Director of the United States Geological Survey.

In April of '78, and we're in the next

year now, the New Mexico Oil and Gas Division convened a hearing and entered Order 5725 in May of '78 authorizing the drilling of a well. Also in April, 18th, the Director of the United States Geological Survey affirmed the Area Supervisor's decision to deny the Rodke 3 application to drill.

Then in May of 1980 the Interior Board Land of Appeals affirmed the Director of the USGS decision not allowing the well to be drilled.

Then in August of 1981 Bass filed a motion to reverse the Interior Board of Land Appeal with the United States District Court. That motion was denied but having failed in the endeavor we then sought the Department of Energy assistance in amending the 1975 Secretarial Order instructions for instrumentation.

In May of 1983 that directive was issued specifying drilling islands and under what conditions they would be established.

Q Let me show you Exhibit Number Two and let's look specifically at where the Rodke Well is located within the R-lll-A area, Mr. Hansen.

To help the other participants in the room, Mr. Hansen, would you show on Exhibit Number One approximately where the Rodke No. 3 Well is?

- A The Rodke 3 Well is right there.
- Q Would you take a moment and identify Ex-

1 hibit Number Two for us?

A This exhibit is an enlargement of the area I just pointed to on this map, Exhibit Number One, and it locates just to the right where Duval Corporation is written Section 27, and inside Section 27 there is a dry hole symbol at approximately in the center of that section, and that is the location of the Rodke Federal No. 3, which was subsequently drilled under the well name the Big Eddy 101.

Q This well was drilled pursuant to the exisitng R-111 procedures?

A Yes.

Q And it was the subject of an Oil Conservation Commission hearing in which Bass was opposed with regards to the drilling of the well?

A That's correct.

Q You had two administrative hurdles to overcome for the drilling of this well. In addition to the Oil Conservation Division it was the Federal permitting process?

A That's correct.

Q What was the total length of time from the decision to drill the well to actual commencement of the well?

A Eight years.

Q Did you ultimately obtain approval from the Oil Conservation Division to drill the well?

A The Oil Conservation Division gave us permission to drill the well under the -- under the order that they issued. The BLM, however, did not issue approval for drilling of that well until Bass Enterprises entered into an agreement with Mississippi Chemical Corporation.

Q All right. Let's talk for a moment about your involvement with potash operators in the enclave, and with regards to Mississippi Chemical, what other avenues that you have sought in order to utilize the area for oil and gas exploration.

A Well, we have, of course, attended multiple hearings in attempting to drill wells in the R-111 area.
We haven't had much success in any of the are that would be
colored blue on the colored map, the BLM map. That area has
primarily been denied to the oil and gas industry.

Q I'll have you take a moment and help me put up this next display, Mr. Hansen.

Would you identify on Exhibit Number Three, Mr. Hansen, what is the source of that document? What is it?

A This is the Bureau of Land Management 1984 map showing the distribution of potash resources in the Carlsbad Mining District, Eddy and Lea County, New Mexico.

We can hear you better if you'll 0 1 the exhibit and turn back this way. You've made reference to the Mississippi 3 Chemical area in which Bass and Mississippi Chemical had agreement about the development of that area? 5 That's correct. Α How is that identified on the exhibit? 7 That's identified with the red dots, many Α 8 which are in the blue area and a few of them are on border of the red areas. 10 Describe briefly what is the substance of 11 that agreement. 12 The substance of that agreement is that Α 13 after we obtained the directing from the Department of 14 terior, Mississippi Chemical Corporation to a degree broke 15 ranks with the other potash operators. 16 In what way? 17 They sought an agreement to allow us 18 drill wells in areas that today would not be considered 19 their life of mine reserves. 20 Have you been successful in an effort to Q 21 drill wells in areas that are within the R-111-A area 22 Mississippi Chemical's lease that are not within the life of 23 24 mine reserves for that company?

Yes.

Q Identify for us which of the wells have been drilled.

Me drilled two wells under this agreement. The first one, of course, is the Rodke 3, which is that location. We drilled that well several months after we entered the agreement. The Department of Interior allowed us to drill after Mississippi Chemical approved the drilling application, and we drilled this well here, which is within a little over half a mile from the mine workings under that agreement.

I might add that the Rodke 3 was a Delaware test. The Big Eddy 91, which is closer to the mine, was a Morrow test.

Q What effect did your ability to work out a voluntary agreement with Mississippi Chemical have on Bass' participation in the work study committee?

A Well, it had a great deal to do with our involvement because we -- we felt that we had something to offer in the way of an example that would possibly allow the other operators, oil and gas operators, to drill wells in areas that they have oil and gas leases on the same type philosophy.

Q That example was predicated on the oil and gas -- the potash operator setting aside life of the mine reserves in which the oil and gas operator would not

attempt to drill and as a concession, allowing the oil and gas operator to drill in other portions of the lease. That's correct. 3 4 Summarize for us, Mr. Hansen, what was 5 your participation in the OCD work study committee for the revision of rule -- procedures to the R-111-A order. 7 Α Repeat that for me. 8 Yes, sir. Describe for us your participation in the work study committee. 10 My participation was as a general commitmember at the initial meetings and then subsequent to 11 tee those meetings we had the work committees, or subcommittees, 12 13 and we participated in the work and negotiation of endeavor-14 ing to find a way to drill wells in this area. 15 Let me commence with that portion of the work study that generated the subcommittee that worked on 16 17 the various drafts between the potash industry and the oil 18 and gas industry. When did that take place, the creation of the subcommittee? 19 20 You want the date? Α 21 0 Approximate one. 22 The approximate date was March of '87. Α 23 On behalf of the oil and gas industry what 24 individuals or companies participated in the subcommittee? 25

Talisman participated, John Waid was the

A

chairman of our committee. Norbert Rempe participated with Yates. Dan Girand participated, and there was one other. I can't remember his name. A. J. Deans.

Q Did you participate in reviewing and analyzing the various drafts?

A Yes.

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Q Describe for us generally as we move through the discussion drafts in the summer of '87, what the initial positions of the potash companies were in order to arrive at an agreement.

The -- after the work -- the subcommittees were established, the potash subcommittee and the oil and gas subcommittee each devised the respective proposals. They were summarily rejected out of hand by each of the opposing subcommittees because, of course, our proposal was based on a total lopsided view of what we in the area and theirs was wanted to do to keep us completely That was before we began looking at this out. procedure.

Q Thereafter there as a subsequent draft prepared that was circulated among the committee members?

A Prior to that, at the -- at the work -- at the subcommittee meeting in El Paso, after the potash committee, subcommittee had presented their proposals, we had presented our proposals, we were at a stalemate, and at

that point the potash industry made the offer that if we would not drill in their life of mine reserves, they would give us the remaining areas that we could drill, which would be all of the green, all of the gray, all the red, and a portion of the blue.

It was subsequent to that that the draft of what we now have as the statement was made.

Q Was there any guidance or direction given to the work study drafting committee with regards to the position of the Bureau of Land Management in terms of what parameters they would accept?

A Yes, the representatives of the Bureau of Land Management attended the critical sessions and advised us what they would and would not live with insofar as our negotiation of where we would drill and the buffer zones, et cetera.

Q Did the Oil Conservation Division set any parameters or guidance for discussion with regard to the drafting of revised rules?

A They, as well, participated in guiding the subcommittees on which direction they would and would not go.

Q At what point were the drafts in such a form that they were shared with the other members of the committee?

After the November -- well, the -- let's Α 1 see here. 2 potash subcommittee proposed -- they 3 drafted the first form of the agreement. They sent it to Charlie High sent it to me under a letter and I sent it 5 to the other committee members. not the subcommittee members, the full committee members, with their -- with the 7 request that they respond with their comments and their suggestions on how we might better this agreement. Did you receive comments and suggestions 10 from other members of the oil and gas industry participating 11 in the study? 12 We received some of them. Α 13 And did you pass on all those suggestions 14 and comments on to the potash industry? 15 Α Yes, we passed that on in a letter. 16 0 Subsequent to that, what then occurred, 17 Mr. Hansen? 18 Α Well, we waited several weeks to obtain 19 all of the comments that we received and at that point we 20 went to the November 23rd subcommittee meeting and finalized 21 the statement of recommendations. 22 And how was that statement of 23 recommendations executed on November 23rd, '87, distributed 24

to the rest of the industries?

25

It was distributed -- it was executed by Α 1 the members of the subcommittees that were in attendance at 2 that time and it was subsequently sent to all the committee 3 members for their information and their -- whatever wanted to do with it. 5 I believe at this MR. LEMAY: 6 point we'll take a break for lunch and reconvene at 1:15. 7 8 (Thereupon the noon recess was taken.) 9 10 MR. LEMAY: Mr. Kellahin. 11 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. 12 Chairman. 13 14 JENS HANSEN, 15 resuming the witness stand, testified as follows, to-wit: 16 17 DIRECT EXAMINATION CONTINUED 18 BY MR. KELLAHIN: 19 Mr. Hansen, for the last ten years you've 0 20 been personally involved in attempting to drill in the pot-21 ash area, attempting to obtain approval from the Secretary 22 to the Bureau of Land Management for drilling in the potash 23 area, and have struggled with the existing procedure.

Exhibit Two that was introduced by Mr.

Lyon represents a statement of the potash industry and the oil industry's position executed on November 23rd. Does your signature appear on that document?

A It does.

Do you have an opinion, Mr. Hansen, as to whether or not the stated agreement of November 23rd represents an improvement over the existing R-111 procedures?

A We believe it is an improvement.

Q In what way?

A Because it allows the wells to be drilled in the potash area that cannot normally be drilled under the prescribed procedures that have been followed over the last -- since 1955.

In your own words, Mr. Hansen, would you summarize what the give and take was as you understand it between the two industries that resulted in the statement of November 23rd?

A The give and take between the potash industry and the oil and gas, or the potash representatives and the oil and gas representatives, was primarily the same as the give and take in the Mississippi Chemical agreement between Bass and Mississippi Chemical, and that is that we protect the life of the mine reserves and drill the other areas. That -- that's the primary, fundamental concept of

 this agreement.

Q Let's go through the agreement and talk about some of the specific reasons particular provisions are contained within the agreement.

First of all, on Page 2, Commissioner Humphries this morning directed Mr. Lyon's attention to the fact that in Subparagraph 1 it says or requests that the Oil Conservation Commission adopt this in lieu of the current order without substantial change.

What's the basis for having that language in the agreement?

A Well, because we believe the agreement is balanced the way that it is written to, like I said, to protect oil and gas reserves, to drill them, and to protect the potash reserves under the life of the mine reserve concept.

Q Let's look at the bottom portion of Page 2 and it says the intent of the parties are that, and it goes on and discusses the life of the mine reserves.

Mr. Humphries had a question this morning concerning what happens when those life of the mine reserves have been fully exhausted or depleted by the potash operator. Do they continue to be life of the mine reserves for which the oil and gas operator is precluded from drilling? What is your understanding of the mechanism under the agreement by which the life of the mine reserves will be updated

or adjusted?

My understanding of the way this document would apply would be a provision that designates the minine reserves that's filed each year with the BLM. That designation every year would -- would include either new areas that have been discovered as being life of the mine reserves or old areas that had theretofore been designated life of the mine reserves and were no longer considered so. Also, I would assume that it would also include mined out areas that could be safely drilled.

Q Do you have an opinion as to whether that is a preferable procedure with more flexibility than the current R-111-A procedures whereby the potash operator files annually his 3-to-5 year mining plan?

A Yes. We believe it would be a better procedure inasmuch as the Bureau of Land Management would be able to monitor the situation; be able to monitor the filings that the potash operators would submit, and in so doing would only allow them to designate life of the mine reserves where they actually lie. We've been assured that by the Bureau of Land Management at the subcommittee meetings.

Q When we look at the top portion of Page 3, there is a reference to the BLM Potash Resources Map of October 1st of '84, and then it shows generally what areas are to be included or excluded from the life of the mine re-

serves.

A Yes.

Q Can you look at display number three, which is Bass Exhibit Three, and show us generally what is your understanding of how that would operate?

A As I understand the way it would operate, the areas in green, gray, red, and approximately 25 percent of the blue will be available for oil and gas drilling.

The areas in yellow, orange, and approximately 75 percent of the blue would be off limits to all drilling.

Q Do you have an opinion as to whether that represents an advantage or a disadvantage under -- over the current system?

A I think it's an advantage inasmuch as we have sought the establishment of drilling islands since the '75 secretarial order was promulgated. We have yet to know of anyone in the industry, in the oil and gas industry, who has established a drilling island in the entire potash basin. It has not happened. We are to some degree advised that it will not happen.

Q When we look at Page 3 of the agreement and it talks about the potash area --

A Yes.

Q -- and it's the -- my understanding of

Α

No.

To some degree we are but we

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1
   this language is it makes the -- proposed to make the R-111-
   A area coterminous with the BLM area.
                                            Is that what
   does?
                      Yes, that's correct.
            Α
5
                      Do you have any support or opposition to
            Q
   that proposal?
7
            Α
                       We
                           do not have opposition to that pro-
   posal under the conditions that the casing requirements cur-
   rently under regulation would not be increased by enlarging
   the R-111 area. That's covered further in the agreement.
10
11
                       When we look at Page 4 there is a sub-
            0
12
   heading under here, Designation of Mine Reserves.
                                                          What's
13
   the basis for having this particular provision in the agree-
14
   ment?
15
                      Well, this would allow the protection of
            Α
16
   additional potash reserves if they were subsequently dis-
17
   covered from the date of this statement.
18
                      It would also allow for the contraction
19
   of the area if it was discovered that such an area did not
20
   represent a true life of mine reserves.
21
                      Are you bothered or concerned by the fact
22
   that the information conveyed by the potash operator to
23
   BLM will be considered privileged and confidential informa-
24
   tion?
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-- we think that can be overcome.

Q We get now to Page 5 and it talks about the drilling in the potash area and it goes through a system that Mr. High and Mr. Lyon discussed earlier this morning in which there are various size buffer zones.

What is Bass' position with regards to the buffer zones as proposed in the November 23rd agreement?

A It's our position that these are the buffer zones the BLM now has under their policy and they are actually referred to in the 1986 Secretarial Order but the Bureau of Land Management at the subcommittee meetings warned us that these buffer zones would not be narrowed in any way.

So they're going to have to stand as they have been.

Assume this hypothetical, Mr. Hansen, if the OCD establishes a buffer zone that's less than this area described in the agreement, could the Bureau of Land Management still deny the permit to drill on Federal lands based upon a different buffer standard?

A Yes.

Q And that in fact is what has occurred, has it not?

A That's correct.

Q There is a notice provision set forth on

paragraph -- Page 8 and Subparagraph 14 (sic) in which the existing R-111-A notice provisions are expanded from the 10-day notice to potash operators to a 20-day period. Do you have any comments about notice provisions?

A No, we -- I think they're acceptable.

Q 20-day notice in your opinion is acceptable and that was a date that was negotiated and discussed among the potash industry and the oil and gas industry?

A That's correct.

Which I must tell you I can't find right at the moment. I believe it's on Page 8, Subparagraph A of Paragraph IV, and there was language that Commissioner Humphries discussed this morning about unitization in the potash area.

First of all, would you describe the reason that that information is in the agreement?

A The reason that information is in the agreement is because it appears in the 1986 Secretarial Order.

Q What appears in the Secretarial Order?

A The possibility of unitizing areas due to drainage and the concept there is if a well is drilled, the border of one of these zones, border zones, is -- buffer zones, it's drilled at the edge of a buffer zone and it drains acreage, oil and gas from acreage underlying an oil

and gas lease that cannot be permitted and drilled, then there should be some mechanism for unitization to protect that leaseholder and the mineral -- owner of the minerals from drainage, and that -- it's only a well-by-well basis it's a concept in which we -- we saw this.

Q The suggested language that's used on Page 8 in Paragraph A about unitization is language that you suggested for the document?

A We requested that -- that Charlie High place something in the document that mentioned it. It would be virtually impossible to explore all the possibilities of unitization. You would have Federal units, State units, and all we wanted to do was to mention the possibility for protecting correlative rights through this concept.

Q And it has its basis in the Secretarial Order?

A Yes.

Q And for no other reason?

A No other reason.

Q The concerns that Commissioner Humphries expressed this morning about having this used to create units for a large life of the mine reserve area was not the intent of that provision?

A No, in fact we do not -- we could not foresee anyone who owned an oil and gas lease in a life of

mine reserve who was not in danger of being drained, being a 1 part of any unit that would be designated for that purpose. Let's take a specific example, Mr. 3 sen, of what your opinion is with regards to how the proposed agreement, if adopted, would work in a particular in-5 stance, versus how it works now in that same instance. I'd like to direct your attention to your 7 Exhibit Number Three and to the Texaco well which is in 8 their Forty-Niner Unit. It's the No. 3 Well? Correct. Α 10 Q And you've highlighted it on that exhi-11 bit? 12 Α That's correct. 13 Would you go to the exhibit and show Q us 14 all where it is? 15 Α It's located right here. 16 It's the blue dot in the southern end 17 the display? 18 That's correct. Α 19 Q Okay. Under the existing R-111-A proce-20 dures what was Texaco required to do in order to obtain the 21 approval of one of the two wells they sought to drill in the 22 potash area? 23 Α They were required to file an application 24

to drill and then notify the appropriate potash operators in

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the vicinity of the proposed location. 2 And that subsequently resulted in a contested hearing? That's correct. Α 5 0 If the proposed agreement is incorporated into new R-111-A rule, what is your understanding opinion with regards to what would happen for that type of well? 9 We asked specifically about that well un-Α der this statement and --11 Whom did you ask? Q 12 Α We asked International -- IMC, Walter 13 Thayer. 14 And what is your understanding of whether 15 or not under a procedure, if it's adopted under a rule 16 change, whether or not that location, then, for the Texaco 17 well would require notice and hearing and a contested dis-18 pute? 19 Α It would have been approved under 20 provision and this agreement without hearing.

Q How would that be accomplished?

A Well, they would file the application, notify the potash operator; the potash operator would advise them that the well could be drilled because it is not located in a life of the mine reserve or the buffer zone pro

tecting that life of mine reserve.

In this particular well here it would be in the barren area, anyway.

Q Does Bass support the adoption by the Commission of the matters set forth in the statement of position for November 23rd, 1987?

A Yes.

Q Let's go to Mr. Lyon's or the Division staff's draft of a proposed order, which I believe is marked as Exhibit Number Four.

Let me direct your attention to Page 15 of that exhibit, Mr. Hansen. Do you have a copy of it?

A Yes.

Q Mr. High and Mr. Lyon discussed the portion of Page 13 that set forth a procedure where after notice and hearing there is a possibility that an oil and gas operator could drill a well within the life of the mine reserve area.

What was, in fact, the agreement between the oil and gas industry and the potash industry on that issue?

A The agreement reached in the subcommittee on that -- on that issue is that we would not drill in a life of mine reserve in return for the areas around the life of mine reserve, and that the only -- under this particular

wording we would assume that the purpose of a hearing would be determine whether an area is actually in a life of the mine reserve, not whether they could drill in it or not.

Q Do you support the language as written by Mr. Lyon in this proposed draft order?

A It does not represent what the subcommittees agreed to in the statement.

Q Commissioner Humphries was concerned this morning about whether or not, intentionally or unintentionally, the Commissioner of Public Lands and his staff were being omitted from the process by which a decision would be made by either the OCD or the BLM affecting the drilling of wells on State potash acreage.

What was your understanding of how this agreement would apply and affect the operations of the Commissioner of Public Lands Office?

A Well, we -- it was not our purpose to exclude any portion of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Commission, including the Commissioner, and their control over State lands, and I think the reason the NMOCC was mentioned in here is because they handle most of the technical matters that arise out of these proceedings.

Q Have you had an opportunity to review Mr.

Lyon's proposed order with regards to the way he's suggested the adoption of the provisions of the agreement executed by

24

25

114 1 the two industries on November 23rd of '87? 2 Yes. 3 Apart from the observation about hearing question on life of mine reserve areas, do you have 5 any comments or observations about the way Mr. Lyon has pro-6 posed to implement the terms of the agreement? 7 We have a little bit of problem with --8 We realize on Page 3 regarding the casing programs. the Bureau of Land Management and the NMOCD want to have as 10 much discretion in this matter as possible; however, we be-11 lieve that if the potash industry is comfortable with the 12 casing program and provisions set out in the statement, then 13 we believe those should be enacted and become policy. 14 Do you have any other observations about 15 the way Mr. Lyon has structured a proposed order? 16 Α No. 17 Do you have a summary conclusion, 18 Hansen, with regards to Bass' position and recommendation to 19 the Commission concerning the issue of revision to the 20 111-A procedures and rules as they now exist? 21 Α Yes. 22

Q What is that?

A Well, it's the position of our company that this area for fifteen and twenty years now has been a source of an emotional conflict between two industries and

that the conflict has resulted in an economic waste of time and money. We've accomplished very little under this procedure and we've been in a conflict phase for fifteen or twenty years and we believe that beginning with the MCC agreement, that that began a new phase of cooperation and understanding, and I think the oil industry should in the future be a little more sensitive about what the non-gassy mine classification that these individuals enjoy and they're trying to protect, and that the potash industry be a little more sensitive about the areas we want to drill and the areas they've kept us out of because they were concerned that we would come too far and drill either in their mining areas or disturb their reserves.

So based upon that, we -- we endorse this statement and we think it's not a perfect document and it won't solve all the problems but it's another step and a new phase that should be looked at in a positive manner and implemented with optimism and cooperation.

MR. KELLAHIN: Nothing further of Mr. Hansen.

We move the introduction of Bass Exhibits One through Three.

MR. LEMAY: Without objection Bass Exhibits One, Two, Three will be admitted into the record.

```
Thank you, Mr. Kellahin.
1
                                 Questions of the witness?
                                                            Yes,
   sir, Mr. Hall.
3
                                      HALL: Briefly, Mr. Chair-
                                 MR.
   man.
5
                         CROSS EXAMINATION
7
   BY MR. HALL:
8
                            Jenson (sic), I wonder if you could
            0
                      Mr.
9
   clarify for us --
10
                       Hansen.
             Α
11
                        I'm sorry, Hansen. Would you please
12
   clarify for the Commission and I just what exactly is Bass'
13
   position with respect to the adoption of Exhibit Four, which
14
    is the proposed rule, amending R-111 and the Exhibit B to
15
    that, which is Exhibit Two?
16
                       Does Bass come here today to support
17
    adoption of Exhibit Four?
18
                        You're talking about the proposed order,
             Α
19
   R-111-P?
20
             Q
                       Which Mr. Lyon suggests.
21
                             This is the first time we've looked
                       Yes.
22
    at it as this is the first time you've seen it and we like
23
    some of the things we see. We're a little concerned about
24
```

the casing, the discretion of the casing, as I just testi-

fied. If the potash industry is comfortable with allowing us to abandon the R-lll casing requirements outside one mile from -- from the LMR, we would recommend that that be included in a subsequent order.

with is -- which I testified -- is this drilling in the life of the mine reserves. That was not part of our agreement at subcommittee level and the purpose for the potash industry in allowing us to come in and drill, as Mississippi Chemical has done, is the assurance that their potash reserves will be protected, and that we will not encroach to them as they have been concerned in previous years.

Q So does Bass suppoprt or oppose Exhibit Four?

A Generally it supports Exhibit Four.

Q Mr. Hansen, were you here earlier this morning and did you have an opportunity to hear the testimony of Mr. Lyons?

A Yes, I did.

Q Would you agree with Mr. Lyon's conclusion that there are in fact certain inconsistencies between Exhibit Four and the Exhibit B attachment to that which is the industry letter agreement?

A Yes, I would.

Q Instead of adopting the industry letter

agreement as Exhibit B to the new order, would Bass be opposed to sending that letter agreement back to the drawing board and subjecting it to further deliberations and allowing other members of the industry an opportunity to make suggestions for appropriate language for an Exhibit B to make it more compatible with Exhibit Four?

A I think we would object to that.

Q Why?

A Because everyone had an opportunity to participate. The agreement was sent out, the proposed agreement was sent out to all the subcommittee, to all the committee members. They had the opportunity to respond. Some responded; some didn't.

If there are problems I think we can sit down and look at them but I don't -- I sense we're talking about a complete redrafting of this document, which we would be opposed it.

Q But you would agree with me that some of the objectives or goals of the letter agreement are directly opposed to those set out in the proposed order.

- A Such as?
- Q The drilling in the LMR area.
- A We support that as it appears in the statement.
 - Q All right, so it is directly opposed to

BARON FORM 25CISP3 TOLL FREE IN CALIFORNIA 800 227 2434 NATIONWIDE 8

```
1 lier that the representatives of IMC told you that had
2 provisions of the letter agreement been in effect that they
3 would not have opposed that location?
           Α
                     That's correct.
5
                     Did they also tell you that at that very
6 hearing in which they were a party, they took the position
  that all of Section 16 contained mineable reserves?
                     That doesn't surprise me because this has
9 been going on -- this is the -- your point is well taken and
10 that's what we've been saying all along. Without assurances
11 that we will not disturb life of mine reserves, they're not
12 going to allow us to drill anywhere and I think that's been
13 their -- their purpose all along.
                                        That's why it took
14 eight years to drill the Rodke 3. You're exactly right.
15
                      Do you have an opinion on whether or
                                                            not
16 the information that would be provided to the BLM by
                                                            the
17 potash leaseholders would be reliable?
18
           Α
                     Yes.
                            I think it would be reliable.
19
                      Let me direct your attention to the let-
           Q
20 ter agreement. Do you have that in front of you?
21
           Α
                      Yes.
22
                       Throughout there are several references
23 to what I call the transfer of liability and if I could dir-
24 ect your attention to Page 9 of the letter agreement, let me
25 read you a sentence.
```

BARON FORM 25C16P3 TOLL FREE IN CALIFORNIA 800-227-2434 NATIONWIDE BO

```
121
 1
            Α
                      Okay.
                       "Oil
                             and gas leaseholders and those
            0
 3
            and/or entities involved in the development of the
   lease shall be responsible, as provided by law, for any dam-
   ages caused by them to any person by the release of gases or
   liquids into the strata or atmosphere as a result of dril-
 7
   ling activities."
 8
                      Now, would it be your understanding that
   if I were to own a lease and farm it out to someone else, or
10
   if I were a non-operator under an oil and gas lease, and
11
   something happened, I would still be liable?
12
                       No.
                              I can only tell you -- I'm not a
            Α
13
    lawyer so I cannot speak from a legal standpoint.
14
   tell you what our counsel has informed us. That's the only
15
   way I can respond to your question and the way I respond to
16
   that is they even told us that this does not increase
17
    liability of an oil and gas operator drilling under
                                                            this
18
    agreement.
19
                       And what is the purpose of this transfer
            Q
20
   of liability language?
21
            Α
                       To make the potash operators more comfor-
22
    table.
            It may be meaningless but it's in there.
23
            Q
                       Thank you. Nothing further.
```

MR.

LEMAY:

Thank you,

Mr.

25 Hall.

I'd al-

that

at,

Did you attend all the meetings that were

committee, the small group that came up with the draft?

Yes, sir.

Α

Q

2

our statement of agreement, did we not?

24

25

```
gration of methane gas.
            Α
                      True.
2
                       Now, under the proposed order that
3
   Lyons came up with this morning, I believe you testified in
   response to questions from Mr. Kellahin and Mr. Hall that
   the proposal of Mr. Lyons that wells could be drilled in the
   LMR was inconsistent with our agreement.
                      That's correct.
8
                      You're also aware, too, aren't you, Mr.
9
   Hansen,
            that there were a number of tradeoffs involved in
10
   these negotations.
11
            Α
                      That's correct.
12
                       The potash industry gave up some things
            0
13
   that it considered very important, didn't it?
14
            Α
                      Correct.
15
                       And in return the oil and gas
                                                        industry
16
   gave up some things that you -- you people have wanted for a
17
   long time.
18
            Α
                      Okay.
19
                       And the endresult was that with
20
   those compromises we finally reached a point where we could
21
   both agree to something.
22
                      That's correct.
23
```

And to preserve that we put something

agreement that

If you would -- if I could direct your

Α

111-A, as amended."

Α

0

That's correct.

attention to Page 2 and I'd like to refer you specifically

to Paragraph Number 1 and Number 2 on Page 2, and I believe

this has been received into evidence as Exhibit -- I believe

it's Exhibit Two but -- in Exhibit Two on Page 2 Paragraph

Number 1 says, "Upon approval by representatives of each in-

must be adopted without substantial change by the New Mexico

Oil Conservation Commission in lieu of the current Order R-

reached must be adopted without substantial chance, doesn't

thing with the exception of referring to the Bureau of Land

Management as opposed to the New Mexico OCC, is that cor-

says that the

And Paragraph 2 says essentially the same

dustry the terms of the agreement will be submitted to

That

Yes.

3

2

7

10

11

12

13

14

it?

rect?

15

16

17

18

19

20

Α Correct.

21

22

23

24

25

Would you, based upon your participation 0 in these negotiations, Mr. Hansen, agree with me that the proposed order of Mr. Lyons this morning that would allow drilling in the LMR is a substantial change from our agreement?

If you propose

23

24

25

It is a substantial change, yes. A 1 Thank you. Q 2 MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. 3 High. Mr. Bruce. 5 CROSS EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. BRUCE: 7 Mr. Hansen, I believe you stated that you 8 support some mechanism to allow oil and gas operators knowledge of LMR boundaries. 10 We're in favor of it, yes. Α 11 Well, in your opinion is that consistent Q 12 with the statement of agreement? 13 Α Well, we want to know all we can 14 about where their life of mine reserves are. They say it's 15 sensitive information but as it -- as it's divulged, we sure 16 want to know about it. That's all I'm saying. We'd like to 17 have all the information about it we can have. 18 0 Well, is there anything in the statement 19 of agreement about divulging that information? 20 No, there's nothing about divulging, only Α 21 but that's -- all that information is going to the BLM, 22

come out over time as wells are proposed. You're going to

wells on every 40 acres out there, you're going to know

know where the life of mine reserves are.

```
where their life of mine reserves are. Then we're going to
   find out if they're kidding us or not, we're really going to
2
   get 25 percent of the area.
                       Well, that covers proposed wells on a
   case-by-case basis, Mr. Hansen, but what does that do as far
5
   as lease acquisition?
                       I don't know.
                                       What does it do?
            Α
                                                          I mean
7
   you can still acquire oil and gas leases. You're going to
   have the same potash --
                       But you really don't know what -- whether
10
   or not you'll be allowed to drill on them, do you?
11
                       Well, I can tell you, you're not going to
            Α
12
   be allowed to drill on it if it's in blue. We -- with your
13
   law firm we spent probably a million dollars and couldn't do
14
   it.
15
                                               Do you have addi-
                                 MR.
                                      LEMAY:
16
   tional questions?
17
                                               All I can say, I
                                 MR.
                                      BRUCE:
18
   wasn't involved.
19
                                 MR.
                                      KELLAHIN:
                                                  He says taking
20
   the arrow out of his heart.
21
                           High asked you about substantial --
             Q
                        Mr.
22
   substantial change, but of course that's kind of an individ-
23
24
   ual thing, isn't it? Substantial to one person might not be
```

substantial to another.

A I think what he was discussing would be a substantial change.

Q In your opinion.

A Yes, yes, because that's a primary, fundamental concept of the agreement.

MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr.

Bruce.

Commissioner Humphries.

QUESTIONS BY MR. HUMPHRIES:

Q Mr. Hansen, using Mr. High's map for a reference, and accepting that 25 percent deduction in the so-called holdings of the potash companies as being given up, given the inside line next to where you indicated LMR, the life of mine reserves, and the next line being a quarter mile buffer zone with the cross hatching, is it your understanding that the 25 percent that we're talking about is outside of the quarter mile line or outside of the line depicting life of the mine reserves?

A We don't know. We don't know that yet.

Q I'm not positive that I interpreted you correctly in saying your concerns about a difference between Exhibit Four and the agreement, the industry agreement, are the casing language, the introduction of the language that Mr. Lyon discussed this morning about the so-called APD's

FORM 25C16P3 TOLL FREE IN CALIFORNIX

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for life -- inside the life of the mine reserves,
   think you said voluntary compliance. Did I -- did I under-
2
   stand that right?
                      I don't know.
            Α
                      Okay.
            0
5
                      But you -- you have touched on the two --
            Α
6
   two areas.
7
            0
                      Those are the only two concerns? Now --
8
                      Yes.
            Α
9
                       -- as
                               I understand it, this industry
10
   agreement was worked out by all the people who participated
11
   willingly in this and everybody that could have possibly,
12
   humanly been contacted was contacted, is that --
13
            Α
                      We urged everyone to participate all they
14
   would.
15
                       Yet we don't have an unequivocal commit-
            Q
16
   ment on the part of all the mining companies or all of the
17
                     This is strictly a voluntary agreement,
   oil companies.
18
   isn't it?
19
                      That's correct.
            Α
20
                      Thank you.
            Q
21
                                      LEMAY: Mr. Ingram, do you
                                 MR.
22
   have a question?
23
                                 MR. INGRAM: Yes.
                                                    I'm Hugh In-
24
25
   gram with Conoco. I'd like to ask Mr. Hansen a question, an
```

BY MR. KELLAHIN:

Q Mr. Bruce raised an issue with you about confidentiality of the potash information as conveyed to the BLM. Under the current procedures do you have access to that confidential information now?

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

A Only core hole information and then you have to do the evaluations yourself.

Q So changing from the current system to the proposed implementation of the agreement doesn't give up something that the oil and gas industry has now, anyway.

A No, it doesn't. In fact, we don't give up much of anything in this thing.

Q Nothing further.

QUESTIONS BY MR. LEMAY:

Q I have just one question only to pursue a little bit more, Mr. Hansen, the concept of life of mine reserves.

Is it Bass' position that they would accept the definition of life of mine reserves as defined on Page 4 of Exhibit Two of the Commission staff? Division staff? Where it says, "Life of mine reserves means those potash deposits within the potash area reasonably believed

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by the potash lessee to contain potash ore in sufficient thickness and grade to be mineable using current day mining methods, equipment and technology."

A We would be willing to accept that only because the BLM, the officials of the BLM have assured us that they will not allow that to be abused.

Q So is it -- I'm trying to narrow this thing down.

(REPORTER'S NOTE: The following paragraph of question by Mr. LeMay was determined to be confidential information and is hereby stricken from this transcript as directed by Mr. LeMay following objection by Mr. High.)

That would have to be as is currently set up; it would have to be more or less what the potash company would submit to the BLM who would approve that submittal?

A That's our understanding, yes.

Q That's what I'm getting at this point, too.

A Yes, sir. That we would rely upon the BLM to adjudicate all of these matters as far as making sure the life of the mine reserves as being enforced actually

25

```
represent what would be mined under current mining condi
1
   tions.
2
                      Well,
                            then was it also your recommenda-
3
          again referring to OCD Exhibit Number Four this time,
4
   Item Roman numeral VII (4), is it? I think so. The objec-
   tion which was in direct contradiction to the agreement, the
   hearing process whereby the OCD could override some life of
   the mine reserve area.
8
                      Yes.
                      Was it your recommendation that a hearing
10
   process be substituted to determine the life of mine reser-
11
   ves or just the elimination of that?
12
                      No.
                           it wasn't -- my undertanding of how
13
   that would --
14
                                MR.
                                       HIGH:
15
                                                Excuse
                                                        me,
                                                             Mr.
   Chairman, may I point out something? You -- you just refer-
16
   red to testimony from another case that's subject to a con-
17
   fidentiality order. The testimony you just referred to with
18
   respect to reserves in 9148 was covered by an agreement that
19
20
   it was not to be exposed.
21
                                MR.
                                     LEMAY:
                                               That's
                                                       true.
                                                               Ι
   would apologize. Can we strike that from the record?
23
                                MR. HIGH: I would move that we
```

strike that and would ask that we not refer to it again.

MR.

LEMAY:

I'm sorry,

Mr.

High, that's correct. I had those in notes without an accompanying confidentiality. I would just state that because commercial ore is considered commercial by different companies, and that is a confidential item, that if we're referring to a hearing process and looking at the life of mine reserves, is it your recommendation that this hearing process apply to the definition of life of mine reserves in a given area or that we just strike out the recommended paragraph entirely?

A No, I think it should apply to -- to situations whereby a potash operator and the oil and gas operator who wants to drill a well cannot agree that they are, either are or not, life of mine reserves and they -- in some case they may not believe the BLM; they may want to have a hearing process, and under this provision it's the BLM that makes the determinations and the NMOCD provides a hearing structure for -- for that purpose and that's our understanding of the purpose of a hearing, would be under -- for the sole purpose of determining life of the mine reserves boundaries.

Q Thank you.

MR. LEMAY: Additional

23 | questions of the witness?

Yes, Mr. Lyon.

OUESTIONS BY MR. LYON:

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Hansen, you mentioned that there are Q Mr. a couple points in the proposed order that you felt were contradiction to the agreement.

Am I correct that the two instances are in Section Roman numeral III, Paragraph (4) and Section VII, Paragraph (4)? Are those the two instances or have I been looking at the wrong language?

Right, I think you've got it.

I'm really having a little bit of difficulty why you feel -- well, first, let me address the one, the second one.

Would you feel that -- would your feeling be the same if we deleted the words "after notice and hearing" in that next to the last paragraph, so that it would read, "Any application to drill in the LMR area, including buffer zones, may be approved only by mutual agreement of lessor and lessee of both potash and oil and gas interests."

Α It's all right with me if it's all right with them.

MR. LEMAY: Is that all, Mr. Lyon, or do you have something further?

In regard to the first language, been trying to find some what that I thought might be consistent with the agreement and I'm having trouble finding

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it. I really don't see any problem in there.

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23 24

tions of the witness

25

Α I guess the problem would be how large an area is in, for example, in the green and gray and the red, how large an area you would require us to set the casing under the R-111 rather than abandon that casing procedure anticipated by this statement that we agreed to.

0 Well. it says that he can waive the requirements on showing that the location is outside the LMR and the surrunding buffer zone and then the language that no potash reserves would be endangered, for which Mr. Kellahin said he would like to furnish us some suggested language for that.

you feel that we should have in there that there is -- there would be no requirement to use that salt protection string in the areas outside the LMR and buffer.

Α That's what we think should be there, because if they're not, you know, if they're not concerned, they're safety conscious, anyway, if they're willing to allow us to do it, then I think we ought to do it. No sense in spending the money if you don't need to.

> MR. LEMAY: Additional

Yes, Mr. High.

MR. HIGH: If I may, Mr. Chair-

man. Thank you.

RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. HIGH:

Q Mr. Hansen, as a follow-up to a question asked by Mr. Lyon concerning his draft of a proposed order, I believe it's Exhibit Number Four, Page 15 and following. Do you have that in front of you?

A Yeah.

Q As I understood his question, he asked you whether or not you would be in favor of a change in the top paragraph on Page 15 that would delete words so that it would read, beginning with the second sentence, "Any application to drill in the LMR area, including buffer zones, may be approved by mutual agreement of lessor and lessee of both potash and oil and gas," and what was your response to that question?

A My response was that it's okay with us if it's all right with you, because you're probably going to say no and that's the only way to concur.

Q You entered into -- I'm sorry, withdraw that -- Bass entered into an agreement with Mississippi Chemical, didn't they?

A That's correct.

Q And that agreement was a private agree-

```
ment between Bass and Mississippi Chemical with respect to
   the drilling f oil and gas wells in the potash area, wasn't
2
   it?
3
                      That's correct.
            Α
                      And what position, if you know, did the
5
   potash industry take with respect to that agreement?
                      Well, the potash industry vigorously op-
            Α
7
   posed it.
8
                      Wasn't it the potash industry's position
            Q
9
   that no two people, including oil and gas and potash
10
   sees, can sit down and enter into an agreement that vio-
11
   lates State law?
12
            Α
                       That's correct.
13
                       And wasn't the potash industry position
            Q
14
   that Statelaw protects potash?
15
            Α
                       Correct.
16
                       And that Federal law protects potash.
            Q
17
                      Correct.
            Α
18
                       And that private parties cannot by agree-
19
   ment change that law.
20
                       That was your position.
            Α
21
                        And isn't that why we have in the state-
            Q
22
   ment of agreement now, Mr. Hansen, the requirement that our
23
   agreement, which is between private parties, be submitted ot
24
   the regulatory agencies for adoption by them so that
25
```

```
139
   not a private agreement but instead is a law applicable to
   everyone.
 2
                       That's correct.
             Α
3
                       Thank you.
             Q
                                 MR. LEMAY: Mr. High.
 5
                                 Additional questions?
                                 If not, the witness may be ex-
7
   cused.
 8
                                 MR.
                                      KELLAHIN:
                                                   That concludes
9
   our presentation, Mr. Chairman.
10
                                 MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Kel-
11
    lahin.
12
                                 Are you ready, Mr. Hall?
13
14
                        LEONARD JOHN SEEMAN,
15
    being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his
16
   oath, testified as follows, to-wit:
17
18
                         DIRECT EXAMINATION
19
   BY MR. HALL:
20
                       For the record, please state your name.
             Q
21
                       Leonard John Seeman.
             Α
22
                       Mr. Seeman, by whom are you employed and
             0
23
    in what capacity?
24
             Α
                       I'm employed by Texaco. I'm District En-
25
```

Overall

it's

And are you familiar with the oil/potash

Have you previously testified in front of

gineering Manager in Hobbs.

Yes, sir.

the Commission and had your credentials accepted?

Q

Α

2

3

5

area?

```
because we don't know where the areas of life of mine reser-
1
   ves are.
                                 MR. LEMAY: Mr. Seeman's quali-
3
   fications, by the way, are accepted.
                                 MR.
                                       HALL:
                                                Thank you,
                                                             Mr.
5
   Chairman.
                      Let's refer to what's been marked Exhibit
            0
7
   One and would you identify that, please, and explain what
8
   that shows?
            Α
                        Okay.
                               These -- these are two plats of
10
   our Forty-Niner Ridge Unit.
11
                      The
                           map on the left shows an area
12
   would be barren on the BLM map. Okay, that's this curved
13
   line here.
               All right. It also shows Texaco's three wells,
14
   the 1, 2, and 3 Wells. Okay.
                                      The hatched area would be
15
   available for drilling under current conditions.
                                                        In other
16
   words, this is the barren area and these hatched locations
17
   are potential locations on our leases. These are Texaco's
18
   six leases.
19
                      What does the map on the right side show?
             Q
20
             Α
                      Okay. The map on the right side shows in
21
   this dashed line a warter mile buffer zone from what would
22
   be blue on the BLM map up here and down here.
23
                       This also -- want me to go on?
24
```

Yes, go ahead.

Q

A Okay. This would show, these hatched ones would be the ones available with that buffer. These would be available without the buffer.

These are State acres. These are State leases here.

Texaco last summer came to hearings and presented evidence and it obtained an APD for our No. 3 well. The well has been drilled and recently completed as a top allowable well n the Cherry Canyon.

Q Mr. Seemans, let me ask you one question. Is the buffer zone you've spoken of in conjunction with the exhibit the same buffer zone that's defined by the industry agreement?

A Yes sir.

Q How much acreage amount is involved and affected by that buffer zone?

A It's essentially twenty 40-acre locations, 800acres.

Q Okay. Do you have an idea of the amount of reserve volumes that would be affected by the buffer zone?

A This Cherry Canyon play is a little tough to put exact numbers on but we feel that 60,000 is what's necessary to be profitable, so must use 60,000, and the wells, like I say, two of them are top allowable right now,

```
143
   so until we get a little history on them it would be hard to
1
   tell, Mr. Hall.
                       And that's 60,000 per location?
            0
                       Yes, sir.
5
                        What would the economic value of each of
            Q
   those locations be?
7
            Α
                       May I just, you know, multiply? It would
   be like $24,000,000 gross and $20,000,000 net.
                       And it's for an 8/8ths interest?
10
                       Yes, that's 8/8ths.
11
            Q
                        Would a portion of that be attributable
12
   to the State's royalty interest?
13
            Α
                       An eighth; an eighth of the $24,000,000.
14
            0
                       I'm sorry.
15
            Α
                       An eighth of the $24,000,000.
16
                       All right.
            Q
                                    Mr. Seeman, you can set that
17
   down.
18
            Α
                       Okay.
19
            0
                        Do you have an opinion on the propriety
20
      the procedure outlined in the letter agreement for
                                                              the
21
   designation of the LMR areas by confidential means?
22
                       Yes, sir, I do.
            Α
23
                       What is your opinion?
24
            Α
                        My opinion is that it's inappropriate to
   keep
        that information confidential to an affected party.
```

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```
The reason for that is that this information is interpretive
1
   and an affected party ought to be able to interpret the in-
   formation.
3
4
                        All right.
                                     Are you familiar with Oil
   Commission Case 9148, which is the application of Texaco --
5
                       Yes, sir.
6
            Α
7
            Q
                       -- for an APD in the oil/potash area?
                       Yes, sir.
            0
                       In fact, did you testify in that hearing?
                       Yes, I did.
10
11
                       Was the same acreage shown on Exhibit One
            Q
   the subjet of the hearing --
12
13
            Α
                       Exact same acreage.
                       And in what section was your APD?
14
            0
                       Section 16.
15
16
                       Was Texaco opposed at that hearing?
17
                       Yes, they were.
            Α
18
            Q
                        What position did the potash lessee take
19
   with respect to identifying mineable reserves near that pro-
   posed well?
20
21
            Α
                       Well, at the arbitration hearing they in-
22
   dicated that that whole section was mineable.
23
            Q
                       Did you dispute that contention?
24
                       Yes.
25
                       Did the potash lessee honor all relevant
            Q
```

```
1
   data having a bearing on determining the existence of
   able reserves in that section?
                      Excuse me?
3
            Α
                        Did the potash lessee honor all relevant
   data having a bearing on determining the existence of mine-
5
   able resserves in the area?
7
            Α
                      No, sir, they ignored a (not understood).
8
            Q
                      Mr. --
                                 MR.
                                       HIGH:
                                               Mr.
                                                    Chairman, I
   don't want to interrupt Mr. Hall but I'm going to object to
10
11
   this witness testifying on behalf of the potash lessee un-
   less some foundation is laid to show he had any knowledge at
12
13
   all about what the potash lessee did or did not do.
14
                                      HALL: I think that's been
                                 MR.
   established. He was present at the hearing. He knows what
15
16
17
                      Well, it was --
            Α
18
                                 MR.
                                               Well, we're
                                      LEMAY:
                                                             not
19
   going ot re-argue the --
20
            Α
                        The same thing was at the arbitration
21
   hearing.
22
                                 MR.
                                      LEMAY: -- those cases.
23
   think your point is what will be mineable or not mineable
24
   under these exhibits. We can certainly accept that kind of
25
   evidence.
```

As far as going back and trying to restate what IMC said or didn't said or the criteria being used for mineable reserves, I don't think that's something (unclear).

MR. HALL: That was not our tack, Mr. Chairman. We were commenting on the propriety of the confidentiality procedure outlined in the letter agreement.

MR. LEMAY: I think in a broad statement where we're looking at the confidentiality of potash information, I think we'll certainly allow that testimony. That will help the Commission deliberate position.

Q Mr. Seemans, would the proposed procedures under the letter agreement allow you an opportunity to contest the designation of an LMR?

A As I understand the rule, no.

Q Mr. Seemans, in your opinion will compliance with R-111-A as it now exists result in undue waste of potash?

A It's my belief it would not.

Q In your opinion if the letter agreement is adopted as part of the order, will the waste of hydrocarbon reserves (unclear)?

A Potentially very much. I might just cite our example here.

potash industry, wasn't it?

The hearing, yes.

the potash industry saying no, isn't that orrect?

Yes, sir.

Texaco wanting to drill some wells

Α

Α

1

2

3

5

		149
1	me what the blue me	eans? Are you familiar with the map?
2	A	Yes, sir.
3	Q	Will you look, sir?
4	A	Measured potash reserves.
5	Q	And who made that determination, IMC or
6	someone else?	
7	Α	BLM.
8	Q	That's the Federal government, correct?
9	A	Yes, sir.
10	Q	So the Federal government was saying that
11	the potash deposit	s IMC was talking about was commercial
12	grade ore, is that	correct?
13	A	Measured.
14	Q	Yes, but the Federal government was say-
15	ing that and you -	- are you saying you're suspect of IMC be-
16	cause it too was	saying it was commercial deposits because
17	that's what the ed	eral government said?
18	А	No, sir. I'm saying that because the IMC
19	map didn't agree w	ith that.
20	Q	But the Federal government said it was
21	commercial deposit	s of potash ore, didn't it?
22	A	Yeah, but your man didn't agree with it.
23	Q	Well, doesn't the Federal government have
24	an obligation, Mr.	Seeman, to protect commercial potash ore?
25	A	As I understand it. The well was drilled

1 Where in that agreement, and I will loan Q you my copy if you would like, does it say that any buffer zone is measured from the edge of the blue? You established that that was the 5 able reserves at the hearing so I've got to assume that. 6 Look at Exhibit Number Two, if you will, Q 7 I'll loan you my copy, and find anywhere in there that tells, that says anything about measuring from the edge of the blue as shown on he BLM map. 10 A It's right here. 11 What page? Q 12 Page 5. Α 13 Okay, would you read it out loud, please? Q 14 Α Let me make sure I've got the right one. 15 (Reading) No oil or gas well shall be al-16 lowed from a surface location, (a) within the LMR of any 17 potash lessee; within one-quarter mile or a distance equal 18 to the depth of the ore plus 10 percent, whichever is great-19 er, of an LMR of any potash lessee. 20 All right, where in that language Q 21 just read, Mr. Seeman, did it refer to the blue as shown on 22 the BLM map? 23 As an LMR? Is that what you're saying? Α 24 No. Where, where in that agreement does Q 25 it say you measure the one-quarter mile buffer zone from the

```
152
1
   edge --
2
                       (Unclear), excuse me.
             A
3
                        Where in that agreement, is that what
             0
   you're saying, the language you just read says you measure
   the bufferfrom the edge of the blue?
6
                       From an LMR.
             Α
7
                       Okay, is there any difference between an
             0
8
   LMR and the blue as shown on the BLM map?
9
                       In this case, no.
             Α
10
                       By the agreement, is there?
             O
11
             Α
                        In this case, no. By the agreement in
12
    this case, no.
13
                       Have you read the agreement?
             0
14
                       Yes, sir; just read it.
             Α
15
                       Does -- does the agreement define LMR?
             0
16
                       Yes, sir.
             Α
17
                       And how does it define it, Mr. Seeman?
             Q
18
                       Defines it as whatever you say it is.
             Α
19
                       Is it your testimony here today that it's
20
    your opinion that an LMR would be the same as the blue
21
    shown on the BLM map?
22
                        I'm sure it's not in every case but that
             Α
23
    was established as what I would take as LMR at the hearing.
24
    You testified that was mineable reserves and you was going
```

to go mine it. I guess that is life of mine reserves, as I

```
understand life of mine.
                           Seeman, were you part of the working
                      Mr.
2
   committee?
3
                      Pardon me?
                     Were you part of the working committee for
5
   the oil and gas industry?
                       Yes, sir.
            Α
7
                        Do you understand that the concept
8
   this agreement
                   that's been reached is to protect certain
   potash deposits and to release other potash deposits?
10
            Α
                       Yes.
11
                       Do you understand that the agreement does
12
   not prohibit the mining of potash outside of an area that's
13
                            Would it ever occur to you that some
   otherwise protected?
14
   of the potash may be mined yet it's not protected. Did that
15
   ever occur to you?
16
                       No, sir.
             Α
17
                       Well, do you understand this agreement--
18
   that the agreement that's been reached releases areas to the
19
   oil and gas industry for the drilling of oil and gas wells
20
   that contain potash deposits?
21
             Α
                       It also takes some away, so I don't know
22
   what the net result is?
23
                       I don't have anything else. Thank you.
             Q
24
```

MR.

LEMAY:

Thank you,

Mr.

```
the Forty-Niner No. 3 Well, that was in a section that was a
1
   State section?
                       Yes,
                             Section 16 of -- Section 16,
                                                            Range
3
   30 East, Township 23 South.
                       Would you help me locate it on Bass Exhi-
5
   bit Number One, Mr. Seeman?
                       The
                           other sections that Texaco controls
7
   in that immediate area, are they State of New Mexico leases,
8
   as well?
                             there's
                                      some Federal
            Α
                        No,
                                                      acreage
                                                               in
10
   there, too
11
                       But for Section 16, within that immediate
            Q
12
   area, the rest of your leases are Federal leases.
13
                       Have you ever had the pleasure and oppor-
14
   tunity of trying to get the Bureau of Land Management to ap-
15
   prove an APD in the potash area on a Federal lease?
16
            Α
                       Not personally, no.
17
                        The only one you've ever been involved
18
   with was the drilling of the Forty-Niner Well No.
                                                        3 in
19
   State Section 16?
20
                       In your participation in the study
21
                  Seeman, did you raise with the other committee
   mittee, Mr.
22
   members, including the potash industry, your concerns about
23
   the bufferarea being considered by the two industries?
24
             Α
                       No, sir.
25
```

```
156
1
                        You attended the organizational meeting
             0
   on May 29th, 1986, --
2
3
                       Yes, sir.
4
                       -- here in Santa Fe? And did you attend
             0
   the educational seminar in September of '86?
6
                       Yes, sir.
             Α
7
                        And did you participate in the November
             0
   13th and 14th, 1986 Carlsbad potash (unclear)?
9
                       Yes, sir.
             Α
10
                        And did you subsequently participate
             0
11
    the meetings at El Paso in May of -- May 1st and April 30th
12
   of '87?
13
                       No, sir.
             Α
14
                       You didn't go to those? Did you on be-
             0
15
    half of your company --
16
             Α
                       I wasn't invited.
17
                        -- receive communications from the study
             0
18
    committees with regards to the drafts of documents being
19
    circulated?
20
                       Yes, sir.
             Α
21
                       And the first time you raise your concern
22
    about the implementation of the buffer zone is today at this
23
    hearing?
24
                       Yes, sir.
             Α
25
                                  MR. KELLAHIN: No further ques-
```

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tions.

MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr.

Kellahin.

Additional questions of the

witness?

OUESTIONS BY MR. LEMAY:

I only have one, Mr. Seeman, and that was probably in terms of your Exhibit Number One. Is it fair to say that one has to make two assumptions on your Exhibit Number One, and that is that the blue area, which would that area as translate outside of these lines here, we know what is blue. I mean refer to these lines on the map --

> Α Yes, sir.

-- that the blue area, one, represents 0 life of the mine reserves --

> Yes, sir. Α

-- and two, that -- that you have to say locations within this area would be approved. The APD would be approved by the appropriate agency, whether it went to arbitration and the Commission would hear it or whether the BLM had jurisdiction and would approve the APD. So in order for your thesis to hold up you have to make those two assumptions?

> Α Yes, sir.

25

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

	158		
1	MR. LEMAY: Additional ques-		
2	tions of the witness?		
3	A But I'll point out the No. 2 Well is a		
4	Federal well.		
5	Q Is on Federal land?		
6	A Yes, sir, and it's top allowable.		
7	Q It's a top allowable. Was that from a		
8	drilling island? Was that a re-entry of an exisitng well		
9	there?		
10	A No, that was a regular yeah, that was		
11	a recompletion of a Morrow well.		
12	Q So the original Forty-Niner Unit No. 1,		
13	if my recollection serves me correct, was drilled. The		
14	Cherry Canyon was not tested but at a subsequent date you		
15	went in and re-entered and got a top allowable well from the		
16	Cherry Canyon?		
17	A Yes.		
18	Q So if you look at potash reserves in		
19	there would you assume that they were already condemned or		
20	in some form not mineable within the radius of that well be-		
21	cause it was an old well, wasn't it?		
22	A Yes.		
23	MR. LEMAY: Additional ques-		
24	tions of the witness		
25	Mr. Kellahin.		

```
159
1
                               MR. KELLAHIN; Just a follow-up
2 on your inquiry.
3
                      RECROSS EXAMINATION
5 BY MR. KELLAHIN:
                     Mr. Seeman, I thought you told me you had
6
           Q
7 not participated and were not involved on behalf of your
  company with the drilling of any well on a Federal acreage
  in the potash area.
                     I haven't been. That was a Getty well.
10
11
                      And Texaco subsequently acquired the
           Q
12 Getty interest and that's how come Texaco has it?
13
                     Are you aware that the Federal rules
14 prescribe a buffer zone around the wells drilled in this
15 area?
16
           Α
                     Yes.
17
                      Have you attempted to incorporate that
           0
18 with regards to the identification of this buffer you've
19
  described on your exhibits?
20
                     No, I haven't.
21
                               MR.
                                    LEMAY: Additional ques-
22 tions of the witness
                         If not, he may be excused.
                                                        Thank
23 you, Mr. Seeman.
24
                               Do you
                                         have any additional
  witnesses, Mr. Hall?
```

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1
                               MR. HALL: No, sir.
2
                                    LEMAY:
                                             Thank you.
                                                         We'11
  take a tenminute break before we continue.
5
            (Thereupon a ten minute recess was taken.)
7
                               MR. LEMAY: Mr. Bruce?
8
                               MR.
                                     BRUCE:
                                              Thank you,
                                                           Mr.
  Chairman.
10
                               Mr.
                                    Chairman, as a preliminary
  matter I'd like to set up Exxon's testimony. I would like
12 to state that Exxon supports the proposed Rule R-111-P, es-
  pecially the provisions for any consideration of drilling
13
14
  within LMR's on a case by case basis.
15
                                In addition, Exxon supports the
16
  positive steps in the statement of agreement, including the
17
  permitting of wells outside LMR's and the elimination of ar-
18
  bitration.
19
                               However,
                                         the statement
                                                           of
20
  agreement contains certain limitations. First, the extent
21
  of
      LMR areas, Exxon believes should be made available
22
        manner to enable operators to properly evaluate well
23
   prospects and lease acquisitions and secondly, we believe
24
   it's improper for the statement of agreement to attempt to
25
  impose liability on oil and gas interests.
```

```
1
                          believe that is the province of the
                      We
2
   Legislature and the Courts. And with that we would like to
3
   present the testimony.
                                 MR. LEMAY: Please continue.
5
6
                         GORDON A. JENNER,
7
   being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his
   oath, testified as follows, to-wit:
9
10
                         DIRECT EXAMINATION
11
   BY MR. BRUCE:
12
             0
                             Jenner, will you please state your
                        Mr.
13
   full name and city of residence?
14
             Α
                       Yes, sir. Gordon Jenner, Midland, Texas.
15
             0
                        And what is your occupation and who is
16
   your employer?
17
             Α
                       I'm a Senior Geologist with Exxon Corpor-
18
   ation.
19
                        Have you previously testified before the
             0
20
   Commission?
21
                      No, I haven't.
             Α
22
                        Will you please briefly describe
23
   educational and work experience?
24
                        I received my Bachelor's of Science
             Α
                                                              in
25
   geology from St. Lawrence University. I worked for
```

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25

wall

```
years for a consulting firm, geologic consulting firm,
   Washington, D. C., as a project geologist.
2
                      I received my Master's of Science degree
   from the University of North Dakota, also in geology,
   I've been employed with Exxon since 1985 as a geologist
                                                              in
5
   production operations.
                       In your position are you familiar
                                                            with
7
   geological matters involved in Exxon's acreage in the
                                                            Eddy
8
   County potash area?
                                     As I mentioned earlier,
                       Yes,
                             I am.
            Α
10
   work in the Production Operations Group for Exxon.
11
   have a georaphical area that includes southern Eddy County,
12
   which includes a good deal of the "New Mexico Potash Basin."
13
                                MR.
                                      BRUCE:
                                               Mr. Chairman, are
14
   the witness' credentials accepted?
15
                                 MR.
                                               Yes,
                                                     his creden-
                                     LEMAY:
16
   tials are acceptable.
17
                       Mr.
                            Jenner, does Exxon have plans
18
   drill in the potash area?
19
            Α
                      Yes, we do.
                                     Exxon is in the process of
20
   forming a Federal exploratory in Township 23 South, Range 29
21
   East, which also includes areas of the "potash -- oil/potash
22
   area."
23
```

This is shown on a map that is up on

The green outlined area is the proposed bound-

aries for this Federal exploratory unit. The area encompassed about 7360 acres. We have received preliminary approval from the BLM for this Federal exploratory unit. The remaining tasks that need to be accomplished before we form this unit is for approval of working interest partners, approval from the State, drilling of the unit qualifying well, and then final approval from the BLM.

And our interests in this Federal exploratory unit are twofold. One is a deep Pennsylvanian gas objective and the second is a shallower Delaware Mountain Group oil objective.

Q And is the proposed unit in the extreme southwest portion of the potash area?

A Yes, it is.

Q Would you please now refer to Exxon Exhibits One, One-A, and One-B and describe the unit a little further and Exxon's proposed drilling activities and discuss why Exxon favors an OCD rule which provides for consideration of drilling in the LMR areas.

A Yes, I would. Figure One-A, One, One-A and One-B and Figure Two, Two-A and Two-B, are the scenarios that we see for development of this Federal exploratory unit under existing and the proposed revisions to R-111-A.

If we turn to the back of Exhibit One you will see the white sheet with the proposed unit boundary on

y

it in Township 23 South, Range 29 East. This is a scale of 1-to-4000. The, as I said, the proposed unit outline is shown by a dashed line. The location of the proposed unit qualifying well is shown by an orange dot.

Also shown on this map in the northern part are the Nash Unit, operated by Mesa, which Exxon also has some working interest in, and the Big Eddy Unit is located to the north.

If you turn the first overlay over you'll see some boundaries on it. These boundaries are the oil/potash area designated by the Secretary of the Interior, dated November 5th, 1975, and the oil/potash area covered by NMOCD Order No. R-111-A, as revised by R-111-O on November 6th, 1980.

There are a series of blue dots that are shown on this overlay and these are what we consider to be locations that could conceivably be drilled under existing BLM and/or NMOCD guidelines. There are a total of 23 well locations shown on this, including the unit qualifying well.

If you now will turn to the next overlay, you will see a large blue area that now covers part of our Federal exploratory unit. This taken from the potash map that we have up here, the BLM Potash Resources Map dated October, 1984, and which, according to the working agreement by the oil/potash study agreement, would be -- could poten-

tially be affected by -- with regards to leasing and oil and gas development.

If you'll look now there are six dots on this. These six dots are what we could drill under this scenario. I've also shown on this overlay the proposed buffer zones of zero to a quarter mile, in which no drilling would be allowed; a quarter to a half mile, in which shallow wells above the base of the Delaware Mountain Group would be allowed, provided there is adequate casing and cementing program as governed by existing R-111-A; and then finally a half mile to a mile zone, in which deep wells would be allowed.

Now these overlays again are for a deep prospect. The spacing here is 320, which is consistent with statewide Rule 104 governing spacing for this geological objective, and this depth.

As you can see, there are 6 wells and we have gone from 23 wells under existing guidelines to 6 wells.

Q Is the proposed unit qualifying well approved by Exxon management?

A Yes, this well has been approved by Exxon management. They are prepared to drill this well sometime this year. We were hoping in the first quarter, but we are pending the outcome of this hearing today before we make

further actions, take further actions.

Q Would you please now refer to Exhibits Two, Two-A, and Two-B and discuss the contents of those exhibits?

A Yes, I will. Exhibit Number Two is a similar overlay exhibit as Exhibit One. If you turn to the back page again showing a unit outline, everything on it is the same as the last one, except for the exhibit number.

If you turn the first overlay you will see, again, a series of blue dots and the oil/potash Secretarial Order potash boundary, and the R-1 -- NMOCD R-111-0 boundary.

There are a total of 120 40-acre locations here. This would be for our shallow Delaware Mountain Group objective. This geologic model that was used here has been shown to the BLM and their geologists. They liked the geological concept of this model and have granted us preliminary approval.

The location of these 40-acre locations reflects this geological model.

If you'd turn to the next overlay, again you'll see a similar scenario as Exhibit One, and now instead of 120 wells there are 23 red dots and these would be the wells that would be allowed under the proposed Division's R-111-A being considered here today. Note also that

the unit qualifying well for this Federal exploratory could not be drilled under this scenario. 2 3 So would you please summarize the effect of the prohibition of drilling within LMR areas and the buf-5 fer zones on Exxon's development scenario? 6 Α Yes. In the case of our deep prospects 7 we very reasonably could go from a scenario of 23 deep gas wells to 6 wells if the -- we we were not -- if the zones were allowed as they're being considered today, and in 10 the case of our shallow objective, we would go from wells down to 23 wells. 11 12 Does Exxon support the proposed Rule 0 R-13 111-P? 14 Yes, they do. We like the exception pro-Α vision and -- and if that's included in R-111-P, that excep-15 16 tion provision is acceptable to us. 17 Jenner, in your position with Exxon 0 Mr. 18 do you make recommendations to management regarding drilling 19 of wells and the acquisition of leases? 20 Yes, I do. Α 21 And what are your duties with respect 0 22 thereto?

A In regards to leasing, I will review the

State and/or Federal lease sale notices. I will make deter
minations based on the geology of whether Exxon should be

interested in acquiring those leases.

I will then make a recommendation to management based on the geological potential and the potential development costs on what price should be paid for that lease.

Q If the extent of the LMR's are not known what effect does that have on your recommendations?

A It makes it unable to determine the net value of that lease because I would not be able to determine how much development would be allowed.

Q Therefor, is there a need for oil and gas companies to have some type of access to records regarding the LMR extent?

A Yes, there is.

Q Now on Exhibits One and Two you showed possible development scenarios. Are these scenarios based on straight or directional drilling?

A These are based on straight hole dril-

Q In your opinion is directional drilling an economic alternative for drilling in the Laguna Salado South Unit?

A We looked at the possibility of having to directionally drill wells in the proposed Laguna Salado South Unit, and we determined that it was uneconomic to pur-

sue those based on the additional cost associated with 1 directional drilling. 2 In your opinion if the oil/potash state-0 3 ment of agreement is adopted without a provision for dril-4 ling exceptions within LMR's, would waste result? 5 Α Yes, it would. 6 Were Exhibits One and Two prepared under 7 your direction? 8 Yes, they were. Α 9 Mr. MR. BRUCE: Chairman, 10 move the admission of Exxon Exhibits One through Two. 11 MR. LEMAY: Without objection 12 Exhibits One through Two will be admitted into evidence. 13 Have you finished your direct? 14 MR. BRUCE: Yes. 15 MR. LEMAY: Mr. Kellahin. 16 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. 17 Chairman. 18 19 CROSS EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. KELLAHIN: 21 0 Mr. Jenner, do the proposed leases that 22 included in the Federal unit, are those all Federal 23 leases? 24 Α They are largely Federal but they 25

```
include a State lease.
1
            0
                       There is one State lease?
2
                                                   Does that in-
3
   clude the entire State section?
                       I don't understand your question.
                        How large is the State's lease interest
5
            0
   in the unit compared to the Federal unit?
7
            Α
                           believe it's 640 but I'm not sure.
                        Ι
   It's approximately 640 State lease (unclear).
8
                        It would be a one section State
            Q
   then that would be dedicated to the unit?
10
             Α
                       That is correct.
11
             0
                        The leases that you acquired, were they
12
13
   acquired by Exxon directly?
14
            Α
                       Yes, they were.
                       On a bid basis?
15
             0
16
             Α
                       Yes, they were.
17
                       Do they all contain the potash stipula-
            Q
18
   tions?
19
            Α
                       Yes, they do.
20
                        Your unit area is contained within the
21
   entire
           Secretarial enclave area as depicted on the Federal
22
   maps?
23
            Α
                       Yes, it is.
24
                       In getting your unit qualifying well per-
25
              the LM have you received their permission
   mitted
           by
```

BARON FORM 25C16P3 TOLL FREE IN CALIFORNIA 800 227 2434 NATIONWIDE 800 227 OI

that

you,

of

Mr.

the

that

Would you characterize it as a wildcat

Your analysis of the impact that

Yes, I would.

5 proposed rule change will have on Exxon is predicated upon a

```
similar analysis that Mr. Seeman presented, is it not?
            Α
                       Yes,
                              sir, that's a very reasonable
7
  scenario.
                      Well, let's test that for a moment.
            Q
9
            Α
                      Okay.
10
                       You have taken the BLM October '84 plat
11
   that identifies the blue area s measured potash reserves --
12
                      That is correct.
            Α
13
                        And
                              your assumption is
14
  represents the outer boundary of some potash operator's life
15
  of the mine reserves?
16
                      Yes.
            Α
17
                      And based upon that assumption, then, you
18
  have stepped out at the appropriate distances the contours
   that show the buffer.
                      That is correct.
21
                      No further questions.
            Q
22
                                 MR.
                                       LEMAY:
                                                Thank
23
   Kellahin.
24
                                 Additional questions
25
```

Q

Α

exploration?

1

3

4

witness? Mr. High.

BY MR. HIGH:

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

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11

12

13 14

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21

22 23

24

25

CROSS EXAMINATION

Q Mr. Jenner, you understand now, do you not, that the edge of the blue as shown on the BLM map is not the same as an LMR?

Α Yes, I do but it could conceivably become an LMR.

Well, you understand that the edge of the blue is not the asis on which LMR's are established, do you not?

No, but I -- and if I may quote from the working agreement dated November 23rd on Page 2, where it says, "The area of potash deposits protected will be determined in accordance with this agreement, but, generally speaking, will encompass the yellow, orange, and a major portion of the blue areas shown on the BLM potash resources mapas it existed on October 1st, 1984."

It doesn't say all the blue, does it? No, it does not, and because I don't Α know, I have to infer that it is all the blue in this instance.

So even though the agreement says it compasses only a major portion of the blue, you assumed it

```
included all the blue, didn't you?
2
                       I have no choice unless you could tell me
   otherwise.
                That's exactly what I had to assume.
                       Do you understand that the LMR is not the
5
   same as the blue on the BLM map?
                       I sure do.
             Α
7
                       Okay, given that understanding, then all
             Q
   the exhibits you have here are ncorrect.
                       Not necessarily.
             Α
10
                       For these exhibits to be correct wouldn't
11
   the LMR's have to be exactly the same as the blue on the BLM
12
   map?
13
             Α
                        LMR boundaries are not, as I understand
14
   it, are not fixed and can be construed to be at some point
15
   the blue.
16
                       My question is, for these exhibits to be
17
   accurate, don't you have to assume that the LMR's are exact-
18
   ly the same as the blue on the BLM map?
19
             Α
                       Yes, in the strict definition, yes, I do.
20
                       And is it your opinion, Mr. Jenner, that
             0
21
   the agreement that's been negotiated between the oil and gas
22
    industry and the potash industry would hinder the develop-
23
   ment of this unit that you describe?
24
             Α
                       Yes, I do.
25
             0
                         Would -- do you -- is it your opinion
```

25

that it would hinder the development more than the existing rules and regulations? Yes, I do. What makes you think, Mr. Jenner, you can drill a well today in the blue portion of the BLMmap? I could not be 100 percent sure of that A 7 I do have the option of a hearing and if we can present our case, we do have the possibility. In how many of those hearings have you 10 been involved? 11 I have not been involved in anv. 12 Q You've never filed an APD for a well in a 13 blue portion of the BLM map. 14 No, I have not. Α 15 So on what do you base your opinion that 16 it would be more difficult under the agreement that's been 17 negotiated than the existing rules, if you've never done it? 18 It is my understanding, well, we do have Α 19 that right, and until we test that, then I will know that, 20 I can't say from firsthand experience because, as you 21 have pointed out, I have not gone through that experience. 22 You're guessing, aren't you? 23

iou ie guessing, uien e jou.

A No, I'm not. I'm saying that I have not had firsthand experience, as you pointed out, so therefor I

25

Α

Okay.

```
cannot say that I would not be able to drill in there or
1
    that it ould be very difficult.
                        If you assume, and if you will
3
    whether you agree with me or not, assume for a minute, that
    under the agreement that's been negotiated between the oil
5
    and gas industry and the potash industry a greater percent-
    age of the blue area would be opened up for oil and gas
7
    tivity.
8
             Α
                       Okay, where?
9
                       The blue. See the blue on the map?
             Q
10
                       Okay, uh-huh, it covers a large area.
             Α
11
                       Okay, assume that a portion or percentage
12
    of that blue will become available to the oil and gas indus-
13
    try.
14
             Α
                       Okay.
15
                        If some of that blue was in your
             0
16
    here, wouldn't that give you a greater place to drill?
17
                       But I don't know if it is or not, so --
             Α
18
                       Well --
             0
19
                       -- okay, all right, I'll assume --
             Α
20
                        -- assume for a minute that it does
             Q
                                                             re-
21
    lease and free-up --
22
             Α
                       Okay.
23
```

-- some of the blue to drill in --

```
178
1
                      -- doesn't that give --
            Q
2
                      I'll go along with that.
            Α
3
                      -- you a greater place to drill?
            0
                       Not compared to existing, if I assume
            Α
5
   that I an under existing guidelines develop potentially the
   entire Federal exploratory unit, then I could develop more
   if I assume that I can --
8
                        If you assume that today you could drill
   in the blue --
10
             Α
                       Right.
11
                        -- then you're saying our
                                                       agreement
             Q
12
   doesn't help you.
13
                        Well, I assume that I can drill in the
             Α
14
   blue today.
                   Isn't that correct? Do I always -- I can't
15
   drill in the blue today, can I, under existing regulations?
16
   Is there a chance that I can drill in the blue? I mean that
17
    -- it -- it -- I interpret it, yes, I can drill in the blue
18
   right now under existing regulations, probably with a hear-
19
   ing, but I --
20
                       Could you point out to me some wells that
21
   are drilled in the blue?
22
                       They drilled up in the blue, Bass did, in
             Α
23
    their -- their -- after their arbitration process.
24
                       As agreed to by the potash industry?
25
             Α
                       Yes, uh-huh.
```

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```
179
1
                       Do you know, Mr. Jenner, about the safety
            Q
   hazards presented by gas wells?
                       I've had the fortunate experience to read
            Α
   this.
5
                         Is
                              that the sole source of
            0
                                                            your
   knowledge?
7
             Α
                       Yes, it is.
8
                       You know that methane explodes, doesn't
             0
   it?
10
                       Yes.
             Α
11
                       And it kills people, doesn't it?
             Q
12
                       Yes, it does.
             Α
13
                      And it's your plan to drill these wells in
14
   the blue area to 13,000feet?
15
   blue area to 13,000 feet?
16
                       Yes, it is.
             Α
17
                       Do you think that might present a hazard
18
   to mining activities in that rea?
19
                        I'm not qualified to answer in that re-
             Α
   gard.
21
             Q
                       Have you even given it any thought?
22
             Α
                       Yes, I have given it thought.
23
                        And you decided to go ahead with your
             0
24
   wells.
25
                       I am -- I am a geologist and, as I said,
             Α
```

```
180
1
    I'm not qualified to make statements regarding whether
   not it would be safe for -- in my personal opinion,
3
   would be safe to drill them.
             0
                         Are you familiar with
                                                   the
                                                           Federal
   standards on methane gas in underground potash mines?
6
             Α
                       Yes, I am.
7
                       Pretty stringent, aren't they?
             0
 8
             Α
                       .25 percent.
9
                       They're stringent, aren't they?
             O
10
             Α
                       Yes, they are.
11
             0
                       Now, you said you needed the data on the
   LMR's for some reason.
12
13
             Α
                       Yes.
14
             0
                       Do you have information now on them?
15
             Α
                       No.
16
             Q
                       You've never had that, have you?
17
             Ά
                       No.
18
                       How long have you worked for Exxon?
             Q
19
                       Three years.
             Α
20
                       And you've been -- you've had activities
             Q
21
   in this area, haven't you?
22
                       Yes, I have.
             Α
23
                        And you've been plugging right along
             Q
24
   without this data for all this time, haven't you?
25
             Α
                       That is correct.
```

```
1
            Q
                       And all of a sudden now you're telling
2
   the OCC hat now you have to have it.
3
            Α
                       Yes, it would be very good information to
4
   have.
5
                      But you've never had it.
            Q
                      Never had it.
            Α
7
            0
                      Now you also said that if these wells are
        allowed it would waste -- I believe you said it would
   waste oil?
10
            Α
                        It would waste -- it would be a waste of
11
   resources.
12
                       Okay. What kind of calculations have you
            Q
13
   done on the amount of potash that would be wasted if you
14
   drill these wells?
15
            Α
                      Haven't done any because I'm not convin-
16
   ced that they would be -- it would be waste of potash
17
   resources.
18
                      You do understand that the Oil Conserva-
19
   tion Commission has a statutory obligation to protect and
20
   prevent the waste of potash, don't you?
21
            Α
                       I do.
22
                                 MR.
                                      HIGH:
                                              Thank you.
                                                          I have
23
   nothing further.
24
                                 MR.
                                      LEMAY:
                                               Additional ques-
25
   tions of the witness?
```

```
182
1
   OUESTIONS BY MR. BROSTUEN:
3
                        I have a question.
                                             There's a well
   cated in the center of the southeast quarter of Section 28
5
   in the -- it would be the southwestern portion of the pro-
   posed unit. Do you know what that well's completed in?
7
                       That --
            Α
                        Is that the one you referred to in your
   -- in your previous testimony?
10
                       I'm sorry, can you reword that?
            Α
11
                        The well is in the center of the south-
            0
   east quarter of Section 28.
12
13
                       Yes, that's the (unclear) Moore Estate.
            Α
14
   That's an Exxon well.
15
                        That's the one you referred to as being
16
   the closest deepwell, you were saying?
17
            Α
                        No, the closest deep one is in Section
18
   29, approximately two miles to the west.
19
            Q
                       Okay, the gas well over there.
20
            Α
                       That is correct.
21
            0
                        And you say the closest oil well was
22
   the Malaga, Malage Pool.
23
            Α
                        Producing.
                                     He asked me if that was
24
```

Is it a producing well? Here it's shown

producing oil well.

0

```
as a producer in Section 28.
```

A That was a -- briefly a producer in the Bone Spring, producing about 200 barrels of oil in the Bone Springs. It's plugged.

Q Okay --

A Or, excuse me, it's shut-in, I believe.

Q Thank you.

QUESTIONS BY MR. LEMAY:

Q I have just one question concerning your program at Exxon for lease acquisition.

A Uh-huh.

lease of information defining life of the mine reserves would be helpful in your analysis of what to pay for leases, but looking at your proposed unit, you have purchased leases without this information, so do you have a procedure now that applies some risk factor, I assume, to the fact you may not be able to drill and therefor might reduce your bid for that?

Because we have this deep prospect with 320 spacing, we always have potential of -- generally, when I was acquiring leases in this area, I would refer to the BLM potash map as a basis for determining approximately where potash resources may be.

If I did pick up a lease in this area, I would generally make sure that I could get two legal proration units on that lease, say, if it was a 640 that I could drill a well on that lease just on the basis of -- of the BLM potash resources map.

Q So you were assuming when you're recommending the lease purchases for Exxon that you could -- you could drill on it based on this, the blue of the map.

A A lease of the deep we could. Now, the shallow, we probably would not be able to develop, but the deep prospect we'd be able to develop.

I may be wrong but I don't think Exxon has any lease that's entirely under the potash area.

Q Well, it looks like Section 23 is almost entirely -- the Federal lease is almost entirely in the blue.

A Yes. That was a lease that I did not pick up, so I've been working this area for about a year. I have picked up many of the leases. That lease I did not pick up.

I guess my point is that Exxon, as well as Santa Fe Energy and other people have acquired leases in an area they weren't sure they could drill. They have risk weighted that bid, whatever it would be, because the acreage seems to be leased under the potash reserve map, the blue

It is

that

```
area, so I --
 1
                      Well, it's not necessarily leased.
            Α
   under the blue area.
3
                      I believe I could restate the question.
                            industry has has acquired leases in
5
   the potsh area but they don't know if they can drill them or
6
   not.
                      That is correct, and as you come into it,
            Α
8
   I think you -- you, as a geologist, and as you become more
9
   familiar with the stipulations, we have gotten contradicting
10
   information from the BLM that yes, we could develop these
11
   leases, but, you know, I think you're under the impression
12
   that that ould be -- that development would be in the pri-
13
   mary term, and maybe what they're implying is that
14
   would actually be a suspended lease at some point and
15
   you could develop it somewhere down the road.
16
                       But to your basis question, yes, we have
17
   picked up those leases, but, like as I said, I always saw
18
    thta could develop -- I believed that I could develop por-
19
    tions of those leases.
20
```

MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Jen-

ner.

21

22

23

25

Anyone else have a question of

Mr. Jenner? 24

If not, he may be excused.

```
186
                                 Do you have any additional
   thing?
                                 MR. BRUCE: I have a witness.
3
                         R. M. "BOB" GRADY,
5
   being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his
   oath, testified as follows, to-wit:
8
                         DIRECT EXAMINATION
9
   BY MR. BRUCE:
10
                      Would you please state your full name and
            0
11
   city of residence?
12
                       Robert Grady, Midland, Texas.
13
                       And what is your occupation and who
            Q
                                                              are
14
   you employed by?
15
                       I'm a Senior Staff Engineer, employed by
16
   Exxon in the Midland Drilling Organization as a drilling en-
17
   gineer.
18
            Q
                        Have you previously testified before the
19
   Commission?
20
                       No, I haven't.
            Α
21
                       Would you pleae briefly describe your ed-
22
            Q
   ucational and work background?
23
                       I graduated in 1973 from Texas A & M Uni-
            Α
24
   versity with a Bachelor of Science degree in industrial
25
```

gineering; spent the next five years on active duty, United States Air Force as an engineering officer; returned to A & M; received a Master of Engineering degree, industrial engineering in December of 1979.

Started work with Exxon in January of '80 in the Andrews District in Andrews, Texas, as a subsurface engineer; for two years involved with completion activities and workovers.

and worked the next three years in the Production Technology Group involved with design and procurement of wellheads and Christmas tree and corrosion resistant alloy tubing for deep, sour gas wells in southwestern Wyoming for Exxon's LaBarge (sic) project.

And the last three years I've been involved in drilling in the Permian Basin area, west Texas and southeastern New Mexico.

Q And have you made a study to compare a straight hole versus directional hole costs for drilling to the Atoka-Morrw objective in Exxon's proposed Laguna Salada South Unit?

A Yes, I have.

MR. BRUCE: Mr. Chairman, is the witness@cceptable?

MR. LEMAY: His qualifications

are acceptable.

Q Mr. Grady, would you please refer to Exhibit Three and discuss the proposed No. 1 unit well if it is drilled as a straight hole?

A Exhibit Number Three called Laguna Salado South Unit No. 1 Straight Hole has two plots.

The plot to the left is the days versus depth curve with the vertical axis representing true vertical depth in feet; horizontal axis in days; and the plot to the right is the proposed wellbore.

We estimate it will take 48 days to drill this well rom spud of the well to the release of the drilling rig. We'll drill the well by setting up, drilling a 20-inch hole and setting 16-inch surface casing approximately 250 feet, cementing back to surface. We'll then drill out with a 14-3/4-inch bit, drill down to about 2900 feet. There we'll set a 10-3/4-inch casing string to case off the salt in order to drill with the fresh water system. This casing string also complies with the special csing stipulation in R-111A.

From there we will drill out with 9-1/2- inch bit, drill down to approximately 10,800 feet; set 7-5/8ths-inch casing. This casing will be designed as protective string while we drill out 6-1/2 -- drill a 6-1/2-inch production hole and will be used as production casing when

And it will be designed in accordance

the wellis completed.

shown on this diagram.

with Exxon design guidelines.

2

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24

25

Once we've set cement to 7-5/8ths, drill out with a 6-1/2-inch bit, drill down to a true vertical depth of 13,900 feet. There we'd run a 5-inch liner. After cementing the liner in place we will dress off test the iner (unclear), pressure test the liner, then turn the well over to our Production Department, who will complete the well and run the production tubing, which is not

Will you please move on to Exhibit Four 0 and discuss the drilling and casing of a directionally drilled hole for the proposed unit qualifying well?

Exhibit Number Four, also titled Laguna South Unit No. 1 Directional Hole, this exhibit has the same two plots as the previous one, the straight hole. We estimate the directional well will take 81 days to drill well from spud to release of the drilling rig, as compared to 48 days for the straight hole, or an additional 33 days.

The 16-inch and 10-3/4-inchcasing strings would be the same as for the production hole. We would drill out again with a 9-1/2-inch bit; drill down to approximately 6,130 feet. There we will pull our bit, the hole with a bit (unclear), a downhole motor and

11

12

13

14

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25

1 steering tool, and kick off to establish our initial direction and angle and begin drilling at a build rate of 4-1/2 degrees per 100. Once we've established this initial angle and direction, we will pull the downhole motor, trip back in the hole with a building assembly, and continue to build to our planned angle of 20 degrees, and once this angle achieved we will pull our assembly and run in the hole with a holding assembly and attempt to hold this angle, drill down and set intermediate 7-5/8ths casing at a true vertical depth again of 10,800 feet. This casing will be designed as a protective string only in accordance with Exxon's design guidelines due to casing wear, due to the casing being subjected to drill type wear while we're drilling the directional 6-1/2-inch hole.

Once we complete the 6-1/2-inch hole we reach a true vertical depth of 13,900 feet, or a measured depth of 14,340 feet, an additional 440 feet for the directional well, with a vertical displacement of 2000 feet from -- with a horizontal displacement of 2000 feet vertical with a plane angle of 20 degrees. We will then run a 5-1/2-inch tieback string as a production string, which will withstand anticipated shut-in pressures from the Atoka-Morrow formations.

Again, once we complete the well we'll turn it over to our Production personnel for completing and

running production tubing.

Q On Exhibits Three and Four there are estimates of the days for drilling to total depth. What are these estimates based on?

A Based on industry experience.

Q And what is the difference in your estimate of days between them?

A We estimate it will take an additional 33 days to drill the directional well as opposed to the straight hole

Q And how do your estimates compare with actual drilling operations in or near the potash area, and I refer you to Exhibit Five?

A Exhibit Five is a straight hole versus directional hole performance comparison of days versus depth in southeastern New Mexico.

Again the vertical axis is a true vertical depth in feet and horizontal axis is days.

ergy HB No. 3 Federal Com No. 1, a straight hole; Pogo Production IMC No. 1 is a straight hole; and the Bass James Ranch No. 13 is a directional hole. These wells were selected because they were similar in mud weights, casing programs, hole sizes, and approximately the same TD's and they were also similar to our proposed well.

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• •

The Santa Fe Energy HB No. 3 Well, represented by the solid line, is about two miles to the southeast of our proposed well and was completed in January of '87, finished drilling in '87. It took them approximately 50 days to drill the well.

Pogo Production IMC No. 1 Well is located about 5 miles southwest of our location. It was completed in February of '87. It took approximately 50 days, also, to drill this well.

The Bass James Ranch No. 13, a directional hole, is approximately 8 miles northeast of our location and was completed in July of 1982. We estimate it took approximately 113 days to drill this well, which excludes approximately 50 days for trouble.

When you look at only the rotating time involved, actual drilling time for these wells, the Santa Fe Energy Well had 583-3/4 hours of rotating time, or 24.3 days.

The Pogo Well had 650-3/4 hours for 27 days of drilling time.

And the Bass James Ranch No. 13 had 1,709 hours of drilling time, or 71.2 days.

Q Would you please refer to Exhibit Six and discuss briefly the general factors which increase the cost of directional drilling over the cost of straight well dril-

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

Listed on the top half of Exhibit Six are drilling operations which are usually encountered directional well but not usually encountered in the straight

hole, such as, as I mentioned before, the additional hole

depth or 440 feet for this well; kicking off with a downhole

motor, bent sub (sic) and steering tool takes additional

time to trip in and out of the hole with the motor to estab-

lish angle and direction; additional surveys to confirm an-

gle and direction; reaming the kickoff portion of the hole

with a hole opener with a bit; reducting weight on the bit

to control angle, which reduces the drilling rate of pene-

tration, thus increasing additional time to drill the well;

trips to change the bottom hole assembly from changes in

hole angle; and additional trips of downhole motor

steering tool for changes in direction, which both of these would also add additional time to drill the well.

The bottom half of the page is a list of additional cost items, for your information, that are associated with a directional well, such as the directional technician at approximately \$500 a day; steering tool with wireline truck at \$160 an hour; downhole motor, a 6-1/2 inch downhole motor for \$188 an hour; a 5-inch rotor for \$140, and so on.

> Would you please refer now to Exhibit 0

7

CROSS EXAMINATION

3 | BY MR. HIGH:

4 Q Mr. Grady, how many cases have you been involved in in drilling in the potash area?

A None.

Q How many directional holes have you dril-

8 | led?

9 A Two.

10 Q How many in the potash area?

A None.

MR. HIGH: I have nothing else,

13 | thank you.

MR. LEMAY: If not, the witness

15 | may be excused.

Thank you, Mr. Bruce.

17 Are there any additional

18 presentations in this case. Anyone wants to put a witness

19 on?

Mr. High.

MR. HIGH: We'd like to call

one witness, Mr. Chairman. Thank you.

Call Mr. Walt Thayer.

MR. LEMAY: Mr. Thayer.

25

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196 WALTER E. THAYER, 1 being called as a witness and being duly sworn upon his 2 oath, testified as follows, to-wit: DIRECT EXAMINATION 5 BY MR. HIGH: Mr. Thayer, would you state your name, 0 7 where you're employed and in what position, please, and please? 9 My name is Walter E. Thayer. I'm employed 10 by IMC Fertilizer and I'm Production Manager at the Carlsbad 11 Plant. 12 How long have you been employed at IMC? Q 13 Approximately 27 years. 14 And how long have you been in th potash 15 industry? 16 I started when I was -- as an hourly 17 I was gone for about five years attending college. 18

All right. Would you explain for Q please, your educational background?

Other than that I've been in the potash business.

Mechanical engineer, graduate of New Mex-Α ico State with a Bachelor of Science degree.

Have you previously testified before the 24 OCC?

25

19

20

21

22

```
1
                      -- of the negotiating sessions?
            Q
 2
                      Yes, I was.
            Α
 3
                      Would you -- let's talk for a few minutes
            0
   about the LMR's,
                     Mr. Thayer. You are familiar, I take it,
   with LMR?
 6
                      Yes, I am.
            Α
 7
                       And you've heard all the testimony here
            0
   today about LMR's.
                      Yes, I have.
10
                      Are LMR's the same as the blue area shown
11
   on the BLM map?
12
                      No, they -- they are not, definitely not.
            Α
13
                       What is the process that has been agreed
            Q
   to in the agreement between the oil and gas industry and the
          industry with respect to how LMR's will be
                                                         desig-
16
   nated? What is the procedure, as you understand it?
17
                       First of all, I'll go a little further
18
   than the question.
19
                      We intended, the idea of the LMR was
20
   exchange some higher value ores and the assurance that they
21
   wouldn't be drilled in for some lower grade ores,
                                                             the
22
   procedure is to decide, each company decide what that
23
   criterion would be, to establish it, and put it in the hands
24
   of the BLM, who also has the hard data, the core data, and
```

give them the opportunity to confirm or disaffirm that it is

```
legitimate line that's different from the blue line,
1
   the blue area. and thereby monitor and verify that it's a
   reasonable selection of a line as being the -- a reasonable
3
   body of ore that can be mined by the potash companies.
            0
                      And that designation will be made by each
5
   individaul potash lessee?
            Α
                      That's correct.
7
            Q
                       And it would include, as I understand
8
   your testimony, the ore that the mine projected it would in
   fact mine.
10
            A
                      That's correct.
11
                       Would it include all of the ore that a
            Q
12
   potash lessee could mine?
13
            Α
                      No.
14
                       Now let's talk a few minutes about
15
   issue that Mr. Hall raised about the Texaco well.
16
                                                       You were
17
   at that hearing, were you not?
18
            Α
                      Yes, I was.
19
                       And you testified with respect to
20
   potash deposits that were in and around the areas where
   Texaco wanted to drill, did you not?
21
22
            Α
                      I did.
23
            0
                       And did those areas contain potash
   IMC could in fact have mined?
24
25
            Α
                      They did.
```

```
1
            Q
                      And does it today contain potash ore that
2
   IMC could mine?
3
                       It does.
            Α
                      Has IMC agreed to give up that potash ore
5
   under the agreement between the potash industry and the oil
   and gas industry?
7
                       It's one of -- one of the basic princip-
            Α
   les in this agreement is based on it.
                      What is that basic principle?
10
                       To give up some of the lower grade fringe
11
   areas
          in exchange for the assurance that there will be
12
   drilling inside the LMR, which is the higher grade ores.
13
                       So in exchange for the agreement with the
            0
   oil and gas industry that there would be no drilling within
14
15
   the higher grade ore of IMC, IMC in turn opened to oil and
16
   gas drilling areas that has -- that have potash deposits
17
   that could be mined but are lower grade ore.
18
            Α
                       That's true.
19
            Q
                      How crucial is that to the acceptability
20
   of the agreement between the two industries?
21
                        Any deviation from that, as far as
22
   concerned, would be a substantial deviation from this agree-
23
   ment.
24
            0
                       Would it in plain language torpedo the
25
   whole deal?
```

```
1
            Α
                      It would shoot the heck out of it.
2
                      Now, what -- what process would be fol-
                Thayer, just so the Commission, as well as the
   lowed,
           Mr.
          here today, will understand, what process would a
   people
   mine operator go through to set up an LMR?
                      Establish a criterion, evaluate the core
            Α
   hole data, which is the same data that the BLM has, draw the
   line with the time constraint that's in the agreement,
   nish the BLM with that that line and with the criterion upon
10
   which it's based.
11
                      That would have to be limited to ore that
            0
12
   the mine has the technology to mine?
13
            Α
                      That's correct.
14
                       Okay, and that -- that date would
            O
15
   given to the BLM.
16
                      That's right.
            Α
17
                       And I take it IMC considers that
            0
18
   confidential?
19
                      Yes, they do.
            Α
20
                      Why is that?
            O
21
                       I guess it's a similar thing, I'm assum-
            Α
22
   ing that the oil and gas people do not exchange or divulge
23
   or make public their reserve data, and neither -- that's
24
   confidential material considered to be proprietary, it's un-
25
   ique to each company, and we do not divulge it.
```

I think there would be also -- I'm con-

Q Okay.

Α

cerned that there would also be some antitrust considerations involved and we've enjoyed about all that we can

stand. $\mbox{$\mathbb{Q}$} \qquad \mbox{With the data that's given to the BLM, do}$ they have the capability as you understand it, to verify the

A They do. They do have.

mine's capability with respect to mining that ore?

Now there's been some testimony and questions raised this morning, or today, about providing the data only to the BLM, and you've heard that testimony, have you not?

A Yes, I have.

Does IMC, or anyone else in the potash industry to your knowledge, have any objection to sharing the LMR data, or the data upon which the LMR would be established, with either the Oil Conservation Division or the State Land Office?

A Ordinarily our position would be to -- to limit it to only where it's needed but if it's considered or concluded that it's needed by either of these offices, and provided they will do what they've done in the past, and that's treat it as confidential information, we have -- IMC would have no objection and to my knowledge, I would guess

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that others wouldn't.

Q So that would be, if that date were given to both the Oil Conservation Division and the State Land Office, that would be two additional agencies that could verify the accuracy of the LMR set up by a mine.

A Theoretically they could verify it. I'm not familiar with their expertise. I would say they do not have, in my estimation, the degree of expertise that the BLM has, but theoretically they could have, or could obtain it.

Q But if they want the information, as I understand it, you would not be opposed to giving it to them, provided they agreeto keep it confidential.

A And provided it's considered to be essential to business

Q Okay. Now, there's also been some testimony about 25 percent of the blue area. Would you explain to us, if you will, Mr. Thayer, what your understanding is with respect to the changes in the blue area that will come about if the agreement that's been negotiated is accepted?

A We asked each potash company to in all -to give their best effort to establishing to the best of
their ability an estimate of what this difference would be,
the diffrence being the area represented by the LMR as opposed to the area currently represented by the blue on the
1984 map.

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Then we took a weighted average for the entire industry and that difference in the LMR line and the blue line was 25 percent.

And I might add that this can be verified

And I might add that this can be verified by the BLM in the same manner that they can verify the blue line or any other line.

Q So with specific reference to a map, let's look, if you will, Mr. Thayer, to the BLM map on the wall. I'm not sure what exhibit number it is, but it is the BLM map of the -- 1984 BLM map of the potash area.

Do I understand you correctly to say that if the agreement that's been negotiated is accepted by the OCC that the potash industry would not object to the oil and gas people drilling in up to 25 percent more of the blue area than what it could have?

A Less the buffer zone. In other words, there'd be 25 percent more blue area available, less the buffer zone.

Q Now, what is the reason, Mr. Thayer, that buffer zones were set up?

A For reasons of safety, or at least the belief that that would add some safety.

Q Do you have an opinion with respect to the need for a buffer zone between underground potash mining and oil and gas activities?

```
I certainly do.
            A
١
            Q
                       What is that opinion?
2
                       I believe it's essential; also a signifi-
            Α
   cant factor in these negotiations, and we feel extremely
   strong about this buffer zone.
                        Is the potash industry regulated by the
            0
6
   Federal government with respect to safety matters?
7
            Α
                       Yes, it is.
8
             0
                       And how would you charactize that regula-
9
   tion?
10
             Α
                       Very stringent and becoming more so,
11
   less, with new regulations coming out frequently, ever more
12
   stringent.
13
                        What remedies are available to the
             0
14
   eral government if the --if an underground potash mine
15
   fails to comply with the safety standards?
16
             Α
                       They can stop the work immediately.
17
   agers who willfully or knowingly allow a violation to exist,
18
   or condone it, can be prosecuted in -- as a criminal.
19
                       Do you know what a withdrawal order is?
             Q
20
             Α
                       I'm sorry?
21
                       A withdrawal order.
             Q
22
                       Oh, yes.
             Α
23
                       What is a withdrawal order?
             Q
24
             Α
                        Stop the operation until the matter
25
```

Q

```
1
   corrected to the satisfaction of the --
2
                      Who issues those?
 3
                      MSHA does; a number of agencies can, but
   MSHA does; safety feature.
5
             0
                       Is it your testimony, Mr.
                                                   Thayer,
                                                            that
   the Federal government can require an underground potash
7
   operator to stop production and repair something before it
   ever gets a hearing on whether or not it was even a viola-
   tion?
10
             Α
                       That is the procedure. That is the law.
11
                       Now, what safety hazard, in your opinion,
             Q
12
        Thayer,
                  is presented by oil and gas activities in and
13
   around underground potash mines?
14
                       The methane is probably -- or the oppor-
             Α
15
    tunity or possibility, even the possibility of a fire or an
16
   explosion, is probably the most feared thing that can happen
17
                  It's right next to explosives and roof falls,
    in mining.
18
    and I'd say it's the most feared.
19
                        You are familiar, ar you not, with the
             0
20
   data was put together and presented to the study committees
21
   with respect to the hazards of methane?
22
             Α
                       Yes, I am.
23
             Q
                       You participated in that, did you not?
24
                       Yes.
             Α
```

And I believe it's Exhibit Seven, if I'm

not mistaken, but that data discusses the hazards of 1 thane, does it not? I'm sorry, you'll have to either --Yes, it does. I'm sorry, yes. 3 Α Now, finally, Mr. Thayer, again I want to 4 go back to the Texaco hole that Mr. Hall was talking about 5 earlier. The potash industry protested both 7 those holes, did it not? I'm sorry, you'll have an answer out loud. Yes, I did. 10 If the agreement that's been negotiated 11 between the oil and gas industry and the potash industry is 12 13 accepted, would either of those two holes have been allowed under that agreement? 14 The one hole that was allowed by the OCD 15 would be allowed under that, this agreement, proposed agree-16 ment. 17 18 MR. HIGH: I have no further questions, Mr. Chairman. 20 MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. 21 High. 22 Questions of the witness? 23 MR. HALL: Briefly, Mr. Lemay. 24 MR. LEMAY: Mr. Hall.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. HALL:

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Thayer, do you believe it's Mr. priate to have the BLM and potash industry to unilaterally determine the LMR boundaries for State and fee acreage?

The question is, is there -- do I believe Α it's appropriate for the potash industry nd the BLM to establish the LMR for he state?

For State and fee acreage.

And fee acreage. First of all, agreement proposes that the potash industry establish LMR and that the BLM only confirm that it's a reasonable characterization of the intent of this agreement that was put together, and I think that's very appropriate and very reasonable, and I think it's badly needed that we have a uniform policy to assist and help the oil and gas industry and the potash industry so that we don't have too many parties with too many different rules --

> 0 Mr. Thayer, can you --

-- trying to establish guidelines. Α

Are you finished? Q

Yes, I am. Α

Can you point out to me any statute, rule or regulation which would give the Bureau of Land Management jurisdiction or authority over State or fee acreage?

19

20

21

22

23 24

_

. .

A I don't think -- have I -- no, no, I don't think I've said there is any. You askd my opinion; I gave you my opinion. I don't know of a -- of a regulation that gives the BLM authority over the State. There might be.

Do you believe it's appropriate for the potash industry to be able to establish LMR's for acreage in which it does not have lease ownership rights or right to mine?

A You're asking my opinion. I don't see any problem in it one way or the other. I don't feel strongly one way or the other.

Q Do you feel it's appropriate or inappropriate?

A If -- appropriate or inappropriate. I'm not really sure --

Q Ever heard those words before?

A Oh, sure, I understand them, yes, but if an LMR line was needed to be provided by a potash operator in an area where probably they were the only ones who could physically mine that area, and they didn't have that area under lease, and it was pretty obvious that they would be the only operator who could possibly mine that, I think it would be very appropriate for that company and their technology to be used as a basis for establishing any LMR line.

```
1
            Q
                      Thank you, Mr. Thayer.
                                MR.
                                              Additional ques-
2
                                     LEMAY:
   tions of the witness? Yes.
3
                                MR.
                                     BUELLER:
                                                George Bueller
   with Anadarko.
5
6
   QUESTIONS BY MR. BUELLER:
7
                       I'm confused as to the LMR information.
   Tell me if I'm right or wrong.
10
                      If these maps were made public, would the
   LMR lines around the individual mines be made public but not
11
   the information that is used to come up with the LMR's?
12
                       No, the line would not be made public.
            Α
13
14
   Probably the best I can explain that, I know the oil and gas
15
   people would love to look at a line on a map and have
          This is how close with this agreement that you get.
16
   map.
                looking at a line if you would simply look at
17
   Instead of
18
   your proposed site and its location, pick up the phone and
   call the BLM and say, "Can I drill at this site" and define
19
   it, you'd get a yes or no. They'd be looking at the
20
21
   for you and tell you yes or no.
22
                      And that's -- somebody said, if you ask
23
   enough -- for enough spots, you could probably eventually
```

generate your own line. We doubt that that would be a ser-

25

ious problem.

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Q I have a second --
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A What this -- this took a lot of effort to try to get as close to what we felt you need as we possibly could, and that's our (unclear).

Q My second question is you say that on the average after each individual mine determined their LMR, that 25 percent is going to be thrown back in that's drill-able.

- A Less the buffer zone.
- Q Less the buffer zone.
 - A Yes.

Q How about the areas that weren't under lease, that aren't under lease? Would you kind of stake those around each individual mine and assume that you were going to get those under lease?

A Let me tell you the procedure we used. We took the entire map and broke it into segments and gave potash company a portion that covered the entire blue area, whether it was under lease or not, and asked that they evaluate that based on their data. So that's -- we felt that was the best we could do, covers the entire area, and we too the data back and made a composite, a weighted composite.

Q Okay, but in each one fo the areas as it was broken up, when the LMR was determined each individual

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mine's cutoffs were what they consider commercial.
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A We worked hard to, without violating any antitrust procedures and so on, came up with an industry standard and that was used.

Q So what you're telling me is basically the same criteria were used by all he mines.

A We think that would help the BLM and be appropriate, and that was our -- and we worked hard at that.

Q Thank you.

MR. LEMAY: Additional questions of the witness. Yes.

MR. HOLLINGSWORTH: My name is Guy Hollingsworth. I'm with Chevron in Hobbs.

QUESTIOS BY MR. HOLLINGSWORTH:

Q Mr. Thayer, I have to profess relative ignorance of the potash mining industry. I want to lean on your experience here a little bit.

Prior ot R-111 in 1951, what was -- what was used prior to that time to separate drilling and mining operations? Could you explain that?

A Initially the potash area was perceived to be rare -- there's a big, long story behind -- for instance, we were paying \$200 a ton for potash during World War I when the Germans stopped our supply of potash. That's

I where we got all of our potash.

And as a result of locating potash in New Mexico, the price of potash then in the U.S. dropped back to something that was reasonable, and initially that small area, comparatively small area, which was really the only deposit of potash known in the U.S. was protected, and there was going to be no drilling, and later on it became evident that there needed to be some co-use or there were pressures or requests to drill and the regulations have evolved since then.

Amd this conflict between the two industries became ever increasingly intense and for the past 15 or 20 years it's been something less than fun for those of us who've tried to protect our interests and protect our people and avoid a major catastrophe, and this agreement is a final culmination, we hope, for getting back to some sane and orderly use multiple use of this area.

I'm not sure I answered your question.

Q Yes, you did. Well, there were -there's been a lot of drilling out there in the past. To
your knowledge has there been any gas in the mining industry
attributed to drilling operations?

A No. Probably the way I would help you, is if, if something went awry, you're probably familiar with this, if something goes wrong with your hole, your drill

hole, you lose your investment in that hole. This risk that we're concerned about, if something goes wrong we lose a bunch of people. An explosion underground 4000 feet away, and that's what this document we've got indicates, an explosion is like an explosion in a gunbarrel. It doesn't diminish to speak of for long distances. So it could be a major catastrophe as far as lives. Something as simply as just the contamination of gas, just a little bit of methane passing through in our air, we have a certain fixed volume of air, and if it moved into an area where people exist and work, as opposed to escaping from the surface where it's dissipated and diluted in the atmosphere, it wipes out all those people that it contacts.

The final thing is instead of just losing a well and your investment, it would in effect wipe out our entire potash industry. MSHA would, if we ever detect this amount of gas, would declare the mine gassy, which would require investments for -- for what is it, Code 30 equipment, explosion-proof equipment, which this industry couldn't stand, and if they imposed that on us, that would wipe out our entire industry.

So what I'm trying to describe to you is the consequences are so severe, so severe, that we can't afford that one time. It's not like saying, golly, get your

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I fixed or you'll have an accident, you know. It's like say-
   ing if -- it's the argument with WIPP. It's that type of
   argument.
               If something did go wrong it's such a disaster
   that we just can't afford to stand by and allow such a thing
   to happen.
6
                      But, based over decades of current opera-
   tions there have been no deaths.
                      That's right, but on the other hand, let
8
   me ask you something. Have there been inadvertent occurren-
10
   ces, blowouts, things beyond -- even with the best operators
   and the good equipment, have there been things that are un-
11
12
   explainable, things you didn't intend to happen that are
   pretty catastrophic?
13
14
                      I think you know the answer to that.
15
                      Yeah, I sure do.
16
                                MR. LEMAY: Yes, sir, Mr. Kel-
17
   lahin.
18
                                MD.
                                     KELLAHIN:
                                                 Thank you, Mr.
19
   Chairman.
20
21
                        CROSS EXAMINATION
22 BY MR. KELLAHIN:
23
                      Mr.
                           Thayer, I'd like to direct your at-
24
   tention back to the Texaco testimony and to that of Exxon.
25
   I've placed before you what is marked as Texaco Exhibit Num-
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216 ber One, and also the Exxon Exhibit One, One-A and One-B. 2 You were in the hearing room, were you not, sir, when those particular witnesses identified and de-3 scribed the method by which they had analyzed the area and applied it to the Secretarial map of 1984? 6 Α Yes, I was. 7 Both gentlemen predicated their analysis 0 of the impact of this proposed rule change on the basis that they equated the MLR (sic), life of the ine reserve area to 10 the outer boundary of the blue area. 11 Do you have an opinion, sir, whether that's a correct and accurate method by which to an-12

A In the case of Texaco I personally have evaluated that one and can say unequivocally, you know, tht was an incorrect analysis, to the extent that that Texaco hole would have been allowed.

alyze the proposed buffer that has been agreed upon by the

I looked over briefly the Exxon --

Q Yes, sir.

A All right, and it -- this is simply a guess. This is simply an educated guess but my guess is that the blue area would diminish significantly under this new agreement.

Q Under the existing procedure that we live

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14

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23 24

22

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with now and have coped with for years, is there any re-
1
2
   quirement or obligation upon the potash industry to disclose
   to the oil and gas ndustry any confidential information?
                      Not that I'm aware of.
            Α
5
            0
                      If the proposed agreement is adopted, in-
6
   corporated, there will at least be a method by which the oil
   and gas operator can contact the BLM and determine rather
   quickly whether or not a proposed location is within a
   buffer area or within a life of the mine reserve.
            Α
                      That's true, and that's our intent, to do
10
   it very quickly.
11
                       And that would be an advantage over
12
   exisitng system.
13
14
            Α
                       I would think the oil and gas people
   would think it's a considerable advantage over the present
15
16
   system.
17
                      You participated, and I believe you were
18
   one of the signatories on the November 23rd agreement?
19
                      I am.
20
                       Have you had an opportunity today,
            Q
21
   Thayer, to review Mr. Lyon's proposed draft order as Exhibit
   Four, I think he's labeled it P. Have you looked at that,
22
23
   sir?
```

Yes, I have.

Would you take a moment,

sir,

go

25

Α

Q

through that exhibit with us and identify those changes or proposed rule amendments that you think constitute material changes from the agreement that was executed by you in November of '87?

A First of all, I have my copy marked up.

Q Would you like to go get it?

A That might help me go faster.

Since we all just received these today, I wouldn't want to say these are the only ones, but these are the only ones I'm aware of.

Well, let's make it very clear, Mr. Thayer, that you and your counsel are reserving a comment period subsequent to the hearing to address those, but for the benefit for us now, could you find thase tems which you have discovered today which are inconsistent or constitute significant changes over the agreement?

A Well, certainly on Page 9 -- I'm sorry, certainly on Page 13, Paragraph 1, it refers to except as provided in 3, which I think was intended to be 4, which referred to on Page 15 the item -- Item 4, where there would be the possibility, even, of drilling inside the LMR.

Q That was a sentence that Mr. High discussed with Mr. Hansen earlier this afternoon. Mr. Hansen testified it was inconsistent with te agreement. Do you concur in his opinion that it's inconsistent?

```
1
                      That's correct.
            Α
2
                      And that is a substantial change, in your
3
   opinion?
                      It definitely is substantial, to the ex-
            Α
5
   tent that I think I indicated that that would put this
   agreement in jeopardy.
7
                      All right, sir, can you -- can you show
   us anv others?
9
                      Page 3, Item 4 on Page 3.
                      All right, sir, in what way describe how
10
   that is significant change over the agreement.
11
            Α
                      Let me back up and let -- all right, hold
12
13
   it just a minute, let me read it.
14
                      I would say that at this stage I wouldn't
15
   make a comment one way or the other that is a substantial
16
   change without studying it further.
17
                       I will say that I'm concerned and would
18
   want a little more information regarding the salt string and
19
   discussions there, and I think that's -- I would rather not
20
   take a position at the moment as to whether that is a sub-
21
   stantial change or not. I'd want to study it first.
22
                      What about the use of the phrase that no
23
   potash resources will be endangered?
24
                       I would want to understand that better
            Α
25
   before I took a --
```

```
Is that a common phrase that you and
1
            Q
   oil and gas industry have utilized in your discussions over
2
   the last 18 months?
3
            Α
                      No.
5
            0
                       Apart from those two observations as
   being substantial changes, do you see any others in the pro-
   posed draft?
8
            Α
                      No, I don't.
9
                       Do you see any substantial errors of
   omission whereby there is a provision in the agreement of
10
11
   November that Mr. Lyon has failed to include in the draft
   order?
12
13
            Α
                      No.
14
                      Thank you.
            Q
15
                                MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Kel-
   lahin.
16
17
                                Ernie, do you have something
18
   you'd like to ask?
19
20
   QUESTIONS BY DR. SZABO:
21
                       You will be giving us an outline
22
   tially saying this is LMR, or would giving the BLM the
23
   description.
24
            Ά
                      Are you a part of the BLM, Dr. Szabo?
25
            Q
                      No.
```

```
Okay. I would be giving the BLM --
1
            Α
                      I'm with the State Land Office.
2
                               I would be giving the BLM a
3
   and a criterion upon which it's based.
                      The problem is this:
5
                                            Is this one where
   the line would be reasonably dependable or is it one where
6
   this year we give it and next year we take it way, so that
   it would wax and wane like an amoeba?
9
                      I think that's a fair question.
            Α
                                                        So what
10
11
                      We're faced with monetary planning,
            0
                                                            just
   like you, and our clients are faced with long term
                                                            pur-
12
13
             So if
                    you giveth this year and taketh away
                                                            next
   year, because you happen to drift into an area where possib-
14
15
   ly the ore was of a lower grade than you anticipated,
16
   you back up and take this back, how can anyone plan for more
17
   than one year at a time, or maybe even be faced with
18
   possibility that they got permission and by then they put it
19
   into effect, no, we can't do that any more.
20
            Α
                               Let me try and answer the ques-
                        Okay.
21
          First of all, our own reserves that we based our in-
22
   vestments on and that we've had over the years, they do not
23
   act like an accordian. Okay, that's one of them.
                                                       They have
   been established.
```

The next thing is I think it -- I

you and I both would feel better if based on new data, new data doesn't come every year, but if it ever comes, it should be based on what's in the ground and that doesn't change like an accordian, that is a fact of nature, and as soon as we're aware of either less ore, we mine into an area that was inside our LMR, we ind that, hey, we thought there was ore there and all the core data indicated there was ore there, we feel compelled to notify the BLM that there isn't ore here and our new LMR should be less and there should be more blue area made available.

Conversely, if it's established that there is one where we didn't believe it was before, by some basis, we'd be irresponsible if we just ignored that ore.

Now this doesn't happen yearly. This might happen over a number of years.

Q I can see your -- the deposition of potash ore is not a uniform thing. It can occur where the pockets or less concentration or greater concentrations, but there's --

A The other thing I'd like of respond to, we have no intention, we did this agreement and if we could be friends with somebody like Bass or Texaco, or somebody else, we're not going to play games with this agreement, if that's your concern.

Q Part of it's -- not that you're going to

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play games --
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A We couldn't anyway.

Q -- but you have to have been a sturdy industry to have stayed there.

A We are.

Q And so the question only is how far ahead could we depend --

A Let me ask that, I mean answer that. We won't -- the LMR line will stand until we arrive there or unless more core hole data is obtained.

If you ask for a site, we couldn't alter that on any basis ithout some new data, so if -- it sort of says if you're there first, there's no question at all.

If we are there first and suddenly find that there's less re or there is more ore, then rightfully so, that line should be changed, but you can look at our progress each year, that, too, would not look like an accordian. That is a slow process.

Q In other words, (not clear to the reporter).

A Sure, sure, and it's not likely to change for several years. Now, there might be a coincidence that here's a case where somebody decided, by golly, here's a good spot, coincidentally with the arrival of a mining unit. Then, and only then, might there be a change or a potential

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change in a short time frame.
1
                          what I'm saying is it will be very,
2
                      So
3 very stable and change very, very slowly as new data -- and
  frankly, I can think of Mississippi Chemical, I don't think
   they've drilledany core holes in years and years, so their
   data upon which Bass negotiated, and I don't know how many
  years it's been since it's been.
7
                      IMC, it's probably been, oh, ten years,
  since we've drilled any core holes, got any additional core
  hole data.
                 Now had we mined in certain areas and it has
10
  happened, that we find that, gee, that core hole went right
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   through a salt pillarand the probability of that occurring
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  at the same site that somebody wanted to drill a well is
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14 | minimal.
15
                                DR. SZABO:
                                            Thank you.
16
                                MR.
                                     LEMAY:
                                              Additional ques-
17 tions of the witness
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                                MR.
                                     BROSTUEN:
                                                 I have a ques-
19 tion.
20
                                MR.
                                     LEMAY: Commissioner Bros-
21 tuen.
22
23 QUESTIONS BY MR. BROSTUEN:
24
                      Mr.
                           Thayer, on Page 4 and also on Page 5
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25 of the agreement there is a discussion of designation of

mine reserves and a means for resolving disputes between a potash company and the BLM in the event that there's a disagreement as to what constitutes an LMR.

Do you have any idea what sort of time frame resolution of such a dispute might take? Other disputes, perhaps, have occurred between your company and BLM?

A You're asking my opinion.

Q I'm asking your opinion, yes, do you have any idea?

A I really believe that there will be very easy and comfortable agreement between the BLM's interpretation and ours, and I base that on the fact that although we do interpret the blue line differently, it's not of significance. Those areas where it is of significance, I think it's more a mater of being sure we have the correct data rather than the differences in interpretation.

So I personally don't suspect that there will ever be one of these, and if it is, it would be rare and how long it would take to resolve it, some methods to resolve it would be additional core hole data; not really, not really. I think it would be a matter of sitting down and comparing methods and if we couldn't agree, it would be done before a hearing and it would be based on data and engineering methods rather than somebody's art or state of art or -- and my experience has been once you lay all the data

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on the table, that usually clears up any confusion.
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                      Thank you.
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                                MR. LEMAY: Additional
                                                           ques-
   tions of the witness
                                If not, he may be excused.
5
6
                                Is there any other party in the
   audience that wishes to put on testimony in this case?
                                If not, let's take a ten minute
   recess and when we come back we'll accept statements
   we'll wind it up.
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            (Thereupon a ten minute recess was taken.)
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13
                                              Prior to hearing
14
                                MR.
                                     LEMAY:
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   closing statements, I'd like to recall Walt Thayer, if I
   may. Mr. Humphries has some questions he'd like to ask you,
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17
   Walt, hope you don't mind.
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                                MR. HUMPHRIES: Not very many.
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20
                        WALTER E. THAYER,
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   being recalled, testified as follows, to-wit:
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23
   QUESTIONS BY MR. HUMPHRIES:
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                      Mr. Thayer, early in the discussion today
   when Mr. Kellahin was questioning Mr. Hansen, a figure was
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presented that about 25 percent of the blue area would be
1
   released. Do you concur with that?
2
                      The LMR line, according --
            Α
                      Nobody knows where LMR's are now, so --
            C
                      Okay, I understand that.
5
                       -- let's talk about what we perceive to
            Q
   be the areas today that there's no question about fall with-
   in the blue line on the map.
                       Okay, the only way I can answer that is
   this way: The LMR line to the best of our ability to esti-
10
   mate it will be 25 percent less than the blue area on that
11
   map, right here, and you must take away the buffer zone.
12
                      Okay, so that's -- that was my next ques-
13
   tion, is the buffer zone, then, added to or taken away from
14
   it.
15
            Α
                       That's right, rememer Charlie's
                                                         little
16
   sketch over here?
17
18
            Q
                      That was what my -- one of the quesitons
   I wanted to ask you.
19
                      Then is it reasonable to assume that the
20
  majority -- no, that the blue less 25 percent plus the buf-
   fer zone is what the LMR's are going to be as far as indus-
  try is concerned?
23
24
                      Okay, repeat that because I think that is
25 just exactly what we stated. Go ahead. Repeat that to be
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228
   sure I didn't miss something.
                        The it is reasonable to assume that
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            0
3
            Α
                      Okay.
                        -- LMR's will be the blue on the map
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            0
   it exists today less 25 percent plus the buffer zone.
6
7
                       That's exactly right.
            Α
                       So we're not talking about 25 percent ac-
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            0
   tually.
                      No.
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            Α
                       Then if an LMR is designated as confiden-
11
   tial, completely confidential, nobody can determine what it
12
   is, how would anybody ever make a reasonable expectation or
13
   a rational decision about what an LMR might be, not knowing
14
   anything more than approximately 75 percent less the buffer
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   zone are all that could possibly be considered to be outside
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17
   an LMR?
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            Α
                        First, the first thing is I think as
   we've negotiated with each other, we've gained some
20
   ledge to the extent that we believe both parties are
   ible now whereas before, I don't know about the Bass
21
22
   Texaco boys, but we didn't trust each other at all.
23
                       The next is it can be verified very soon,
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you will know very soon because as soon as we turn that over to the BLM, you can answer the question now and they can

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compute that, and remember, our 25 percent is based on an estimate. We sure hope it comes out at 25 percent, but the BLM, you pick up the phone and call them, did they or did they not, and you'll pave an answer.

Q Okay, let's -- let me ask you sort of a long range question that I think is part of what I -- the reason I was concerned about the language indicating permanent -- yeah, permanently protected.

Let's assume the map, you know. Mr. High's map is representative of any number of them but not any specific numbers, and for the sake of discussion, buffer zone included, the most reasonable expectation is that you're going to be operating in the southwest quadrant of that map for the pext 15 or 20 years, and no expectations to operate in the northeast quadrant, and for some reason that's leased and there's good reason to consider something beyond your agreement, but an application to drill that's inside the LMP's, it ends up here, and it's 20 or 30 years away from any possibility that you're going ot mine in that That presents kind of a problem, as far as I can area. I mean with no mine plan, an LMR that says that that tell. area is without question what you wish to protect, yet 20 or 30 years from now there's a very good chance that the safety factor will probably have been mitigated, the production will be gone, and it may not present a problem to you.

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seems to me that without being very careful about those kinds of limitations with words like permanent and lack of mine plans, that we might be making an incredibly wasteful resource decision instead of what we thought we were doing to protect it.

Α We think the wisest decision you could possibly make is that those reserves that we've outlined, they will be mined. They will be mined. And we feel strongly, we feel very strongly, after all, that to go in and drill and then think you're going to come by later and mine safely, we reject that to the extent that we're willing, we're willing, in exchange for protecting that permanently, don't worry about, don't plan to be there until we're gone, okay, exchange some of the lower grade, and this logical, the lower grade less valuable fringe ores so that you can do that now or when you want, as opposed exposing us to the risk of when we're going to be there that risk will be there.

That's the exchange. That's the principle of this.

Now, one other thing, once we're gone completely, the LMR will disappear completely and there is one example, you're familiar with it, the Wells-Weaver thing. Now, as far as the potash industry is concerned, we have no LMR there, that LMR has disappeared and that would

same principle, when we finish up with our reserves that we based all of our investments on, then there 3 will be no LMR and then it will be between the oil and gas people and in the meantime, and this I want to underline, don't underestimate the availability of these fringes that up to now have -- we've fought over, we had to, that going to become available, and my contention is they're going to be a whole lot more valuable than this concern that you're talking about which is of major concern to don't think it's possible, technically possible, to have abandoned this and gone and have a hole punched through and we're come mining through there.

Well, first of all, I commend you and the from the industry and the working group and the tire committee, for gettng this far because a year ago I would have not counted on this --

Late in the meetings I was concerned.

-- but from a real, pragmatic standpoint, 0 the safety question is one among many safety hazards that you have in a mine; same as one among the safety hazards that any resource production endeavor is encumbered.

Now. a question about present value of money, if you start to talk about 40 years out, you're not -- there is no future value of money.

> A Oh, we disagree.

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Q No, no, I mean you could get any economist to disagree but --

A We are in the process of it. Watch us with WIPP and watch us win.

Q Well, --

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A That's old-fashioned thinking.

No. I don't think so. I think that it's in fact sound economic logic that 40 or 50 years from now there is no future value of the money versus -- or present value of the money versus the opportunity to not have to do either/or but to take both of them, and that's seems to the challenge to me that gives me great concern when I see words like permanently protected and then to say that some how or another want to take this agreement that you commend everybody for, and transfer that to 11 of the resource decisions that have to be made, not only by this Commission but by our friends at the Federal government, State Land Commissioner, and to avoid an either/or we may in fact have been faced with some very long term problems by not allowing at least what I would say the discretionary, continued decision-making process of the regulatory authorities that would not necessarily challenge.

Now, I recognize you're always going to believe there's a risk and I believe there's that risk, also, but weighing out that risk we're going to look at a

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lot of different things.

I think that's really -- your concerns are really what was right of the heart of the negotiations I think had you been there, plus some other -- I consider you to be quite intelligent and easy to understand these principles. There are some new economic principles that are just like -- the potash industry is changing, industries are, and what used to be the things we accepted and made A's and B's on our tests by answering correctly, are not necessarily true, and this time value of money, if we look back in history, we used the time value of money, we'd be saying -- IMC's been there 40 years, we'd say, okay, back in 1940 when we looked to 1988, that's essentially no value. I don't think -- I think that's old-fashioned thinking now, and we can't cover that here. We can't cover -but if you'd like to have some discussions on that over the next two weeks, I think we can -- we can talk about it. We would love to discuss that with you and --

Q Well, my only --

A -- the safety thing, to say that there are a risk that you must assume, that also is not what the new laws are being based on. They're being based on the fact that we're not going to consider asbestos. Can you believe, have you looked at the new State proposed regulations? They look at asbestos that people have sawed and

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we've used for years and now we have to put suits on, like they're space cadets, and it's a -- you think we have a paranoia regarding oil and gas, take a look at the feeling on asbestos, and that's the trend, and those are the new safety standards that are law to us.

Q Well, I accept the safety risks are something that give you great concern and if Iworked in a potash mine, it would give me the same concern.

If I were a potash mine owner and I faced the possibility of contamination, I would have an economic consideration there as well as a safety consideration.

I think both of those are wrapped up in your decision not just safety.

My only concern is that we rationally allocate this resource conflict that's going to be around as long as there is a demand for potash or a demand for oil and gas, and that's why, when I see words like permanently, with no ultimate release language in them, I would be unwilling as one member of the Commission to allow that kind of language to continue.

A You realize that from a practical point of view, that word permanent is only permanent until that ore body is mined out.

Q But it doesn't say that.

A I think that's the only logical conclu-

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sion that anybody could draw, and if that's the problem, we
   could change that wording.
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                      Well, that's what I said here, there's no
3
   release language --
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            Α
                      Okay, that --
6
                       -- and until you see the release language
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   you start to wonder is it permanent forever and ever.
                                                              Is
   Wills-Weaver going to permanently --
                       I really -- I think I can go back and say
   that's a classic example of a case where it indicates that
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11
   that permanent word is no more permanent than the Wills-
   Weaver thing was.
12
13
                        Then we -- then it's our responsibility
   collectively with your efforts to avoid that kind of
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                                                            lan-
   guage that causes confusion 10 or 15 years from now.
15
16
                        You could say that or you could say it's
17
   not logical that it will ever be a problem. It's perfectly
18
   logical that -- well, you can say what you want to.
19
                       Thank you.
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                                 MR.
                                      LEMAY:
                                               If there are
                                                              no
   other questions, the witness may be excused.
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22
                                 MR. KNAUF: I wonder if I could
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   ask a question.
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                                 MR. LEMAY: Yes, sir.
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QUESTIONS BY MR. KNAUF:
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                      You made the statement, I believe, that
   75 percent of this pool area will definitely be barren.
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   there any kind of ime frame? What I'm wondering is, most
   of this acreage in Lea County owned by Noranda and also the
   stuff up north of Kerr-McGee, in all probability never will
   be mined.
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                      What would you like to do, just waste it?
   Just to make sure it doesn't --
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                      Well, I --
            Q
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                      Just to make sure it doesn't get mined?
                       No, you just said 75 percent -- you're
12
13
   going to turn 25 percent back and 75 percent would definite-
14
   ly be mined.
15
                      It's our opinion --
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                      I believe you said that.
17
                       Yeah.
                               Let me speak for -- let's talk
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   about IMC's leases.
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            0
                      Okay, now I can undertand IMC making that
20
   statement but most of this wildcat or what I call blending
21
   grade ore and even some of your MC stuff over in 31 East, --
22
                      Those areas that the companies truly
   lieve they will not mine, we've asked them to exclude,
   that's what's in that 25 percent. That is it.
25
            Q
                      So 75 percent will be mined.
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The agreement signed by a very

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                      Is what we feel we will mine.
            Α
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                      In what period of time?
            0
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                        I think -- I think there are in the 10-K
   reports of each company there is the life of that mine and
   that's the answer to how long, and it's -- it's ten years
   for some; it's one or two years for some; and it's thirty
7
   years for some, and it seems like yesterday that we started
   this argument. I guess it's been fifteen years. It doesn't
   seem like very long to me.
10
                      And it's sure not such a long time that
11
   I'd be willing, and don't think the BLM would be willing,
12
   to just waste the potash.
13
                                 MR.
                                               Additional ques-
                                      LEMAY:
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   tions?
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                                 Walt, you may be excused.
16
                                 We're ready for some statements
17
   in the case.
18
                                 Go
                                     ahead, Conoco?
                                                       Would you
19
   like to make a statement, Mr. Ingram?
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                                 MR.
                                      INGRAM:
                                                First of all I
21
   would like to commend the NMOCD and the members of the com-
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   mittees for both industries for their efforts to improve the
23
   procedures for exploration and development of oil and gas
24
   and potash reserves.
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limited number of representatives from each of the two industries might be as close as one could come to a general
agreement; however, after witnessing the procedures of this
hearing it's my opinion that this agreement does not necessarily represent an agreement by the oil and gas industry,
but only by a small segment of that industry.

Furthermore, it appears to me that the agreement is of no longer any real benefit if we assume the adoption of an order similar to what has been proposed in R-111-P.

I agree that steps must be taken to protect the mines and in my opinion those steps have been included in the proposed R-111-P; in fact, I even see some over-protection in my opinion but maybe that's a concession that the oil and gas industry would need to make in order to have an agreement between the industries.

So I would support the proposed order R-111-P and I'll commend the Commission for the action they have taken here today.

Thank you.

MR. LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. In-

gram.

Mr. Thompson with Mesa?

MR. THOMPSON: Thank you, Mr.

25 | Chairman.

I'm

y

with Mesa Limited Partnership in Amarillo.

My name is Chris Thompson.

When Mesa received the proposed agreement we had an immediate problem with it. Mesa has got a small, relatively small, leashold position in the southwest portion of the potash area. We have three undrilled sections we believe contain substantial recoverable reserves.

Our problem with the agreement as drafted is essentially this: We think it's possible that a potash lessee can designate that area an LMR, have that designation approved by the BLM, and then when we go to permit or to apply for a permit to drill our three sections, we'll be informed that no drilling activity can take place because they would be in the LMR.

The problem is that we never have an opportunity to present, in that scenario, our case before this Commission and our reason for being here this afternoon is simply to ask for the opportunity to be heard on these matters.

grateful to hear the remarks of Mr. Lyon this morning by which he refused to delegate the discretion to use his term of the Commission to the agreement, because that concept of that policy decision is incorporated in proposed Rule 111P

111-P.

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I think there are a few speci-

fic problems in the draft of that rule that need to be ad-

and Mesa would like to state its support with proposed Rule

dressed before it's adopted, and I would like to (not clear-

ly understood) briefly. I think it was quite clear from Mr.

Lyon's remarks that he did not intend to adopt as part of

the final rule, the entire agreement. He made reference to

it twice in his draft, once in reference to the procedure

for designating an LMR; once in reference to specifying the

conditions under which a permit may be approved outside the

LMR area and outside the buffer zone.

To my way of thinking, those portions of the agreement that relate directly to those two concepts should be adopted as far as the final rule, as part of Exhibit B to the proposed rule.

Specifically, those provisions which pertain to the procedure of LMR adoption is Article II of the agreement and specifically those portions of it which pertain to approval designations outside the LMR; is Article III, Paragraph Nos. 2, 3, and 4, and no more than that in Article III, with particular reference to Paragraph 2 of Article III. I think we've got an oversight there in the draft of the proposed rule, in that it was Mr. Lyon's intention to delete from the proposed rule any absolute (unclear)

of drilling activities anywhere throughout the potash area.

I believe that's what he meant with the refusal to delegate discretion.

you'll see that it will not permit a deep well in the area between the buffer and the area one-half mile from the LMR, and I don't believe that prohibition should be allowed to be incorporated in the final rule. The Commission should reserve its discretion to rule on that sort of application on a case-by-case rule-by-rule basis.

Continuing again briefly, Paragraph Number 5 of that Article III likewise contains an absolute prohibition on drilling in some areas that particularly related to open mines.

Paragraph 6 of that provision,

I would point out divests the Commission of its authority to
approve certain mining plans and vests that authority in
"the sole discretion" of the potash lessee. Clearly that's
not part of the Commission's wishes in this area.

And finally, in regard to the LMR designation process, we remain concerned that there's no procedure in the agreement for the input of interested parties in that determination. Essentially the BLM is going to acting as a finder of fact in regard to the designation of LMR's. We think that the best procedure for making those

kind of determinations is an adversary process where both parties have an opportunity to present their evidence.

Quite simply, that should be made part of the final rule.

In closing, I would like to introduce, if I may, Mr. John Dean of Mesa, who has sme brief economic arguments to make on behalf of the position that we've taken.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

(Thereupon a discussion was had off the record.)

MR. DEAN: Mesa operates one property in the potash area. It's in the southwestern portion. It's the Nash Federal exploratory unit. It's located in portions of Townships 23 South, Ranges 29 and 30 West -- I'm sorry, East. It's located in this position here. It covers slightly less than eight sections, about 5,082 acres.

Mesa operates at this time five wells in the unit. The primary pays in the unit are the Atoka and the Morrow. We have, at this time we have four sections which have not been drilled in the unit, two of which we find very prospective both in the Morrow and the Atoka reserves.

We also have a well that is, due to mechanical problems, is going to be unable to produce the remaining reserves that it should -- should have pro-

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2 Chevron.

Mr. Chairman, Chevron, too, commends your efforts and the efforts of the Commission in bringing the two industries together. What ever happens here today I think both industries have better understanding of the problems associated with each others business.

Quite frankly, Chevron here today to voice opposition and we still have very -- a number of concerns that have not been addressed here today for whatever reason. We don't feel we were given the opportunity to make this an industry agreeent as it's so called. Maybe, as Hugh said, it's as close as we can get to one, and I think it's the basis for some major understanding between the two industries. I don't think it could be taken in total. There's some major concerns, concerns that the Commissioner voiced in his questioning; the expansion of the LMR; the statements of liability in there give us a lot of concern; and there's many things I think that need further discussion here and I can't see nything lost by sending this back to the fullindustry, both potash and oil, can be in full agreement this time. As far as R-111-P, R-111-P is a good agreement and I think Chevron will support it. K-111-P with the rules and regulations -- or with the so-called agreement attached to it as part of it, I think is unaccep-

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duced. It was a directional hole and encountered a great deal of problems. We need to drill a replacement well for this well

The reason for the directional hole was because of the potash mine located directly north of our unit area.

The Nash Draw Atoka Field has produced approximately 5.3 BCF of gas from two wells. The Nash Draw Morrow Field has produced approximately 6.6 BCF from three wells, for a total from the Atoka and Morrow of approximately 11.9 BCF of gas.

We feel that the two development wells that we need to drill would be probably average
wells, just based on the cumulative production, not any
future reserves, we're looking at something on the order of
2.9 BCF of gas at those locations.

We also have unproduced from the well that's down from mechanical problems, we also have approximately 2.7 BCF of gas there which remains to be produced.

So with these three wells we're looking at a potential of approximately 8.7 BCF of gas that remains on our property and unproduced.

If you give an average \$2.00 per MCF for the life of the well from this point forward,

it's probably a pretty conservative number, we're looking at gross revenue from those three wells of approximately 17.4-million dollars.

BLM's royalty interest in these wells is 11.3 percent. The majority of the unit if Federal acreage. BLM's net revenue from this would be approximately 1.9-million dollars.

Using a 7.7 percent average historical tax rate for our Nash property, and then putting into the -- into the total the amount of revenue from the small amount of State acreage in the unit, the State would also realize a revenue from taxes and from royalty payments, of 1.4-million dollars.

It's Mesa's contention that should the statement agreeent be adopted and the measured potash reserves limited within the Nash Unit declared an LMR, the potential value of the unit's undeveloped gas reserves will likely not be realized by either the working interest partners, or the State, or the Federal government.

Thank you.

MR. LEMAY: Yes, thank you very

22 much, Mr. Dean.

Additional statements in the

24 case?

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Yes, sir.

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table, so I think while there are a lot of things we do sup-
   port and can support in the thing (unclear) and I know that
   hours and hours and hours of work went into this
   Maybe we need some hours and hours and hours more to come up
   with an even better agreement, and then it can be fully sup-
5
   ported and I would request that perhaps we go back in study
   and come up with even a better agreement and more represen-
7
   tative of (unclear).
                                 I appreciate it and again com-
         the Commisson for recognizing we've got problems
10
11
   there on both sides of the industries.
                                 Thank you.
12
13
                                 MR. LEMAY:
                                             Thank you, sir.
14
                                 Additional statements in the
15
   case? Yes, sir.
16
                                 MR.
                                       SANDERS:
                                                  Larry Sanders
17
   with Phillips Petroleum Company out of Odessa, Texas.
18
                                 Mr. Chairman, I did have a pre-
19
   pared statement to present today. I would like to keep that
20
   statement in view of the proposed R-111-P and provide writ-
21
   ten copies of it.
22
                                 MR. LEMAY:
                                             Thank you, sir, ad-
23
   ditional statements in the case?
24
                                     lieu of closing arguments I
                                 In
25
   don't think they're necessary since we are leaving the file
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open or two weeks for written comments. Those of you that wish to provide closing arguments, of course, you're welcome to do so; otherwise, those of you that have not had a chance to address this specific order that we as a Commission are considering, which is the R-111-P, you have a draft copy of that. Please look at it and if you have some comments send them to the Commisson. We'll take those comments as part of the record before we take the case under advisement. So we will adjourn the case now for two weeks, at which time we'll take it under advisement. (Hearing concluded.)

CERTIFICATE

I, SALLY W. BOYD, C.S.R., DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the oregoing Transcript of Hearing before the Oil Conservation Division (Commission) was reported by me; that the aid transcript is a full, true, and correct record of the hearing, prepared by me to the best of my ability.

Svery W. Boyd CSE